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OF THE REPRESENTATIVE

1800-01

IN ONE VOLUME

WASHINGTON

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

1880

MISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

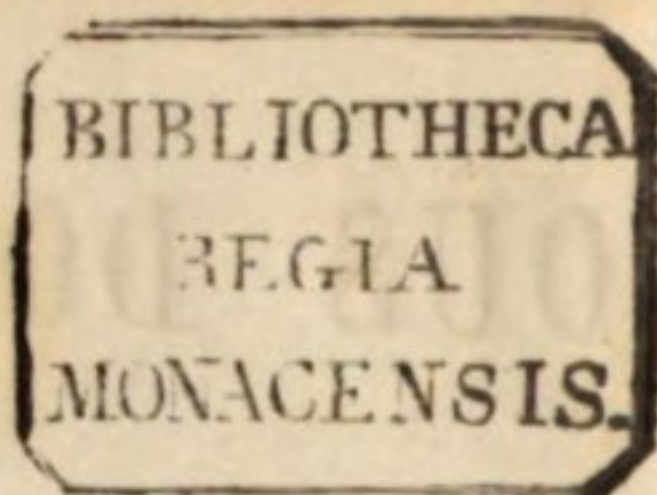
PRINTED DURING THE

SECOND SESSION OF THE THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS,

1860-'61.

IN ONE VOLUME.

WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1860.



BIBLIOTHECA

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A LIST
OF
REPORTS TO BE MADE TO CONGRESS,
DURING THE
SECOND SESSION OF THE THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS,
BY
PUBLIC OFFICERS.

PREPARED, IN OBEDIENCE TO A STANDING ORDER OF THE HOUSE, BY THE CLERK OF
THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

DECEMBER 3, 1860.

WASHINGTON:
1860.

EXTRACT FROM THE RULES AND ORDERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES.

“It shall be the duty of the Clerk to make, and cause to be printed, and delivered to each member at the commencement of every session of Congress, a list of the reports which it is the duty of any officer or department of the government to make to Congress ; referring to the act or resolution, and page of the volume of the Laws or Journal in which it may be contained, and placing under the name of each officer a list of reports required of him to be made, and the time when the report may be expected.”

February 2, 1866

WASHINGTON:
1866

LIST OF REPORTS

To be made to Congress at the second session of the thirty-sixth Congress by public officers; prepared in obedience to a standing rule of the House of Representatives.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
	BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. <i>Annual.</i>			
1792, April 2	A statement of the amount, with a description of the coins struck at the mint during the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 1.	249	In January.
1829, March 3	The affairs of the penitentiary in the District of Columbia.	Statutes at Large, volume 4.	366	In January.
1846, Aug. 6	Transfers of appropriations for particular branch of naval service, to other branches of said service.	Statutes at Large, volume 9.	101	Before the adjournment, if transferred during the session; if transferred during the recess, the first week of the next session.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1856, Aug. 18	A report of the rates or tariffs of fees to be charged for official services, and to designate what shall be regarded as official services, besides such as are expressly declared by law, in the business of the several legations, consulates, and commercial agencies, and to adapt the same by such differences as may be necessary or proper to each legation, consulate, or commercial agency.	Statutes at Large, 1st session 34th Congress.	57	During the session.
1847, March 3	Full and accurate account of the expenditure of the \$3,000,000, under the act of March 3, 1847. <i>Special.</i>	Statutes at Large, volume 9.	174	As early as practicable.
1848, Aug. 11	A report of the regulations, orders, and decrees, made to carry into effect certain provisions in the treaties between the United States and China and the Ottoman Porte, giving certain judicial powers to ministers and consuls of the United States in those countries.	Statutes at Large, volume 9.	277	During the session.

1854, Jan.	17	Information as to the accommodation of the several courts of the United States, the expenses incurred therefor, and what provision can be made for their greater accommodation; and also as to the difficulties in the use, by the officers of the United States, of the several State prisons.	House Journal.	230	No time specified.
1854, Jan.	23	A report of all despatches written by A. Dudley Mann, whilst employed in the diplomatic service of the United States.	Senate Journal.	120	No time specified.
1854, Aug.	4	Report, commercial and statistical, on sea fisheries of New England and British North American provinces, and their influence on trade.	Senate Journal.	673	No time specified.
1856, July	17	A report communicating information respecting the condition of the territorial government of Utah.	House Journal.	1225	No time specified.
1856, Aug.	7	A report relative to the establishment of a consulate at the Loo Choo islands.	Senate Journal.	539	During the session.
1858, Feb.	17	A report of the correspondence, papers and documents on file in the State Department, in original or copy, in the case of Philo S. Shelton and Sampson and Tappan, respecting "Shelton's" or "Aves" island.	Senate Journal.	197	No time specified.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1858, Feb. 18	A report whether any officers in the civil service of the United States in the Territory of Kansas are absent from their posts in said Territory, and if so, the reasons therefor.	Senate Journal.	199	No time specified.
1858, April 22	A report of such information as the departments of the government may afford concerning the nature, character, and extent of the State duties exacted from foreign vessels and merchandise navigating the Elbe by the kingdom of Hanover, and the grounds of such exactions, and the practicability of obtaining for American shipping an exemption therefrom.	Senate Journal.	371	No time specified.
1858, June 11	A report of such information as the executive departments may afford of the contracts, agreements, and arrangements which have been made for heating and ventilating the Capitol extension, the Post Office, and other public buildings in course of construction under Captain Meigs, and the action of the Secretary of War and Captain Meigs thereon.	Senate Journal.	681	No time specified.

1858, Jan.	6	A report of all the correspondence between the Department of State and the government of Paraguay and New Granada, relative to our differences with that government.	House Journal.	141	No time specified.
1858, Jan.	6	A report of the correspondence between the Department of State and our minister near the government of Brazil, in relation to the opening of the Amazon river and the contracting of a reciprocity or other treaty.	House Journal.	141	No time specified.
1858, Jan.	6	A report of all correspondence upon the subject of our relations with Spain not heretofore made public.	House Journal.	141	No time specified.
1858, Jan.	18	A report in tabular form of the area of each State and Territory in square miles and acres, classifying the States so as to present the present land States in a separate table; the extent of public domain remaining in each State expressed in acres; the extent of public domain alienated by the government in each State and Territory, distinguishing between that sold for valuable consideration and that given, granted, ceded, or conveyed for the purposes of education, public buildings, internal improvements, and miscellaneous objects; the aggregate sum received by government on account of the sales of public lands; the aggregate sum paid on account of the	House Journal.	193 } 213 }	No time specified.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
	debt of the revolution; the sums paid to foreign governments on account of the purchase of public lands, and to the several States as a consideration for the deeds of cession, and on account of the Yazoo claims, and in extinguishing Indian titles; also the aggregate expense of collecting the proceeds of the sales of public lands; also the aggregate cost of surveying the public lands; the present expense of the Indian bureau; also the land bureau, comprehending the offices at the seat of government and in the States and Territories; the number of acres conveyed to the Territories under the provision of the laws organizing the territorial governments, and the number of acres conveyed to the States on the terms and by the provisions of the acts of Congress admitting new States into the confederacy; the number of acres granted to States or companies in alternate sections for the construction of railroads, and the sums of money received by government from the sale of the reserved alternate sections; also the			

number of acres now held by government in the reserved alternate sections; the area expressed in square miles and acres of land assigned or reserved to Indian tribes; the tribes to which assigned or reserved; the geographical location of such lands, and the date of the assignment or reservation in each case.	1858, Jan. 18	A report of all correspondence (not yet published) between the government of the United States and the government of France (including that of our minister at the court of France) upon the subject of the abolition of privateering, and the exemption of private property from capture upon the high seas.	House Journal.	195	No time specified.
Information relative to negotiations with foreign governments since 1850 for the right of free worship and honorable burial to American citizens resident in or travelling through their dominions, and what governments have rejected these propositions, and the reasons assigned therefor.	1858, Feb. 9	Report relative to the condition of the work across the isthmus of Tehuantepec which has been prosecuted under the Sloc grant, and all the instructions heretofore given by the Executive to the minister of the United States in Mexico affecting the operations of the said	House Journal.	362	No time specified.
Report relative to the condition of the work across the isthmus of Tehuantepec which has been prosecuted under the Sloc grant, and all the instructions heretofore given by the Executive to the minister of the United States in Mexico affecting the operations of the said	1858, May 19	Report relative to the condition of the work across the isthmus of Tehuantepec which has been prosecuted under the Sloc grant, and all the instructions heretofore given by the Executive to the minister of the United States in Mexico affecting the operations of the said	House Journal.	849	No time specified.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
	Sloo, and whether the said grant has passed into the hands of other parties under the advice of the Executive; if so, who said party is, and upon what terms said party has acquired the claim. And also whether any mail contract has been granted to the said persons by this government, or any department thereof; and if so, upon what security or authority.			
1858, Dec. 21	Report of the correspondence between the Mexican government and Mr. Forsyth, minister of the United States in Mexico, and the correspondence of the State Department on the subject of Mexican affairs.	Senate Journal.	81	No time specified.
1859, Jan. 7	Report of the correspondence between her Britannic Majesty's government and the minister of the United States in London, touching the abuses of the American flag in the prosecution of the African slave trade on the coast of Africa, and especially touching the cruise of the Wanderer on that coast.	Senate Journal.	115	No time specified.

1859, Jan.	11	Report of the correspondence, instructions, and other information in relation to outrages committed on citizens of the United States on the isthmus of Panama, State of New Granada.	Senate Journal.	126	No time specified.
1859, Jan.	24	Report made to the President of the United States by Thomas Rainey, the special diplomatic agent of the United States to the coast of Africa, relative to the Africans captured from the slave brig Echo and sent to Liberia in the United States steam frigate Niagara.	Senate Journal.	179	No time specified.
1859, Feb.	8	Report of the instructions from the Department of State to William Carey Jones, as special agent of the United States, which are alluded to in executive document of the House of Representatives, No. 2, of the 35th Congress, 2d session, page 58, being a part of a despatch from the Secretary of State to the minister of the United States to Nicaragua and Costa Rica, dated July 25, 1858; also such correspondence, or any part thereof, that Mr. Jones may have had in said capacity with the Department of State, as the publication of will be, in the opinion of the President, not inconsistent with the public interest; also any correspondence or any facts that may be in the knowledge of the executive departments of the government on which could have been	Senate Journal.	281	No time specified.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
	based the following "declaration" of Juan R. Mora and Thomas Martinez, under the name of "the supreme chiefs of the two republics of Nicaragua and Costa Rica," dated at Rivas, May 1, 1858, impeaching official agents of the United States, viz: "That hitherto all the official agents of the United States at Nicaragua have been the accomplices and auxiliaries of the invaders, acting as masters, and audaciously hoisting the flag of the United States in all parts where, as at San Juan del Sur, the flag of Nicaragua only ought to float, and openly menaced Central America with an inevitable annexation." Also, whether any apology or explanation that has been given to this government, on the part of said "supreme chiefs," includes a withdrawal of the impeachment so made against "official agents of the United States," and also that, as far as may be consistent with the public interest, any apology or explanation that the authorities of Costa Rica and Nicaragua may have made with reference to said declaration.			

1859, March 3	Report of the estimates of expenditures for the government, made by the heads of the various executive departments to the 36th Congress upon a basis not exceeding fifty millions of dollars per annum, exclusive of the public debt and the interest thereon.	Senate Journal.	479	Commencement of the session.
1860, March 5	A report of all the correspondence relating to the propositions on maritime law and neutral rights by the Congress of Paris, April 16, 1856.	Senate Journal.	216	No time specified.
1860, June 12	Report of such despatches as were received at the Department of State from the legation of the United States in London, bearing date of March, 1856; and also of the despatch of Mr. Marcy to Mr. Dallas of the date of April 7, 1856, relative to certain propositions for the settlement of the question between the United States and Great Britain in respect to the colony of the Bay Islands.	Senate Journal.	621	No time specified.
1860, June 19	Report of such portions of the despatches of the minister of the United States at Turin as relates to the occurrence of recent public events in Italy.	Senate Journal.	726	No time specified.
1860, Feb'y 16	Report of any correspondence that may have occurred between the Department of State and the government of Great Britain touching the occupation of the island of San Juan.	House Journal.	296	No time specified.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1860, Feb'y 16	Report of the correspondence between this government and the republic of Chili with reference to the withdrawal of the exequatur of William Trevitt, consul at Valparaiso.	House Journal.	304	No time specified.
1860, March 26	Report of all the information in his possession relative to the practical working of the reciprocity treaty concluded with Great Britain on the 5th day of June, 1854; whether the provincial government of Canada has not, through its legislature, violated the spirit of the said treaty; what has been the practical effect of the third clause of the said treaty upon the interests of the respective countries; what measures, if any, have been taken to procure correct information touching the practical operation and effect of the third clause of the said treaty upon the interests of American citizens; and whether, in his opinion, the said third article of the said treaty could not, with advantage to American interests, be either amended or rescinded.	House Journal.	589	No time specified.

1860, May	4	Report of a full plan and statement of the floating battery in progress of construction in the vicinity of the New York harbor, the amount of money expended thereon, and the estimated cost of completing the work.	House Journal.	793	No time specified.
1860, June	23	Report of all the information in possession of this government, and also all that can be obtained in the meantime through our consular and diplomatic agents abroad, as to the disposition by the British government of the Africans captured from slavers by the British navy; and also as to the disposition by that government of the officers and crews of those slavers.	House Journal.	1202	Next session of Congress.
1860, June	23	Report of all papers and correspondence in the Department of State relating to the case of Michael Zeiter, a native of France and naturalized citizen of the United States and citizen of Ohio, who has been forced to perform military service in the French army.	House Journal.	1208	No time specified.
1798, July 1799, March	6 } 2 }	Abstracts of the returns made by collectors of the registered seamen of the United States.	Statutes at Large, volume 1.	696 } 729 }	Early in January.

BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Annual.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1819, March 2	A list of passengers arriving in the United States from foreign countries during the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 3.	489	Early in February.
1842, Aug. 26	A full and detailed statement of the expenditure of the contingent fund of the State Department, showing to whom payments were made, and for what, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	Commencement of the session.
1842, Aug. 26	Statements of all moneys expended by disbursing officers acting under the orders of the State Department during the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	In January.
1818, April 20 } 1842, Aug. 26 }	The names of the clerks and all other persons employed in the Department of State, or any of its offices, during the year 1860, or any part thereof, with the time each was actually employed, and the sum paid each, and whether they have been usefully employed; whether the services of any can be dispensed with without detriment to the public service; and whether the removal of any, and the appointment of others in their stead, is required for	Statutes at Large, volume 3. Statutes at Large, volume 5.	447 525	In January.

H. 1856, Aug. 18	the better despatch of business; and the residence of each at the time of his appointment.	A report of all the fees collected and accounted for by consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents, and vice-commercial agents.	Statutes at Large, 1st session 34th Congress.	58	During the session.
Mis. Doc. 1856, Aug. 18		A report of the commercial information communicated by the diplomatic and consular officers severally.	Statutes at Large, 1st session 34th Congress.	60	During the session.
<i>Special.</i>					
1858, April 20		A report of such correspondence as may have taken place between the authorities of this government and that of the government of Chili, in regard to the detention of the American vessels Good Return and Franklin, at the port of Talcahuano, in the year 1832.	House Journal.....	653	No time specified.
<i>Annual.</i>					
1789, Sept. 2 } 1800, May 10 }		A report upon the state of the finances, embracing a general view of the revenue and expenditures of the United States for the years 1860 and 1861.	Statutes at Large, volume 1. Statutes at Large, volume 2.	65 79	Early in December.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1789, Sept. 2 1800, May 10 1842, Aug. 26	An estimate of the appropriations necessary to be made for the service of the year ending June 30, 1862, with a statement of the appropriations, heretofore made, applicable to the service of this year; and a statement of the appropriations of former years, with an estimate of those sums which will not be required to defray expenses incurred in a former year; in which are to be specified the sources from which the estimates are derived, and the calculations upon which they are founded, discriminating between such as are conjectural and such as are not conjectural, with the authority for the estimate.	Statutes at Large, volume 1. Statutes at Large, volume 2. Statutes at Large, volume 5.	65 79 537	Commencement of the session.
1791, Dec. 30	An account of the receipts and expenditures of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1860.	House Journal.....	68	Early in December.
1792, April 2	An account of the receipts and expenditures at the mint, with an account of its transactions during the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 1.	249	In February.

1806, April 10	Statement of the result of the assays made at the mint in 1860 of certain foreign gold and silver coins.	374	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	Early in January.
1834, June 25				
1834, June 28				
1843, March 3				
1808, April 21	Statement of contracts and purchases made by collectors for the revenue service in 1860.	485	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	Early in January, and are generally included in one report.
1808, April 21	Statement of contracts made by direction of the Treasury Department in 1860.	485	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	
1809, March 3	Statement of the amount of the expenditures for the relief of sick and disabled seamen in 1860.	536	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	No time specified.
1810, May 1	Statement of disbursements from the treasury in 1860 for the discharge of miscellaneous claims not otherwise provided for.	609	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	In February.
1817, March 3	Statement of the affairs and condition of the several banks in the District of Columbia on the 31st December, 1860.	387	Statutes at Large, volume 3.	In January.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1820, Feb. 10 } 1830, May 26 } 1842, Aug. 26 }	Statement showing the commerce and navigation of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 3. House Journal..... Statutes at Large, volume 5.	541 608 537	First Monday in December.
1831, May 2 } 1832, July 14 }	Names of applicants for the benefit of the act for the relief of certain insolvent debtors; the amount due; the names of those who may have been released, with the terms of compromise.	Statutes at Large, volume 4. Statutes at Large, volume 4.	469 595	During the session.
1832, July 10	Statements of the capital, circulation, discounts, specie, deposits, and condition of the State banks.	House Journal.....	1110 } 1117 }	During the session.
1836, April 20	An account of the fund arising from the sale of lands under certain treaties with the Chickasaw Indians.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	10	During the session.
1842, Aug. 26	A full and detailed statement of the expenditures of the contingent fund of the several offices of the Treasury Department, showing to whom payments were made, for what made, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	Commencement of the session.

1842, Aug. 26	Statement of all moneys expended by disbursing officers acting under orders of the Secretary of the Treasury during the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	In January.
1818, April 20 { 1842, Aug. 26 }	The names of all clerks and other persons who have been employed in the Treasury Department during the year 1860, or any part thereof, with the time each person was actually employed, and the sum paid each; also, whether they have been usefully employed; whether the services of any of them can be dispensed with without detriment to the public service; and whether the removal of any individuals, and the appointment of others in their stead, is required for the better despatch of business; and the residence of each at the time of his appointment.	Statutes at Large, volume 3. Statutes at Large, volume 5.	447 525	In January.
1844, June 17	Reasons for any changes that may have been made in the depositories of the treasury during the recess of Congress.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	696	Next session.
1846, Aug. 6	Regulations to give full effect to and secure a just accountability under the warehousing system.	Statutes at Large, volume 9.	55	Next session after any such regulations are made.
1846, Aug. 7	Cases of neglect, evasion, or violation of the 18th and 19th sections of the independent treasury act.	Statutes at Large, volume 9.	64	Commencement of the session.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1846, Aug. 10	Statement of stolen uncanceled treasury notes paid.	Statutes at Large, volume 9.	107	With annual report of Secretary of the Treasury.
1847, Jan. 28	Amount of treasury notes issued under act of January 28, 1847; amount redeemed, purchased, re-issued, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 9.	122	Commencement of the session.
1849, Mar. 3	A statement of the amount of money expended at each custom-house in the United States, and the number of persons employed, and the occupation and salary of each person.	Statutes at Large, volume 9.	399	During the session.
1853, Mar. 3	A report of the number and names of the persons employed during the last preceding fiscal year upon the Coast Survey and business connected therewith; the amount of compensation of every kind paid them, for what purpose, and the length of time employed; and to report a full statement of all other expenditures made under the direction of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey; also a general chart of the whole coasts of the United States, &c.	Statutes at Large.	209	In December.

<i>Special.</i>	During the session.	75	Statutes at Large.	A report of all information derived from prepared interrogatories furnished to the supervising inspectors of steamboats relative to the better security of lives of passengers on board of steam vessels.	1852, Aug. 30
	During the session.	119	Statutes at Large.	A report upon authorized aids to navigation that, upon examination, require further legislation.	1852, Aug. 31
	Next session of Congress.	593	Statutes at Large, 1st session 33d Congress.	Report of the items of pay and expenditures for preparing a general revenue law, in accordance with a resolution of the Senate passed in January, 1853.	1854, April 6
	During the session.	101	Statutes at Large, 1st session 34th Congress.	A report of the preliminary examinations and surveys on the seaboard, under the direction of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, and on the northwestern lakes, under the direction of the Bureau of Topographical Engineers, of the sites for light-houses and other aids to commerce.	1856, Aug. 18
	During the session.	199	Senate Journal.	A report relative to the building for a custom-house, court-rooms, and post office at Milwaukee, Wisconsin.	1856, Mar. 24

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1856, May 16	A report relative to experiments on the coinage of the United States, according to the suggestions of Dr. James T. Barclay, together with the results thereof.	Senate Journal.	336	During the session.
1857, Feb. 26	A report in relation to some plan or plans of so mutually arranging, on the decimal basis, the coinage of Great Britain and the United States as that the respective units shall be thereafter easily and exactly commensurable.	Statutes at Large, 3d session 34th Congress.	254	No time specified.
1858, Feb. 1	A report of the annual expense of erecting light-houses and supporting the light-house system since the creation of the Light-house Board, and also the expense for the same number of years preceding the establishment of the said board.	Senate Journal.	147	No time specified.
1858, May 22	A report of specific estimates for "retrenchment and reform" in the expenditures for the several branches of the public service, "to remedy the evils of the excess of expenditures over the means of the government," as mentioned in the report of May	Senate Journal.	503	No time specified.

1858, June 12	19, 1858; and what efforts have been made, and by whom, since the 4th of March, 1857, to restrain the government to an economical expenditure of the public money, and what have been the results of those efforts. A report of all the collection districts for the collection of duties on imports, showing, in each district, the amount of revenue annually collected; the name of every person employed, directly or indirectly, connected with the collection of the revenue, either as officer or agent, and the amount of compensation paid to each; and the law under which each officer or agent was appointed; the amount expended for salaries of officers and employés annually; the amount expended for custom-houses or rents of offices and warehouses; also, what custom-houses or ports of entry or delivery can be dispensed with, with a proper regard to economy and the security of the collection of the revenue, and consistently with commercial interests, or what modifications of the laws are necessary for the public interests in relation to the collection of customs, and what number of officers can be dispensed with in each of the collection districts.	Senate Journal.	697	Next session specified.
1858, January 4	A report of the number of ports of entry and	House Journal.	128	No time specified.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1860, Feb. 16	ports of delivery now established by law, which, in his opinion, are not required for the collection of the revenue, and the points and places where the same are located, and the cost and value of the buildings belonging to each, and the entire annual cost and expense of maintaining each of them; also, what number of "revenue cutters" are now equipped and maintained by the government which are not needed for the enforcement of the revenue laws, and at what points they are located or employed, and the annual cost and expense of maintaining each of them. <i>Treasury.</i>	Senate Journal.	167	No time specified.
	Report of the action, if any, taken under the third and fourth sections of the act of the 3d of March, 1859, entitled "An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the year ending the 30th of June, 1860," relating to the construction of public buildings in the city of Philadel-			

phia, and what additional legislation, if, any is necessary to carry out the purposes of said sections.			
BY THE FIRST COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.			
<i>Annual.</i>			
1799, March 2	Statement showing the official emoluments and expenditures of the officers employed in the collection of the customs for the year 1859.	Statutes at Large, volume 1.	708 Early in February.
NOTE.—This report is usually made to Congress by the <i>Secretary</i> of the Treasury. The law requires it to be made by the <i>Comptroller</i> .			
1809, March 3	Statement of the accounts in the several departments which have remained more than three years unsettled, or on which balances have been due more than three years.	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	536 Early in December.
1817, March 3 } 1843, Jan. 28 }	A list of such officers as have not settled their accounts within the year for moneys advanced one year prior to September 30, 1860, with the proceedings in each case.	Statutes at Large, volume 3.	364 Early in December.
1843, Jan. 28	A similar list required by resolution of the House of Representatives to be made annually.	House Journal.	274 Early in December.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
	BY THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES. <i>Annual.</i>			
1789, Sept. 2	Statements of his accounts, with an account of the state of the treasury.	Statutes at Large, volume 1.	66	Early in December.
1836, July 2	Statements of receipts and disbursements of the Post Office establishment.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	81	During the session.
	BY THE SECRETARY OF WAR. <i>Annual.</i>			
1794, April 2	An account of the expenses of the national armories, together with an account of the arms made and repaired therein during the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 1.	352	Early in February.
1803, March 2	A return of the militia of the United States, with their arms, accoutrements, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	207	Early in February.
1808, April 21	A statement of contracts made by the various	Statutes at Large,	485	Early in January.

1809, March	3	branches of the War Department on behalf of the United States during the year 1860.	volume 2.	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	535	Early in January.
1820, May	1	A statement showing the appropriations for the military service for the year 1860, with the expenditure under each specific head, and the balance of the several appropriations unexpended at the end of the year, with an estimate of the probable demands which may remain on each of such balances.	Statutes at Large, volume 3.	567	Early in February.	
1830, Feb.	1	The Army Register (printed) for 1860, to which shall be annexed an accurate schedule of the pay and emoluments, with the commutation value thereof, to which the officers of each grade are entitled, and opposite the name of each officer his annual pay, his allowance for rations, servants, and forage, and all other allowances.	House Journal.	227	In February.	
1842, Aug.	3		House Journal.	1453		
1843, Feb.	16		House Journal.	384		
1842, Aug.	26	A full and detailed statement of the expenditure of the contingent funds of the several offices of the War Department for the year 1860, showing to whom payments were made, for what made, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	Commencement of session.	

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1842, Aug. 26	Statement of all moneys expended by disbursing officers of the War Department during the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	In January.
1818, April 20 } 1841, Aug. 26 }	The names of clerks and all other persons employed in the War Department during the year 1860, or any part thereof, with the time each person was actually employed and the sum paid each; and whether they have been usefully employed; whether the services of any can be dispensed with without detriment to the public service; and whether the removal of any, and the appointment of others in their stead, is required for the better despatch of business; and the residence of each at the time of his appointment.	Statutes at Large, volume 3. Statutes at Large, volume 5.	477 525	In January.
1852, Aug. 30	A report upon the amount of money necessary to remove obstructions in the rivers Savannah, Ockmulgee, Flint, and Chattahoochee, in the State of Georgia.	Statutes at Large.	60	No time specified.

Special.

1853, March 3	A report whether it would not be more economical, proper, and advisable to cause all the arms of the United States to be made by contract.	Statutes at Large.	218	No time specified.
1859, March 3	Report of the cost of moving to, maintaining in, and withdrawing from Oregon the rifle regiment, with a detailed list of property of all descriptions abandoned, lost, and condemned as unfit for service, with the cost in detail and in the aggregate of all such articles, and the prices in detail and in the aggregate which such as were offered for sale brought.	Senate Journal.	461	Commencement of the session.
1859, March 3	Report of a detailed statement of provisions and clothing issued to distressed families, whether immigrants or others, and to Indians, from the army supplies, from 1849 down to the present time, and also the cost of supplies and of transportation of supplies for troops while on duty at Fort Lane, in southern Oregon, and of the cost of transportation of supplies for regular troops while operating against the Indians in the southern portion of Oregon, or while in the field in other portions of Oregon, or operating in the field in Washington, and the price of men, horses, mules, and oxen in the service of quartermasters.	Senate Journal.	462	Commencement of the session.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1860, March 26	Report of Lieutenant Mullen, United States army, in relation to the wagon road from Fort Benton to the Walla-Walla.	House Journal.	598	No time specified.
1860, April 16	Report of the entire action of his department in reference to an appropriation made by the first section of an act entitled "An act to remove obstructions to navigation in the mouth of the Mississippi river, at the Southwest Pass and Pass à l'Outre," passed February 8, 1856, and particularly the terms and conditions of any contract or contracts made for deepening the channel of the Mississippi river, and when and with whom made, and whether the said contract or contracts have been fulfilled, and the said channel deepened and kept open; and that the said Secretary of War be further requested to report to this House by what authority he, on the 4th of January, 1858, modified the contract or contracts entered into for deepening the channel of the Mississippi river, by diminishing the depth	House Journal.	736	No time specified.

required to be obtained by the terms of said contract or contracts, and by extending the time stipulated for the performance of the work contracted for; and also, if the whole or any part of the appropriation made by the said act has been paid out of the treasury under the said contract or contracts; and if so, then to report specifically the payment or payments made; and if more than one payment has been made, to report the amount of each payment, the time when it was made, to whom paid, and upon whose order; and that the said Secretary of War be further requested to transmit to this House copies of any receipt or receipts given for the said payment or payments, and of any paper showing on whose application, or at whose instance, the said payment or payments were made.

BY THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

Annual.

1808, April	21	A statement of the contracts made by the Navy Department on behalf of the United States in 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	485	Early in January.
March	3	A statement of the expenditure of the money appropriated for the contingent expenses of the	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	536	Early in January.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1815, Dec. 11 } 1843, Feb. 16 }	naval establishment during the year 1860, (not the contingencies of the department.) A printed Navy Register for 1860, showing the annual pay of each officer, with all emoluments and allowances.	Senate Journal. House Journal.	384 384	Early in January.
1820, May 1	A statement showing the appropriations for the naval service for the year 1860, with the expenditure under each specific head, and the balance of the several appropriations unexpended at the close of the year, with an estimate of the probable demands which may remain on each of such balances.	Statutes at Large, volume 3.	567	First of February.
1832, July 10	A report of the receipts and expenditures of the navy hospital fund in 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 4.	572	During the session.
1818, April 20 } 1842, Aug. 26 }	The names of the clerks and other persons employed in the Navy Department during the year 1860, or any part thereof, with the time each person was actually employed, and the sum paid each, and whether they have been	Statutes at Large, volume 3. Statutes at Large, volume 5.	447 525	In January.

1842, Aug. 26	usefully employed; whether the services of any can be dispensed with without detriment to the public service; and whether the removal of any, and the appointment of others in their stead, is required for the better despatch of business; and the residence of each at the time of his appointment. A full and detailed statement of the expenditure of the contingent fund of the several offices of the Navy Department in 1860, showing to whom payments were made, for what made, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	Commencement of the session.
1848, Aug. 3	A report of the transfers of appropriations from one head to any other head of the appropriations for the naval service for the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 9.	271	During the session.
1852, Aug. 31	A report of the number and names of appointments to the Naval School which have been made; the district and State whence each one comes; the number of existing vacancies, with the congressional district which may be entitled to supply them; and a statement of the order in which the remainder of the congressional districts shall be entitled to all future and accruing vacancies, &c.	Statutes at Large.	102	Every second session.
1854, Dec. 26	Report on expediency of establishing a naval depot at or near New Orleans. <i>Special.</i>	House Journal.	111	No time specified.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1857, March 3	A report of a code of regulations for the government of the navy, which shall embrace such general orders and forms for the performance of all the necessary duties incumbent on the officers thereof, both ashore and afloat, including rules for the government of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, as well as to establish the rank and precedence of each grade of officers in the line of promotion, and the relative rank and precedence, ashore and afloat, between them and non-combatants, and between officers and petty officers of all grades not in the line of promotion.	Statutes at Large, 3d session 34th Congress.	247	During the session.
1858, June 14	A report of the pay and amount of allowances made, by existing laws, to each grade of the commissioned officers of the navy of the United States, and a similar statement as to the corresponding grades in the naval service of Great Britain, France, and Russia, in tabular form; his opinion as to the policy of increasing the grade or rank of our naval service, the number in each of such increased	House Journal.	1145	Next session of Congress.

grade or grades, and the amount of pay, &c., to be allowed to each of such grades; the number of officers of each grade necessary to command our navy as now existing by law, allowing no cruise to be of longer duration than two years, and no leave on shore for more than six months; and the pay, &c., which should be allowed to such sea-going officers, not discriminating between being at sea or on shore under the limitations stated; the number of officers of each grade necessary to command and manage the various establishments on shore of every description connected with our naval service, including the bureaus, &c., specifying each establishment and the number of officers with their grades in each, and the aggregate of all such officers to be of those no longer fit, from any cause, for sea-going service, yet worthy and capable for duty on shore, and to prevent shore duties from being sought by sea-going officers; to report the per centum of decrease from sea-going pay which should be allowed to those on duty on shore; the pay of pension which should be allowed to such officers as are not fit for duty afloat or ashore, without any demerit or fault of their own, and who in all such cases are retired from service and taken from the line of promotion.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
	BY THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.			
	<i>Annual.</i>			
1825, March 5	A statement of the amount of postage accruing in the last year at each of the post offices in the several States and Territories of the United States, classifying the said accounts of postage so accruing by States and Territories.	House Journal.	291 300	During the session.
1825, March 3	A list of such post routes as have not, after the second year, produced the third part of the expenses of transporting the mail on the same.	Statutes at Large, volume 4.	113	In February.
1836, July 2	A report of contracts for the transportation of the mail within the last year, with all the particulars in relation thereto.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	84	During the session.
1836, July 2	A report of all extra allowances to contractors made during the last year, with all extra expenses incurred, and all curtailment of expenses.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	84	During the session.

1836, July	2	A report of the incidental expenses of the Post Office Department for the last year.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	85	During the session.
1836, July	2	A report of the finances of the Post Office Department for the last year.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	85	During the session
1836, July	2	A report of the fines and penalties imposed on contractors for failures or other causes.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	85	During the session.
1836, July	2	A transcript of the record of all offers made for carrying the mails.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	86	During the session.
1836, July	2	Estimates for the service of the Post Office Department for the year ending June 30, 1862.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	80	During the session.
1836, July	2	Proceedings in regard to unlawful combinations respecting the making of mail contracts, if any such combinations have been made.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	87	During the session.
1842, Aug.	26	A full and detailed statement of the expenditure of the contingent funds of the several offices of the Post Office Department, showing to whom payments were made, for what made, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	Commencement of the session.
1842, Aug.	26	Statement of all moneys expended by disbursing agents of the Post Office establishment during the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	In January.
1818, April 1842, Aug.	20 } 26 }	The names of the clerks and all other persons employed in the Department of the Post-	Statutes at Large, volume 3.	447	In January.

LIST OF BEPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
	master General during the year 1860, or any part thereof, with the time each person was actually employed, and the sum paid each, and whether they have been usefully employed; whether the services of any can be dispensed with without detriment to the public service; and whether the removal of any, and the appointment of others in their stead, is required for the better despatch of business; and the residence of each at the time of his appointment.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	525	During the session.
1845, March 3	Copies of contracts for carrying the mails between any of the ports of the United States and a port or ports of foreign powers, with a statement of the amount of postage derived under the same.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	749	During the session.
1856, March 24	<i>Special.</i> A report relative to the building for a custom-house, court rooms, and post office at Milwaukee, Wisconsin.	Senate Journal.	199	During the session.

1860, Feb. 16	Report of the action, if any, taken under the third and fourth sections of the act of the 3d of March, 1859, entitled "An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the year ending the 30th of June, 1860," relating to the construction of public buildings in the city of Philadelphia, and what additional legislation, if any, is necessary to carry out the purpose of said sections.	Senate Journal.	167	No time specified.
1860, June 22	Report of the reasons for transferring the transportation of the mails from the Jeffersonville and Indianapolis railroad to the New Albany and Salem railroad, together with all the facts connected with said change that he may deem important, and how said change has affected the public interests.	House Journal.	1191	No time specified.
1860, June 23	Report of the distance, by the usual mail-route, from the post office of each senator and representative in Congress to the city of Washington. BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL. <i>Special.</i>	House Journal.	1208	Next session of Congress.
1854, Aug. 4	Report as to the manner of the execution of the Cherokee treaty of New Echota, &c.	Senate Journal	681	Next session.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1860, Feb. 16	Report of the action, if any, taken under the third and fourth sections of the act of the 3d of March, 1859, entitled "An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the year ending the 30th of June, 1860," relating to the construction of public buildings in the city of Philadelphia, and what additional legislation, if any, is necessary to carry out the purposes of said sections. BY THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR. <i>Annual.</i>	Senate Journal.	167	No time specified.
1808, April 21	Statement of the contracts made by direction of the Department of the Interior.	Statutes at Large, volume 2.	484	Early in January.
1842, Aug. 26	A full and detailed statement of the expenditure of the contingent fund of the several offices of the Department of the Interior, showing to whom payments were made, for what made, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	527	Early in January; and are usually included in one report.

1818, April 20 } 1842, Aug. 26 }	The names of all clerks and other persons who have been employed in the several offices of the Department of the Interior during the year 1860, or any part thereof, with the time each person was actually employed, and the sum paid each; also, whether they have been usefully employed; whether the services of any of them can be dispensed with without detriment to the public service; and whether the removal of any, and the appointment of others in their stead, is required for the better despatch of business; and the residence of each at the time of his appointment.	Statutes at Large, volume 3. Statutes at Large, volume 5.	447 525	Early in January; and are generally included in one report.
1830, May 29	A list of applicants for pensions, or for increase of pensions, whose cases are not embraced by the laws, but which ought to be granted.	Statutes at Large, volume 4.	430	In January.
1832, July 10	A report of the receipts and expenditures of the navy pension fund and privateer pension fund in 1860; the names of pensioners, and the amount of their pensions, respectively.	Statutes at Large, volume 4.	572	During the session.
1789, Aug. 7	A report upon the condition of the Office of Indian Affairs, and of the various tribes of Indians within the limits of the United States.	Statutes at Large, volume 1.	50	Commencement of the session; usu- ally accompanies the annual mes- sage of the Presi- dent.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1789, Sept. 2	A report upon the condition of the General Land Office, the amount of the sales of the public lands, and an account of the surveys made of the same during the year 1860.	Statutes at Large, volume 1.	66	In January.
1854, Aug. 2	Report upon the nature of the title of the Christian Indians to lands in the State of Ohio.	Senate Journal.....	630	Next session of Congress.
1856, Aug. 18	A report of the compensation for additional clerical services, and other extraordinary expenses, in the offices of registers and receivers of public lands.	Statutes at Large, 1st session 34th Congress.	.....	During the session.
1856, May 5	A report of the expenditures of each district and circuit court of the United States for three years prior to December 31, 1855, with the per diem of the clerks, attorneys, and marshals; also the number of suits, civil and criminal, brought in each during said period, and the number of days in each year each of said courts were in session.	House Journal.....	930	During the session.

1857, Jan. 26	A report of the number of the military and other reservations for the settlements of Indian tribes that have been made, the size of each, and the number of Indians upon each; also the number of white persons upon each, and their compensation, the annual cost to the United States of each reservation, and whether, by the existing regulations, these reservations are worked in common by the Indians for their common benefit, or what means, if any, are used to secure to each Indian the separate enjoyment of the proceeds of his own labor; also what system has been adopted to induce the Indians to labor upon these reservations, the practical results of that system so far, and whether the proceeds of those reservations have been directed exclusively to the purpose for which they were made.	Senate Journal.....	128	No time specified.
1860, May 2	Report of the amount due the Chippewas of the Mississippi and Lake Superior, under the ninth article of the treaty made with those Indians September 30, 1854.	Senate Journal.....	425	No time specified.
1860, June 16	Report of an estimate for completing the north front of the Patent Office building with a portico, according to the plan of the architect.	Senate Journal.....	681	Next session of Congress.
1860, June 25	Report of an estimate of the cost of a new jail in the District of Columbia.	Senate Journal.....	773	Next session of Congress.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
1860, May 18	Report of the amounts paid to the Pökegan or other bands of Indians who were parties to the treaties of the 26th and 27th of September, 1833, at Chicago, and who remained in the State of Michigan, either in money or goods, under the stipulations of the treaty made at the time and place aforesaid with the united nation of Chippewa, Ottawa, and Pottawatomie Indians, also the time and place of payment, and the parties to whom paid.	House Journal.....	864	No time specified.
1860, June 23	Report of Mr. Prichette, who was appointed to investigate certain charges against A. D. Bonesteel, Indian agent, together with the report of the counsel of the Indians, and the action of the department thereon.	House Journal.....	1200	No time specified.
1837, March 3	BY THE COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS. A list of all patents granted for the preceding year for inventions and improvements; also a list of patents which have expired during the same periods.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	195	In January.

1856, Aug. 18	Agricultural statistics and expenditures of \$1,000 for agricultural purposes.	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	354	In January; accompanies the annual report. During the session.
1829, March 3	A report of the various kinds and amounts of seeds purchased, and to be purchased, from whom and where obtained, and the cost of the same. BY THE COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS. <i>Annual.</i>	Statutes at Large, 1st session 34th Congress.	89	In December.
1838, April 16	The application of the appropriations for 1860, the number of public lots sold, &c., and the state of the buildings and grounds. Copies of all contracts made in his office for materials furnished, or to be furnished, or for labor performed, or to be performed, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 4. House Journal.	363	Commencement of the session.
1840, July 21	The manner in which all appropriations for the public buildings and grounds have been applied. BY THE SECOND AUDITOR. <i>Annual.</i>	Statutes at Large, volume 6.	84	Commencement of the year.
1822, May 6 } 1834, June 30 }	Copies of the accounts of Indian agents, superintendents, and others charged with the disbursement of money, goods, or effects of any kind, for the benefit of Indians.	Statutes at Large, volume 3. Statutes at Large, volume 4.	815	In February.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

Date of the law or resolution.	Officer, and nature of the report.	By what authority.	Page.	When expected to be made.
	BY THE COMMISSIONER TO CHINA. <i>Annual.</i>			
1848, Aug. 11	A report of the fees for judicial services, and the expenses incident to those services, for the year 1860. BY THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, (EACH TO HIS HOUSE, RESPECTIVELY.) <i>Annual.</i>	Statutes at Large.	279	During the session.
1836, May 9 } 1842, Aug. 26 }	A full and detailed statement of the expenditure of the contingent fund of their houses, respectively, showing to whom payments were made, for what made, &c.	Statutes at Large, volume 5. Statutes at Large, volume 5.	25 525	Commencement of the session.
1842, Aug. 26	The names of the clerks and all other persons employed in the service of their respective houses during the year 1860, or any part thereof, with the time each person was actu-	Statutes at Large, volume 5.	525	In January.

ally employed, and the sum paid each, and whether they have been usefully employed; whether the services of any can be dispensed with without detriment to the public service; and whether the removal of any, and the appointment of others in their stead, is required for the better despatch of business.			
BY THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. <i>Annual.</i>	A report showing distinctly the quantity and cost of all the stationery used by the House and the Clerk's office.	1842, March 7	495
BY THE CORPORATION OF WASHINGTON. <i>Annual.</i>	A statement of the cost of the Washington canal, with the annual expenditures and receipts from the canal.	1832, May 31	523
BY THE COURT OF CLAIMS.	A report of cases upon which they shall have finally acted.	1855, Feb. 24	613
			House Journal.
			Commencement of the session.
			In January.
			In December, and monthly during sessions.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

CONTINGENT REPORTS.

If a transfer of the appropriations made for any of the departments or branches of the government shall have been made, by order of the President of the United States, during the recess of Congress, it is made the duty of the head of the department in which such transfer shall have been made to report to Congress, during the first week of the session, a special account of the moneys thus transferred, with their application.

See act 3d March, 1809, Statutes at Large, vol. 2, p. 535.

See act 3d March, 1817, Statutes at Large, vol. 3, p. 390.

See act 1st May, 1820, Statutes at Large, vol. 3, p. 568.

See act 30th June, 1834, Statutes at Large, vol. 4, p. 742.

If any State refuse to cede to the United States jurisdiction over lands purchased by the United States for public purposes, the head of the executive department making the application is directed immediately to report the same to Congress.

Statutes at Large, vol. 5, p. 468.

The several heads of departments, in communicating estimates of appropriations and expenditures to Congress, or to committees of Congress, are required to specify the sources from which the estimates are derived, with the calculations upon which founded, and to discriminate between such as are conjectural and such as are framed upon specific information; also, to specify the laws, treaties, or other authority for the expenditure.

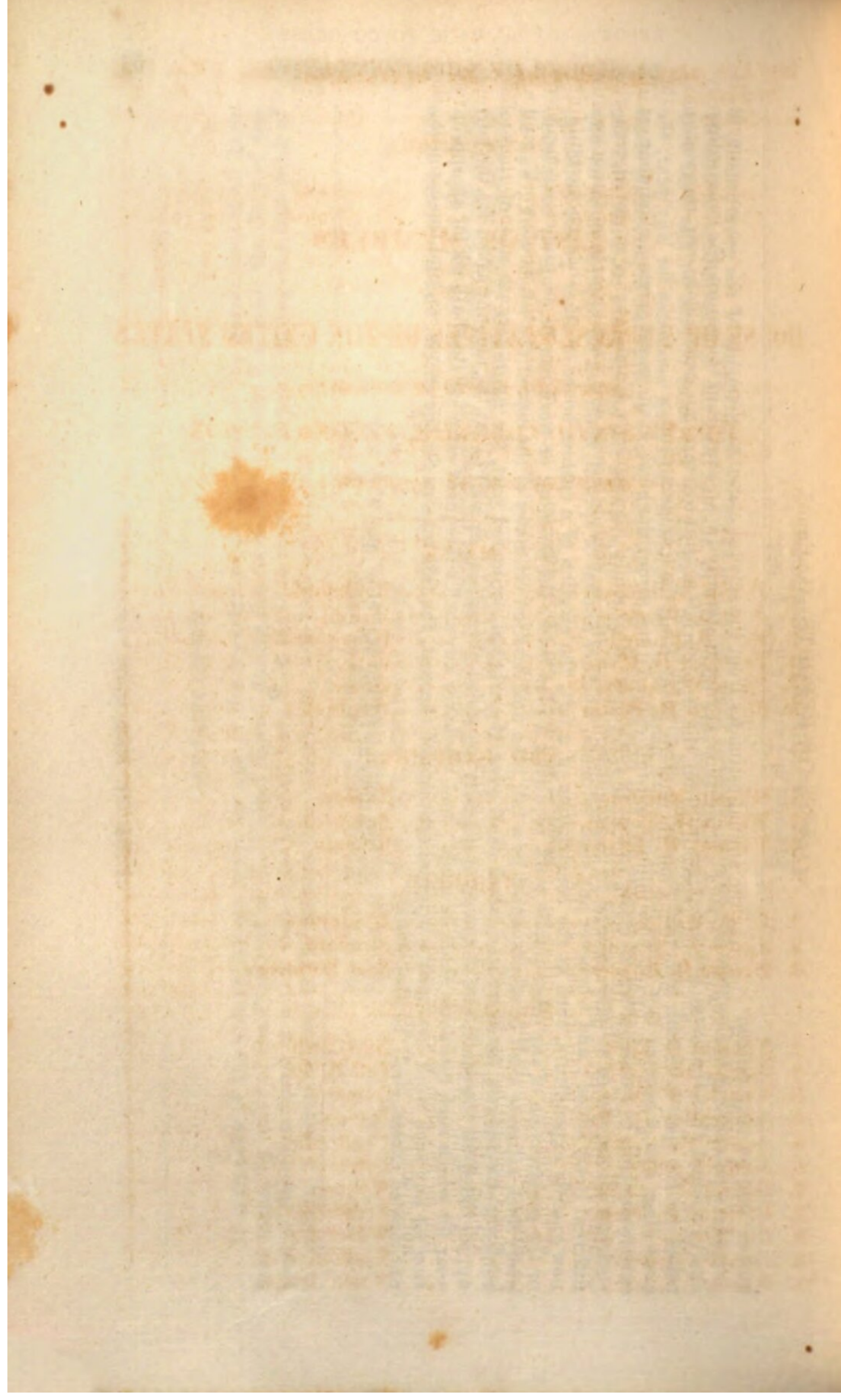
If the head of a department consolidate appropriations "for the contingencies of his department and its several bureaus," he shall, in his annual report to be made to Congress, state the portion of it expended for the department proper, and for each bureau.

Statutes at Large, vol. 5, p. 686.

LIST OF REPORTS—Continued.

If, in submitting to Congress the annual estimates from the several executive departments of the government, it shall be found that the usual items of such estimates vary materially in amount from the appropriations ordinarily asked for the object named, and especially from the appropriation granted for the same objects for the year next preceding, and whenever new items not theretofore usual shall be introduced into such estimates for any year, the estimates shall be accompanied by minute and full explanations, from the head of the appropriate department, of all such variations and new items, setting forth the reasons and grounds upon which the amounts are required, and the different items added; and whenever any such estimate, whether annual or special, shall ask an appropriation for any new specific expenditure, such as the construction of a fort, the erection of a custom-house or other public building, or the construction of any other public work requiring a plan before the building or work can be properly completed, every such estimate shall be accompanied by a full plan and detailed estimates of the cost of the whole work; and all subsequent estimates for every such work shall give the original estimated cost, the aggregate amount theretofore appropriated for the same, and the amount actually expended thereupon, as well as the amount asked for the current year for which such estimates shall be made; and whenever any such subsequent estimate shall ask for an appropriation for any such work beyond the original estimate of the cost, the full reasons for the excess, and the extent of the anticipated excess, shall be also stated.

See Statutes at Large, vol. 5, p. 693.



LIST OF MEMBERS

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES

AND THEIR PLACES OF RESIDENCE,

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

COMMENCING MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1860.

MAINE.

1. Daniel E. Somes.....Biddeford.
2. John J. Perry.....Oxford.
3. Ezra B. French.....Damariscotta.
4. Freeman H. Morse.....Bath.
5. Israel Washburn, jr.....Orono.
6. Stephen C. Foster.....Pembroke.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1. Gilman Marston.....Exeter.
2. Mason W. Tappan.....Bradford.
3. Thomas M. Edwards.....Keene.

VERMONT.

1. E. P. Walton.....Montpelier.
2. Justin S. Morrill.....Strafford.
3. Homer E. Royce.....East Berkshire.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1. Thomas D. Eliot.....New Bedford.
2. James Buffinton.....Fall River.
3. Charles F. Adams.....Quincy.
4. Alexander H. Rice.....Boston.
5. Anson Burlingame.....Cambridge.
6. John B. Alley.....Lynn.
7. Daniel W. Gooch.....Melrose.
8. Charles R. Train.....Framingham.
9. Eli Thayer.....Worcester.
10. Charles Delano.....Northampton.
11. Henry L. Dawes.....North Adams.

RHODE ISLAND.

1. Christopher Robinson Woonsocket.
2. William D. Brayton Warwick.

CONNECTICUT.

1. Dwight Loomis Rockville.
2. John Woodruff New Haven.
3. Alfred A. Burnham Windham.
4. Orris S. Ferry Norwalk.

NEW YORK.

1. Luther C. Carter Flushing.
2. James Humphrey Brooklyn.
3. Daniel E. Sickles New York.
4. Thomas J. Barr New York.
5. William B. Maclay New York.
6. John Cochrane New York.
7. George Briggs New York.
8. Horace F. Clark New York.
9. John B. Haskin Fordham.
10. Charles H. Van Wyck Bloomingburg.
11. William S. Kenyon Kingston.
12. Charles L. Beale Kinderhook.
13. Abraham B. Olin Troy.
14. John H. Reynolds Albany.
15. James B. McKean Saratoga Springs.
16. George W. Palmer Plattsburg.
17. Francis E. Spinner Mohawk.
18. Clark B. Cochrane Schenectady.
19. James H. Graham Delhi.
20. Roscoe Conkling Utica.
21. R. Holland Duell Courtland Village.
22. M. Lindley Lee Fulton.
23. Charles B. Hoard Watertown.
24. Charles B. Sedgwick Syracuse.
25. Martin Butterfield Palmyra.
26. Emory B. Pottle Naples, Ontario county.
27. Alfred Wells Ithaca.
28. William Irvine Corning.
29. Alfred Ely Rochester.
30. Augustus Frank Warsaw.
31. Edwin R. Reynolds Albion.
32. Elbridge G. Spaulding Buffalo.
33. Reuben E. Fenton Frewsburg.

NEW JERSEY.

1. John T. Nixon Bridgeton.
2. John L. N. Stratton Mount Holly.
3. Garnett B. Adrain New Brunswick.
4. Jetur R. Riggs Paterson.
5. William Pennington Newark.

PENNSYLVANIA.

1. Thomas B. Florence Philadelphia.
2. Edward Joy Morris Philadelphia.
3. John P. Verree Philadelphia.
4. William Millward Philadelphia.
5. John Wood Conshohocken.
6. John Hickman West Chester.
7. Henry C. Longnecker Allentown.
8. Jacob K. McKenty Reading.
9. Thaddeus Stevens Lancaster.
10. John W. Killinger Lebanon.
11. James H. Campbell Pottsville.
12. George W. Scranton Scranton.
13. William H. Dimmick Honesdale.
14. Galusha A. Grow Glenwood.
15. James T. Hale Bellefonte.
16. Benjamin F. Junkin New Bloomfield.
17. Edward McPherson Gettysburg.
18. Samuel S. Blair Hollidaysburg.
19. John Covode Lockport Station.
20. William Montgomery Washington.
21. James K. Moorhead Pittsburg.
22. Robert McKnight Pittsburg.
23. William Stewart Mercer.
24. Chapin Hall Warren.
25. Elijah Babbitt Erie.

DELAWARE.

1. William G. Whiteley New Castle.

MARYLAND.

1. James A. Stewart Cambridge.
2. Edwin H. Webster Belair.
3. J. Morrison Harris Baltimore.
4. H. Winter Davis Baltimore.
5. Jacob M. Kunkel Frederick.
6. George W. Hughes West River.

KENTUCKY.

1. Henry C. Burnett Cadiz.
2. Samuel O. Peyton Hartford.
3. Francis M. Bristow Elkton.
4. William C. Anderson Danville.
5. John Y. Brown Elizabethtown.
6. Green Adams Barboursville.
7. Robert Mallory Lagrange.
8. William E. Simms Paris.
9. Laban T. Moore Louisa.
10. John W. Stevenson Covington.

TENNESSEE.

1. Thomas A. R. Nelson Jonesboro'.
2. Horace Maynard Knoxville.
3. Reese B. Brabson Chattanooga.
4. William B. Stokes Alexandria.
5. Robert Hatton Lebanon.
6. James H. Thomas Columbia.
7. John V. Wright Purdy.
8. James M. Quarles Clarksville.
9. Emerson Etheridge Dresden.
10. William T. Avery Memphis.

INDIANA.

1. William E. Niblack Vincennes.
2. William H. English Lexington.
3. W. McKee Dunn Madison.
4. William S. Holman Aurora.
5. David Kilgore Muncietown.
6. Albert G. Porter Indianapolis.
7. John G. Davis Rockville.
8. James Wilson Crawfordsville.
9. Schuyler Colfax South Bend.
10. Charles Case Fort Wayne.
11. John U. Pettit Wabash.

ILLINOIS.

1. Ellihu B. Washburne Galena.
2. John F. Farnsworth St. Charles.
3. Owen Lovejoy Princeton.
4. William Kellogg Canton.
5. Isaac N. Morris Quincy.
6. John A. McClernand Springfield.
7. James C. Robinson Marshall.
8. Philip B. Fouke Belleville.
9. John A. Logan Benton.

MISSOURI.

1. J. R. Barrett St. Louis.
2. Thomas L. Anderson Palmyra.
3. John B. Clark Fayette.
4. James Craig St. Joseph.
5. Samuel H. Woodson Independence.
6. John S. Phelps Springfield.
7. John W. Noell Perryville.

ARKANSAS.

1. Thomas C. Hindman Helena.
2. Albert Rust Little Rock.

MICHIGAN.

1. William A. Howard Detroit.
2. Henry Waldron Hillsdale.
3. Francis W. Kellogg Grand Rapids.
4. DeWitt C. Leach Lansing.

FLORIDA.

1. George S. Hawkins Pensacola.

TEXAS.

1. John H. Reagan Palestine.
2. Andrew J. Hamilton Austin.

IOWA.

1. Samuel R. Curtis Keokuk.
2. William Vandever Dubuque.

WISCONSIN.

1. John F. Potter East Troy.
2. Cadwallader C. Washburn La Crosse.
3. Charles H. Larrabee Horicon.

CALIFORNIA.

1. Charles L. Scott Sonora.
2. John C. Burch Weaverville.

MINNESOTA.

1. Cyrus Aldrich Minneapolis.
2. William Windom Winona.

OREGON.

1. Lansing Stout.....Portland.

DELEGATE FROM NEW MEXICO.

Miguel A. Otero.....Albuquerque.

DELEGATE FROM UTAH.

William H. Hooper.....Great Salt Lake City

DELEGATE FROM WASHINGTON.

Isaac I. Stevens.....Olympia.

DELEGATE FROM KANSAS.

Marcus J. Parrott.....Leavenworth City.

DELEGATE FROM NEBRASKA.

Samuel G. Daily.....Peru, Nehema county.

STANDING COMMITTEES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES,

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION,

COMMENCING MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1860.

COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS.

John A. Gilmer.....	Of North Carolina.
Henry L. Dawes.....	Of Massachusetts.
James H. Campbell.....	Of Pennsylvania.
William W. Boyce.....	Of South Carolina.
Gilman Marston.....	Of New Hampshire.
John W. Stevenson.....	Of Kentucky.
Lucius J. Gartrell.....	Of Georgia.
John L. N. Stratton.....	Of New Jersey.
Robert McKnight.....	Of Pennsylvania.

COMMITTEE OF WAYS AND MEANS.

John Sherman.....	Of Ohio.
H. Winter Davis.....	Of Maryland.
John S. Phelps.....	Of Missouri.
Thaddeus Stevens.....	Of Pennsylvania.
John S. Millson.....	Of Virginia.
Justin S. Morrill.....	Of Vermont.
Martin J. Crawford.....	Of Georgia.
Elbridge G. Spaulding.....	Of New York.
William A. Howard.....	Of Michigan.

COMMITTEE ON CLAIMS.

Mason W. Tappan.....	Of New Hampshire.
Charles B. Hoard.....	Of New York.
John A. McClernand.....	Of Illinois.
Alfred Ely.....	Of New York.
Sydenham Moore.....	Of Alabama.
E. P. Walton.....	Of Vermont.
Horace Maynard.....	Of Tennessee.
James T. Hale.....	Of Pennsylvania.
John Hutchins.....	Of Ohio.

COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE.

Ellihu B. Washburne	Of Illinois.
Edward Wade	Of Ohio.
John Cochrane	Of New York.
Thomas D. Eliot	Of Massachusetts.
William N. H. Smith	Of North Carolina.
James K. Moorhead	Of Pennsylvania.
Lucius Q. C. Lamar	Of Mississippi.
John T. Nixon	Of New Jersey.
Sherrard Clemens	Of Virginia.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC LANDS.

Eli Thayer	Of Massachusetts.
Owen Lovejoy	Of Illinois.
Williamson R. W. Cobb	Of Alabama.
John Covode	Of Pennsylvania.
John G. Davis	Of Indiana.
Carey A. Trimble	Of Ohio.
William Vandever	Of Iowa.
William Windom	Of Minnesota.
J. Richard Barrett	Of Missouri.

COMMITTEE ON THE POST OFFICE AND POST ROADS.

Schuyler Colfax	Of Indiana.
John Woodruff	Of Connecticut.
Green Adams	Of Kentucky.
John B. Alley	Of Massachusetts.
Reuben Davis	Of Mississippi.
James Craig	Of Missouri.
William Helmick	Of Ohio.
M. Lindley Lee	Of New York.
John C. Burch	Of California.

COMMITTEE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Luther C. Carter	Of New York.
David Kilgore	Of Indiana.
Henry C. Burnett	Of Kentucky.
Roscoe Conkling	Of New York.
Sidney Edgerton	Of Ohio.
William C. Anderson	Of Kentucky.
John V. Wright	Of Tennessee.
George W. Hughes	Of Maryland.
Thomas J. Barr	Of New York.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.

John Hickman	Of Pennsylvania.
John A. Bingham	Of Ohio.
George S. Houston	Of Alabama.
Miles Taylor	Of Louisiana.
Thomas A. R. Nelson	Of Tennessee.
William Kellogg	Of Illinois.
John H. Reynolds	Of New York.
Christopher Robinson	Of Rhode Island.
Albert G. Porter	Of Indiana.

COMMITTEE ON REVOLUTIONARY CLAIMS.

George Briggs	Of New York.
Orris S. Ferry	Of Connecticut.
Samuel S. Cox	Of Ohio.
Zebulon B. Vance	Of North Carolina.
James Jackson	Of Georgia.
R. Holland Duell	Of New York.
Daniel C. De Jarnett	Of Virginia.
William S. Holman	Of Indiana.
Reuben E. Fenton	Of New York.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC EXPENDITURES.

John B. Haskin	Of New York.
George W. Palmer	Of New York.
Henry A. Edmundson	Of Virginia.
John W. Killinger	Of Pennsylvania.
Daniel E. Somes	Of Maine.
Thomas C. Hindman	Of Arkansas.
John Wood	Of Pennsylvania.
David Clopton	Of Alabama.
Philip B. Fouke	Of Illinois.

COMMITTEE ON PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS.

Cadwalader C. Washburn.	Of Wisconsin.
Clark B. Cochrane	Of New York.
William T. Avery	Of Tennessee.
William S. Kenyon	Of New York.
George S. Hawkins	Of Florida.
John E. Bouligny	Of Louisiana.
Samuel S. Blair	Of Pennsylvania.
Thomas C. Hindman	Of Arkansas.
John W. Noell	Of Missouri.

COMMITTEE ON MANUFACTURES.

Charles F. Adams	Of Massachusetts.
George W. Scranton	Of Pennsylvania.
John McQueen	Of South Carolina.
Shelton F. Leake	Of Virginia.
Laban T. Moore	Of Kentucky.
Ezra B. French	Of Maine.
W. McKee Dunn	Of Indiana.
Jetur R. Riggs	Of New Jersey.
James B. McKean	Of New York.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE.

Martin Butterfield	Of New York.
John Carey	Of Ohio.
William G. Whiteley	Of Delaware.
William Stewart	Of Pennsylvania.
John V. Wright	Of Tennessee.
Francis M. Bristow	Of Kentucky.
Cyrus Aldrich	Of Minnesota.
John C. Burch	Of California.
Galusha A. Grow	Of Pennsylvania.

COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Emerson Etheridge	Of Tennessee.
Samuel H. Woodson	Of Missouri.
Horace F. Clark	Of New York.
Charles L. Scott	Of California.
DeWitt C. Leach	Of Michigan.
Thomas M. Edwards	Of New Hampshire.
Cyrus Aldrich	Of Minnesota.
John H. Reagan	Of Texas.
Charles L. Beale	Of New York.

COMMITTEE ON MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Benjamin Stanton	Of Ohio.
Samuel R. Curtis	Of Iowa.
James Buffinton	Of Massachusetts.
Abraham B. Olin	Of New York.
John J. McRae	Of Mississippi.
George H. Pendleton	Of Ohio.
Henry C. Longnecker	Of Pennsylvania.
Alexander R. Boteler	Of Virginia.
George W. Hughes	Of Maryland.

COMMITTEE ON THE MILITIA.

Cydnor B. Tompkins	Of Ohio.
William Irvine	Of New York.
Albert G. Jenkins	Of Virginia.
Edwin H. Webster	Of Maryland.
James M. Quarles	Of Tennessee.
Thomas Ruffin	Of North Carolina.
Alfred Wells	Of New York.
Thomas C. Theaker	Of Ohio.
William E. Simms	Of Kentucky.

COMMITTEE ON NAVAL AFFAIRS.

Freeman H. Morse	Of Maine.
Thomas S. Bocock	Of Virginia.
Emory B. Pottle	Of New York.
Warren Winslow	Of North Carolina.
James Wilson	Of Indiana.
Jabez L. M. Curry	Of Alabama.
Charles B. Sedgwick	Of New York.
J. Morrison Harris	Of Maryland.
Edward McPherson	Of Pennsylvania.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Thomas Corwin	Of Ohio.
Anson Burlingame	Of Massachusetts.
William Barksdale	Of Mississippi.
Edward Joy Morris	Of Pennsylvania.
Lawrence O'B. Branch	Of North Carolina.
Homer E. Royce	Of Vermont.
W. Porcher Miles	Of South Carolina.
Joshua Hill	Of Georgia.
James Humphrey	Of New York.

COMMITTEE ON TERRITORIES.

Galusha A. Grow	Of Pennsylvania.
John J. Perry	Of Maine.
William Smith	Of Virginia.
Daniel W. Gooch	Of Massachusetts.
Henry Waldron	Of Michigan.
John B. Clark	Of Missouri.
Charles Case	Of Indiana.
Clement L. Vallandigham	Of Ohio.
James M. Ashley	Of Ohio.

COMMITTEE ON REVOLUTIONARY PENSIONS.

John F. Potter.	Of Wisconsin.
John P. Verree.	Of Pennsylvania.
Burton Craige.	Of North Carolina.
Garnett B. Adrain.	Of New Jersey.
Benjamin F. Junkin.	Of Pennsylvania.
Elijah Babbitt.	Of Pennsylvania.
Charles Delano.	Of Massachusetts.
James M. Leach.	Of North Carolina.
James H. Thomas.	Of Tennessee.

COMMITTEE ON INVALID PENSIONS.

Reuben E. Fenton.	Of New York.
Stephen C. Foster.	Of Maine.
Daniel E. Sickles.	Of New York.
Thomas B. Florence.	Of Pennsylvania.
William B. Stokes.	Of Tennessee.
Francis W. Kellogg.	Of Michigan.
Chapin Hall.	Of Pennsylvania.
Reese B. Brabson.	Of Tennessee.
Charles D. Martin.	Of Ohio.

COMMITTEE ON ROADS AND CANALS.

Robert Mallory.	Of Kentucky.
W. McKee Dunn.	Of Indiana.
Otho R. Singleton.	Of Mississippi.
John A. Gurley.	Of Ohio.
William Montgomery.	Of Pennsylvania.
Albert Rust.	Of Arkansas.
Orris S. Ferry.	Of Connecticut.
James M. Quarles.	Of Tennessee.
Chapin Hall.	Of Pennsylvania.

COMMITTEE ON PATENTS.

William Millward.	Of Pennsylvania.
James A. Stewart.	Of Maryland.
Alfred A. Burnham.	Of Connecticut.
William E. Niblack.	Of Indiana.
Augustus Frank.	Of New York.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

Charles R. Train.	Of Massachusetts.
Charles L. Beale.	Of New York.
Lawrence M. Keitt.	Of South Carolina.
Samuel O. Peyton.	Of Kentucky.
Jacob K. McKenty.	Of Pennsylvania.

COMMITTEE ON REVISAL AND UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

John A. Logan	Of Illinois.
John J. Jones	Of Georgia.
William Howard	Of Ohio.
Elijah Babbitt	Of Pennsylvania.
Stephen C. Foster	Of Maine.

COMMITTEE ON ACCOUNTS.

Francis E. Spinner	Of New York.
Jacob M. Kunkel	Of Maryland.
Harrison G. Blake	Of Ohio.
James H. Graham	Of New York.
William Allen	Of Ohio.

COMMITTEE ON MILEAGE.

John D. Ashmore	Of South Carolina.
Charles H. Van Wyck	Of New York.
Dwight Loomis	Of Connecticut.
Thomas Hardeman, jr	Of Georgia.
James C. Robinson	Of Illinois.

COMMITTEE ON ENGRAVING.

Garnett B. Adrain	Of New Jersey.
John Covode	Of Pennsylvania.
William B. Maclay	Of New York.

COMMITTEE ON EXPENDITURES IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

James B. McKean	Of New York.
Lansing Stout	Of Oregon.
Thomas J. Barr	Of New York.
Peter E. Love	Of Georgia.
Henry L. Dawes	Of Massachusetts.

COMMITTEE ON EXPENDITURES IN THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Dwight Loomis	Of Connecticut.
James M. Quarles	Of Tennessee.
Alfred Wells	Of New York.
James H. Thomas	Of Tennessee.
Charles R. Train	Of Massachusetts.

COMMITTEE ON EXPENDITURES IN THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

William Stewart	Of Pennsylvania.
Charles H. Larrabee	Of Wisconsin.
Cydnor B. Tompkins	Of Ohio.
Justin S. Morrill	Of Vermont.
William C. Anderson	Of Kentucky.

COMMITTEE ON EXPENDITURES IN THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Robert Hatton Of Tennessee.
 John W. H. Underwood Of Georgia.
 Samuel S. Blair Of Pennsylvania.
 George W. Hughes Of Maryland.
 John Sherman Of Ohio.

COMMITTEE ON EXPENDITURES IN THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

George W. Palmer Of New York.
 Elbert S. Martin Of Virginia.
 Laban T. Moore Of Kentucky.
 John M. Landrum Of Louisiana.
 Benjamin Stanton Of Ohio.

COMMITTEE ON EXPENDITURES ON THE PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

William D. Brayton Of Rhode Island.
 E. P. Walton Of Vermont.
 John T. Harris Of Virginia.
 Thomas A. R. Nelson Of Tennessee.
 Thomas L. Anderson Of Missouri.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON THE LIBRARY.

John U. Pettit Of Indiana.
 Charles F. Adams Of Massachusetts.
 James L. Pugh Of Alabama.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING.

John A. Gurley Of Ohio.
 John B. Haskin Of New York.
 William H. Dimmick Of Pennsylvania.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON ENROLLED BILLS.

Thomas G. Davidson Of Louisiana.
 Thomas C. Theaker Of Ohio.

REGENTS OF THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Benjamin Stanton Of Ohio.
 William H. English Of Indiana.
 Lucius J. Gartrell Of Georgia.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

LETTER

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING,

TRANSMITTING

A report of the condition of the public printing during the year 1860.

DECEMBER 10, 1860.—Referred to the Committee on Printing.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC PRINTING,
Washington, December 10, 1861.

SIR: The continued absence from this city of Thomas H. Ford, esq., House printer, and the refusal of Messrs. Larcombe & English, who executed for him the printing ordered at the last session of Congress, to continue that arrangement, make it my duty to communicate the facts to the House of Representatives, and to respectfully request its direction as to the printing of the present session, a considerable portion of which is now in this office, the immediate completion of which is urgently required for the exigencies of the public service.

The reasons of Messrs. Larcombe & English for the course they have pursued are assigned in the accompanying letter. It is but justice to them to state that the work intrusted to them heretofore by this office has been executed promptly and satisfactorily.

In this connexion I deem it proper to state that, in pursuance of the provisions of the joint resolution in relation to the public printing approved June 23, 1860, I have entered into a contract with Mr. Joseph T. Crowell for the purchase of the printing establishment formerly owned by Mr. Cornelius Wendell, which contract I have transmitted to the Joint Committee on the Public Printing. Should it meet their approval, the entire printing and binding of all the branches of the government, or any portion thereof, can at once be executed under its own control and by its own officers. The expediency and propriety of such a policy I have heretofore strongly advocated, and present experience has but strengthened my convictions upon the subject.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN HEART,
Superintendent.

HON. WILLIAM PENNINGTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, *December 8, 1860.*

SIR: Having executed the printing for the House of Representatives for the first session of the 36th Congress, under a contract or partnership with Thomas H. Ford, House printer, and, as we trust and believe, to your entire satisfaction, we deem it due to you to inform you that we cannot any longer continue our contract with the House printer.

The reason for taking this step lies in the fact that Congress, at the last session, reduced the prices to be paid for printing 40 per cent. below the prices paid at the time we made our contract with the present House printer, leaving barely enough, as we believe, to pay the actual cost of the work.

While, therefore, we would be willing to execute the printing for the House of Representatives directly, for the prices now allowed by law, we cannot consent to do it for any intermediate party.

We are anxious to keep our office employed; our relations to those who constitute the establishment impel us to obtain all the work we can; but it could not be expected of us to execute it at a sacrifice.

We are, very respectfully, your obedient servants,

LARCOMBE & ENGLISH.

JOHN HEART, Esq.,

Superintendent of the Public Printing.

DEFICIENCIES FOR PAPER AND PRINTING.

LETTER

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE PUBLIC PRINTING,

COMMUNICATING

Estimates for Printing and Paper.

DECEMBER 10, 1860.—Referred to the Committee of Ways and Means, and ordered to be printed.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC PRINTING,
Washington, December 10, 1860.

SIR: It becomes my duty to inform the House of Representatives that the appropriations for the printing ordered at the last session of Congress, and for the requisite quantity of paper, have proved inadequate for those purposes. Upon the completion of the printing, it is estimated that there will be a deficiency in the appropriation therefor of one hundred and two thousand dollars, a very large proportion of which sum is now due for work executed, and the residue will be required in a few months, when the printing will be completed.

The deficiency in the appropriations for paper amounts to the sum of eighty-five thousand eight hundred and sixteen dollars and thirty-eight cents, all which is now due to the contractors.

I have to request, therefore, that an appropriation may be made as follows:

“To supply deficiencies in the appropriations heretofore made for printing ordered by the Senate and House of Representatives at the 1st session of the 36th Congress, and for paper for the same, one hundred and eighty-seven thousand eight hundred and sixteen dollars and thirty-eight cents.”

I have also to state that the appropriation for the printing of the present session of Congress is but \$70,000, and for paper \$100,000. The estimates for this service, prepared at this office, and submitted to the Register of the Treasury, required \$132,250 for the printing, and \$178,849 for the paper. The amount appropriated for the printing, (\$70,000,) notwithstanding the reduction of forty per cent. authorized by the act of the last session, will in all probability be

insufficient for the purpose; and as the paper is purchased by contract from year to year, after public advertisement, I have reason to believe that no material reduction will be made in its cost, and that the amount appropriated (\$100,000) will also be insufficient.

For these reasons I respectfully recommend that further deficiency appropriations may be made as follows:

"To supply the deficiency in the appropriation for paper required for the printing of the 2d session of the 36th Congress, fifty thousand dollars."

"To supply the deficiency in the appropriation for the printing of the 2d session of the 36th Congress, thirty thousand dollars."

I have the honor to be, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JNO. HEART,
Superintendent.

Hon. WILLIAM PENNINGTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

NEW YORK CONTESTED ELECTION CASE.

DECEMBER 11, 1860.—Referred to the Committee of Elections and ordered to be printed.

*Depositions, exhibits, &c., in the New York contested election case—
third congressional district.*

15 NASSAU STREET, New York City,
December 1, 1860.

SIR: I herewith send the examinations of the witnesses in the case of Amor J. Williamson, contesting the seat now held by the Hon. Daniel E. Sickles, being the originals in one enclosure and copies in another, under cover to the care of John W. Forney, Clerk of the House.

My bill I likewise enclose, which, if proper, you may submit to the Committee of Elections, or do with the same as may be usual in such cases.

Most respectfully, I remain yours,

M. ULSHOEFFER.

Hon. WILLIAM PENNINGTON, *Speaker*.

*M. Ulshoeffer's account for taking testimony and furnishing copies, &c.,
in the case of Williamson and Sickles.*

In the matter of Amor J. Williamson, contesting the seat now held by the Hon. Daniel E. Sickles, from the third congressional district of the State of New York.

The United States to Michael Ulshoeffer, Dr.

For taking and certifying the originals of testimony of fifty witnesses on both sides; and for comparing and certifying for Congress copies of said testimony and of the pleadings herein, and nineteen exhibits; including room and stationery, notary's fees, and for clerk's services.. \$850 00

I, Michael Ulshoeffer, counsellor-at-law, the commissioner appointed by the justices of the supreme court of the State of New York, residing in the city of New York, to take testimony in the matter of Amor J. Williamson, contesting the seat now held by the Hon. Daniel E. Sickles, from the third congressional district of the State of New York,

do hereby certify that there are annexed hereto correct copies of the appointment of the subscriber by said justices, and of the resolutions of the Congress of the United States in the House of Representatives, of the 21st March, 1860, and of the 17th May, 1860, relative to the premises; and correct copies of the evidence and testimony taken before the subscriber pursuant to said resolutions by the parties contestant in this matter.

There are also annexed true copies of the charges made by said Williamson, and the answer by said Daniel E. Sickles.

The subscriber furnished the parties with subpoenas, as directed in and by said resolutions.

The examinations of the several witnesses by questions and answers were taken down and reduced to writing before me and in the presence of the witnesses and the parties, or their agents and attorneys, at the several times therein set forth and stated, and subscribed by the witnesses.

The examination was taken day by day, excepting Sundays and such further adjournments as were rendered necessary by the indisposition of the subscriber, the non-attendance or absence of witnesses, and the consent of the parties contestant; and the days so lost by intervening Sundays, and by consent and indisposition, were made up afterwards by the consent of parties.

The witnesses were all duly sworn to testify the whole truth by an officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths, as stated in said examinations.

Correct copies of the exhibits produced and proved by the parties are also hereto annexed.

All which is respectfully submitted.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner*.

NEW YORK, *December 1, 1860.*

The said commissioner, Michael Ulshoeffer, being duly sworn, saith that the preceding certificate is true, and that the said annexed papers are correct copies of the evidence, pleadings, &c., as required by the resolution of the House of Representatives to be transmitted to said house.

IRVING PARIS, *Notary Public,*
State and County of New York.

LIST OF EXHIBITS.

SICKLES A.—*July 31, p. 58.*

Minutes of meeting of the inhabitants of school district No. 4, Bloomfield, New Jersey.

WILLIAMSON A.—*August 8, p. 73.*

Return of canvassers of the 4th district of the 1st ward of the city of New York.

WILLIAMSON B.—*August 8, p. 81.*

Poll-list for the 4th district of the 1st ward.

WILLIAMSON, *August 11, p. 102.*

Affidavit of service of subpœna on Michael Norton.

WILLIAMSON, *August 28, p. 153.*

Return of the canvassers of the 3d district of the 1st ward.

WILLIAMSON A.—*August 31, p. 159.*

Affidavit of service of subpœna on Gershon Cohen.

SICKLES, *September 1, p. 187.*

Farrington ticket estimate.

WILLIAMSON, *September 6, p. 259.—1.*

Bloomfield tax-bill for 1857.

WILLIAMSON, *September 6, p. 259.—2.*

Bloomfield tax-bill for 1858.

WILLIAMSON, *September 6, p. 259.—3.*

Bloomfield tax-bill for 1859.

WILLIAMSON, *September 6, p. 259.—4.*

Affidavit of service of subpœna on George McLeod.

New Jersey school laws.

SICKLES, *September 15, 1860, p. 280.*

Laws relating to public schools of New Jersey.

SICKLES, *September 15, 1860, p. 280.*

An act to authorize the inhabitants of Bloomfield, &c., to raise money for the establishment of free schools.

Cross-examination.—BARNEY.

EXHIBIT, *September 22, 1860, p. 357.*

Memorandum made by George A. Barney.

EXHIBIT, BELL, *September 24, 1860, p. 364.*

Proposition presented to board of canvassers.

EXHIBIT, *September 24, p. 368.*—WILLIAMSON.

Poll-list of the 3d election district of the 1st ward.

EXHIBIT, *September 24, p. 369.*—SICKLES.

Writ of mandamus.

WILLIAMSON, *September 25, p. 370.*

Affidavit of service of subpœna on E. B. Hart.

WILLIAMSON, *September 25, p. 370.*

Affidavit of service of subpœna on Conrad Fitzgerald.

List of witnesses.

Names of witnesses.	By whom called.	Testimony on pages.
Matthew C. Fordham	Williamson	1 to 6
Charles H. Yallalee	do	7 to 12
Do	do	268 to 271
John G. Dale	do	13 to 17
George Thomas Forgarty	do	18 to 22
Thaddeus Roberts	do	22 to 26
Ransom F. Burrows	do	26 to 28
Thomas D. McRae	do	28 to 30
Dennis Barry	do	31 to 31
Daniel B. Opdyke	do	31 to 33
Patrick Horan	do	33 to 35
Samuel Kline	do	36 to 38
Timothy Cummings	do	39 to 40
John Murphy	do	41 to 43
Patrick Scanlon	do	44 to 47
Henry Farrington	do	48 to 52
Simeon Brown	Sickles	53 to 60
Thomas Day	do	60 to 62
Joseph M. Osborn	do	63 to 65
Samuel Dunham	do	65 to 68
Thomas J. Coe	do	69 to 71
William Stokley	Williamson	72 to 101
Do	do	218 to 226
Thomas H. Fisher	do	104 to 107
Do	do	266 to 268
Cornelius Fitzgerald	do	107 to 110
Charles P. Sandford	Sickles	111 to 117
John Wildey	Williamson	118 to 136
Edward Roche	Sickles	137 to 141
Do	do	149
William Kenny	do	141 to 149
Do	do	150
William Jennett	do	150 to 154
Jonathan W. Allen	do	155 to 158
Levi Leonard	Williamson	159 to 167
William L. Ellsworth	do	167 to 214
Gershon I. Seixas	do	215 to 217
Daniel F. Tiemann	Sickles	227 to 234
James H. Welsh	do	234 to 250
Richard Murphy	do	250 to 253
Timothy Hassack	do	253 to 259
William B. White	Williamson	260 to 265
Napoleon B. McLaughlin	do	272 to 278
Joseph H. Toone	do	280 to 297
John S. Savery	Sickles	298 to 303
John H. Williams	do	304 to 318
Ira Campbell	Williamson	319 to 327
Do	do	358 to 361
Nathaniel Coit	do	327 to 330
Isaac M. Cockfair	do	331 to 337
Pelatiah Wight	Sickles	338 to 339
George A. Barney	Williamson	340 to 350
Do	do	353 to 358
Larad C. Heath	Sickles	351 to 353
Isaac Bell, jr.	do	362 to 366
David A. Fowler	Williamson	367 to 370
Francis J. Twomey	do	371 to 372

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
March 21, 1860.

Resolved, That A. J. Williamson, contesting the right of Hon. D. E. Sickles to a seat in this House as a Representative from the third district of the State of New York be, and he is hereby, required to serve upon the said Sickles, within ten days after the passage of this resolution, a particular statement of the grounds of said contest; and that the said Sickles be, and he is hereby, required to serve upon the said Williamson his answer thereto in twenty days thereafter, and that both parties be allowed sixty days next after the service of said answer, to take testimony in support of their several allegations and denials before some justice of the supreme court of the State of New York, residing in the city of New York, but in all other respects in the manner prescribed in the act of February 19, 1851.

Attest.

J. W. FORNEY,
Clerk.

THIRTY SIXTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
May 17, 1860.

On motion of Mr. Dawes, from the Committee of Elections,

Resolved, That the judges of the supreme court of the State of New York, residing in the city of New York be, and they are hereby, authorized and requested to appoint and select a commissioner of the degree of counsellor at law, whose duty it shall be to take the testimony in the matter of Amor J. Williamson, contesting the seat now held by the Hon. Daniel E. Sickles from the third congressional district of the State of New York, as provided and directed by the resolution passed by the House of Representatives on the 21st March, 1860. It shall be the duty of the said commissioner so appointed to enter upon his duties immediately after his appointment, and after giving five days' notice to the parties to this contest, to proceed from day to day with the examination of such witnesses as may be brought before him in support of the allegations made by the contestant, and counter allegations by the sitting member, until the case is closed. Provided such examination does not extend beyond sixty days from the time of commencing the taking of such testimony. It shall be the duty of the commissioner appointed under this resolution to provide the attorneys for the parties to this action with such number of subpoenas issued by the Speaker of this House as they may require for the witnesses they desire to call. The said commissioner is hereby directed to take up the case from the point which it had reached at the time it was brought before the supreme court on the 10th of May, 1860; and all notices given on either side are hereby declared good

without further action. All witnesses must be sworn by some officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. On the conclusion of the case it shall be the duty of the commissioner hereby provided for to transmit a correct copy of the evidence, pleadings, &c., under oath, to the House of Representatives, and each party is hereby authorized to take the testimony of any witnesses resident in the State of New Jersey, before any judge of a court of record, or magistrate authorized to take depositions, resident in said State of New Jersey; and said judge or magistrate is hereby authorized to do each and all things in the premises which the commissioner hereinbefore mentioned is by this resolution authorized to do. The time for the taking of testimony under this resolution is not to commence till the day of adjournment of the first session of this Congress, and is to extend sixty days thereafter, with the exception of such witnesses not resident of, or living in, or being about to leave the State of New York, as either party may desire to subpoena and examine before said adjournment, and as to such witnesses the commissioner or judge aforesaid, or either of them, is hereby authorized in manner aforesaid to take and forward their depositions at any time after the passage of this resolution, and before the expiration of said sixty days, when application shall be made to him for that purpose by either party.

Attest.

JNO. W. FORNEY,

Clerk.

Appointment of Commissioner by Justices New York Supreme Court.

The justices of the supreme court residing in the city of New York, in compliance with the resolution of the House of Representatives, passed May 17, 1860, hereby appoint and select Michael Ulshoeffer, esquire, of the city of New York, of the degree of counsellor at law, a commissioner to take the testimony in the matter of Amor J. Williamson contesting the seat now held by the Hon. Daniel E. Sickles, from the third congressional district of the State of New York.

JOS. SUTHERLAND.

B. W. BONNEY.

D. P. INGRAHAM.

WILLIAM H. LEONARD.

T. W. CLERKE.

NEW YORK, May 22, 1860.

Charges by Amor J. Williamson.

NEW YORK, March 29, 1860.

SIR: You will please take notice that the following is a particular statement of the ground upon which I contest your right to a seat in the House of Representatives of the United States as a member of that

body for the present thirty-sixth Congress, from the third congressional district of the State of New York :

1. That the returns of the votes given in said district for representative in Congress from said district at the general election, held on the 2d day of November, 1858, as made to the State canvassers, were false and fraudulent, and that the county canvassers counted and allowed to said Sickles more votes for said office than by the returns made to them he had received, and that the returns of votes made to the State canvassers as having been given for "member of Congress" do not show the true and actual number of legal votes given to said Sickles and the contestant, Amor J. Williamson, respectively, for the said office of representative in Congress, and that illegal votes were procured to be given for said Sickles, and that the returns of the votes actually given for him and the said Williamson, respectively, were incorrectly and falsely stated and made by canvassers and others in the interest of said Sickles, for the purpose of causing it to appear that said Sickles had a majority of votes for said office at said election over said Williamson, when, in truth and in fact, the said Williamson had and received a majority of the legal votes given at such election for said office of representative in Congress over said Sickles.

2. That in the fourth election district of the first ward of the city of New York, which is within and forms a part of the said third congressional district of the State of New York, more votes were returned by the canvassers of said election district for the office of representative in Congress than were actually given in said election district for such office at said election, and more than the whole number of persons who voted in such election district at said election for such officer, and that said canvassers counted, allowed, and returned for said Sickles votes which were not deposited in the ballot-boxes in the regular and ordinary course of voting, nor by legal voters, but which said votes had been and were fraudulently and surreptitiously put into one of the ballot boxes, for the purpose of securing an apparent majority for the said Sickles, and of defeating the true and lawful expression of the will of the legal voters of said district, and that the said return was so made falsely and fraudulently for the benefit and advantage of said Sickles.

3. That in the third election district of the first ward of the city of New York, the same being within and a part of the aforesaid congressional district, the inspectors or canvassers, or both, or some other person or persons, having access to the votes or returns for the purpose of securing the apparent election of said Sickles to said office, and of defeating the true expression of the will of the legal voters of the said district, falsified the returns of the votes given in the said election district, and counted for said Sickles and allowed to him votes which had been given for said Williamson for said office, and which had his name thereon, and that the said canvassers returned and allowed for said Sickles more votes than he actually received for said office, and that they allowed and returned for said Williamson less votes than he actually received at such election for said office.

4. That in various other of the election districts in the said third congressional district the inspectors or canvassers, or both, or other

persons having access to the ballots or returns, falsified the said returns, and returned and allowed for said Sickles more votes for said office than he actually received therefor, and that they allowed and returned for said Williamson less votes than he actually received at such election for said office, and that they counted, allowed, and returned for said Sickles for said office votes or ballots which had been given for said Williamson by the voters in said congressional district, and had his name thereon, and that the returns were so falsely made and votes given for said Williamson as aforesaid, and having his name thereon, were so counted and allowed for said Sickles, at his instance, and for the purpose of securing his apparent election and return to the said office of representative in Congress from said district.

5. That in the said election districts above particularly specified and in the other election districts within and comprising the said third congressional district, a greater number of votes were allowed to and returned for said Sickles than were actually given for him for said office, and that a large number of votes which were given for said Williamson for said office at such election were counted for and allowed to said Sickles therefor; and that the canvass and returns of the votes given at said election for said office were altered and falsified so that they did not and do not show the actual number of votes or ballots given for the said Sickles and Williamson, respectively, and having their respective names thereon, and that the said returns were so altered, falsified, and incorrectly and improperly made, for the purpose of securing the apparent election and return of the said Sickles to said office, when in truth he did not receive a plurality of votes therefor at said election, and it is more particularly alleged that such alterations and false and fraudulent returns were made in and from the several election districts of the eighth ward of the city of New York, in addition to the election districts hereinbefore particularly specified.

That a large number of votes or ballots which were given at such election for one Henry Farrington for the said office of representative in Congress from said district, and which ballots had his name thereon, were counted, allowed, and returned for said Sickles by the inspectors and canvassers of the said election, by arrangement with the said Farrington, and that such ballots or votes form a part of and go to make up the whole number of votes alleged and claimed to have been received by the said Sickles at such election, and that they were so allowed, counted, and returned for the purpose of fraudulently and falsely showing an apparent majority of votes for said Sickles for said office of representative in Congress from said district at such election.

6. That in several election districts of the first ward of the city of New York, the same being within and a part of the said third congressional district, votes or ballots for said Sickles, and having his name thereon for said office, were surreptitiously and fraudulently introduced into the ballot-boxes without being so put in by any voter in pursuance of his right to vote, or in the ordinary and usual course of voting; and that the said ballot-boxes were *stuffed* with votes or ballots for said Sickles, having his name thereon for said office, by persons in the interest of said Sickles fraudulently, and that such ballots were counted, allowed, and returned for said Sickles, and form a part of the

whole number of votes which he is alleged and claims to have received for said office at such election, and that the said votes or ballots were so introduced into the said ballot-boxes, and the ballot boxes were so stuffed fraudulently and corruptly for the purpose of securing the apparent election and return of the said Sickles to said office.

That a large number of soldiers and other persons in the service of the United States, then stationed and being at Fort or Castle William, located on an island in the harbor of New York, voted or gave votes or ballots for said Sickles, and with his name thereon for such office at the said election, each in some one or more of the election districts of the first ward of the city of New York, and in other parts of the said congressional district, such soldiers not being at the time legal voters in said congressional district, and not entitled to vote therein.

That a number of soldiers in the service of the United States, (about thirty or forty,) who were then temporarily at the United States barracks, at or about the number 139 Hudson street, in the city of New York, and who were not legal voters in the said third congressional district, and not entitled to vote therein, nor in any part thereof, did vote for the said Sickles at such election, and gave ballots having his name thereon for said office, each in some one or more of the election districts of the fifth ward of the city of New York, or other wards of the said city within said congressional district, and the said votes or ballots so given by them were received by the inspectors and counted, allowed, and returned for the said Sickles, and form a part of the whole number of votes claimed and alleged to have been received by him for said office at such election, and that the said votes were illegal.

7. That at the said election the said Sickles paid and gave money to various persons to induce such persons to vote for him for said office, and to influence the votes of such persons, and that many persons did so vote for said Sickles for such office within said congressional district at such election, in consideration of money or other valuable reward given by the said Sickles to influence their said votes; that a large number of persons who were not residents within the said congressional district nor voters therein, were brought into the said district by the said Sickles or his agents, by his direction, a few days before the said election, and kept therein until the said election, for the purpose of having the said persons vote for the said Sickles for such office at said election in said district, and that such persons did so vote for said Sickles at said election, and that their votes were received, allowed, and returned for said Sickles for said office, and form a part of the whole number of votes claimed and alleged to have been received by said Sickles for said office at such election, and that the said persons were supported within such district while they were so there, and were paid for so voting by said Sickles, or by his agents, with money furnished by him; that a great number of persons who were voters in said district voted therein at said election for the said office more than once each, and in more than one election district within such congressional district, and that such persons were employed and paid so to vote by the said Sickles, or his agents. That inspectors and canvassers in the said congressional district were employed and paid and bribed by said Sickles to falsify the vote given for the several candidates re-

spectively at said election for said office of representative in Congress, and to make false and fraudulent returns of the votes so cast.

8. That at said election the said Sickles, by the payment or promise of money, or the promise of appointment to places of emolument under the government of the United States, induced and procured many persons to vote for him for such office at the said election who were not voters in the said district, or who had already voted once, and that many persons were in that way by him, or his agents, induced to repeat their votes and to vote illegally.

That a large number of sailors or marines, in the service of the United States, who were attached to the receiving ship North Carolina, lying at the dock at the navy yard, Brooklyn, L. I., voted for said Sickles within the said district at such election for the said office of representative in Congress, at the instance and request of said Sickles, and that the said navy yard is not within the said district, and the said sailors or marines were not legal voters therein.

That a large number of sailors and other persons belonging to or employed upon various ships, vessels, and steamers, being in the port of New York, voted in said district for said Sickles, for such office, at the said election, such sailors and other persons not being voters in said district, and many of them being foreigners and aliens, and they were so induced to vote by the agents of the said Sickles, and that such votes form a part of and go to make up the whole number of votes claimed and alleged to have been received by said Sickles at said election for the said office.

That about one hundred votes or ballots which were given by voters and electors in said district, at the said election, for said Williamson for the said office, and which ballots had on them the name of the said Williamson, as a candidate for such office, were not counted, returned, and allowed for him therefor, but that the same were allowed and returned for the said Sickles, and form a part of the whole number of votes claimed and alleged to have been received by said Sickles, at said election, for the said office of representative in Congress from the said district.

AMOR J. WILLIAMSON,
22 Beekman street, New York.

Hon. DANIEL E. SICKLES.

Answer by Daniel E. Sickles.

NEW YORK, April 20, 1860.

SIR: You will please take notice that the following is my answer to the paper heretofore, on the 31st of March ultimo, served upon me in your behalf, purporting to be a particular statement of the grounds upon which you contest my right as a representative in Congress from the third district of the State of New York.

Your attention has been already called in the papers which I caused to be served upon you on the third instant, to the vague and insufficient

averments in your statement. The exceptions then and there taken to your statement I now repeat and make part of my answer. And also for your more particular information, I add certain further objections, urged before the committee of elections upon the hearing of the notice, "to strike out insufficient averments in the contestants statement," of which motion you received due notice.

Before the Committee of Elections.

WILLIAMSON	}	Motion to strike out insufficient averments in contestant's statement.
vs.		
SICKLES.		

I object generally to the notice, because, taking all the specifications together, it does not appear upon the statement of the contestant that in any way he lost or I gained enough votes to change the result and elect him. My plurality, as has already been shown, was 161.

I. The first averment in the notice is a general charge against the returns made to the State canvassers, as "false and fraudulent."

Also that the county canvassers allowed me "more votes" than I received.

Also that the returns, as made out by the precinct canvassers, "were falsely stated, and made out by canvassers and others" in my interest.

Thus, in this averment, the whole record of the election is attacked in a sweeping charge of fraud without one particular specification of fact.

There are, in the district, eighty-four precinct canvassers. The board of supervisors of the county are, *ex officio*, the county canvassers. This body must, by law, be composed of an equal representation of the minority and the majority. It consisted, in 1858, and is now composed of six republicans and six democrats. The board of State canvassers comprises certain State officers at Albany—attorney general, comptroller, secretary of state, &c., &c., &c.

The acts and doings of all these boards and officials are impeached in a vague, general charge. This averment is insufficient, and should be stricken out.

II. The second averment is defective, because it does not state how many votes were wrongfully given to me or lost to the contestant, (in the fourth district of the first ward.) The law of New York makes provision for an excess of votes found in the ballot-box over and above the number of names on the poll-list, and it is not pretended in the averment that the provisions of the State law were not complied with. It is matter of record that they were, inasmuch that the supreme court of New York directed, by mandamus, this district to be canvassed. There were about ninety votes, in all, polled in this district, divided between three candidates, I having a small plurality. If the whole district were thrown out it would not affect the result. This averment should be more definite.

III. The third averment charges that "the canvassers or inspectors, or both, or some other person or persons, falsified the returns of the votes," and counted for me "votes which had been given" for Mr. Williamson.

It is not stated how many votes were thus lost or gained; nor are any other particulars, such as time, place, precinct, or persons concerned, given.

This averment, unless made more definite, does not appear material.

IV. The fourth averment charges the same things to have been done in all the precincts within the district.

This should be stricken out as insufficient and mere surplusage.

V. The fifth averment is a repetition of the first, charging that more votes were allowed to me than I had received; that the returns were "falsified," and especially that this was done in the eighth ward.

In the eighth ward there are eleven precincts. Not one is specified; nor is it alleged by what agencies, nor how many votes were thus lost or gained.

It is also charged that votes given for one Henry Farrington were counted for me "by arrangement with said Farrington." No precinct is specified where this was done; no inspector or canvasser is designated as having done it; it does not appear whether it was done by the precinct or the county canvassers; nor with whom nor by whom such "arrangement" was made.

This averment should be stricken out as insufficient.

VI. The sixth averment charges ballot-box "stuffing" in all the districts of the first ward. The charge is made in general terms. It impeaches thirty officials—inspectors or canvassers. It charges upon these persons—all of whom, as far as I know, stand fair in the community, and belong to the different political parties—a most infamous crime.

It is due to all persons and to common justice that such a charge should not be tolerated when made in the random, vague, and wholesale terms of this averment. It should be stricken out.

A subdivision of this averment alleges that "soldiers and other persons in the service of the United States" voted for me in the first ward. It does not appear who they were; no name is given, or other description by which they can be known or identified; nor does it appear in what precincts such votes were received, nor how many were received. This should be stricken out.

It is charged in a further subdivision that "soldiers" voted for me in the fifth ward. The allegation is liable to the same objection. There are six precincts in the fifth ward. No name is given or precinct. It should be stricken out.

VII. The seventh averment charges bribery by the use of money.

It is a vague and indefinite charge. No person is particularized, no precinct stated, no agent named. This averment is insufficient, and should be stricken out.

VIII. The eighth averment charges bribery in the bestowal of offices, or in promising offices.

No particular statement is given. This averment is insufficient.

A subdivision charges that "sailors and marines" at the navy yard voted for me. No one is particularized; no precinct mentioned. It is a broad charge, covering the whole district, and embracing all the sailors and marines on board a 74-gun ship of the line. It should be expunged.

A further subdivision charges that many sailors and others employed on various vessels then lying in the port of New York voted for me; also, that about a hundred ballots, deposited somewhere in the district for Mr. Williamson, were counted for me by somebody. These averments are merely absurd, and should be stricken out.

That the Committee of Elections, having heard the said motion, adopted the following resolution:

"Resolved, That in the contested election case of Williamson and Sickles, the points raised and argued by Mr. Sickles in relation to the notice and specifications served by the contestant be reserved for decision until the final hearing, without prejudice to the rights of Mr. Sickles, and that Mr. Williamson proceed to take testimony upon his notice at his peril."

That saving and reserving all exceptions to your statement, as well in matter of substance as of form, I deny each and every allegation contained therein.

1. I deny that the returns, as made to the State canvassers, were false or fraudulent, or that the county canvassers counted or allowed for me more votes than, by the returns made to them, I received; or that the returns, as made to the State canvassers, were incorrect, except in this, that all the ballots cast for me were properly indorsed "For representative in Congress," and should have been so returned, and that the same were inadvertently and incorrectly returned to the State canvassers as having been given "For member of Congress."

I deny that illegal votes were procured to be given for me, or that the returns were incorrectly or falsely stated or made by canvassers or others.

I deny that said Williamson received a majority over me of the legal votes given at said election.

2. I deny that in the fourth election district of the first ward more votes were returned by the canvassers than were given in the district for the office of representative in Congress, or that the canvassers counted, allowed, or returned for me any vote which was not deposited in the regular and ordinary course of voting by a legal voter, or that any vote for me was surreptitiously put into the boxes, or that any fraudulent vote was counted, or allowed, or returned for me.

3. I deny that in the third election district of the first ward the inspectors or canvassers, or either of them, or any person, falsified the returns of said district, or counted or allowed for me any vote which I did not actually receive and to which I was not legally entitled, or that any vote or votes actually given for said Williamson was withheld from him in any manner by any person.

4. I deny that in any election district, either in those specified or those not specified, the inspectors or canvassers, or either of them, or any person, falsified the returns or allowed or returned for me any

vote or votes I did not actually receive, or that in any way said Williamson was deprived by any person or officer of any vote or votes which should have been allowed to and returned for him. And the special charge, in the fourth averment, that, at my instance, votes given for said Williamson were counted and allowed for me, I distinctly deny; and I further say that I believe the charge was made without any reason for the contestant to suppose that it was true, or that it could be supported by proof.

5. I deny that in any of the districts of the eighth ward, or of any other ward, the returns were altered or falsified, or incorrectly or improperly made; or that more votes were allowed to me than I actually and lawfully received; or that any vote given for said Williamson was counted or allowed for me; or that any error occurred; or that any alteration was made in the said canvass or returns by which I gained any advantage, or from which said Williamson suffered any loss.

And I deny that any vote or ballot given for Henry Farrington for representative in Congress at the said election was counted for or allowed to me; and I deny that any arrangement was made with the said Farrington to allow his votes to be counted for me.

6. I deny that in any election district of the first ward any ballot or ballots having my name upon them were surreptitiously or fraudulently put into any ballot-box, or that any ballot-box was "stuffed" with votes or ballots having my name on them; or that any ballot fraudulently or unlawfully put into the box was counted for or allowed to me.

I deny that any soldier, or other person, in the service of the United States stationed on Governor's island, not entitled to vote, voted for me in the first ward or elsewhere.

I deny that any soldier in the service of the United States, stationed at the barracks No. 139 Hudson street, not entitled to vote, voted for me either in the fifth ward or elsewhere.

7. I deny that I gave or paid money to any person to induce such person to vote for me, or to influence the vote of such person; or that any person voted for me in consideration of money or any valuable reward given by me to influence such vote; and I deny that any person not a resident of the district was brought there by me or any agent of mine, or by my direction, for the purpose of having such person vote for me, or that any person not a resident of the district voted for me, or that any such person was supported by me while within the district, or paid for voting, (either by me or any agent of mine,) and I deny that any person voted for me more than once, or that any one was employed or paid so to vote either by me or any agent of mine; and I deny that any inspector or canvasser in said district was paid or bribed by me to falsify the votes at said election for said office of representative in Congress, or to make false or fraudulent returns thereof.

And I deny that by the promise or payment of money, or the promise of appointment to places of honor or emolument, I induced or procured any person or persons to vote for me at such election, or that any agent of mine in that way induced any person to vote for me.

And I further deny that any sailor or marine in the service of the

United States not entitled to vote voted for me at said election, or that any sailor or other person employed upon any ship or vessel then lying in the port of New York and not entitled to vote, voted for me at said election.

And I declare that all of these charges so imputing to me, or to persons described as my agents, these several last-mentioned corrupt acts, are utterly without foundation in truth, and I believe the said charges are made without any reason to suppose them to be true, or any expectation on the part of the said Williamson of being able to prove them.

And I allege that, at the time of said election, to wit: on the second day of November, 1858, and for three years preceding, the said Williamson was and had been an inhabitant of the State of New Jersey; that he was not, at the time of the election, eligible to the office of representative in Congress from the third district of the State of New York, because, in fact, he was not an inhabitant of the State of New York, but was and had been for a long time a resident of the town of Bloomfield in the State of New Jersey aforesaid, and a voter therein.

And I allege that by reason of riotous assemblages and crowds of armed men, the partisans and agents of said Williamson, acting in the first ward, intimidated and prevented many persons, lawful voters in the said ward, from voting at said election; that said voters would otherwise have voted for me, but that by reason of the threats, and force and violence of the said partisans and agents of the said Williamson, a large number of electors who intended to vote for me and tried to do so were driven from the polls and deprived of the opportunity to vote and did not vote; that these assemblages were collected at or near the battery in the said first ward, and thus prevented two hundred soldiers, then stationed at Governor's island and within the third congressional district, from voting; that many of these soldiers expressed their intention and desire to vote for me, but that in consequence of the armed mob collected, as aforesaid, the officer in command of the garrison would not allow but one barge load, containing about twenty of the soldiers, to leave the island to go to the polls; that when these landed the said mob assailed them with clubs, missiles, pistols, and other weapons, and drove them away, and threatened to employ the same force and violence against any others who might attempt to land for the purpose of voting, and thereby the said mob, so comprised and led on by the partisans and agents of Williamson, did by force and violence deprive me of at least one hundred legal votes.

I allege, upon information and belief, that in the third district of the third ward, fifty ballots were counted and allowed for said Williamson which were not deposited for him, and had not his name upon them; that some of the said ballots had my name upon them, and some had the name of Hiram Walbridge upon them.

I allege, upon information and belief, that in one of the districts of the fifth ward, the number of which district I am now unable to state, seventy-five ballots which had my name upon them, and which should have been counted for and allowed for me, were counted and

allowed for Hiram Walbridge, with whom the said Williamson had confederated for the purpose of defeating my election.

I allege, upon information and belief, that in one of the two districts of the second ward where the said Williamson received a plurality over me, (I am not informed of the number of the district,) the canvassers returned thirty votes for said Williamson which were not deposited for him, and to which he was not entitled.

I allege generally, upon information and belief, that in various districts within the five wards comprising the third congressional district, votes were allowed to the said Williamson by the canvassers to which he was not entitled; and that many illegal votes were given for him and received by the inspectors, and counted for him by the canvassers; and I further state that I shall be ready to exchange lists of challenged voters with the said Williamson, whenever it may be his wish to do so, prior to taking testimony.

Very respectfully,

D. E. SICKLES.

NEW YORK, *April* 20, 1860.

Testimony taken before Michael Ulshoeffer, commissioner, at his office, No. 15 Nassau street, in the city of New York, pursuant to resolutions of the House of Representatives, of March 21, 1860, and May 17, 1860.

NEW YORK, *July* 10, 1860.

The parties contestant, Amor J. Williamson and Daniel E. Sickles, appeared before me, by their respective attorneys, to proceed with the examination of witnesses; but the witnesses for Mr. Williamson being absent the examination is, by consent of parties, adjourned to be continued before the commissioner to-morrow morning, the 11th of July, 1860, at 10½ a. m.

NEW YORK, *July* 11, 1860.

The same parties and attorneys appear and witnesses default, and adjourned by consent to to-morrow morning the 12th July, 1860, at 10½ a. m.

JULY 12.

The same parties and attorneys appear, and MATTHEW C. FORDHAM was duly sworn as a witness for Mr. Williamson, and testified as follows:

Question. Where do you reside?

Answer. No. 293 Pearl street in this city.

Question. Were you present at the third election district of the 1st ward, at the congressional election on November 2, 1858, at the canvass of the votes?

Answer. I was.

Question. Did you hear the number of votes announced that were cast for Mr. Sickles and Mr. Williamson?

Answer. I did.

Question. Do you remember the number that were announced as cast for Mr. Williamson?

Answer. Yes, sir.

Question. How many were announced by the canvassers as given for Mr. Williamson?

Answer. Thirty-three, I understood.

Question. Did the canvassers alter or change that number?

Answer. Not that I know of, or whilst I was there.

Question. Did the announcement take place after the canvass for votes for Congress was completed?

Answer. It was, as I believe; but I only remember the number announced as given for Mr. Williamson.

Question. Did you attend there on that occasion for the purpose of ascertaining the number of votes given in?

Answer. I did.

Question. By whom was the announcement made or given?

Answer. By the canvassers, as I supposed. It was by one of the persons who were engaged in canvassing.

Cross-examination by Mr. Sickles.

Question. What is your occupation?

Answer. I am collector of rents in Fulton Market, in this city.

Question. By whom were you appointed?

Answer. By Mr. Haws, the present comptroller of this city, about a year ago last April.

Question. By whose request so appointed?

Answer. By the request of a number of republicans of the 2d ward, not including Mr. Williamson; but I referred the comptroller to Mr. Williamson as to my good character. I referred also to others.

Question. How long have you lived at 293 Pearl street?

Answer. I have lived there about three years last past.

Question. Any one else lived in that house?

Answer. Judge Welsh had, and has a room furnished there, and is an active republican politician.

Question. Who hires the whole house?

Answer. Mr. Williamson now does, (I mean Amor J. Williamson,) but Judge Welsh or his mother did in 1858.

Question. Did any other than yourself and Judge Welsh occupy rooms in that house in 1858?

Answer. Yes, a Mr. Pepper; also a man by the name of Hays; also one Cornelius Sullivan; Hays was a member of assembly from the 4th ward formerly; also I know one other person then lodged in said house, and did for several years last past, but I don't remember his name.

Question. Are these all?

Answer. Yes; all that lived there in 1858; I mean all that to my knowledge were there at the time of the November election, 1858. I may have resided at 299 Pearl street, instead of 293, at the time of the said election.

Question. Were you in the room of the 3d election district when the votes were canvassed?

Answer. I was, and within eight feet of where the canvassers were at the table. The room was full of people. I think the man present,

Charles H. Yallalee was one ; a man was there from the navy yard also ; I think of no more now, but I knew twenty at the time.

Question. Did you know the canvassers, or any of them ?

Answer. I think not.

Question. How long were you there ?

Answer. I think, say, three-quarters of an hour, or an hour.

Question. Had the Congress vote been canvassed before you got there ?

Answer. I found them canvassing when I arrived.

Question. Did you know the political feelings or opinions of the canvassers ?

Answer. I knew they were all democrats, but only from outside talk.

Question. Were the persons present of all politics ?

Answer. There were not many republicans. The chief strife appeared to be between Sickles and Walbridge partisans.

Question. Did you go to the other election districts ?

Answer. I did to the 2d district. I was in the 2d ward all day canvassing for Williamson hard. I did not go to the 3d district by request of Mr. Williamson.

Question. Do you remember the name of the canvasser who you say announced the votes for Mr. Williamson, or those that he had received ?

Answer. I cannot name him, nor say that I could certainly remember his name if I saw it.

Question. Have you got the memorandum of the number of votes which you say you made ?

Answer. I have not ; I gave it to a Mr. Street. I mean I told him of the number of votes, and tore up the memorandum. It was only of the votes in said 3d district, and not of any other votes. It did not contain the votes for Walbridge or Sickles. I tore it up at that time.

Direct examination resumed.

I hired the whole of house No. 299 Pearl street when I lived there, and of 293 Pearl street when I lived there.

Question. Are you certain that you removed from 299 to 293 Pearl street before the November election, 1858 ?

Answer. I am not certain ; I don't know which I lived in at that time, but can ascertain by looking at my papers. I should have said before that the house in which Judge Welsh had rooms, and where I and others I have named had rooms, and where my family also lived, was hired by me of Mr. Lane, and the others hired under me.

M. C. FORDHAM.

The above witness was, on the 12th of July, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,

Commissioner.

CHARLES H. YALLALEE sworn for Mr. Williamson.

Question. Where do you reside?

Answer. No. 30 South 3d street, Williamsburg.

Question. Were you present at the canvass of the votes at the 3d congressional district in this city in 1858?

Answer. I was at part of such canvass in the evening, 1st ward, 3d election district, and 2d election district of 1st ward; and also at a hotel in Broad street, corner of Broad and Pearl streets.

Question. Were you present when the canvassers declared the votes canvassed in the said 3d election district for Congress?

Answer. I was.

Question. Did you hear the announcement of the votes by the canvassers for the different candidates for Congress?

Answer. I did.

Question. Can you give the number of votes so announced as given for all or any of the said candidates?

Answer. I can as to the votes announced as given for Amor J. Williamson.

Question. What number of votes was announced as given to Williamson?

Answer. Thirty-three.

Question. For what purpose were you there?

Answer. I was there to get the returns of the election votes for members of Congress.

Question. Did you hear the number announced distinctly.

Answer. I did. The announcement was by one of the men who counted the votes; but I don't know his name.

Cross-examination by Mr. Sickles.

Question. Where did you reside in November, 1858?

Answer. No 46 South Fifth street, Williamsburg.

Question. What was then and is now your business?

Answer. Collector of the New York Dispatch newspaper, a paper published by Amor J. Williamson, No. 22 Beekman street.

Question. Did you vote at said election, and where?

Answer. I did not vote at all.

Question. What other election districts did you visit that evening?

Answer. None beyond what I have stated.

Question. At whose request did you go to those districts?

Answer. At no ones request.

Question. Did you hear the votes announced for the other two candidates who were running besides Mr. Williamson?

Answer. Of course I did. I have not my memorandum with me. I took one at the time. I can't tell where it is.

Question. When did you last see your memorandum?

Answer. On the night of said canvass. I did deliver it to some one in the room back of the Dispatch newspaper office, where I had taken it for the purpose of having the votes enumerated. I cannot, without my memorandum, state the number of votes announced for the other candidates besides Mr. Williamson.

Question. In the other districts you say you went to, did you hear the number of votes given for Congress announced?

Answer. I did. In the hotel in Broad street I heard the votes announced and took them down; at the 2d district I got them from a person in the room who gave me numbers. I took the numbers from these three districts to the *Dispatch* office as aforesaid.

Question. Can you state what the congressional vote was in either of the districts?

Answer. I can't without reference to my memorandum; from my own knowledge I can't give the vote of any district without my memorandum.

Question. Were there many people in the 3d district room where they canvassed?

Answer. There were quite a number.

Question. Can you name any of them?

Answer. I can only one, that is the witness Fordham. I was not over six feet from where the canvassers were canvassing.

Question. Were many persons between you and them?

Answer. I think not one. There was something across the room to prevent our getting upon the canvassers.

Question. Did you see and hear the canvasser who announced?

Answer. I did both see and hear him. I think I should know him if I saw him, but I can't *remember* his name or describe him.

Question. Where was Mr. Fordham in the room at that time?

Answer. Right behind me, and he and I went from opposite the *Dispatch* office to said room together.

Question. Where had you been and how engaged that day?

Answer. I had been riding part of the day around at the different polls in the city, within the said 3d congressional district, in a two-horse buggy. I was accompanied by Mr. McIntyre, but took no voters to the polls.

Question. Were you not actually engaged as a partisan of Mr. Williamson?

Answer. I was not going around to interfere with the election or to influence votes. I knew a great many voters in the district.

Direct examination.

Question. Is there any reason why you remember the vote announced as given for Williamson?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles, direct testimony exhausted; the direct and only such questions allowed as might be brought out by the cross-examination.]

Answer. There is. The next day I heard there were only twenty-three votes returned in that district for Mr. Williamson, and then it became impressed on my mind.

Cross-examined.

Question. May you not have been mistaken as to 33 votes, when it was only 23, as announced?

Answer. I think not.

Question. Was there a change as to the votes announced for the other candidates from what you heard?

Answer. I cannot say. It was from the daily papers that I found the 23 votes reported as I have stated. I can't state what newspaper, but I read them all. None gave the vote as 33, as I remember.

CHARLES H. YALLALEE.

On cross-examination the above witness stated that, among others, he read off the returns which he had to Benjamin Wood at the Dispatch office. Benjamin Wood, I mean, is the brother of Fernando Wood.

CHARLES H. YALLALEE.

The above witness was, on the 12th of July, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

JULY 13, 1860.

The parties contestant appear by their attorneys, viz: Mr. Williamson by Alfred McIntyre, and Mr. Sickles by James S. Carpentier, pursuant to adjournment; whereupon, no witness appearing, the examination is adjourned to to-morrow the 14th of July, 1860, at 1 p. m.

JULY 14, 1860, at 1 p. m.

Same appearance. Whereupon JOHN G. DALE was duly sworn for Mr. Williamson:

Question. Where do you reside?

Answer. My residence is in 32d street in this city, but I am now temporarily at Staten Island. I am agent for the Liverpool, New Ycrk, and Philadelphia Steamship Company.

Question. Were you the agent of said company in October and November, 1858?

Answer. I was.

Question. Where did the steamers of that company lie in said months?

Answer. At pier No. 44 North river, which is between Spring and Charlton streets, admitted to be in the 8th ward.

Question. Were there at that time a large number of men employed by said company at said pier?

Answer. There was a large number. I can't fix the number; we sometimes varied from 40 to 100 men.

Question. At that time did the company carry the United States Mail to Liverpool?

Answer. [Objected to by Mr. Sickles.] We carried the mails occasionally, but not as a regular thing.

Question. Did any one call on you previous to the congressional

election in 1858, relative to the political course of the men so employed by your company?

Answer. Not in respect to the political course of but one of said men.

Question. Who so called on you?

Answer. Emanuel B. Hart; I believe he is surveyor of the port of New York. I think if I recollect right Isaac V. Fowler, the post-master, accompanied him.

Question. Give the name of the man inquired about?

Answer. His name was James F. Dillon.

Question. In what capacity was Mr. Dillon employed by you?

Answer. As wharfinger.

Question. What control had he, if any, over the other men?

Answer. He had to see that they did their work properly, and he paid them their wages.

Question. Had he anything to do in regard to the employment or selection of the men.

Answer. He had. He would employ the men that he considered competent, and discharge those that were not; and I did not know of his going beyond this.

Question. What did Mr. Hart or Mr. Fowler say as to the political conduct of said Dillon?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. The tenor, I believe, of the conversation was, that I should use my influence with Mr. Dillon to cease opposing Mr. Sickles's election as candidate for Congress. They only called once on me.

Question. Did they use any threat or hold out any inducement to induce you to exert your influence with said Dillon?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. They did not.

Question. Did you speak to Mr. Dillon accordingly?

Answer. I did.

Question. Did you promise to do so?

Answer. I can't remember that I did.

Question. What did you say to Mr. Dillon?

Answer. I can't remember; the substance was, that I would rather that he should not openly oppose Mr. Sickles. At the same time I told him that I did not wish him to vote contrary to his own opinions. I think he told me he had no vote.

Question. Did you give Mr. Dillon any reason for your wish as to his vote?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. I did.

Question. What was that reason?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. The reason was, that I desired to see Mr. Sickles elected.

[Objected to as before.]

Question. Had you any other reason?

[Objected to as before.]

Answer. I may have had fifty reasons. I was not influenced by Mr. Sickles; I did not see or know him, and do not know him.

Question. Did you give any other reason to Mr. Dillon?

Answer. I do not recollect.

Question. Did you offer any inducement to Mr. Dillon to alter his political action or course?

[Objected to.]

Answer. I did not. Dillon is still in our employment.

Question. Do you know if Mr. Dillon supported Mr. Sickles after your interview with him?

Answer. I believe he electioneered for Mr. Sickles—can't say actively.

Question. Was a man in your employ at that time named Albert Robinson?

Answer. I think there was such—a cartman in our employ; but he is not with us now. He left within 18 months last past, I think. I do not know where he is now employed.

JOHN G. DALE.

The above witness was, on the 13th of July, 1860, duly sworn before William H. Armstrong, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

NEW YORK, *July 16, 1860, noon.*

The parties contestant appeared, by their attorneys, and GEORGE THOMAS FOGARTY was sworn for Mr. Williamson:

Question. In what employment or business are you?

Answer. I am a sergeant of the depot band of the United States at Governor's island.

Question. Are you regularly enlisted in the United States army?

Answer. I am, and have been since 1838.

Question. Where did you reside at the time you enlisted in 1838?

Answer. I resided at my boarding-house, in a street near Water street, and near Fulton Market. I re-enlisted several times since my first enlistment; the last time, on said Governor's island.

Question. When was the last enlistment?

Answer. It was nearly five years ago.

Question. Did your last enlistment begin when your former expired?

Answer. It may have been the usual time before the prior enlistment ended.

Question. Are you a citizen of the United States?

Answer. I am.

Question. At the time of the congressional election in November, 1858, where did you reside?

Answer. At Governor's island; I was stationed there. I have a wife and seven children there.

Question. Do you know if any soldiers from that island voted at said election?

Answer. I know that some who came over were refused a vote—so I know; I do not know that any soldier voted. I was knocked down myself by a shove in the crowd at the United States barge office; other soldiers I saw pelted with sticks, stones, &c., and the steamboat had to take the men back to the island.

Question. Did you vote at that election?

Answer. I did vote.

Question. Where did you vote?

Answer. At the 1st ward, in Greenwich street, near the Battery.

Question. At the time you came over to vote did you come alone?

Answer. No; I came with seven or eight others.

Question. Do you know whether said other persons voted or not?

Answer. I do not know, nor do I now recollect their names.

Question. Did you come over to vote at the instance or direction of any one?

Answer. I came over by my own accord, and love of the party I belonged to.

Question. About how many came over besides those you have mentioned?

Answer. I cannot state.

Question. Do you know a man named Patrick Horan?

Answer. I do; he lives next to me, on Governor's island, and has a wife and family there.

Question. Is said Horan a soldier in the United States army?

Answer. He is; I have so known him to be for the last ten years.

Cross-examination.

Question. When you so came over to vote, were you met by a crowd at the wharf?

Answer. I was not, for I did not come over by the steamer; those in the steamer who came over say an hour and a half after I did, were driven back by the crowd, who threw brick and other things at them.

Question. Who were the persons who composed the attacking crowd?

Answer. I do not know; but the leading man, I have no doubt, was Billy Wilson. One Enright was of Wilson's side.

Question. Was there a large police force there?

Answer. There was, said to be under charge of the mayor; but when I went in to vote I was attacked by said Wilson, who charged that I was bringing over the soldiers to vote for the know-nothing party; which charge was untrue, for any voters who came over with me were at liberty to vote as they thought proper.

GEO. THOS. FOGARTY.

The above witness was, on the 16th of July, 1860, duly sworn before William H. Armstrong, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

NEW YORK, *July 17, 1860.*

The parties contestant appear by their attorneys and agents; whereupon THADDEUS ROBERTS was duly sworn for Mr. Williamson, and testified:

Question. In what business or employment are you now?

Answer. I am a private soldier in the United States army—for about two years last past.

Question. Where were you stationed in November, 1858?

Answer. On Governor's island, in this port.

Question. Where did you reside at or immediately before the time of your enlistment?

Answer. In Geneva, Seneca county, in this State; and I enlisted at Rochester, in this State.

Question. How long had you been stationed at Governor's island before the election in November, 1858?

Answer. From the previous first of August.

Question. Did you vote at said election, and where?

Answer. I did vote, and at the first ward of this city, in Greenwich street, near to the Battery.

Question. For what did you vote?

Answer. I voted, among other tickets, for member of Congress. I came over from the island to vote; other soldiers came over with me; I think in a steamboat. We landed at pier No. 1 East river—about six or eight, less or more, in number.

Question. Do you know of other soldiers coming over shortly after you, or shortly before, to vote?

Answer. I do not of my own knowledge.

Question. Did you have a permit or leave of absence that day, and from whom?

Answer. I had, and got it from Major Cady, our commandant.

Question. Where did you get the ballot or ticket you voted from?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. I got the ticket at pier No. 1. A man there who had tickets offered me one; others had tickets there for distribution.

Question. For whom did you vote for representative in Congress?

Answer. I decline to answer.

Question. Did you support or canvass for any one at that election?

Answer. I can't say that I did. I can't say that I knew the man who gave me the ticket; I had seen him before, but had no personal

acquaintance with him. He did not tell me what ticket he gave to me; but I looked at them, the tickets, before I voted.

Question. Did you tell who you voted for?

Answer. I can't say I did.

Question. Was the steamboat you came over in a boat attached to the island?

Answer. I can't say; I have seen it often there. We paid no ferriage. I don't know who employed the boat on that day.

Question. Who wished you to come over and vote?

Answer. I was asked by several persons.

Question. Who were they?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. I believe one was a fellow-soldier—Mr. Fogarty, (George T.)

Question. Did he tell you who he wished you to vote for?

[Objected to likewise.]

Answer. I think he did not.

Question. Who did Fogarty support or talk in favor of for member of Congress?

[Objected to likewise.]

Answer. I don't remember hearing him say.

Question. Do you know Mr. Floyd Jones?

Answer. I do—a captain in the army; was then on said island, acting as captain under Major Cady. I don't know where he now is. I did not get my ballot of him.

Question. Do you know Patrick Horan?

Answer. I do; he was then on the island, and is still. I only know one man of that name.

Question. Do you know Alonzo Greenman and other privates?

Answer. I knew a man of that name at the time. He was a private in the United States army. Also I knew James Powers, a private; also Robert L. Williams, a private; also Francis H. Kent, a private; also William Taylor, a private; also John C. Peterson, a private; also Bernard W. Gorman, a private. I don't know of such men as William McDaniels, Angus Brennan, Patrick Brennan, James Mulcally, Thomas S. Harker, being on the island at that time.

Cross-examination.

Question. Did you see anybody attacked at the election?

Answer. I did not.

THADDEUS ROBERTS.

The above witness was, on the 17th of July, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,

Commissioner.

RANSOM F. BURROWS, sworn for Mr. Williamson :

Question. What is your employment?

Answer. I am a private soldier in the United States army. I enlisted about two years and a half ago. I then resided in Albany street, in the 1st ward of this city; a single man. I can't state how long I had resided there.

Question. Where were you stationed at the time of the congressional election in 1858?

Answer. At Governor's island, in this port.

Question. Did you vote at that election?

Answer. I did; in said 1st ward, at the poll in Greenwich street, between the Battery and Albany street, first district. I can't say if I came over from the island to vote or not. I think I came over for my own business. After I voted I returned to the island, and then others came over with me to this city in a steamboat—say some twenty or twenty-five—but none, I guess, landed. I could not say that they landed or not.

Question. What did you come over for the second time?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles]

Answer. I had no electioneering motive.

Question. Did you know Patrick Horan?

Answer. I don't remember such a man.

Cross-examined.

Question. Was any attack made on said steamboat?

Answer. There was a great mob on the shore to prevent the men landing.

Question. What is your knowledge of the 1st ward?

Answer. I have lived there, off and on, for the last six or seven years. Can't say what party it was that opposed the landing of the men; I have a mere opinion on the subject.

R. F. ^{his} + BURROWS.
mark.

The above witness was, on the 17th of July, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he affixed his mark.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

THOMAS D. McRAE, sworn for Mr. Williamson, says:

Question. What is your employment?

Answer. I am a private soldier in the United States army. I enlisted the 22d April, 1857, in this city. I then resided in Liberty street, in this city; am a single man, and had resided there say about three months.

Question. Where did you reside previously?

Answer. I lived in this city since 1854. When I lived in Liberty street it was between Broadway and the North river; I can't give the number of the street. I resided with a German, whose name I do not recollect; it was on the south side of the street.

Question. How do you fix the time of your residence at three months?

Answer. I am not certain; my memory is not the best; but I am sure of two months. I am now about thirty-three years of age.

Question. Where were you stationed at the time of the congressional election in November, 1858?

Answer. On Governor's island.

Question. Did you come over from the island to vote at that election?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. I can't say I came over expressly to vote; but I took the opportunity to come over to enjoy myself.

Question. Did you vote at that election?

Answer. I did.

Question. Did other soldiers come over from the island to vote?

Answer. Others came over with me, or in the same steamboat; I can't give the number; say about fifteen; they landed safely. I went to the poll, and I can't say that I saw the others go to the polls or vote.

Question. Did all the soldiers on the island have leave of absence on that day?

Answer. I can't say only as to those who came over.

Question. Do you know the names of those who came over with you?

Answer. I remember some of them. Angus Brennan; am not certain as to Patrick Brennan. I do not know where said Angus enlisted, nor as to Patrick.

Question. Do you know if Sergeant Fogarty was a partisan of Mr. Sickles at that congressional election?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. I do not; he said nothing to me about it.

THOMAS D. McRAE.

The above witness was, on the 17th of July, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

NEW YORK, *July* 18, 1860.

Parties by their attorney met, and DENNIS BARRY was sworn as a witness for Mr. Williamson:

Question. What is your occupation or business?

Answer. I am a boatman between Governor's island and this city, and in the United States government employ for almost the last eleven years ; am not an enlisted person.

Question. Where did you reside in the November election, 1858 ?

Answer. On said Governor's island, where I resided for nine years previously ; am a man of family, and my family reside there. I am a naturalized citizen of the United States ; was naturalized about fourteen years ago.

DENNIS BARRY.

The above witness was, on the 18th of July, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

DANIEL B. OPDYKE, sworn as a witness for Mr. Williamson :

Question. What is your occupation or business ?

Answer. I am a private soldier in the United States army, stationed on Governor's island for the last three years and two months. I enlisted in Philadelphia ; my residence was then in Pennsylvania.

Question. Where have you resided since ?

Answer. I have been since stationed on Governor's island, in this port.

Question. Did you vote for representative in Congress in November, 1858 ?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. Yes.

Question. Where did you vote ?

Answer. I voted in the first ward of this city, in Greenwich street, near the Battery ?

Question. For whom did you vote ?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I don't choose to answer for whom I voted.

Question. Did any one request you to vote at that election ?

Answer. No ; I only gave my vote.

Question. Did others come over with you from the island ?

Answer. Some others came over, but I do not know if they voted.

Question. Did you come over on the steamboat ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Can you state the number ?

Answer. I cannot, nor give the name of the boat, nor how many trips the boat made that day, nor the number of passengers.

Question. Where did you get your tickets that you voted on that day ?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I can't positively say ; it was not given to me on the island.

Answer. Did you on that occasion vote for Daniel E. Sickles for representative in Congress?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I decline answering.

DANIEL B. OPDYKE.

The above witness was, on the 18th of July, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

PATRICK HORAN was duly sworn for Mr. Williamson :

Question. What is your occupation?

Answer. I am a musician in the United States army.

Question. How long have you been?

Answer. About twelve years. I am regularly enlisted as a musician. I enlisted in this city ; I then resided in Mulberry street, in this city. I had then resided there about four months. I was out of the service about three months about seven years ago ; with this exception I have been constantly in the United States service since my first enlistment.

Question. Where were you stationed in October and November, 1858?

Answer. On Governor's island, in this port.

Answer. Did you vote for member of Congress at the election in 1858?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I did vote at the first ward in this city ; can't recollect the street. It was somewhere within a block or two of the boat-house at the foot of State street, (Whitehall.)

Question. Did you come over from the island for the purpose of voting?

Answer. Yes ; and I came over in a small boat by myself.

Question. Did you vote at any other district than the one spoken of?

Answer. I did not, nor did I offer so to vote.

Question. When you were out of the service, as aforesaid, for three months, where did you then reside?

Answer. I then resided in Allen street, in this city.

Cross-examination.

Question. Are you a man of family?

Answer. Yes ; my family (my wife and children) have resided on Governor's island for the last seven years.

PATRICK HORAN.

The above witness was, on the 18th of July, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,

Commissioner.

NEW YORK, *July 19, 1860.*

Parties appear by the respective agents and counsel.

SAMUEL KLINE sworn for Mr. Williamson :

Question. What is your occupation and employment, and where?

Answer. I am a post blacksmith at Governor's island; I mean I am the head blacksmith; am enlisted in the United States army, and enlisted October 5, 1858, in Philadelphia.

Question. Where did you reside at and immediately preceding the time of your enlistment?

Answer. In Philadelphia. I have been constantly since in the United States army.

Question. Where were you stationed in November, 1858?

Answer. On Governor's island, in this port.

Question. Did you vote at the congressional election in November, 1858; and, if so, where did you vote?

Answer. I did vote, and voted in *Greenwich* street, in the first ward of this city, near to the Battery.

Question. Did any person request or advise you to vote at that election?

Answer. No.

Question. Did any person tell you that you had a right to vote?

Answer. No. I think, as I am a citizen, I knew that I had a right to vote.

Question. For whom did you vote for congressman at that election?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I object to answering this question. I am not bound, I think, to disclose my mind as to my vote, and have not been advised so to answer.

Question. Did you come over on that day expressly to vote?

Answer. I did; and others came over with me—I mean other soldiers.

Question. About how many?

Answer. I can't tell how many.

Question. Can you state the names of any of them?

Answer. Yes; Thaddeus Roberts, Patrick Horan, Thomas McRae, and Mr. Fogarty, and Timothy Cummings, and Charles Burras. There were others whose names I do not recollect.

Question. Do you know whether they voted or not?

Answer. I do not know.

Question. Did any person request you to vote for any particular candidate?

Answer. No.

SAMUEL ^{his} × KLINE.
mark.

The above witness was on the 19th of July duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he affixed his mark.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

TIMOTHY CUMMINGS sworn for Mr. Williamson :

Question. In what employment or occupation are you now?

Answer. I am in the United States armory; I am a soldier in the United States army; I enlisted in New Orleans on the 18th of July, 1845.

Question. Have you been constantly in the army since then?

Answer. I have been for two years and three months on Governor's island, under my last enlistment.

Question. Where did you reside at and immediately before your last enlistment?

Answer. In the city of Brooklyn.

Question. Did you vote at the congressional election in November, 1858?

Answer. Yes; I voted in Greenwich street in the first ward of this city of New York, near to the Battery.

Question. Had you ever lived in the 1st, 2d, 3d, 5th, or 8th wards of this city, excepting when you were so enlisted in the army?

Answer. I am a married man, and did not reside in those wards; but my wife resided with me on Governor's island, say two years, and did at the time of said election, where she had been a long time before?

Question. For whom did you vote for Congress at said election?

Answer. Really I cannot tell; no one requested me to vote at that election.

TIMOTHY ^{his} × CUMMINGS.
mark.

The above witness was on the 19th of July, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he affixed his mark.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

NEW YORK, *July 20, 1860.*

Parties appear by their respective agents and counsel, but Mr. Williamson's witnesses did not appear.

NEW YORK, *July 21, 1860.*

Parties appear by their respective agents and counsel.

JOHN MURPHY was sworn in behalf of Mr. Williamson :

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your occupation?

Answer. I reside at No. 3 Pearl street, in this city, and am a policeman.

Question. Were you present at the 4th election district in this city, in November, 1858, of the 1st ward?

Answer. I was.

Question. Did you see a man there who had the same name as yourself?

Answer. I did ; and I saw him vote.

Question. Can you tell for whom he voted as member of Congress?

Answer. No, but I challenged his vote ; I did not see the inside of his ticket.

Question. Did you see the ticket that said Murphy voted?

Answer. I did ; I saw him lay it down before the inspector.

Question. Whether that ticket resembled the tickets voted for Mr. Sickles that day?

Answer. I cannot say.

Question. Was you present at the canvass of the votes in said district?

Answer. I was ; but I was shoved outside by order of the canvassers, (one of them,) viz, William Kenny ; I spoke once or twice, and was friendly to Mr. Walbridge. It was not very turbulent beyond what is usual ; but at one time there was a bit of a muss.

Question. Do you know by what party you was put out?

Answer. I know the persons who put me out belonged to the party of Mr. Sickles.

Question. Do you know what parties the inspectors belonged to?

Answer. I can't say only as to Kenny, who belonged to Mr. Sickles' party.

Cross-examined.

Question. Did you vote in that district?

Answer. I did not ; and did not reside there—I was working for Mr. Walbridge—I voted in the 1st district of that ward, where I then and now reside.

JOHN MURPHY.

The above witness was on the 21st of July, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the

laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

NEW YORK, *July 23, 1860.*

The parties contestant appear by their attorneys and agents, and no witnesses appearing for Mr. Williamson, adjourned until to-morrow.

NEW YORK, *July 24, 1860.*

Parties met by their counsel and agents, but Mr. Williamson's witnesses not appearing, adjourned to to-morrow morning at 10½ a. m.

NEW YORK, *July 25, 1860.*

The parties, by their counsel and agents, met, but Mr. Williamson's witnesses not appearing, adjourned to to-morrow morning at 10½ a. m.

NEW YORK, *July 26, 1860.*

The parties met by their counsel and agents, whereupon PATRICK SCANLON was sworn as a witness for Mr. Williamson.

Question. Where do you reside?

Answer. At No. 9 State street, in this city.

Question. Did you reside there at the time of the congressional election in November, 1858?

Answer. I did, and have resided for eighteen years in the first district of the first ward of this city.

Question. Did you know a man named John Murphy?

Answer. I did.

Question. Did he vote at said election and in which district?

Answer. He voted at the poll held at No. 31 Depeyster street, which, I think, was the fourth district of the first ward.

Question. Do you know whether or not he was a resident of the district in which he so voted?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. He was not a resident of that district or any district in that ward—I mean not according to law to authorize him to vote in any district.

Question. Were you present when he voted?

Answer. I was.

Question. Do you know for whom he voted?

Answer. I do not know of my own knowledge, but as he told me some three weeks or some time afterwards.

Question. What did he tell you about who he voted for?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. He said he had voted for Mr. Sickles by the importunity of his (Murphy's) brother.

[Answer also objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Cross-examination.

Question. How long did you know said John Murphy?

Answer. About nine years; he is not a man of family; he was a laboring man in this city and around in the country.

Question. Where did he board at the time of the election?

Answer. I can't say where, but he said at the poll that he boarded or resided at No. 4 Broad street, in this city.

Question. Do you know his brother to whom you say he alluded?

Answer. I do; his name was Richard Murphy, and he lived at No. 7 Greenwich street, in this city.

Question. When John Murphy told you how he voted was the result of the election known?

Answer. I can't say; but it was about three weeks after he had voted.

Question. Did you ever know of said John residing or staying at his brother's house in Greenwich street?

Answer. I do not know of my own knowledge, but I have heard him say that he stayed there for some few nights.

Direct.

Question. Do you know if John Murphy resided at No. 4 Broad street when he voted?

Answer. I do not know, but his sister resided there, and he said he was staying at his sister's, and the sister's husband came with said John to the poll and voted, (McAdam.)

PATRICK SCANLON.

The above witness was, on the 26th of July, 1860, duly sworn before William H. Armstrong, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

NEW YORK, July 27, 1860.

The parties met by their attorneys and agents, whereupon HENRY FARRINGTON was sworn for Mr. Williamson.

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your occupation?

Answer. I am residing at No. 204 West Thirtieth street, in this city, and am a counsellor at law.

Question. In November, 1858, were you a candidate for Congress in the third congressional district of this city?

Answer. I was.

Question. Were any inducements held out to you or promises to induce you to become such candidate?

[Objection by counsel of Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. There were.

Question. By whom?

Answer. By different parties or individuals.

Question. Can you give the names of those parties?

Answer. I do not know that I can give all the names.

Question. Were any inducements held out to you by or on behalf of Daniel E. Sickles?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. There were inducements by Mr. Sickles himself and by his agents.

Question. What were those inducements?

Answer. There was an arrangement between Mr. Sickles and myself whereby all my expenses of the canvass should be paid by himself or friends, and in case of Mr. Sickles succeeding in his election, he was to concede to me certain appointments—I mean concede to me and my political friends. No particular appointments were specified; generally understood to mean custom-house or navy yard appointments.

[Answer objected to by counsel of Mr. Sickles.]

Question. Were the expenses of your canvass paid by Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I can't say whose money paid the expenses, except as to such moneys as passed through my own hands.

Question. As to the part that so passed through your own hands, who paid it?

Answer. I received it from Mr. Sickles.

Question. Did you know a man named William L. Ellsworth?

Answer. I did, and he acted at the said election in behalf of Mr. Sickles.

Question. Was he active in the support of Mr. Sickles?

Answer. He was, but I do not know that he disbursed money received by him of Mr. Sickles, but he did moneys received for paying my expenses at said election of my canvass, none of which was paid to him by me.

Question. What do you know of promises by Mr. Sickles to others during the canvass?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I have heard him remark to different individuals that in case of his success he would and could secure them a position, or words to that effect.

Question. Were you a resident, and did you vote in said congressional district at said election?

Answer. I was, and did.

Cross-examination.

Question. Were the persons that Mr. Sickles so promised to obtain positions active supporters of his?

Answer. They had been active during the day; he so spoke to them on the evening of the election day and after the polls were closed.

Question. How many votes did you receive at said election?

Answer. I cannot tell, but the official return only credited me with three, four, or five votes.

Question. What party did you belong to hitherto?

Answer. I have belonged to and acted with the American party.

Direct.

Question. Did your conversation as to your election expenses with Mr. Sickles occur before the said congressional election had taken place?

Answer. It did occur before said election.

Question. Did you talk with Mr. Sickles after the election as to the votes cast for you?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I did have a conversation with Mr. Sickles on the evening of the election and after the votes had been canvassed, and in that conversation Mr. Sickles remarked to me that I had passed votes enough to elect him—that is, that I had received votes enough to secure his election; he did not estimate the number of such votes. The result of the canvass was supposed to be known at the time of such conversation; it was between 11 and 12 p. m.

H. FARRINGTON.

The above witness was, on the 27th of July, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFFR,
Commissioner.

NEW YORK, *July 28, 1860.*

Parties met by their agents and attorneys, but no witness of Mr. Williamson appearing, adjourned to Monday, the 30th of July, 1860, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *July 30, 1860.*

Parties met by their attorneys and agents, and no witnesses appearing for Mr. Williamson, adjourned to to-morrow at 10½ a. m.

NEW YORK, *July 31, 1860.*

The parties met by their attorneys and agents, and Mr. Sickles was present and Mr. Williamson, whereupon the following witness in behalf of Mr. Sickles was sworn and examined:

SIMEON BROWN was sworn :

Question. Where do you reside ?

Answer. I reside in Bloomfield township, in Essex county, New Jersey.

Question. What is your occupation ?

Answer. I am a farmer principally.

Question. Do you know Amor J. Williamson ?

Answer. I can't say that I know him, although I think I once saw him in the evening by candle-light.

Question. Are you an officer of the school district in which you reside ?

Answer. I am and have been for several years, excepting for the two years ending April, 1860.

Question. Were you also one of the town assessors ?

Answer. I was for the last four years.

Question. As such assessor, did you assess the inhabitants of the town of Bloomfield, in the years 1857 and 1858 ?

Answer. I did.

Question. Was Mr. Amor J. Williamson one of the inhabitants whom you so assessed ?

Answer. Yes. I assessed him there for real estate and personal property, poll tax and dog tax, and for special school tax, in 1857.

Question. Can you state the amount of such tax on Mr. Williamson for the year 1857, and also 1858 ?

Answer. For 1857: county tax, \$4 17; township tax, \$7 51, which includes the educational school tax; road tax, \$3 02; dog tax, 80 cents, for two dogs; district school tax, \$6 48. The poll tax of 50 cents is included in the above amount of township tax. For 1858: county tax, \$4 89; township tax, \$8 79, which includes 50 cents poll tax and the ordinary school tax; road tax, \$8 19; dog tax, one dog, 26 cents. No district school tax that year.

Question. Under what law of your State do you profess to act ?

Answer. The general tax law. I think it was revised in 1854.

Question. Who do you assess for the poll tax ?

Answer. All the white male inhabitants aged 21 years and upwards.

Question. Were you a trustee of the school district in which you reside in 1857 ?

Answer. I was.

Question. Was Mr. Williamson's residence in that school district ?

Answer. His farm and house were in that district; and his family the principal part of the time, and through the summer season especially.

Question. Was there a special meeting of the inhabitants of that school district in 1857 ? If so, when and how was the meeting called ?

Answer. There was such a special meeting. It was called by the secretary of the board of trustees, by the order of the said board, by giving public notice, according to law, two weeks in five of the most public places in the district. It was addressed to the taxable inhabitants of the district No. 4, that being the number of our school district. I think I have a copy of such notice, and will furnish a copy

to the commissioner. (This, it is agreed by the parties, may be so furnished by the witness.)

Question. On what day was that special meeting held, pursuant to that call?

Answer. On the evening of the 22d April, 1857, at the district school-house, No. 4, in said district. The meeting was organized by a chairman and secretary being appointed. Mr. Thomas Day was the chairman and I was the secretary. There were some sixty or seventy persons present, as appears by the number of votes taken. There might have been some who did not vote.

Question. Please to state the special object of that meeting.

Answer. It was for the purpose of building a new school-house.

Question. Was the meeting divided on the subject?

Answer. Some thought that the district should be divided in two parts, and others wished the district to remain as it was.

Question. Please to state who took active parts in the meeting and offered resolutions.

Answer. Mr. Williamson offered a resolution, (Mr. Amor J. Williamson,) seconded by Isaac M. Cockefair. They were the principal active persons, who explained their views; and Mr. Williamson addressed the meeting, and said the most about the matter. The meeting lasted—say, all of three hours. There was considerable excitement on the matter. The taxable inhabitants of the district were alone allowed to participate in the meeting. There might have been others, but not to my knowledge.

Question. Did any one object to Mr. Williamson's acting in the meeting?

Answer. No one objected.

Question. Do you know of any persons in that meeting who were entitled to vote but did not vote?

Answer. I do not know any such person. I did not count the votes, which were given by holding up of the hand. I don't recollect who counted the votes.

Question. Do you know the fact that Mr. Williamson's children went to the district school aforesaid?

Answer. I do; they were going to school during the summer seasons generally.

Question. Was there a new school-house erected, pursuant to the authority of said meeting?

Answer. There was; and it was first begun to be used about the beginning of 1858.

Question. Was Mr. Williamson taxed for a portion of the expenses of building that new school-house?

Answer. He was; and his children have been to school there.

Question. Have you a copy of the minutes kept by you of the said school meeting of April 22, 1857?

Answer. I have; it was made by myself from my original minutes of the said meeting. This is the said copy, marked Sickles A.

Cross examination.

Question. From whom, in 1857, did you obtain the amount of Mr. Williamson's property assessed by you?

Answer. I got my information at his house, and I think it was from his wife.

Question. Can you tell what valuation you put on his farm?

Answer. It was \$2,800; and that was the valuation for several years.

Question. What valuation did you put on his personal property in 1857?

Answer. Six hundred dollars.

Question. Did you ever inform Mr. Williamson of your having assessed him for personal?

Answer. That was not my business, and I did not.

Question. Is any notice given of the taxes assessed?

Answer. There is; and then the parties can make a complaint to the commissioners.

Question. Does the notice distinguish between the amounts of the different taxes assessed?

Answer. I do not think that it does as to real and personal property, but gives the amount of the whole in one amount.

Question. Did you ever get any information from Mr. Williamson as to your assessments?

Answer. I do not think I ever saw him; he was always away. I saw a lady there several times, who said she was Mr. Williamson's mother.

Question. Were you ever told at the house that Mr. Williamson resided in the city of New York?

Answer. No, sir; but I understood that he was doing business in New York.

Question. Will you testify positively that you were not told that Mr. Williamson resided in New York, and only resided in the summer in New Jersey?

Answer. I can't say that I understood anything but that he went to New York, with his family, in the winter.

Question. Do you remember that the right of any one to participate in the school meeting you have spoken of was questioned?

Answer. I do not recollect any objection being made.

Question. Did Mr. Williamson vote at that meeting?

Answer. I don't recollect; I did not count the votes; I could not tell.

SIMEON BROWN.

The above witness was, on the 31st of July, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

THOMAS DAY was also sworn for Mr. Sickles :

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your occupation?

Answer. I reside in Bloomfield, New Jersey, and by occupation am an inspector of customs in the United States employ, at Newark, New Jersey.

Question. Did you preside at the school meeting on the 27th of April, 1857, described by the last witness?

Answer. I did ; the meeting was one of a good deal of excitement in the school district. Several votes were given by the members of that meeting.

Question. Did Mr. Amor J. Williamson take a part in the proceedings of said meeting?

Answer. He did. He introduced a motion to lay on the table or postpone a resolution that had been offered, and spoke in defence of his motion by an argument or speech. He wished to have the district divided, so as to make it more convenient for the parties in the portion of the district where he lived. These may not have been his words, but it is the substance of his argument. Mr. Williamson was the leading man, and more active than any other, on that side of the question.

Question. Who has a right to participate in those meetings?

Answer. The tax-payers of the district, I believe, and no others.

Question. As chairman would you have recognized Mr. Williamson in that meeting, unless you considered him a resident of that district?

Answer. I could not have considered that he had a right to take any part in the meeting unless he was a resident.

Question. Was any objection taken to Mr. Williamson's taking a part in that meeting?

Answer. I have no recollection of any.

Question. So far as you remember, did all the persons assembled, and who took part in the meeting, vote upon the question submitted?

Answer. So far as I know they did. If there were exceptions I know of none.

Cross-examination.

Question. Do you know the portion of time that Mr. Williamson's family spent at that place?

Answer. I do not.

Question. Do you know that they spent a portion of the time in New York?

Answer. I do not ; but I know that Mr. Williamson went back and forth from the city.

Question. Did you ever know of Mr. Williamson being in New Jersey in the winter season?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Was any objection made to any person who acted or voted in the meeting aforesaid?

Answer. Not that I remember.

Question. How did you ascertain who were entitled to act and vote at said meeting?

Answer. There were no means used ; all persons present were recognized as legal members of the meeting.

THOMAS DAY.

The above witness was, on the 31st of July, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner

JOSEPH M. OSBORN was also sworn as a witness for Mr. Sickles :

Question. Where is your place of residence, and what is your occupation?

Answer. I reside in Bloomfield, Essex county, New Jersey, and am a farmer and constable in said township.

Question. As constable is it your duty to collect taxes, and when?

Answer. I collect the taxes as returned unpaid by the collectors.

Question. Did you ever collect Mr. Williamson's tax—Mr. Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. I did, in the year 1857—the tax of that year. The warrant was issued to me to collect the taxes on the 24th of October, 1857. The tax of Mr. Williamson I called for several times, and it was paid to me about the 1st of January, 1858—\$18 96. The road tax was deducted as having been worked out. The \$18 96 included all the taxes but said road tax.

Cross-examination.

Question. Who paid you this money?

Answer. I do not know ; but it was a lady who called at my house to pay, and who said that she was Mr. Williamson's mother. There were two or three ladies in the carriage, and the old lady got out and paid me. She had promised to pay me, when I had called at the house before that. I was told that when Mr. Williamson left the money it should be brought to me. I never saw Mr. Williamson during the time I had this tax to collect. I think I always saw the same lady at the house who paid me the money, and I saw several ladies there. The old lady who paid me the money always talked to me about business matters. I was informed by them that Mr. Williamson was in New York.

Question. Do you know what portion of the year Mr. Williamson spent in New York, or in New Jersey?

Answer. I do not.

Direct.

Question. At what time of day did you call at Mr. Williamson's house for the tax?

Answer. It was, on each occasion, say between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Cross-examined.

Question. Did you understand that Mr. Williamson was home every night?

Answer. I can't say whether they said he was there every day, or weekly only. I don't they mentioned any time; but they would speak to him when he came. I did not know Mr. Williamson by sight.

JOSEPH M. OSBORN.

The above witness was, on the 31st of July, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner.*

SAMUEL DUNHAM was also sworn as a witness for Mr. Sickles:

Question. Where do you reside and what is your present occupation?

Answer. I reside at Bloomfield, and am postmaster there.

Question. Do you know Mr. Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. I do.

Question. Do you know of his residing at Bloomfield?

Answer. I know that he lived in the upper part of the village; I went to Bloomfield on the 1st of April, 1856, when, I think, he lived there. I became acquainted with him shortly afterwards as a passenger up and down in the train of the Bloomfield cars, in which I was station agent until 1858.

Question. Have you seen Mr. Williamson frequently there, from the time you became acquainted with him down to the present?

Answer. I have.

Question. When were you appointed postmaster?

Answer. I was appointed May 24, 1858, and took the office on the 11th June following.

Question. Do letters and papers come to your office addressed to Mr. Williamson?

Answer. There have been, to him and to the family, one or two newspapers regularly during the year since July 1, 1858, addressed to Mrs. Sarah Williamson; some of the family reside there the year round, I believe. There have been letters sent there to Mr. Williamson's address, but not lately; but there were in 1858, in the summer,

and to his family. He had a German in his employ who came to the post office, and who also received letters. He was there the year round. They paid their postage quarterly, and when the carriage stopped with Mrs. Williamson he would bring in the money sometimes, and sometimes he brought the money alone.

Cross-examination.

Question. Are you positive that you *had* letters addressed to Mr. Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. I am; in 1858, but not recently, I found out his name to be *Amor* from the address on his letters. No regular papers were addressed to Amor J. Williamson. I can't say how many letters or papers came addressed to Mr. Williamson. I don't think that he ever called at my office for letters or papers.

Question. When Mr. Williamson came to or went from Bloomfield by the cars, did he not pass by your office?

Answer. He did; but the mail was sent up to Mr. Williamson's end of the village before the cars arrived.

Question. Did not most of the letters and papers come addressed to Mrs. Sarah Williamson?

Answer. The papers were so addressed, but the letters were addressed to Mrs. A. J. Williamson and Mrs. Sarah Williamson, and letters to the German, and transient papers to Mrs. A. J. Williamson and Mr. A. J. Williamson also.

Question. In what portions of the season was Mr. Williamson in the habit of coming out to Bloomfield?

Answer. I have seen him there in different parts of the year—*winter* and summer—but mostly in the summer. I do not know of his coming out regularly during winters; I have seen him there in winter.

Question. Do you know whether his family were there in the winter.

Answer. I could not say.

Question. Do you not form your idea of Mr. Williamson's residing at Bloomfield from the fact of his going back and forth?

Answer. I have seen him at his house in Bloomfield, and he went up and down every day, and his wife and children were there.

Question. Did you know that his mother resided there?

Answer. I did not know that he had any mother living there.

Question. Did you ever see him taking part in elections there, or taking part in the affairs of the town?

Answer. No, sir.

SAMUEL DUNHAM.

The above witness was, on the 31st of July, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER.

Commissioner.

THOMAS J. COE was also sworn as a witness for Mr. Sickles:

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your occupation?

Answer. I reside in Bloomfield, New Jersey, and my occupation is that of a house-carpenter.

Question. Did you attend the meeting of the school district No. 4 on the 22d of April, 1857?

Answer. I did.

Question. Was Mr. Williamson there?

Answer. He was.

Question. Did he take any, and what part in that meeting?

Answer. He attended the meeting, and other citizens from his neighborhood. There was some question about building a new school-house, and Mr. Williamson was in some way opposed to it. He wanted to get a division of the school money and build another school-house in his neighborhood, and he was the principal man who had much to say on that side of the question. He reasoned that the present school-house was too far from his neighborhood. There was quite a long debate between him and Mr. Parsons. The question was finally put to vote by dividing the house. Mr. Williamson was on the same side of the house with those in favor of splitting the district. I did not know that he changed. I always thought he remained there and voted with his friends. I think his vote was counted there that night.

Question. Was there considerable excitement on the question?

Answer. There was; and I heard no objection to Mr. Williamson's taking part in the meeting—as the people at these meetings know each other, they can tell who are legal voters. I think it was so stated at this meeting that legal voters only should take part.

Question. From the prominent part taken by Mr. Williamson, would not his omission to vote, if he did not vote, have attracted your notice?

Answer. I think so. I always thought that he voted.

Question. Did you vote?

Answer. I did; but on the opposite side to Mr. Williamson. I would have objected to Mr. Williamson if I had not considered him a legal voter, and others would also, I think.

Cross-examination.

Question. Were you a freeholder in that district at that time?

Answer. I was not a freeholder.

THOMAS A. COE.

The above witness was, on the 31st of July, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER.

Commissioner.

The sitting member now offers to examine the contestant here present, as to the fact whether or no he voted at the school meeting in Bloomfield in April, 1857.

The contestant will signify his answer at the next meeting.

All parties consenting, the further examination of witnesses is adjourned to Monday, August 6, 1860, at 10½ a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 6, 1860.*

The parties appear by their respective attorneys and agents, and the contestant, as stated in the minutes of the last meeting, now signifies his decision as follows :

“ Mr. Williamson will accept the proposition of Mr. Sickles, to examine Mr. Williamson as to whether or not he voted in the district school meeting, *in* school district No. 4, in the township of Bloomfield, New Jersey, on the 22d of April, 1857 : provided he shall also be examined as to his residence in the years 1856, 1857, and 1858.”

No witness being ready for examination, adjourned, by consent, to August 7, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 7, 1860.*

The parties appear as aforesaid, and Mr. Sickles personally; but no witness appearing, the case is adjourned, by consent, to August 8th, instant, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 8, 1860.*

Parties appear, as aforesaid, and WILLIAM STOKLEY was duly sworn as a witness for Mr. Williamson :

Question. Where do you reside ; and what is your business ?

Answer. 118 Broadway ; and I keep an agency office, as an independent police detective.

Question. Were you one of the canvassers at the 4th election district of the 1st ward at the congressional election in 1858 ?

Answer. I was.

Question. Will you state from recollection what number of votes was cast for member of Congress in that district at that election ?

Answer. I can, from a little book in my pocket. 103 was the whole number of votes cast for member of Congress from that district. I made the memorandums in said book at the time.

Question. Is this (a paper now produced on behalf of Mr. Williamson) the original statement signed by the canvassers at the time ?

Answer. It bears my signature, and I believe it to be the original signed at the time by the canvassers.

(Exhibit marked “ Williamson A.”)

[Mr. Sickles's counsel objects to the reception of any part of the said exhibit but that which relates to the congressional returns of said district.]

Question. Will you state how the congressional returns of the number of votes for member of Congress came to be numbered as 126 ?

[Mr. Sickles's counsel objects to witness answering; that having introduced record showing number of votes, they are bound by it.]

Answer. Yes, I can. In counting off the box Mr. Sickles had 46 votes, Mr. Walbridge had 21 votes, Mr. Williamson had 34 votes, and G. Hiram Walbridge 1 vote, and one member of assembly ballot was in the congressional box. The box held 102 votes, the assembly ballot making 103, completing the box agreeably to the poll-list. In the assembly box we found a Sickles ticket, which gave Mr. Sickles 47 votes—being added to his account at the time—and completing the whole number of votes the poll book called for. That vote was then announced and finished as the law required, the chairman getting up and announcing that each and every candidate had received the number of votes, as before stated. Going on to the several boxes of votes balloted for at said election, we came to the judiciary box, in which we found an excess of tickets—24 in number more than on the poll-list. We then, as the law directed, put all the tickets that came out of the judiciary box back again into said box, and the chairman named a man to turn his back and draw the *excess* of tickets. The man named was one of the board of canvassers, who drew out tickets enough to leave the number the same as the poll-list. On opening and counting the ballot still remaining in said box, we found 24 tickets bearing Mr. Sickles's name for member of Congress. Adding said 24 to the 103, made the 126 votes inquired after by this question. The addition should, however, have been 127.

Question. Were the votes so found in the judiciary box, so bearing the name of Mr. Sickles for member of Congress, added to the number voted in the regular box for Congress for said Sickles?

Answer. They were, under my protest. I protested against the said addition.

Question. After that addition, what number did you, the canvassers, give to Mr. Sickles?

Answer. Seventy, being the addition of 47 and 24.

Question. Was that statement so made by the canvassers?

Answer. We supposed it was correct, and so signed it.

Question. Was it correct according to the actual number of votes given for Mr. Sickles for Congress?

Answer. Mr. Sickles ought to have had one *more* vote, making in all 71.

Question. After the canvass of the votes in the Congress box, was the result of that canvass regularly announced?

Answer. I have already stated the facts.

Question. How many votes were so announced as having been given for Mr. Sickles?

Answer. The difficulty arose as to whether we should announce the vote as it then stood, or wait to look further for the other ticket—one assembly ticket being found in the Congress box. I insisted on the number being announced then, which was done by the chairman, as before stated by me, and the number was 46 for Mr. Sickles. We then went on to the next box—the assembly box—and there we found a Sickles congressional ticket; and then the congressional box was again announced as full and complete, adding one to Mr. Sickles's vote—making the number then announced for Mr. Sickles 47—that agreeing with the poll-list.

Question. Was that number—47 votes—all that Mr. Sickles received for Congress in said district, as they found by actual count?

Answer. In point of fact, they were all the votes that Mr. Sickles should have received. There were but 103 votes cast, and other candidates had the balance of the votes.

Question. Have you any knowledge of the way in which those 24 votes got into the judiciary box for Mr. Sickles for Congress?

Answer. I saw the hand of a man on the board, his other hand hold of the front of the chairman's hat, pulling it over his eyes; at that moment the box was emptied over this man's hand, the tickets emptied out of the judiciary box. I objected at the time. I said you will find more tickets there than that box calls for, I guarantee. It was a pleasant little time; bad language used, swearing, revolvers out. I saw three revolvers in the crowd. It lasted some time, two or three hours, from when it began. From the time we commenced our canvass till we got through it was one continuous trouble. The place was a very narrow one, and they could very easily reach either of us, the canvassers.

Question. At what time was this occurrence you speak of about the box?

Answer. At the time the judiciary canvass was reached. There were struggles all the time. We canvassed the governors of the almshouse first, lieutenant governor of State next, canal commissioner next, State prison inspector next, then came Congress; next to Congress was assembly; next was sheriff, clerk of the county, coroners, district attorney of the city and county of New York, supervisors; then came what was called the judiciary, where these tickets were found.

Question. Was this occurrence in regard to this man's hand before the tickets in the judiciary box were canvassed?

Answer. Certainly; when the box was first opened.

Question. Did you observe anything peculiar in the manner in which those tickets were drawn out of the judiciary box?

Answer. I observed that they were judiciary tickets drawn instead of Mr. Sickles; only one Sickles ticket was drawn out of the whole drawing. It was easy to distinguish the tickets. I could tell Sickles's tickets as soon as I saw them.

Question. What was the difference, if any, between Mr. Sickles's tickets and the other tickets in said box by which you could distinguish?

Answer. The judiciary ticket was a long, soft ticket, and Mr. Sickles's was on white, stiff paper, and much shorter than the judiciary.

Question. Were there any threats or violence used towards you to induce you to sign the canvassers' statement, as aforesaid?

Answer. They threatened to kill me if I didn't sign. I shouldn't leave the room alive without I did sign it. I had the protest written on, but they didn't notice it, for it was not where they signed it or the signing was to be done. It was written by the clerk.

Question. Who do you mean by they?

Answer. I mean the crowd outside. I had the room cleared two or three times, but the crowd was too much for the police, and would come back.

Question. Were there revolvers drawn on you?

Answer. The revolvers were drawn upon each other, and general threats were made; but the spite was pitched upon me. I was called modestly a know-nothing, and told that I ought not to live, because I insist on my country not being disfranchised, and am in favor of Americans holding office—would starve them if I could.

Question. What was the particular occasion of the threats against you?

Answer. Why, they insisted on Mr. Sickles having these 24 votes.

Question. To what party did those persons belong who made those threats and created the disturbance?

Answer. In my best judgment, they belonged to the democratic party.

Question. Were they supporters of Mr. Sickles and some other person?

Answer. I can't answer that question only from what I heard in the crowd; a majority of them were Mr. Sickles's friends.

Question. Was it in consequence of the threats and violence you have stated that you signed these returns?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel as a leading question.]

Answer. I should not have signed them unless I had first added my protest, as I have already stated.

Question. Would you have signed them as made up, unless you had been threatened with violence?

Answer. I should not have signed them at all without having my protest on them.

Question. Who were your associate canvassers?

Answer. John Coffey, William Kenney, and myself, William Stokley; we were the board of canvassers.

Question. To what party did Mr. Coffey and Mr. Kenney belong?

Answer. They were democrats, but what particular man they supported is more than I can tell you.

Question. Is this the poll-list used at the district at that election?

Answer. I should think it was. I have no doubt of it.

[Marked exhibit, "Williamson B."]

[Mr. Sickles's counsel objected that said exhibit is not proved regularly from county clerk's office or by the clerk, who kept the poll-list.]

Cross-examination.

Question. You spoke of being a policeman; how many years have you been connected with the department?

Answer. I joined the regular police in 1840. 1846, the department died—'45 or '46—then I worked as an agent, independent police. I was in two years down in the first ward. I was then a democrat. The whigs got it and turned me out. My time ran out, and they did not reappoint me. I have been working independent ever since.

Question. Did you at the time see the man to whom the hand belonged which you have spoken of?

Answer. I thought then and have thought ever since of it a good deal. I think it was a man by the name of Williams who had his

hand on the table, for I know he had his other hand on the chairman's hat; that's the reason why I think it was him. I might be mistaken; it might have been some other man's hand. My best impression is that it was him.

Question. Give the full name of the Mr. Williams mentioned?

Answer. I don't know it, sir.

Question. Will you state where he does business, if you know?

Answer. I don't know. I see him on election days, and occasionally in the streets. I think he keeps a porter house. That's my impression, but I don't know.

Question. Did this Mr. Williams to whom you refer vote at that poll on that day?

Answer. I think not. I don't think he belongs to that district.

Question. Did you see him about there before and after that occurrence?

Answer. I saw him about the time we took charge, and saw him there till the poll was closed, some four o'clock or five in the morning.

Question. Have you not been into his drinking saloon?

Answer. Not that I know of. I might have been without knowing it.

Question. For whom did you vote?

Answer. I voted for Mr. Williamson.

Question. Did you say to John Graham on the afternoon of election day, "Mr. Sickles is getting nearly all the votes in this district," or words to that effect?

Answer. I don't remember seeing Mr. Graham on that day. I know that Mr. Graham is a great friend of Mr. Sickles, or I believe so. I don't remember of seeing Mr. Graham, or saying anything to him.

Question. Did you endeavor to get votes for Mr. Williamson during the day?

Answer. Of course I did; when I go for a man I always do all I can for him.

Question. Where did you spend the day; about the polls?

Answer. Part of the time there, part of the time around the district—at other polls in that district; I did not go out of the district that day; I mean the third congressional district.

Question. How many times have you served as inspector or canvasser of elections?

Answer. A good many times; let me see: I can't say exactly. I have been inspector and canvasser, but since they have split the office only canvasser.

Question. Do you know whether your associate canvassers, or either of them, had ever served previous to that election as inspector or canvasser?

Answer. It strikes me we acted together the election before; I am not positive; I don't remember beyond that that they ever served before.

Question. How is it since?

Answer. I think Mr. Coffey has been since an inspector, and Mr.

Kinney a canvasser. I did not serve the next year ; it appears to me I did—I am not positive.

Question. Do you not remember that you were appointed by Coffey and Kinney to serve the next year ?

Answer. I do not. I was never appointed unless from the city hall. Coffey and Kinney did appoint me as the third canvasser at the ensuing election, but my notice came from the city hall.

Question. When was that appointment made by Coffey and Kinney ?

Answer. It must have been made that night ; but I don't think they knew anything about it owing to the situation of things there at that time. When finishing up the work, the third man is selected, providing the other two tie, which I think was the case then.

Question. Did your son serve as an inspector in 1858 or 1859 ?

Answer. He did serve, but not at the election to which I have testified ; he served since, I think, twice.

Question. Who appointed him ?

Answer. That's more than I can tell you ; I guess it came from the aldermen. I can't answer the question.

Question. Was he not appointed by Coffey and Kinney the night of the canvass you have spoken of ?

Answer. I am not positive whether he was or was not.

Question. Were you upon that night appointed by Coffey and Kinney as inspector for next year ?

Answer. My impression is that I was not. If I was, I am not aware of it now ; and I suppose exhibit Williamson A will tell the story.

Question. Were you voted for as a canvasser at that election ?

Answer. I think I was for either canvasser or inspector ; I think as canvasser, and I think the votes tied.

Question. Were you voted for as inspector at that election ?

Answer. I think I was voted for for canvasser at that election, and not for inspector ; I won't be positive, however.

Question. Were these papers, forming exhibit Williamson A, each of them, signed on the night of that election by yourself and the other canvassers ?

Answer. My memory is that they were signed by me on that night. Mr. Coffey, I think, signed his name ; but Mr. Kinney—my impression is that that is not Mr. Kinney's signature ; that is my best impression.

Question. Will you state in whose handwriting these returns are made up ?

Answer. When I first looked at them I supposed they were in my son's handwriting ; but now I think not, and that they were written by one of the clerks, Mr. Leonard, or other ; it bears resemblance to my son's writing.

Question. In whose handwriting is this protest ?

Answer. The clerk's ; that's in the handwriting of Mr. Leonard.

Question. Where did you live at the time of this election ?

Answer. 6 Wall street, fifth floor.

Question. Your family reside there ?

Answer. I have no family but one son ; then had two, and they both slept with me ; we had the whole floor.

Question. Was your place of business in the same building ?

Answer. Same building ; had an office there.

Question. What portions of that building did you hire, and from whom ?

Answer. I hired the whole fifth floor from the owner of the building, Tearon.

Question. Did you have your office on the same floor ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Will you state who threatened to kill you if you did not sign the returns ?

Answer. I could not name any particular one, but there was not a man outside but was interested in making me do what I did not want to.

Question. How many different men threatened you ?

Answer. It would be hard to tell ; thirty or forty outside clamorous ; every man who could get into the door shook his fist at me ; can't tell how many threatened my life ; there was a knife brandished over the head of a man that I saw, but he could not reach me if he wanted to ; only one door to get in at, and that was always full.

Question. Who brandished the knife ?

Answer. Can't tell.

Question. Who drew the revolver ?

Answer. Can't tell ; sometimes you would not see the men, only the arm or hand. I saw three revolvers at one time. I can't name the persons who held either.

Question. Did not the persons outside charge you with putting these votes into the boxes to vitiate the election, and was not this the cause of the disturbance ?

Answer. No, sir ; I never heard myself charged with it.

Question. Were the tickets, when drawn out of the judiciary box, folded or open ?

Answer. Folded ; all folded.

Question. Tell me, if you can, how the vote stood on the previous election between the two parties in the 4th district of the 1st ward ?

Answer. I don't know, not remembering who run.

Question. Can you tell at any previous election what was the whole number of votes, and how divided between the two parties in said 4th district ?

Answer. I can't give you any accurate account ; I can't remember.

Question. Did you serve as a canvasser or inspector the previous year ?

Answer. My impression is I served as a canvasser. I have served two or three times ; the year again previous, and the year before that, I don't think the district was made ; but if it was, I acted as canvasser.

Question. Was there more than one democratic candidate at the election of 1858 ?

Answer. Mr. Walbridge was understood to be a democratic candidate, and also Mr. Sickles.

Question. Did any Walbridge men object to the twenty-four votes being counted for Mr. Sickles ?

Answer. That is more than I can tell you. I did not suppose that Mr. Walbridge would have more than two or three votes in the district during the day. I don't know who were his friends in that district.

Question. Were there any Williamson men about there in the evening?

Answer. No; they were not lucky; they couldn't get in; and when they did, they were glad to get out.

Question. How do you know?

Answer. From the two that I saw in there.

Question. Who did Mr. Leonard support?

Answer. My impression is that he supported Mr. Williamson; I don't know for whom he voted.

Question. How many clerks were they?

Answer. Two, I suppose; but one left. I think Mr. Leonard was alone to finish up; both there during the day, I think.

Question. Did you leave on good terms with the other canvassers that evening?

Answer. We did; parted on good terms, and know of no feeling now. Mr. Coffey has been friendly for years.

Question. State the size of the room occupied by the canvassers on that evening.

Answer. I don't think it was over ten feet wide by nineteen feet long; narrower, if anything.

Question. In what part of that room were you?

Answer. The table was north and east, and I on the east end, next to the secretary; the table was in the middle of the room; I mean by secretary, our clerk, Mr. Leonard, who was on my left. The portion of our room occupied by us was about half of a small back room partitioned off, in front of which was a porter room; the room was 19 by 10; the table was against the partition, and we behind the table; table about the centre of the room; we faced the street; Mr. Coffey sat in the centre, and I on his left; our clerk to my left, and Kinney on the right of the chairman; I sat there all the evening; that was their location all the evening.

Question. Was the table removed in the course of the evening?

Answer. I think not, sir; not till we were done with it.

Question. Any one allowed in your room besides the canvassers and clerks?

Answer. The orders were to have none there; but on that occasion they would come in.

Question. Who came in?

Answer. I can't name them; I called the police and had them immediately put out.

Question. How many times did you have them put out?

Answer. About twice.

Question. How many policemen were there?

Answer. Sometimes three or four, sometimes a dozen; sometimes I could not find any.

Question. Any particular number detailed there?

Answer. I had to send to the station-house to the captain, on some two occasions, for men to clear the room.

Question. Did they always come?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did you have any number detailed to remain there?

Answer. I can't tell how many; there is always some number detailed to the polls, I suppose; the station-house was a short quarter of a mile distant; Sixth street above station-house.

Question. What part of the evening did you first have intruders removed?

Answer. At the close of the polls, and before opening any box.

Question. What time when the mysterious hand made its appearance?

Answer. I should think after 12 o'clock, when we got to the judiciary—midnight.

Question. Was it before that that you had them removed the second time?

Answer. No; I think it was after that.

Question. Did you request the police to make any arrests that evening, or did either of the canvassers?

Answer. Yes; frequently.

Question. Who did you request them to arrest?

Answer. The men that were making the noise right against us; requested them to take the men away; not to send them to the station-house, only to be removed. I made no charge; I think I sent for police after twelve o'clock; they came; we had police all the time; at certain times they were not enough; we did send for them, and they always came, and as many as we wanted; but when they went away the row began again, the men coming back a little more drunk. I drank on that day when I thought I wanted it; I did not go out during the canvass to drink, but did drink; did not leave my seat, there was plenty of drink around me—a row of glasses, seven or eight; if I had drank all of it I should have been unable to stand; took all that was offered to me and put it on the floor behind me; it was a pretty jolly time; that is, if you understand what it is to be jolly on election night.

Question. Were you all jolly, and did you share in that jollity?

Answer. My share of that jollity was not so pleasant; I had some six glasses on the floor; I don't think I swallowed a spoonful in all; I meant to keep sober, and they wanted to get me drunk.

Question. How do you know they wanted to get you drunk?

Answer. By the quantity of liquor they gave me; no man could stand it.

Question. Did any one say anything about getting you tight?

Answer. I did not hear any one say so.

Question. Did you go home alone that evening, or had you company?

Answer. I think about four of us went together—my son, Mr. Leonard, and a policeman, I think; don't remember how we walked, whether arm or not; I think we all walked abreast, the policeman with me; a first ward policeman, who had been there all the evening; my son had not been there all the evening, but Mr. Leonard had, and the policeman; there was a good strong force of police when we adjourned, 10 or 12

men; there were a few stationed there, and we told them when we would adjourn, in half an hour, and a force came to take charge, and we did not get through; whenever we did get through, the police were there and took charge.

Question. From 11 or 12 o'clock forward, how many policemen?

Answer. May average four, always some, and others came at call; no time when no policemen were there, and some in call. No complaint that I know of made by canvassers next day; Williams was there to the finish, till returns were signed; he stood behind me when I signed my name; I stood when I signed the return; I gave one of the papers in "Williamson A" to Mr. Coffey, the clerk calling off the various votes, and we looking over to see if they were all on the paper correct; and when through, we then proceeded to sign and seal them up.

Question. What time in the evening were the words "under protest" put on the return of member of Congress?

Answer. Just when finishing up, and before signing.

Question. Did the other canvassers know that that was there?

Answer. I think not; the clerk did not put the protest as I told him; I told him to put it as a protest by me; I told it in a whisper.

Question. How many persons were there when you adjourned?

Answer. I could not give you the number, but there was quite a crowd.

Question. Have you seen Mr. Williams since this night?

Answer. I have met him once or twice a week or two ago, on Sunday morning once; no difficulty between us; only difference in politics.

Question. What passed between you on the other Sunday morning?

Answer. Nothing more than the time of day. We have drank together since the election of 1858; I remember once at custom-house one day, shortly after election; first time after that I met him; I used to pass him occasionally in the street; I see him occasionally near the custom-house at 12 or 1 o'clock; he is 30, 35, or 40—35 to 40; he said he was an Irishman; said that night he was born in Ireland; have known him as Mr. Williams for a year before the election of 1858; I noticed him around on election days; if he resides in the first ward, I don't know it; I am pretty sure he don't reside in my district. I think he keeps a porter nouse, but don't know of any particular one; I must have heard some one say, or him say, that he kept one; I have never been in one known to me to be his; don't know who told me he kept one; I don't think you can ask a politician in the first ward without finding out who Williams is; I do not know of any business that this man has followed in two or three years; I always see him on election days; my impression is he keeps a drinking-house, and he is a jolly fellow, and goes it for a friend as strong as I do.

Question. Did you speak to Williams during the time of canvassing?

Answer. Yes, a great many times; I was told that I was trying to rob him of his living, because I opposed the adopted citizens; that he was an adopted citizen, and born in Ireland, and proud of it; that I was a citizen by chance and he by choice; I made few replies, asking him to behave himself; the other canvassers heard the conversation between Williams and me. Williams jerked the laws out of the hands of

the canvassers, and carried off all our laws. I presume he was acquainted with the other canvassers; I think Williams does not wear whiskers; he is 5 feet 8 or 9 inches, and weighs about 150 pounds; don't know that I can give you any way of finding him, except by asking democratic politicians of the first ward. I don't know that I know any other Williams of the first ward who is a politician; I made no affidavit in this matter; Mr. Kennedy talked to me before the supervisors about this, and I think my statement was taken down in writing; it has not been shown me to-day.

When the question of 24 votes was before the supreme court, I made no affidavit, and never knew it was there; I was not present in the supreme court when a judge granted a peremptory mandamus to supervisors to canvass said 24 votes; if I was, I was on other business, and don't remember this. No other person present when canvassing named Williams.

I don't remember stating to any one since the first the name or place of business of said Williams. When I spoke to Mr. Kennedy, I said what he took down; I don't know what I said, whether or not anything about the hand; I answered the questions he asked me; this was two or three days after the election. I can't say whether I said anything to him about Mr. Williams. I don't remember saying anything to him about being threatened if I did not sign the paper.

The statement was not written in the poll-book, but on the returns; if this is it, it is a copy; I may be mistaken.

Question. Did you state to Mr. Kennedy that you signed the return under protest at the earnest solicitation of one of your fellow canvassers who appeared to be apprehensive of his personal safety if it was not signed?

Answer. Yes; I did so state.

Question. Do you assign any other reason?

Answer. I could not say; I don't now remember that I did.

WILLIAM STOKLEY.

For the convenience of the witness, and by the consent of parties, the further cross-examination of this witness is postponed to Saturday, the 11th instant, at 11 a. m.

The examination of other witnesses is postponed to to-morrow, 9th instant, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 9, 1860.*

The parties met, by their attorneys and agents; and no witness being present, the case is adjourned by consent to the time aforesaid, namely, the 11th August instant, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 11, 1860.*

I attended at 11 a. m., pursuant to the adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents: whereupon the attorney for the contestant offered his affidavit of the subpoena being served upon Michael Norton, a witness for Mr. Williamson, and of his non-attendance. Mr. Sickles's counsel objects to the production of said affidavit

because it contains impertinent matter not necessary to show the proof of such service or the materiality of said witness.—(*Ex. Williamson, August 11.*)

Whereupon, by consent, the further examination of witnesses is postponed to 14th August instant, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 14, 1860.*

I attended, pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents; but no witness appearing for Mr. Williamson, the further examination of witnesses is postponed to the 15th August instant, at 11 a. m.

JOHN WILEY, a witness for said Williamson, not appearing, an affidavit of service of subpœna on said Wiley is filed.—(*Ex. Williamson, August 14.*)

[Mr. Sickles's counsel objects to this affidavit of service, the same as to the last.]

NEW YORK, *August 15, 1860.*

I attended, pursuant to the adjournment: whereupon John Wildey, a witness for Mr. Williamson, appeared; but Mr. Sickles and his counsel being absent, the case, at the request of said witness, stands adjourned until the 17th instant, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 17, 1860.*

I attended, pursuant to the adjournment; but no witness appeared for Mr. Williamson, and the counsel for the parties consented to adjourn until the 18th of August instant, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 18, 1860.*

I attended, pursuant to the adjournment, and the parties respectively appeared, by their attorneys and agents: whereupon THOMAS H. FISHER, a witness, was duly sworn for Mr. Williamson.

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your employment?

Answer. No. 15 Amity street, and am a member of the police department in the 15th ward.

Question. Were you in the third congressional district in the congressional election of 1858?

Answer. I was.

Question. Did you know any of the agents of Daniel E. Sickles in that canvass for Congress?

Answer. I did.

Question. Who, if any one?

Answer. William Ellsworth.

Question. What was the place that Mr. Ellsworth occupied in such agency?

Answer. The number of the house I do not recollect, but I think in Prince, between Mercer and Broadway, a drinking place; he did not keep the place; he only had a room there.

Question. Did Mr. Ellsworth offer any inducements to you to induce you to support Mr. Sickles in that campaign?

[Objected to by counsel for Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. He did.

Question. What inducement did he offer?

[Objected to by counsel for Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. He says to me like this: Your party has made no nomination; you may as well make ten or twenty dollars by helping us to elect Mr. Sickles.

Question. Was one of your sons employed by Mr. Ellsworth at the place you have mentioned at that time?

Answer. There was.

Question. Did you see him—your son—at that place several times during his employment there?

Answer. I saw him three different times.

Question. Was Mr. Ellsworth present when you so saw your son?

Answer. I saw him present twice.

Question. What was your son doing when you so saw him?

Answer. He was copying some names.

Question. Do you mean he was making out a list of names?

Answer. Making out a list of names under the direction of Ellsworth.

Question. What is your son's name who was so employed there?

Answer. Eustace W. Fisher.

Question. Where is he at present?

Answer. I expect he is in Mansingburg, Rensselaer county; he left here to go and make a visit, and I heard from him a day or two since.

Cross-examination.

Question. What part of the said third district did you reside in in 1858?

Answer. In the 8th ward.

Question. How do you know that Mr. Ellsworth was an agent of Mr. Sickles?

Answer. Mr. Ellsworth told me so.

Question. Is that the only way you know it?

Answer. I know it by his telling me so, and he told me he had plenty of money to use, and I saw it.

Question. Did you ever hear Mr. Sickles say that Mr. Ellsworth was his agent?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. What party did you belong to?

Answer. The republican party.

Question. Did you make ten or twenty dollars out of Mr. Ellsworth on that occasion?

Answer. I did not; for I did not support him, Sickles.

Question. How old is your son?

Answer. He is now seventeen and a little over; in his eighteenth year.

Direct examination resumed.

Question. Were you acquainted with Mr. Ellsworth directly before he entered upon this canvass?

Answer. Yes ; I knew him four years.

Question. What were his circumstances pecuniarily before said time?

[Question objected to by counsel for Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. I should think Mr. Ellsworth was embarrassed most of the time, considerably so.

THOMAS H. FISHER.

The above witness was, on August 18, 1860, duly sworn before William H. Armstrong, a notary public, and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

CORNELIUS FITZGERALD, a witness for Mr. Williamson, was also sworn.

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your business?

Answer. In the 20th ward ; I am doing nothing at present ; I reside at 387 Eighth avenue.

Question. Where did you reside at the time of the congressional election in 1858?

Answer. In the 20th ward?

Question. Were you employed to do anything by or on behalf of Mr. Sickles at the congressional election in the third congressional district on November 2, 1858?

Answer. Well, I do not know as I can answer the question correctly ; I went down in the 1st ward and worked for Mr. Sickles ; there was what was called spending money or electioneering money sent down there for the benefit of Mr. Sickles, I suppose.

[Answer objected to so far as the supposition of the witness is concerned by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Question. Did you receive any of this money?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel, unless the money came directly from Mr. Sickles.]

Answer. I never received a dollar of Mr. Sickles.

Question. Did you receive any from any one?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I did receive some money from another person.

Question. Who was that person?

Answer. Henry Drake.

Question. For what was this money paid you?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I do not exactly know myself what it was paid for; I can explain it in a different way.

Question. What did you do for Mr. Sickles on that day?

Answer. Well, sir, I went to my friends in the 1st ward, those that I was acquainted with, and influenced them, and gave them tickets, and used my influence to get them to vote for Mr. Sickles instead of Mr. Walbridge.

Question. Is that all that you did?

Answer. I went down to Governor's island, or to some of the islands, with the steamboat, and fetched up some soldiers for the purpose of voting; I do not believe, so far as my knowledge extends, that any of them voted.

Question. Did you go to any other place but Governor's island to bring up persons for the purpose of voting?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Do you know of persons being brought over from Jersey City in a row-boat?

Answer. Not to my knowledge.

Question. Do you know of persons being brought into the district, and uniformed as soldiers, to vote at said election?

Answer. I do not, sir.

Question. Have you stated to any person that you did know of such facts?

Answer. I don't think that I ever have.

Question. Did you so state to Mr. Brady, of the 20th ward?

Answer. I don't know as I know Mr. Brady; I forget, if I do. I know one Brady now; he used to be sergeant of police; would not know him unless he were pointed out to me. I never made such statement to him or other person. It was rumored that soldiers came over by way of Jersey in citizens' clothes; my opinion is that it was a hoax.

Question. When did you last see Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I saw Mr. Sickles, I guess, it is very near a year; it may be over; did not see him last week at Fifth Avenue Hotel.

CON. FITZGERALD.

The above witness was on the 18th August, 1860, duly sworn before William H. Armstrong, a notary public, and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

No further witness appearing, adjourned to August 20, 1860, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, August 20, 1860.

I attended, pursuant to adjournment, and the counsel for Mr. Williamson and for Mr. Sickles attended; but no witness appearing on

the behalf of Mr. Williamson, I adjourned until the 21st instant, at 11 a. m.

AUGUST 21, 1860.

I attended, and the parties appeared, by their counsel and agents, and adjourned to the 22d instant, at 11 a. m., no witness having appeared.

NEW YORK, *August 22, 1860.*

I attended, pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared, by their attorneys and agents; but no witness appearing in behalf of Mr. Williamson, the further proceeding in the matter was adjourned to the 23d instant, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 23, 1860.*

I attended, pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared, by their attorneys and agents; but no witness appearing, the further proceeding in the matter was adjourned to the 24th instant, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 24, 1860.*

I attended, pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared, by their attorneys and agents: whereupon CHARLES P. SANDFORD was sworn for Mr. Sickles.

Question. Where do you reside?

Answer. West Bloomfield, New Jersey, county of Essex.

Question. Were you the collector of taxes of that town in the year 1858?

Answer. I was.

Question. What part of the year do you collect your taxes there?

Answer. Month of October, from the 1st to the 20th.

Question. What is your custom of collection?

Answer. It is, to make out the bill and leave it at the residence, generally in the month of September, and then the taxes are paid at my office in the time aforesaid.

Question. Did you in the year 1858 have a tax to collect against Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. I have a tax, according to book, against Amor Williamson.

Question. Can you give from your book the items of the bill left by you at Mr. Williamson's residence in the year 1858?

Answer. I have my duplicate here, and can give such items: "Amor Williamson, taxed for twenty-five acres of land, one house and lot, one poll-tax. Value of real estate, \$2,800; personal property, \$900—total, \$3,700 taxable property. (Two dogs, 36 cents;) county tax, \$4 84; township tax, \$7 29; road tax, \$4 89; county and township tax together, \$12 13. Paid." Poll tax is included in township tax; is only stated separately to enable inspectors of election to know who is entitled to vote.

Question. Was that bill of taxes paid after you had left the bill at the house of Mr. Williamson that year?

Answer. It was.

Question. Do you personally know Mr. Williamson?

Answer. No, sir.

I have made a mistake in what I have already stated. It was taken from the book of 1859, instead of 1858.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel says he does not ask as to 1859, and the witness states as follows:]

Mr. Sickles's counsel proposes to allow witness to correct the figures heretofore given, by conforming them to the records of his book for 1858.

Commissioner decides that what is down must remain, and that the witness can give answer as to the items for 1858.

[Exception by Mr. Sickles.]

Witness hereupon states from his book, in reference to the tax for 1858, the items, as follows: "Amor Williamson, twenty-five acres of land, one house and lot, one poll. \$2,800 value of real estate; \$800 personal property—total, \$3,600. One dog, 35 cents; county tax, \$4 89; township tax, \$8 79; road tax, \$3 19. Paid." I mean it was all paid.

Question. In which of those items is the poll tax for 1858 included?

Answer. Township tax of \$8 79, and for the reasons before stated as to a right to vote.

Cross-examination.

Question. Did you leave the notice of which you have spoken at Mr. Williamson's house yourself?

Answer. I did.

Question. With whom did you leave it?

Answer. That I could not say.

Question. Did you see him?

Answer. I did not.

Question. Do you know who paid the tax?

Answer. I do not know who paid it.

Question. Did you ever see Mr. Williamson in Bloomfield?

Answer. I think I have seen him a number of times.

Question. Do you know anything, excepting from your book, in regard to Mr. Williamson's taxes?

Answer. I have no other guide to go by but my book.

Direct examination resumed.

Question. How far is your residence from that of Mr. Williamson?

Answer. I should think about one mile and a half.

Question. Are you in the same school district?

Answer. I am not.

Question. Do you know the politics of Mr. Williamson?

Answer. I do not.

Question. Have you any objection to state your political proclivities in 1860?

Answer. I have not.

Question. Will you state what party you belong to, if any?

Answer. I incline towards the Bell-ringers.

Question. How were you in 1858?

Answer. About the same.

Cross-examination resumed.

Question. How do you know where Mr. Williamson lived?

Answer. There are a great many in the township whom I do not know. I ascertain by inquiry.

Question. Did you know that Mr. Williamson's mother lived at that place in Bloomfield in 1858?

Answer. I did not.

Question. Who determines the right of persons to vote in your district?

Answer. The judges of election, who are one elective judge and the assessor and collector.

Direct examination resumed.

Question. How do those officers ascertain the right of electors to vote?

Answer. If they are not known to be legal electors to one of the board they are sworn.

Question. Could you not, by reference to the book here produced, determine whether an elector is entitled to vote?

Answer. In most cases we could.

Question. How?

Answer. By taking the back book for the past year.

Question. What entry would show that item?

Answer. The entry under marked "polls."

Cross-examination.

Question. You mean, that is some of the evidence you use in determining the right to vote—or you mean it is the conclusive evidence?

Answer. Not the conclusive evidence in cases of foreign vote.

Question. Is it conclusive evidence in any case if objection were made to the right of a person to vote?

Answer. That would depend upon the objection made; if made as to residence, it would be conclusive as determining.

Question. You mean to say that the tax book of the year when the person offered his vote would be conclusive?

Answer. With the previous one—one of the previous year.

Question. Did Mr. Williamson ever vote or offer to vote in your town to your knowledge?

Answer. Not to my knowledge.

Question. For how long a time have you been one of the judges of election by virtue of your office as collector?

Answer. Two years.

Direct examination.

Question. Could Mr. Williamson not have voted without your knowing it?

Answer. He could have done so.

CHARLES P. SANFORD.

The above witness was, on the 24th of August, 1860, duly sworn before William H. Armstrong, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

No further witnesses appearing, adjourned by consent to August 25, at 11 a. m.

AUGUST 25, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents; but no witnesses appearing, the further examination of witnesses is adjourned to Monday the 27th instant, at 11 a. m.

AUGUST 27, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents, and Mr. Sickles personally.

The counsel for Mr. Sickles called for the witness Stokley for further cross-examination, agreeably to notice given to Mr. Williamson, but said witness did not appear, but through Mr. Williamson's counsel sent word that he was necessarily absent, but would be present for such further cross-examination on Wednesday or Thursday of this week.

Whereupon JOHN WILDEY was sworn as a witness on behalf of Mr. Williamson :

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your occupation?

Answer. No 222, Spring street, and have charge of a porter-house there.

Question. Where did you reside at the time of the congressional election in 1858?

Answer. 140 Mercer street.

Question. Who resided at that place at that time beside yourself?

Answer. There were a number of families up stairs, but I don't know who they were; their entrance was by Broadway, and mine in Mercer street.

Question. Were there any other families residing in that part of the building whose entrance was on Mercer street?

Answer. Only my own, the bar-tender, and help.

Question. Did you have any one in your employ besides your bar-tender?

Answer. Yes.

Question. What other persons?

Answer. I had a waiter—don't know what his name was ; a couple of cooks—one man and a woman, both colored.

Question. Any one else?

Answer. I don't recollect anybody.

Question. What is the name of your bar-tender?

Answer. I think James Crassou.

Question. Were either of the persons you have named voters?

Answer. Crassou was a voter ; there were plenty of voters up stairs, but no others in the part occupied by me.

Question. Was there any entrance from Mercer street to the part of the building up stairs?

Answer. There was, but I had it floored over ; none at that time.

Question. Did you at that time belong to an engine company?

Answer. I did.

Question. What company was it?

Answer. Number eleven.

Question. Where was the engine-house?

Answer. 99 Wooster street.

Question. Did any persons reside in that engine-house?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Who?

Answer. That's hard to tell ; tell if I had the roll here ; some bunked there.

Question. Any persons residing there except persons belonging to the company who bunked there?

Answer. No, the law don't allow it.

Question. In which election district of the 8th ward is 99 Wooster street located?

Answer. I think now the 7th ; don't know what it was then.

Question. Was 140 Mercer street in the same district?

Answer. No, in the 6th ; it is in the 6th now ; it may have been different then.

Question. Did you take an active part in the canvass for the congressional election in 1858?

Answer. Yes, and I do in all elections.

Question. Who did you support for Congress at that election?

Answer. The regular democratic nominee.

Question. Who was that?

Answer. Whoever there was at that time ; it was Mr. Sickles.

Question. Did you, during that canvass, receive from Mr. Sickles any money to be used by you in advancing his election?

Answer. I received money from Mr. Sickles. I suppose he thought at the time he gave it to me it was to advance his election.

Question. About how much.

Answer. I should judge between two and three hundred dollars.

Question. Did you receive any other money from others than Mr. Sickles for the same purpose?

Answer. I did receive money from others for the same purpose.

Question. From whom?

Answer. The treasurer of the ward committee.

Question. Any one else?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Do you know of money being paid to any one to induce them to vote for Mr. Sickles?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Did you pay any money to any one for political services rendered to Mr. Sickles in that campaign?

Answer. I paid money to men to stand at the ticket boxes and distribute tickets.

Question. For anything else?

Answer. Paid men to paint banners to string across the street.

Question. For anything else?

Answer. Paid men for posting bills.

Question. For anything else?

Answer. Paid men to help put up banners.

Question. Did you pay out any money to advance Mr. Sickles's election on election day?

Answer. Only as I have stated ; to men to distribute tickets at the ticket box.

Question. How much did you pay for that purpose?

Answer. Can't say ; in the neighborhood of \$200 or \$250 ; have a book at home showing the names and amounts ; paid them \$5 each, and told them at the time I was paying for services, and they could vote for whom they saw fit.

Question. Where were these men employed to distribute tickets?

Answer. In different districts of the 8th ward.

Question. Not out of that ward?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Do you know of any other persons in the eighth ward paying out money to advance Mr. Sickles's election?

Answer. No more than as I have stated ; the treasurer of the ward committee gave money to others to pay off their men.

Question. Do you know a man named William or William L. Ellsworth?

Answer. Not as I know, but I might know him if I see him.

Question. Do you know a man named Gershon Cohen?

Answer. Yes, and a nice man he is.

Question. Do you know of his paying out any money for Mr. Sickles?

Answer. Yes. He was treasurer of the ward committee, the man I referred to.

Question. How much money did you receive from him?

Answer. In the neighborhood of 200 or 250 dollars ; as I stated before, I have a book at home.

Question. How much did he pay to other parties to your knowledge?

Answer. I have no knowledge of his paying to other parties, except that parties came in and got money. I paid no attention, and they might have got one dollar or a thousand ; he is a very shrewd man and lets no one know his business but himself.

Question. Do you know a man named Michael Norton, commonly called Crow?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Was he an active partizan of Mr. Sickles at that time?

Answer. Couldn't say; he lived in another part of the ward; he is a democrat; I suppose he took a hand in along with the rest of them.

Question. Did Mr. Sickles give you anything or make you any promise to induce you to support him at that time?

Answer. No, sir. I have been a friend of Mr. Sickles ever since he has been in politics. He might have said so in course of conversation, might have said he would do what he could for me. I was looking for a place. I have asked him the same question when he was not a candidate.

Question. Have you been appointed to a position in the custom-house since that election.

Answer. Yes, about a year after that election.

Question. And you still hold that?

Answer. Yes. I am satisfied I did not get it through Mr. Sickles. I never spoke to Mr. Sickles about a place in the custom-house.

Question. Did you say to any person shortly before the meeting of Congress that you knew enough to prevent Mr. Sickles ever taking his seat in that Congress?

Answer. I don't know what I might have said in conversation; there were different parties coming to me every night or two, annoying me and putting different questions to me, and said they would make it an object to me if I would give them any information to that effect. I can't recollect exactly what answers I made, and might have said something to that effect and might not. I was merely in conversation with them at that time and did not pay particular attention to what I was saying; but as I am under oath at the present time, I am telling the truth and nothing but the truth.

Question. Did you make such statement voluntarily to a person you met in the park without the question being asked?

Answer. Not to my knowledge.

Question. To Mr. William S. Davison?

Answer. Not to my knowledge.

Question. You know Mr. Davison?

Answer. Well.

Question. Who were the parties who came to your place about the matter?

Answer. Mr. Davison was one, and you Mr. McIntire, and other parties whose names I do not recollect.

Question. Which of the parties said they would make it an object to you?

Answer. Can't say.

Question. Was it Mr. Davison, or myself, McIntire?

Answer. Can't say. Can't say that you came right out and said so?

Question. What do you mean by saying that "I can't say that you came right out and said so?"

Answer. I mean that you threw out hints.

Question. How many times did I call on you?

Answer. Two or three.

Question. Where?

Answer. I think once in Mercer street and twice in Spring street.

Question. Sure it was twice in Spring street?

Answer. Know it was once, might have been twice. You gave me a dollar when you subpoenaed me, six shillings for subpoena and two for travelling expenses, he said.

Question. Will you swear that I called on you in Spring street at any other time?

Answer. Ain't positive; answered that question.

Question. At the time I subpoenaed you was there any conversation between you and me?

Answer. Nothing more than you said you wanted me to come and testify what I knew about the matter, and I told you I knew nothing about the matter. Mr. Davison made the remark, well, come down and say so.

Question. Who was present at the interview between you and myself in Mercer street?

Answer. I don't know that any one was present; so long ago, there might have been a dozen in the porter-house, and there might not have been any.

Question. Do you remember that Mr. Davison was present?

Answer. Mr. Davison was there several times, but I don't know that he was present at that specified time or not.

Question. Do you remember the conversation that took place at that time?

Answer. No. I can't say as I do.

Question. Do you remember any of it?

Answer. No, sir. I don't recollect that I can name over any of it.

Question. Do you remember anything that was said by you or myself?

Answer. No, sir. There were several persons running in about the matter.

Question. Do you mean to say that I said I would make it an object to you or words to that effect?

Answer. I think you did hint to that effect.

Cross-examination.

Question. Were you engaged to take charge of painting and getting up banners for Mr. Sickles previous to election?

Answer. Yes, and procured banners to be painted.

Question. In other parts of the district besides the eighth ward?

Answer. Yes, for the whole third congressional district; put them up in every ward. Two in some wards; a large number.

Question. Did you also procure stands to be erected and engage music and torches for the torch-light processions and meetings?

Answer. Yes, sir.

Question. These stands and music and torches had to be paid for?

Answer. Yes, sir.

Question. The bearers of torches and banners had to be paid?

Answer. Yes, and I had fifty transparencies painted; cost me fifty cents apiece; and the banner in Broadway cost \$55 for painting alone, without canvas or ropes.

Question. Was the money given to you by Mr. Sickles to pay these expenses and other expenses you have named?

Answer. Yes, sir. I would give him bills and he would give me money or a check; some bills went direct to him, as music, and he paid it to my knowledge. Mr. Sickles never give me one dollar at that election to pay me, or for me to induce votes, or to spend in any way I thought fit, but all for expenses incurred as I have named.

Question. Was the money given you by the ward committee or treasurer expended in paying men for distributing ballots?

Answer. I was a member of the ward committee, and the money I got from the treasurer of the committee went that way; the ticket distributors get \$5 per day.

Question. Were the services of those men at the polls given equally to all the other democratic candidates at that election?

Answer. Yes, the whole democratic ticket for Congress and for all other offices voted for at that election.

Question. Is it not usual for all parties at every election to employ and pay men to attend the polls and distribute ballots to voters?

Answer. Certainly, it is the custom. Every party does it.

Question. Have you ever known larger sums to be paid to the men than \$5 per day?

Answer. Not for that business.

Question. Are not larger sums given to efficient men who are competent to solicit votes?

Answer. There may be.

Question. Did not Mr. Williamson have men similarly engaged at that election in different districts of the eighth ward?

Answer. Yes, and Mr. Walbridge.

Question. Do you know how much they received, from their statement?

Answer. I think \$3 apiece. Four or five men of my company were working the American ticket, and I think they told me they got \$3.

Question. By the American ticket you mean Mr. Williamson?

Answer. Yes. I gave \$5 to a man named Brown to distribute democratic tickets and he voted for Williamson; he told me so.

Question. How many men were thus employed in the eighth ward by Mr. Williamson?

Answer. He had boxes at all the districts; about the same as others, I suppose so.

Question. Do you know anything concerning the election of 1858, so far as Mr. Sickles was concerned, which was illegal or improper?

Answer. Not to my knowledge.

Question. Were any offers made to you shortly before the election of 1858 to leave Mr. Sickles and support Mr. Williamson for Congress, and if so, what were the offers, and by whom made?

Answer. There were offers made for me to support Mr. Williamson, and offers likewise to support Mr. Walbridge. As I was coming through Beekman street a gentleman by the name of Preston—I think

he is in the employ of Mr. Williamson—I think he is in that office, foreman or something—says “You’re just the man I wanted to see, Jack. Has your brother been to see you?” (My brother is a machinist, and does work for Mr. Williamson and all the printers. He has a place in Ann street.) I said “No; what about?” “Mr. Williamson is a candidate for Congress and would like to have your support.” I stated to him I was a very warm friend of Mr. Sickles, and was going to support him. He wanted to know if there wasn’t any inducement he could offer for me to support Mr. Williamson that campaign; he was a nice man, &c. I told him not; if there was any other man, with the exception of Mr. Sickles, running I might talk to him. He said he was sorry; he knew I was a good worker up there in the ward; he knew I could help Mr. Williamson, if I would. That’s about the sum and substance of the conversation. I gave him to understand that I was going to vote for Mr. Sickles; bade him good bye and left.

In regard to Mr. Walbridge, the parties who spoke to me were Henry and Benjamin Wood and a Mr. Thompson, a gambler. Mr. Thompson got in debt all around the ward and did not pay up; had open account in porter-houses and did not settle up. Several young men in the ward Thompson had hired to distribute tickets, &c., he was to give \$10 per day; he forgot to pay them.

Mr. Thompson offered me \$200 to support Mr. Walbridge, and to make me chairman of a meeting for which they afterwards got H. N. Wild; he stated to me he was going for Walbridge to get his son as a cadet in West Point.

Question. Was any inducement made or pecuniary offer by the friend of Mr. Williamson?

Answer. I have stated before.

Question. Did not Mr. Sickles inform you before you received an appointment in the custom-house that Mr. Schell was opposed to him, and that his (Mr. Sickles’s) friends must not expect to receive appointments from the collector?

Answer. Yes, sir; that was in conversation when I was an applicant for the situation of inspector of fire apparatus. I wanted Mr. Sickles to try to get me that situation from Mr. Cooper, street commissioner, and if he couldn’t get that, a place in the custom-house, or anything else he could get me to do, and he then stated he had no influence with Mr. Schell.

Question. How long before the election was this conversation you had with Williamson’s foreman or the Mr. Preston?

Answer. A week or about.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Do you know that Mr. Preston was in Mr. Williamson’s employ?

Answer. I have heard so. I have seen him about the building. I don’t know otherwise.

Question. How long after the election had you this conversation with Sickles about a place in the custom-house?

Answer. It was before the election, two or three weeks. It was in the course of conversation. I never made any direct application.

Question. How many election districts were in the eighth ward at that time?

Answer. I think eleven; six on one side and five on the other; might have been twelve.

Question. Were all the members of engine company 11 residents of the third congressional district?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel as reopening the matter.]

Answer. I think not.

Question. How do you know that Mr. Williamson had men employed in the eighth ward?

Answer. I don't know that Mr. Williamson had direct—I mean the party. I knew of none directly employed for Mr. Sickles, but for his party. The men I employed I employed by authority of the ward committee, and was ordered to hand in the bills to them, which I did and they were paid—money given to me, and I paid them.

JOHN WILDEY.

The above witness, John Wildey, was on August 27, 1860, duly sworn before Charles H. Smith, a commissioner of deeds and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

Adjourned to August 28th, instant, at 11 a. m. (After Mr. Williamson's counsel withdrew his affidavit marked *Exhibit, Williamson, August 14*, by consent, the witness having been examined last aforesaid.)

NEW YORK, *August 28*, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents, and Mr. Williamson and Mr. Sickles personally.

EDWARD ROCHE, a witness for Mr. Sickles, was duly sworn:

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your occupation?

Answer. No. 4 Hamilton street. Liquor business, at No. 31 Depeyster street.

Question. Did you keep the place in Depeyster street in November, 1858?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Were the polls of the fourth election district of the first ward held at that place?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Were you there during the day and evening?

Answer. Part of the time.

Question. What part of the evening?

Answer. Most part of while they were canvassing; went occasionally in the yard or street.

Question. Did you see the canvassers repeatedly while canvassing the tickets that evening?

Answer. I was not inside where the canvassers were, but in the room and saw them.

Question. Was there at any time within your knowledge any disturbance, *violence*, or threats used towards the canvassers or either of them?

Answer. I did not see any, not to my knowledge; there might be some noise.

Question. Did you see or hear of any pistols, knives, or other weapons being used or exhibited that evening?

Answer. Not to my knowledge.

Question. Do you know William Stokley?

Answer. I know a man by that name.

Question. Was he one of the canvassers in that district that evening at your house?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did you hear from him any protest or objection to the manner of conducting the canvass or making up or signing returns?

Answer. I don't remember any. I was not very often inside that room.

Question. Did you observe the condition of Mr. Stokley personally, and can you speak of it at this length of time as to sobriety, or whether he had been drinking or not?

Answer. I have known Mr. Stokley to drink on the same day, I saw him drink that night, he had been drinking pretty freely.

Question. In your judgment, before the canvass was over were his *faculties* clouded by drink?

Answer. He had taken plenty; not exactly overpowered, so far as I know.

Question. Did you see in that room during the day or evening a man by the name of Williams?

Answer. I saw a man by the name of John H. Williams.

Question. Was he the only person of that name whom you saw there and whom you know?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you know whether Mr. Stokley is acquainted with John H. Williams?

Answer. I have known Mr. Stokley and Williams to be acquainted. I have heard them speak to each other as familiarly as any two men acquainted. I have heard Mr. Stokley call Mr. Williams by his first name.

Cross-examination.

Question. Where was this canvass held, in what part of the building?

Answer. First floor, back room.

Question. In rear of the bar-room?

Answer. In rear of the bar-room.

Question. How did you get into that room?

Answer. Through the bar-room.

Question. Was the poll held at the same place that day?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Was there a crowd in the room where the canvass was going on?

Answer. Some 14 or 15, no great crowd, not much more, perhaps less; there was plenty of room for more; I mean there could not have been more than ten in the canvassers' room; plenty of room in the bar-room for more.

Question. Was the canvassers' room pretty nearly filled up?

Answer. Pretty nearly full, it would not have contained more than was in it.

Question. Where were you most of the time that evening?

Answer. Most of the time in the bar-room, occasionally in the yard or street, and sometimes in the canvassers' room.

Question. Were you engaged in tending your bar that evening?

Answer. Yes, sometimes.

Question. How many times were you in the canvassers' room, as near as you can remember?

Answer. I can't remember.

Question. Did you remain there much of the time?

Answer. I don't remember how long I remained there.

Question. Were you there the greater part of the time?

Answer. I was more in the bar-room than in the canvassers' room.

Question. Was there drinking going on at the bar on that evening?

Answer. Yes, sir.

Question. Could there not have been objection made to the manner of conducting the canvass and signing the returns without your hearing it?

Answer. There could.

Question. Could there not have been pistols or knives drawn without your seeing it?

Answer. There might. I did not hear of any; while I was in the canvass room I never saw anything of the kind.

EDWARD ROCHE.

The above witness was, on the 28th of August, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,

Commissioner.

WILLIAM KENNY, being duly sworn on behalf of Mr. Sickles:

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your occupation?

Answer. 31 Depeyster street; a stevedore.

Question. Were you one of the canvassers *at* the election in November, 1858, in the fourth district of the first ward?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Who were your associates?

Answer. Mr. Coffey and Mr. Stokley.

Question. Who received the keys of the ballot-boxes from the inspectors that evening?

Answer. I did, our chairman received them, and gave them over to me to open the boxes.

Question. Did you unlock and open the different boxes preparatory to counting the votes?

Answer. I opened various boxes as chairman, called them off from the book, and dumped them out on the table.

Question. Did any person stand in a position where they could put their hands under boxes as you turned them over on the table?

Answer. No, sir; no person could put anything near the box, as I unlocked the box and turned the mouth down on the table.

Question. Did you see any man in that room that evening by the name of Williams?

Answer. Yes, sir; a John H. Williams.

Question. Was there any other person there of that name to your knowledge?

Answer. Not to my knowledge; I know there was none; I think I knew all the persons there.

Question. Did John H. Williams in any way interfere with or handle any of the ballot-boxes that evening?

Answer. No, sir; not the ballot-boxes.

Question. Did Mr. Stokley make any objection to the mode of conducting the canvass that evening, and if so, what?

Answer. Well, I will tell you what he did: When we went to the judiciary box we had an overbalance of between 23 and 26 tickets in that box; Mr. Stokley felt satisfied to put all the tickets back into that box, and blindfold one man and draw the excess of tickets out, to be destroyed; Mr. Stokley appointed me to draw the tickets; I put my hand behind my back and stood at the table, and had drawn either 23 or 26 of these tickets, the excess for which the poll-list called; Mr. Stokley was the man himself who destroyed them, we put all the tickets into the box except those destroyed, and put them out on the table, and I did not know what tickets were destroyed; counted the tickets first without looking at them.

Question. Did you then proceed to canvass that box?

Answer. Yes.

Question. In canvassing it was it discovered that some of the tickets undestroyed were for representative in Congress and not for the judiciary?

Answer. Yes, we found some for representative which did not belong to the judiciary box, but we had to count them according to the book, as I understood the law.

Question. What did you do with those in that box for representative in Congress?

Answer. We counted them for representative in Congress.

Question. When you had got through canvassing were the returns made up and signed by the canvassers'?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did Mr. Stokley make any objection or protest against signing those returns?

Answer. No, sir ; he never said a word about it.

Question. Were there any threats made or violence used towards Mr. Stokley about that or any other matter?

Answer. No, sir ; not while I was there.

Question. Were any pistols or knives drawn or exhibited, or any threatening attitude assumed by any person?

Answer. I saw no knife or pistol or anything to trouble any one in that room that evening.

Question. Could any threat of personal violence have been made or threats towards Mr. Stokley without your knowing it?

Answer. No, sir ; could not say an angry word without my knowing it.

Question. Do you know whether Mr. Stokley was acquainted with the Mr. Williams you saw in the room?

Answer. Yes ; I have seen them drink together in election times, and have heard them call each other by name ; have heard Mr. Stokley call him John H. Williams, on that very night of the canvass several times.

Question. Did you notice whether Mr. Stokley drank freely that evening, and if so, what was his condition in point of sobriety?

Answer. Mr. Stokley drank with me and I drank with Mr. Stokley ; I think he drank pretty freely that day ; the night of the canvass I saw him drink several times.

Question. Did you ever hear Mr. Stokley address Williams by name of John?

Answer. I have heard him call him John H. Williams and John Williams. I am well aware that he knows him as well as I do.

Question. How long have you known him?

Answer. I think I have known him, say, 13 or 14 years. I don't say Mr. Stokley has known him so long, but he might have known him one year and be as well acquainted ; they were acquainted for three or four elections.

Cross-examination.

Question. Do you know Mr. Stokley's name?

Answer. I don't know exactly, I think William Stokley ; we have been canvassing together three or four years.

Question. Where did the ballot-boxes stand when you opened them?

Answer. They stood right behind the place that was rigged for the canvassers to go inside where no one could have any connexion with them.

Question. Where did you open the boxes?

Answer. Inside of the place, where we had a table, and the boxes were in a corner of the room ; the chairman read off from the book,

and I opened the box as he read and shook out every ticket that was in it on the table, opening the box on the table.

Question. Where did the table stand?

Answer. The table stood, say, one foot from the partition, which was one and a half or two feet broad ; the partition was where the ballot-boxes stood during the voting.

Question. Which side of the table did the canvassers sit?

Answer. The canvassers sat on three sides of the table ; nobody sat on the side of the table next to the partition or platform.

Question. After you had added the votes you had found in the judiciary box for member of Congress to the votes for member of Congress found in the Congress box, did the whole number of Congress votes exceed the number the Congress poll-list called for?

Answer. I think they did, some few votes ; we were short in the Congress box in the first place.

Question. Did the returns as you made up and signed them show more votes than the poll-list called for for Congress?

Answer. I think there was a few votes over.

Question. How many, as near as you recollect?

Answer. I can't say exactly.

Question. How many ballots for member of Congress you found in the judiciary box did you add to the number you found in the Congress box?

Answer. I think it was 22, 23, or 26 ; I can't exactly say.

Question. Was there any difference of opinion among the canvassers as to whether they should be added to the votes for member of Congress, or not?

Answer. No, sir ; Mr. Stokley felt satisfied, and Mr. Coffey and I felt satisfied ; we all agreed that they should be added.

Question. Did you request Mr. Stokley to sign the returns after they were made up?

Answer. No, sir ; there was never such a remark made in the room ; never a word spoken.

Question. What time did you get through with the canvass that evening?

Answer. Something about two o'clock a. m.

Question. Who were those ballots for that you found in the judiciary box for Congress?

Answer. Mr. Sickles.

Re-direct.

Question. With whom, if any question arose, did Mr. Coffey usually side in the board of canvassers, you or Mr. Stokley?

Answer. Mr. Stokley.

Question. Where is Mr. Coffey now?

Answer. I think at No. 56 or 156 Maiden lane ; he keeps his place there. I have not seen him in six months.

Question. Have you heard that he had gone to Europe?

Answer. No.

WILLIAM KENNY.

The above witness was, on the 28th of August, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner*.

EDWARD ROCHE recalled for Mr. Sickles :

Question. Do you know who Mr. Coffey, one of the canvassers, supported for Congress at the election of 1858?

Answer. To the best of my opinion, Mr. Walbridge ; I understood so. I have heard Mr. Coffey is in Ireland.

EDWARD ROCHE.

Sworn and subscribed as before stated.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner*.

WILLIAM KENNY recalled for Mr. Sickles :

Question. Do you know who Mr. Coffey supported for Congress at the election of 1858?

Answer. Mr. Walbridge ; and he asked me if I wouldn't vote for him.

WILLIAM KENNY.

Sworn and subscribed as before stated.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner*.

WILLIAM JENNETT being duly sworn for Mr. Sickles :

Question. Where do you reside and what is your occupation?

Answer. I reside at No. 6 Carlisle street, and am a coachmaker.

Question. Were you one of the canvassers of the third election district of the first ward at the November election of 1858?

Answer. I was.

Question. Did you act as chairman of the board?

Answer. Yes, and took charge of the boxes, and opened them, and announced the result.

Question. Did you announce, after canvassing the Congress ticket, the result publicly on the evening of the election?

Answer. After the number of votes was made, as to each of the candidates, I announced the result publicly.

Question. Did you announce that result precisely as you signed the returns?

Answer. Yes ; we couldn't do anything else.

Question. Have you seen the returns since you have been in this room?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Are they correct?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you know Mr. Coffey, who was one of the canvassers of the fourth district?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you know whether he is in the city now?

Answer. I don't believe he is in the city.

Question. How long has he been absent?

Answer. I have not seen him in near six months—say, four or five months.

Cross-examination.

Question. Did the number of votes returned for member of Congress in that district correspond with the *number* called for by the poll-list?

Answer. No, there were three over and above—three more than the poll-list called for.

Question. Are those three additional votes included in that return?

Answer. No. All the tickets were put back in the box and shook up. I did it myself. A man put a handkerchief across his eyes—he was one of the canvassers—and put his hand in and took out three tickets, which made the votes in the box correspond with the poll-list; two of those drawn were Sickles tickets and one Walbridge. I examined them when drawn out; and so did all three canvassers. We were anxious to see what they were.

Question. And did your return, as you finally made it, correspond with the poll-list?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did you compare them to see?

Answer. Of course.

Question. Did you compare the vote for each officer on return with the poll-list for that office?

Answer. Yes, and they corresponded in every instance.

Question. What number of votes did the poll-list of that district show for member of Congress?

Answer. 399; I always have kept a memorandum.

Question. Did any person call upon you in regard to this canvass the day after the election?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Is this "*Williamson, August 28,*" a duplicate return of the votes of that district?

Answer. Yes; signed by myself and the other canvassers.

Question. Is this duplicate of the poll-list kept there?

Answer. I think it is. The two clerks are strangers—I don't know the handwriting—I can't tell.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Was there in any other instance than the congressional ticket an excess over the number called for by the poll-list?

Answer. Yes; in almost every instance—and we always did the same. It is seldom we find the boxes correct. In one box there was an excess of four or five; sometimes there are more, sometimes less.

Question. Have you been canvasser or inspector of election in your ward before?

Answer. Yes ; both before and since in one or other capacity, and elected or appointed for the last five years.

Cross-examination.

Question. Did you in all cases of excess of votes destroy a number to make them compare with the poll-list?

Answer. Yes ; in every instance—had a very fair man along with me, J. C. Morrison.

Question. Did you find a deficiency of tickets in any box?

Answer. In several ; in one box, I can't exactly say ; but I think a deficiency of one in one box, that was all that I recollect.

WILLIAM JENNETT.

The above witness was, on the 28th of August, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

Further examination of witnesses adjourned, by consent, to August 29, at 11 a. m.

NEW YORK, *August 29, 1860.*

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents, whereupon, on the part of Mr. Sickles, JONATHAN W. ALLEN was sworn as a witness :

Question. Where do you reside and what is your occupation?

Answer. I reside at No. 60 West 38th street ; and am commissioner of taxes and assessments for the city and county of New York.

Question. How long have you held that office?

Answer. I have been in that employment ten years to last April.

Question. Do you know Mr. Amor J. Williamson, the contestant in this case?

Answer. I do.

Question. Can you speak from an examination of books in your office, and say whether Amor J. Williamson has paid any tax on personal property during 1857, 1858, and 1859, or either of them?

Answer. Mr. Williamson's name does not appear on our books as paying any personal taxes during those years. He does pay taxes on real estate—I mean he did in those years.

Question. Have you any personal knowledge of his place of residence in 1857 and 1858?

Answer. I could not say where Mr. Williamson resided ; I was never in his house till last year, and that at a funeral of his child. He then resided in Pearl street, I think, a door or two above Beekman. It was last fall—I can't say the month.

Cross-examination.

Question. Is Mr. Williamson one of the commissioners of taxes and assessments in this city?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel, as it can be proved by record.]

Answer. He is.

Question. How long has he held that office?

Answer. I think about five years—four or five years last January.

Question. Was he one of the aldermen of the city of New York before he was appointed to that office?

Answer. He was.

Question. Can you tell what real estate he paid taxes on in 1858?

Answer. He leases lot No. 22 Beekman street, and he owns improvements *and* pays the whole tax thereon; and in 1858 he paid tax on house in 33d street, Boorman Place, and last year he paid taxes on lot in 34th street.

Question. Do any of the tax commissioners pay taxes on personal property?

Answer. I do not, for I am largely in debt. I don't know whether Mr. Brown does or not.

Question. Who are the commissioners of taxes and assessments in this city besides yourself and Mr. Williamson?

Answer. Josiah W. Brown.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Do you know whether Mr. Williamson does military duty in this city, or pays the commutation tax?

Answer. I do not.

Question. Do you know his age—is he under the age of forty-five?

Answer. I should think he was.

Question. What is the salary of commissioner of taxes and assessments?

Answer. \$3,500 a year.

Question. Are there any persons nominally holding the position of clerks in that office who are also clerks in Mr. Williamson's newspaper establishment at 22 Beekman street?

Answer. I don't know of any.

Question. Have any such persons held office in the tax commissioner's office who were clerks in the Dispatch office?

Answer. There was a clerk in our office who came from Mr. Williamson's office—he did not remain with us long. His name was Street. I don't know that he was clerk with Mr. Williamson while he was with us.

Cross-examined.

Question. Did this Mr. Street perform all the duties required of him while he held that office?

Answer. I should think he did; he was a very competent man, and did his work very rapidly.

JONA. W. ALLEN.

The above witness was, on the 29th of August, 1860, duly sworn before Charles H. Smith, a commissioner of deeds and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

Adjourned to August 30, 1860, at 11 a. m., by consent.

AUGUST 30, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents; but, no witnesses appearing, the further examination of witnesses is adjourned until the 31st of August, instant, at 11 a. m.

AUGUST 31, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents.

The attorney for Mr. Williamson produces affidavit of service of subpoena on Gershon Cohen, a witness, and on William L. Ellsworth, another witness, and of their default.—(*Williamson, August 31, A.—Williamson, August 31, B.*)

No witness appearing, the further examination is adjourned until September 1, 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 1, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents; whereupon LEVI LEONARD was sworn as a witness on behalf of Mr. Williamson.

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your business?

Answer. My office is at 82 Broadway; I room at 58 Whitehall; *my* business is clerk for Alvah Beebe, a real estate broker, at 82 Broadway.

Question. Were you one of the poll clerks of the fourth election district, first ward, on 2d of November, 1858, at the election then held?

Answer. I was.

Question. Do you remember of votes for member of Congress being found in the judiciary box at that canvass?

Answer. I think there was.

Question. What was done with those congressional ballots so found in the judiciary box?

Answer. I think they were laid aside, as votes were frequently, to count in their proper places.

Question. Were they counted for member of Congress?

Answer. I think they were.

Question. Was there any objection made by either of the canvassers to their being so counted?

Answer. No, I think not; my impression is that there was not. There were two canvasses made of the congressional box. The tickets

for members of Congress in the judiciary box were laid aside and *counted* in the first canvass of the congressional box.

Question. Did you make entry of "*under protest*" on returns opposite number of votes given to Daniel E. Sickles?

Answer. Those words are in my handwriting. The mark was made there as to the final canvass, and not as to that particular vote.

Question. Did any one request you to make that entry?

Answer. I do not know of any particular request, and there was a good deal of conversation and dispute about it. On further reflection I am inclined to think that Mr. Stokley, one of the canvassers, requested me to make some minute, but there was much noise and confusion and disturbance at the time.

Question. Was there any objection on the part of either of the canvassers to sign the returns as made up?

Answer. There was ; a good deal of dispute about the correctness.

Question. What part of it was there a dispute about the correctness of?

Answer. On the second canvass of the congressional box there was a large excess found of the votes in the first canvass ; the dispute was, how they were to be disposed of. In the first place, a fierce dispute arose about the correctness of canvassing said box the second time ; in the canvass of the box the first time there was a deficiency of votes to make up the number called for by the poll-list. In the second canvass an excess of some twenty-four votes exceeding the poll-list, and there was a dispute about the propriety of adding those votes on the final canvass. I don't remember how it was settled ; my impression was that it was allowed in the returns.

Question. Which box was canvassed first—judiciary or Congress?

Answer. Congress ; then judiciary and Congress taken up again ; such are my impressions.

Question. Do you remember which of the canvassers objected to votes being counted in re-canvass, and which insisted on its being done?

Answer. I think Mr. Stokley objected, but I think he signed, nevertheless ; but there was so much confusion at the time that I can hardly remember.

Question. Do you remember if either of the canvassers insisted on the votes being counted in re-canvass?

Answer. I think one did very pertinaciously, and one seemed to be indifferent about it.

Question. Which one insisted?

Answer. Kenney. Mr. Coffey did not seem to take much interest in it. Mr. Coffey, the chairman, seemed to be pretty much stupified and broken down ; he had attempted to keep order, and had been overborne, and seemed to give up.

Question. Are you acquainted with the handwriting of Mr. Coffey?

Answer. No ; I don't think he could write at all ; I have seen him attempt to write, and get some one else to do it for him.

Question. Do you know whether Mr. Kenney did sign the returns himself?

Answer. No. I know the signature to the returns is not his.

Question. Do you remember whether Mr. Kenney remained till the close of the canvass that night.

Answer. I think so.

Question. Were there any threats of violence made towards Mr. Stokley, one of the canvassers, that night?

Answer. Well, there were threats made against all of them. I don't know if more particularly against him. I did not fear it. I thought it was all talk; outsiders, three or four, pretty well loaded with liquor, and abusive.

Question. Did the outsiders interfere in the dispute as to whether these votes should be counted or not?

Answer. There was a good deal of dispute between the outsiders and canvassers as to whether to allow these congressional votes; one or two of the outsiders went so far as to threaten violence if these were not allowed.

Question. Was there considerable of a crowd of persons in the room?

Answer. There was considerable of a crowd in the room outside of the partition, behind which the canvassers sat, till late in the night, when they thinned off.

Question. About what time did you get through with the canvass?

Answer. Betwixt three and four o'clock—near four; after four when I got to my lodgings.

Question. A good deal of drinking going on?

Answer. There must have been or they couldn't have got so drunk; drinking going on as if in the same room, outside of the space where the canvassers were.

Question. Liquor was sold in the room in front of where the polls were held while the voting was going on during the day?

Answer. There was; not so much during voting as during canvass.

Question. Was Mr. Stokley intoxicated so as not to be able to attend to his duties during the night?

Answer. He was not. He was very attentive during the day and early in the evening, but about nine dropped to sleep occasionally. I don't think it was owing to intoxication, we walked home together and he seemed perfectly straight.

Question. Did you observe Mr. Kenny drink any that evening?

Answer. Several times during the day and evening, I can't name the time particularly.

Question. Is this book "*Williamson B*," one of the poll-lists kept there that evening?

Answer. It is; part of it is in my handwriting.

Question. Do you know who Mr. Kenny supported for Congress at that election?

Answer. I don't know.

Cross-examination.

Question. You say that Mr. Stokley was very attentive during the day; what were his duties during the day?

Answer. He was one of the inspectors; no, he was one of the can-

vassers in the evening ; he was about there a good deal in the day, in and out.

Question. What time did his duties commence as canvasser ?

Answer. At sundown.

Question. You say you saw Mr. Kenny drink several times in the day and evening, had he any duties during the day ?

Answer. I think he was one of the inspectors ; he was about there during the day I am sure.

Question. What was Mr. Coffey doing ?

Answer. I don't recollect seeing him about there during the day ; he was one of the canvassers ; all these men were strangers to me except Kenny ; I knew Mr. Stokley by sight ; Mr. Coffey was an entire stranger.

Question. Did Mr. Stokley live in the same house with you ?

Answer. No ; Mr. Stokley lived in Wall street ; he walked all the way home with me and then walked back.

Question. Did he drop asleep frequently after 9 or 10 o'clock ?

Answer. Yes, a number of times ; he appeared to sleep ; he said he wasn't asleep.

Re-direct.

Question. Did this sleep continue for a long time ?

Answer. He would drop asleep for a few minutes, a minute or two, awake most of the time.

LEVI LEONARD.

The above witness was, on the 1st day of September, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, notary public, an officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner.*

WILLIAM L. ELLSWORTH, another witness on behalf of Mr. Williamson, being sworn :

Question. Where do you reside ?

Answer. Eighty-seven Madison avenue, and have no business at present ; and have business, but not in New York at the present time.

Question. Where were you in October and November, 1858 ?

Answer. I resided in New York, 96 Prince street, in 8th ward.

Question. Did you at that time know Daniel E. Sickles ?

Answer. I did.

Question. Did you, previous to the election of 1858, in November, have any conversation with him in regard to aiding him to secure his election to Congress at that election ?

Answer. I did.

Question. About how long before that election ?

Answer. Some time before ; a month before the election, before the State election I mean.

Question. Did he offer you any inducement to support him at that election for Congress?

Answer. I had a conversation with Mr. Sickles about taking an active part in his election. I was an applicant for official appointment, government appointment, and I requested his influence, which he promised me. That's the inducement.

Question. Did he promise you that on condition that you would use your influence to secure his election?

Answer. Yes.

Question. What were the words he used in regard to getting you the appointment?

Answer. I don't recollect the exact words.

Question. Repeat them as near as you can.

Answer. Well, I told Mr. Sickles I was an applicant for the appointment, and he told me he would assist me on those conditions—that I was to use my *best* endeavors to secure his election and he would assist me.

Question. Did you have any communication more than once with him in regard to this matter?

Answer. More than once—several times.

Question. Were those communications verbal or written?

Answer. I think both. I wrote letters to Mr. Sickles and received answers and saw him personally.

Question. Was this promise to assist you verbal or in writing?

Answer. I think in both.

Question. Did Mr. Sickles in any or either of the letters or conversations say that if you would do your part towards securing his election you should have an agreeable consular appointment?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel as leading and improper in form ; in which objection the commissioner coincides.]

Answer. He may have said that, or something of that sort.

Question. Did you undertake to assist Mr. Sickles in securing his election at that time?

Answer. I did.

Question. What did you do to further that object?

Answer. I did all in my power.

Question. Did you employ other persons to aid you?

Answer. I did.

Question. What persons?

Answer. I don't recollect ; there were so many.

Question. Were they a great many?

Answer. Yes.

Question. About how many?

Answer. Near two hundred.

Question. What were they employed to do?

Answer. Different parts ; to distribute tickets ; tend to polls ; employed to do all they could to secure Mr. Sickles's election—all of them.

Question. Were all of them employed to attend the polls or distribute tickets?

Answer. They were all employed to distribute tickets,—nor all to attend poll.

Question. Was that all they were employed to do?

Answer. All employed to help Mr. Sickles's election, every way possible; some stayed at poll, and some hunted up voters for Mr. Sickles.

Question. Did you employ a young man named Eustace Fisher?

Answer. I had such a man writing for me a week previous to the election. I had a sort of headquarters, and had him to stay there when I was not in and tend to all business there was to do.

Question. Was he employed to aid Mr. Sickles's election?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. He was employed to aid me.

Question. In the matter of the election of Mr. Sickles?

Answer. Yes. To do whatever writing I had to do, and could not do.

Question. What writing was he doing there?

Answer. Various kinds; whatever I had for him to do.

Question. What did you have for him to do?

Answer. I don't recollect; it is so long, several different kinds; taking names of persons I employed, and whatever necessary.

Question. Was he employed a portion of the time to make up a list of persons who had been residents and voters, and were no longer so?

Answer. I don't recollect.

[Said question objected to in time by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Question. Did you have such a list made up?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I don't recollect; I may have had such a list made up.

Question. Did you have a list made up of persons who had been residents and voters of such congressional district, and were no longer so?

[Objected as aforesaid by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I answer as before; I don't recollect; I may have had.

Question. Did you have persons employed to furnish you the names of persons who had been residents and voters of such congressional district, and were no longer so?

Answer. I think it is possible I did. I think I did have two or three furnishing me that information at the time. I recollect I did have persons so employed in the 8th and 5th wards.

Question. For what purpose did you have those names procured?

Answer. I don't recollect what it was for, it is so long since.

Question. Did you pay the men you employed to assist you in aiding the election of Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I did, every one of them.

Question. Where did you obtain the money to pay them?

Answer. The money was given to me to pay them.

Question. By whom was it given to you?

Answer. A portion of it by Mr. Sickles.

Question. How much of it by Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I could not recollect exactly, at present.

Question. About how much?

Answer. I suppose about six or seven, perhaps eight hundred dollars.

Question. For what did you use that money?

Answer. I answered it; I used it for different purposes; for tickets, paying men for work, men at polls, &c.

Question. Did you use any of it for any purpose but what you have mentioned?

Answer. I may have used it for other purposes; I don't recollect precisely.

Question. For what other purposes?

Answer. I don't recollect.

Question. When did you pay the men you employed at the polls?

Answer. I paid some on the day of election and some next day; the day after election I paid one hundred and sixty-five dollars to men I employed at the polls.

Question. Did you pay any money to any one to induce them to vote for Mr. Sickles at that election?

Answer. I don't recollect whether I did or not. I may have done it and may have not; I paid money to get in votes for Mr. Sickles, that was what I was employed for to do, I suppose.

Question. Did you employ any persons who were not voters in the district to vote for Mr. Sickles?

Answer. No; I don't think I did. I don't think I employed any one directly to vote for him, certainly I don't think I did; I may have held out various inducements for persons to vote for Sickles, but I never offered any money directly.

Question. Was there, to your knowledge, any part of the money received by you from Mr. Sickles used to procure illegal votes for him?

Answer. Not that I know of.

Question. Do you know whether there was or not?

Answer. I can't swear to that; I can't swear anything as to other persons. I don't know what others do with their money.

Question. Did you pay any part of this money to persons who were not residents and voters in that congressional district?

Answer. I may have done so.

Question. Were there, to your knowledge, any illegal votes given for Mr. Sickles at that election?

Answer. Not to my knowledge.

Question. Did you request or employ any persons not residents of the district to come into the district that day for the purpose of voting for Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I decline to answer that question.

Question. Why do you decline to answer that question?

[Mr. Sickles signifies his full assent to witness answering the question and the previous one.]

Answer. I decline to answer the question. Mr. Sickles has never interfered with my answering any question. I have never exchanged a word with him in my life.

Question. Do you know of persons who were not residents or voters

in the district coming into it with the avowed and express purpose of voting for Mr. Sickles?

[Mr. Sickles's counsel objects to the form of the question, but not as to the scope of inquiry.]

Answer. I decline to answer that question.

Question. Do you know of such persons being paid money, and that money being furnished by Mr. Sickles?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel as before.]

Answer. I don't know about Mr. Sickles furnishing money for such purpose as that.

Question. Do you know of such persons being paid money on that day?

Answer. I don't recollect.

Question. Do you know if there were voters brought into the district and colonized, as it is called, in the interest of Mr. Sickles?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Was it not generally understood among the friends and supporters of Mr. Sickles that such was the fact?

Answer. I don't know what others understood, I did not.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel objects to the question in time.]

Question. Did you have an interview with Mr. Sickles shortly before the election in presence of Mr. Johnson, Edwin F. Johnson?

Answer. I know a man named Ed. Johnson; I don't recollect whether I had an interview with Mr. Sickles in his presence or not.

Question. Was he one of the persons employed by you to aid you in Mr. Sickles's interest?

Answer. I believe I talked to him about it two or three times; I think he was one.

Question. What did you employ him to do?

Answer. I don't recollect; but to get all the votes he could for Mr. Sickles.

Question. How much did you pay him?

Answer. I don't recollect.

Question. Did you give him any money to use in obtaining votes for Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I did.

Question. How much?

Answer. I don't recollect; I recollect giving him something once or twice.

Question. Do you know a man named Andrew Cliker?

Answer. I do.

Question. Was he one of the persons employed by you to aid Mr. Sickles?

Answer. Yes; he was.

Question. What did you employ him to do?

Answer. I don't recollect the particular thing.

Question. Do you recollect anything that he was to do?

Answer. He was to help Mr. Sickles all he could; to get all the votes he could for him.

Question. How much did you pay him?

Answer. I recollect I gave him money once or twice ; I don't recollect the exact sum.

Question. Did you give him any money to use in obtaining votes for Mr. Sickles ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you remember how much ?

Answer. I don't recollect the exact sum.

Question. Do you know a man by the name of Michael Norton ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Who did he support for Congress at that election ?

Answer. He supported Mr. Sickles.

Question. Was he an active partisan of Mr. Sickles ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. In what ward did he reside ?

Answer. Eighth ward.

Question. Did you know Andrew Hines, or Himes ?

Answer. Very well.

Question. Who did he support for Congress at that election ?

Answer. Mr. Sickles, so he said.

Question. Was he an active partisan of Mr. Sickles ?

Answer. Yes ; 5th ward.

Question. Do you know where he is ?

Answer. He is very sick ; he is out of the city.

Question. Have you not stated to any person that you got a large number of illegal voters to vote for Mr. Sickles at the 1st, 3d, 5th, and 8th wards of that district at that election ?

Answer. No.

Question. Have you not stated that you got a large number of illegal votes for Mr. Sickles at that election ?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel as to form, not to substance, of inquiry.]

Answer. I would like to know to whom I have made such statement.

Question. Did you not so state to Thomas H. Fisher for one ?

Answer. Not lately ; I don't recollect ; I have not seen him for a long while.

Question. Did you not so state to him in the winter or spring succeeding the election ?

Answer. I don't recollect exactly. I recollect having some conversation with him ; I don't recollect the exact nature of it.

Question. What was the subject of that conversation ?

Answer. I don't recollect what the subject of conversation was ; I recollect having conversation with him.

Question. Do you recollect having a conversation with him about Mr. Sickles's election ?

Answer. Yes ; I think I did.

Question. What was said in that conversation by you in regard to that election ?

[Mr. Sickles's counsel objects, it not appearing that Mr. Sickles was present, or had authorized any communication by witness to Mr. Fisher.]

Answer. I don't recollect what I said, it is so long ; I recollect part of it, but not so as to connect it particularly with this case.

Question. Do you recollect anything that was said by you as to whether Mr. Sickles was or was not properly elected ?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, as before.]

Answer. Mr. Fisher said to me previous to the election that his party had no candidate in the field, and that he was favorably disposed towards Mr. Sickles, and that is what made me place any dependence on him. His son was at headquarters as clerk for me. He warmly advocated Mr. Sickles's election, and this conversation after election occurred from the fact of previous conversation. My opinion is that he may have spoken of Mr. Sickles's election as illegal. I can't say what I said.

Question. Do you remember anything that you said in that conversation to Fisher on that subject ?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel, as before.]

Answer. I recollect that I was a little miffed about something, not having got an appointment, and I don't recollect what I said.

Question. Do you remember saying to Mr. Fisher on that occasion that you got more illegal votes for Mr. Sickles than he had plurality by the returns ?

Answer. I think something of the kind was said by him ; I don't recollect what I said.

Question. Did you or did you not, in that conversation, make such a statement to Fisher ?

[Mr. Sickles's counsel objects that the question is of cross-examination, and as having been answered twice, and to the whole course of this examination.]

Answer. I recollect something was said about illegal voters, and that I was there at the time ; I don't recollect what I said exactly.

Question. Have you not repeatedly stated to persons that you knew of a large number of illegal votes having been given for Mr. Sickles at that election ?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I don't recollect.

Question. Have you not made statements to that effect repeatedly ?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, as having been already answered.]

Answer. I decline to answer that question.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel desires that witness should answer.]

WITNESS. I have answered that question.

Question. Why do you decline to answer that question ?

Answer. Because if I should answer it might make me liable to criminal prosecution. I don't know what I said.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel requests the commissioner to instruct the witness that he would not be liable to any criminal prosecution for answering the question he declines to answer, whether in affirmative or negative.

The commissioner advises the witness accordingly.]

The witness still answers "he don't recollect what he said himself."

Question. Were there not to your knowledge a large number of illegal votes cast for Mr. Sickles in the 5th and 8th wards at that election?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, as having been already substantially put and answered.]

Answer. I decline to answer that question.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel requests, and the commissioner gives, similar instructions as in last case.]

Witness persists in declining to answer.

Question. Were there not arrangements made by you, or under your direction, to procure a large number of illegal votes for Mr. Sickles in those wards?

Answer. I decline to answer that question.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel requests, and the commissioner gives, similar instructions as in last case.]

Witness still declines.

Question. Why do you decline?

Answer. For good reasons—my own, and nobody else's.

Question. Were you not during that canvass in almost daily communication with Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I think I saw Mr. Sickles about every day.

Question. Was Mr. Sickles fully apprised and aware of everything you did to advance his interest?

Answer. No; I don't think he was of everything I did.

Question. Did you not communicate to him from day to day what you had done for him?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. Not everything.

Question. Were you, in what you did in that canvass, acting as the agent of Mr. Sickles?

[Mr. Sickles's counsel objects to this, that contestant may give proof of facts tending to prove that witness was the agent of Mr. Sickles, but cannot ask the question directly.]

Answer. I answered that question before. I was the agent of Mr. Sickles; I said so before.

Cross-examination.

Question. You have stated in your direct examination that before the election of 1858 you were an applicant for an appointment under government, and desired the aid of Mr. Sickles in your behalf; did you then state to Mr. Sickles that Mr. Toucey, the Secretary of the Navy, was a personal friend of yours, and would favor your appointment, and did Mr. Sickles thereupon promise that he would co-operate with Mr. Toucey in your favor?

Answer. I don't recollect.

Question. Do you recollect a conversation similar to that?

Answer. I do; I don't recollect how it commenced.

Question. Had you formerly at any time acted with the American party?

Answer. Nothing very decided; nothing I know of particularly.

Question. Do you recollect stating to Mr. Sickles that you had some influence with some of that party who were dissatisfied with Mr. Williamson because of his then recently formed connexion with the republican party?

Answer. It seems to me I did ; I recollect that perfectly well.

Question. Was not Mr. Williamson, previous to 1858, identified with what was called the American party?

Answer. I don't know whether he was or not. I don't know him.

Question. Was not such his general reputation, *i. e.*, political?

Answer. I believe he was. I have no means of knowing.

Question. Was Mr. Henry Farrington also a candidate for Congress at that election?

Answer. Yes.

Question. He was identified with the American party?

Answer. I believe he was ; so represented to me.

Question. Was he identified with that section of party who were dissatisfied with Mr. Williamson because of his accepting the republican nomination?

Answer. I was so informed.

Question. Did you have charge of the movement in favor of Mr. Farrington as a candidate with the view that it would draw off the votes of those Americans, who would otherwise vote for Mr. Williamson?

Answer. I did.

Question. Did you call on Mr. Sickles in company with Mr. Farrington a few days previous to election?

Answer. I saw Mr. Farrington and Mr. Sickles a few days previous to election.

Question. Did you make an appointment with Mr. Farrington to meet him at Mr. Sickles's quarters?

Answer. I don't recollect.

Question. But you did so meet him?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did Mr. Farrington state to Mr. Sickles in your presence that he felt indignant at what he called the betrayal of the American party by Mr. Williamson, *and* that he would like to run for Congress if he could afford to pay the necessary expenses, such as printing, getting up meetings, &c., so that those Americans who were opposed to Mr. Williamson might have a candidate in the field?

Answer. I don't recollect his exact words, but Mr. Farrington was to run, and something said like that.

Question. Did he state to Mr. Sickles that he was too poor to pay for such expenses, and asked to have a portion of them defrayed by Mr. Sickles and he would run, or to that effect?

Answer. Yes, he was to run if Mr. Sickles paid his expenses. He was too poor to run.

Question. Did Mr. Sickles ask to have an estimate in writing of the probable expense of the campaign on the part of Mr. Farrington?

Answer. I think he did.

Question. Did you upon consultation with Mr. Farrington make out such statement?

Answer. I made out the statement, but don't know whether on consultation with Mr. Farrington.

Question. That estimate included the whole congressional district?

Answer. I won't be certain, I think so.

Question. Look at the paper now produced; is that the paper?

Answer. I think this is the paper I made out. This estimate I gave to Mr. Sickles; Mr. Sickles and his friends, principally himself furnished this money, and about three hundred dollars more.

Question. This money in said exhibit was disbursed for Mr. Farrington?

Answer. Yes, and principally by me; partly through me and partly by others.

Question. Do you not recollect that afterwards your estimate of the expenses was too small, and that you had afterwards to apply for more from Mr. Sickles, and render bills for the same upon the statement to Mr. Sickles that the sums set opposite to the items on the last exhibit proved insufficient to meet the expenditures for such items.

Answer. I do.

Question. Was not that money all expended in paying the items mentioned in this estimate and the increased expense of them?

Answer. Yes, it was.

Question. Was any portion of it expended by you for the purpose of obtaining any illegal votes?

Answer. No.

Question. Do you know the fact, and, if so, state it, whether any person employed and paid by you during that campaign used any of the money which you paid to them in procuring illegal votes at that election, or in illegally influencing any legal voters?

Answer. I decline to answer that question.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel asks commissioner to instruct witness that he may answer the question without compromising himself, and commissioner so does.]

Answer. No person ever paid me a dollar to influence any legal voter. I know the fact that they did do it. I don't understand the question, and want it read again

[Question is read again.]

Answer. I should like to decline to answer that question.

[Commissioner instructs witness, at request of Mr. Sickles's counsel, that witness may answer fully without in any way compromising himself or subjecting himself to criminal prosecution.]

Witness still declines.

Question. What do you mean, then, by saying "that you do know the fact?"

Answer. I decline to answer.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel asks for same instruction, and commissioner gives it.]

Witness says he can give a reason why he declines. I do not wish to compromise any friend of mine by any act of mine regarding any statement I may make.

Question. What fact specified in the preceding question do you know?

Answer. I decline to answer that.

[The said question having been by Mr. Sickles's counsel repeated, and attention called to whether he knew the fact *that* any of the money paid by him to any one had been employed illegally.]

Answer. I decline to answer that question.

Question. Do you decline to answer that question as to the money you have testified to have received from Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I say, as to those moneys in said estimate, that they were not applied in procuring illegal votes or in illegally influencing legal votes.

Question. Do you answer the same as to the three hundred dollars additional to the estimate?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did you receive any money from Mr. Sickles, to be disbursed for election purposes in 1858, except those you have mentioned in your direct and cross-examinations?

Answer. I did not.

WILLIAM L. ELLSWORTH.

The further cross-examination of this witness is adjourned to the 3d September, instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., by consent of parties and at the request of the witness.

SEPTEMBER 3, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their counsel and agents, and Mr. Sickles in person.

Whereupon the witness, WILLIAM L. ELLSWORTH, was further cross-examined.

Question. Do you know the fact, and, if so, state it, whether any person employed and paid by you during the election campaign of 1858 used any of the money which you received from Mr. Sickles and paid to them in procuring illegal votes to be given for representative in Congress in the third congressional district or in unlawfully influencing legal voters.

[Objection by Mr. Williamson's counsel as having been put and answered.]

Answer. I don't know how I can answer that question; it is hard for me to tell what they did with any money that I may have given them, except from their report to me.

Question. How many persons were in your employ at that election?

Answer. One hundred and seventy-five to two hundred, as near as I recollect.

Question. Were they distributed among the different wards of the third congressional district?

Answer. Yes.

Question. About how much was paid to each according to your recollection, and in what sums?

Answer. I can recollect that one hundred and thirty-four of them were paid five dollars each; the balance of them were paid different sums more than that, ranging from twenty dollars upwards.

Question. How much was the largest sum paid to any one you employed?

Answer. I cannot recollect exactly. I gave fifty dollars in gold in one sum at one time to one person.

Question. Will you state the names of persons to whom you paid sums of twenty dollars and upwards?

Answer. I decline to do that for reasons of a confidential nature between them and myself.

Question. Will you name any one of them?

Answer. I can't consistently do it with my obligations of confidence.

Question. Will you name the person to whom you paid the sum of fifty dollars?

Answer. I decline to do that.

Question. How many persons were there altogether to whom you paid sums of twenty dollars and upwards?

Answer. About ten, as near as I can recollect.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel asks that the witness may be instructed that he can answer all these questions put this day without implicating himself or others, and that therefore it is his duty to answer; to which the commissioner assents, and gives such instructions.]

Answer. I would not like to undertake to answer those questions from recollection. If I had known of them, I might have had memoranda here, and be able to explain them to the satisfaction of all. I could not from recollection.

Question. Have you answered these questions as fully as you can from recollection?

Answer. I think I have, from my present recollection.

Question. You have stated that you were a candidate for a consular appointment under the government before the election of 1858; did you receive such appointment, and, if so, at what time?

Answer. I received an appointment on April 18, 1859.

Question. Had you not felt a good deal of disappointment in not sooner receiving an appointment?

Answer. Yes, sir, I had.

Question. Under that sense of disappointment did you not frequently, from December, 1858, use expressions that were derogatory or hostile to Mr. Sickles in the course of conversation?

Answer. I never used a hostile expression in regard to Mr. Sickles in my life, but the contrary.

Question. Did you ever make any unguarded statements in regard to that election which were induced by a feeling of disappointment or vexation?

Answer. Not to my recollection.

Question. In your direct examination you stated that at the time of your conversation with Thomas H. Fisher and others, you were a little miffed or disappointed. Will you please to explain that?

Answer. I would like to hear that question and answer read.

[Question and answer read to witness.]

I was not excited or prejudiced against Mr. Sickles; it was more against others.

Question. Did you not, in consequence of that feeling, make use of

expressions in regard to the election and the occurrences thereof which you probably would not otherwise have done?

Answer. If I have made use of an expression regarding the election, I should not have done so without I was disappointed or vexed.

Question. Did the disbursements that you made for Mr. Sickles's election include printing tickets, posting and printing handbills, erection of stands for tickets, employment of men to attend those stands, expense of holding several Farrington meetings, and folding of tickets, advertising, &c., all forming part of the Farrington organization?

Answer. Those items of expense I paid, and all formed part of the organization of Farrington, and nothing to do with Sickles's printing or Sickles's organization.

Question. Do you recollect that of money so advanced to you \$165 was paid by you at the Phoenix Hotel; was not that money paid to men whom you employed to attend the polls for Farrington?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Were not the one hundred and thirty-four persons whom you paid \$5 each employed as a part of the Farrington organization?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Were not the other persons to whom you paid sums of \$20 and upwards also thus employed as a part of the Farrington organization?

Answer. I decline to answer that question.

Question. With what organization were those other persons connected?

Answer. Both. For benefit of Mr. Sickles and for benefit of Mr. Farrington. All operated for both.

Question. Can you further specify by stating which ones of these other persons were attached to Mr. Sickles's organization exclusively?

Answer. They were for benefit of both.

Question. Will you name any one of the persons so employed who was attached to both organizations?

Answer. I can do so, but would like to be excused. I would not like to name one without naming all. If I had known of the question, I could have got my memoranda. I don't want to name anyone.

Question. Will you produce the memorandum containing the names of the persons?

Answer. I will do so if in my power. I am not positive that it will be. I will name some ones, but I may not be able to give residences, nor name them all—

One man named James McIntire, a plumber, Varick street.

Andrew Clarker. I think in Varick street. Don't know his business.

Henry Dean, eighth ward. Did live in Spring street, but has removed.

Mr. Eaton, lived in Prince street, a sporting man.

Several others I would not like to mention.

A man named Johnson—Edward or Edwin Johnson—a sporting man; lived in Broome street, eighth ward.

Question. Are those all whom you can name?

Answer. No ; not all.

Question. Will you give the names of others ?

Answer. I decline.

Question. Do you decline because you employed men to do any illegal acts ?

Answer. I do. (Witness says he answered that question without reflection ; that he should have said he declined to answer.)

Question. State what sums you paid to the several persons you have now named.

Answer. James McIntire, as near as I recollect, \$12 ; paid to him the morning of election ; in two sums—\$10 and \$2.

Andrew Clarker about \$35, as near as I recollect. \$20 in one sum and the balance in small sums ; paid day before and day of election.

Henry Dean. I wouldn't undertake to say how much I paid him. Don't recollect if over \$20, but think not ; probably not near half that.

I gave Mr. Eaton \$30 at one time, and don't recollect what I gave him at others. The \$30 was not paid until, I think, two or three days after election ; but arranged for the evening before election. In addition to the \$30 I paid him nothing of any amount, not to exceed \$5 ; something about a wagon.

E. Johnson. I don't recollect what I paid him. I paid him in small sums, and can't recollect the amount or when ; from the week before election to a day or two after.

Question. Can you state in what district Mr. McIntire lived at that time ?

Answer. He worked in Leonard street, fifth ward ; in Varick street, eighth ward, and fifth ward. I mean politically. I don't know where he lived, but in Varick street, in the eighth ward.

Question. Where was Henry Dean employed politically ?

Answer. Eighth ward, somewhere in Washington street, but I won't be positive.

Question. Where was Eaton employed politically ?

Answer. All around in fifth, third, and eighth wards.

Question. Where was Johnson employed politically ?

Answer. All around fifth, third, and eighth wards.

Question. Where was Clarker employed ?

Answer. At every poll in the congressional district, in the five wards, from 8 o'clock a. m. till after the votes were counted at night.

Question. What was Mr. McIntire employed to do ?

Answer. Going about to see that others attended to their business.

Question. What was Andrew Clarker employed to do ?

Answer. He was employed to help me aid Mr. Sickles's election, and also about Farrington's election.

Question. Was he employed to go about in a horse and wagon to see if the ticket men were at posts and electioneering men were busy ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. What was Henry Dean employed to do ?

Answer. They were all employed to help me in Mr. Sickles's election as much as possible. I could not give their particular employ-

ment. Don't recollect without memoranda. This answer applies to E. Johnson.

Question. Do you know of any person or persons whose vote was obtained illegally for Mr. Sickles, and if so, state who such person or persons were?

Answer. I can't answer that question. I decline to answer that.

Question. Why do you decline?

Answer. I don't wish to give any reasons.

Question. Do you know of any person or persons who voted for Mr. Sickles at that election who were not entitled so to vote, and, if so, state the name of such person or persons?

Answer. I decline to answer that question.

Question. Why do you decline?

Answer. I prefer not to give you any reason for declining.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel asks that witness be instructed by commissioner that he may answer the two preceding questions without implicating himself, and that it is his duty to do so; to which the commissioner assents. Having so substantially instructed the witness several times—]

Question. After such instruction do you wish to make any further answer?

Answer. No.

Question. Did Mr. Sickles request, employ, or authorize you to do any act for the purpose of obtaining any illegal vote or votes to be given for him at said election, or illegally influence any legal voter?

Answer. No, sir.

Re-direct examination.

Question. You spoke of meeting with Mr. Sickles and Farrington; at whose instance did you meet with them in regard to Mr. Farrington being a candidate?

Answer. At Mr. Sickles's.

Question. Who employed you to take charge of the arrangements for the campaign for Mr. Farrington?

Answer. Mr. Sickles.

Question. Were the men you employed in the Farrington organization employed to work for him exclusively?

Answer. No; I think I stated to them whenever an opportunity occurred they were to help Mr. Sickles; it was a general understanding; it was also stated to them by Mr. Farrington.

Question. Did you employ men at all the polls in the district to distribute tickets for Mr. Farrington?

Answer. I did. I mean in the 3d congressional district—in the five wards.

Question. How many votes did Mr. Farrington get?

Answer. I don't recollect.

Question. About how many?

Answer. A few, very few, if any; very few, if any, returned.

Question. Were not the men you have mentioned employed to do everything in their power for Mr. Sickles primarily?

Answer. Every man I employed was to do all he could for Mr. Sickles. I wouldn't employ any man that wouldn't.

Question. How many public meetings were held in behalf of Mr. Farrington in this district?

Answer. Three, I think.

Question. Are you certain that there was more than one?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, as being in the nature of cross-examination.]

Answer. I am certain that there was more than one; two certain, and I think three.

Question. Were the moneys you received from Mr. Sickles under the estimate shown at last meeting, and the three hundred dollars additional, all the money you received from him to be used at that election?

Answer. No; there was a little more received from Mr. Sickles.

Question. Was it not understood between you and Mr. Sickles that the money received from Mr. Sickles, under the estimate and the \$300 additional, was to be used primarily for Mr. Sickles's election?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, that counsel should ask for facts, and not the understanding of witness.]

The commissioner decides that the question must be answered.

Answer. It was understood that the money received from Mr. Sickles was to be used for his election.

Question. You stated that among the men employed by you was one Eaton, for what was he employed?

Answer. I have answered that question, and decline to answer it more pointedly than I have done.

Question. Was he not employed to obtain for you a list of names of persons who had been residents and voters of the district, but had ceased to be so; and did he not furnish such a list?

Answer. I decline to answer what he was employed for.

Question. Did he not furnish you a list of persons who had been residents and voters of the district, but had ceased to be so?

Answer. I believe he furnished to me a list of names, and I decline to answer any further than that.

Question. For what purpose was that list of names obtained?

Answer. I decline to answer.

Question. Did those other persons employed by you furnish you a list of names?

Answer. Yes, lists of names were furnished me by other persons.

Question. Were those names the names of persons who had been residents *and* voters, and had ceased to be so?

Answer. One list was a list of names of men to stay at the polls—that's all my answer.

Question. Was there more than one list of names?

Answer. I answered on Saturday as near as I can recollect, my answer is the same now. I believe there was—might have been two—might have been half a dozen.

Question. Were not some one or more of those a list of persons who had been residents and voters of the district, but had ceased to be so.

Answer. I don't recollect what it was.

Question. For what purpose were those lists of names, other than of men to attend the polls, obtained.

Answer. I don't know. I can't recollect that.

Question. Do you know Mr. Gershon Cohen, of the 8th ward?

Answer. Yes, I know him.

Question. Whom did he support at that election?

Answer. Mr. Sickles.

Question. Was he an active partisan of Mr. Sickles?

Answer. He took a very active part in the election.

Question. Did you consult with Mr. Sickles about the employment or payment of the men you employed, or any of them?

Answer. Yes, I did.

Question. Did you, in your conversation with any parties after this election in regard to it, make any statements that were untrue?

Answer. I did not.

Cross-examination.

Question. In your direct examination you stated that you considered yourself Mr. Sickles's agent: do you mean that you were his agent for any other purpose than to superintend the employment of persons, and to pay them, connected with the Farrington organization?

Answer. I certainly expected I would do all I could for Mr. Farrington and for Mr. Sickles's ticket; also, I was not to go for one and against the other.

Question. Was any other particular duty assigned you in that election than indicated in the last question?

Answer. Not to my recollection.

Question. How many persons on the average were employed in the Farrington organization for each election district poll?

Answer. I don't recollect that—say about two.

Question. Where did you have the Farrington headquarters?

Answer. 90 Prince street.

Question. Was young Fisher employed there?

Answer. He was.

Question. Had you any other quarters than those at 90 Prince street?

Answer. I think I had.

Question. I mean quarters hired or occupied by you for election purposes at that election?

Answer. I think I had.

Question. Where were they?

Answer. Brandreth House, 5th ward, Phoenix House—these were all.

Question. Do you mean that you resorted to those places, or do you mean that you hired or occupied those apartments regularly for purposes connected with the election?

Answer. Yes, I hired and resorted to them.

Question. What apartments did you hire in Brandreth House for political purposes?

Answer. One room on the first floor of the hotel, first above the office, and at Phoenix Hotel one room on the second floor front.

Question. In your re-direct examination you have stated that you received from Mr. Sickles additional money beyond the seven or eight hundred dollars which you had already testified receiving : how much additional did you receive, and when and where was it paid ?

Answer. I don't recollect the exact amount, part paid at Sickles's headquarters, corner of Broadway and Park Place.

Question. And where was the rest paid ?

Answer. Seems to me in Pine street.

Question. Before or after the election ?

Answer. Both.

Question. How much before ?

Answer. I don't recollect, they were both small sums.

Question. Do you not know that it is usual at elections in this city for persons connected with the several political organizations, and the partisans of the several candidates, to prepare lists of persons heretofore voters in the different election districts, and who have ceased to be voters in such district ?

Answer. I think it is.

Question. Have you not assisted yourself to prepare such lists, or employed persons for that purpose ?

Answer. I think I have.

Question. Are not these lists furnished to the challengers of the different parties who attend the polls of the respective precincts, in order to detect illegal voters ?

Answer. I think they are.

Question. In your direct examination you stated that you gave money to Andrew Clarker to use in obtaining votes for Mr. Sickles. Do you mean to say that such money was to be used by Mr. Sickles's authority or knowledge, or by your instructions, for any illegal purpose ?

Answer. Mr. Sickles never told me to use any money for any illegal purpose.

Question. Did you not inform Mr. Sickles that Mr. Farrington was desirous of running for Congress as the straight-out American candidate, before the interview between Mr. Farrington and Mr. Sickles, at which you were present ?

Answer. I think I did ; I am not certain ; I don't recollect ; I know there was some talk of it. I had suggested some one else ; in a conversation I had suggested others who declined running, and then Mr. Farrington, whose name was mentioned, came up, probably suggested by me.

Question. Did you not introduce Farrington to Mr. Sickles at his headquarters, Broadway and Park Place ?

Answer. It may be possible I did ; I think I did.

Question. Did you not go to Farrington and make the appointment at which he met Mr. Sickles ?

Answer. I certainly did.

Question. After that interview did you not have frequent daily interviews with Farrington, in reference to the different movements in the canvass in his behalf ?

Answer. I did.

Question. Besides the interview you have spoken of, do you remember any other interview, previous to the election, between Farrington and Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I don't remember any.

Question. Did it not become apparent on the day of the election, and *the* day previous, that it would be impossible to rally a vote on Farrington as a separate candidate; and was it not then determined that his supporters, as far as possible, should be advised to support Mr. Sickles directly as the best means of defeating Williamson, against whom their chief opposition was expressed?

Answer. It was.

Question. Is it in this way that you have accounted for the small vote received by Farrington?

Answer. That's the way I accounted for it.

Re-direct examination.

Question. At what time did Mr. Farrington become a candidate?

Answer. I don't remember; it was very late; it was before the Saturday previous to the election.

Question. Had you not been acting as the agent for Mr. Sickles in that election before Mr. Farrington became a candidate?

Answer. I had been for a long time doing all I could for Mr. Sickles, but not in any particular manner other than in obtaining all the votes I could for Mr. Sickles.

Question. Was not your employment by Mr. Sickles generally to assist him in every way and not in any particular manner?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did not Mr. Sickles instruct you to get all the votes for him you could, and agree to give you money to pay the expense of so doing?

Answer. I was to do all I could for Mr. Sickles's election, and if there was any expense about it, of course he was to pay it.

Question. Were the lists of names you have spoken of obtained for the purpose of being furnished to the challengers at the polls?

Answer. Not that I recollect, particularly; I don't recollect particularly how it was.

Question. Was not the name of Mr. Farrington used as a mere cover on behalf of the operations of Mr. Sickles?

Answer. Certainly; it was used for Mr. Sickles's benefit.

Question. To what political party did you then and do you now belong?

Answer. Democratic party, then and now.

Cross-examination.

Question. Did you not belong to the American party previously?

Answer. I did not directly belong to it.

Question. Were you not identified with the American party previously?

Answer. I was slightly—with their nomination.

Question. Were you not a member of a club organized in the third congressional district to promote the success of their candidates?

Answer. I was a member and an officer of a club organized in that district to promote the success of an individual—as a national club, composed principally of the friends of the man, among whom were a large number of persons connected with the American party, and others, and who supported Mr. Buchanan for President in 1856.

Question. Was not the person of whom you speak a prominent member of the American party?

Answer. Yes; both of that and the national or old line whig organization. But now I believe he is a democrat, and supports Mr. Douglas.

Question. Did you receive previous to the Farrington movement, and besides what was furnished for that purpose, any money from Mr. Sickles, except to pay for advertising and other incidental expenses connected with the attempt previously made to bring forward a straight-out American candidate?

Answer. Not to my knowledge.

WM. L. ELLSWORTH.

The above witness was, on the 3d of September, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner*.

Adjourned to to-morrow, the 4th of September, at 11 a. m., by consent.

SEPTEMBER 4, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents; and Mr. William Stokley appeared for further cross-examination, but the attorney for Mr. Sickles not being yet present, he left; whereupon GERSHON J. SEIXAS was sworn for Mr. Williamson:

Question. Where do you reside?

Answer. No. 84 Christopher street.

Question. Do you know Gershon Cohen, of the eighth ward?

Answer. Yes, sir.

Question. Did you know him at the time of the congressional election in November, 1858?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you know of Mr. Cohen's paying any money to secure the election of Mr. Sickles to Congress at that time?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Did you ever state to any one that you did know that fact?

Answer. No.

Question. Do you know William Perego, now present?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did you ever state to him that Mr. Cohen paid five thousand dollars to secure Mr. Sickles's election, or words to that effect?

[Counsel for Mr. Sickles objects.]

Answer. No.

Question. Do you remember having a conversation with him on the subject?

Answer. I have no doubt; but with so many I cannot swear to it.

Question. Do you remember anything you may have said to him on that subject?

Answer. I don't remember anything.

Question. Were you a partisan of Mr. Sickles at that election?

Answer. No; I did not live in his district, and if I had I do not know that I should have voted for him.

Question. Do you know the fact that Mr. Cohen was an active partisan of Mr. Sickles at that time?

Answer. I do not know the fact, but I have no doubt that he was.

Question. Did Mr. Cohen ever tell you or say that he expended a large sum of money to support Mr. Sickles's election?

[Exception by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. Mr. Cohen did tell me that he had spent money, but did not tell me how much. This was after the election; and he had said that he had expended it on the election; but if I remember aright he did not mention Mr. Sickles's name.

Question. Did he tell you in what manner he had expended it?

Answer. No.

[Cross-examination waived.]

GERSHON J. SEIXAS.

The above witness was, on the fourth day of September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel having arrived, the further cross-examination of William Stokley was proceeded with.]

Question. You have said that the man Williams, while he had one hand on the board upon which the judiciary box was emptied, had hold of the chairman's hat with the other hand, and pulled it over his eyes. Which one of your associate canvassers was then acting as chairman?

Answer. Mr. Coffey; but I did not say that Mr. Williams's hand was positively on the board, but his hand was at the chairman's hat, and if the hand in the box was not his it was one in the same kind of coat. If I had been positive I would have had him arrested.

Question. What did Mr. Coffey say to this act of the man Williams?

Answer. I do not remember that he said anything.

Question. Have you long known that man Williams?

Answer. I cannot say that I properly know him now ; I only saw him on election day, and occasionally met him in the streets at other times.

Question. Do you know where he resides?

Answer. I do not.

Question. Do you know his first name?

Answer. I do not. I have not seen him since last at this examination.

Question. Do you know a man named Williams, who now lives at 5 Morris street?

Answer. No, sir ; if there is a Williams there I do not know it.

Question. Do you know a man of that name who from 1858 to 1859, and from May, 1859 to 1860, resided at No. 3 State street?

Answer. If there is a man lives there, and lived, by that name, I don't know it.

Question. Do you know a man of the name of Williams, who from May, 1857, to May, 1858, resided at No. 8 State street?

Answer. I don't know anything about the number ; if the man lived there I don't know it.

Question. What is your answer as to No. 2 State street, in the year previous?

Answer. I don't know any gentleman living in that house ; if Mr. Williams lives there I don't know it.

Question. Did you ever know a man named Williams who was engaged in the liquor business at No. 98 Wall street, some two or three years ago?

Answer. I don't remember it.

Question. Did you ever know a man of the name of Williams who was engaged in liquor business at 31 Depeyster street?

Answer. I don't know what the man's *name* is that kept the place ; I don't know him by that name ; if he is named Williams I don't know it.

Question. Was the man who keeps the place at 31 Depeyster street the man to whom you alluded as having hold of Mr. Coffey's hat?

Answer. I don't know who keeps the place ; I never saw that man at 31 Depeyster street, to my knowledge, acting as proprietor.

Question. Did you ever see him at No. 31 Depeyster street on any other occasion than the election?

Answer. I think not ; I never was there but once, except on election day, and then went to pay the landlord the rent for holding the election there.

Question. During your previous cross-examination did you not say, in answer to a remark of Mr. McIntire, the contestant's counsel, that you followed the business of looking up or looking after people, and that if employed you could find this man Williams, if you were well paid for it?

Answer. I think I did.

Question. How much would you charge to furnish the counsel for the sitting member with the full name and residence of this man Williams?

Answer. I should charge twenty-five dollars as a fee, and five dollars a day whether I found him or not; five dollars a day for time expended.

Question. How soon could you furnish that information if paid the fee?

Answer. Whenever I obtained it.

Question. Do you know John H. Williams, an inspector of customs, generally stationed at the Barge office?

Answer. I can't say that I do. I never saw a man in the Barge office that I knew by that name; nor any inspector of customs of that name, to my knowledge.

Question. About what hour did you conclude the canvass after the election?

Answer. I think in the neighborhood of four o'clock; it might have been later.

Question. Who was it that said you shouldn't leave the room alive if you didn't sign the returns.

Answer. It wasn't only one, but numerous ones, whose names I *can't* mention, as I didn't know the names of any except those immediately with me.

Question. Was Williams one of those who said it?

Answer. I wouldn't swear that he did, but he was one of the turbulent ones.

Question. Who besides Levi Leonard acted as poll clerk that day?

Answer. I don't know.

Question. It was not your son?

Answer. No.

Question. Did you receive any money from any person to be expended at that election?

Answer. I received whatever my portion was of what our American county association handed into the ward association of Americans.

Question. Did you receive any from Mr. Williamson?

Answer. No; nor did our association.

Question. How was the money disbursed which you received from the association?

Answer. Paying for posting bills, printing, and other little contingencies; room hire, &c.

Question. You say you have not seen Williams since your examination, have you seen him repeatedly since election?

Answer. Not repeatedly.

Question. How often should you think?

Answer. I think I stated before that I could remember seeing him twice.

Question. Do you know a man by the name of Williams whom you address familiarly, and who addresses you so?

Answer. This is the only one of the first ward.

Question. Do you ever call him John?

Answer. I don't remember ever hearing his first name.

Question. Did you ever charge that man of what you have here alleged against him?

Answer. No; not even to Supervisor Kennedy. I should not have disclosed his name here, except I was sworn to tell the whole truth;

and I don't know now that it was his hand that was down on the table on the tickets, but it was my impression that it was.

Question. Do you know John Graham, lawyer, corner of Broadway and Worth street?

Answer. I know him very well.

Question. Did you see him in the fourth district of the first ward on election day, November, 1858.

Answer. If I did I don't remember it.

Question. Do you remember his asking you how the election was going in that district, and your reply that Sickles was getting all the votes?

Answer. I don't remember. If he had asked me, however, knowing him to be warm friend of Sickles, I should probably have answered him so. I honestly thought at the time that Sickles was running better than he actually did, till towards night.

Question. Do you know William L. Wiley, now deputy surveyor, and formerly captain of police?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did you commence an action of slander against William L. Wiley?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Who was your attorney?

Answer. Mr. Holmes; I presume Robert D. Holmes.

Question. Was that action ever tried?

Answer. No; it is pending yet.

Question. What charges did he make against you on which you founded that suit?

Answer. He called me a "thief, and that it was his duty to send me to the State prison, and was going to do it," because he wanted to be alderman of the first ward and I chose to go for somebody else.

Question. Did he not plead the truth of the charges as his defence?

Answer. Yes; and the papers were all stolen out of court, and when the trial came on there were no papers to be found; they never have been found.

Question. Did he specify in his answer certain felonies of which he charged that you had been guilty?

Answer. No, he did not; if he did I don't remember it.

Direct examination.

Question. Did Wiley, or anybody else, send you to the State prison?

Answer. No, sir; I have never been able to get Mr. Wiley to try the suit; have been a good many years endeavoring to do it.

Question. To what party did this man Williams belong at that time?

Answer. To the democratic party; but I don't know which wing. I only know that he opposed us.

Question. Were the ballot-boxes, when emptied on the table, in reach of persons on the other side of the partition?

Answer. Yes.

Cross resumed.

Question. Describe the height of the platform on which the ballot-boxes stood during the day.

Answer. I should think, say, three feet nine inches. The ballot-boxes were up to my chin; the table on which the ballots were counted, say, two and a half feet high. I am about five feet eight inches in height. The tops of the ballot-boxes on the platform were, say, five feet high. The table narrow, say, two feet.

WILLIAM STOKLEY.

The above witness, William Stokley, was, on the 8th day of August, 1860, duly sworn by A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. He was then and at adjourned times examined before the commissioner, as above stated, and subscribed his name to his examinations.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner*.

Adjourned until to-morrow, the 5th September, at 11 a. m., by consent.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents; but no witness appearing, adjourned, by consent, to to-morrow, the 6th September instant, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents.

DANIEL F. TIEMANN being duly sworn on behalf of Mr. Sickles:

Question. Did you occupy any official position in this city in November, 1858, and if so, what?

Answer. Yes; I was mayor of the city.

Question. Were you called officially to the first ward on the day of election in November, 1858?

Answer. I was.

Question. Did you officially visit the first ward on election day accompanied with any police force; and if so, what occurred after your arrival?

Answer. Word came to me that there was a mob in the first ward. I gathered my squad of men at the hall, and I think sent to the 6th ward for more men, but am not positive. I went down there in a carriage to the Battery, directed the police force to meet me there, which they did; I think about thirty police. We came to the custom-house dock, or Barge office, and found a very excited mass of people; the pier was full, and they treated me very respectfully, but would not allow me

to do anything to preserve the peace. I could not tell what was said. I got down to the end of the pier and found a boat lying off a short distance—a steamboat; large number of persons on board of it; parties on shore throwing stones and other missiles to prevent the men on the boat from landing; the boat pushed off, and I understood the men on board, who were dressed as soldiers, went back to Governor's Island and some crossed to Brooklyn, and, I think, three soldiers came across in the ferry-boat. I got the policemen around the ferry landing, and as soon as the soldiers landed I got the police around them and we had a regular race for the polls; but on reaching the poll found it blocked up, and the mob determined that the soldiers should not vote. I did not know when I went down there who these men would vote for; but the men in charge of the soldiers were partisans of Sickles, and I considered their opponents those against Sickles. The poll was blocked up and kept so, and I don't think the soldiers voted.

Question. Will you state about the number of persons on the dock, when you arrived at the Barge office?

Answer. Several hundred; a great many were mere witnesses. Five hundred men were there, but not all participants.

Question. Will you state the number who participated?

Answer. I should think all of half that number.

Question. Will you state about the number of persons you found at the poll obstructing ingress?

Answer. Quite a mob; sidewalks and part of street full, for some distance above and below. I could not get near the poll door.

Question. Will you state the evidences of violence exhibited by the mob about the polls?

Answer. Shoving, pushing, and some fighting and blows, and all manner of language.

Question. Will you state what was said and done to prevent these men from voting?

Answer. I cannot state anything further; they could not get to the poll on account of the mob pushing and shoving. The police assisted me.

Question. Were this crowd obstructing the polls friends of Mr. Sickles or otherwise?

Answer. I cannot state, except that afterwards I found Mr. Sickles's friends attempting to get these men to the polls, and from this I judged that the mob were his opponents.

Question. Will you state the length of time occupied by you in attempting to quell disturbance and attempting to secure access to the polls?

Answer. I think I was there altogether at the dock and poll, say, two hours.

Cross-examination.

Question. About what time in the day were you sent for?

Answer. Late in the afternoon, say five o'clock, between four and five.

Question. How long did you get to the polls before they closed?

Answer. Not long; perhaps not fifteen to twenty minutes; I was there after the poll closed; when the poll closed everything was quieted down.

Question. Was the crowd and mob at the polls sufficient to prevent all from getting at the poll?

Answer. I think so; I don't think any one got in after I came there; I was there to secure access for every one.

Question. About how many soldiers went up to the polls with you?

Answer. I think three; I won't be positive.

Question. Was the first ward more turbulent than usual on election days?

Answer. I don't know; I was never in the first ward before, except last fall, when it was quiet.

Question. This dock, was it not under the charge of United States authorities?

Answer. I think it was connected in some way with the custom-house; there is a gate to it, or was then.

Question. Did these men who went up to the polls say for whom they intended to vote?

Answer. I did not hear them say.

Question. Who were the men who had them in charge?

Answer. I should not know them by name or if I saw them.

Question. Did you hear them say how the men they were taking to the polls intended to vote?

Answer. No; I heard nobody say how they intended to vote.

Question. Do you know whether the soldiers who went up to the polls with you were voters or not?

Answer. I do not know.

Question. Were not the friends of Mr. Sickles largely in the majority in the first ward at that time?

Answer. I don't know.

Question. Were you called to the first ward at any other time on that day.

Answer. No, not that I remember.

Question. Do you know to what party the men belonged who were keeping the soldiers from landing?

Answer. I do not know, but as I have said, I have seen some of the men before. John E. Enright was prominent.

Direct resumed.

Question. Did the soldiers express a wish to reach the polls to vote?

Answer. I don't think they did, except by running as hard as they could to the polls.

Question. State the number of men on board the boat driven back?

Answer. I can't say, all on board were not soldiers. I seem to think of two boats, one with a large number of soldiers and a few citizens, and another with only some fifty or sixty. I can't separate them, in either case there must have been fifty or sixty persons on board.

Question. Were you able with the force under your charge to so control the mob as to make it safe for persons to land from the boat?

Answer. No.

Cross-examination.

Question. You could have had a larger force if you had wanted?

Answer. I sent to the sixth ward, but the captain said he had his hands full and wanted me to come up to him. I think I sent elsewhere; when I got down to the first ward I had no opportunity or time to get more men, it was too late.

Question. Were the three men who went up to the polls injured in any way?

Answer. Not that I know of; there was no disposition on the part of the mob to injure any one, but to prevent them from reaching the polls.

DANIEL F. TIEMANN.

The above witness was, on the sixth day of September, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

JAMES H. WELSH being sworn as a witness for Mr. Sickles:

Question. Are you one of the police justices of this city?

Answer. Yes, and have been for eight years.

Question. Did you reside in the third congressional district in the year 1858?

Answer. Yes, and in the second ward.

Question. Were you favorable to the election of Mr. Williamson to Congress in that year?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Were you present at a meeting at the Astor House in this city shortly before the election, where discussion was had as to the best mode of defeating Mr. Sickles?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Was Mr. Williamson present at that meeting?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Was Mr. Walbridge present?

Answer. Yes.

Question. State what others were present.

Answer. Horace Greeley, Fernando Wood, Gideon J. Tucker, Andrew Blakely, a man named Bogue, and George A. Barney.

Question. Do you recollect any others?

Answer. I do not at present. Yes, Isaac Sherman.

Question. Can you state the political opinions, or state the democrats and the republicans of that gathering?

Answer. The democrats were Messrs. Wood, Tucker, Walbridge. I believe the remainder were republicans.

Question. What propositions were made, and by whom, for the purpose of defeating Mr. Sickles?

Answer. A proposition was made by Fernando Wood.

Question. What was the proposition?

Answer. His proposition came up after considerable conversation; that we had beat long enough about the bush, and we had met to defeat Mr. Sickles, and ought to show our sincerity by adopting some practicable plan of accomplishing that object.

Question. What was the plan given by Mr. Wood?

Answer. I think he proposed to leave it out to a committee; there were three opposition candidates: Williamson, Walbridge, and Blakely; and the proposition was that Williamson, Walbridge and Blakely should each select two men, who, together, should determine who the candidate should be. A proposition was made by Bogue or Sherman, subsequent to that, that the matter should be left to Horace Clark and George Briggs, who had just come out of a tight fix themselves, and ought to have understood all about such matters.

I don't remember any other proposition, or that Mr. Greeley made any specific proposition.

Question. On whose behalf did Mr. Bogue appear?

Answer. He was acting for Mr. Blakely.

Question. What action, if any, was taken on Mr. Wood's proposition?

Answer. No action was taken on any proposition; the caucus bursted up in a row. When Mr. Wood made his proposition that we had met there to defeat Mr. Sickles, it was objected that some did not come there for any such purpose; that is, they didn't come there to go into a joint operation to defeat Mr. Sickles; they had come there on invitation, and expected if anything was done that it would conduce to the election of the candidate representing their own political principles; and after considerable talk in that strain, Mr. Greeley said it was evident that the meeting *could* arrive at nothing, and the meeting virtually broke up; and after this virtual breaking up Mr. Bogue made his proposition, and I think Mr. Greeley said that after the remarks that had been made on Mr. Wood's proposition it was scarcely worth while to attempt to do anything further.

Question. Did Mr. Greeley make any suggestion as to how he thought the matter could be effected?

Answer. I don't recollect now that he did; I don't know but that the proposition I have attributed to Mr. Wood may have come from Mr. Greeley; I mean the proposition to select two on the part of each candidate.

Question. Was any objection made to such committee; and if so, by whom?

Answer. I think objection was made; I think I made objection to it.

Question. What was the ground of the objection?

Answer. The ground of objection to the whole proposition was, that the anti-Lecompton men who were there and objecting were not disposed to enter into any arrangement that would give the anti-Lecomp-

ton vote of the district to a candidate representing the Lecompton sentiment.

Question. Who issued the call for this meeting?

Answer. There were no printed circulars.

Question. On whose invitation did you go?

Answer. On Mr. Williamson's, who said he had been invited by—the invitation came from Mr. Greeley; Mr. Greeley was the first man there; I considered that Mr. Greeley called the meeting.

Question. Did Mr. Greeley state the object of the meeting after you assembled?

Answer. I don't know that he did formally state the object; the republicans were there first, and Mr. Greeley was asking questions as to the estimated strength of their candidates.

Question. What reasons, if any, were given why Mr. Walbridge should be adopted as the sole candidate against Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I do not remember; but it was said that the administration had not treated Mr. Walbridge well, and if he were elected to Congress the administration could expect nothing from him; that was stated by Mr. Wood.

Question. What reason, if any, was stated why they should adopt Mr. Williamson as the sole candidate against Mr. Sickles?

Answer. I do not remember; don't think that Mr. Williamson's claims were advanced in that manner publicly.

Question. Was it understood finally, formally or informally, that if the friends of the several candidates opposed to Mr. Sickles became satisfied during election day that neither could be elected if they all remained in the field, that the one appearing to be weakest should be withdrawn and the vote cast for the one who appeared to be strongest?

Answer. That proposition was made by Mr. Greeley just as the gentlemen were leaving the room; but I did not consider it to take the shape of an understanding in any sense; the parties representing interests there had very little confidence in one another, and seemed to be aiming at entirely different ends.

Question. Did Mr. Blakely run on election day as a candidate?

Answer. No.

Question. Why did it happen that he was not in the field?

Answer. He was considered to be a mere instrument for the election of Mr. Walbridge. He withdrew, or his tickets were not printed or circulated?

Question. How came he to withdraw?

Answer. I can't give the precise method.

Question. Was he a republican in politics?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did he withdraw in favor of Walbridge?

Answer. I so consider.

Question. Was any understanding had at that meeting or any discussion made as to preventing voters from Governor's island reaching the city?

Answer. Not that I remember; I think something was said on that subject about soldiers.

Question. Will you state what was said?

Answer. As near as I can ; there were persons going to vote who were not entitled to vote, soldiers.

Question. Did Mr. Wood state what measures he had taken, or would take, to prevent soldiers from the island from reaching the city?

Answer. I don't recollect what more was said on the subject.

Question. Did any one state that he had written to the Secretary of War on the subject, and to the commandant, and that measures would be taken to prevent the soldiers from voting?

Answer. I think there was something said about a communication with some department at Washington on the subject, but my recollection is not clear enough to answer the question any further.

Question. Was anything said as to what amount of money had been raised or could be raised to advance the election of Mr. Williamson?

Answer. Not that I remember.

Question. Was anything said as to what amount of money had been raised or could be raised to advance the election of Mr. Walbridge?

Answer. Not that I remember.

Question. Was any conversation had about having a number of men at the Barge office sufficient to prevent the landing of soldiers?

Answer. Not that I remember.

Question. Do you recollect whether Mr. Tucker made any proposition?

Answer. No, sir.

Cross-examination.

Question. Was not the object of the meeting you have spoken of to get Mr. Williamson out of the way, so that all could support Mr. Walbridge?

Answer. I so regarded it when I saw the parties together and heard them talk.

Question. Did the friends of Mr. Williamson who were there assent to it in any way?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Was it not said by yourself, or by some other friend of Mr. Williamson, that if they were to unite on either of the democratic candidates they would prefer Mr. Sickles to Mr. Walbridge?

Answer. There was something very much of that purport. General Walbridge was present, and therefore there was no direct preference expressed for Mr. Sickles, but reasons were given why he would be more acceptable to the parties who represented Mr. Williamson.

Question. Were not the friends of Williamson who were present at that meeting more friendly towards Mr. Sickles than to Mr. Walbridge, and did not they so express themselves?

Answer. I think they were. I was one of them. I felt so.

Question. Who was the candidate who represented the Lecompton sentiment you spoke of?

Answer. We considered they both represented it ; both Sickles and Walbridge. We considered them politically the same in that respect.

Question. Was there any arrangement or understanding arrived at that night, or at any other time, to your knowledge, by friends of Mr. Williamson and Mr. Walbridge, to co-operate in any way to secure the defeat of Mr. Sickles?

Answer. There was not to my knowledge. The republican interests that favored Mr. Walbridge were considered hostile to Mr. Williamson.

Question. Did not many of the friends, at this time, of Mr. Williamson support Mr. Sickles for State senator a year or two previous?

Answer. I do not know.

Question. Was the proposition made by Mr. Greeley as the meeting was breaking up assented to directly or indirectly by the persons present?

Answer. I think it was simply heard, and the parties went away without making any reply or saying anything about it. I don't know whether they all heard it.

Question. Was there any combined action at the time of election, or during canvass, by friends of Mr. Williamson and Walbridge, to defeat Mr. Sickles in any respect?

Answer. No, sir; not to my knowledge.

Question. Did you take an active part in that canvass?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Were you well informed as to the actions of friends of Mr. Williamson?

Answer. Yes; I was tolerably; I saw what they were doing.

Question. Was the conversation you speak about at the meeting, to prevent soldiers coming from Governor's island, not in respect to preventing illegal voting?

Answer. Yes; it had reference to something anticipated in the way of fraud. I don't know if it was soldiers from Governor's island the conversation related to. I think rather it related to sailors from the navy yard.

Question. Was there anything said about any measures being taken to prevent legal voters from voting?

Answer. No, unless in that connexion; all I know about it is what I said.

Question. Do you know where Mr. Williamson resided at the time of the election in November, 1858?

Answer. I think he resided in the 2d ward.

Question. Do you know if he has generally resided there for the past five or six years?

Answer. Yes, he has; I think he lived in Thirty-third street in this city within that time.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Will you state what republicans in the district advocated the uniting of all the opposition upon Mr. Walbridge to defeat Mr. Sickles?

Answer. It is difficult to answer that question. I mean those who favored that policy were John A. Kennedy and Andrew Blakely.

I don't know that I can name others; they seemed to represent parties in interest.

Question. Did Mr. Greeley announce his determination to advise all those opposed to the re-election of Mr. Sickles to unite on the man who should appear to be the strongest on election day?

Answer. My impression is that he did.

Question. Did Wood and Walbridge assent to that, or either of them?

Answer. I don't remember; I think it very likely they did; because I paid no attention. I did not consider their assent, under the circumstances, as of any importance, and probably paid no attention to it.

Question. Were you at the headquarters of Mr. Williamson on the night of the election?

Answer. I was where he was—at his office, No. 22 Beekman street, 2d ward.

Question. Was Mr. Walbridge or either of the Messrs. Wood present that evening?

Answer. Yes, I think Mr. Benjamin Wood came in.

Question. Was Mr. Benjamin Wood a very active partisan of Mr. Walbridge?

Answer. I presume so, but have not seen him in that canvass; don't know of my own knowledge; presume he was.

Question. Whereabouts in the 2d ward has Mr. Williamson lived the past four years?

Answer. 293 Pearl street.

Question. Has he lived in any other part of the ward in that time?

Answer. Yes, in hotels in the ward.

Question. What hotels, and what portions of time?

Answer. I know he has lived in hotels, (in Savery's,) but can't give the time.

Question. Was that while he had his residence at 293?

Answer. I don't know.

Question. Was Savery's Hotel a mere eating and lodging house?

Answer. It was kept on the European plan; families boarded there; occupied rooms, and took their meals in the saloon.

Question. Did Mr. Williamson's family reside there?

Answer. I do not know.

Question. Was it principally patronized by persons in the neighborhood as a mere eating and lodging house?

Answer. It was what might have been regarded years ago as a mere eating and lodging house; now it is a hotel like the Brevoort House.

Question. Do you mean to say it was of the same character as the Brevoort House?

Answer. Kept in the same way; probably not as expensive a house.

Question. Would you rank it as a hotel in class for families?

Answer. I hardly know how to classify it; in regard to cleanliness of place and honesty of keepers, I regard it as the first; it was a modest, unpretentious temperance house; it was a hotel for families.

Question. Were you acquainted with any family who made it their residence there?

Answer. No; I saw families there; but did not personally know them.

Question. Do you know whether Mr. Williamson has in the last four years had any other residence in the 2d ward than 293 Pearl street and Savery's Hotel?

Answer. Not that I remember.

Question. Do you speak of his residence from general reputation and understanding?

Answer. Yes; and from what I have seen.

Question. Do you recollect of his having resided or lodged at 291 Pearl street.

Answer. No.

Question. Do you know whether he lodged in the same building where his printing office is?

Answer. I do not.

Cross-examination.

Question. Did the friends of Mr. Williamson assent to the proposition that they should unite the opposition to Mr. Sickles on the strongest candidate?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Do you remember at what time Mr. Williamson resided at Thirty-third street in this city?

Answer. I do not; I think it must have been in 1857?

Question. Have you been intimate with him for the last four or five years, and been acquainted with his residence?

Answer. I have been intimate with him.

Question. Has he during the last four or five years taken an active part in politics in the 2d ward at nearly every election?

Answer. He has been intimately identified with the politics of that ward during that time.

Question. Do you know whether he has generally claimed and exercised the right to vote there?

Answer. Well, I do not know that I ever saw him vote at any time; I have no recollection of ever seeing him vote.

Re-direct.

Question. Are you acquainted with the family of Mr. Williamson?

Answer. No, sir.

Question. Did you ever visit his house in Thirty-third street?

Answer. No.

Question. Did you ever see his family at Savery's?

Answer. No; I never saw his family but once, and that was when he lived on Dutch street, several years ago.

Question. Did you ever meet Mr. Williamson's family in his house you have spoken of in Pearl street?

Answer. No, sir.

J. H. WELSH.

The above witness was, on the 6th day of September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

RICHARD MURPHY being sworn for Mr. Sickles:

Question. Where did you reside in 1858, before the election?

Answer. No. 7 Greenwich street.

Question. Do you know John Murphy?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Are you related to him?

Answer. Yes; he is my brother.

Question. Where did he reside in 1858, previous to the election?

Answer. He resided with me a long time, but immediately previous to the election he stayed with a cousin of mine. He used to generally stay with me, and go from my place to his place often.

Question. Did he reside with you or your cousin in the month of October, previous to the election?

Answer. The fore part of October he resided with me, but about the middle of the month he went there, and stayed there till the election was over.

Question. Where did your cousin reside?

Answer. Corner of Broad and Wall.

Question. Where is the voting place for persons residing there?

Answer. Depeyster street, 4th district.

Question. Where is the voting place for persons residing at 7 Greenwich street?

Answer. 32 Greenwich street, 1st district.

Question. Are they both in the 1st ward.

Answer. Yes.

Question. Had your brother voted at the election previous to November, 1858.

Answer. Yes.

Question. Where?

Answer. 32 Greenwich street, 1st district.

Question. Was he a citizen?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did he belong in New York?

Answer. He generally lived there, made it his home, sometimes went into the country part of the year—stayed the most part with me.

Cross-examination.

Question. What business was your brother in?

Answer. A laborer.

Question. Where was he employed in the month of October, previous to the election ?

Answer. In flour stores—in any place where he could get a job.

Question. How do you tell the time he left your house ?

Answer. I know it was about the middle of the month. I cannot tell exactly, but to the best of my recollection about the time.

Question. How long had he been in the city before the election of 1858 ?

Answer. The last time he came in the city was in May before, and he had been staying with me all the time, except when at my cousin's.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Was he in the habit of going in the country from time to time for work ?

Answer. Yes, sir ; every year.

Question. Where is he now ?

Answer. In the United States service.

Question. Where stationed when you heard from him last ?

Answer. I last saw him on Governor's island. I understood he was going to Nebraska, he is not a man of family.

R. MURPHY.

The above witness was, on the 6th of September, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

TIMOTHY HASSACK being sworn for Mr. Sickles :

Question. Where did you reside in November 1858 ?

Answer. 31 Depeyster street.

Question. Were you present on the night of the election in November while the votes for the 4th district were being canvassed ?

Answer. Yes ; in the house.

Question. Were you near enough to the canvassers and to the spectators to hear and see what was going on ?

Answer. Yes, anything at all in a loud voice ; and I could see what was going on.

Question. Did you see Mr. Stokley there ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you remember the talk that took place about counting the ballots for congressmen found in the judiciary box ?

Answer. Well, I heard them dispute, some that was there.

Question. Did you see anybody draw a pistol on Stokley ?

Answer. No, sir.

Answer. Or a knife ?

Answer. No.

Question. Or any weapon?

Answer. No weapon ; no sign of any violence that I could see.

Question. Did you hear any one threaten him with any violence?

Answer. I did not hear anybody threaten any violence.

Question. Were there plenty of police there to protect him or any one else?

Answer. Well, the latter part there were three or four, and earlier more; plenty to protect him.

Question. Do you know John H. Williams?

Answer. Yes.

Question. How long have you known him?

Answer. About fourteen years.

Question. How long has he been an active man in politics in that same 4th district?

Answer. I don't recollect his being anything in it except the last four or five years.

Question. Has Stokley been an active politician in that same district during that time?

Answer. Yes, I knew Mr. Stokley about the last three or four years working in politics in that district.

Question. Was there any other person by the name of Williams there that night?

Answer. No other, but a man named William ; I mean a man whose first name was William.

Question. Was John H. Williams there?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did you see Mr. John H. Williams have anything to do with the tickets or ballot-boxes while the canvassers were engaged in their canvass?

Answer. No.

Question. Did Stokley or any one else say that he had?

Answer. I did not hear Stokley say so.

Question. Did you see any one put his hand under the judiciary box when the tickets were turned out of it?

[Objection by Mr. Williamson's counsel, as leading.]

Answer. I saw nobody but those who were entitled to do it, the canvassers.

Question. Were Stokley and Williams in familiar conversation during the canvass that evening?

Answer. Well, they spoke ; they were talking a little bit—disputing just before the canvass.

Question. Anything serious or violent ; what was it about?

Answer. Not that I could hear ; all I saw was that Mr. Williams was tallying off the tickets as they were called out, and Williams was tallying too fast, and Stokley said he was tallying too fast.

Question. Had Stokley been drinking freely?

Answer. I saw him have a couple of drinks given him; I can't say exactly that he was any way tight.

Question. Did he seem to be on good terms with the other canvassers, and with the people outside?

Answer. He seemed to be.

Cross-examination.

Question. Where were you during the day?

Answer. In the house where the polls were held; I reside there.

Question. Were you at the place where the polls were held?

Answer. In the bar-room, outside the poll room.

Question. At what time in the evening did you go there to see the canvass?

Answer. Well, the last time I went in was about four o'clock in the afternoon, and remained there till the canvass was over.

Question. At what particular place were you while the canvass was going on?

Answer. In the bar-room, going occasionally in the poll room, outside of the partition.

Question. Was there considerable drinking going on in the bar-room and in the canvass room?

Answer. I saw drinks going in, probably four times.

Question. What was the dispute about you say was going on during the canvass?

Answer. Well, as far as I could see.

Question. What did you say in your direct about the dispute about the judiciary box?

Answer. I did not say there was a dispute; something about they overran.

Question. What was said about their overrunning?

Answer. Well, as I heard Mr. Stokley say, and the inspectors inside, that they couldn't see how they overrun so. I mean the canvassers.

Question. Do you know what was done with the number of votes that overran?

Answer. I don't know.

Question. Do you know whether there were tickets for member of Congress found in the judiciary box?

Answer. I don't know; it appears that there were some tickets that overrun.

Question. Were there any tickets that were taken out of any boxes destroyed that night while the canvass was going on?

Answer. I didn't see any.

Question. Did you drink anything during that day or evening?

Answer. It is probable I did have a drink; but I defy any one to have seen me drunk then or before.

Question. About how many times do you judge that you drank during that day and evening?

Answer. About twice, as near as I can recollect.

Question. Was there liquor sold at the bar during the day?

Answer. There was liquor sold there; but not during that election day. I saw no money received at the bar.

Question. Did you see any liquor passed out over the bar that day?

Answer. I saw liquor passing two or three times into the room where the polls were held.

Question. Any pistols about there during day or evening?

Answer. I did not see nor hear any.

Question. Did you hear any dispute among the canvassers while the canvass was going on as to the number of votes that should be allowed Mr. Sickles for Congress?

Answer. I forget if I heard any such thing as that.

Question. Did the canvassers drink together on friendly terms?

Answer. As far as I could see they were friendly enough to each other during the time.

Question. Were Williams and Stokley friendly?

Answer. Yes; appeared to be friendly.

TIMOTHY ^{his} × HASSACK.
mark.

The above witness was, on the 6th day of September, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he affixed his mark.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

The counsel for Mr. Williamson, to show the contents of the notices sworn by witnesses Sanford and Osborn to have been left at the house of Mr. Williamson, in Bloomfield, offers the exhibits marked:

“Williamson, Sept. 6—1.”

“Williamson, Sept. 6—2.”

“Williamson, Sept. 6—3.”

Mr. Sickles consents that the said exhibits be received for that purpose.

Affidavit of Mr. Fordham, filed by Mr. Williamson's counsel of service of subpœna on George McLeod, marked:

“Williamson, Sept. 6—4.”

To this affidavit Mr. Sickles objects as to all its statements, but the mere service of the subpœna.

Adjournment to to-morrow, September 7, 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 7, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents: whereupon—

WILLIAM B. WHITE was sworn as a witness for Mr. Williamson:

Question. Where do you reside and what is your business?

Answer. 152 Franklin street; a printer.

Question. In whose employ are you, and at what place?

Answer. Phair & Co., 22 Beekman street.

Question. Do you know George McLeod?

Answer. Yes.

Question. How long have you known him?

Answer. About thirteen years certainly, perhaps longer.

Question. Did you have an interview with him in the present summer or spring?

Answer. I had a conversation with him this summer.

Question. Will you state what that conversation was?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel unless it is first shown that Mr. Sickles was present.]

Commissioner rules that by the ordinary laws of evidence this question would be wholly inadmissible, but that if persisted in in this examination it must be answered.

[Mr. Sickles's counsel excepts.]

Answer. The conversation was begun by Mr. McLeod. He told me that a notice had been left at his house requesting him to call at 22 Beekman street and he would hear of something to his advantage. I believe he asked me if I knew anything about it. I told him I did not. He then said he thought it was in reference to a matter between Mr. Williamson and Mr. Sickles. I think I put some questions to him, I hardly know what. He told me he knew as much about the election as any one. I asked him if he thought Mr. Williamson got elected. He said he thought he did.

Question. Did he state any particular facts that he knew of in reference to such election?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel as before.]

Answer. He told me that he was employed in Mr. Sickles's behalf to bring in voters from the dry dock, for which he received a fair compensation.

Question. Did he say that he did bring in voters from out of the third congressional district?

[Objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel as before.]

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did he say how many?

Answer. I can't say positively, but I think not.

Question. Did he state for whom such persons voted?

[Objected to as before.]

Answer. He did.

Question. For whom did he say they voted?

[Objected to as before.]

Answer. For Mr. Sickles.

Question. Did he state from what ward he took the voters?

Answer. I am not certain as to the ward; he said the dry dock; [which is, in fact, in the eleventh ward.]

[Objected to as before.]

Cross-examination.

Question. With whom did you say you are a clerk?

Answer. Phair & Co.

Question. Where did the said conversation take place?

Answer. In Beekman street, in front of Phair & Co.'s office; and I had another interview with McLeod in said office.

Question. Do you know Daniel E. Sickles?

Answer. I do not know him personally, but I know him by sight.

Question. Was he present at your conversations, or either of them, with said McLeod?

Answer. No.

Question. Did McLeod go into Mr. Williamson's office, or did you advise him so to do?

Answer. I don't know if he went there, but I did not give him such advice.

Question. When did you communicate to Mr. Williamson the fact of such interview or conversation?

Answer. I don't know if it was after the first or second interview, but I think after the first—say about three months ago, and now I say it was directly after the first interview. These interviews took place about three months since; between the interviews three days or a week elapsed, and perhaps longer.

Question. Who was present at the first interview?

Answer. Only myself and Mr. McLeod.

Question. Who was present at the second conversation?

Answer. Mr. McLeod and myself and no one else. There may have been customers present but not to hear our conversation.

Question. Where does said McLeod live?

Answer. I don't know where he now lives, but he once lived in the 11th ward in different places, in Willett street between Stanton and Houston streets, and in Second street between avenues C and D. I think he is a butcher by trade; he has driven a stage.

Question. Did you tell Mr. Williamson of your second interview with McLeod?

Answer. I think I did.

Question. How did the second interview take place?

Answer. I did not invite him to call; it took place by his calling on me.

Question. Where did you live in 1858, at the time of the election?

Answer. I think I lived in Harrison street, in the 5th ward I believe.

Question. Did you support Mr. Williamson at such election?

Answer. I voted for him, and electioneered for him some among my personal friends who were boarding with me.

Question. Did you get him many votes at that election?

Answer. That I am unable to say.

Question. Did you know of your own knowledge of any illegal votes being given at that election?

Answer. Not of my own knowledge.

Question. How much did McLeod say he had received for his services at said election?

Answer. I don't think that he specified any amount.

Question. Did he tell the names of any persons he had procured to vote?

Answer. He did not.

Question. How came McLeod to tell these matters to you?

Answer. I don't know unless for old acquaintance sake.

Question. Did he tell you so that you might tell it to Mr. Williamson?

Answer. That I am unable to say.

Question. Did you not consider such conversation confidential?

Answer. No. I think no restraint was put upon us.

Question. Do you know whether by coming to No. 22 Beekman street Mr. McLeod did hear of anything to his advantage?

Answer. I don't know.

Direct examination.

Question. Did these conversations with McLeod relate to the congressional election in November, 1858?

Answer. Yes.

Cross-examination.

Question. How do you know they did so relate?

Answer. From the fact of the names of Williamson and Sickles being used.

WILLIAM D. WHITE.

The above witness was, on the 7th of September, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

Adjourned by consent to to-morrow, the 8th September, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 8, 1860.

I attended, pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents; whereupon, in behalf of Mr. Williamson—

THOMAS H. FISHER, heretofore examined, was recalled:

Question. Have you, since the election in November, 1858, had any conversation with William L. Ellsworth in relation to such election?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, that the witness should have been fully exhausted on his former examination.]

Answer. I have; it must have been four or five months after said election.

Question. What did Mr. Ellsworth say to you in regard to Mr. Sickles's election to Congress?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, unless Sickles was present and heard the conversation; also that witness Ellsworth should have been questioned in regard to such conversation.]

Answer. Mr. Ellsworth said that he had put more ballots in the ballot-box for Mr. Sickles than he had plurality.

Question. Did he say more illegal votes?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel as a leading question.]

Answer. I do not think he did.

Question. Did he say anything as to the legality or illegality of Mr. Sickles's election?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, as calling for mere opinion.]

Answer. I do not remember what he said about that.

Question. Did he say anything else to you besides what you have stated?

Answer. He did; he said that if he did not get the appointment which had been promised by Mr. Sickles, he would be at him—nothing else. He knew that I was enough of a politician to know that the votes put in by him, or anybody, by the handful, were illegal.

[Mr. Sickles objects to this statement being received at all.]

Cross-examination.

Question. When Mr. Ellsworth said to you that if he did not get the appointment promised him he would defeat Mr. Sickles in his contest with Mr. Williamson, it was known, was it not, that Mr. Williamson was going to contest Mr. Sickles's seat?

Answer. It was talked of.

Question. How late did the conversation occur?

Answer. I do not remember; cannot tell; some time had elapsed.

Question. Was it since the commencement of the last session of Congress?

Answer. No.

Question. How long was it before that session began?

Answer. I cannot tell; a few months.

THOMAS H. FISHER.

Sworn and examined as before certified and as now recalled.

M. ULSHOEFFER,

Commissioner.

CHARLES H. YALLALEE, heretofore examined, was recalled for Mr. Williamson:

Question. Did you, on the day after the election, or the day but one after, did you go to some of the canvassers of the third election district of the first ward, and have some conversation with them in regard to the returns which they had signed?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I did.

Question. How long after election?

Answer. My impression is that it was the day after election, but it might have been the day but one; my conversation was with one of the canvassers or inspectors of that district, but I do not know which.

Question. What did you say to this person in regard to the returns?
[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel. Question withdrawn.]

Question. What did he say to you in reply to anything you said to him?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, as before stated, Mr. Sickles not being present.]

Answer. That if Judge Russell would promise that he should be held clear from all harm he would tell the whole story.

Question. What did he say to you about the story?

Answer. He did not say anything. That was in answer to a question of mine, which will explain everything.

Question. What was the question?

Answer. Why did not Mr. Williamson have as many votes returned as were counted out to him the night before or on the night of the election. [Objection made in time by Mr. Sickles's counsel.] I have stated all I remember; that is the gist of the conversation.

Question. Did you have a conversation with another one of the canvassers?

Answer. No, with no other canvasser.

Question. Did this canvasser say to you, in this conversation, that he had not been used right, and if he could be protected he would tell the whole story?

Answer. I have answered the question before. It was either Judge Russell or Recorder Barnard he referred to.

Cross-examination.

Question. Do you not know the name of the man with whom you had the conversation?

Answer. I cannot call him by name.

Question. Where did you see him?

Answer. In Greenwich street, third story.

Question. What part of Greenwich street?

Answer. Near Liberty street.

Question. Was it his place of residence?

Answer. I believe it was; I was referred to it by a man as his residence.

Question. Was his name Morrison?

Answer. I cannot tell you now what his name was; call me on Monday, and I will tell you what his name was.

Question. Do you know whether he was inspector or canvasser?

Answer. I do not.

Question. On which side of Greenwich street did he live?

Answer. On the east side.

Question. Would you know the number if you heard it?

Answer. No; but I will tell you on Monday.

Question. You said in your former examination that you, in company with Mr. Fordham, were at the third district poll when the canvass for representative in Congress was closed and the vote announced, and that you then went to the fourth district—did you hear the vote of Mr. Williamson in the fourth district announced?

Answer. No. I told you I went to the corner of Broad and Pearl streets. I stayed there till after the votes were counted there; I got the count, but left before the announcement. I did not hear the announcement of the vote of Mr. Williamson there.

Question. Did you hear the announcement of his vote in the fourth district—No. 31 Depeyster street?

Answer. I was informed of what he got in every district, but I was not at Depeyster street.

Question. Do you recollect that he got thirty-three votes in the fourth district?

Answer. I cannot recollect.

Question. If he got thirty-three votes in that district, may you not have confounded the third and fourth districts?

Answer. No; I was not in the fourth district.

CHAS. H. YALLALEE.

Sworn and examined as before certified, and now as recalled.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner*.

Adjourned, by consent, to Monday, the 10th of September, at 11 o'clock a. m.

SEPTEMBER 10, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents; but no witness attending, the further examinations in this matter were adjourned to the 11th of September, at 11 o'clock a. m.

SEPTEMBER 11, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment; whereupon, on behalf of Mr. Williamson, NAPOLEON B. McLAUGHLIN was sworn:

Question. Where do you reside?

Answer. No. 16 Dominick street.

Question. Where did you reside at the time of the election in November, 1858?

Answer. No. 139 Hudson street.

Question. In what employment or business were you at that time?

Answer. I was in the army of the United States.

Question. In what capacity?

Answer. Sergeant

Question. Where were you stationed?

Answer. At No. 139 Hudson street—recruiting station.

Question. Did your family reside at that place?

Answer. Yes.

Question. What other persons, if any, resided there?

Answer. I had a party of seven or eight men who stayed there with me, but who were liable to be sent away at any time—a recruiting party.

Question. How long had you been at this place?

Answer. I arrived the 20th of August, 1858, I think

Question. Did the other seven or eight men come there at the same time?

Answer. It is impossible to tell. I don't remember what men were there at the time. A party came with me; but recruiting parties change all the time.

Question. Were there other men in the service of the United States, besides a recruiting party, there on election day?

Answer. Yes.

Question. What other men?

Answer. Men who had been enlisted during eight or ten days previous, and some men from Boston.

Question. When did these men from Boston come there?

Answer. Probably the day before election.

Question. Were there also men who came from Albany the day before election there?

Answer. I can't tell you, but I presume there were; sometimes none came.

Question. How many were there, as near as you can remember, who came in the day before election?

Answer. I should think fifteen or twenty.

Question. These men were all recruits enlisted in the service?

Answer. They were recruits or old soldiers—all enlisted men.

Question. Did these men remain there on election day?

Answer. They went away, I think, election evening—evening of day of election.

Question. Were they there during the day?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Where were they during the day?

Answer. I can't tell you; they were at liberty to go out whenever they pleased.

Question. Did any of those men vote at that election on that day?

Answer. Not that I know of.

Question. Did you give the soldiers any directions or instructions in regard to their right to vote on that day?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel, as objectionable in matter of form, and asking as to a matter with which counsel has nothing to do.]

Answer. I received instructions the day before from the commander of the rendezvous not to go near the polls or have any of the men go near it; he gave me that order and I promulgated it to the men; at the same time I questioned whether he had a right to stop me from voting, and I told the men of my permanent party that I had obeyed the order of the captain in telling them not to go near the polls, but that I was going to vote, and those who were voters could do as they pleased; I also told them that there was a suit of citizens clothing that they could put on if they pleased to vote, but I don't know whether they did or not.

Question. Was that the instruction you gave to all the men there?

Answer. To all in the house.

Question. Who did you support for Congress at that election?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I gave no support but my vote.

Question. Have you had any conversation with any one, since the election, in regard to these recruits from Boston or Albany voting at that election?

Answer. Yourself, Mr. McIntire, George A. Barney, and Mr. Sickles.

Question. Do you recollect what you told Mr. Barney in regard to their voting?

Answer. I think I do, nearly.

Question. Please state what you told him.

Answer. I think I told him very near what I have testified to here: that I voted myself, and as to others I knew nothing about it.

Question. Did you tell him that upwards of twenty of those recruits that came from Boston or Albany voted at that election?

Answer. No.

Question. Did you tell him that any number of them voted?

Answer. No.

Question. Did you claim in a conversation with him that, being soldiers in the service of the United States, they had a right to vote wherever they were on election day, and that you so advised them?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I claimed that my being a soldier, I having a residence in this State, when I enlisted I did not gain or lose it by my enlistment; that I had a right to vote for United States officers wherever I might be, and that if I was a sufficient length of time in the State and ward I had a right to vote for city officers; this was in a conversation with Mr. Barney; we were arguing as to the right; I did not say so to the men.

Question. Have you had a conversation with Mr. Sickles on this matter since your conversation with Mr. Barney?

Answer. I think I have since my first conversation, but I have had another conversation with Mr. Barney since the one with Mr. Sickles.

Question. When did you have the conversation with Mr. Sickles?

Answer. After you had first subpoenaed me to appear before a justice of the supreme court.

Question. Are you in the service now?

Answer. No.

Question. Are you an applicant to be reinstated in your former position?

Answer. No.

Question. Are you an applicant for any position in the service, or under the United States?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel as impertinent.]

Answer. No.

Question. Were you a partisan or supporter of Mr. Sickles at the election of November, 1858?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. The only support I ever gave any man was by voting for him.

Cross-examination.

Question. Who is Mr. George A. Barney?

Answer. A neighbor of mine; a painter, in Hudson street; still has his shop there.

N. B. McLAUGHLIN.

The above witness was, on the eleventh day of September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

Adjourned to to-morrow, the 12th of September, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 12, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents; but no witnesses appearing, the matter was adjourned to to-morrow, September 13, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 13, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents; and Mr. Williamson's counsel withdraws the affidavit of the service of summons on Wm. L. Ellsworth, the witness having been examined. No witness appearing, the further examination is postponed until to-morrow, the 14th of September, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 14, 1860.

I attended, but no witness appearing the further examination is postponed until to-morrow, the 15th of September instant, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 15, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, but no witness appeared; whereupon the counsel for Mr. Sickles puts in evidence a copy of the laws of the State of New Jersey relating to public schools, marked "New Jersey School Laws—Sickles, September 15, 1860," which is admitted by the counsel of Mr. Williamson to be duly authenticated; also, "An act to authorize the inhabitants of the township of Bloomfield to raise money by tax, &c.," marked "Sickles, September 15, 1860," which is also admitted by the counsel of Mr. Williamson to be duly authenticated.

Adjourned until the 17th of September instant, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents, and Mr. Sickles was present; whereupon, in behalf of Mr. Williamson, JOSEPH H TOONE was sworn as a witness:

Question. Do you know Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. I do.

Question. How long have you known him?

Answer. Since 1844 or 1845.

Question. Do you know where he resided in 1857 and 1858?

Answer. In the winter of 1856 and 1857 he lived in Eldridge street, south side, (the number I don't recollect,) between Walker and Grand streets; somewhere about there.

Question. Where did he live after that?

Answer. Savery's hotel, corner of Beekman and Nassau streets.

Question. Do you remember where he lived in the fall of 1857 and winter of 1858?

Answer. Thirty-third street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, south side, opposite Blind Asylum.

Question. About how long did he live there?

Answer. During the winter and some time in the spring of 1858.

Question. Do you remember about what time he went there?

Answer. In the fall of 1857; I don't recollect the time exactly; some time at the close of the summer or early fall.

Question. Do you know where he went to when he left there?

Answer. He took rooms at Savery's hotel, corner of Beekman and Nassau streets.

Question. How long did he remain there?

Answer. Not a great while; he took a house in Pearl street, but did not go there at once, but was around the hotel during the summer. I don't think he moved to the house in Pearl street till fall; I think he kept his residence at the hotel till he went to Pearl street; I know it because I slept there myself two or three times.

Question. Where does he reside now?

Answer. Pearl street, round the corner from Beekman; the same place he went to from Savery's hotel.

Question. Has he resided there ever since he went there?

Answer. Yes.

Question. What office does Mr. Williamson hold in the city now?

Answer. Tax commissioner.

Question. How long has he been one of the tax commissioners?

Answer. I think since 1856.

Question. Did he hold that office in the years 1857 and 1858?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did he hold any office in the city immediately previous to his being tax commissioner?

Answer. Alderman of the second ward.

Question. What years was he alderman?

Answer. 1855 and 1854, I think; I know he was in 1855.

Question. Are all these places at which you have mentioned that he resided, in the city of New York?

Answer. Yes.

Cross-examination.

Question. Where do you reside?

Answer. At present at the Park hotel; but when my family is in town, at Harlem.

Question. What is your occupation and place of business?

Answer. No. 11 South William street, shipping merchant; and No. 6 Centre street, as surveyor to tax commissioners.

Question. From whom do you hold your appointment as surveyor to the tax commissioners?

Answer. From Tax Commissioners Williamson, Brown, and Allen.

Question. Was your appointment a unanimous one from all three of the commissioners?

Answer. It was.

Question. Did you ever have your place of business at 22 Beekman street?

Answer. I did once, partially during the Fillmore campaign, and once when I ran for sheriff. I did not want politicians around my business office.

Question. Is 22 Beekman street Mr. Williamson's place of business?

Answer. Yes.

Question. And was it so when you had your place of business there?

Answer. It was.

Question. When you had your place of business at 22 Beekman street, where did you lodge?

Answer. At Harlem, where my family was; but I sometimes lodged at Savery's hotel, where Mr. Williamson was.

Question. What year was that in?

Answer. In 1855, and also in 1856.

Question. How many times did you call on Mr. Williamson while he resided in Eldridge street?

Answer. Say, averaging once in ten days. I suppose I might have been there a dozen or fifteen times, but don't charge my mind as to such things.

Question. How many times did you call on him in Thirty-third street?

Answer. I suppose I was there a half a dozen times; not to exceed that.

Question. After he left Thirty-third street, how often did you call on him at Savery's hotel, in Beekman street?

Answer. I never made a regular call on him; but I saw him there and stayed in his rooms two or three times. He had a suit of rooms.

Question. How many rooms had he at Savery's?

Answer. I think three, that's my impression, fronting on Nassau street.

Question. Do you know how long he had them?

Answer. I can't say positively. He engaged them in the spring but have no means of telling when he gave them up; but before fall, for then he moved to Pearl street.

Question. On what floor were the rooms?

Answer. I think on the third ; I won't be positive.

Question. Did you ever see any members of his family there except himself?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Who?

Answer. His wife and children.

Question. When, particularly?

Answer. The spring he came from Thirty-third street.

Question. How long did they remain there?

Answer. I have no means of knowing. I saw them there more than once.

Question. Did they occupy those rooms?

Answer. They did.

Question. Where did they take their meals?

Answer. At same place.

Question. Do you mean rooms, or at table d'hôte?

Answer. I believe their meals were sent to the rooms ; at least the only time I ever saw them eat.

Question. Do you know where his family removed to from there?

Answer. To his mother's, in Jersey, at Bloomfield.

Question. When was the last you ever saw his family at Savery's hotel?

Answer. I can't fix the date positively.

Question. As late as May, 1858?

Answer. My impression is that I saw them even later.

Question. Do you mean to say that Mr. Williamson's family resided permanently at Savery's hotel as their home, or that they came over only to pass a night or two from New Jersey?

Answer. I have no recollection of my having said anything about their coming over from New Jersey. When they came from Thirty-third street they came to Savery's hotel to reside there permanently during the summer, at least so far as his wife was concerned ; that's my impression.

Question. Do you know at what time they came to Savery's?

Answer. I can't say, except early in spring. It is impossible for me to recollect the exact time.

Question. Do you know whether it was in the usual season of moving—or first of May?

Answer. I don't recollect.

Question. Will you swear positively that they, the family, or any member, remained there for any length of time ; and if so, fix the time?

Answer. Yes ; I'll swear as to two or three weeks, before they went to New Jersey.

Question. Who kept that hotel at that time?

Answer. Savery ; I think John S. Savery.

Question. Are you sure it was Mr. Savery kept the hotel at the time of which you speak?

Answer. Yes, it was in his name ; his creditors might have had possession.

Question. Have you ever called upon Mr. Williamson since his residence in Pearl street?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you remember the number of that house?

Answer. I don't know; the third or fourth from Beekman street, on the west side.

Question. Do you know what portion of the house Mr. Williamson took?

Answer. I don't know. I know what portion they occupied; they occupied the entire of the second floor.

Question. Who else lived in the house in Pearl street, in 1858, when he first moved there?

Answer. I don't recollect.

Question. About how many persons?

Answer. I can't tell. I never saw anybody in the house except Mr. Williamson and his family and servants, except at a funeral of one of his children.

Question. Can you fix the time exactly when he moved there?

Answer. I cannot.

Question. When was the first that you knew he lived there?

Answer. To the best of my recollection, in the fall of 1858.

Question. Before or after the election?

Answer. My impression is before, but I can't fix it.

Question. Did Judge Welsh live in that house?

Answer. He did live there; but at what time, and whether at that time, I can't say. I know Judge Welsh's family lived there before Williamson, but I never visited them.

Question. Do you know Mr. Fordham?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did he live in that house in 1858, in the fall?

Answer. My impression is he did.

Question. Do you know Mr. Pepper as an occupant of that house?

Answer. I know a Mr. Pepper; but not of his residing there.

Question. Do you know Mr. Hayes, who was a member of assembly from that district?

Answer. I think I know him by sight. He was from the adjoining district.

Question. Did you know him as an occupant of that house?

Answer. I did not.

Question. Did you know a Mr. Sullivan as an occupant of that house in the fall of 1858?

Answer. No.

Question. How often have you called on Mr. Williamson at that house since he went there in the fall of 1858?

Answer. Probably half a dozen times during the winter, when his wife is in town. I cannot say exactly.

Question. Does he still occupy it?

Answer. He does.

Question. You mean to say that he took the whole house?

Answer. My impression is so. I know only from hearsay.

Question. Do you know at what time he took it?

Answer. I cannot tell what time he took it. I know his family talked of getting it in the spring, and moved in in the fall.

Question. Do you know from whom he took it?

Answer. I do not.

Question. Did you see him there in October, 1858, or know that he lived there?

Answer. My impression is that I did see him there at that time.

Question. Did you see him there in November, 1858, or do you know that he lived there?

Answer. My impression is that I walked down to the house with him sometime in November, and that he went in there to sleep; but I cannot remember exactly.

Question. What do you say in regard to December, 1858?

Answer. I am certain he was there in December, 1858. I know I was there myself, and saw the family there. I think that was the time I was there.

Question. Do you recollect calling there and seeing Mr. Williamson or any member of his family there in October or November, 1858?

Answer. I cannot say that I did; but my impression is that I did.

Question. Can you fix the date of the funeral of the child you have spoken of?

Answer. I do not know whether it was before or after the election.

Question. When will you now state that you first saw Mr. Williamson or any member of his family at the house in Pearl street?

Answer. I first saw the family in December, but Mr. Williamson previously at that house; that is my impression; I will not swear positively.

Question. How often were you there in December, 1858?

Answer. I do not know that I was there more than once, but during the winter I think I was there five or six times.

Question. Do you know of any of the persons, Fordham, Welsh, Pepper, Page, and Sullivan, residing at the house in Pearl street subsequent to the fall of 1858?

Answer. I think so as to Fordham; as to the others, I do not know. I think Fordham has resided there ever since 1858 to the present time.

Redirect examination

Question. Did Mr. Williamson actually occupy the rooms in Savery's hotel during the summer of 1858?

Answer. He did.

Question. Do you know whether or not during the past five years he has always had a place of residence in the city of New York?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. He always has had.

Question. How often were you in the habit of seeing him in the summer of 1858, and up to the election?

Answer. Some portion of the summer, as often as almost every day, and, along towards election, every day.

Question. Do you know where he spent his nights during that summer and fall?

Answer. During the summer at Savery's, and sometimes at his office; most at Savery's. In the fall I could not tell; but along

towards election times, I think, was the time I have mentioned, when I walked to the house in Pearl street and he slept there.

Question. Do you know Mr. Williamson's mother?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you know where she resides?

Answer. Yes.

Question. At what place?

Answer. At Bloomfield, New Jersey.

Question. Does she keep house there?

Answer. She does.

Question. Do you know where Mr. Williamson's family went to, in New Jersey, from Savery's?

Answer. His mother's, as I have said.

Question. Do you know how long they remained there?

Answer. To the fall; cold weather, early fall.

Question. Have you ever known of Mr. Williamson's having a place of residence out of the State of New York?

Answer. I have not since I have known him.

Question. Do you know at what time Mr. Savery ceased to keep hotel at the corner of Nassau and Beekman streets, or who succeeded him?

Answer. I cannot fix the time, and do not recollect the successor; but it was one of his creditors who sold out to White, who now keeps the place. The creditor may have had the place about two or three months.

Question. Do you know how long Mr. White has had the place?

Answer. I think two years this spring. I am under the impression that the creditor had possession of the hotel when Mr. Williamson was there, but not all the time; and that White came in while Williamson still was there; but of this last I am not sure. Savery retired when the creditor came in.

Cross-examined.

Question. How often, if at all, were you at Bloomfield place in 1858?

Answer. I think about three times in the summer.

Question. In what months?

Answer. In July and August.

Question. As to 1859?

Answer. I was there three or four times in summer.

Question. What months?

Answer. July and August, and, I think, in September.

Question. Was Mr. Williamson and all his family there each year?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Consisting of how many persons?

Answer. Mother, sister, niece, wife; in all about seven, including children.

Question. Do you know who owns that place?

Answer. He owned it. I don't know who owns it now.

Question. Who owned the horses?

Answer. I presume he did, but do not know.

Question. Who hired the men about the place?

Answer. That I do not know, but I presume he did.

Question. The servants in-doors?

Answer. That I do not know.

Question. Who paid the bills to keep up the establishment?

Answer. That I do not know.

Question. How is it, then, with the knowledge that the place is owned by Williamson, and the horses belonged to him, and your ignorance as to who hires servants outdoors or in, or defrays the expenses of the establishment, you state that Williamson and his family went to his mother's to reside?

Answer. I spoke in that manner because I have always been accustomed to speak so—to ask if he was going to his mother's, &c.

Question. Was the Savery Hotel, during the time it was in the hands of the creditors, kept on in the same way as under Savery?

Answer. It was.

Question. And under White?

Answer. No; a change under White.

Question. What change?

Answer. Introduction of bar-room and abolition of dining saloon. The first alteration was the establishment of a bar. It is now a hotel, with a table d'hôte, and enlarged. What was abolished, was the public dining saloon or restaurant. Under Savery they had a public dining saloon, and no table d'hôte. No table d'hôte under creditors. I think White went in two years ago, coming fall or winter. The creditor took possession three or four, or two or three, months previous to White, in the summer of 1858. Williamson boarded there under Savery, and the creditor and White; but I am not sure as to White.

Redirect examination.

Question. Who did you go out to Bloomfield with in 1858 and 1859?

Answer. Sometimes with Williamson, and sometimes I have taken my wife there on a visit.

Cross-examination.

Question. Did you ever call with your wife on Mrs. Williamson, at Savery's?

Answer. I never have.

Question. In Pearl street?

Answer. Yes; with my wife.

Question. When; how recently?

Answer. Last winter, and in spring of 1859, and at no other time that I recollect of.

JOS. H. TOONE.

The above witness was, on the 17th day of September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by

the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER.

Commissioner.

No other witness appearing, the further examination of witnesses is adjourned until to-morrow, the 18th September instant, at 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ o'clock.

SEPTEMBER 18, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared, by their attorneys and agents, and Mr. Sickles personally.

JOHN S. SAVERY was duly sworn as a witness on behalf of Mr. Sickles:

Question. Where do you reside and what is your occupation?

Answer. I reside at 116 High street, Brooklyn. I keep an eating house, corner of John and William streets, in this city.

Question. Where did you live or conduct business in 1856 and 1857?

Answer. I resided where I now do, but kept a hotel and restaurant at No. 14 Beekman and 142 Nassau, forming an L.

Question. Up to what time in 1857 did you keep that house?

Answer. 15th day of September.

Question. Do you know Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. I do.

Question. In 1857 was he, or at any time before, in the habit of lodging at your hotel or taking meals there?

Answer. He was both.

Question. When did he first take lodging at your house?

Answer. He was in the habit of lodging there from the opening of the house, transiently, up to some time in spring of 1857, when he took a room, and was in the habit of lodging there regularly, or paying for a room by the week. I can get at the date from the register when his name appears; and his name not appearing after, I think he had a room, continuously, from then as long as I kept the house.

Question. Did he lodge there constantly every night, or only when he was not in New Jersey?

Answer. To the best of my knowledge he lodged there regularly, but as I did not lodge in the house, I cannot tell. I frequently saw him come down stairs in the morning.

Question. Did any of his family have rooms at the house in 1857?

Answer. Not during the time of my keeping the house, I think.

Question. Can you tell about what price per week Mr. Williamson paid for his room?

Answer. I think it was three dollars.

Question. Did Mr. Williamson take his meals, or some portion of them, at your house?

Answer. He did.

Question. How did he pay for those?

Answer. He paid for them each time as he took them.

Cross-examination.

Question. Do you know the reason of Mr. Williamson taking rooms there at that time?

Answer. I do not.

Question. How long have you known Mr. Williamson?

Answer. Since 1854, personally.

Question. Do you know where he resided when you first became acquainted with him?

Answer. Not of my own knowledge. He lived in Orchard street, I think, in this city; so I understood.

Question. Did you know his family?

Answer. I did not.

Question. Was Mr. Williamson an active politician in the second ward from the time you knew him?

Answer. I thought he was.

Question. Did he take an active part in the politics of the city and ward, as far as you know?

Answer. I don't know of my own knowledge; that was the impression I had.

Question. How far was his place of business from yours at this time?

Answer. Four or five doors below.

Question. Do you know whether or not he resided in the city of New York during all the time you knew him personally?

Answer. I did not know of the contrary till 1857—that his family were away permanently or transiently.

Question. Did you know of their being away in 1857?

Answer. Only from hearsay.

Question. Did you know whether they were away, permanently or transiently, at that time?

Answer. No; only from the same source.

Question. What was your understanding in regard to it at that time?

Answer. I understood they were away for the summer.

Question. Did you understand by that that they were away permanently or transiently?

Answer. I understood from that, that like other families, they were away five or six months in warm weather.

Question. Do you mean to say that you knew Mr. Williamson was not a resident of the city of New York in 1857?

Answer. No.

Question. Was it not the understanding, when he took rooms with you, that he took rooms while his family was away till their return?

Answer. That was the understanding.

Question. What did you understand as to his residence at that time, and from 1854 till you left the house?

Answer. My understanding was that he was a resident of the city of New York ; I knew nothing to the contrary.

Redirect examination.

Question. Is this the register of the hotel kept by you from the spring of 1857 till you left the hotel?

Answer. Yes ; it was opened on the 1st of May, 1857, and used by me till I left in September, and left to those who succeeded me ; the name of Mr. Williamson appears in his own handwriting on May 19, 1857 ; the room assigned to him appears to be 99 ; it was changed afterwards to a larger room which he occupied during the summer ; I cannot tell how long he kept 99, or when he took a larger room ; his name does not appear again in the book up to the time I left the hotel ; I have examined the book ; Mr. Williamson was the publisher of the Dispatch newspaper. (Mr. Williamson's counsel admits that Mr. Williamson is publisher of a weekly paper called the Dispatch, and has so been for some years, reputed to have an extensive circulation)

Question Did Mr. Williamson advertise your hotel in his paper?

Answer. He has so done.

JOHN S. SAVERY.

The above witness was, on the 18th of September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

Mr. Sickles's counsel produces Mr. John H. Williams, of the first ward, No. 5 Morris street, and offers him as a witness to the opposite side, in reference to the matters testified to by William Stokley, concerning the canvass of votes, it having been testified that he was the only person of the name of Williams present at the canvass of votes in the fourth election district of the first ward on the night of the election in November, 1858.

Which witness the counsel of Mr. Williamson declines to examine, as he does not know the witness to be the person referred to by Mr. Stokley, and because Mr. Stokley did not distinctly identify Mr. Williams as the person who had his hand in the ballot-box.

Whereupon—

JOHN H. WILLIAMS was sworn as a witness in behalf of Mr. Sickles:

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your occupation?

Answer. I reside at No. 5 Morris street, and am an inspector of customs.

Question. Please to state your residence for the past seven or eight years, and your occupation?

Answer. For the past seven or eight years I have resided at No. 31 Depeyster, at Nos. 2, 8, and 3 State street, and No. 5 Morris street, all in the first ward, and all in or adjacent to the fourth election dis-

trict ; up to within the last year and a half, or two years, I kept a saloon.

Question. How long have you known William Stokley, ex policeman ?

Answer. I must have known Mr. Stokley eight years, about.

Question. How long have you had intercourse with him in the politics of the first ward ?

Answer. Our intercourse, about times of election, has been pretty frequent for four or five years past.

Question. What has been the character of it ; friendly or unfriendly ?

Answer. Friendly.

Question. Politically adverse, or otherwise ?

Answer. Invariably adverse.

Question. Have you generally both been active in the fourth district, first ward ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. In meeting each other what has been your customary mode of salutation ?

Answer. About the ordinary way, quite familiar ; he has addressed me as "*how are you John, or how are you Williams,*" I think ; that is my impression ; he has addressed me by name, and I addressed him in similar manner, as old acquaintances would.

Question. Down to what period has this intercourse continued ?

Answer. To the present time ; to my last meeting with him.

Question. Were you present during the canvass of votes at the fourth election district of the first ward, at the election of November, 1858 ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Were you acquainted with the canvassers, clerks to canvassers, and spectators or citizens present ?

Answer. I was acquainted with all of those except the clerks.

Question. Was there any other person named Williams present during the canvass of the votes ?

Answer. No.

Question. Stokley acted as one of the canvassers ?

Answer. Yes ; William Stokley.

Question. Did you hear any threats or menaces employed by any person present, or did you use any yourself towards Stokley or any of the canvassers ?

Answer. No.

Question. Did any person draw any weapon upon Stokley that night ?

Answer. No ; not there.

Question. Did he make any complaint of being in fear of danger of any violence, apparent or threatened ?

Answer. No.

Question. Did you see any person present that night armed with pistol, revolver, knife, or other weapon ?

Answer. No ; except it was a policeman with his bludgeon.

Question. Was the canvass of the judiciary box the subject of any discussion that evening ?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Who participated in it?

Answer. The canvassers, one spectator at least, and myself.

Question. What was the name of that spectator?

Answer. Benjamin F. Quaig.

Question. How were the spectators as to their preferences as to the candidates for Congress?

Answer. They were all represented; that is, I should suppose they were.

Question. Do you know the political preferences of the canvassers as to candidates for Congress?

Answer. Each candidate, Sickles, Walbridge, and Williamson, had a representative in one of the canvassers.

Question. How as to the clerks?

Answer. I can't say; I don't know.

Question. What part did you take in the discussion as to the canvass of that judiciary box; and what did you do in reference to the canvass of the votes in that box?

Answer. When the tickets, after being turned out of the box, were counted, it was found that a surplus over what the poll-list called for, amounting to twenty-five or twenty-six votes, had been in the box; some of the tickets found in the box were indorsed Congress; Mr. Stokley suggested that those tickets indorsed Congress found in that box should be destroyed; I called the attention of the chairman of the board of canvassers to the provision of the statute which determined the manner in which those tickets should be treated. Mr. Stokley rather violently, that is noisily, opposed such interference on my part, and insisted that the tickets should be destroyed; after considerable effort on my part to attract the notice and attention of the chairman, Mr. John Coffey, who seemed to me to be disposed to favor Mr. Stokley's view, I at length succeeded in getting his attention whilst I read or explained the provision of the statute to which I have already referred. Mr. Coffey, as well as Mr. Stokley and Mr. Kenny, at length agreed to have the tickets disposed of as the law required; that is, they were restored to the box unopened, and one of the canvassers, selected by the board and placed in such a position as to be unable to see the box, withdrew from it a number of tickets equal to the surplus found in the box over what the poll-list called for; those tickets which were withdrawn, on being withdrawn, were destroyed by Mr. Coffey or Mr. Stokley, or both, unopened also, no one else interfered; the tickets remaining in the box were then turned out and canvassed.

Question. Of whom was Coffey a partisan?

Answer. I think of Mr. Walbridge.

Question. Stokley?

Answer. Of Mr. Williamson.

Question. Where did you stand while this canvass was going on?

Answer. Outside of a counter, close by the door of a small room in which the canvassers were employed.

Question. When the judiciary box was first opened and emptied of its contents, where did you stand?

Answer. Outside of the enclosure.

Question. Who was inside of the enclosure?

Answer. Canvassers and clerks; and there might have been one of the inspectors; I know that, in the early part of the canvass, one of the inspectors was inside; none but officials.

Question. Who acted among the canvassers in doing whatever was done with that box?

Answer. Mr. Kenny emptied the box.

Question. How near to him were you when he emptied the box?

Answer. It might probably be seven or eight feet from him; he was inside of and I outside of a counter.

Question. Did you at any time, while he was handling the box or emptying it, touch him or the box, or see anybody else do so?

Answer. No.

Question. Or the table on which the box was emptied?

Answer. No.

Question. Was it possible for yourself or any one of the spect to place his hand under the box when it was emptied?

Answer. No; not in the position in which they or we were placed at the time.

Question. Did you or did you see anybody pull Mr. Kenny's hat over his eyes when he was emptying that box?

Answer. No.

Question. Was it possible for any one of the spectators to do that, having reference to the intervening table and position of parties?

Answer. To do it they should lean over the barrier or counter.

Question. What was the space between the nearest spectator and Mr. Kenny?

Answer. I suppose about six or seven feet; when Mr. Kenny was emptying the box it was impossible to reach the box; it was impossible to reach the box or Mr. Kenny without climbing over the barrier.

Question. Was anything said by Mr. Stokley that night as to the interference of any person with the canvassers while they were engaged in their duties?

Answer. No; except what I have already stated; that is, that he objected to my interference in calling his attention to the law applicable to the case.

Question. Did he charge any one with having pulled the hat of the canvasser over his eyes who had charge of the judiciary box?

Answer. No.

Question. Or with putting his hand under the box when the tickets were turned out?

Answer. No; I would say in reference to my desire to attract the attention of the canvassers to the law, as I have before stated, that, finding it to be very difficult to get the attention of Mr. John Coffey, and being desirous that he should *know* the law on that point, for the purpose of attracting his attention, after having called in vain to him to attend to me, I reached over the counter and took hold of the leaf of his hat and tugged it slightly for the purpose of getting his attention.

Question. Where did Mr. Coffey stand then or sit?

Answer. Behind the enclosure between Mr. Stokley and Mr. Kenny; Mr. Coffey was standing, I believe, at the time.

Question. When was this, with reference to the time of emptying the judiciary box by Mr. Kenny?

Answer. After the box was emptied, and before the ticket was canvassed.

Question. Was it after the ballots emptied; from the box had been counted?

Answer. Yes.

Question. And during the discussion which followed the discovery of the excess?

Answer. Yes.

Cross-examination.

Question. What intervened between you and Mr. Coffey when you took hold of his hat?

Answer. Counter and table; I leaned over the counter.

Question. Was it the same table on which the ballot-boxes were emptied?

Answer. I think not; there were two tables there; I won't be positive about that.

Question. Was it the table on which the ballots were counted?

Answer. Yes; I think so.

Question. Was there anything, besides the partition or counter and table, between the spectators and canvassers?

Answer. There was a screen or partition between the canvass room and the bar-room, so that only two or three spectators could look through the doorway leading to the canvass room; there was nothing between the spectators and the canvassers except the counter and the table; there were, probably, two or three tables in the enclosure; but, if so, all on a line with each other.

Question. Did the canvassers occupy the whole of the room in which the canvass was conducted?

Answer. They and the clerks; they had it all to themselves; and the spectators were in the bar-room.

Question. Were there a good many spectators there?

Answer. I should say about eight or nine.

Question. Persons coming in and going out frequently?

Answer. No.

Question. Whereabouts were you while the canvass was going on?

Answer. Outside in the bar-room all the time.

Question. Any communication between the bar and canvass rooms, except the doorway you spoke of?

Answer. No.

Question. Where did you get the statute you read to the canvassers?

Answer. Either on the counter or on a shelf projecting from the counter in the room where the canvassers were; there were several books there; I believe I got one from the keeper of the bar-room, or the proprietor of the house, I should say.

Question. After the votes in the judiciary box had been canvassed, was there a controversy about the disposition of them, or any part of them?

Answer. I think not.

Question. You don't remember hearing any?

Answer. It does appear to me, but I won't be positive about it, that Mr. Stokley exhibited some reluctance to dispose of the canvass finally, but there was no further controversy. I think he still insisted or still expressed a desire, after the tickets were counted, that those tickets indorsed *Congress* should be still destroyed and not counted.

Question. Were the policemen there on that evening?

Answer. Yes.

Question. About how many?

Answer. Two at the time of the canvass in the bar-room; one I believe sat on the counter that set between the rooms; there were no others there I think; there could not be more than three.

Question. Did you remain at that place all the evening until the canvass was completed?

Answer. I was not there all the evening, but I was there till the canvass of the judiciary boxes was completed.

Question. Did you then go away?

Answer. Yes; shortly after.

Question. Was your acquaintance with Mr. Stokley a political acquaintance?

Answer. My acquaintance with him was brought about by our taking part in politics; it has been more social than political.

Question. Was Mr. Kenny a partisan of Mr. Sickles at that time?

Answer. He was a friend of Mr. Sickles.

Question. Was he the person referred to as representing Mr. Sickles when you said each of the candidates had a canvasser representing his views?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Were you a partisan of Mr. Sickles at the time?

Answer. I was a friend and supporter of Mr. Sickles.

Question. Had you anything to do with the canvass of the votes that evening, except as the friend of Mr. Sickles?

Answer. No official connexion.

Question. What persons, except the policeman you have spoken of, occupied the doorway between the rooms while you were there?

Answer. I stood in the doorway occasionally, and so did Mr. Quaig.

Question. Did this counter you have spoken of stand directly against the partition?

Answer. Yes; quite close to it.

Question. There was no place for persons to stand between the partition and the counter behind which the canvassers were?

Answer. No.

Question. When, after that time, was your attention first called to what took place that evening?

Answer. About the time of the county canvass.

Question. Did you give any testimony or statement before the county canvassers, or to be used before them?

Answer. No.

Question. Were you present here when Mr. Stokley was examined?

Answer. No.

Question. Were you present when any witness was examined here as to the canvass of that district?

Answer. No.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Where is Mr. Coffey?

Answer. He is gone to Europe.

Question. Do you know who Quaig supported?

Answer. Mr. Williamson.

JOHN H. WILLIAMS.

The above witness was, on the 18th day of September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner.*

Whereupon no further witnesses appearing, adjourned the further examination to to-morrow, the 19th September instant, at 10 o'clock.

SEPTEMBER 19, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents, Mr. Williamson personally.

IRA CAMPBELL being sworn as a witness in behalf of Mr. Williamson:

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your business?

Answer. I reside in West Bloomfield, New Jersey, and I am a constable and an auctioneer.

Question. Were you the assessor of the town of Bloomfield in 1856 or 1855?

Answer. I was assessor for two years, 1854 and 1855, or 1855 and 1856.

Question. Do you know Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. Yes.

Question. How long have you known him?

Answer. Since 1855 or 1856, I think since 1855.

Question. Did you in 1855 or 1856, having called on him, have a conversation with him in regard to taxing him?

Answer. I did.

Question. Will you state as near as you can what that conversation was?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. As near as I can recollect, I called upon him; I had some conversation with him in reference to the value of his property there,

and in regard to improvements he had made on it. He stated to me that he was a non-resident.

Question. Is that the whole of the conversation?

Answer. No; I think there was some conversation passed between us in reference to personal property, and he stated to me that his personal property—I am not exactly clear on that point, whether he stated to me that the property did or did not belong to him; my impression is the personal property was to be assessed in his mother's name, that he considered it her home, his residence being in New York; and I am under the impression, as near as I can recollect, I think he said he was not liable to personal tax there; that's as near as I can recollect.

Question. Do you know the time when Mr. Williamson bought the farm in Bloomfield, New Jersey?

Answer. I did; I think it was in 1855 or 1856.

Question. What time did this conversation take place in reference to the purchase of the place?

Answer. I think he bought the place in the spring, and the conversation in June following; we generally go round in June to assess.

Question. Did you assess Mr. Williamson for personal property in that year?

Answer. I think not.

[Objection made in time by Mr. Sickles's counsel to the introduction of parol testimony to prove that which is matter of record.]

Witness will produce the record hereafter.

Cross-examination.

Question. You say that you were one of the assessors of the town of Bloomfield, which years?

Answer. In 1854 and 1855 or 1855 and 1856, I wont be positive.

Question. Did you assess any personal taxes on Mrs. Williamson, the mother of Mr. Williamson?

Answer. I can't say, but I can show by record.

Question. In which year, the first or last of your holding office of assessor that this conversation occurred?

Answer. I think it was the first year, it must have been the first year I think.

Question. How near do you live to Mr. Williamson's place?

Answer. About one mile in a straight line, probably a little shorter; we live on different roads, and neither passes the other's place in going to New York.

Question. Were you frequently in the part of the town where he resided?

Answer. Frequently, my business called me there frequently; once a week, or something like that.

Question. How often have you seen Mr. Williamson there when you have been there?

Answer. Can't say, not often.

Question. What time of day were you usually there?

Answer. All times, sometimes morning, evening, or middle of the day, no particular time; from sunrise to ten o'clock at night.

Question. Did your children go to the same school as Mr. Williamson's children?

Answer. No; I am in another district.

Question. Do you know his children and his wife?

Answer. I do not.

Question. If he told you that the personal property ought to be assessed in his mother's name, did you so assess it?

Answer. I can't say I did. He said he was willing to be assessed for the personal property; I am not clear on that point; I can't state exactly what conversation was on that point or with any certainty whether I assessed him; but the same time he said he was a non-resident; I am not positive.

Question. Did you in assessing Mr. Williamson during the two years you held office impose on him a poll tax?

Answer. I did not to my recollection, as he was a non-resident, or as he was claimed to be, and I so considered him.

Question. Did you ever impose as assessor any poll tax on any except residents of your State?

Answer. Not that I know of.

Question. Will the record of your assessments show the fact whether Mr. Williamson was assessed a poll tax during the two years you were assessor?

Answer. It ought to; I presume so. I speak only of my recollection, the record will show the truth.

Question. Will you produce the record here for inspection?

Answer. Yes, I think I can find it.

Question. How often have you been to Mr. Williamson's place there?

Answer. Only on business. I have been there in his absence to see men employed there; I never have been at his house but twice, and then when assessor, may be three times.

Re-direct.

Question. Have you ever known Mr. Williamson to take any part in the public affairs of Bloomfield?

Answer. I never have; never seen him at polls even.

Question. Are you usually at or around the polls on election days?

Answer. I am; it was my duty to be there when in office as assessor.

Question. In this conversation with Mr. Williamson about taxing, did he not say that he was willing to have the property taxed; but being a non-resident he did not want his name to appear on the tax roll?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel to question, objectionable in point of form, as leading; the question should be "what was all that Mr. Williamson said," and not to put words in the mouth of witness to be answered by simple affirmative or negative.]

[Question withdrawn.]

Question. What additional reasons did Mr. Williams give for not wishing to be assessed for personal property?

Answer. He did not give anything additional. He did not wish to refuse or that the personal property there should not pay tax; although he did not consider himself taxable for the personal property; that is as near as I can recollect. I think that is the way I understood him at the time.

Question. You say you have known Mr. Williamson since 1855, where has been his residence since that time?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I can't tell anything more than from what knowledge I had, I considered him a resident of New York. I did not consider him a voter with us.

Cross-examined.

Question. What knowledge had you on the subject of his residence in New York?

Answer. None other than as I have said and hearsay, that he was a non-resident; he was not considered a resident with us.

Question. How often have you seen him since you were assessor?

Answer. When I have been in Bloomfield I have seen him passing to and from the railroad station, I can't say how often, not often, not many times; I could not state, very seldom.

Question. In what season?

Answer. In summer. I have never seen him at any other time to my recollection.

Question. Did you ever call on Mr. Williamson in the city of New York?

Answer. I did not.

Question. Is there more than one election district in the town of Bloomfield?

Answer. Only one, but changed each election; all meet at one poll.

Question. Are you at the polls all day on the day of election?

Answer. Not as a general thing since I ceased to hold office.

IRA CAMPBELL.

The above witness was, on the 19th day of September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner.*

NATHANIEL COIT was then sworn on the part of Mr. Williamson:

Question. Where do you reside and what is your business?

Answer. I reside in Bloomfield, Essex county, New Jersey; I have a small farm.

Question. Do you know the place that Mr. Williamson owned in Bloomfield?

Answer. Yes, and my place adjoins it.

Question. How far is your house from the house on that place?

Answer. A few yards.

Question. Do you know what part of the time Mr. Williamson has been in the habit of occupying that place?

Answer. His family has been there in the summer time. In the winter time his family has been in New York. In fact, he has been in New York most all the time.

Question. Do you know Mr. Williamson's mother?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you know whether or not she lives at this place in Bloomfield and keeps house there?

Answer. She is there both winter and summer; winter before last she was in the city some time on a visit to the children, with that exception she was at Bloomfield all the time.

Question. How long have you known Mr. Williamson?

Answer. Ever since he moved there?

Question. Ever since he bought the place?

Answer. Yes.

Question. During that time where did Mr. Williamson reside?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. He resided or spent the most of his time in the city of New York, and he passed and repassed out in the summer time to see his family.

Question. Did you during that time consider him a resident of Bloomfield?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. No.

Question. Did you ever know Mr. Williamson to take part in the politics of Bloomfield?

Answer. No; and I cannot hear of his so doing; and I do not believe he thought himself eligible to vote.

[Answer objected to by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Cross-examination.

Question. Were you ever at Mr. Williamson's place of business in the city of New York?

Answer. Never; not till to-day.

Question. Were you ever at his house in the city of New York?

Answer. No.

Question. Did you ever see him in the city of New York till to-day?

Answer. I do not think I did.

Question. Then why do you say he was a resident of the city of New York?

Answer. I say so because he tells me so, and he does business here.

Question. When did Mr. Williamson buy that place adjoining you in Bloomfield?

Answer. Since 1850.

Question. Did you ever know Mr. Williamson's mother before he bought that place?

Answer. No.

Question. Did she come there to reside immediately after he purchased it?

Answer. I will not be sure; I guess so.

Question. Is that the only reason you have for saying he is a resident of New York, that his telling you so, and his doing business here?

Answer. The only one I recollect.

NATH'L COIT.

The above witness, Coit, was, on the 19th day of September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. He was then examined before the commissioner, and subscribed his name to the examination.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

ISAAC M. COCKFAIR was duly sworn as a witness for Mr. Williamson.

Question. Where do you reside, and what is your business?

Answer. Bloomfield, New Jersey; I am a farmer.

Question. Do you know Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. Yes.

Question. How long have you known him?

Answer. Ever since he bought the place in Bloomfield.

Question. How far do you reside from that place?

Answer. About a half or a quarter of a mile.

Question. Do you know what portion of time Mr. Williamson's family or himself spend at that place?

Answer. They are generally out there part of the summer.

Question. At any other time?

Answer. I have not seen them there; sometimes they come out to see things.

Question. Have you ever known them to spend the winter there?

Answer. They never have, or I should have known it.

Question. Who stays there the year round?

Answer. His mother, generally; and he hires a man to stay there.

Question. Were you one of the trustees of the district school for that district in 1857?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you remember a school meeting of April, 1857?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Prior to that meeting being held did you call on Mr. Williamson and have any conversation in regard to it?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Will you state what conversation you had with him in regard to it, as near as you can recollect?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. They wanted to divide the school district, and I called on Mr. Williamson to attend; he told me that he had no right to vote there; and I told him I thought he had; he seemed to think he did not have any right to vote; he said he would not have any right at all in our township meetings, as he did not belong there.

Question. Did you tell him anything in regard to what persons could vote at school meetings?

Answer. Yes.

Question. What did you so state?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. I told him I thought he had a right to vote in our school district; that it did not concern the township voting at all. We had quite a considerable conversation; I advised him to go to the meeting, and he did so.

Question. Did you tell him that all tax payers or freeholders in the district were entitled to vote at that meeting?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

[Question withdrawn.]

Question. What did you tell him as to the qualifications of voters at school meetings?

Answer. I told him the inhabitants of the school district are entitled to a vote, even if they have not been there two weeks; the law says that the taxable inhabitants of the district are entitled to vote.

Question. Did Mr. Williamson at that time tell you anything about his residence?

[Objection by Mr. Sickles's counsel.]

Answer. Yes.

Question. What?

Answer. He told me he had no right to vote there, being as he lived in New York; and finally he said, when I told him about the school law, that he did not know but that he had a right to vote about moving the school.

Question. Did Mr. Williamson attend that meeting?

Answer. Yes; he went up with me after the conversation aforesaid.

Question. On what day was that conversation held in reference to the meeting?

Answer. I am not certain if the same day or previous?

Question. Do you recollect whether Mr. Williamson's family were there then?

Answer. Yes, I think so; I am not certain; it was early in spring, and I am not certain if they had moved out or not; his mother was there.

Question. From your knowledge did you at any time of your knowing Mr. Williamson consider him a resident of Bloomfield?

Answer. No.

Cross-examination.

Question. Where did you call on Mr. Williamson to attend the school meeting?

Answer. At his house, I think, or it may be at the depot; Mr. Williamson had come the same day from New York.

Question. Were you there more than once in reference to it?

Answer. I think so; perhaps two or three times, to say something to him about it.

Question. Did his children attend the school of that district?

Answer. Yes.

Question. How long before had they attended school?

Answer. I cannot say; I do not think they went to school the first season they came out; school was too far off; I am not certain whether they attended school the season of the meeting; they have been to school, and do so now, some of them.

Question. Did you show Mr. Williamson the school law?

Answer. Yes; he saw the school law before the meeting.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Are you positive about its being before the school meeting that he saw the school law?

Answer. Yes; I recollect that he saw it before the meeting; I think at the time of our conversation.

Question. Did Mr. Williamson ever take any part in the politics of Bloomfield?

Answer. I think not. I never knew him to. I thought he had no right to vote; and that's the reason I never said anything to him about it.

Question. Did you in your conversation with him make a distinction between those who had a right to vote at school and those at township meetings?

Answer. Yes. I never knew him to take part in any public matter except that school meeting.

Question. Did Mr. Williamson vote at that school meeting?

Answer. I can't say. I did not see him vote.

Question. Is the farm that Mr. Williamson owned in that school district?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Was there considerable excitement about the subject of that school meeting?

Answer. Yes.

Cross-examination.

Question. Are you considerable of a politician there?

Answer. Not much.

ISAAC M. COCKFAIR.

The above witness, Cockfair, was, on the 19th September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner*.

Adjourned further examination of witness until to-morrow, at one o'clock p. m.

SEPTEMBER 20, 1860.

I attended pursuant to the adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents; but no witness being present, the further examination of witnesses is postponed until to-morrow, the 21st September instant, at 11 o'clock a. m.

SEPTEMBER 21, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties appeared by their attorneys and agents; whereupon PELATIAH WIGHT was sworn as a witness on the part of Mr. Sickles.

Question. You are the keeper of the Park Hotel?

Answer. Yes; since the 19th of April, 1858.

Question. Do you know Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did he take a room or rooms in your house in spring or summer of 1858, after you became the proprietor of the house?

Answer. He took the rooms for his family about this time of the year. He had stopped occasionally before that. He took the rooms for the winter. He occupied the rooms with his family till some time in December, till his family, not liking that mode of living, moved to Pearl street. But he continued to pay for rooms as he had engaged them, and friends of his lodged in the rooms.

Question. Do you identify this book as having been used as the hotel register, after you took the hotel?

Answer. Yes; I received that from Mr. Heath, one of my predecessors. I don't know whether Mr. Williamson's name appears on the register when he took the rooms. When I first kept the hotel, I had only a small book, which, when I changed the house, I laid aside, and cannot now find.

Cross-examination.

Question. Do you know whether Mr. Williamson had rooms there when you took the house?

Answer. I don't know whether he was staying there when I took the house; he was a stranger to me then.

PELATIAH WIGHT.

The above witness, Pelatiah Wight, was, on the 21st September, 1860, sworn by Irving Paris, a public notary and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner*.

GEORGE A. BARNEY, being sworn as a witness on the part of Mr. Williamson:

Question. Where do you reside and your business?

Answer. 51 North Moore street. My business is painting.

Question. Do you know N. B. McLaughlin, who was a sergeant in United States army in 1858 in charge of recruiting station in Hudson street?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did you, subsequent to the congressional election in 1858, have any conversation with him in regard to recruits voting?

Answer. I did.

Question. What led to that conversation?

Answer. Shortly after the election at Dr. Eager's drug store, at the corner of North Moore and Hudson streets, a person employed at the recruiting station, in the presence of young Dr. Peter B. Eager and myself, said that recruits had voted for Mr. Sickles, and this led me to make further inquiries, and I had from inquiries ascertained that general rumor had confirmed the assertion, when I then went to Sergeant McLaughlin. (Shortly after this occurred, Sergeant McLaughlin was transferred to Carlisle barracks, and whether I had conversation with him prior to his going to Carlisle or not till his return I am not certain; but that I did after his return I am certain.) That conversation was in the presence of Mr. McIntire, the contestant's counsel, whom I introduced to Sergeant McLaughlin for the purpose of ascertaining the truth of the rumor. Sergeant McLaughlin acknowledged—I mean stated to us, the conversation was desultory—that there had arrived upon the day of election recruits from Boston and from the interior of this State, naming Albany and, I think, Rochester, who voted for Mr. Sickles, dressed in citizens' clothes. In the course of the conversation I stated to him my doubts whether they had a right to vote or not. [Taken subject to objection of Mr. Sickles's counsel.] He stated that a United States soldier could neither gain nor lose a *residence*; consequently he construed the law in such a manner that they had a right to vote and they did vote, which confirmed the report of employé. I then asked him how I could arrive at the fact of these—I want to state that I asked him where I could procure a list of these men's names. He mentioned the name of some officer in whose possession the books then were, stationed on Governor's island. On election day, the men having voted, Sergeant McLaughlin went on with them to Carlisle, he said. That was the sum and substance of that conversation, with the exception that he stated he was willing to appear before the commissioner and state the same thing.

Question. Had you other conversations with him previous to this time on the same subject?

Answer. Yes, I think I had.

Question. Did he make any statements on this point in those other conversations?

Answer. My memory of circumstances is good, but of dates bad. I had frequent conversations with him; met him frequently; almost every day; and in all our conversations he acknowledged always the same as I have stated. He has since, within six months, repeated the same story; not repeated the same story, but when I put the same questions he never has contradicted or denied the statement made by him to me as aforesaid.

Cross-examination.

Question. How long have you lived in that ward?

Answer. Twelve or fourteen years. Ten years where I now reside.

Question. What was the name of the man you met at Dr. Eagar's?

Answer. I think they called him Mike.

Question. Do you know his other name?

Answer. I do not.

Question. Do you know in what capacity he was employed at the rendezvous?

Answer. I don't know; but he was always dressed in uniform; employed as a sort of capper.

Question. How often did you see that man there?

Answer. Every day for probably more than a year at or about the rendezvous. I don't know whether he is now employed at the rendezvous, which has been moved twice since that time; since it was moved from Hudson street, near Jay street, I mean.

Question. Did Sergeant McLaughlin tell you how many persons had come from Albany, Boston, and Rochester on the day of election?

Answer. He did. That is he told me how many he took to Carlisle.

Question. What was the number?

Answer. That I forget; but I think between twenty and thirty. I think he said about thirty.

Question. You said you made a memorandum in writing of what was said by the man Mike. Have you got that, and will you produce it?

Answer. I could not find it; but I think I can, and will produce it. It is signed by myself and Dr. Eagar.

Question. You say that Sergeant McLaughlin told you that these recruits from Boston, Albany, and Rochester voted at that election for Mr. Sickles. Did he tell you how he knew they did?

Answer. He did not.

Question. Did he tell you at what poll they voted?

Answer. He did not.

Question. Did he give you the names of any of them?

Answer. He did not; but told me where I could find them.

Question. Where did he tell you you could find them?

Answer. Upon the list of recruits upon the book, which he thought was then at Governor's island.

Question. Did you go to Governor's island to ascertain?

Answer. I did not.

Question. Did he tell you the name of the officer who had charge of the book?

Answer. He told me the name of the officer who he thought had the book.

Question. Do you recollect that name?

Answer. I do not.

Question. Are you certain and will you swear that Sergeant McLaughlin spoke of the rights of these recruits when he said that they had neither lost nor gained a residence to vote at that election, or only of his own right?

Answer. Most positively and distinctly so. I understood the sergeant as considering the law to allow all these recruits to vote.

Question. In what election district was the rendezvous at that time?

Answer. I think the sixth district of the fifth ward. In Greenwich street, between Hubert and Laight streets, was the poll.

Question. Did you vote in the same district.

Answer. I did not.

Question. Did you vote at that election?

Answer. I did.

Question. Whom did you support for Congress at that election?

Answer. Amor J. Williamson.

Question. Were you an active partisan?

Answer. I was; very.

Question. Were you at the 6th district poll during election day?

Answer. I was.

Question. Do you know the most of the voters in that part of the ward?

Answer. Of the old residents, I do; but there are a great many boarding-houses and the residents change every year, and it is impossible to keep the run of them all.

Question. Did you see any soldiers vote at the 6th district?

Answer. I did not; my visit to that district was to see if they were supplied with tickets.

Question. Did you see any soldiers vote in your own district?

Answer. No.

Question. If twenty or thirty men had come into your district to vote, would you be likely to know that they were strangers?

Answer. If in a body; but if scattering they might have come and I not taken any notice of it.

Question. You say that it was rumored that recruits voted at that election—in what districts?

Answer. I can't say; it was a general rumor that they had voted at some poll or polls.

Question. Have you heard any other person say that any of the recruits voted than the man Mike and Sergeant McLaughlin?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Who?

Answer. Luther Horton, Ex-councilman Crane, and a number of others have said that McLaughlin had deceived them ; that McLaughlin had promised that nothing should go on from rendezvous, unless he should inform them : that is, that nothing should be done from the rendezvous against Mr. Walbridge.

Question. Did Mr. Horton state to you in what district the recruits voted ?

Answer. No.

Question. What district did Mr. Horton live in.

Answer. I think the upper district of the ward.

Question. Did you hear any other person state as a fact within their knowledge that those recruits had voted ?

Answer. No ; only from rumor.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Did Sergeant McLaughlin tell you what number of those recruits voted ?

Answer. I understood him to say that the whole number that went to Carlisle that day voted ; and that he had five or seven at rendezvous that were entitled to vote ; but I understood him that all did.

Question. In this conversation with Sergeant McLaughlin was there any question as to his right to vote.

Answer. No, I knew him to be a voter. He had been a supporter of mine for office of councilman in 1857.

Question. Did you know at the time who McLaughlin supported for Congress.

Answer. Yes ; he supported Daniel E. Sickles.

Question. Was he an active partisan ?

Answer. I can't say that he was ; he made no talk.

Further cross-examination.

Question. Did it not strike you as very ridiculous in Sergeant McLaughlin to say that he had five or seven men at the rendezvous who were entitled to vote, and then to claim that the whole number from Boston, Albany, &c., were entitled to vote ?

Answer. No, for this reason : I knew that the same parties were employed at the rendezvous the previous season, when he told me that he had five or seven votes for me ; and believing that he was honest in his construction of the law, I did not think it absurd or out of the way. My object was to gain information and not to set him right.

Question. Were there any raw recruits at rendezvous the year previous when you were a candidate ?

Answer. No, not to my knowledge. *They had left shortly before election.*

[Witness says that this last part is not part of his answer.]

Question. How do you know that McLaughlin supported or voted for Mr. Sickles ?

Answer. Because he told me both.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Did he tell you that he supported him before election?

Answer. He told me so before election; I mean that he would support Mr. Sickles.

GEORGE A. BARNEY.

The above witness was, on the 21st day of September, 1860, duly sworn before Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER, *Commissioner.*

Adjourned the further examination until to-morrow, the 22d September, 1860, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 22, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents; whereupon, LURAD C. HEATH being duly affirmed as a witness on the part of Mr. Sickles:

Question. Please state your residence and place of business.

Answer. Real estate broker; I reside in New Jersey.

Question. Were you connected with the Temperance hotel, kept in Beekman street?

Answer. Yes. I assumed charge of it September 15, 1857, when Mr. Savery left it.

Question. Look at register produced; is it the register you kept?

Answer. Yes. It was left to me by Mr. Savery and kept by me during my proprietorship, and I left it at hotel when I left hotel, April 19, 1858.

Question. Do you know Mr. Amor J. Williamson?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Do you recollect his being a lodger at that hotel from September 15, 1857, to April 19, 1858?

Answer. I do not. I know him and saw him there occasionally. I had clerks who attended to lodgers; he might have been there without my knowing it.

Question. Was there an eating saloon kept there?

Answer. Yes; a dining saloon. I think I have seen him taking his meals there. The meals were paid for separately, as taken.

Question. Were you in any way connected with the hotel previous to taking it?

Answer. I had charge from June, 1856, to February, 1857; and was in some way connected with it by helping Mr. Savery. I loaned him money, and was there to look after the interests of the concern.

Question. Do you recollect Mr. Williamson there from June, 1856, to February, 1857?

Answer. Yes, occasionally during the Frémont campaign.

Cross-examined.

Question. Did you have charge of the lodgers' accounts?

Answer. I had general superintendence of the house.

L. C. HEATH.

The above witness (Heath) was, on this 22d September, 1860, duly sworn by Irving Paris, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

GEORGE A. BARNEY recalled and further cross-examined:

Question. Were you a good deal interested in the fall of 1858 in the question whether the soldiers on Governors island should be allowed to vote in the third congressional district?

Answer. No more than others who took an active part in the campaign. I took no active part in preventing, except by talking among my associates. I did not write to the Secretary of War on the subject, and did not know of any one doing so.

Question. Did you ever hear Fernando Wood say that he had?

Answer. I have an indistinct recollection that something of the kind was said at a meeting at the Astor House at which I was present. I did not see any letter from the Secretary.

Question. At what time did that meeting occur?

Answer. Sunday evening or afternoon in the latter part of October, a few days preceding election.

Question. Who were present at that meeting?

Answer. Mr. Walbridge, Williamson, Bleakley, Horace Greeley, Fernando Wood, and Judge Welsh; probably ten or fifteen were in and out, including myself and a man named Bogue.

Question. What was the object of that meeting?

Answer. After I had got in the room I found it was for the purpose of ascertaining the relative strength of the three candidates present; also to ascertain if a compromise could not be effected for the purpose of presenting one candidate against Mr. Sickles.

Question. What was done and what part taken by different members of that caucus?

Answer. After some conversation in relation to supposed strength of the candidates a proposition was made by Mr. Greeley that each of the candidates select one friend to represent him, who should remain in the room, and the rest retire. Mr. Walbridge named Mr. Wood; Mr. Bleakley named Mr. Bogue; Mr. Williamson naming myself, and Mr. Greeley requesting Judge Welsh to remain as an adviser; after

which a proposition was made that a vote be taken and the candidate receiving the majority of the votes should be declared as the candidate. This proposition emanated from Mr. Walbridge's friends, but was submitted by Mr. Greeley; exceptions were taken to this proposition by Judge Welsh and myself, and after a great deal of talk and time spent, the meeting adjourned without accomplishing anything. I think there was a regular plan between Bleakley and Walbridge to throw Mr. Williamson overboard, [objection by Mr. Williamson's counsel,] by outvoting him in the caucus by the aid of Bleakley who was really no candidate, and thus making Walbridge the union candidate.

Question. Do you know who was at the head of that movement?

Answer. I believe the invitations emanated from Mr. Greeley, who was the moderator, or chairman, and generally conducted the meeting. On leaving the meeting the parties divided off. Mr. Greeley was joined, on leaving the room, by James B. Taylor, and I think by Mr. Hiram Walbridge or some of his friends. They went to the Tribune office. Mr. Williamson's friends ascertaining that fact by watching them.

Question. Is the paper now produced the paper to which you alluded yesterday, signed by yourself and Dr. Eagar?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Can you give any further information as to the person who made that statement?

Answer. I don't know that I could.

Question. In whose possession has that paper remained since it was signed?

Answer. Mine.

Cross-examination.

Question. Did you ever make any attempt to verify that statement by examining the poll-lists of the 5th ward?

Answer. No further than by ascertaining where the list of names could be procured of the parties who left for Carlisle on the day of election.

Question. Did you hear then any of the names?

Answer. I did not.

Question. Have you since ascertained?

Answer. No.

Re-direct examination.

Question. Could you ascertain the names in any other way than by taking the poll-lists and going to all the houses in the ward?

Answer. I could not in that way ascertain if these were the soldiers, but if more votes were polled than a house was entitled to.

Question. Was there any vote taken at that meeting at the Astor House?

Answer. I can't say that there was any direct vote, but propositions by both Mr. Wood and Greeley were fully discussed.

Question. Was there at that election any union between Mr. Williamson and his friends, and Mr. Walbridge and his friends?

Answer. None that I know of.

GEO. A. BARNEY.

The above witness (Barney) was sworn, as before certified, and further cross-examined this 22d September, 1860, and also on the direct examination before me, and signed his further testimony.

M. ULSHOEFFER,

Commissioner.

The witness, IRA CAMPBELL, on the part of Mr. Williamson, now appears, as required by Mr. Sickles, for further cross-examination:

Question. Can you now state during which two years you were one of the assessors for the town of Bloomfield?

Answer. The years 1855 and 1856.

Question. Have you in your possession the assessment rolls or tax books for those two years?

Answer. I have now here the book for the year 1855, which was made up by me as assessor, for the tax collector.

Question. In whose possession has this book been since it was made up?

Answer. I do not know; but I got it from Horace Dodd, the collector for 1855, to whom I gave it when made up.

Question. Has the book been altered since it was made up?

Answer. I think it has, but not since I gave the book to the collector. I find the line James Williamson, which is intended for Amor J. Williamson, assesses him for twenty-five acres of land, one house, one outhouse. Real estate, valued at \$1,800; personal, \$200; one dog, 30 cents; county tax, \$1 67; town tax, \$5 60; road tax, \$2 42. It appears that there had been marked on the line a poll-tax against Mr. Williamson. This is now erased. I suppose I did it, as I have others. After finding that I was mistaken as to parties being residents, I would erase the poll-tax. I do so in this case of Mr. Williamson. I state this from my recollection of the fact, and such also was my habit.

Re-direct examination.

Question. In which of those items is the poll-tax included when there is one?

Answer. Always to town tax.

Question. Is there any poll-tax included in Mr. Williamson's tax for 1855?

Answer. There is not and never has been for that year.

Question. Can you tell by looking at this book whether Mr. Williamson was taxed as a resident or non-resident that year?

Answer. I can.

Question. Which was it?

Answer. He was taxed as a non-resident.

Question. Why was he taxed for personal property if he was taxed as a non-resident?

Answer. I can't tell you any more than in my previous examination. I put it on the book because Mr. Williamson was willing that the personal property there should be taxed, although he was a non-resident, so that the town should have the benefit.

Further cross-examination.

Question. Does the law of New Jersey authorize you to tax non-residents for personal property?

Answer. I can't say whether it does or not.

Question. Did you assess Mr. Williamson for personal property in 1856?

Answer. I think I did, as before, for the same reasons.

Question. You say you did not see him in 1856; how, then, did you do it for the same reasons?

Answer. I don't know whether I was entitled to do so. I supposed he was willing to do what he did the year before.

Question. Can you say without examining the tax book whether you assessed him a poll-tax for the year 1856 or not?

Answer. I cannot state from memory, but would have to look. I should not suppose I would have assessed him a poll-tax, as I considered him a non-resident.

IRA CAMPBELL.

The above witness (Campbell) having been sworn, as before certified, was further cross-examined and re-examined this 22d day of September, 1860, and signed his name to such further examination.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

No other witnesses being present, the further examination is postponed until Monday, the 24th September, 1860, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 24, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties attended by their attorneys and agents.

ISAAC BELL being sworn as a witness for Mr. Sickles:

Question. Were you during 1858 one of the supervisors of the city and county of New York?

Answer. Yes.

Question. As such, was it your official duty to take any part of the canvass of votes given for members of Congress?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did you take any action relative to canvass of votes for member of Congress for third congressional district?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Had or have district canvassers any right to alter returns?

Answer. They have no right to alter a return; they can correct a clerical error simply.

[Objection by Mr. Williamson's counsel.]

Question. Will you state whether there was some question in your board as to the number of some twenty-three votes given for Mr. Sickles for Congress, which votes, it was alleged, were found in the judiciary box?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Was any proposition made by you, with the approval and assent of Mr. Sickles, as to how those votes, or any of them, should be disposed of?

Answer. Yes.

Question. State what that proposition was.

Answer. That if it were made to appear, upon respectable evidence, that one or more of these votes has been improperly allowed to Mr. Sickles, the vote will be voluntarily renounced by that gentleman.

Question. Were some of the members of the board of supervisors authorized by Mr. Sickles to make such proposal; and if so, which members of such board?

Answer. Yes; Isaac Bell, jr., Elijah F. Purdy, John R. Briggs, Walter Roche, and William M. Tweed.

Question. Was such proposition made in pursuance of such authority?

[Objection by Mr. Williamson's counsel; that this must be proved by the record.]

Answer. Yes.

Question. Was such proposition reduced to writing and presented to the board of canvassers?

Answer. Yes, and signed by the gentlemen before named.

Question. Can you state whether or not it was received and placed on file?

Answer. My impression is that it was; I cannot swear to it positively.

Question. Do you recognize the paper you now hold in your hand as a copy of the paper you have referred to?

Answer. I do.

[Marked "Exhibit, Bell, September 24, 1860."]

Question. Will you state whether or not a further proposition was made by or on behalf of Mr. Sickles as to disposing of these disputed twenty-three votes?

Answer. No other formal proposition was made in writing; but, without being able to state what the nature of the different propositions made was, different ones were made with a view to the settlement of this question.

Question. Will you state, to the best of your recollection, whether an offer was not made on behalf of Mr. Sickles, and with his sanction, that if Mr. John A. Kennedy would withdraw an intimation or charge as to these votes against Mr. Sickles personally, that he would thereupon voluntarily renounce these twenty-three votes?

[Objection by Williamson's counsel ; that question is leading, and assuming that Mr. Kennedy had made a charge.]

Answer. I don't recollect that proposition positively or substantially ; there were many propositions made, and whether that was among them or not I cannot state.

Cross-examination.

Question. Was the matter of the return from 4th district of 1st ward referred to Supervisor Kennedy?

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did Supervisor Kennedy take testimony with regard to the matter?

Answer. From one man, I think ; I think Stokley ; he may have examined the other canvassers also, but I was not present.

Question. Did Mr. Kennedy make a report to the board on that matter.

Answer. Yes.

Question. Did Mr. Kennedy report that those twenty-three votes were improperly included in the return, and should be rejected?

Answer. I cannot state.

Question. Was the reference of this question and the report of Mr. Kennedy subsequent to the written proposition?

Answer. No, previous.

Question. Can you tell what day this written proposition was presented to the board?

Answer. I cannot tell the day.

ISAAC BELL, JR.

The above witness (Bell) was, on the 24th day of September, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. McDonough, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

DAVID A. FOWLER was sworn as a witness on the part of Mr. Williamson :

Question. What is your employment?

Answer. Deputy county clerk of this city and county, and have been so for the last seven years and upwards.

Question. As deputy county clerk have you the custody of papers and documents in the county clerk's office?

Answer. The clerk is the custodian ; as far as the authority of the deputy clerk extends, I have it.

Question. Have you in your possession the poll-list of first election district of the 2d ward for the election of November, 1858?

Answer. I have a book, which I now produce, entitled "Poll-list for the First District of the First Aldermanic District ; election held 2d day of November, A. D. 1858." From a pencil mark on the back

thereof, and from the residences of the voters therein, as set down, I suppose it is from a district in the 2d ward. It comes from the files of the county clerk's office. I find the name of Amor J. Williamson written therein, and his residence as No. 14 Beekman street, and as voting all the tickets voted at that election.

Question. Have you the poll-list of the 3d election district of 1st ward for election of November, 1858?

Answer. Yes; it is indorsed as "First Aldermanic District;" but inside the heading is "Third Election District of the First Ward." It comes from files of the county clerk's office, marked "Exhibit, September 24, M. U.;" Williamson.

Cross-examination.

Question. Do you know anything about those books except that they come from the county clerk's office?

Answer. I know they were received at the county clerk's office, and acted on as the official documents at the time.

Question. Look at the paper now shown you, and state what it is, and where you obtained it.

Answer. It is a writ of peremptory mandamus granted by the supreme court on the relation of the people against the board of county canvassers of the county of New York, and served on that body November 30, 1858. I got it among the minutes of the county canvassers. I was acting as clerk for canvassers at the time. I know it was served on the board.

Question. Have you made a search for the papers on which such writ was granted?

Answer. I have, but have not been able to find them among papers of the supreme court in county clerk's office.

[Mandamus marked "Exhibit, September 24, Sickles."]

[Objection by Mr. Williamson's counsel unless the papers are produced on which it was founded.]

Question. On the receipt of this writ by the board of canvassers, what action, if any, did they take as to these 23 votes?

Answer. As to the 23 votes, I know the board proceeded and completed the canvass as directed by the writ.

Re-direct examination.

Question. In your search did you find the original mandamus?

Answer. The one produced is it; I found no other paper.

Cross-examination.

Answer. I recognize the indorsement on writ of mandamus as in the handwriting of Justice Sutherland of the supreme court.

D. A. FOWLER.

The above witness was, on the 24th of September, 1860, duly sworn before A. R. Macdonough, a notary public and officer authorized by

the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

Adjourned by consent to September 25, 1860, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 26, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Williamson's counsel files two affidavits of service of summons, one on E. B. Hart and the other on Conrad Fitzgerald, marked "Williamson, September 25."

FRANCIS J. TWOMEY being sworn as a witness in behalf of Mr. Williamson:

Question. What is your employment?

Answer. Deputy clerk of the board of aldermen of this city, and has been three years nearly.

Question. Where is David T. Valentine who was subpoenaed in this matter?

Answer. He is indisposed and could not attend, and directed me to attend. He is the principal or clerk of the common council of this city.

Question. Are the poll-lists of the city or charter elections left in said clerk's office?

Answer. They are, but there have been omissions in some few cases.

Question. Have you the poll-list of the 5th election district of the eleventh aldermanic district or twentieth ward of this city for the December election in the year 1857?

Answer. I have it; one line on the fourth page of said poll-list, and the fifth line from the bottom of such page reads as follows:

"Amor J. Williamson, 28 Boorman Place, as voting all the tickets voted for, namely: city and county, No. 6, charter, No. 7, justices, No. 9, school officers, No. 10, and supervisors."

This book or list has been in said clerk's office ever since the said election, and has not been altered. The names in said list are the names of the persons who are thus returned as having voted at such election in the said fifth election district.

FRANCIS J. TWOMEY.

The above witness (Twomey) was, on the 25th day of September, 1860, duly sworn before William H. Armstrong, a notary public and officer authorized by the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths. His testimony was then taken before the commissioner, to which he subscribed his name.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

Counsel for Mr. Sickles appeared and waived cross-examination of said Twomey, and excepted to the affidavit so filed as to Fitzgerald.

Adjourned until to-morrow, the 26th September, at 11 a. m.

SEPTEMBER 26, 1860.

I attended pursuant to adjournment, and the parties contestant appeared by their attorneys and agents; whereupon the examination was otherwise closed, but reserving by consent the right of either party hereafter to put in evidence, as of this day, all the papers on the *mandamus* case hereinbefore referred to, if the same can be obtained and such sections of the New York election laws as the parties, or either of them, may furnish copies of. But the whole of such laws are to be considered as in evidence, and may be read and used by either party.

The said papers which the parties reserved the right to produce were not furnished to the commissioner.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

Exhibits produced before Michael Ulshoeffer, commissioner.

SICKLES—A.

Agreeably to public notice given to the inhabitants of school district No. 4, Stone House Plains, by the order passed on the 6th instant by the trustees of said district for one fortnight, in seven of the most public places in said district previous, the inhabitants of said district met at the school-house Wednesday evening, April 22, at 7 o'clock. Mr. Thomas Day was chosen chairman, and Simeon Brown secretary. The object was stated and explained to the meeting by the chairman.

It was moved and seconded as follows:

Resolved 1st, That the second resolution adopted at a meeting on the taxable inhabitants of this district on the 21st of May, A. D. 1856, in the following words, to wit: That said trustees be directed to change the position, and add to the length of the school-house, as they may think expedient, and the interest of the school may require, be, and the same is hereby, rescinded. Carried unanimous.

Resolved 2d, That the trustees be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed, as speedily as may be, to build a new school-house upon the present site, and to make such other improvement as they may deem necessary; and that the surplus money now in their hands, so far as the same shall be sufficient, be appropriated toward defraying the expenses of such building and improvements.

A motion was then made by Mr. Williamson, and seconded by Mr. J. M. Cockefair, to postpone or lay the second motion on the table for one month, to give them an opportunity to divide the district; on which the vote of the meeting was taken and decided as follows: 25 voting in favor of postponing, and 41 against postponing. Lost by 16 majority.

The vote on the second resolution was then called for and taken, and decided as follows: 25 opposed to building, and 38 in favor of building. Carried by 13 majority.

A motion was made and seconded, that a resolution be offered by Mr. Starr Parsons as follows: *Resolved 3d*, That trustees of this school invite and request the consistory of Stone House Plains, as soon as conveniently may be, to meet with them to decide upon the line between the burying-ground lot and the school-house lot; and that the said trustees report to a future meeting of this district their proceedings in the premises. Carried unanimously.

A motion was made and seconded to adjourn this meeting, which was carried. Adjourned April 22, 1857.

THOMAS DAY, *Chairman*.

J. BROWN, *Secretary*.

EXHIBIT—WILLIAMSON—A.

District Returns—State, County and City Officers.

Return of canvassers of the fourth district of the first ward of the city of New York, of votes given in said district, for State, city and county officers.

Election held the 2d day of November, A. D. 1858.

No. 1.

One "No. 1," to be delivered to the alderman of the aldermanic district, to be by him delivered at the office of the board of supervisors within twenty-four hours after it is subscribed.

Another "No. 1," in the county clerk's office immediately.

Exhibit.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

District canvassers' statement and return of votes.

For governor, lieutenant governor, canal commissioner, an inspector of State prisons, members of congress, members of assembly, sheriff, county clerk, coroners, district attorney, supervisors, justice of the superior court, "shall there be a convention to revise the constitution and amend the same," inspectors of election, and district canvassers.

We, the canvassers of election for the fourth district of the first ward of the city and county of New York, in the county of New York, make the following statement and return of the votes given for each candidate voted for in the said election district, on the second day of November, in the year 1858, for State, city, and county officers.

The whole number of votes given for the office of governor of the State was one hundred and six (106;) of which Amasa J. Parker received sixty-seven (67;) of which Edwin D. Morgan received thirty (30;) of which Lorenzo Burrows received seven (7;) of which Gerrit Smith received two (2.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of lieutenant governor of the State was one hundred and four ; of which John J. Taylor received sixty-seven (67 ;) of which Robert Campbell received thirty (30 ;) of which Nathaniel S. Benton received seven (7 ;) of which Sidney A. Bears received —.

The whole number of votes given for the office of canal commissioner was one hundred and four ; of which Sherburne B. Piper received sixty-seven (67 ;) of which Hiram Gardner received thirty (30 ;) of which J. R. Thompson received seven (7.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of an inspector of the State prisons was one hundred and four ; of which Edward L. Donnelly received sixty-seven (67 ;) of which I. R. Everst received thirty (30 ;) of which William A. Russell received seven (7 ;) of which Silas T. Fyler received —.

The whole number of votes given for the office of member of Congress was one hundred and three ; of which Daniel E. Sickles received seventy (70) *under protest* ; of which Hiram Walbridge received twenty-one (21 ;) of which Amor J. Williamson received thirty-four (34 ;) of which G. Hiram Walbridge received one (1.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of member of assembly of the State was one hundred and two ; of which George L. Garlick received thirty-seven (37 ;) of which Jacob L. Smith received forty-three (43 ;) of which Thomas Coady received one (1 ;) of which Dennis Quinn received nineteen (19 ;) of which scattering (2.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of sheriff was one hundred and four ; of which John Kelly received sixty-seven (67 ;) of which William H. Albertson received thirty-seven (37.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of clerk of the county was one hundred and four ; of which John Clancy received sixty-seven (67 ;) of which William S. Davidson received thirty-seven (37.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of coroners was one hundred and three ; of which Robert Gamble received sixty-seven (67 ;) of which F. B. O'Keefe received sixty-five (65 ;) of which William Schriemer received sixty-seven (67 ;) of which Andrew R. Jackman received sixty-seven (67 ;) of which Samuel Hall received thirty-seven (37 ;) of which James S. Scofield received thirty-six (36 ;) of which Charles Riddle received thirty-six (36 ;) of which Martimus A. Van Leir, received thirty-four (34.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of district attorney of the city of New York was one hundred and four ; of which Nelson J. Waterbury received sixty-seven (67 ;) of which Rufus F. Andrews received thirty-seven (37.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of supervisors was ninety-nine ; of which Thomas Little received thirty-four (34 ;) of which William C. Connor received sixty-five (65.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of justice of the superior court of the city of New York was one hundred and three ; of which Benjamin W. Bonney received thirty-five (35 ;) of which James Moncrief received fifty-one (51 ;) balance were tickets for D. E. Sickles and counted to him.

The whole number of votes given for “ shall there be a convention

to revise the constitution and amend the same was thirty-five; of which "yes" received thirty-four (34;) of which "no" received one (1.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of inspectors of election for the fourth election district of the first ward was seventy-seven; of which Benjamin D. Quigg received twenty-seven (27;) of which Noah B. Stokley received twenty-six (26;) of which James Welch received fifty (50;) of which Jeremiah Haley received fifty (50.)

The whole number of votes given for the office of district canvassers for the fourth election district of the first ward was eighty-eight; of which George Thompson received twenty-six (26;) of which William Stokley received twenty-six (26;) of which John Coffey received forty-four (44;) of which William Kenney received fifty-one (51;) of which Cornelius Dwyer received seven (7;) of which scattering received eleven (11.)

And we do certify that the foregoing statement is correct in all respects.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names this 2d day of November, in the year 1858.

JOHN COFFEY,
WILLIAM KENNY,
WILLIAM STOKLEY,
Canvassers of Election.

We, the canvassers of the fourth election district of the first ward of the city of New York, in the county of New York, do hereby certify and declare that John Coffey and William Kenney, having received the greatest number of votes for the office of inspectors of elections of said district, were duly elected inspectors of elections for said district, for all elections for the ensuing year. We do select and appoint William Stokley, being one of the persons voted for at said election for inspectors of elections in said district, for all elections for the ensuing year.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names this 2d day of November, A. D. 1858.

JOHN COFFEY,
WILLIAM KENNY,
WILLIAM STOKLEY,

Canvassers of elections for the election district of the ward.

We, the canvassers of the fourth election district of the first ward of the city of New York, in the county of New York, do hereby certify and declare that John Coffey and William Kenney, having received the greatest number of votes for the office of canvassers of elections of said district, were duly elected canvassers of elections for said district, for all elections for the ensuing year. We do select and appoint William Stokley, being one of the persons voted for at said election for canvasser of elections in said district, for all elections for the ensuing year.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names this 2d day of November, A. D. 1858.

JOHN COFFEY,
WILLIAM KENNY,
WILLIAM STOKLEY,

Canvassers of elections for the election district of the ward.

We, the canvassers of elections of the fourth district of the first ward of the city of New York, in the county of New York, do hereby depute John Coffey, one of the canvassers aforesaid, to deliver the original statement or return of said votes to the alderman of the aldermanic district, to be by him delivered to the board of supervisors, within twenty-four hours after the same is subscribed.

JOHN COFFEY,
WILLIAM KENNY,
WILLIAM STOKLEY,
Canvassers of Election.

Dated November 2, A. D. 1858.

EXHIBIT—WILLIAMSON—B—Continued.

Number.	Names of voters.	Shall there be a convention, and to amend the same.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 6.	No. 8.	Supervisors.	Inspectors and district canvassers.
21	Ed. Toben, 31 Depeyster street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	Daniel Quillan, 6 Depeyster street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23	Timothy Manning, 33 Wall street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
24	Edward Dalton, 60 Hanover street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
25	Dennison R. Parker, Franklin market	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
26	Thomas Huggins, Franklin market	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
27	Michael Golding, 4 New street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
28	John M. Maitin, 10 Wall street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	John L. Gannun, 4 New street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
30	William Quinn, Franklin market	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	William P. Appleby, 66 Broadway	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
32	Joseph H. Crupe, 25 Pine street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
33	Jeremiah Sullivan, 31 Depeyster street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
34	John Dinan, 86 Pine street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
35	Edward L. Cole, 4 New street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
36	Jeremiah T. Jenkins, 146 Pearl street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
37	David Contant, 48 Wall street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
38	Francis Contant, 48 Wall street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
39	Ovington Benedict, 5 Wall street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
40	Augustus W. Lord, 11 Wall street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
41	Thomas S. Peal, mate of sloop Drummond, pier 17	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
42	John Palmer, 31 Depeyster street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[illegible]

EXHIBIT—WILLIAMSON—B—Continued.

Number.	Names of voters.	Shall there be a convention to revise the constitution, and to amend the same.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 6.	No. 8.	Supervisors.	Inspectors and district can- vassers.
			State.	Congress.	Assembly.	City and county.	Judiciary.		
82	Michael Ryan, 10 Depeyster street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
83	Thomas Cassin, Exchange.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
84	Daniel O'Connell, 9 Beaver street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
85	John Connell, 110 Broadway.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
86	Benjamin W. Quigg, 6 Wall street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
87	W. C. Blackler, 12 Cedar street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
88	George Buckley, 12 Cedar street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
89	John Coffee, 158 Maiden Lane.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
90	Thomas Snodgrass, 1st S. H.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
91	N. Dunard, 9 Beaver street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
92	Emg. Paterson, 9 Beaver street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
93	Wm. Stencos.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
94	M. Sullivan, 9 Beaver street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
95	John Keefe, 10 Depeyster street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
96	M. Dwirey, 158 Pearl street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
97	Peter Ridell, 47 Wall street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
98	Patrick Newcomb, 7 New street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
99	George Ridell, 74 Wall street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
100	Thomas Halery, 31 Depeyster street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
101	Adn. Wolef, 80 Water street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
102	J. Plantier, 62 William street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
103	Henry Carter, 66 Wall street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

	38	106	103	103	105	102	99	90
104 Thomas Sims, 9 Beaver street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
105 George H. Braham, jr., 9 Broadway	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
106 Thomas Andershon, ship South Hampshire.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
107 James D. Mehan, 15 William street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
108 John M. Hall, 15 William street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
109 Thomas Hartret, 86 Pine street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
110 Bryan Kenny, 31 Depeyster street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
111 Robert Wilson, 123 Water street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
112 John Doram, 86 Maiden Lane	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

JAMES MCKENNA.
LEVI LEONARD.

NOVEMBER 12, 1858.

Met Messrs. Coffey, Kenney, and Stokely, canvassers of the fourth election district of the first ward. Mr. Coffey states that the tickets in the Congress box were short of the number required by the poll-list a few votes, but does not recollect the number; does not recollect the number each candidate had at the count of the tickets found in the Congress box.

When the box for justice of superior court, &c., was examined there was found an excess of tickets over the number required by the poll-list of 23 or 24, he does not recollect which; that on consultation the tickets were returned to the box, and the excess was drawn out and destroyed; that on the canvass of the votes for justice there were found among them 23 or 24 votes for Mr. Sickles for Congress; and these votes for Mr. Sickles were added to those that had already been allowed to him as found in the Congress box.

Mr. Kenny states that the tickets in the Congress box were short of the poll-list about *four* votes.

Owing to great interruption by persons in the audience the examination was adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

J. A. K.

NOVEMBER 13, 1858.

Met Mr. Stokely. Mr. Stokely stated that he was present yesterday at the examination that took place of Messrs. Coffey and Kenny; they were his associates in the canvass of the fourth election district of the first ward; that he kept private minutes of the canvass as it proceeded. The ballots in each box were compared with the poll-lists, and only one box was found to have an excess—the judiciary box. In that case the ballots were returned to the box, and the excess was drawn out by Mr. Kenny, and the tickets so drawn were destroyed. The number drawn out was 27. The number left in the box was 102, which corresponds with the poll-list. The canvassers then opened and counted the votes, when there were found to be 50 votes for Mr. Moncrief, and 29 for Mr. Bonney, for justice of superior court, and 23 votes for Daniel E. Sickles for Congress. These 23 votes were ordered by a majority of the canvassers to be added to the votes allowed to Mr. Sickles; that he protested against this proceeding, but was overruled. On the examination of the Congress box there was one vote short in comparing with the poll-list; but as a Congress ticket had been found in the State box, it was added to the vote in the Congress box, making the vote full, and making it correspond with poll-list. The canvass of the congressional box gave Mr. Sickles 47, Mr. Walbridge 21, and Mr. Williamson 34, and for G. Hiram Walbridge 1 vote, making a total of 103 votes. When the 23 votes were added to the vote Mr. Sickles was entitled to, it made his vote 70, and the whole number allowed for Congress 126. The official return is correct where it said, “the whole number of votes given for member of Congress was 103;” and is erroneous where it said, “of which Daniel E. Sickles received 70.” The true number Mr. Sickles was entitled to was 47 votes.

Question. How came you to sign the returns when you knew they were erroneous?

Stokely. I signed them under protest at a very late hour of the night, on the earnest solicitation of my associates, one of whom appeared to be apprehensive of his personal safety, from the threats of the very rough crowd that filled the poll-room, much to the discomfort of the canvassers, during the night. The crowd insisted, after the discovery of the 23 votes for Mr. Sickles in the judiciary box, that they should be added to his vote, and that the Congress vote should be reannounced, and would not allow the canvass to proceed until it was done. They interfered by clamorous noises, by striking the tables with their hands, by pulling the hat of the chairman over his eyes, and by other modes of annoyance and disturbance. While I was referring to the pamphlet furnished to the canvassers from the county clerk's office for their direction, it was rudely taken from my hand and destroyed. All the other copies were immediately seized on by different parties in the crowd and carried off, to prevent me from referring to the duties of the canvassers as provided by law. The signatures to the return, John Coffey and myself, were written by each of us respectively. William Kenny did not write his name to the returns. Wherever his name appears as a signature it was written by Mr. Coffey. It was understood that Mr. Kenny could not write his name. The whole number of names on the poll-list of persons who voted is 108.

WILLIAMSON, August 11.

By authority of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States of America:

TO MICHAEL NORTON:

According to law and pursuant to the resolutions of the House of Representatives of the twenty-first of March and the seventeenth of May, eighteen hundred and sixty, you are ordered and required to be and appear before Michael Ulshoeffer, the commissioner appointed to take testimony in the case of the claim of Amor J. Williamson to the seat in said House now held by the honorable Daniel E. Sickles, at his office, No. 15 Nassau street, in the city of New York, on the 11th day of August, 1860, at 10½ o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to testify what you may know in said matter.

And do not fail to appear under penalty of the law.

Witness my hand and the seal of the House of Representatives of the United States, at the city of Washington, this 6th day of [L. s.] August, eighteen hundred and sixty.

WM. PENNINGTON, *Speaker*.

Attest:

JOHN W. FORNEY, *Clerk*.

Served personally, August 6, at the Melodeon, Broadway, and 75 cents fees paid.

A. MCINTIRE.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss:

Alfred McIntire, of said city, being duly sworn, says that on the sixth day of August, 1860, he served upon Michael Norton above named a subpoena, of which the above is a copy, by delivering said subpoena to said Michael Norton personally and leaving the same with him, and at the same time paying to said Norton seventy-five cents fees for one days' attendance in obedience to said subpoena and twenty cents for travelling fees; and that said Norton did not live more than two miles from the office of the within named commissioner.

Deponent further says that he has this day attended before Michael Ulshoeffer, the commissioner appointed to take the testimony in the case of the contested election in the third congressional district in the State of New York, from about half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon until twelve o'clock noon; and that said Norton has not attended in obedience to said subpoena.

Deponent further says, that said Norton is a material and necessary witness for Amor J. Williamson in said matter, and that his testimony will be of the utmost importance to said Williamson in said contest; that said Norton has informed deponent since said contest has been pending, that he, said Norton, knew of nearly or quite one hundred illegal votes which had been given for Mr. Sickles at said election in the Eighth ward of the city of New York; and that he could in many instances point out the precincts where, and the persons by whom, said illegal votes were given.

And that he further informed deponent that there were several of the partisans of Mr. Sickles in said ward who stood at the polls all the said election day with money in their hands for the purpose of bribing persons to vote for said Sickles for representative in Congress at such election, and that a large number of persons were so bribed to vote for said Sickles at said election.

Deponent further says that he is informed and believes, and expects to prove by said Norton, that said Sickles paid to said Norton a large sum of money to induce him, said Norton, to support him, said Sickles, at such election; and also promised to said Norton an appointment to a position in the United States custom-house in New York, to induce and secure such support; and also furnished said Norton a large sum of money to be used and expended by him in procuring illegal votes for him, said Sickles; and also that the said Norton did procure and induce a large number of persons who were not legal voters therein, to vote for said Sickles for representative in Congress at such election in one or more of the several election districts in the said Eighth ward of the city of New York; and also that other persons, to the knowledge of said Norton, procured and induced persons to vote illegally for said Sickles for representative in Congress at said election.

Deponent further says that at the time he served said subpoena on said Norton, said Norton informed deponent that he did not wish to testify in the case, and that he did not think he could be compelled to attend; and in a subsequent conversation said Norton said to depo-

ment that he hoped Mr. Sickles would succeed in the said contest in regard to his said election to Congress.

ALFRED McINTIRE.

Sworn before me this 11th day of August, 1860.

WM. H. ARMSTRONG,

Notary Public in the city of New York.

WILLIAMSON, August 28.

District returns—State, county, and city officers.

Return of canvassers of the ——— district of the ——— ward of the city of New York, of votes given in said district for State, city, and county officers.

Election held the 2d day of November, A. D. 1858.

No. 1.

One "No. 1" to be delivered to the alderman of the aldermanic district, to be by him delivered at the office of the board of supervisors within twenty-four hours after it is subscribed.

Another "No. 1" in the county clerk's office immediately.

Exhibit.

M. ULSHOEFFER,
Commissioner.

District canvassers' statement and return of votes.

For governor, lieutenant governor, canal commissioner, an inspector of State prisons, members of Congress, members of assembly, sheriff, county clerk, coroners, district attorney, supervisors, justice of the superior court, "shall there be a convention to revise the constitution and amend the same," inspectors of election, and district canvassers.

We, the canvassers of election for the third district of the first ward of the city and county of New York, in the county of New York, make the following statement and return of the votes given for each candidate voted for in the said election district on the second day of November, in the year 1858, for State, city, and county officers:

For governor.—Amasa J. Parker, Edwin D. Morgan, and Lorenzo Burrows.

For lieutenant governor.—John J. Taylor, Robert Campbell, and Nathaniel S. Benton.

For canal commissioner.—Sherburne B. Piper, Hiram Gardner, and James R. Thompson.

For inspector of State prisons.—Edward L. Donnelly, Josiah T. Everest, and William A. Russell.

The whole number of votes given for the office of governor of the State was three hundred and ninety-nine; of which Amasa J. Parker received three hundred and seventy-nine votes; of which Edwin D.

Morgan received seventeen votes ; of which Lorenzo Burrows received three votes.

The whole number of votes given for the office of lieutenant governor of the State was three hundred and ninety-nine ; of which John J. Taylor received three hundred and seventy-nine votes ; of which Robert Campbell received seventeen votes ; of which Nathaniel S. Benton received three votes ; of which Sidney A. Bears received none.

The whole number of votes given for the office of canal commissioner was three hundred and ninety-nine ; of which Sherburne B. Piper received three hundred and seventy-nine votes ; of which Hiram Gardner received seventeen votes ; of which James R. Thompson received three votes.

The whole number of votes given for the office of an inspector of the State prisons was three hundred and ninety-nine ; of which Edward L. Donnelly received three hundred and seventy-nine ; of which J. R. Everest received seventeen votes ; of which William A. Russell received three votes ; of which Silas T. Flyer received ———.

For representative in Congress.—Daniel E. Sickles, Hiram Walbridge, Amor J. Williamson.

The whole number of votes given for the office of member of Congress was three hundred and ninety-nine votes ; of which Daniel E. Sickles received two hundred and thirty-three ; of which Hiram Walbridge received one hundred and forty-three ; of which Amor J. Williamson received twenty-three

For member of assembly.—Jacob L. Smith, George L. Garlick, Dennis Quinn.

First assembly district.—Thomas Coady.

The whole number of votes given for the office of member of assembly of the State was four hundred and seven ; of which Jacob L. Smith received three hundred and fifty-six ; of which George L. Garlick received twelve votes ; of which Dennis Quinn received thirty-eight votes ; of which Thomas Coady received one vote.

For sheriff of the city and county of New York.—John Kelly.

For district attorney.—Nelson J. Waterbury.

For clerk of the city and county of New York.—John Clancy.

For coroners in the city of New York.—Robert Gamble, Francis B. O'Keefe, William Schrimmer, Andrew R. Jackman.

For sheriff of the city and county of New York.—William H. Albertson.

For district attorney.—Rufus F. Andrews.

For clerk of the city and county of New York.—William S. Davison.

For coroners in the city of New York.—Samuel Hall, Martinus A. Van Lier, Charles Riddle, James S. Scofield.

The whole number of votes given for the office of sheriff was three hundred and ninety-five votes ; of which John Kelly received three hundred and seventy votes ; of which William H. Albertson received twenty-five votes.

The whole number of votes given for the office of clerk of the county was three hundred and ninety-three ; of which John Clancy received three hundred and seventy-three ; of which William S. Davison received twenty.

The whole number of votes given for the office of coroner was fifteen hundred and seventy; of which Robert Gamble received three hundred and seventy-two; of which Francis B. O'Keefe received three hundred and forty-five; of which William Schrimmer received three hundred and sixty-three; of which Andrew R. Jackman received three hundred and seventy-one; of which Samuel Hall received twenty-one; of which Martinus A. Van Lier received fifty-eight; of which Charles Riddle received twenty; of which James S. Scofield received twenty.

The whole number of votes given for the office of district attorney of the city of New York, was three hundred and ninety-three; of which Nelson J. Waterbury received three hundred and sixty-four votes; of which Rufus F. Andrews received twenty-nine votes.

For supervisor.—William C. Conner, Thomas Little.

The whole number of votes given for the office of supervisor was three hundred and eighty-two; of which William C. Conner received three hundred and sixty-six votes; of which Thomas Little received sixteen votes.

For justice of the superior court of the city of New York to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Justice Duer.—James Moncrief, Benjamin W. Bonney.

The whole number of votes given for the office of justice of the superior court of the city of New York, was four hundred; of which James Moncrief received three hundred and seventy-eight; of which William C. Conner received ———; of which Benjamin W. Bonney received twenty-one.

The whole number of votes given for “*shall there be a convention to revise the constitution and amend the same*” was seventeen; of which “*Yes*” received seventeen; of which “*No*” received —.

For inspectors of election for the third election district of the first ward.—J. Clitz Morrison, John Grant.

For district canvassers for the third election district of the first ward.—William H. Caulfield, Bennett Nelson.

For inspectors of election for the third election district of the first ward.—Thomas Green, Lawrence Mack.

For district canvassers for the third election district of the first ward.—William Jeannett, John Woods.

For inspectors of election for the third election district of the first ward.—John F. Calligan, James Howard.

For district canvassers for the third election district of the first ward.—John Hughes, Patrick McDonald.

The whole number of votes given for the office of inspectors of elections for the third election district of the first ward was six hundred and eighty-two; of which J. Clitz Morrison received ten votes; of which John Grant received ten; of which John F. Calligan received one hundred and six; of which James Howard received one hundred and six; of which Thomas Green received two hundred and twenty; of which Lawrence Mack received two hundred and twenty.

The whole number of votes given for the office of district canvassers for the third election district of the first ward, was six hundred and seventy; of which William H. Caulfield received nine; of which Bennett Nelson received nine; of which John Hughes received one hun-

dred and six; of which Patrick McDonald received one hundred and six; of which William Jennett received two hundred and twenty; of which John Woods received two hundred and twenty; of which scattering forty-nine for other districts and wards.

And we do certify that the foregoing statement is correct in all respects.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names this 2d day of November, in the year 1858.

J. CLITZ MORRISON,
WM. JENNETT,
JOHN HUGHES,
Canvassers of election.

We, the canvassers of the third election district of the first ward of the city of New York, in the county of New York, do hereby certify and declare that Thomas Green and Lawrence Mack, having received the greatest number of votes for the office of inspectors of elections of said district, were duly elected inspectors of elections for said district for all elections for the ensuing year. We do select and appoint John F. Culligan, being one of the persons voted for at said election, for inspector of elections in said district for all elections for the ensuing year.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names this — day of November, A. D. 1858.

J. CLITZ MORRISON,
WM. JENNETT,
JOHN HUGHES,

Canvassers of elections for 3d election district of 1st ward.

We, the canvassers of the third election district of the first ward of the city of New York, in the county of New York, do hereby certify and declare that William Jennett and John Woods, having received the greatest number of votes for the office of canvassers of elections of said district, were duly elected canvassers of elections for said district for all elections for the ensuing year. We do select and appoint John Hughes, being one of the persons voted for at said election, for canvasser of elections in said district for all elections for the ensuing year.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names this — day of November, A. D. 1858.

J. CLITZ MORRISON,
WM. JENNETT,
JOHN HUGHES,

Canvassers of elections for 3d election district of 1st ward.

We, the canvassers of elections of the — district of the — ward of the city of New York, in the county of New York, do hereby depute —, one of the canvassers aforesaid, to deliver the original statement or return of said votes to the alderman of the

aldermanic district, to be by him delivered to the board of supervisors within twenty-four hours after the same is subscribed.

Dated — day of November, A. D. 1858.

_____,
Canvassers of election.

WILLIAMSON, *August 31.—A.*

By authority of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States of America.

TO GERSHON COHEN :

According to law and pursuant to the resolutions of the House of Representatives of the twenty-first of March and the seventeenth of May, eighteen hundred and sixty, you are ordered and required to be and appear before Michael Ulshoeffer, the commissioner appointed to take testimony in the case of the claim of Amor J. Williamson to the seat in said House now held by the Hon. Daniel E. Sickles, at his office, No. 15 Nassau street, in the city of New York, on the twenty-seventh day of August, eighteen hundred and sixty, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to testify what you may know in said matter.

And do not fail to appear under penalty of the law.

Witness my hand and the seal of the House of Representatives of [L. s.] the United States, at the city of Washington, this twentieth day of August, eighteen hundred and sixty.

WM. PENNINGTON, *Speaker.*

Attest :

J. W. FORNEY, *Clerk.*

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss :

Alfred McIntire, being duly sworn, says that the twenty-first day of August instant he served a subpoena, of which the above is a copy, upon Gershon Cohen, above named, by delivering said subpoena to said Cohen, personally, at the City Hall, in the city of New York ; and leaving the same with him, and at the same time paying said Cohen seventy-five cents fees for one day's attendance in obedience to said subpoena, and thirty cents travelling fees ; and that said Cohen did not, as deponent was informed and believes, live more than three miles from the office of the commissioner within named, and that said Cohen has not attended, as required by said subpoena. Deponent further says that he is informed and believes that the said Cohen is a material and important witness on behalf of Amor J. Williamson in the contest pending in regard to the seat in Congress held by Daniel E. Sickles.

ALFRED MCINTIRE.

Sworn before me this twenty-seventh day of August, eighteen hundred and sixty.

SYLVESTER LAY,
Notary Public.

SICKLES, *September 1.*

Third congressional district.—Farrington ticket estimate.

Twenty-three booths and boxes for tickets.....	\$80 50
Twenty-three men for same.....	115 00
Twenty-three men for polls.....	115 00
One stand for meeting.....	20 00
One band for meeting.....	35 00
Advertising in papers.....	50 00
Expenses, "sundries," headquarters, polls, &c.....	100 00
	515 50

WILLIAMSON, *September 6.—1.*

Amor Williamson—6.

No. 179.—Present this bill when you pay your tax.

Mr. Amor Williamson:

Your county tax for 1857 is.....	\$4 17
Your township tax is.....	7 51
Your school and school-house tax is	6 48
Your dog tax is.....	80
Your road tax is.....	3 02
	21 98
	3 02
	18 96

Now due and payable at my office in Bloomfield, before the 20th day of October next.

N. B.—If you work your road tax or pay it to the overseer in any other way, you must bring his receipt for the amount so paid.

Received payment for the above tax.

JOSEPH M. OSBORN, *Collector.*

The commissioners of appeal in case of taxation will sit at Union Hall, in Bloomfield, on the 4th Tuesday in September ensuing, at two o'clock p. m.

The collector will receive taxes at the store of John T. Garrabrant on Friday, October 2; and at Mr. Slater's, (West Bloomfield,) on Tuesday, October 6, between the hours of two and six o'clock p. m.

Z. B. DODD, *Collector.*

BLOOMFIELD, *September 1, 1857.*

WILLIAMSON *September 6.—2.*

No. 191.—Present this bill when you pay your tax.

Mr. Amor Williamson:

Your county tax for 1858 is.....	\$4 89
Your township tax is.....	8 79
Your school and school-house tax is.....	
Your dog tax is.....	35
Your road tax is.....	3 19
	17 22

Now due and payable at my office in West Bloomfield, before the 20th day of October next.

N. B.—If you work your road tax or pay it to the overseer in any other way, you must bring his receipt for the amount so paid.

Received payment for the above tax.

CHARLES P. SANDFORD,
Collector.

The commissioners of appeal in cases of taxation will sit at the Lodge Building, West Bloomfield, on the 4th Tuesday of September ensuing, at two o'clock p. m.

The collector will receive taxes at the store of John T. Garrabrant on Tuesday, October 5; and at John Archdeacon's, (Bloomfield,) on Thursday, October 7, between the hours of two and six o'clock p. m.

CHARLES P. SANDFORD,
Collector.

WEST BLOOMFIELD, *September 1, 1858.*

WILLIAMSON, *September 6.—3.**Sixth District.*

No. 169.—Present this bill when you pay your tax.

Mr. Amor Williamson:

Your county tax for 1859 is	\$4 84
Your township tax is.....	7 29
Your school and school-house tax is.....	
Your dog tax is.....	36
Your road tax is.....	4 89
	17 38

Now due and payable at my office in West Bloomfield, before the 20th day of October next.

N. B.—If you work your road tax or pay it to the overseer in any other way, you must bring his receipt for the amount so paid.

Received payment for the above tax.

CHARLES P. SANDFORD,
Collector.

The commissioners of appeal in cases of taxation will sit at Union Hall, in Bloomfield, on the 4th Tuesday of September ensuing, at two o'clock p. m.

The collector will receive taxes at the store of William Jenkins on Tuesday, October 4; and at John Archdeacon's, (Bloomfield,) on Thursday, October 6, between the hours of two and six o'clock p. m.

CHARLES P. SANDFORD,
Collector.

WEST BLOOMFIELD, *September 1, 1859.*

WILLIAMSON, *September 6.—4.*

By authority of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States of America.

To GEORGE MCLEOD :

According to law and pursuant to the resolutions of the House of Representatives of the twenty-first of March and the seventeenth of May, eighteen hundred and sixty, you are ordered and required to be and appear before Michael Ulshoeffter, the commissioner appointed to take testimony in the case of the claim of Amor J. Williamson to the seat in said House now held by the honorable Daniel E. Sickles, at his office, No. 15 Nassau street, in the city of New York, on the 1st day of September, 1860, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to testify what you may know in said matter.

And do not fail to appear under penalty of the law.

Witness my hand and the seal of the House of Representatives of the United States, at the city of Washington, this 20th day of [L. S.] August, eighteen hundred and sixty.

WM. PENNINGTON, *Speaker.*

Attest :

J. W. FORNEY, *Clerk.*

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss :

Matthew C. Fordham, of said city, being duly sworn, says, that on the 29th day of August, 1860, he served a subpoena upon George McLeod, above named, of which the above is a copy, by delivering the said subpoena to said McLeod personally and leaving the same with him, and at the same time paying to said McLeod one dollar and five cents fees for one days' attendance, in obedience to said subpoena, and travelling fees; and that the said McLeod does not live more than three miles from the office of the commissioner within named.

Deponent further says, that said McLeod at the time told deponent that he would not attend, as required by said subpoena; that if he testified in the matter he should not only get himself into trouble, but

other poor men in his ward ; and also some friends of his (said McLeod) who had promised to assist him.

Deponent further says, that said McLeod told him that he took a number of men from the eleventh ward of this city down to the eighth ward to vote for Daniel E. Sickles at the election in November, 1858; that the said men voted for said Sickles a good many times, but he did not know how many ; that he (McLeod) knew all about the arrangement, and how things were done ; that he need not go as a witness unless he chose ; that he could not be compelled to attend unless the House of Representatives passed a resolution to require his attendance; and if that was done he should be posted in regard to it, so that he could get out of the way.

M. C. FORDHAM.

Sworn before me this 6th day of September, 1860.

L. PITKIN,
Notary Public.

Laws relating to public schools, with instructions concerning the duties of county, town, and district officers, and of the inhabitants of districts.

At a meeting of the trustees of the school fund, held June 12, 1860, the State superintendent was authorized to reprint an edition of the school laws and "instructions" published in pamphlet form in 1856, together with the supplements to the "Act to establish public schools" enacted since that time.

These laws will be cheerfully furnished to school district officers on application to

F. W. RICORD,
State Superintendent, Newark, N. J.

AN ACT to constitute and appoint trustees for the security and management of the fund for the support of free schools.

1. The governor of this State, the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of assembly, the attorney general, and the secretary of State, and their successors in office for the time being, be, and they are hereby, constituted and appointed trustees of the fund for the support of free schools in this State, by the name, style, and title of "the trustees for the support of free schools," arising either from appropriations heretofore made, or which may hereafter be made by law, or which may arise from the gift, grant, bequest, or devise of any person or persons whatsoever.

2. The public stocks and moneys heretofore appropriated by law shall constitute the fund in the hands of the trustees appointed by the first section of this act, and shall be held by the said trustees and their successors in office, for the time being, in trust ; the interest and

dividends arising therefrom to be applied by the said trustees, or a majority of them, and by their successors for the time being, for the support of free schools in this State, in the mode now prescribed or hereafter to be prescribed by any act or acts of the legislature, and for no other use or purpose whatsoever.

3. The fund above mentioned, together with all moneys which shall be received by the treasurer, in payment of the principal or interest of the bank or turnpike stock belonging to the fund for the support of free schools; all the taxes which may hereafter be received into the treasury from any of the banking, insurance, or other incorporated companies in this State, the capital stock of which now is, or hereafter may be, liable by law to be taxed; all appropriations to the said fund, made or to be made by any law of this State; and the amount of all gifts, grants, bequests, or devises hereafter made by any person or persons to the said trustees, for the purposes contemplated by this act, shall be invested by the treasurer of this State, under the direction of the said trustees, or a majority of them, in public stock or on private security, the interest thereof to be applied to the support of the public schools, in the mode which now is, or may hereafter be, directed by law, and to no other use or purpose whatsoever: *Provided*, That the trustees shall have power, until otherwise directed by the legislature, to put out to use, with sufficient security, all moneys in the fund, whether principal or interest, and the legislature reserve the power to change the existing fund in their hands for any public stock which in their opinion would be more productive, and an account of the management of the said fund shall be laid before the legislature, with the annual statement of the treasurer's accounts: *And provided*, That for no services to be performed, either by the said trustees or treasurer, in pursuance of the directions of this act, shall any compensation be required.

4. The treasurer of this State shall annually make and furnish to the board of trustees for the support of free schools, on the first day of the stated annual meeting of the legislature, and at such other times as the majority of the said trustees shall require the same, a particular statement of the school fund, containing an account of the stocks and all other securities belonging to said fund, with the dates of investment, their value, and the interest arising from each denomination of stock and other securities, together with an account of moneys in the treasury belonging to said fund.

5. The secretary of state, and his successor in office, for the time being, be, and he is hereby, constituted and appointed secretary of the said board of trustees, whose duty it shall be to record, in a book to be kept for such purpose, the proceedings of the said board, and the accounts to be furnished by the treasurer as hereinbefore directed.

6. The said trustees shall, on or before the first day of March, in every year hereafter, cause to be invested for the benefit of said fund, an amount, as near as may be, equal to the estimated receipts into the treasury on account of the same during such year, to be advanced by the treasurer.

7. The treasurer shall pay the moneys to be invested as aforesaid, upon a warrant to be drawn by the governor or person administering

the government for that purpose, and the amount of all such advances shall be repaid to the treasury out of the moneys received on account of the school fund, from time to time, during the present or any other year wherein such investment shall be made in advance as aforesaid.

AN ACT to establish public schools. Approved April 17, 1846.

8. SEC. 1. It shall be the duty of the trustees of the school fund of this State, for the time being, on or before the first Monday of April next, and on or before the first Monday of April in every year thereafter, to appropriate out of the annual income of said fund for the support of public schools the sum of thirty thousand dollars; and if the annual income of said fund shall not have been received in full, or shall be insufficient for that purpose, then the said trustees are hereby authorized and empowered to draw for any sum necessary to make up the deficiency, by warrant signed by the governor, upon the treasurer of the State, who is directed to pay the same; which sum, so drawn from the treasury as aforesaid, shall be replaced by the annual income of said school fund so soon as the same shall be received.

9. SEC. 2. As soon as the said appropriation shall be made, it shall be the duty of the said trustees to apportion the same among the several counties of this State, in the ratio of the last taxes paid for the support of the government of this State by the said counties, respectively, a true list of which apportionment shall be made out and filed with the treasurer, whose duty it shall be forthwith to give notice in writing to the collectors of the several counties, of the sum apportioned to each county, and the said collectors shall thereupon have power to draw for the same; and it shall also be the duty of the trustees of the school fund to prepare and submit to the legislature an annual report, containing estimates and accounts of expenditures of all moneys appropriated by them, together with such other matters connected with the school fund as they shall deem advisable.

10. SEC. 3. The boards of chosen freeholders in the several counties of this State shall, at their annual meeting in each year, apportion among the several townships in their respective counties the money so as aforesaid received from the treasurer, in the ratio of the county tax paid by the several townships, a true list of which apportionment shall be filed by the clerk of the said board, in a duplicate copy thereof filed with the county collector; and it shall be the duty of the clerks of the said boards of chosen freeholders, respectively, as soon as such apportionment shall be made and filed as aforesaid, to give notice in writing to the collectors of the several townships in their respective counties of the amount so apportioned to the respective townships; and it shall be the duty of the said township collectors, on the receipt of such notice, to draw upon the county collector for the same.

11. SEC. 4. The inhabitants of the several townships in this State are hereby authorized, empowered, and required, at their annual town meetings, to raise, by tax or otherwise, in addition to the amount so apportioned to their use, such further sum or sums of money as they may deem

proper for the support of public schools, at least equal to and not more than double the amount of such apportionment.

12. SEC. 5. The inhabitants of the several townships in this State are hereby authorized and empowered, at their annual town meetings, to elect and choose, in the same manner as other township officers are elected, one suitable person, who shall be denominated a town superintendent of public schools for the respective townships, whose duty it shall be, on or before the second Monday in May next succeeding, to set off and divide their respective townships into convenient school districts, with power to alter and change them as circumstances may require; and in case a district can be more conveniently formed of parts of two or more adjacent townships or counties, it shall be lawful for the town superintendents of such adjacent townships to make such division.

13. SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the town superintendent in each township, within twenty days after the school districts shall have been set off and divided as aforesaid, to prepare a notice in writing, describing such districts, and appointing a time and place for the first district meetings, a copy of which notice shall be set up in three of the most public places within each of the said districts at least ten days previous to the time of such meeting; and that district meetings shall be held annually, on the first Monday of April thereafter, of the time and place of which annual meeting ten days' notice in writing shall be given by the town superintendent.

14. SEC. 7. It shall be lawful for the taxable inhabitants of the several school districts in this State, when assembled in pursuance of the notice given as aforesaid, to elect, by a plurality of votes, three or more discreet persons, who shall constitute the trustees for the respective districts, and who shall hold and exercise their offices for one year and until others are duly elected; and the said trustees may resolve and determine how many months in a year a school shall be kept and maintained within their respective districts, and may also designate a site for the district school-house.

15. SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the board of chosen freeholders in each of the several counties of this State, at their annual meetings, to elect and choose two persons, citizens of said county, who shall constitute a board of examiners and visitors in and for said county, whose duty it shall be to meet at such times and places as the said board of examiners shall determine and appoint, and, in common with the town superintendents of the respective townships, to examine and license, by certificate under their hands and seals, suitable persons as teachers of public schools within said county, having regard always to their scholarship and moral character; which license shall be restricted to the county where the same may be given, but may be revoked and renewed at the pleasure of the board of examiners; and that the members of the said board of examiners shall receive, as a compensation for their services, the sum of one dollar for each and every day by them actually employed in the duties of their office, to be paid to them by the county collector; and in case the board of chosen freeholders of any county shall neglect to appoint examiners as aforesaid, then it shall be the duty of the town superintendent of each and every township in such county to examine such teachers,

and give such license as aforesaid; and no teacher shall be entitled to receive any amount of public money, unless possessed of a license.

16. SEC. 9. It shall be the duty of the trustees of the several school districts in the State, as soon as may be after their election as aforesaid, to provide a suitable house or room, where a school shall be taught, and to contract with and employ a competent teacher, having a certificate of license for such county, and to pay the wages of such teacher, as far as the same shall be paid out of the public money or moneys appropriated by the township, by an order in writing, signed by them, or a majority of them, stating the purpose for which it is given, and in favor of the one entitled to receive it; and it shall also be the duty of the said trustees, within twenty days after their election, to make out a list of the children capable of attending school, between the ages of five and sixteen years, within their said district, together with the names of the parents or guardians of such children, and to transmit the same to the town superintendent of the township of which such district forms a part; and in case the trustees shall neglect or refuse to render such report, they shall be subject, respectively, to a penalty of ten dollars for each and every neglect.

17. SEC. 10. It shall be the duty of the town superintendents in the several townships of this State, upon the receipt of the lists of children within the respective districts, transmitted to him as aforesaid, to apportion the money received by their respective township collectors as herein before provided for, and also all other moneys which may be raised by their respective townships for the support of public schools, among the several school districts so aforesaid formed, in the ratio of the number of children capable of attending school, between the ages of five and sixteen years, in each district, a true list of which apportionment shall be made out, and a copy thereof filed with the trustees of the respective townships; it shall also be the duty of the town superintendent in each and every township, within ten days after his appointment, to receive from the town collector all moneys appropriated to school purposes, and who shall also enter into a bond to the inhabitants of said township, in their corporate name, with two good and sufficient securities, being freeholders and resident in said township, to be approved by the township committee; and the said town superintendent to pay over no money so appropriated as aforesaid, except upon the written order of the trustees, or a majority of them, which order shall state the purpose for which it is given, and be made payable to the order of the person entitled to receive the money, and indorsed by him; and the township collector is hereby authorized to pay over to the person so appointed town superintendent all the money which he may receive, either from the county collector or collected by himself, and take a receipt therefor, which shall be sufficient evidence of such payment.

18. SEC. 11. It shall and may be lawful for the trustees of two or more of the school districts in any township, city, or borough of this State, to unite and consolidate the respective quotas of the school money apportioned to them, for the purpose of establishing one or more free schools in said township, city, or borough: which school or schools, so determined upon, shall be under the supervision of the

town superintendent, whose duty it shall be to determine what pupils shall be admitted, and upon what terms, and, in general, to discharge the office of trustees of such school or schools.

19. SEC. 12. Where the patrons or proprietors of any school already organized and established under the care of any religious society or denomination of Christians, whose church discipline provides for the establishment of schools and the appointment of trustees, are unwilling to relinquish such school, and become subject to all the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of the trustees of said school to transmit to the town superintendent of their respective townships a certificate of their organization, together with a list of the children of such patrons and proprietors, between the ages of five and sixteen years, who are capable of attending school; whereupon every such school shall be entitled to receive its just and ratable proportion of the money assigned to said township out of the income of the school fund, and of such additional sum as may be raised or appropriated by said township for the support of public schools; which apportionment shall be made by the town superintendent of the respective townships, and a copy thereof filed with the township collector, whose duty it shall be to pay to the trustees of said school their just proportion of such moneys, for the use and benefit of said school.

20. SEC. 13. It shall be the duty of the town superintendent, in each and every township in this State, to visit every school in said township at least once in every quarter, to examine into the condition of the same, to advise and consult with the trustees and teachers, and cause the result of such visit to be entered upon a book to be kept for that purpose in each and every school, and to make out a report in writing, and to transmit the same to the State superintendent of common schools, on or before the fifteenth day of December, in each and every year, of the state and condition of the schools within their respective townships, the number of scholars taught therein, the terms of tuition, the length of time the school has been kept open therein, the amount of money received by him, and the manner in which it has been appropriated and expended, together with such other information as he may think necessary or may be required by the State superintendent, a copy of which report shall be read at the next annual town meeting; and in case the said town superintendent shall neglect or refuse to make such report, he shall incur the penalty of ten dollars; the town superintendent of each and every township shall, within ten days after the expiration of his office, render to his successor in office a just and true account in writing of all school moneys received by him before the time of rendering such account, and of the manner in which the same has been appropriated and expended by him; and the account so rendered shall be delivered by such successor to the town clerk, to be filed in his office, and recorded by him in a book to be kept for that purpose; and if, on rendering such account, any balance shall be found remaining in the hands of the town superintendent, the same shall immediately be paid over by him to his successor in office; every town superintendent who shall refuse or neglect to render such an account as is above required, or neglect or refuse to pay over

any balance in his hands, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of fifty dollars.

21. SEC. 14. There shall be a State superintendent of public schools, whose duty it shall be to see that the laws respecting public schools are faithfully executed, and the moneys appropriated for their support fairly applied; to ascertain from examination, and suggest from experience, such amendments or alterations in the school law as may be required; to visit the different counties, and as far as practicable the different towns, and consult and advise with the county examiners, visitors, and town superintendents thereof, and, on or before the fifteenth day of January, in each and every year, to make a written report to the legislature, containing a statement of the condition of the public schools throughout the State, and such other matters as he may deem expedient: *Provided*, That the provisions of this section shall not extend to any county in this State until the board of chosen freeholders of such county, desirous to come under the provisions of the same, shall first give notice to the trustees of the school fund of such desire; and upon and after the receipt of such signification by the secretary of state, the provisions of this section shall apply to and extend to such county.

22. SEC. 15. It shall be the duty of the State superintendent of common schools to prepare suitable forms and regulations for making all reports and conducting all proceedings prescribed by law in relation to public schools, together with a copy of all the acts in relation thereto, and to transmit the same, with such suggestions as he shall deem necessary and proper for their better organization and government, to the town superintendents of the several townships throughout the State; and the trustees of the school fund are hereby authorized to allow such as they may deem just and reasonable, as a compensation for the labor and expense attending the same, which sum shall be paid by the treasurer, on the order of the governor, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

23. SEC. 16. The said town superintendents shall receive, as a compensation for the services required of them by this act, the sum of one dollar per day, to be paid to them by the township collector out of the funds of the township: *Provided*, That no compensation shall be paid by the said township collector until the said town superintendents shall produce an acknowledgment of the State superintendent that he received from them a copy of the report required to be made by the preceding section of this act.

24. SEC. 17. In the erection or alteration of a school district, the trustees of any district to be affected thereby may apply to the township committee to be associated with the town superintendent, and their action shall be final.

25. SEC. 18. It shall be the duty of the trustees, together with the town superintendent, to select such books as they shall deem proper to be introduced into the several schools of said township or district.

26. SEC. 19. It shall be the duty of the clerk of the several boards of chosen freeholders in this State to report to the State superintendent the names and residences of the persons appointed visitors and examiners in the different counties; and it shall also be the duty of

the town clerk in each township in this State to report to the State superintendent the name and residence of the person elected as town superintendent within ten days after such election.

27. SEC. 20. All moneys received by the town superintendent shall be applied exclusively to the purposes of education.

28. SEC. 21. The State superintendent of common schools shall be appointed by the trustees of the school fund, and shall hold his office for two years.

29. SEC. 22. All the penalties imposed by the provisions of this act shall be enforced and collected by the township committee of the several townships in this State, and applied for the benefit of public schools in said townships.

Supplement. Approved March 3, 1848.

30. The several townships in this State are authorized to appropriate, from the interest of the surplus revenue received by them, and such other funds not raised by tax, such sums for the support of public schools as they shall order and direct at their annual town meetings, in addition to the amount apportioned to them from the State school fund and the amount which they are required to raise by law.

Providing compensation to the State superintendent of common schools. Approved March 9, 1848.

Whereas it is necessary to carry out the wise provisions of the "Act to establish public schools," approved April seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, making it the duty of the State superintendent to see that the laws respecting public schools are faithfully executed, and the moneys appropriated for their support fairly applied: Therefore—

31. The trustees for the support of free schools be authorized to pay annually, as they may deem expedient, to the State superintendent of public schools any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, for drawing reports, postage, travelling, and other incidental expenses, incurred in the discharge of the duties of his office.

Supplement. Approved March 14, 1851.

32. SEC. 1. It shall be the duty of the trustees of the school fund to appropriate, in the manner provided for in the first section of the act to which this is a supplement, the sum of forty thousand dollars, every year, for the support of public schools in this State; which sum shall be apportioned among the several counties, in the ratio of the population thereof, as ascertained by the last preceding census.

33. SEC. 2. The treasurer of this State is hereby directed to pay to the trustees of the school fund, on or before the first day of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and on or before the first day of April of every year thereafter, the sum of forty thousand dollars, to be appropriated by them, in addition to the forty thousand dollars appropriated out of the annual income of the school fund, for the support of public schools in this State.

34. SEC. 3. In case the board of chosen freeholders in any county of this State shall neglect to appoint a board of examiners, then it shall be the duty of the town superintendent, in connexion with the trustees of the several school districts in such county, to meet at such time, in any school district as the town superintendent shall appoint, to examine and license by certificate, under the hands and seals of the said town superintendent and trustees, or a majority of such of them as shall attend at the time appointed, a suitable person or persons as teachers of public schools within said district, having regard always to their scholarship and moral character; which license shall be restricted to the district where the same may be given, and may be revoked and renewed at the pleasure of the said town superintendent and trustees, or a majority of them; and no teacher shall be entitled to receive any amount of the public money, unless possessed of such license.

35. SEC. 4. The board of chosen freeholders shall in the manner directed by the third section of the act to which this is a supplement, apportion among the several townships in their respective counties the money received from the treasurer for public schools, in the ratio of the number of children, between the ages of five and eighteen years, as shall be ascertained by the last annual returns made to the several town superintendents, a copy of which return shall be transmitted by the same town superintendents to the boards of chosen freeholders of the respective counties.

36. SEC. 5. The district trustees shall, in the manner prescribed by the ninth section of the act to which this is a supplement, make out a list of the children between the ages of five and eighteen years, and transmit the same to the town superintendents; and apportionments of the school money shall be made by the town superintendents among the several school districts, in the ratio of the children therein, between the ages of five and eighteen years, unless otherwise made, as hereinafter authorized.

37. SEC. 6. The inhabitants of the several townships in this State are hereby authorized, at their annual town meetings, to raise, by tax or otherwise, in addition to the amount apportioned to their use, such further sum of money as they may deem proper for the support of public schools, not exceeding three dollars for each child contained in the lists transmitted by the several district trustees to the town superintendents in the year previous to holding said town meetings; and it shall be the duty of the several town superintendents to report to the said town meetings the number of said children.

38. SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of the trustees of the several school districts to apply the money apportioned to their respective districts, or raised therein, to the establishing and maintenance of free schools in said districts, in which shall be taught, free of charge, all the children, between the ages of five and eighteen, desirous of attending the same, except such part thereof as shall be otherwise applied by virtue of the provisions herein contained.

39. SEC. 8. The taxable inhabitants of the several school districts shall, at their annual district meetings, elect, by plurality of votes, three persons, being residents and tax payers in said district, to be

trustees of said districts; and at the first election held after this act shall take effect they shall elect one of said trustees to hold his office for one year, one to hold his office for two years, and one to hold his office for three years, and afterwards one trustee shall be elected annually, to hold his office for three years; and in case of any vacancy, the same shall be filled by the election of a trustee to hold for the unexpired term: *Provided*, That the trustees may fill a vacancy, by choosing a trustee to hold his office until the next annual meeting.

40. SEC. 9. When the trustees of any school district shall desire to become incorporated, they shall adopt a name, and, together with the town superintendent of the township or townships in which said district is situate, they shall make and sign a certificate, containing a description of the boundaries of said district, and the name by them adopted, which certificate shall be recorded by the clerk of the county within which said district is situate; and thereupon the said trustees and their successors shall, by the name so adopted, be a body politic and corporate, capable of suing and being sued, of making and using a common seal, of taking and holding such real estate as may be necessary for school-houses, and of disposing thereof, and of taking, holding, and disposing of any other estate, real and personal, that may be devised, bequeathed, or given to them for the use of the public schools in said district.

41. SEC. 10. Whenever the trustees of any school district shall become incorporated, the said district shall not be abolished or altered without the consent of a majority of the taxable inhabitants of said district; and in case the same shall be abolished or altered, the town superintendents and the trustees shall make and sign a certificate thereof, and have the same recorded by the clerk of the county in which said district is situate.

42. SEC. 11. In case the trustees of any incorporated school district shall desire to purchase land to build a school-house thereon, or to build or enlarge a school-house, or to expend in repairs a larger sum in any one year than twenty dollars, or to pay existing debts, or to dispose of or mortgage a school-house, or to raise additional money for such purposes, or for maintaining free schools in said district, such trustees may call a meeting of the taxable inhabitants of said district, at some public place therein, by notices signed by at least two of said trustees, setting forth the time and place and the purposes of such meeting, and set up in at least three public places in said district ten days before the day of meeting; and the said inhabitants so met shall have power, by the consent of two-thirds of those present, to authorize the trustees of said district to purchase land to build a school-house thereon, or to build, or enlarge, repair, sell, or mortgage a school-house or school-houses, and to appropriate the money apportioned to said district, or any part thereof, for that purpose, or to borrow money therefor, and to raise by taxation any such sum of money as two-thirds of the inhabitants so assembled shall agree to, in addition to the money apportioned to said district; and in case any money shall be ordered by a vote of two thirds of said meeting, to be raised by taxation, two, at least, of said trustees shall make out and sign a certificate thereof, under oath or affirmation, that the same is correct and true, and de-

liver the same to the assessor or assessors of the township or townships in which said district is situate ; which said assessor or assessors shall assess on the estates of the inhabitants of said school district, and on all lands liable to be taxed therein, in the same manner as township taxes are assessed, such sum of money as shall have been ordered to be raised by the said meeting in the manner aforesaid ; which said money shall be assessed, levied, and collected at the time and in the same manner as other township moneys are or may be assessed, levied, and collected ; and it shall be the duty of the collector or collectors of the township or townships in which said district is situate to pay over all moneys by him or them received, which shall have been assessed by virtue of such vote of a district meeting as aforesaid, to the superintendents of the township or townships in which said district is situate, for the use of said district, to be paid out on the order of the trustees thereof, for the purposes directed by the district meeting so held as aforesaid.

43. SEC. 12. The State superintendent of public schools shall have power to decide any disputes or controversies that may arise respecting the true construction of this act, and the act to which this is a supplement ; and his decision, made in writing and by him signed, and approved in writing by the attorney general, and delivered to any town superintendent or district trustee, shall be conformed to by all persons having notice thereof, until a different decision shall be made by the supreme court or any circuit court of this State.

44. SEC. 13. So much of the act to which this is a supplement, or any other act as conflicts with the provisions herein contained, is hereby repealed: *Provided*, That nothing in this supplement contained shall repeal or alter the provisions of any act providing for or regulating public schools, or taxation for school purposes, in any particular city, borough, township, ward, or district of this State.

Supplement. Approved February 10, 1854.

45. SEC. 1. The inhabitants of the townships of Monroe, South Brunswick, and South Amboy, in the county of Middlesex, are authorized and empowered, at their annual town meeting, to elect and choose, in the same manner as other township officers are elected, three suitable persons in each of said townships, respectively, who shall be denominated the school committee of said township, in lieu of the township superintendent now authorized by law to be elected.

46. SEC. 2. The said school committee, so elected annually in each of said townships, shall perform the same duties which are directed to be performed by the town superintendent by the act to which this is a supplement, except that they shall receive no compensation for visiting schools.

A further supplement. Approved March 17, 1854.

47. SEC. 1. In case of any vacancy in the board of trustees of any school district, the same may be filled by the taxable inhabitants of said district: *Provided*, That the election to fill such vacancy is held on or before the first Monday of March.

48. SEC. 2. The election to fill such vacancy shall be held upon ten days' notice of the time and place thereof, to be given by the town superintendent of the township in which said district is situate, by advertisement in three of the most public places in said district.

49. SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of said superintendent to give notice as aforesaid within three days after he shall be notified of such vacancy, in writing, signed by ten or more of the taxable inhabitants of said district.

50. SEC. 4. Nothing contained in this supplement shall be construed to alter or repeal the provisions of any act providing for or regulating public schools, or taxation for public purposes, in any particular city, borough, township, ward, or district of this State.

Supplement. Approved March 16, 1854.

51. From and after the passage of this act the district meetings in Paulsborough school district, number two, in the township of Greenwich, county of Gloucester, for the election of trustees for said district, shall be held annually on the first Monday of March, of which meetings the same notice shall be given as is required by the act to which this is a supplement.

AN ACT to establish teachers' institutes. Approved March 3, 1854.

52. SEC. 1. Whenever reasonable assurance shall be given to the State superintendent of public schools that a number not less than forty teachers of common schools in any county, or in any two or more adjoining counties of this State, shall desire to assemble for the purpose of forming a teachers' institute, and to remain in session during a period of not less than five working days, the said State superintendent may appoint a time and place for holding said institute, make suitable arrangements therefor, and give due notice thereof; which said institute, when organized, shall be under the direction of such proper and competent person or persons as shall be selected by the institute, or persons organizing the same, and the State superintendent shall approve.

53. SEC. 2. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of said institute, the procuring of teachers and lecturers for said institute, and other necessary expenses, the State superintendent of public schools may draw upon the treasurer of this State for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for any one institute; and the said amount may be paid annually thereafter, in like manner, to one teachers' institute in any county, or in any two or more adjoining counties of this State, the same to be paid by the treasurer out of the annual income of the school fund.

54. SEC. 3. Every such institute shall report annually to the said State superintendent an abstract of the proceedings of said institute, together with the names of its officers, and the names and residences of the teachers attending said institute.

AN ACT to establish a State normal school. Approved February 9, 1855.

55. SEC. 1. There shall be established, as herein after provided, a normal school, or seminary, for the training and education of teachers in the art of instructing and governing the common schools of this State; the object of which normal school, or seminary, shall be the training and education of such teachers as shall be received in the manner hereinafter provided, in such branches of knowledge, and the best methods of teaching and governing, as will qualify them for teachers of our common schools.

56. SEC. 2. There shall be nominated by the governor, and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate, ten trustees of said normal school, two from each congressional district in the State, who shall hold their offices, respectively, for two years, except that, at the first meeting of said board of trustees, it shall be determined, by lot or otherwise, which of the members from each district shall hold for one year, and which for two years; and annually thereafter five trustees shall be appointed, in the manner aforesaid, to supply the vacancies so occurring, and the State superintendent of public schools *ex officio* shall be a member of said board.

57. SEC. 3. The expenses necessarily incurred by the said trustees in the discharge of their duties shall be defrayed out of the funds hereinafter appropriated for the support of said schools, and they shall receive no compensation for their services.

58. SEC. 4. To the said board of trustees shall be committed the location of said school, the application of the funds for the support thereof, the appointment of teachers, and the power of removing the same, the power to prescribe the studies and exercises of the school, rules for its management, and granting diplomas; and they shall report annually to the legislature their own doings and the progress and condition of the school; and the said trustees are hereby authorized to change the location of said normal school, from time to time, as they deem best for the interests of said school and the accommodation of the pupils in the different parts of the State provided suitable buildings and fixtures are furnished without expense to the State.

59. SEC. 5. If no suitable buildings and fixtures are offered for the location of said school without expense to the State, then the said board of trustees are authorized and empowered to hire, at a reasonable expense, and to cause to be fitted up in some convenient location, easy of access to all parts of the State, a building or buildings which shall afford the necessary accommodation for the exercises of said school; the engagement of such building or buildings shall be for five years, at the expiration of which time the said normal school shall cease, unless its continuance shall be provided for by a succeeding legislature.

60. SEC. 6. The number of pupils shall not exceed two hundred and forty, or in the proportion of three for each member of the senate and general assembly; and each county shall be entitled to fill three times as many seats in the school as it has representatives in the legislature; the town superintendents, school committees, or boards of education of each township or city, shall be requested to forward to the board of

trustees of the normal school, annually, the names of four persons, two male and two female applicants, for admission to said school, whom the said superintendents or school committees, or boards of education, shall certify as persons in good health, and of proper moral qualifications as teachers, which applicants shall have given to the said town superintendents, school committees, or boards of education, a written declaration, signed with their own hands, that their object in seeking admission to the school is to qualify themselves for the employment of common school teachers, and that it is their intention to engage in that employment in this State for at least two years; and the said applicants shall be recommended to the trustees by the town superintendents, school committees, or board of education, as suitable persons, by their age, character, talents, and attainments, to be received as pupils of the normal school.

61. SEC. 7. Before the opening of each term of the normal school, of which time due notice shall be given, the board of trustees shall proceed to examine such applicants, and to give certificates of admission to the school to such as appear to be possessed of the proper qualifications, to such number as each county may be entitled to, and certificates of admission, numbered in such way as the board of trustees may agree upon, which shall entitle the holder thereof to occupy seats which are not occupied as hereinafter named.

62. SEC. 8. If, at the time appointed for the examination of said applicants, there should not be as many applicants as the county may be entitled to have members of the school, who, in the judgment of the trustees, have the proper qualifications of moral character, good health, and talents, then the trustees shall give notice to the town superintendent, school committees, or boards of education aforesaid, to appoint one or more persons, as may be necessary, in place of the persons rejected by said trustees; and in case of failure so to do for one month after such notice, then the said trustees may select, by lot or otherwise, from the applicants from other counties such as have the certificates of admission; and if at any time in the term the seat of any pupil shall become vacated under such rules and regulations as the board of trustees may adopt, then an appointment to such vacant seat may be sent to some applicant not hitherto accommodated.

63. SEC. 9. The board of trustees shall appoint and procure the number of teachers which may be necessary to carry out in the best and highest sense the purposes and designs of this act, and shall furnish for the use of the pupils the necessary apparatus and text-books, so far as the funds, hereafter to be named and appropriated for the support of the school, will allow; and the tuition and all the privileges of the normal school shall be gratuitous.

64. SEC. 10. The board of trustees are authorized to make provisions for a model public school, under a permanent teacher approved by them, in which the pupils of the normal school shall have opportunity to practice the modes of instruction and discipline inculcated in the normal school.

65. SEC. 11. For the support of the normal school, and to carry out the purposes and designs of this act, in a manner worthy of the State of New Jersey, there is appropriated hereby the annual sum of ten

thousand dollars for five successive years, to be paid out of the treasury of this State upon the warrant of the governor.

Supplement. Approved March 13, 1856.

66. SEC. 1. The State superintendent of public schools shall receive for his services and travelling expenses such compensation as the trustees of the school fund shall determine, not to exceed the sum of one thousand dollars per annum.

67. SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the town superintendent, or school committee of each township, annually to present to the township committee of the township an exhibit of his or their account in such manner as will show the sources and amount of receipts, and by whom paid, the purposes and amount of disbursements, and to whom paid, and his vouchers, in order that the account may be duly audited by the said committee.

68. SEC. 3. Every teacher employed to teach a public school shall keep a register of all the children attending the school, their names, and ages, and the names of their parents and guardians, the date when each child entered and left the school, their daily attendance, and the branches taught; also, to record the day of the month on which the school was visited by the town superintendent, school committee, or other visitors; a copy of which register shall be filed by the teacher with the town superintendent, or school committee in the township in which the school is situate.

69. SEC. 4. The trustees of the school fund are hereby authorized to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and the act to which this is a supplement.

70. SEC. 5. In case of disagreement of the township superintendents of two or more adjacent townships in altering or forming a school district, formed or to be formed from two or more adjacent townships, such superintendents shall associate with them the superintendents of the three next adjacent townships, and the decision of the whole number of such superintendents so associated together, or a majority of them, shall be final.

71. SEC. 6. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

72. SEC. 7. This act shall take effect on the first day of April next.

Supplement. Approved March 18, 1858.

73. SEC. 1. The supplement to the act to establish public schools, approved February tenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, so far as it relates to the townships of South Brunswick and Monroe, in the county of Middlesex, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

74. SEC. 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Supplement. Approved March 18, 1858.

75. SEC. 1. The inhabitants of the township of Deptford, in the county of Gloucester, are hereby authorized and empowered, at their

annual town meeting, to raise by a poll-tax, of not less than fifty cents nor more than three dollars, on each tax payer in said township, a further sum in addition to the amount now required and authorized by law for the support of public schools.

76. SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the assessor and collector of said township to assess and collect such poll-tax so ordered raised at the same time as the township taxes are assessed and collected.

77. SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the township collector to pay over said poll-taxes so collected to the township superintendent on or before the twentieth day of November in each and every year.

78. SEC. 4. In case the board of chosen freeholders in any county of this State shall neglect to appoint a board of examiners, then and in that case no license shall be granted to a teacher to teach in any of the public schools of this State, unless the town superintendent of schools of the township in which such license shall be granted shall vote for the said license and sign his name thereto.

Supplement. Approved March 18, 1858.

79. SEC. 1. The sum of fifty thousand dollars per annum be, and the same is hereby, appropriated from the income of the fund, under the direction of the trustees, for the support of free schools in New Jersey, to be apportioned among the several counties in this State, as directed by the first section of the act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act to establish public schools,'" approved March fourteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.

80. SEC. 2. From the revenue of the State the sum of thirty thousand dollars per annum shall be appropriated, to be apportioned in the same manner among the several counties of this State, in addition to the sum of fifty thousand dollars from the annual income of the school fund, as mentioned in the preceding section of this act.

81. SEC. 3. The trustees of the school fund of this State shall have authority to divide the aforesaid sum of eighty thousand dollars in two or more annual instalments, which shall be paid by the State treasurer to the several county collectors at such times as the said trustees may direct.

82. SEC. 4. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent with this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed, and that this act shall take effect immediately.

Supplement. Approved February 15, 1860.

83. SEC. 1. Whenever any trustee of any school district in this State shall depart, or has heretofore departed from said district, with the intention of being absent therefrom for the space of six months or more, and has not returned, his office of trustee shall be declared vacant, and the same shall be filled by an election according to law.

84. SEC. 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Supplement. Approved March 22, 1860.

85. SEC. 1. Any school district now incorporated, or that may hereafter be incorporated, according to the provisions of the ninth section

of the act approved March fourteenth, anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-one, may be altered or abolished by the town superintendent with the assent of a majority of the legal voters of the district: *Provided*, That one district shall not absorb another district or part thereof without the consent of said district.

86. SEC. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

87. SEC. 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

NOTES.

None but male white citizens, who are taxable, are entitled to vote at district meetings. *State vs. Deshler*, June term, S. C. 1855.

When a tax is ordered to be raised by virtue of Sec. 11 of the act of 1851 (see above 42) the certificate made out by the trustees of the district must show on its face that notices of the time and place of the meeting were signed and set up as the section prescribes, and that two-thirds of the inhabitants assembled voted for the tax, otherwise it cannot be legally assessed. *State vs. Van Winkle*, June term, S. C., 1855.

INSTRUCTIONS.

(Where a number is here found at the commencement of a paragraph, it refers to a paragraph of the law commencing with a corresponding number.)

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD OF CHOSEN FREEHOLDERS.

36. It is made the duty of the chosen freeholders in the several counties, at their annual meetings in each year, to apportion the money received from the treasurer for school purposes among the several townships in their respective counties, "in the ratio of the number of children between the ages of five and eighteen years, as shall be ascertained by the last annual returns made to the several town superintendents, a copy of which return shall be transmitted by the said town superintendents to the board of chosen freeholders of the respective counties."

15. It is made the duty of the board of chosen freeholders, in each of the counties of the State, at their annual meetings, to elect and choose two persons, citizens of said county, who shall constitute a board of examiners and visitors in and for said county.

By reference to the law, it will be seen that it is the *duty* of the board of chosen freeholders to appoint county examiners, and it is to be regretted that in many instances they have failed to perform it. It is not *optional* but *obligatory*, and, so long as the law remains upon the statute book, the obligation it imposes should be promptly met. As much depends upon the judicious selection of these officers, it is hoped that the board of chosen freeholders, in each of the counties, will give it their careful consideration, and appoint men not only competent, but willing to perform the responsible duties of the office.

DUTIES OF THE CLERK OF THE BOARD OF FREEHOLDERS.

After the apportionment of the school money by the board of freeholders, it is the duty of the clerk to file a true list thereof, furnish the county collector with a duplicate copy, and give notice in writing to the collectors in the several townships of the amounts so apportioned.

26. It is the duty of the clerk to report to the State superintendent the names and residences of the persons appointed examiners and visitors in the different counties.

TOWNSHIP COLLECTOR.

10. It is the duty of the township collector, as soon as he receives notice from the clerk of the board of chosen freeholders of the amount of money apportioned to the township, to draw upon the county collector for the same.

17. To pay over to the town superintendent all the money he may receive for school purposes, either from the county collector, or collected by himself, and take a receipt therefor, which receipt shall be sufficient evidence of such payment.

26. It is made the duty of the town clerk, in each township in this State, to report to the State superintendent the name and residence of the person elected town superintendent, within ten days after such election. This duty has not heretofore been generally attended to, and has caused great embarrassment to the department. Its prompt and faithful discharge is essential to the performance of the duties imposed on the state department.

TOWN SUPERINTENDENT.

The powers and duties of town superintendent may be comprised under the following heads:

12. To set off and divide their respective townships into convenient school districts.

To alter and change them as circumstances may require.

To form a district from parts of two or more adjacent townships or counties.

13. To give notice of the time and place of the annual meetings.

15. To examine, in connexion with the county examiners, or in case of there being none, (sec. 3 of sup. of 1851,) with the trustees of the districts, suitable persons as teachers, and grant licenses to such as are deemed competent, regard being had to moral as well as literary qualifications.

When the trustees of a district desire to become incorporated, it is the duty of the town superintendent to sign the certificate containing a description of the boundaries of such district, if he shall find it correct.—(Sec. 9, sup. 1851.)

17. To apportion the money received for school purposes among the several school districts of the township.

To make a true list of such apportionment and file a copy thereof with the trustees of the several school districts.

To enter into a bond with two good and sufficient securities, to be approved by the township committee.

To make out a list of the children residing in the township, between the ages of five and eighteen, and transmit the same to the board of chosen freeholders in their respective counties, at or before their annual meeting.—(Sec. 4, sup. 1851.)

20. To visit every school in the township at least once in every quarter.

To advise and consult with the trustees and teachers, and cause the result of each visit to be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose in each and every school.

To make out a report in writing, and transmit the same to the State superintendent on or before the fifteenth day of December, in each and every year.

To prepare and present to the annual town meeting a copy of the report made to the State superintendent.

To report the number of children sent in by the district trustees to the annual town meeting.—(Sec. 6, sup. 1851.)

To present annually to the township committee of the township an exhibit of his account in such manner as to show the sources and amount of receipts and disbursements, and his vouchers, in order that the account may be duly audited by the said committee.—(Sec. 2, sup. 1856.)

To render to his successor in office a just and true account, in writing, of all moneys received by him for school purposes, and of the manner in which the same has been appropriated and expended, and if any balance shall be found remaining in his hands to pay the same over to his successor.

The account so rendered shall be deposited with the town clerk, whose duty it shall be to file it in his office, and record it in a book to be kept for that purpose.

25. In connexion with the trustees, to select books proper to be used in the several schools of the township.

Of the formation and alteration of school districts within the township, it is provided (sec. 24) that in the erection or alteration of a school district the trustees of any district to be affected thereby may apply to have the township committee associated with the town superintendent, and their action shall be final.

In the formation and alteration of school districts, formed out of a part of two or more townships, it is necessary for the town superintendent of each of the townships affected to be present, acting therein; and, in case of their disagreement, shall associate with them the town superintendents of the three next adjacent townships, and the decision of the whole number of such superintendents so associated together, or a majority of them, shall be final.—(Sec. 5, sup. 1856.)

In the formation of school districts, the town superintendent should endeavor, as far as practicable, to divide them in such manner as to secure permanency and efficiency, embracing a sufficient scope of territory to insure the requisite number of children and taxable inhabi-

tants to sustain a good and sufficient school the greater part of the year, affording as near as may be equal advantages to all.

The great danger, at present, is in multiplying the number of districts, thereby rendering them incapable of sustaining good schools; causing the employment of cheap teachers, and the selection of poor and ill-furnished school-houses.

In the formation or alteration of school districts, the greatest care should be taken to secure the good will and co-operation of the inhabitants, for without that, contention and discord will follow, which will greatly retard if not destroy the efficiency of the schools.

After the districts have been formed, they should not be altered without good cause; still, if such should exist, the town superintendent possesses the power "to alter and change them as circumstances may require," subject to the provisions of section 24, and section 5, of supplement of 1856.

All alterations in the boundaries of school districts should be made prior to the annual meeting for the election of trustees, and notice thereof given to the trustees of the districts affected thereby.

The annual meeting shall be held on the first Monday of April, of the time and place of which ten days' notice in writing shall be given by the town superintendent, by notice set up in three of the most public places in each district.

48 and 49. To give notice, as directed, of the time and place of meeting for filling any vacancy existing in the board of trustees, when notified in writing by ten or more of the taxable inhabitants of the district, of the existence of such vacancy.

APPORTIONMENT OF SCHOOL MONEY.

17. As soon as the town superintendent has received the money appropriated to school purposes, and a list of children capable of attending school within the respective districts, as required by law, he should immediately apportion the money among the several school districts, in the ratio of the number of children capable of attending school, between the ages of five and eighteen, in each district; he should also make out a true list of this apportionment, and file a copy with the trustees of each district. The superintendent should provide himself with a suitable book, wherein to enter a copy of all his official proceedings; which book should be delivered over to his successor, and be considered as the property of the township.

PAYMENT OF MONEY.

17. The superintendent is to pay no money, except upon the written order of the trustees, or a majority of them; which order must state the purpose for which it is given, and be made payable to the order of the person entitled to receive it, and should be indorsed by him. It will be seen by section 27, that all moneys received by the superintendent must be applied exclusively for the purposes of education. And by section 15, no teacher is entitled to receive any amount of

public money, unless in possession of a license, either from the county examiners or the town superintendent and trustees.

VISITING SCHOOLS.

20. It is the duty of the town superintendent, once in every quarter, to visit every school in the township. This is an important duty, the faithful performance of which will assist and encourage the teacher, advance the scholar, and elevate the standard of public school instruction. Experience has proved that a thorough and vigorous system of inspection tends much to promote the welfare of the schools. Both teacher and pupil see and feel that they are not abandoned and neglected, but, on the contrary, are watched over and cared for; the desire of approbation and the fear of discredit will stimulate the pupils to the greatest exertion, while the suggestions of the visitors will tend to improve the system of instruction and methods of government, and the visitors will thus be enabled from their familiar acquaintance with the subject to recommend the proper measures of improvement.

In order to render the visit of the town superintendent at once pleasing and profitable, he should, at one or more of his quarterly visits, invite the inhabitants of the district to attend and witness the examination of the school. This would afford an opportunity of showing the manner in which he performed his duty, the qualifications of the teacher, and the progress of the scholars. He could also, at the close of the examination, deliver a short address on the subject of education. He should make a thorough and impartial examination into every department of the school, and note the result, as required by section 13, in a book to be kept for that purpose. By this means, he can, at his succeeding visits, judge whether the scholars have improved or otherwise; and if he should discover any remissness on the part of the teacher, or any want of system in his methods of government or teaching, he should tell him of the same in private and in the mildest manner, and use every means to elevate the character of the school and the teacher. By treating the teacher with respect, he will insure a more ready concurrence with his wishes and advice, and at the same time set an example to the children, which will be attended with the happiest results.

SELECTION OF SCHOOL BOOKS.

25. It is the duty of the town superintendent, in connexion with the trustees of the several districts, to select the books proper to be introduced into the schools. In the performance of this duty, they should exercise much caution and bestow great attention. There is no subject upon which a greater diversity of opinion exists than in the relative merits of school books. It is almost impossible that an uniform series of school books should ever be adopted by the whole State, nor do I think it at all desirable, or that it would be attended with any advantage, except to the favored publishers and authors to whom a monopoly of supplying the schools would be given, thus shutting out all others who have devoted their time and talents to the

preparation of books from a just share of patronage, and depriving the community of the benefit of the improvements which are being made in this department of literature.

I would, however, recommend that an uniform series of school books should be adopted and introduced into every township. This will facilitate the examinations of the town superintendent, as he can make himself familiar with one set of books more readily than if a variety are used. It will also assist the teacher, and tend to the more rapid advancement of the children. It will lessen the expense to parents, as the books can descend from one child to another, and, if sent to a different school, no change of books is required.

In selecting and adopting a series of books, the school officers should consult the wants and wishes of the inhabitants, and avail themselves of their advice and assistance; and in all cases let the selection be governed by a just discrimination of the merits of the different books, and their moral tendency, without regard to the recommendations which may be presented, no matter from whom emanating, or the entreaty of agents, authors or publishers. The publishing houses in New York, Philadelphia or Boston, will furnish gratuitously copies of the works published by them, for the purpose of examination; and it would be well for the school officers to procure copies of the different works before coming to a conclusion.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

The town superintendent is required to make out a report in writing, and transmit the same to the State superintendent, on or before the fifteenth day of December, in each and every year. He will be careful to have his report transmitted at the proper time, as a failure to receive the reports at the specified time causes much difficulty in preparing the report of the State superintendent to the legislature.

The report is required to contain an account of the number, state, and condition of the schools within the respective townships; the number of scholars taught therein; the terms of tuition; the length of time the school has been kept open; the amount of money received by the town superintendent; the manner in which it has been appropriated and expended; together with such other information as he may think proper to communicate, or may be required of him by the State superintendent.

As the object of this report is to enable the State superintendent to present to the legislature a true and faithful representation of the condition of the public schools of the State, and enable them to judge of the improvement made therein in successive years, the town superintendent will not confine himself to fulfilling the mere letter of the law, but furnish whatever information he may possess as to the condition of the schools, the operation of the law, the qualifications of teachers, their methods of government and discipline, with such suggestions for improvement as he may judge expedient.

Condition of school-houses.—The town superintendent will state the number and condition of the school-houses of the township; of what materials built; number having one room; number having two, &c.;

number in good repair ; and the number in a bad or decaying condition; the number having play ground attached, and the number without ; the number supplied with the proper furniture and apparatus ; the number without ; and whether in their location and construction a proper regard is had for the convenience, comfort, and health of children.

He will also report the number of visits he has made to the different schools ; the number of visits made by one or more of the trustees, and the interest manifested by the inhabitants generally on the subject.

He will also state the books most used in the several schools.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF INHABITANTS OF TOWNSHIPS.

The inhabitants of the several townships in the State are authorized at their annual town meetings to raise by tax or otherwise, in addition to the amount appropriated to their use by the State, such further sum of money as they may deem proper for the support of public schools, not exceeding three dollars for each child contained in the lists transmitted by the several district trustees to the town superintendent in the year previous to holding such town meetings.

12. They are also, at the same time, to elect and choose in the same manner as other township officers are elected, one suitable person, who shall be denominated town superintendent of public schools for the respective townships.

49. To give notice in writing to the superintendent, signed by ten or more of the taxable inhabitants of the district, of any vacancy occurring in the board of trustees.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF INHABITANTS WHEN ASSEMBLED IN THE DISTRICT MEETING.

39. The taxable inhabitants of the several school districts, when assembled in pursuance of the notice given by the town superintendent, at the annual meeting, are authorized and required to elect, by plurality of votes, three persons, being residents and tax payers in said district, to be trustees of said district ; and at the first election held after this act, they shall elect one trustee to hold office for one year, one for two years, and one to hold office for three years ; and afterwards, one trustee is to be elected annually, who shall hold office for three years, or if a vacancy occur, one to hold office for the unexpired term.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF TRUSTEES OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

16. It is the duty of the trustees, as soon as may be after their election—

(1.) To provide a suitable house or room where a school may be taught.

(2.) To contract with and employ a competent teacher, having a certificate of license.

(3.) To pay the wages of such teacher, as far as the same shall be paid out of the public money, by an order in writing on the town superintendent. This order must be signed by them, or a majority of them, and made payable to the order of the person entitled to receive the same, and should also state for what purpose it is given.

(4.) Within twenty days after their election to make out a list of the children capable of attending school (between the ages of five and eighteen) within their respective districts, together with the names of their parents or guardians, and transmit the same to the superintendent of the township of which the district forms a part. In case the trustees neglect or refuse to render such report, they shall be subject, respectively, to a penalty of ten dollars for each and every neglect.

25. In connexion with the town superintendent, to select such books as they shall deem proper to be introduced into the schools.

38. It is made the duty of the trustees to apply the money apportioned to their districts, or raised therein, to the establishing and maintenance of free schools, in which shall be taught, free of charge, all the children between the ages of five and eighteen years desirous of attending the same.

42. The trustees of an incorporated district are authorized to expend in the repairs of a school-house a sum not exceeding twenty dollars in any one year.

When the inhabitants of an incorporated district have, by a vote of two-thirds of those present, authorized the trustees to raise any sum of money by taxation, it is the duty of two, at least, of the trustees to sign a certificate thereof, under oath or affirmation, that the same is correct and true, and deliver the same to the assessor of the township.—[See form in Appendix.]

INCORPORATION OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

40. The trustees of any school district may become incorporated. In order to do so they should, at a regular or special meeting, pass a resolution to incorporate the district. This should be recorded in the book of minutes, which every board of trustees should have. A name for the district should then be adopted, and a correct description of the boundaries of the district drawn up; and the certificate thereof should be signed by them, together with the town superintendent, and forwarded to the clerk of the county, to be by him recorded.—[A form of this certificate, &c., will be found in Appendix.]

41. After a district is incorporated the boundaries thereof cannot be altered or abolished without the consent of a majority of the taxable inhabitants of said district; and in case it is altered or abolished, it will be necessary for the town superintendent and trustees to sign a certificate thereof, and have it recorded by the county clerk.

The consent to such alterations should be obtained at a public meeting of the taxable inhabitants of the district.

Whenever it is thought desirable to raise any additional sum of money in an incorporated district, either for purchasing land, building a school-house, repairing the same, or for the support of free schools,

the trustees must call a meeting of the taxable inhabitants of the district by notice signed by at least two of them; this should set forth the time, place, and purpose of the meeting. These notices must be set up in three public places in the district ten days prior to the day of meeting. [A form of notice will be found in Appendix.]

The inhabitants of an incorporated district have power, when assembled in pursuance of legal notice, by the consent of two-thirds of those present, to authorize the trustees to purchase land to build a school-house thereon, or to build, or enlarge, or repair, sell, or mortgage a school-house, and to appropriate the money apportioned to said district, or any part thereof, for that purpose, or to raise by taxation such sum of money as two-thirds of those present shall agree to, in addition to the sum appropriated to the district for the support of free schools.

COUNTY EXAMINERS AND VISITORS.

15. It is made the duty of the examiners and visitors of the several counties to meet at such times and places as they shall determine and appoint, and in connexion with the town superintendents of the respective townships, to examine and license, by certificate under their hands and seals, suitable persons as teachers of public schools within the said county.

As no teacher can receive any share of the public money until possessed of a certificate of license, it is desirable that the examiners should afford every reasonable facility to those who wish to offer themselves as candidates. With this view they should appoint a day and place in each township, when they will be in readiness to examine teachers, and the town superintendent of such township should be invited to attend and take part in the examination. The trustees of the different schools and the inhabitants in general should also be invited to attend. Should any application for examination be made after the examiners have completed their regular tour of the county, they should be directed to appear at such time and place as will be most convenient for the examiners.

It is obvious that no definite standard of qualifications can be set up; much, of course, must be left to the discretion of the examiners. The law requires that they should be well satisfied, not only with the learning of the applicant and his ability to teach, but with his moral character. With respect to learning and ability to teach, the examiners can easily satisfy themselves; but as to moral character, the case is more difficult, and they must in a great measure depend upon testimony, either verbal or written, from persons known and of good standing. This is not a matter to be passed over slightly; it is of equal importance that our teachers should possess a pure moral character as well as learning and ability to teach, and applicants for license should be rejected as soon for a want of the former as the latter. The men to whose guiding care is committed the formation of the innocent and plastic mind of childhood, should themselves be pure. They should have characters to insure respect and confidence. They should not only point out the path of duty to the children, but walk

themselves therein. It is recommended that no license be given without entire satisfaction on this point. At the same time it must be borne in mind that while we have a right to examine scrupulously into their moral character, we have none whatever to interfere with their religious views. These should never be brought in question. The same rule will apply to political opinions.

In order to establish some uniformity in the examination of teachers, I would suggest that the applicants should be good spellers, and distinct and accurate readers; they should write a legible hand, and be well versed—first, in the definition of words; second, in arithmetic; third, in geography; fourth, in history, at least the history of the United States; and fifth, in the principles of English grammar.

Although the county examiners and visitors are not required by law to make any written report, it is earnestly requested that they will do so, and send it to the State superintendent on or before the 15th day of December. This report may contain the number of applicants for examination, male and female—the number who have received license, and the number rejected—their opinion as to the general standard of qualification of teachers in their respective counties—their views upon the school system generally, with such suggestions as they may see proper to offer.

DUTIES OF TEACHER.

68. It is made the duty of every teacher employed to teach a public school, to keep a register of all the children attending the school, their names and ages, and the names of their parents and guardians, the date when each child entered and left the school, their daily attendance, and the branches taught; also, to record the day of the month on which the school was visited by the town superintendent, school committee, or other visitors, a copy of which register shall be filed by the teacher with the town superintendent or school committee of the township in which the school is situate.—[See form in Appendix.]

DUTY OF THE TOWNSHIP ASSESSOR.

It is the duty of the township assessor, upon the receipt of a certificate, signed by two or more of the trustees of an incorporated school district, to assess on the estates of the inhabitants of such school district, and all lands liable to be taxed therein, in the same manner as township taxes are assessed, such sum of money as shall have been ordered to be raised by the said meeting. This sum is to be assessed, levied, and collected at the time and in the same manner as other township moneys are or may be assessed, levied, and collected. This money, when collected, must be paid over to the town superintendent in which the district is situate.

The assessor should place the sum assessed against each person in the district, in a distinct column of his duplicate, properly headed.

INSTRUCTIONS TO TOWN SUPERINTENDENTS AND OTHERS RELATIVE TO THE
NORMAL SCHOOL.

60. It is the duty of the town superintendent, school committee, or board of education of each township or city, to forward annually to the trustees of the normal school the names of four persons, (two male and two female,) whom they shall certify to be persons in good health, and of proper moral qualifications as teachers, and whom they shall recommend as suitable persons, by their age, character, talents, and attainments, to be received as pupils of the normal school.

They are required to obtain from each applicant for admission a written declaration, signed by his own hand, that his object in seeking admission to the normal school is to qualify himself for the employment of a common school teacher, and that it is his intention to engage in that employment in this State for at least two years.

FORM OF DECLARATION TO BE MADE BY THE APPLICANT.

To A. B., town superintendent (school committee, or board of education, as it may be) of the township of (or city of) ———, county of ———, New Jersey:

I, ———, of the township of (or city of) ———, county of ———, New Jersey, aged ——— years, desirous of obtaining admission as a pupil in the normal school, hereby declare that my object in seeking admission to the school is to qualify myself for the employment of a common school teacher, and that it is my intention to engage in that employment in this State for at least two years.

The applicant should be at least sixteen years of age, of sound health and good moral character, and able to sustain a good examination in orthography, reading, arithmetic, geography, and English grammar.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF RECOMMENDATION.

To the board of trustees of the State normal school:

This is to certify that ———, of the township of (or city of) ———, county of ———, New Jersey, aged ——— years, is desirous to obtain admission as a pupil in the State normal school, and has given to me a written declaration of ——— intention to engage in the employment of a common school teacher in this State for at least two years; and being satisfied that ——— is of good health, and of proper moral qualifications, I do recommend ——— as a suitable person, by age, character, talents, and attainments, to be received as a pupil of the normal school.

A. B., *Town Superintendent of* ——— *township.*

Or, C. D.,
E. F.,
G. H., } *School Committee of township.*

Or, J. K., *President of the Board of Education of the city of* ———.

This certificate must be presented by the applicant to the principal of the normal school during the first week of the term.

CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION.

The applicants recommended must give evidence, by an examination before the board of trustees, of the possession of the qualifications that will entitle them to admission in the school.

They must also satisfy the board that their object in seeking admission is to qualify themselves for the employment of common school teachers, and that it is their intention to engage in that employment in this State for at least two years.

On these conditions, candidates will be admitted for examination as pupils, and such as appear to be possessed of the proper qualifications, to such number as each county may be entitled to, shall receive certificates of admission in accordance with the provisions of the act "establishing a normal school."

Pupils will be admitted without charge, either for tuition, apparatus, or the necessary text books used in the school.

Candidates for admission must present themselves for examination at the commencement of the session, and those holding certificates of admission must be enrolled during the first week of the session, otherwise they will not be admitted. Their continuance in the institution is dependent upon their diligence, progress, and observance of the rules and regulations prescribed by the trustees.

TERMS AND VACATIONS.

The spring term begins on the first Monday of February and continues twenty weeks, followed by a vacation of ten weeks. The fall term begins on the first Monday of September and continues twenty weeks, followed by a vacation of two weeks.

GENERAL REMARKS.

As the number of pupils admitted to the normal school is limited, town superintendents, school committees, and boards of education are requested to recommend such only as are possessed of good abilities, and of unimpeachable moral character, that the energies of the institution may not be wasted upon incompetent and unworthy individuals.

The common schools of the State demand of those who assume the responsible duties of teachers in them the best talent and the highest character, and all those who enter the normal school for the purpose of qualifying themselves to discharge the responsible duties of the office, should possess the qualifications that will enable them, by diligence, industry, and perseverance, to attain in the institution that standard of excellence demanded by the educational wants of the State, and which will secure to them, on leaving the institution, not only prompt and remunerative employment, but to the schools such a class of well-qualified teachers as is now the most imperative want of the common school system.

NOTE.—The true construction of the term "taxable inhabitants," as used in the act establishing public schools, and the supplements thereto, is *legal voters*, which construction has been sustained by a recent decision of the supreme court.

APPENDIX.

TOWN SUPERINTENDENT.

(Section 6.)

NOTICES.

District meetings for the appointment of trustees.

Notice is hereby given, that that part of the township of _____, county of _____, N. J., included within the following bounds, (*here describe the bounds of the district,*) has been set off as a school district, to be called (*here specify the name or number of the district,*) and the taxable inhabitants thereof are hereby notified that a district meeting will be held at the school-house in said district, on the _____ day of _____ next, (*or instant, as the case may be,*) at _____ M., for the purpose of electing three persons, who shall constitute the trustees for said district.

A. B., Town Superintendent
of _____ township.

Notice of annual meeting for election of trustees.

SEC. 6. The annual meeting for the election of trustees in school district (*here designate the district by name or number,*) will be held on the _____ day of _____ (*next, or instant,*) at _____ o'clock _____ M., at the school-house in said district.

A. B., Town Superintendent
of _____ township.

(Section 10.)

FORM OF BOND.

Know all men by these presents, that we, A. B., C. D., and E. F., of the township of _____, in the county of _____, and State of N. J., are held and firmly bound unto (*using the corporate name of the township,*) in the sum of (*double the amount coming into his hands,*) to be paid to the said _____, their certain attorney or assigns; to which payment well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, and administrators, firmly by these presents, sealed with our seals, and dated this _____ day of _____, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and _____.

Whereas the above bounden A. B. was duly elected town superintendent of public schools for the township of _____, aforesaid, at the election held in said township on the _____ last (*or instant, as the case may be,*) now, therefore, the condition of the foregoing obligation

is such, that if the said A. B. shall well, truly, faithfully, and impartially, do, execute, and perform all the duties required by law of him as such town superintendent, then this obligation to be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and effect.

Sealed and delivered	}	A. B.	[L. S.]
		C. D.	[L. S.]
in presence of		E. F.	[L. S.]

(Section 10.)

Form of apportionment of the school money received from the State and raised by tax, for the support of schools among the school districts of the township.

To the trustees of the several school districts of the township of _____, in the county of _____, N. J:

Amount of money received from the State.....	\$200
Raised by tax	500
Interest on the surplus revenue appropriated by the township to school purposes.....	100
	<u>\$800</u>

Which amount is apportioned among the several school districts of the townships as follows:

Districts.	No. of children bet. 5 & 18 yr's.	Apportionment.
District No. 1, (or by name, as the case may be)	200	\$320
" " 2	150	240
" " 3	100	160
" " 4	50	80
	<u>500</u>	<u>\$800</u>

A. B., *Town Superintendent*
of _____ township.

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TRUSTEES.

(Section 9.)

Order for payment of money.

To A. B., town superintendent of the township of _____, county of _____, N. J.:

Pay to _____, or order, _____ dollars, (*for one quarter's salary as teacher.*)

A. B., } Trustees of
C. D., } District
E. F., } No. _____.

(Section 9.)

Report to the town superintendent.

To A. B., town superintendent of the township of _____, county of _____, N. J.:

Report of the trustees of district (*here designate the district by name or number*) in said township, of the names of the children in said district capable of attending school, between the ages of five and eighteen, with the names of their parents and guardians.

Names of children.	Ages.	Names of parents or guardians.

A. B., } Trustees.
C. D., }
E. F., }

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION.

To the clerk of the county of _____:

We, the subscribers, trustees of the school district hereinafter described, situate in the township of _____, county of _____, New Jersey, desiring to become incorporated, in pursuance of the ninth section of "a supplement to an act entitled 'An act to establish public schools,'" approved March fourteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, have adopted the name of (*here insert name,*) and do hereby, together with the town superintendent of public schools of the said township of _____, certify to you the name aforesaid as our corporate name; and we do certify that the boundaries of said school district are the following, viz: (*here describe fully and minutely the boundaries.*)

Witness our hands this _____ day of _____, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty _____.

A. B., } Trustees.
C. D., }
E. F., }
G. H., }
Town Superintendent.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

The taxable inhabitants of school district, (*here insert name,*) in the township of ———, bounded as follows, (*insert boundaries,*) are hereby notified by the subscribers, trustees of said incorporated district, to meet at ———, in said district, on the ——— day of ——— next, at the hour of ——— p. m., for the purpose of deciding whether the trustee of said district shall be empowered to purchase land, to build a school-house thereon, (*add any other object,*) and to raise additional for such purposes, and for maintaining free schools in said district, by taxation, as shall be agreed to by two-thirds of those present at said meeting, in conformity with the eleventh section of the supplement to the act entitled “An act to establish public schools.”

Witness our hands this ——— day of ———.

A. B., }
C. D., } *Trustees.*

N. B.—A minute of the proceedings of this meeting should be entered in a book belonging to the district, and a copy of the proceedings, signed by the chairman and secretary, delivered to the trustees, and by them filed and recorded in their book of minutes.

CERTIFICATE TO BE DELIVERED BY THE TRUSTEES TO THE ASSESSOR.

To A. B., assessor of taxes in the township of ———, in the county of ———, New Jersey :

The subscribers, trustees of a school district in said township, incorporated by the name of ———, which district is bounded as follows, (*insert boundaries,*) do certify that, at a meeting of the taxable inhabitants of said district, held at ———, on the ——— day of ———, pursuant to notice signed by us, setting forth the time, place, and purposes of such meeting, and set up in at least three public places in said district ten days before the day of meeting, it was agreed, by the vote of two-thirds of the taxable inhabitants so assembled, to raise by taxation the sum of ——— dollars for school purposes, in addition to the money apportioned to said district, pursuant to the provisions of the eleventh section of a supplement to the act entitled “An act to establish public schools ;” and this certificate is made to the end that you may assess the said sum on the estates of the inhabitants, and all lands liable to be taxed therein, as provided for by the section aforesaid.

Witness our hands this ——— day of ———, A. D. 186—.

A. B., }
C. D., } *Trustees.*
E. F., }

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, }
County of ———, } ss:

Personally appeared before me, the subscriber, one of the justices of the peace for said county, A. B., C. D., and E. F., trustees of the

school district above mentioned, and, being duly sworn, on their oath say that the above certificate by them signed is correct and true.

Sworn and subscribed this _____ day of _____, before me.

FORM OF LICENSE TO TEACHER.

To all to whom it may concern:

This is to certify that we have examined A. B. in (*here specify the branches,*) and finding him (*or her,*) both as regards his (*or her*) scholarship and moral character, a suitable person, we do hereby license him (*or her*) as a teacher of public schools in the township of _____, in the county of _____, N. J. This license to continue in force for one year.

In witness whereof, we have hereto set our hands and seals, this _____ day of _____, one thousand eight hundred and sixty _____.

_____, [L. S.]

_____, [L. S.]

Board of Examiners and Visitors
in and for the county of _____, N. J.

_____, [L. S.]

Town Superintendent of _____ township.

When the license is granted by the town superintendent and district trustees, it should be of the following form:

To all to whom it may concern.

This is to certify, that we have examined A. B. in (*here insert the branches,*) and finding him (*or her,*) both as regards his (*or her*) scholarship and moral character, a suitable person, do hereby license him (*or her*) as a teacher of the public school in district No. _____, (*or by name*) in the township of _____, county of _____, N. J. This license to continue in force one year.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this _____ day of _____, one thousand eight hundred and sixty _____.

_____, [L. S.]

Town Superintendent of _____ township.

_____, [L. S.]

_____, [L. S.]

_____, [L. S.]

Trustees of School District No. _____, (or by name, as the case may be,) of _____ township.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR HOLDING A TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

To Frederick W. Ricord, State Superintendent of Public Schools of New Jersey:

We the subscribers, teachers of common schools in the county of _____, (*or counties of _____, _____, if two or more counties unite,*) desirous of assembling for the purpose of forming a teachers' institute, in conformity with the provisions of the act "establishing Teachers'

institutes," request that you will appoint ———, the ——— day of ———, at ———, in said county, as the time and place for holding the said institute.

The institute, when organized, will be under the direction of ———, whom the members of the institute have selected for the purpose.

Names of teachers.	Residence.

This application must be signed by at least forty teachers.

As the institute is held for the benefit of the teachers of the county, it is expected that they will generally be present during the session.

The institute shall report annually, to the State superintendent, an abstract of its proceedings, together with the names of its officers and the names and residences of the teachers attending it.

RULES AND REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN FURNISHING "WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY" TO THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF THE STATE.

Schools desiring to have a copy of said book must signify the same through the trustees thereof, which notice must be of the following form:

To Frederick W. Ricord, State Superintendent of Public Schools :

We, the subscribers, trustees of school district No. ———, of the township of ———, county of ———, New Jersey, hereby signify to you our desire to have a copy of "Webster's Unabridged Dictionary" for the use of the school in this district, said dictionary to be the property of the school, and at all times, when the school is in session, accessible to the teachers and pupils.

[Here insert the date.]

A. B., }
C. D., } *Trustees.*
E. F., }
Or N. O.,
President of the Board of Education.

On the reception of the application at the office of the State superintendent, if in person, a copy of the book will be delivered ; if received through the mail, a certificate will be transmitted by the State superintendent to the trustees, or board of education, (*as the case may be,*) authorizing them, on its presentation at the treasurer's office, in the city of Trenton, to receive a copy of the dictionary.

LIPPINCOTT'S PRONOUNCING GAZETTEER.

The same rules, regulations, and mode of proceeding have been adopted in furnishing "Lippincott's Pronouncing Gazetteer" to the common schools of the State, as in the case of the dictionary.

Form of report to be made by the teacher to the town superintendent or school committee of the township.

To A. B., town superintendent, (or C. D., E. F., and G. H., school committee,) of the township of _____, county of _____, New Jersey:

The following is a copy of the School Register in School District No. —, (or by name, as the case may be,) of the township of —, county of —, New Jersey, for the term commencing — A. D. 186-, and ending — A. D. 186-.

FORM OF SCHOOL REGISTER.

[illegible]

Dated ———, 186—.

A. B., *Teacher.*

NEW JERSEY STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.—SPECIAL CIRCULAR.

ORIGIN OF THE SCHOOL.

This institution was established by an act of the legislature, passed February 9, 1855, for the instruction and practice of teachers in the "science of education, and the art of instructing and governing the public schools of this State." By a recent act of the legislature it has been continued for the further period of five years from February 9, 1860.

CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION.

First. Applicants must be at least sixteen years of age, and of unquestionable moral character.

Second. They must be in sound bodily health, and able to sustain a good examination in orthography, reading, arithmetic, geography, and English grammar.

Third. They must declare their intention to teach in the public schools of this State for at least two years.

Fourth. They must enter for a full term, and remain till the close of the same, unless excused for adequate cause by the board of instruction.

FORM OF APPLICATION TO TOWN SUPERINTENDENT.

I, (A. B.,) of the township (or city) of (C.,) county of (M.,) New Jersey, aged — years, desirous of obtaining admission as a pupil in the normal school, hereby declare that my object in seeking admission to it is to qualify myself for the duties of a common school teacher, and that it is my intention to engage in that employment in this State for at least two years.

CERTIFICATE OF TOWN SUPERINTENDENT.

The candidate must present to the principal, during the first week of a term, the following certificate from the superintendent, school committee, or board of education of his township or city :

To the Board of Trustees of the State Normal School :

This is to certify that (A. B.,) of the township (or city) of (C.,) county of (M.,) New Jersey, aged — years, desires to obtain admission as a pupil in the State normal school, and has given to me a written declaration of — intention to engage in the employment of a common school teacher in this State for at least two years ; and being satisfied that — is of good health, and of proper moral qualifications, I do recommend — as a suitable person by age, character, talents, and attainments, to be received as a pupil of the normal school.

A. B., *Town Superintendent of ——— Township.*
 Or C. D.,
 E. F.,
 G. H.,
 Or J. K., *President of the Board of Education of the*
City of ———.

RATIO OF REPRESENTATION.

By the terms of the act establishing the State normal school, the number of pupils is limited to two hundred and forty, and hence "each county is entitled to fill three times as many seats in the school as it has representatives in the legislature." In case any county is

not fully represented, candidates may be admitted from other counties on sustaining the requisite examination, and producing a proper certificate as above.

EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION.

Candidates will be examined by the faculty immediately on presentation of the certificate before mentioned. This examination will be both oral and written, and will determine the question both of the admission and classification of the candidate.

DECLARATION OF INTENTION.

Each candidate admitted, is required to sign the following declaration and agreement, which document is a permanent record with the institution :

New Jersey State normal school.

The undersigned, having received certificates of admission as pupils in the New Jersey State normal school, hereby declare that it is their intention to engage in the employment of teachers in the common schools of this State for at least two years, and that their object in resorting to this school is the better to qualify themselves for that responsible duty. The undersigned also hereby agree to report themselves semi-annually, in writing, for the aforesaid period of two years, to the principal of the normal school, in case they enjoy its privileges for one term or more.

COURSE OF STUDY AND TRAINING.

The following is the course of study, arranged into departments, without regard to the order in which the various branches will be pursued, or to the length of time which may be devoted to them :

I. *English language*.—The elementary sounds. Spelling, definition, analysis and synthesis of words. Reading and elocution. English grammar, including the analysis of the sentence and sentential structure. Composition, including rhetoric and criticism. The art of debate, including parliamentary law.

II. *Graphics*.—Penmanship and bookkeeping. Object drawing. Map drawing. Mechanical drawing.

III. *Mathematics*.—Oral or mental arithmetic. Written arithmetic. Practical mathematics. Algebra, (elements.) Geometry, (elements.) Mathematical geography and use of globes, including also the elements of astronomy. Trigonometry. Surveying.

IV. *Natural science*.—Descriptive and physical geography. Human and comparative physiology. Elements of natural philosophy. Elements of chemistry. Agriculture. Horticulture. Outlines of entomology. Geology.

V. *Ethics, &c.*—Moral philosophy. Natural theology. Constitu-

tion of the United States and of New Jersey. School laws of New Jersey. History of the United States.

VI. *Theory and practice of teaching.*—Intellectual philosophy. The study of school systems. Lectures on education and the details of teaching. *Practice in model school.* Vocal music throughout the course.

This course is to be thoroughly investigated. The pupil will be expected to study the SUBJECT in its logical order, to master and reproduce it in clear, methodical and well chosen language of his own. He will be subjected to the most rigid criticism in respect to thoroughness in the investigation of a subject, as well as accuracy, method, clearness and force in its delivery. He will be presumed to understand nothing that he is unable with readiness and precision to embody in good language. He will be taught to observe and note the methods of his instructor, and to learn from *his* example the best modes of conducting the education of others, while himself undergoing the process.

OBSERVATION AND PRACTICE IN THE MODEL SCHOOL.

The model school is composed of pupils of the ages usually found in the public schools of the State—from six to sixteen years. Each pupil of the normal school will spend at least two weeks in observation and practice in the model school for each term of his connexion with the former, except the first term, which will be devoted to the elementary studies. He will thus be compelled to subject his theories to the test of experiments, under the eye of an accomplished master—the superintendent of the model school. He will also take part in the administration of a well-organized school, and will thus learn the inestimable advantage of *system* and method in his attempts to educate the young.

LECTURES ON THE SCIENCE OF EDUCATION AND ART OF TEACHING.

These lectures will be frequent and will be very practical. They will comprehend the development of the PRINCIPLES OF EDUCATION, and the best modes of their application in the *organization, discipline, and instruction* of schools. The best modes of securing the co-operation and sympathy of parents in the work of education will also be discussed; school systems will be examined, and the laws pertaining to schools in this State will be made familiar to all.

SCIENTIFIC AGRICULTURE.

By request of the executive committee of the State agricultural society, arrangements have been made for a partial course in this department, including several collateral branches. This course will comprise the following:

Physical geography and its relations to the commerce and productions of the country.

Elements of botany and its relations to agriculture.

Agriculture proper, as treated in Norton's Elements and kindred works.

Geology and its relations to agriculture.

Horticulture. Outlines of entomology, including the study of the noxious insects of this climate.

PRIVILEGES OF PUPILS.

There is no charge for tuition, except for those who do not take the pledge to become teachers in this State.

For the use of books and a limited amount of stationery a charge of TWO DOLLARS per session, payable on receipt of the books, is made. It is optional with the student, however, to find his own books and stationery if he prefers to do so.

DISCIPLINE.

No school can be efficient and profitable without a perfect state of discipline. Good order must necessarily be regarded as the primary condition of all effective instruction. The government of the normal school will be such as to afford a model worthy of imitation in the public schools of the State. It will be firm and impartial, and yet such as to appeal to the self-respect of the pupil. Prompt dismissal will follow all immoral acts and unteacherlike deportment.

REGULARITY AND PROMPTNESS OF ATTENDANCE.

The embarrassing and disorganizing effects of absence and tardiness in our schools constitute the most serious evils with which they have to contend. Pupils cannot be taught unless they are *present*, and they cannot be *properly* taught unless they are *constantly present*. No teacher can secure regularity of attendance unless he himself afford the example. In the normal school, therefore, no absence or tardiness can be allowed, except in extreme cases, of which the faculty must be the sole judge. No trivial cause can excuse a violation of this wholesome regulation. All absence must be on LEAVE, pre-obtained.

TERMS AND VACATIONS.

The fall terms will hereafter open on the first Monday in September, and continue twenty-one weeks. The spring terms will begin on the second Monday of February. There will be no vacation at the holidays except on Christmas and New Year days.

BOARD.

Good board can be obtained in respectable private families at from two and a half to three and a half dollars per week, including all but washing. The boarding-houses are subject to such regulations as the principal may from time to time establish. The pupils will also be visited at their boarding-houses by members of the faculty, and a watchful care will be exercised over them at all times.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

No student will hereafter be received after the FIRST WEEK in the term. No student will be permitted to enter the normal school for less than one FULL TERM, except by previous arrangement with the principal.

GRADUATION.

Candidates for graduation will be required to teach six months, and afford satisfactory evidence of their ability to organize, discipline and conduct a school before receiving the diploma of the institution.

EXAMINATIONS.

There will be a final examination of the graduating class during the week preceding the close of each term. This examination will not be open to the public. The public examinations will occur during the last week of each term. To these all are invited.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

No system of education can meet the wants of our people that does "not address itself to the whole body and all the parts of human life." The health is to be preserved. The *body*, as well as the mind, is to be trained, developed and strengthened. The severe and long-continued exercise of the mind, without a corresponding use of the body, is a perpetual warfare waged against the powers of life. Hence, regular and vigorous exercise in the open air will be required; and it is hoped that special facilities will soon be provided for systematic and thorough physical training for all who shall be admitted to the normal school.

VISITATION.

The normal school will be open to visitors during term time through all the regular session hours. Citizens and strangers are cordially invited to visit it at their convenience, and without ceremony.

TOWN SUPERINTENDENTS.

Town superintendents are earnestly requested to recommend none but candidates of *unimpeachable moral character* and of *good abilities*, to the end that the energies of the institution may not be wasted upon unworthy and incompetent individuals. The schools of the people demand the best talent and the highest character on the part of those who aspire to the responsible office of a teacher in them.

GENERAL REMARKS.

The demand for well-qualified teachers is universal and pressing; and all who, by diligence, industry, and good character, attain in the

normal school that standard of excellence demanded by the educational wants of the State, may be sure of ready and remunerative employment on leaving the institution. The principal will devote special attention to the supply of teachers for schools, and schools for those teachers who are worthy of patronage. Advice will also be cheerfully given respecting plans for school-houses, furniture, &c., to all who may desire information. All communications relating to the normal school should be addressed to Professor Wm. F. Phelps, principal, Trenton, N. J.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Superintendent's Office, Newark, June 5, 1860.

The normal school having been established by the legislature of this State for the supply of its greatest educational want, that of well-qualified teachers for the common schools, the undersigned would call the special attention of town superintendents and friends of education to the foregoing circular, setting forth the conditions of admission, the course of study, and such other information as is needful for applicants. In the selection of candidates for admission great care should be exercised by the school officers that none but persons of good mental and moral qualifications, as well as of sound bodily health, be recommended for such admission.

F. W. RICORD,
State Superintendent of Public Schools.

An act to authorize the inhabitants of the township of Bloomfield to raise money by tax, &c.

SICKLES, *September 15, 1860.*

AN ACT to authorize the inhabitants of the township of Bloomfield, in the county of Essex, to raise money for the establishment of free schools.

Whereas, the inhabitants of the township of Bloomfield, in the county of Essex, have petitioned for a law authorizing them to raise such sums of money as they may think proper, for the establishment of free schools, therefore,

Be it enacted by the senate and general assembly of the State of New Jersey, That the legal voters of the township of Bloomfield, in the county of Essex, be, and they hereby are, authorized to raise, at their annual town meetings, any such sums of money as they may think proper, not exceeding three thousand dollars in any one year, for the establishment and support of free schools in the said township, the amount to be determined in the same manner as the amount of other moneys raised for township purposes; which money, ordered to be raised as aforesaid, shall be assessed, levied, and collected as other state, county, and township taxes are assessed, levied, and collected.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted,* That the town superintendent, together

with the town committee, shall be empowered to divide the said township into a suitable number of school districts, and to determine their boundaries.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted*, That not less than three, nor more than five freeholders, residing in the district, shall be elected trustees, annually, by each district set apart as aforesaid, in pursuance of the act entitled "An Act to establish public schools," who, with their successors in office, shall be and hereby are constituted distinct bodies politic, incorporated under such names as they may severally assume.

SEC. 4. *And be it enacted*, That the said trustees may, in their corporate name, purchase and hold such real estate as may be necessary for the purpose of public school-houses, and may sell, exchange, and mortgage the same, as may be most for the public benefit: *Provided, always*, That such sale, exchange, or mortgage shall be first approved by a majority of the inhabitants of the district, at their annual meeting, or at a special meeting called for that purpose.

SEC. 5. *And be it enacted*, That upon the call of the trustees for a meeting of the inhabitants of any district, which shall be posted in at least four of the most public places in the district for two weeks previously, stating the time, place, and object of the meeting, the said inhabitants shall be authorized and empowered to raise, by tax, such sums of money as a majority of the taxable inhabitants of the district, present at said meeting, shall determine, for the purchase of ground, erection of school-houses, or other incidental expenses; said tax to be assessed by the trustees, in the same proportion that other township taxes are assessed, and collected by the town collector, at the same time and in the same manner as other township taxes are collected; and the said trustees shall report the manner in which said money has been expended to the regular annual meeting of the district.

SEC. 6. *And be it enacted*, That the amount of money raised under the first section of this act, and the money received from the public school fund, shall be apportioned by the town superintendent to the different districts, according to the number of children reported by their respective trustees, between the ages of five and sixteen, which apportionment shall be paid by the township collector to the several trustees, on the order of the town superintendent, appropriated exclusively to the purposes of education; and the said trustees shall report to the town committee the manner in which the said apportionment has been expended, annually, at least two weeks before the annual town meeting.

SEC. 7. *And be it enacted*, That all acts and parts of acts coming within the purview of this act, and being repugnant thereto, be, and the same are hereby, repealed, so far as they relate to or concern the said township of Bloomfield.

SEC. 8. *And be it enacted*, That this act shall take effect immediately.
Approved March 1, 1849.

State of New Jersey:

I, Thomas S. Allison, secretary of state of the State of New Jersey, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of an act passed by

the legislature of said State, and approved by the governor, March 1, 1849, as taken from, and compared with, the original on file in my office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed my seal of office at Trenton, this fourteenth day of August, [L. s.] eighteen hundred and sixty.

THOS. S. ALLISON, *Secretary of State.*

Cross-examination—Barney.

EXHIBIT—SEPTEMBER 22, 1860.

NEW YORK, *November 3, 1858.*

We, the undersigned, do state that one of the United States soldiers quartered at the rendezvous, No. — Hudson street, stated in our hearing and presence, that thirty odd men, who left at 1 p. m. on Tuesday, November 2, for Carlisle, did, before leaving, *vote for Daniel E. Sickles*, and that they were dressed in citizens' clothing.

GEO. A. BARNEY.
PETER EAGER.

EXHIBIT—BELL.—SEPTEMBER 24, 1860.

I rise to a question of privilege. I have been reported in the papers as insisting upon awarding to Mr. Sickles 23 votes for Congress, which were found in the judicial box in the 4th district, 1st ward. The facts, when understood, should relieve this matter of all the excitement which has been created about it; he had no evidence from the canvassers except what was contained in these returns. By the return, it appears they directed that these votes belonged to Mr. Sickles, and they were awarded to him. This decision having been made, the law declared that the district canvassers shall not at any meeting change or alter any decisions before made by them, but shall only cause their canvass to be correctly stated.

Under these circumstances, when the motion was made by supervisor Voorhies to send this return back to the canvassers for correction, I considered it my duty to oppose it as useless and illegal. If we had the power to send a return back for any other than a mere clerical error, it would be idle to do so in this case, because the canvassers have no power to undo what they have done. Their decision is final and conclusive upon themselves and upon this board. There is no appeal except to the House of Representatives, and this would be absurd, because whether these 23 votes be given to Mr. Sickles or not, the result is not changed, so much for the facts and the law.

Now I have only to add for myself, and I am authorized to say the same for Mr. Sickles, that whilst I cannot agree to any course of action in this board in the district canvasses which depart from the plain requirements of the law, if it is made to appear, upon respectable evidence, that one or more of these votes has been improperly allowed to Mr. Sickles, the vote will be voluntarily renounced by that gentleman, and this board relieved from all embarrassment in the premises.

ISAAC BELL, JR.
ELIJAH F. PURDY.
JNO. R. BRIGGS.
WALTER ROCHE.
WM. M. TWEED.

EXHIBIT, SEPTEMBER 24.—WILLIAMSON—Continued.

Number.	Names and residences.	Shall there be a convention to revise the constitution and to amend the same.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 6.	No. 8.	Supervisors.	Inspectors and district canvassers.
			State.	Congress.	Assembly.	City and county.	Judiciary.		
21	Richard Rice, 2 Carlisle street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	Von Tom Rook, 113 Greenwich street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23	Samuel Kelly, 106 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
24	Fred. Bekmyer, 130 Greenwich street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
25	Gustavus Bonnard, 130 Greenwich street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
26	William F. Stoakl, 5 Carlisle street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
27	Mike Efrig, 2 Albany street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
28	James P. Burke, 9 Rector street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	Thomas Burns, 108 Washington street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
30	Matthew Collins, 126 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	William E. Welsh, sen., 109 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
32	Matthew Tracy, 109 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
33	Michael Meehan, 3 Temple street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
34	David Closey, 3 Temple street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
35	Daniel Crowley, 3 Temple street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
36	George Fred. Umbreck, 110 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
37	John Buckley, 129 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
38	Joseph Crooper, 114 Greenwich street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
39	Thomas Alley, 119 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
40	George Sears, 19 Albany street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
41	William Nelson, 141 Cedar street, (preliminary oath).....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
42	Thomas McLelan, 141 Cedar street.....	1	1	1	1	1	.....	1	1

[illegible]

EXHIBIT, SEPTEMBER 24.—WILLIAMSON—Continued.

Number.	Names and residences.	Shall there be a convention to revise the constitution, and to amend the same.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 5.	City and county.	Judiciary.	Supervisors.	Inspectors and district can- vassers.
			State.	Congress.	Assembly.				
82	Martin Nelson, 73 West street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
83	Henri Humbard, 7 Albany street, (preliminary oath)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
84	John Prior, 100 Cedar street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
85	Andrew Hanley, 106 Greenwich street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
86	Isaac Colbeck, 2½ Albany street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
87	Peter Dreby, 128 Cedar street.....	1	1	---	---	---	---	---	---
88	Philip Cander, 98 Cedar street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
89	Mich. Ryan, 145 Washington street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
90	William Willis, 135½ Washington street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
91	Edward Keily, 154 Washington street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
92	Cornelius Farly, 106 Greenwich street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
93	Sullivan Deitch, 124 Greenwich street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
94	Edward Murphy, 107 Washington street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
95	John Stripp, 61 West street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
96	John Musgrave, 16 West street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
97	Thos. Green, 118 Greenwich street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
98	James Nelson, 11 Carlisle street, (preliminary oath)	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
99	Daniel Donovan, 106 Greenwich street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
100	Monroe Verghill, 9 Carlisle street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
101	John Subav, 112 Greenwich street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
102	John O'Brien, 113 Washington street	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
103	Henry Conklin, 23 Temple street.....	---	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[illegible]

EXHIBIT, SEPTEMBER 24.—WILLIAMSON—Continued.

Number.	Names and residences.	Shall there be a convention to revise the constitution, and to amend the same.	State.	Congress.	Assembly.	City and county.	Judiciary.	Supervisors.	Inspectors and district can- vassers.
143	Thomas Lovet, 8 Rector street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
144	Charles S. Couch, pier 13 N. R. ....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
145	Mark Moran, 100 Washington street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
146	Charles Segna, 130 Greenwich street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
147	Ephiram Harrold, 123 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
148	Bernard Hockle, 89 Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
149	Wm. Coney, 121 Washington street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
150	Michael Creighton, 100 Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
151	Morris Flinn, 149 Washington street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
152	John Lewins, 8 Albany street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
153	Patrick Develin, 100 Washington street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
154	Michael McCann, 128 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
155	John Corkoran, 100 Washington street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
156	John Smith, 11 Carlisle street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
157	John Power, 115 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
158	William Fridok, 22 Rector street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
159	Charles Gilbert, 9 Albany street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
160	Dennis Harrington, 131 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
161	Frederick Heath, 102 Cedar street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
162	Edward J. Burke, 102 Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
163	Edward Hobin, 10 Rector street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
164	George Britenstine, 3 Albany street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

165	William Kenney, 59 West street.....	-----
166	Otto Hemken, 134 Greenwich street, (preliminary oath).....	-----
167	Leopold Keller, 5 Albany street	-----
168	Patrick Skelly, 145 Greenwich street.....	-----
169	Angus Sulley, 133 Greenwich street, (preliminary oath)	-----
170	Martin Purcell, 107 Washington street.....	-----
171	John F. Culligan, 100 Cedar street	-----
172	Michael Trinigan, 137 Washington street	-----
173	John Hughes, 135 Cedar street	-----
174	Henry C. Marks, 108 Greenwich street.....	-----
175	Rudolph Crock, 84 West street, (preliminary oath)	-----
176	Peter Schultz, 61 West street	-----
177	John Brady, 3 Trinity Place.....	-----
178	Christopher Mulgrave, 16 West street.....	-----
179	John Seaman, 1 Albany street.....	-----
180	Richard Tobin, 140 Washington street, (preliminary oath).....	-----
181	Francis O. Keffe, 21 Albany street.....	-----
182	Andrew McCutchen, 105 Washington street	-----
183	Patrick Fitzsimons, 126 Cedar street, (preliminary oath).....	-----
184	Timothy Donrube, 23 Trinity Place	-----
185	Thomas McNamara, 126 Cedar street	-----
186	John Fleming, 138 Washington street, (preliminary oath).....	-----
187	James Reilly, 126 Cedar street	-----
188	Martin Christie, 112 Cedar street	-----
189	Frederick Suffex, 124 Greenwich street	-----
190	Charles Goody, 104 Cedar street.....	-----
191	James Kavanagh, 108 Cedar street.....	-----
192	John Smith, 136 Cedar street	-----
193	John Ewild, 150 Washington street	-----
194	Edward Stapleton, 153 Washington street, (preliminary oath)	-----
195	Soloman Withhammer.....	-----
196	James White, 6 Carlisle street.....	-----
197	Dennis Sullivan, 3 Temple street, (preliminary oath)	-----
198	John Kennan, 139 Washington street.....	-----
199	Richard Brown, 6 Carlisle street, (preliminary oath)	-----
200	Patrick Kehese, 19 Albany street, (preliminary oath).....	-----
201	William Camo, 109 Cedar street, (preliminary oath).....	-----
202	Daniel Cocolan, 109 Cedar street, (preliminary oath).....	-----
203	Hans Shay, 133 Washington street	-----

EXHIBIT, SEPTEMBER 24.—WILLIAMSON—Continued.

Number.	Names and residences.	Shall there be a convention to revise the constitution, and to amend the same.	No. 2. State.	No. 3. Congress.	No. 5. Assembly.	No. 6. City and county.	No. 8. Judiciary.	Supervisors.	Inspectors and district can- vassers.
204	Thomas Cooney, 151 Washington street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
205	Michael O. Keefe, 94 Greenwich street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
206	Jacob Wolf, 7 Albany street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
207	Walter Furtner, 7 Greenwich street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
208	Francis Goodman, 120 Greenwich street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
209	Joseph Murray, 139 Washington street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
210	James Moriarty, 111 Washington street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
211	Henry Mumford, 23 Thames street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
212	Francis Christie, 123 Greenwich street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
213	William Lahae, 108 Cedar street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
214	George Gurver, 113 Washington street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
215	Ernest Swethelm, 135 Cedar street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
216	John Murphy, 148 Greenwich street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
217	Joseph Horne, 143 Cedar street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
218	Thomas Grady, 149 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
219	John D. Conner, 128 Greenwich street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
220	Patrick Riley, 114 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
221	James Dunn, 159 Thames street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
222	Patrick O'Connell, 110 Greenwich street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
223	Patrick Hanlan, 29 Thames street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
224	Daniel Donahue, 109 Washington street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
225	Ferdinand Notzes, 135 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[illegible]

[illegible]

EXHIBIT, SEPTEMBER 24.—WILLIAMSON—Continued.

Number.	Names and residences.	Shall there be a convention to revise the constitution, and to amend the same.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 6.	No. 8.	Supervisors.	Inspectors and district can- vassers.
			State.	Congress.	Assembly.	City and county.	Judiciary.		
326	James Woods, 106 Greenwich street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
327	John Lowrie, 117 Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
328	Joseph Cronie, 111 Washington street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
329	John O. Scheekesny, 101 Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
330	Patrick Donouhere, 137 Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
331	Peter S. Omelia, 126 Greenwich street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
332	William Shay, 119 $\frac{1}{2}$ Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
333	Martin Sarvey, 19 Albany street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
334	James Madagan, 130 Liberty street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
335	Michael Farley, 133 Cedar street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
336	Henry Brumenhoff, 5 Trinity Place, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
337	Henry Lienthuff, 117 Cedar street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
338	Michael O'Connell, 100 Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
339	Patrick Ryan, 129 Cedar street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
340	John H. Grant, 107 Greenwich street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
341	John Mangan, 136 Cedar street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
342	Lawrence McMann, 126 Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
343	William Peterson, 59 West street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
344	Samuel Chapman, 8 Trinity Place	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
345	Gerrit Davie, 25 Thames street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
346	James Sullivan, 19 Albany street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
347	John Stribler, 132 Liberty street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[illegible]

EXHIBIT, SEPTEMBER 24.—WILLIAMSON—Continued.

Number.	Names and residences.	Shall there be a convention, to revise the constitution, and to amend the same.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 5.	City and county.	Judiciary.	Supervisors.	Inspectors and district can- vassers.
			State.	Congress.	Assembly.		No. 8.		
386	James Tunny, 137 Washington street, (preliminary oath) .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
387	Peter Power, 107 Washington street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
388	Martin Baffery, 108 Washington street, (preliminary oath).....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
389	Thomas Kelly, 112 Greenwich street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
390	Thomas Mitchell, 112 Cedar street, (preliminary oath).....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
391	Leopold Muller, 7 Albany street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
392	Jeremiah Kane, 107 Washington street, (preliminary oath).....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
393	William Fogarty, 103 Greenwich street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
394	James Keran, jr., 139 Cedar street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
395	Daniel Lynch, 122 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
396	Charles Samos, 154 Washington street, (preliminary oath).....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
397	Patrick Mackey, 105 Washington street, (preliminary oath).....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
398	James McLaughlin, 6 Carlisle street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
399	John Sneeser, 112 Greenwich street.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
400	John Elwood, 104 Cedar street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
401	William Aiken, 3 Temple street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
402	Mike Fallen, 150 Washington street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
403	George Schaffer, 109 Cedar street.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
404	Philip Mackie, 94 Greenwich street .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

405	Timothy Kennedy, 113 Washington street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
406	Patrick Holden, 137 Washington street.....	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
407	Michael Golden, 113 Washington street, (preliminary oath)	-----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Total.....	17	403	404	404	299	397	382	387	

*Indorsement.*EXHIBIT, *September 24*—SICKLES.*New York Supreme Court.*

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW	}	Writ of peremptory mandamus.
YORK		
<i>vs.</i>		
THE BOARD OF CANVASSERS OF THE		
COUNTY OF NEW YORK.		

Allowed this 30th day of November, 1858.

JOSH. SUTHERLAND, *Justice.*JOHN GRAHAM, *Attorney.*

*The people of the State of New York, to the board of county canvassers
of the county of New York, greeting :*

Whereas the original statements of the canvass in each district of the city and county of New York, for the election held in the said city and county on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, have been produced to and before you, the said board of county canvassers ; and whereas we have been informed from the complaint of Daniel E. Sickles that you, the said board, on the nineteenth day of November instant, did refuse to make out the several statements of the votes to be certified as required by law, or to direct your clerk or secretary to make out the said statements in the form required by law ; and whereas the said Daniel E. Sickles was a candidate at the said election for the office of representative in Congress from the third congressional district of the State of New York, and was voted for as such at the said election, and so appears to us to be interested in the making out of the said statements, and in having the same made out and certified as required by law ; and whereas it appears to us that your refusal in the premises, as aforesaid, tends to the great damage and grievance of the said Daniel E. Sickles (among others:)

We, therefore, being willing that due and speedy justice should be done in his behalf, as it is reasonable, do command you, firmly enjoining you, that immediately after the receipt of this our writ, you, the said board of county canvassers of the county of New York, proceed to estimate, and do estimate, the votes of the county of New York from the original statements of the canvass in each district of the city and county of New York for and of the election held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, as produced to you, the said board ; and that you make such statements thereof as the nature of the said election shall require, and deliver such statements to, and deposit them with, the clerk of the county of New York ; and that you, the said board, make a separate statement, containing the whole number of votes given in the city and county of New York for the office of governor, lieutenant governor, and representative in Congress in

each district; the names of the persons for whom such votes were given, and the number of votes given for each; and that you make up such statements in all respects in the form designated by the statute in such case made and provided, that the same complaint may not by your default be again repeated to us; and how you shall have executed this our writ, make known to us at a special term of our supreme court to be held for the first judicial district of the State of New York, at the city of New York, at the brown stone building in the City Hall park in said city, on the third day of December next, then and there returning this our writ, upon peril that may fall thereon.

Witness Henry E. Davies, presiding justice of our supreme court of the State of New York for the first judicial district, at the [L. s.] city of New York the thirteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

R. B. CONNOLLY, *Clerk.*

JOHN GRAHAM, *Attorney.*

WILLIAMSON, *September 25.*

By authority of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States of America.

TO E. B. HART:

According to law and pursuant to the resolutions of the House of Representatives of the twenty-first of March and the seventeenth of May, eighteen hundred and sixty, you are ordered and required to be and appear before Michael Ulshoeffer, the commissioner appointed to take testimony in the case of the claim of Amor J. Williamson to the seat in said House now held by the honorable Daniel E. Sickles, at his office, No. 15 Nassau street, in the city of New York, on the 13th day of September, 1860, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to testify what you may know in said matter.

And do not fail to appear under penalty of the law.

Witness my hand and the seal of the House of Representatives of the United States, at the city of Washington, this 20th day [L. s.] of August, eighteen hundred and sixty.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON, *Speaker.*

Attest:

J. W. FORNEY, *Clerk.*

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss:

Holdridge Dewey, being duly sworn, says that on the 13th day of September, 1860, at 10 o'clock a. m., he served the subpoena, of which the above is a copy, upon Emanuel B. Hart, the witness above named, by delivering such subpoena to said Hart personally, at said Hart's office, No. 27 Pine street, in the city of New York, and leaving the same with him, and at the same time paying seventy-five cents fees for attendance as a witness.

H. DEWEY.

Sworn before me this 14th day of September, 1860.

PETER COOK, *Notary Public.*

WILLIAMSON, *September 25.*

By authority of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States of America.

TO CONRAD FITZGERALD:

According to law and pursuant to the resolutions of the House of Representatives of the twenty-first of March and the seventeenth of May, eighteen hundred and sixty, you are ordered and required to be and appear before Michael Ulshoeffer, the commissioner appointed to take testimony in the case of the claim of Amor J. Williamson to the seat in said House now held by the honorable Daniel E. Sickles, at his office, No. 15 Nassau street, in the city of New York, on the 15th day of September, 1860, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to testify what you may know in said matter.

And do not fail to appear under penalty of the law.

Witness my hand and the seal of the House of Representatives of the United States, at the city of Washington, this 20th day [L. s.] of August, eighteen hundred and sixty.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON, *Speaker.*

Attest:

J. W. FORNEY, *Clerk.*

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss:

Jacob Depuy, being duly sworn, says that on the 15th day of September, 1860, at a little before 9 o'clock a. m., he served a subpoena, of which the above is a copy, upon Conrad Fitzgerald above named, by delivering such subpoena to said Fitzgerald personally, and leaving the same with him at the house of said Fitzgerald, in the city of New York, and at the same time paying him one dollar and five cents fees for one day's attendance in obedience to such subpoena, and travelling fees. Deponent further says, that he heard said Conrad Fitzgerald say that at the election in November, 1858, he, said Fitzgerald, brought from thirty to thirty-five men, residents of New Jersey, from Jersey City to the city of New York, and took them to his, said Fitzgerald's, office, and dressed them up in soldiers' uniform, and voted them in the third congressional district for Daniel E. Sickles, and that he got well paid for it; that he made five hundred dollars out of that election; that he paid the said men from three to five dollars each. Deponent further says that he has heard the said Fitzgerald repeat the said statement several times in the presence of other persons.

JACOB DEPUY.

Sworn before me this 15th day of September, 1860.

PETER COOK, *Notary Public.*

DEFICIENCIES—CONTINGENT FUND OF THE HOUSE OF
REPRESENTATIVES.

[To accompany Bill H. R. No. 866.]

LETTER

FROM

THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

COMMUNICATING

Estimates for deficiencies in the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives.

DECEMBER 13, 1860.—Ordered to be printed.

OFFICE OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES U. S.,
Washington, December 10, 1860.

SIR: The following sums will be required to be appropriated to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for contingent expenses of the House of Representatives for the present fiscal year, viz: "Binding documents, fifty thousand dollars," (\$50,000.) The original appropriation of fifty thousand dollars having been expended, proves to be insufficient, it being twenty-five thousand dollars less than the appropriation for the preceding year, and fifty thousand dollars less than the appropriation for the corresponding year, which ended June 30, 1859, a larger number of documents having been ordered to be printed this year than was anticipated when the estimates were made; and from the best information in my possession the above-named sum will be required.

"Miscellaneous items, twenty-one thousand dollars," (\$21,000.) The deficiency in this item was caused by this amount being used to pay the folders employed, and for materials used in folding documents, speeches, &c., during the presidential campaign.

"Folding documents, twenty-six thousand dollars," (\$26,000.) This sum will be required to pay folders and for materials necessary to be used during the last eight months of the fiscal year, (twenty thousand dollars for folders and six thousand dollars for materials.)

"Furniture and repairs and boxes for members, five thousand dollars," (\$5,000.) This deficiency comes of the unusual amount of repairs done during the past summer.

"Stationery, six thousand dollars," (\$6,000.) This sum will be required to keep up an assortment and pay balances to members.

Very respectfully,

J. W. FORNEY,

Clerk of the House of Representatives U. S.

Hon. JOHN SHERMAN,

Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means,

House of Representatives U. S.

ESTIMATE—ALTERATION OF THE FLOOR OF THE HALL
OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

LETTER

FROM

CAPTAIN FRANKLIN,

TRANSMITTING

Estimate for alteration of the floor of the hall of the House of Representatives, replacing desks, &c.

DECEMBER 19, 1860.—Laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

OFFICE UNITED STATES CAPITOL EXTENSION,
Washington, December 13, 1860.

SIR: You doubtless remember that on February 21 last the House of Representatives passed the following resolution:

“Resolved, That the superintendent of the Capitol extension be directed to remove the present benches from the hall and replace the old chairs and desks, adopting substantially the original arrangement thereof, but having regard to any reduction of space occupied by them without interfering with the convenience of the arrangement.”

This resolution could not be carried into effect until the recess. Immediately after the adjournment of Congress I presented a programme of proposed expenditure for the appropriation for the Capitol extension to the War Department, in which was an item for the cost of carrying out the resolution of the House. This item was not approved by the Secretary of War, on the ground that the alteration of seats was not legally chargeable to the appropriation for the Capitol extension.

The Secretary, however, authorized me to make the alteration on credit, and I have therefore gone on and replaced the old desks, not paying for labor and materials, trusting that Congress would authorize the payment as soon as the matter was presented to it.

My estimate for the alteration contemplated by the resolution was \$2,500, and the whole of the work has been completed for that sum.

If it be not too late, therefore, and if the object can be considered

a deficiency, I respectfully request that an item may be inserted in the deficiency bill (which I understand was reported yesterday) of the following tenor, viz: *To enable the superintendent of the Capitol extension to pay for labor and materials used to carry out the resolution of the House of Representatives of February 21, 1860, twenty-five hundred dollars.*

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. B. FRANKLIN,

Captain of Topographical Engineers, in charge.

HON. JOHN S. PHELPS,

Member of Committee of Ways and Means,

House of Representatives.

Cost of alteration of floor of hall of House of Representatives, replacing desks and chairs, and necessary alteration of registers and flues.

Carpenters and stonecutters' services.....	\$1,409 91
Materials, lumber, hardware, &c.....	168 12
Registers, flues, &c.....	717 30
Machinists work on flues, air-ducts, &c.....	177 66
	2,472,99

W. B. FRANKLIN,

Captain of Topographical Engineers, in charge.

OFFICE CAPITOL EXTENSION, December 17, 1860.

In the above recapitulation the cost of altering the reporters' desk is included, authorized by the Speaker as follows:

"The superintendent of the United States Capitol extension has consent of the undersigned to make such change in the desks of the reporters of the House for the Congressional Globe as will render them more commodious for their use, not interfering with the general arrangement of the House.

"WM. PENNINGTON, *Speaker.*"

PUBLIC PRINTING OF BOTH HOUSES OF CONGRESS,
THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION.

LETTER

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING,

IN RELATION TO

The printing of both Houses of Congress.

DECEMBER 19, 1860.—Laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC PRINTING,
Washington, December 12, 1860.

SIR: In compliance with your verbal request, I submit the following statements, embracing, I believe, all the information required by you. They are based upon estimates prepared in this office with much care, and are believed to be very nearly correct:

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION.

1st.—Total amount of printing ordered by the Senate	\$67,139 00
Total amount of printing ordered by the House	145,489 01
Total amount ordered by both Houses.....	<u>212,628 01</u>

2d.—This printing has been, or is to be, executed as follows:

Printing of the <i>Senate</i> by the <i>Senate</i> Printer.....	\$52,672 52
Printing of the <i>Senate</i> by the <i>House</i> Printer.....	14,466 48
Total amount of printing ordered by the <i>Senate</i> ...	<u>67,139 00</u>
Printing of the <i>House</i> by the <i>House</i> Printer	\$88,202 51
Printing of the <i>House</i> by the <i>Senate</i> Printer	57,286 50
Total amount of printing ordered by the <i>House</i> ...	<u>145,489 01</u>
Total amount of printing executed and to be executed...	<u>212,628 01</u>

Amount of printing by the <i>Senate</i> Printer for both Houses	\$109,959 02
Amount of printing by the <i>House</i> Printer for both Houses	102,668 99
Total amount	<u>212,628 01</u>

3d.—Upon the completion of the printing, the amount due to the Public Printers will be as follows:

To the <i>Senate</i> Printer, for <i>Senate</i> printing.....	\$27,077 42
To the <i>House</i> Printer, for <i>Senate</i> printing.....	10,119 12
Amount due for <i>Senate</i> printing.....	<u>37,196 54</u>
To the <i>Senate</i> Printer, for <i>House</i> printing	\$51,475 73
To the <i>House</i> Printer, for <i>House</i> printing	13,955 74
Amount due for <i>House</i> printing	<u>65,431 47</u>
Total amount due the Public Printers.....	<u>102,628 01</u>

4th.—Total amount of printing ordered by the Senate and House.....	212,628 01
Appropriation, per act of March 3, 1859.....	\$70,000 00
Appropriation, per act of May 24, 1860	40,000 00
Total amount of appropriations.....	<u>110,000 00</u>
Deficiency in appropriations.....	<u>102,628 01</u>

It may be proper to remark that the amount for *dry pressing* is included in each of the foregoing statements, for the reason that the cost thereof is charged to and paid out of the appropriations made for printing.

Very respectfully, sir, your obedient servant,
JOHN HEART, *Superintendent.*

Hon. JOHN SHERMAN,
Chairman Committee of Ways and Means,
House of Representatives.

UTAH TERRITORY.

MEMORIAL

OF

A CONVENTION OF THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY
OF UTAH,

ACCOMPANIED BY

A State constitution, asking admission into the Union.

DECEMBER 31, 1860.—Referred to the Committee on the Territories and ordered to be printed.

To the President and Congress of the United States:

Your memorialists, delegates in convention assembled in Great Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, having formed and unanimously adopted a constitution, with a view to the admission of Utah into the Union as a State, and having unanimously elected and authorized Hons. George A. Smith and John Taylor delegates to present the said constitution and other pertinent documents to the parent government, and solicit a favorable action thereon, most respectfully represent that it is the unanimous and earnest desire of the people of this Territory that their delegates be favorably received, that the constitution in their charge meet your cordial approval, and that steps be taken during the present session of Congress for the admission of Utah as a free and sovereign State in the great confederacy of our republic, that another star, shedding mild radiance from the tops of the mountains, midway between the borders of eastern and western civilization, may add its effulgence to that bright light now so broadly illuminating the governmental pathway of nations, and another link be united to the western extremity of that strong chain of States, which it is most certainly desirable should stretch unbroken across the broad expanse of our common country, from the rich marts of the Atlantic to the golden coasts of the Pacific.

To enlightened statesmen it may be superfluous to allege any of the numerous weighty reasons in favor of the action now respectfully

solicited and most confidently anticipated, yet it may not be amiss to briefly adduce a few.

The constitution which will be presented for your consideration is unexceptionable in its features of republicanism and equal rights, following strictly in the channel of the constitutions of other States. The loyalty of Utah has been variously and most thoroughly tested, and has ever proved pure, even as we trust it ever will. Our position, over one thousand miles from neighboring settlements on either hand, renders the proper transaction of governmental business, as now required to be conducted, almost a nullity, as no mail has reached here by the eastern route since the 26th of last November, a period of four months, an occurrence characteristic of its past history. Almost entirely unaided we have settled isolated wilds, which have lain unoccupied for centuries, except by the untutored savage and roving mountaineer, and which even now, were we to seek a more favored region, would soon revert to their former condition of dreary wastes, and crumbling ruins would alone mark the sites of present thriving civilization. We have, to a goodly degree, tamed the fury of the hordes of aborigines within our borders, are setting them peaceful examples of the advantages of civilized life, and teaching them its arts, and feel abundantly able to cope with the malevolence of the few who may still prefer bloodshed to peace.

We have enacted good and wholesome laws, guaranteeing and protecting equally the constitutional and just rights and privileges of all classes of residents, and of those travelling through our borders; and, finally, the number of our population calls for and warrants a more extended sphere for governmental operations than is to be found under a territorial organization; and aware that the genius of our free institutions most justly extends to the governed the right of electing their own rulers and officers, and of enacting their own laws and making all needful regulations, not repugnant to the Constitution and laws of the United States, which we have no design, desire, or occasion for contravening, therefore, to enable the people of the Territory of Utah to better and more fully exercise those governmental privileges so dear to every American heart, and so obviously the right of all who dwell beneath the stars and stripes of our common country, we do most respectfully, yet earnestly, solicit the early admission of Utah as a free, sovereign, and independent State, upon an equal footing with the States now forming that justly renowned confederacy whose motto is "*e pluribus unum.*"

Done in convention in Great Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1856.

J. M. GRANT,
President of the Convention.

THOMAS BULLOCK, *Secretary.*

To the President and Congress of the United States:

These presents certify that, pursuant to section five of "An act providing for holding a convention with a view to the admission of Utah into the Union as a State," approved December 17, 1855, and in accordance with a resolution adopted by said convention, the doings of the convention and the names of the delegates, Hons. George A. Smith and John Taylor, were submitted to the people on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1856, and were unanimously approved, as shown by the official returns to me made from all the organized counties, except Carson, from which they have not, as yet, been received.

J. M. GRANT.

President of the Convention.

Given in Great Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1856.

THOMAS BULLOCK.

Secretary of the Convention.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF DESERET.

PREAMBLE.

Whereas, all citizens of the United States have the right guaranteed by the Constitution to make those laws by which they are governed; and

Whereas, it appears from a census report, made pursuant to an act of the late legislature, that the Territory of Utah possesses a population sufficiently numerous to justify them in asserting their claims to this inestimable privilege;

Therefore we, the people, grateful to the Supreme Being for the enjoyment of life and mercy, and feeling our dependence on Him for a continuation of those blessings, do ordain and establish the following constitution:

ARTICLE I.

Boundary and Name.

SECTION 1. All that part of the territory of the United States now known as Utah Territory, and bounded as follows, viz: on the west by the State of California, on the north by the Territory of Oregon, on the east by the summit of the Rocky Mountains, and on the south by the thirty-seventh (37th) parallel of north latitude, is hereby formed into a free and sovereign State, and named Deseret.

ARTICLE II.

Declaration of Rights.

SECTION. 1. In republican governments all men should possess their natural rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending their life and liberty; acquiring, possessing, and protecting property, and of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

SECTION 2. All political power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded in their authority and instituted for their benefit; therefore they have an inalienable and indefeasible right to institute government, and to alter, reform, or totally change the same when their safety, happiness, and the public good shall require it.

SECTION 3. All men shall have a natural and inalienable right to worship God according to the dictates of their own consciences; and the general assembly shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or to disturb any person in his religious worship or sentiments; and all persons demeaning themselves peaceably as good members of this State shall be equally under the protection of the laws; and no subordination or preference of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law; nor shall any religious test be ever required for any office of trust under this constitution.

SECTION 4. Any person of this State who may hereafter be engaged directly or indirectly in a duel, either as principal or accessory before the fact, shall be disqualified from holding any office under the constitution and laws of this State.

SECTION 5. Every person may speak, write, and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right; and no law shall be passed to abridge the liberty of speech or of the press.

SECTION 6. The people shall be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and possessions from unreasonable searches and seizures.

SECTION 7. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate; and all prisoners shall be heard by self or counsel at their own election; and no person shall be held to answer a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on presentment or indictment of a grand jury; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb, nor be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself.

SECTION 8. All penalties and punishments shall be in proportion to the offence; and all offences before conviction shall be bailable, except capital offences where the proof is evident or the presumption great; excessive bail shall not be required.

SECTION 9. The writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless in case of rebellion, or invasion, or the public safety shall require it.

SECTION 10. Treason against this State shall consist only in levying war against it, or adhering to its enemies, or giving them aid or comfort.

SECTION 11. The general assembly shall pass no bill of attainder, or *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts.

SECTION 12. The law shall not be suspended but by legislative authority.

SECTION 13. The right of petition by the people shall be preserved inviolate.

SECTION 14. The right of citizens to keep and bear arms for common defence shall not be questioned.

SECTION 15. Private property shall not be taken for public use without just compensation.

SECTION 16. No standing army shall be kept up in this State in time of peace; and the military shall at all times, and in all places, be in strict subordination to civil power.

SECTION 17. The enumeration of certain rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people.

ARTICLE III.

The powers of government of the State of Deseret shall be divided into three distinct departments, viz: legislative, executive, and judicial.

ARTICLE IV.

Of the Legislative.

SECTION 1. The legislative authority shall be vested in a general assembly, consisting of a senate and house of representatives, the members of which shall be elected by the people.

SECTION 2. The sessions of the general assembly shall be annual, until otherwise provided by legislative enactment; and the first session shall be as hereinafter provided.

SECTION 3. The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen biennially, by the qualified electors of their respective districts, whose term of office shall continue two years from the day of their election.

SECTION 4. Senators shall be chosen in the same manner as the representatives, whose term of office shall continue four years from the day of their election.

SECTION 5. No person shall be a member of the general assembly except he be a free, white, male citizen of the United States, and an inhabitant of this State one year preceding the time of his election, and has at his election an actual residence in the district he may be chosen to represent.

SECTION 6. The general assembly shall have power to prescribe the number and make the apportionment of senators and representatives: *Provided*, the number of senators shall not be less than one-third, nor more than one-half of the representatives; and at its first session the general assembly shall be divided by lot, as equally as may be, into two classes; the seats of the representatives of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of one year, and of the senators of the first class, at the expiration of two years.

SECTION 7. Each house shall choose its own officers, and judge of the qualification, election, and return of its own members.

SECTION 8. A majority in each house shall constitute a quorum to do business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalty as each house may provide.

SECTION 9. Each house shall have all powers necessary for a branch of the general assembly of a free and independent government.

SECTION 10. Each member of the general assembly shall be privileged from civil arrest during any session, and in going to and returning from the same.

SECTION 11. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which they may be sitting.

SECTION 12. The members of the general assembly shall take an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States and of this State, which may be administered by each other, or by any person qualified to administer oaths.

SECTION 13. The veto power of the governor shall be allowed by the general assembly, except on bills which, when reconsidered, shall be

again passed by a majority of two-thirds; and any bill vetoed by the governor shall be returned within ten days (Sundays excepted) with his objections, otherwise it shall become a law, unless the general assembly, by adjournment, prevent its return.

SECTION 14. Every law passed by the general assembly shall take effect from and after its publication, unless otherwise provided at the time of its enactment.

SECTION 15. At the first election, after this constitution takes effect, the voters of this State shall elect the same number of senators and representatives as are now elected to the legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah, and according to the present apportionment.

SECTION 16. The legislative power of the general assembly of this State shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation consistent with the Constitution of the United States and of this State.

ARTICLE V.

Of the Executive.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a governor, whose term of office shall be four years. A lieutenant governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same term, who shall be the president of the senate.

SECTION 2. No person shall be eligible to the office of governor or lieutenant governor who has not been a citizen of the United States six years, and a resident of this State four years next preceding his election.

SECTION 3. The governor shall be commander-in-chief of the militia, navy, and all the armies of this State.

SECTION 4. He shall transact all executive business with the officers of government, civil and military, and may require information in writing from the officers of the executive department upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices.

SECTION 5. He shall see that the laws are faithfully executed.

SECTION 6. When any office shall from any cause become vacant, and no mode is prescribed by the constitution and laws for filling such vacancy, the governor shall have power to fill such vacancy by appointment and commission, which shall expire when such vacancy shall be filled by due course of law.

SECTION 7. He shall also have power to convene the general assembly by proclamation, when in his opinion the interests of the State require it.

SECTION 8. He shall communicate, by message, to the general assembly at every session the condition of the State, and recommend such measures as he in his wisdom shall deem expedient.

SECTION 9. In case of disagreement in the general assembly with regard to the time of adjournment, the governor shall have power to dissolve the session by proclamation.

SECTION 10. No person shall, while holding any lucrative office under the United States or this State, execute the office of governor, except as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 11. The governor shall have power to grant reprieves and

pardons, and commute punishments after conviction, except in cases of impeachment.

SECTION 12. There shall be a seal of this State, which shall be kept by the governor and used by him officially, and be called "Great Seal of the State of Deseret."

SECTION 13. All grants and commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the people of the State of Deseret, sealed with the great seal of State, signed by the governor, and countersigned by the secretary of state.

SECTION 14. A secretary of state, treasurer, auditor of public accounts, and attorney general, shall be elected by the general assembly, who shall continue in office for the term of four years, and shall perform such duties as may be assigned them by law.

SECTION 15. In case of impeachment of the governor, his removal from office, death, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the lieutenant governor, until such disability shall cease or the vacancy be filled.

ARTICLE VI.

Of the Judicial.

SECTION 1. The judicial power shall be vested in a supreme court, district courts, and such inferior courts as the general assembly may from time to time establish.

SECTION 2. The supreme court shall consist of a chief justice and two associates, two of whom shall be a quorum to hold courts.

SECTION 3. The supreme judges shall be elected by the general assembly for the term of six years after the first election under this constitution. At said first election one shall be elected for two years, one for four years, and one for six years.

SECTION 4. The judges of the supreme court shall be conservators of the peace throughout the State, and shall exercise such other jurisdiction and appellate powers as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 5. Until otherwise provided by the general assembly, the State is hereby divided into eleven judicial districts, as follows:

Great Salt Lake and Summit counties shall compose the first judicial district.

Utah and Cedar counties shall compose the second judicial district.

Juab and San Pete	"	third	"
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Millard and Beaver	"	fourth	"
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Iron and Washington	"	fifth	"
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Carson county	"	sixth	"
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Humboldt, St. Mary's, Greasewood and Malad	} counties	seventh	"
---	------------	---------	---

Cache and Box Elder	" "	eighth	"
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Weber and Davis	" "	ninth	"
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Green River county	"	tenth	"
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Tooele, Shambip and Desert counties shall compose the eleventh judicial district.

SECTION 6. The judges of the district courts shall be elected by the electors of their respective districts, whose term of office shall be two years, and shall have such jurisdiction as may be prescribed by the general assembly.

SECTION 7. The style of all process shall be "State of Deseret," and all criminal prosecutions shall be in the name and by the authority of the people of the State.

ARTICLE VII.

Of Elections.

SECTION 1. All male persons over twenty-one years of age, having a residence of six months in this State, being citizens of the United States, shall be entitled to vote.

SECTION 2. Electors shall in all cases, except treason, felony or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest on the days of election, during their attendance at such election, going to and returning therefrom.

SECTION 3. No elector shall be obliged to perform military duty on the day of election, except in time of war or public danger.

SECTION 4. No person in the military, naval, or marine service of the United States, by being stationed in any garrison, barrack, military or naval place or station within this State, shall be entitled to vote, unless otherwise provided for by law.

SECTION 5. No idiot or insane person, or person guilty of any infamous crime shall be entitled to the privilege of an elector.

SECTION 6. The first general election under this constitution shall be held at such time as the acting governor of this Territory, by proclamation, shall appoint, for the election of a governor, lieutenant governor, representatives in the Congress of the United States, members of the general assembly, and all other officers of this State, as provided for in this constitution. Said election shall be conducted and returns made in accordance with the existing laws of the Territory of Utah, at the time when said election shall be called.

SECTION 7. The first meeting of the general assembly shall be as directed by proclamation by the governor elect, and subsequent sessions shall be held as provided by law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Of the Militia.

SECTION 1. The militia of this State shall be composed of all able-bodied male citizens between the ages of 18 and 45 years, except such as are or may hereafter be exempt by the laws of the United States or of this State, and shall be armed, equipped, and trained, as the general assembly may provide by law.

SECTION 2. All commissioned officers of the militia shall be elected as the general assembly shall prescribe, and shall be commissioned by the governor of the State.

ARTICLE IX.

Amendments of the Constitution.

SECTION 1. If at any time the general assembly deem it necessary, and for the best interest of the State, that this constitution be revised, altered, or amended, they shall cause such proposed revisions, alterations, or amendments, to be published in the same manner as provided for notices of elections, and submitted to the votes of the electors of the commonwealth at their next general election; and if a majority of said electors shall vote in favor of such proposed revisions, alterations, or amendments, the same shall thereafter become parts of this constitution; otherwise, this constitution shall remain unaltered.

ARTICLE X.

Miscellaneous provisions.

SECTION 1. In order that no inconvenience may arise in passing from a territorial to a State government, it is hereby declared that the present organization, laws, and everything pertaining to the territorial government of Utah shall remain in full force and virtue in law until superseded by the action of the State government under the provisions of this constitution.

SECTION 2. The compensation of the governor, lieutenant governor, judges, members of the general assembly, and all other officers shall be as may be prescribed by law.

SECTION 3. All officers of this State may continue in office until superseded by their successors.

SECTION 4. The officers created by virtue of this constitution shall take an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States and of this State, and to faithfully perform the duties of their office.

SECTION 5. The general assembly shall encourage education.

J. M. Grant,
Daniel H. Wells,
Albert Carrington,
Edwin D. Wooley,
A. W. Babbitt,
John F. Kinney,
William Bell,
Garland Hunt,
W. H. Hooper,
S. M. Blair,
Orson Pratt, senior,
Parley P. Pratt,
J. C. Little,
Samuel W. Richards,

George P. Stiles,
T. S. Williams,
Great Salt Lake county.

Lorin Farr,
Chauncey W. West,
Lorenzo Snow,
Jonathan C. Wright,
Weber county.

Joseph Holbrook,
James Leithead,
J. D. Parker,
Davis county.

George A. Smith, J. C. Haight, <i>Iron county.</i>	Aaron Johnson, <i>Utah county.</i>
John D. Lee, <i>Washington county.</i>	Madison D. Hambleton, <i>Juab county.</i>
Ezra T. Benson, <i>Tooele county.</i>	Isaac Morley, George Peacock, <i>San Pete county.</i>
Leonard E. Harrington, James C. Snow, B. F. Johnson, Joseph A. Kelting,	Samuel P. Hoyt, Reuben McBride, <i>Millard county.</i>
	Enoch Reese, <i>Carson county.</i>

SECTION 6. The judges of the district courts shall be elected by the electors of their respective districts, whose term of office shall be two years, and shall have such jurisdiction as may be prescribed by the general assembly.

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SECTION 2. Electors shall in all cases, except treason, felony or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest on the days of election, during their attendance at such election, going to and returning therefrom.

SECTION 3. No elector shall be obliged to perform military duty on the day of election, except in time of war or public danger.

SECTION 4. No person in the military, naval, or marine service of the United States, by being stationed in any garrison, barrack, military or naval place or station within this State, shall be entitled to vote, unless otherwise provided for by law.

SECTION 5. No idiot or insane person, or person guilty of any infamous crime shall be entitled to the privilege of an elector.

SECTION 6. The first general election under this constitution shall be held at such time as the acting governor of this Territory, by proclamation, shall appoint, for the election of a governor, lieutenant governor, representatives in the Congress of the United States, members of the general assembly, and all other officers of this State, as provided for in this constitution. Said election shall be conducted and returns made in accordance with the existing laws of the Territory of Utah, at the time when said election shall be called.

SECTION 7. The first meeting of the general assembly shall be as directed by proclamation by the governor elect, and subsequent sessions shall be held as provided by law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Of the Militia.

SECTION 1. The militia of this State shall be composed of all able-bodied male citizens between the ages of 18 and 45 years, except such as are or may hereafter be exempt by the laws of the United States or of this State, and shall be armed, equipped, and trained, as the general assembly may provide by law.

SECTION 2. All commissioned officers of the militia shall be elected as the general assembly shall prescribe, and shall be commissioned by the governor of the State.

ARTICLE IX.

Amendments of the Constitution.

SECTION 1. If at any time the general assembly deem it necessary, and for the best interest of the State, that this constitution be revised, altered, or amended, they shall cause such proposed revisions, alterations, or amendments, to be published in the same manner as provided for notices of elections, and submitted to the votes of the electors of the commonwealth at their next general election; and if a majority of said electors shall vote in favor of such proposed revisions, alterations, or amendments, the same shall thereafter become parts of this constitution; otherwise, this constitution shall remain unaltered.

ARTICLE X.

Miscellaneous provisions.

SECTION 1. In order that no inconvenience may arise in passing from a territorial to a State government, it is hereby declared that the present organization, laws, and everything pertaining to the territorial government of Utah shall remain in full force and virtue in law until superseded by the action of the State government under the provisions of this constitution.

SECTION 2. The compensation of the governor, lieutenant governor, judges, members of the general assembly, and all other officers shall be as may be prescribed by law.

SECTION 3. All officers of this State may continue in office until superseded by their successors.

SECTION 4. The officers created by virtue of this constitution shall take an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States and of this State, and to faithfully perform the duties of their office.

SECTION 5. The general assembly shall encourage education.

J. M. Grant,
Daniel H. Wells,
Albert Carrington,
Edwin D. Wooley,
A. W. Babbitt,
John F. Kinney,
William Bell,
Garland Hunt,
W. H. Hooper,
S. M. Blair,
Orson Pratt, senior,
Parley P. Pratt,
J. C. Little,
Samuel W. Richards,

George P. Stiles,
T. S. Williams,
Great Salt Lake county.

Lorin Farr,
Chauncey W. West,
Lorenzo Snow,
Jonathan C. Wright,
Weber county.

Joseph Holbrook,
James Leithead,
J. D. Parker,
Davis county.

George A. Smith, J. C. Haight, <i>Iron county.</i>	Aaron Johnson, <i>Utah county.</i>
John D. Lee, <i>Washington county.</i>	Madison D. Hambleton, <i>Juab county.</i>
Ezra T. Benson, <i>Tooele county.</i>	Isaac Morley, George Peacock, <i>San Pete county.</i>
Leonard E. Harrington, James C. Snow, B. F. Johnson, Joseph A. Kelting,	Samuel P. Hoyt, Reuben McBride, <i>Millard county.</i>
	Enoch Reese, <i>Carson county.</i>

PUBLIC PRINTING.

LETTER

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING,

TRANSMITTING

His annual report.

JANUARY 9, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on Printing and ordered to be printed.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE PUBLIC PRINTING,
Washington, January 9, 1861.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith, in order that it may be laid before the House, the eighth annual report of this office, showing the condition of the public printing.

I am, very respectfully, sir, your obedient servant,
JOHN HEART,
Superintendent.

HON. WILLIAM PENNINGTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC PRINTING,
Washington, January 9, 1861.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I have the honor to submit, for the information of Congress, the eighth annual report of this office, showing the condition and cost of the public printing, and such other information in connexion therewith as is deemed of public interest.

PRINTING OF THE 1ST SESSION 36TH CONGRESS.

The very large amount of printing ordered at the 1st session of the present Congress has been expedited as much as practicable,

both the offices engaged in its execution having worked extra hours during nearly the whole of the recess, and one of them up to the present time. The orders are now nearly completed, so far as depends upon the printing, and copies of all the documents, with few exceptions, are within the reach of members of Congress.

The Report of the Exploration of the River Colorado of the West, by Lieutenant J. C. Ives, topographical engineers, has not been delivered to the printer, for the want of the necessary wood-cuts and engravings, no order having been communicated to this office by the Committee on Printing, which is authorized by law to give directions for procuring them.

The Report on Meteorological Observations, from the Commissioner of Patents, has been in process of execution for several months; but owing to the labor and time devoted to the examination of the proof-sheets by its editors, it has progressed very slowly, and its completion is not expected during the present session.

The Reports of the Military Commission to Europe are nearly completed. That of Major Mordecai is in the hands of the binder, and will be delivered in a few days; and Major Delafield's Report will be ready before the close of the session. The delay arises from the numerous illustrations, some of which are of the most elaborate character, requiring much time and care in their preparation.

The Report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, which also has been delayed on account of its maps and charts, will also be delivered in a few days.

The very large editions of the *Agricultural and Mechanical Reports of the Patent Office* have also been completed by the printer, and, with the exception of a small number, delivered to Congress. The remainder are in the hands of the binder.

The following statements exhibit in detail the cost of the printing, binding, &c., ordered by each House of Congress during the 1st session of the 36th Congress, with the exception of the Report of Lieutenant Ives and the Meteorological Report hereinbefore mentioned:

Statement showing the cost of the printing, binding, &c., ordered by the Senate of the United States, at the first session of the thirty-sixth Congress, so far as the same have been completed.

OF THE PUBLIC PRINTING.												3
No. of document.	Title or subject.	No. of pages.	No. of copies.	Cost of composition, press-work, inserting maps and plates, &c.	Cost of dry-pressing.	Cost of paper.	Cost of illustrations.	Cost of binding extra copies.	Cost of binding reserved copies.	Total cost.	Cost per copy.	
Senate Executive Documents												
2	Annual Message of the President to Congress, and accompanying documents, vol. 1.....	920	2,350	\$1,754 68	\$70 50	\$1,088 12	.....	\$104 57	\$350 84	\$3,368 71	\$1 43½	
2	Annual Message of the President to Congress, and accompanying documents, vol. 2	828	2,350	1,486 04	63 25	979 65	\$123 50	104 57	359 66	3,116 67	1 32½	
2	Annual Message of the President to Congress, and accompanying documents, vol. 3.....	676	2,350	1,524 16	51 75	799 92	.....	104 57	350 84	2,831 24	1 20½	
2	Annual Message of the President to Congress, and accompanying documents, vol. 4.....	Maps.	2,350	19 08	.....	.....	1,092 09	.....	359 66	1,470 83	62½	
2	Annual Message of the President, with the Reports of the Heads of Departments and Chiefs of Bureaus.....	544	15,000	2,559 52	265 62	2,940 10	.....	1,960 97	.....	7,726 21	51½	
3	Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the State of the Finances.....	376	7,050	1,547 79	86 25	1,048 43	.....	718 93	350 84	3,752 24	53½	
11	Annual Report of the Commissioner of Patents on Agriculture....	604	26,550	4,672 38	522 60	5,735 49	326 00	3,262 45	350 84	14,869 16	56	
12	Annual Report of the Commissioner of Patents on Arts and Manufactures, vol. 1.....	882	18,550	5,797 98	532 50	5,861 32	.....	2,218 41	350 84	14,761 05	79½	
12	Annual Report of the Commissioner of Patents on Arts and Manufactures, vol. 2.....	744	18,550	4,151 74	449 25	6,825 56	18,628 90	2,218 41	350 84	32,624 70	1 76	
13	Report of the Postmaster General, stating the amount of postages received in each State and Territory, annually, since 1840, &c	64	4,550	405 16	.....	114 91	.....	.....	.....	520 07	11½	
20	Message of the President of the United States, communicating information in relation to the heating and ventilation of the Capitol Extension, the Post Office Department, &c.....	256	1,800	407 33	.....	223 08	.....	.....	.....	630 41	35	

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT

Statement showing the cost of the printing, binding, &c.—Continued.

No. of document.	Title or subject.	Number of pages.	No. of copies.	Cost of composition, press-work, inserting maps and plates, &c.	Cost of dry-pressing.	Cost of paper.	Cost of illustrations.	Cost of binding extra copies.	Cost of binding reserved copies.	Total cost.	Cost per copy.
28	Report of the Secretary of War on Militia in District of Columbia.	16	3,550	\$30 41	.....	\$23 93	.....	.....	.....	\$54 34	\$0 01½
30	Message of the President of the United States, communicating the instructions to, and dispatches from, the late and present ministers to China	624	3,050	1,120 87	\$62 00	843 63	.....	\$196 10	\$350 84	2,573 44	84½
38	Messages of the President of the United States, relative to the compulsory enlistment of American citizens in the army of Prussia, &c.	284	6,550	665 29	52 87	640 36	.....	653 48	.....	2,012 00	30½
52	Report of the Secretary of War, communicating the Statistical Report on the Sickness and Mortality in the Army of the United States for the last five years, (quarto)	516	6,550	3,979 04	220 25	3,350 79	\$383 20	3,805 11	1,201 21	12,939 60	1 97½
59	Report of the Secretary of War, communicating the Report of Major Richard Delafield, on the War in the Crimea, (quarto) ..	302	11,550	3,130 13	228 50	3,480 89	29,243 06	7,931 33	1,201 21	45,215 12	3 91½
60	Report of the Secretary of War, communicating the Report of Major Alfred Mordecai, on the War in the Crimea, (quarto) ...	240	11,550	2,209 20	180 50	2,847 98	5,069 47	7,668 02	1,201 21	19,116 38	1 65½
	Annual report of the Secretary of War and accompanying documents. [Part of Sen. Ex. Doc. No. 2.]	452	250	180 04	.....	40 83	.....	.....	.....	220 87	88½
	Annual Report of the Chief of the Topographical Bureau. [Part of Sen. Ex. Doc. No. 2.]	420	50	145 46	.....	10 50	3 25	.....	.....	159 21	3 18½
	Annual Report of the Chief Engineer. [Part of Sen. Ex. Doc. No. 2.]	44	50	15 23	.....	1 13	.....	.....	.....	16 36	32½
	Annual Report of the Engineer in charge of the Capitol Extension, &c. [Part of Sen. Ex. Doc. No. 2.]	24	500	15 12	.....	4 30	.....	.....	.....	19 42	4
	Annual Report of the Engineer in charge of the Potomac Waterworks. [Part of Sen. Ex. Doc. No. 2.]	20	506	12 60	.....	3 49	.....	.....	.....	16 09	3½
	Annual Report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office. [Part of Sen. Ex. Doc. No. 2.]	210	1,000	139 93	.....	75 76	233 61	.....	.....	449 30	45

OF THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

453	2,000	461 04	29 50	325 60	261 53	1,077 69	54
24	500	15 12		4 30		19 42	4
24	500	15 12		4 30		19 42	4
24	500	15 12		4 30		19 42	4
12	500	7 56		2 15		9 71	2
16	500	10 88		2 96		13 04	24
1,244	1,550	2,103 60		1,329 45		4,571 63	2 95
776	800	322 82	40 50	615 38	608 80	1,587 50	1 984
388	6,200	1,473 89	156 62	2,385 03	4,882 87	14,877 41	2 40
400	10,600	2,868 36	276 00	4,203 46	8,124 64	42,802 11	4 04
488	10,600	3,117 16	336 75	5,207 74	8,066 44	29,116 89	2 744

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT

Statement showing the cost of the printing, binding, &c.—Continued.

No. of document.	Title or subject.	No. of pages.	No. of copies.	Cost of composition, press-work, inserting maps and plates, &c.	Cost of dry-pressing.	Cost of paper.	Cost of illustrations.	Cost of binding extra copies.	Cost of binding reserved copies.	Total cost.	Cost per copy.
	Annual report of the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution.....	450	5,000	\$573 30	\$74 25	\$791 26	.....	\$652 43	.....	\$2,091 24	\$414
	Letter from the Secretary of War, communicating the Balances of Appropriations for the War Department.....	16	500	2 08	.....	4 12	.....	.....	.....	6 20	14
	<i>Senate Miscellaneous Documents.</i>										
	No. 1 to No. 62, inclusive, and index, (in one volume).....	660	1,550	1,045 47	.....	527 92	\$28 00	.....	\$350 84	1,952 23	1 26
205	<i>Senate Committee Reports.</i>										
	Report of the Select Committee on the Public Printing.....	440	3,550	818 83	50 87	620 24	.....	255 64	.....	1,745 58	49
278	Report of the Select Committee on the Invasion of Harper's Ferry	328	21,550	2,073 66	230 12	2,532 74	.....	2,609 97	.....	7,446 49	344
	All other Senate committee reports, being those of which the usual number of copies only were ordered to be printed, (in two volumes).....	1,276	1,550	1,802 40	.....	992 40	.....	.....	701 63	3,496 48	2 254
	<i>Journal of the Senate</i>	1,060	1,550	1,551 46	.....	821 81	.....	.....	389 12	2,769 39	1 784
	<i>Treaties and other matter printed in confidence for the use of the Senate</i>	504	100	549 54	.....	26 26	.....	.....	.....	575 80	.....
	<i>Bills and Joint Resolutions</i>	2,424	700	2,163 42	.....	1,479 39	.....	.....	.....	3,642 81	.....
	<i>Miscellaneous Printing.</i> —General Orders, Circulars, &c.....	.....	.....	975 19	.....	124 41	.....	.....	.....	1,099 60	.....
	Totals.....	.....	.....	57,934 40	3,979 85	58,952 39	100,854 59	56,409 26	9,272 99	287,403 48	.....

Statement showing the cost of the printing, binding, &c., ordered by the House of Representatives at the first session of the thirty-sixth Congress, so far as completed.

No. of document.	Title or subject.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of composition, press-work, folding, and inserting maps and plates.	Cost of dry-pressing.	Cost of paper.	Cost of illustrations.	Cost of binding extra copies.	Cost of binding reserved copies.	Total cost.	Cost per copy.
<i>House Executive Documents.</i>											
4	Letter of the Secretary of State, transmitting a Statement of the Commercial Relations of the United States with Foreign Nations, (quarto)	776	6,550	\$5,695 91	\$331 00	\$5,028 66	\$6 00	\$2,055 11	\$1,783 50	\$14,900 18	\$2 27½
11	Report of the Third Auditor of the Treasury upon the claims growing out of Indian hostilities in Oregon and Washington Territories in 1855-'56.....	132	2,550	462 90	.....	148 85	.....	.....	.....	611 75	24
41	Letter of the Secretary of the Treasury, communicating the Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, (quarto).....	388	6,550	2,801 54	165 50	2,500 34	6,316 53	2,219 84	1,309 94	15,313 69	2 33½
49	Letter of the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting a Statement of the condition of the Banks throughout the United States.....	304	3,550	1,100 72	19 75	451 89	.....	251 23	.....	1,826 59	51½
55	Letter of the Commissioner of Patents, transmitting a Report upon Meteorological Observations, (quarto.) A small portion only of this Report has yet been printed.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
56	Letter of the Secretary of War, transmitting the Narrative and final Report of Explorations for a route for a Pacific Railroad from St. Paul to Puget Sound, by I. I. Stevens, vol. 1, (quarto)	400	11,550	3,955 10	300 75	4,581 08	29,716 92	4,109 97	1,857 30	44,521 12	3 85½
56	Letter of the Secretary of War, transmitting the Narrative and final Report of Explorations for a route for a Pacific Railroad from St. Paul to Puget Sound, by I. I. Stevens, vol. 2, (quarto)	488	11,550	4,142 47	367 00	5,674 28	13,493 97	4,109 97	1,837 33	29,628 02	2 56½

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT

No. of document.	Title or subject.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of composition, press-work, folding, and inserting maps and plates.	Cost of dry-pressing.	Cost of paper.	Cost of illustrations.	Cost of binding extra copies.	Cost of binding reserved copies.	Total cost.	Cost per copy.
90	Letter of the Secretary of War, transmitting the Report of Lieutenant J. C. Ives upon the Exploration of the river Colorado of the West, (quarto.) The printing of this Report has not been commenced..... All other House Executive documents, being those of which the usual number of copies only were ordered to be printed, (in ten volumes.) <i>The following documents were also ordered to be printed by the House of Representatives, having been first ordered by the Senate, viz:</i>	6,146	1,550	\$14,387 30	.....	\$4,905 96	\$162 29	.....	\$5,130 81	\$24,586 36	\$15 86½
	Annual Message of the President to Congress and accompanying documents, vol. 1.....	920	5,000	1,196 00	\$149 75	1,757 30	.....	\$628 48	.....	3,731 53	74½
	Annual Message of the President to Congress and accompanying documents, vol. 2.....	828	5,000	1,076 40	134 75	1,491 51	.....	628 48	.....	3,331 14	66½
	Annual Message of the President to Congress and accompanying documents, vol. 3.....	676	5,000	878 80	110 00	1,218 06	.....	628 48	.....	2,835 34	56½
	Annual Message of the President to Congress with the Reports of the Heads of Departments and Chiefs of Bureaus.....	544	25,000	2,121 60	442 50	4,900 18	.....	3,142 65	.....	10,606 93	42½
	Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the state of the Finances.....	376	16,000	1,485 95	195 75	2,167 47	.....	2,011 34	.....	5,860 51	36½
	Annual Report of the Commissioner of Patents on Agriculture.....	604	300,000	28,267 20	5,898 50	63,428 35	11 00	37,654 96	.....	135,260 01	45
	Annual Report of the Commissioner of Patents on Arts and Manufactures, vol. 1.....	882	50,000	6,879 60	1,435 50	15,303 51	.....	6,275 05	.....	29,893 66	59½

90	Annual Report of the Commissioner of Patents on Arts and Manufactures, vol. 2	744	50,000	5,803 20	1,211 00	18,397 30	29,734 36	6,275 05	.....	61,420 91	1 22½
	<i>House Miscellaneous Documents.</i>										
	Annual Report of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution	450	6,550	1,227 33	95 87	1,126 59	.....	627 43	.....	3,077 22	47
	All other miscellaneous documents, being those of which the usual number of copies only were ordered to be printed, (in seven volumes)	4,698	1,550	8,350 65	.....	3,723 86	.....	.....	3,590 86	15,665 37	10 10½
	<i>House Committee Reports.</i>										
9	Commerce—Security of the lives of passengers on board steam vessels	20	2,050	34 11	.....	20 33	.....	.....	.....	54 44	2½
394	Judiciary—Protest of the President against certain proceedings of the House of Representatives	40	26,550	212 02	.....	377 57	.....	.....	.....	589 59	2½
428	Select—Pacific railroad and telegraph line.	72	25,000	387 55	.....	624 62	258 31	.....	.....	1,270 48	5
647	Select—Relative to the public stores in New York.	84	6,550	224 75	.....	210 28	.....	.....	.....	435 03	6½
648	Select—On the resolutions offered by the Hon. John Covode.	840	50,000	6,552 00	1,367 25	14,574 87	.....	6,275 05	.....	28,769 17	57½
648	Select—The same, with the Report of the Committee on Expenditures in the Navy Department on the alleged abuses in that department; the Report of the Select Committee on Naval Contracts and Expenditures; and the Report of the Committee on Public Expenditures in relation to the Public Printing	1,096	50,000	8,817 80	1,784 00	19,016 83	.....	6,275 05	.....	35,893 68	71½
	All other House committee reports, being those of which the usual number of copies only were ordered to be printed, (in five volumes)	4,234	1,550	6,015 19	.....	3,374 08	300 68	.....	2,567 93	12,257 88	7 90½
	<i>Reports of the Court of Claims, (in five volumes)</i>	3,420	1,550	4,918 54	.....	2,654 47	.....	.....	2,564 90	10,137 91	6 54
	<i>Journal of the House of Representatives</i>	1,464	1,676	2,418 39	.....	1,260 80	.....	.....	577 30	4,956 49	2 54
	<i>Bills and Joint Resolutions, (including 500 extra copies of 310 pages, 1,000 extra copies of 8 pages, and 3,000 extra copies of 54 pages)</i>	3,220	590	2,858 53	.....	2,128 96	.....	.....	.....	4,987 49	.....
	<i>Miscellaneous printing, embracing General Orders, Calendars, Lists of Committees, Yeas and Nays, &c. ....</i>	.....	.....	2,275 79	.....	496 33	.....	.....	.....	2,772 12	.....
	Totals .....	.....	.....	124,547 34	14,008 87	181,547 33	80,003 06	83,168 14	21,219 87	504,494 61	.....

PRINTING FOR THE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

The cost of the printing for the executive departments and for the Court of Claims, or so much thereof as has been ordered through this office, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1860, is as follows:

Statement showing the cost of the printing, &c., ordered by the Executive Departments during the year ending June 30, 1860.

Department and Bureau.	Cost of printing.	Cost of paper.	Total cost.
<i>State Department.</i>			
Secretary's Office.....	\$521 81	\$521 65	\$1,043 46
Consular Bureau.....	43 55	27 31	70 86
Diplomatic Bureau.....	118 85	32 48	151 33
Agent's Office.....	20 95	5 77	26 72
Passport Bureau.....	22 60	5 52	28 12
Total	727 76	592 73	1,320 49
<i>Treasury Department.</i>			
Secretary's Office	448 81	299 37	748 18
First Comptroller's Office	19 65	3 94	23 59
Second Comptroller's Office.....	5 25	3 84	9 09
First Auditor's Office.....	134 45	100 82	235 27
Second Auditor's Office.....	74 32	30 08	104 40
Third Auditor's Office.....	129 35	60 77	190 12
Fourth Auditor's Office.....	35 65	12 96	48 61
Fifth Auditor's Office	91 40	26 67	118 07
Sixth Auditor's Office	559 36	385 50	944 86
Register's Office.....	170 36	133 04	303 40
Treasurer's Office.....	55 20	32 28	87 48
Office of the Commissioner of Customs.....	14 19	3 97	18 16
Solicitor's Office.....	6 20	81	7 01
Coast Survey Office	285 14	140 44	425 58
Office of the Light-house Board.....	3,696 40	1,150 60	4,847 00
Total	5,725 73	2,385 09	8,110 82
<i>Interior Department.</i>			
Secretary's Office	193 07	89 16	282 23
Office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs....	76 97	36 02	112 99
Office of the Commissioner of Public Buildings....	39 30	31 80	71 10
Office of the Commissioner of Pensions.....	318 65	146 43	465 08
Office of the Commissioner of the General Land Office	1,920 95	832 75	2,753 70
Office of the Commissioner of Patents.....	1,157 37	653 21	1,810 58
Census Office	9,876 66	13,518 98	23,395 64
Total	13,582 97	15,308 35	28,891 32

STATEMENT—Continued.

Department and Bureau.	Cost of print- ing.	Cost of paper.	Total cost.
<i>War Department.</i>			
Secretary's Office	\$185 96	\$99 76	\$285 72
Adjutant General's Office	1,273 74	590 13	1,863 87
Quartermaster General's Office	1,758 70	845 95	2,604 65
Surgeon General's Office	416 10	129 14	545 24
Ordnance Office	48 38	29 36	77 74
Engineer's Office	45 52	20 70	62 22
Topographical Bureau	69 12	31 24	103 36
Paymaster General's Office	16 58	7 04	23 62
Total	3,814 10	1,756 32	5,570 42
<i>Navy Department.</i>			
Secretary's Office	1,012 36	536 37	1,548 73
Bureau of Yards and Docks	26 54	14 51	41 05
Bureau of Medicine and Surgery	38 91	12 40	51 31
Bureau of Construction, &c.	3 09	1 08	4 17
Bureau of Ordnance, &c.	809 20	245 22	1,054 42
Bureau of Provisions and Clothing	856 20	859 81	1,716 01
Total	2,746 30	1,669 39	4,416 69
<i>Post Office Department.</i>			
For the department proper	4,374 28	2,042 78	6,417 06
Office of the Attorney General	1,370 39	46 57	1,416 96
Office Superintendent Public Printing	36 60	5 43	42 03
Office of the Court of Claims	2,174 05	106 47	2,280 52
Report of the Secretary of the Treasury on Com- merce and Navigation.. (binding, \$1,700 50).	6,136 73	5,126 10	12,963 33
The Biennial Register (binding, \$250 00).	3,093 00	197 65	3,540 65

BLANKS FOR THE POST OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES.

In accordance with the fifth section of the act of Congress approved February 15, 1860, the printing of the blanks for the post offices of the United States was given out by contract. I am gratified in being enabled to state that, by the adoption of this system, a great saving has been effected, while, so far as this office is informed, the government has been as efficiently served as heretofore. The following statements show that, while the average monthly cost of printing

these blanks for the nine months preceding the operation of the act of 1860 was \$3,509, the average monthly cost for the succeeding six months was but \$844 97, a reduction of \$2,664, or a saving of nearly \$32,000 per annum, and thus emphatically refuting the prediction that the new system would cost more than the old one.

Statement showing the cost of the blanks for the post offices of the United States from July 1, 1859, to March 31, 1860, at the prices established by the printing act of 1852.

Months.	Cost of printing.	Cost of paper.	Total cost.
1859..... July.....	\$3,882 74	\$4,761 37	\$8,644 11
August.....	2,979 29	3,875 39	6,854 68
September.....	2,799 19	3,592 24	6,391 43
October.....	3,504 30	3,932 55	7,436 85
November.....	3,190 41	3,978 17	7,168 58
December.....	4,459 69	5,657 70	10,117 39
1860..... January.....	4,787 47	6,591 31	11,378 78
February.....	3,377 22	4,649 72	8,026 94
March.....	2,600 69	3,580 58	6,181 27
Total.....	31,581 00	40,619 03	72,200 03

Statement showing the cost of the blanks for the post offices of the United States, from April 1 to September 30, 1860, under the contract authorized by the act of February 15, 1860.

Months	Cost of printing.	Cost of paper.	Total cost.
1860..... April.....	\$952 30	\$4,057 85	\$5,010 15
May.....	768 88	3,409 22	4,178 10
June.....	889 69	4,304 73	5,194 42
July.....	890 88	5,699 25	6,590 13
August.....	816 71	3,196 88	4,013 59
September.....	751 37	3,821 11	4,572 48
Total.....	5,069 83	24,489 04	29,558 87
Monthly average under the printing act of 1852.....	3,509 00	4,513 22	8,022 22
Monthly average under the contract of 1860.....	844 97	4,081 51	4,926 48

PAPER FOR THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

The following statements exhibit the quantity of paper purchased for the public printing, including that for the post office blanks, during the year ending December 1, 1860:

Statement showing the quantity and cost of the paper purchased for the public printing during the year ending December 1, 1860.

Quantity and kind of paper.	Cost.	Total.
PRINTING PAPER.		
28,740 reams 24 by 38 inches, 45 lbs., at \$5 17½ per ream.	\$118,729 50	
6,000 do 50 lbs., at 7 37½ do.	44,250 00	
8,000 do 56 lbs., at 7 39½ do.	59,136 00	
300 do 48 lbs., at 7 08 do.	2,124 00	
30 do 66 lbs., at 10 06½ do.	301 95	
		\$254,541 45
WRITING PAPER.		
1,800 reams quarto post 8 lbs., at \$1 76 per ream	3,168 00	
200 do 9 lbs., at 1 98 do.	396 00	
500 reams flat cap 12 lbs., at 2 22 do.	1,110 00	
200 do 14 lbs., at 2 59 do.	518 00	
200 do 16 lbs., at 2 96 do.	592 00	
300 reams folio post 16 lbs., at 2 96 do.	888 00	
300 do 20 lbs., at 3 70 do.	1,110 00	
100 reams medium 26 lbs., at 4 81 do.	481 00	
30 do 30 lbs., at 5 55 do.	166 50	
150 do 36 lbs., at 6 66 do.	999 00	
50 reams royal 44 lbs., at 8 14 do.	407 00	
35 reams super-royal 56 lbs., at 10 36 do.	362 60	
30 reams imperial 66 lbs., at 12 21 do.	366 30	
40 reams demy 26 lbs., at 4 81 do.	192 40	
6 reams colored medium, 30 lbs., at 5 10 do.	30 60	
7 reams double cap 25 lbs., at 4 00 do.	28 00	
2,600 do 30 lbs., at 5 32½ do.	13,845 00	
119 reams semi-parchment, 8 lbs., at 2 40 do.	285 60	
20 do 11 lbs., at 3 30 do.	66 00	
22 do 17 lbs., at 5 10 do.	112 20	
19 do 20 lbs., at 6 00 do.	114 00	
20 do 22 lbs., at 6 60 do.	132 00	
22 do 23 lbs., at 6 90 do.	151 80	
45 do 32 lbs., at 9 60 do.	432 00	
50 do 30 lbs., at 7 50 do.	375 00	
		26,329 00
PAPER FOR POST OFFICE BLANKS.		
400 reams 12 by 18 inches, 12 lbs., at \$1 54 ⁸ / ₁₀ per ream	619 20	
200 reams 12 by 18 inches, 12 lbs., at 1 80 do.	360 00	
400 reams 18 by 18 inches, 22 lbs., at 2 83 ⁸ / ₁₀ do.	1,135 20	
200 reams 18 by 18 inches, 22 lbs., at 3 30 do.	660 00	
1,800 reams 18 by 22 inches, 24 lbs., at 3 09 ⁹ / ₁₀ do.	5,572 80	
100 reams 18 by 22 inches, 24 lbs., at 3 60 do.	360 00	
6,400 reams 18 by 25 inches, 26 lbs., at 3 35 ⁴ / ₁₀ do.	21,465 00	
800 reams 18 by 25 inches, 26 lbs., at 3 90 do.	3,120 00	
9,126 reams 16 by 26 inches, 23 lbs., at 2 96 ⁷ / ₁₀ do.	27,076 84	
2,400 reams 16 by 26 inches, 23 lbs., at 3 45 do.	8,280 00	
		68,649 64
PLATE PAPER.		
37 ⁴ / ₂₀ reams 19 by 24 inches, 50 lbs., at \$9 50 per ream	353 40	
49 ¹² / ₂₀ reams 21 by 24 inches, 52 lbs., at 9 88 do.	490 05	
938 ¹⁸ / ₂₀ reams 19 by 24 inches, 60 lbs., at 11 40 do.	10,702 32	
105 ⁷ / ₂₀ reams 24 by 32 inches, 84½ lbs., at 16 00 do.	1,685 60	
		13,231 37
MAP PAPER.		
79,951 pounds of various sizes, at 17 ⁵⁶ / ₁₀₀ cents per pound.		14,039 39
		376,790 85

ENGRAVING, LITHOGRAPHING, ELECTROTYPING, &c.

Statement showing the cost of engraving, lithographing, electrotyping, &c., for documents ordered to be printed by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States. First session 36th Congress.

	Contractors.	Description of work.	Senate.	H. of Reps.	Aggregate.
Maps.—Message and Documents.....	J. Bien.....	Engraving and lithographing.....	\$883 63	.....	\$883 63
Maps.—Message and Documents.....	S. Siebert.....	Lithographing.....	15 50	.....	15 50
Diagrams.—Message and Documents.....	Van Ingen & Snyder.....	Engraving on wood.....	108 00	.....	108 00
Maps.—Coast Survey Report, 1859.....	J. Bien.....	Lithographing.....	3,424 26	\$3,617 56	7,041 82
Wood cut.—Coast Survey Report, 1859.....	Van Ingen & Snyder.....	Engraving.....	.....	6 00	6 00
Report of the Commissioner of Patents.—On Agriculture, 1859.....	Van Ingen & Snyder.....	Engraving and electrotyping.....	326 00	11 00	337 00
Report of the Commissioner of Patents.—Mechanical, 1859.....	E. R. Jewett.....	Engraving and electrotyping.....	18,628 90	29,834 36	48,463 26
Gov. Stevens's Reports.—Pacific Railroad Explorations and Surveys.....	Sarony, Major & Knapp.....	Engraving and lithographing.....	22,620 40	24,647 70	47,268 10
Maps.—Wagon Road Report, by Edward F. Beale.....	J. Bien.....	Engraving and lithographing.....	.....	150 00	150 00
Maps.—Wagon Road Report, by Capt. Wallen.....	J. Bien.....	Engraving and lithographing.....	75 00	.....	75 00
Senate Mis. Doc. No. 48.—Memorial of Duff Green—S. & R. G. R. Co.....	Van Ingen & Snyder.....	Engraving on wood.....	28 00	.....	28 00
House Rep. No. 428.—On Pacific Railroad Routes.....	Sarony, Major & Knapp.....	Engraving and lithographing.....	.....	190 00	190 00
House Rep. No. 568.—On Coal Contract, Chiriqui Improvement Company.....	J. Bien.....	Engraving and lithographing.....	.....	248 00	248 00
Reports on the Art of War in Europe.—Col. Delafield and Major Mordecai.....	E. R. Jewett.....	Lithographing and engraving.....	23,920 00	.....	23,980 00
Reports on the Art of War in Europe.—Col. Delafield and Major Mordecai.....	George Wevill.....	Engraving on wood.....	776 50	.....	776 50
Report on Sickness and Mortality Statistics of United States Army.....	J. Bien.....	Lithographing and coloring.....	343 87	.....	343 87
Report.—Colorado Expedition—by Lieut. Ives.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
For alterations and additions to maps and profiles belonging to the Reports of Pacific Railroad Explorations and Surveys, vol. 11, (33d Congress).....			71,201 06	58,704 62	129,914 68
For alterations and additions to map, showing lines of march passed over by United States troops in the year ending June 30, 1858, (35th Congress).....			586 50	586 50	1,173 00
			30 00	.....	30 00

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

By the joint resolution in relation to the public printing, approved June 23, 1860, the Superintendent of the Public Printing was authorized and directed to contract for the erection or purchase of the necessary buildings, machinery, and materials for the execution of the printing and binding authorized by the Senate and House of Representatives, the executive and judicial departments, and the Court of Claims. In compliance with the directions of this joint resolution, and by virtue of the authority conferred on me therein, I have made a contract with Mr. Joseph T. Crowell for the purchase of the printing establishment formerly owned and occupied by Mr. Cornelius Wendell. In further conformity with the joint resolution, I have submitted the contract to the Joint Committee on Public Printing, and it was approved by them unanimously. My letter to the Joint Committee, with the contract and accompanying papers, are appended to this report.

The public printing establishment is situated at the northeast corner of square 624, at the corner of H street north and North Capitol street. The lot is 264 feet 9 inches on H street, by 175 feet 3 inches on North Capitol street, containing 46,397 feet, and affording ample space for any additions or improvements that may be deemed desirable. The buildings consist of a printing office and bindery, four stories high, with a breadth of $61\frac{1}{2}$ feet and a depth of 243 feet; a paper warehouse, 59 feet 7 inches by 79 feet 2 inches; a machine shop, 22 feet 2 inches by 25 feet, for repairing and renewing the presses and machinery; a boiler house, 20 feet 7 inches by 26 feet; a coal house, 23 by 27 feet; a wagon shed, 25 feet 4 inches by 24 feet; and stables, 23 feet by 41 feet 2 inches. These buildings are all of brick, built of the best materials and in the most durable manner, and were erected under the supervision of Edward Clark, esq., now the architect of the Interior Department, expressly for the purpose of executing the public printing and binding. His statement as to the character of the materials and workmanship will be found in the accompanying papers. They are completely isolated from any contiguous buildings, being bounded on the north and east by public streets, on the south by a thirty-feet alley, and on the west by a vacant lot of 21 feet 9 inches, included in the purchase. The buildings are in a perfectly sound condition, and the machinery and materials are ample and efficient for the prompt and satisfactory execution of the printing and binding for all the departments of the government, for which purposes they are available at any moment.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN HEART, *Superintendent.*

WASHINGTON, *January 3, 1861.*

SIR : Yours of the 31st ultimo is just received, and, in reply, I would state that the printing office in square 624 was constructed under my supervision.

It is built of good materials and in a substantial manner.

I know of no building of like character so well adapted to the purposes intended.

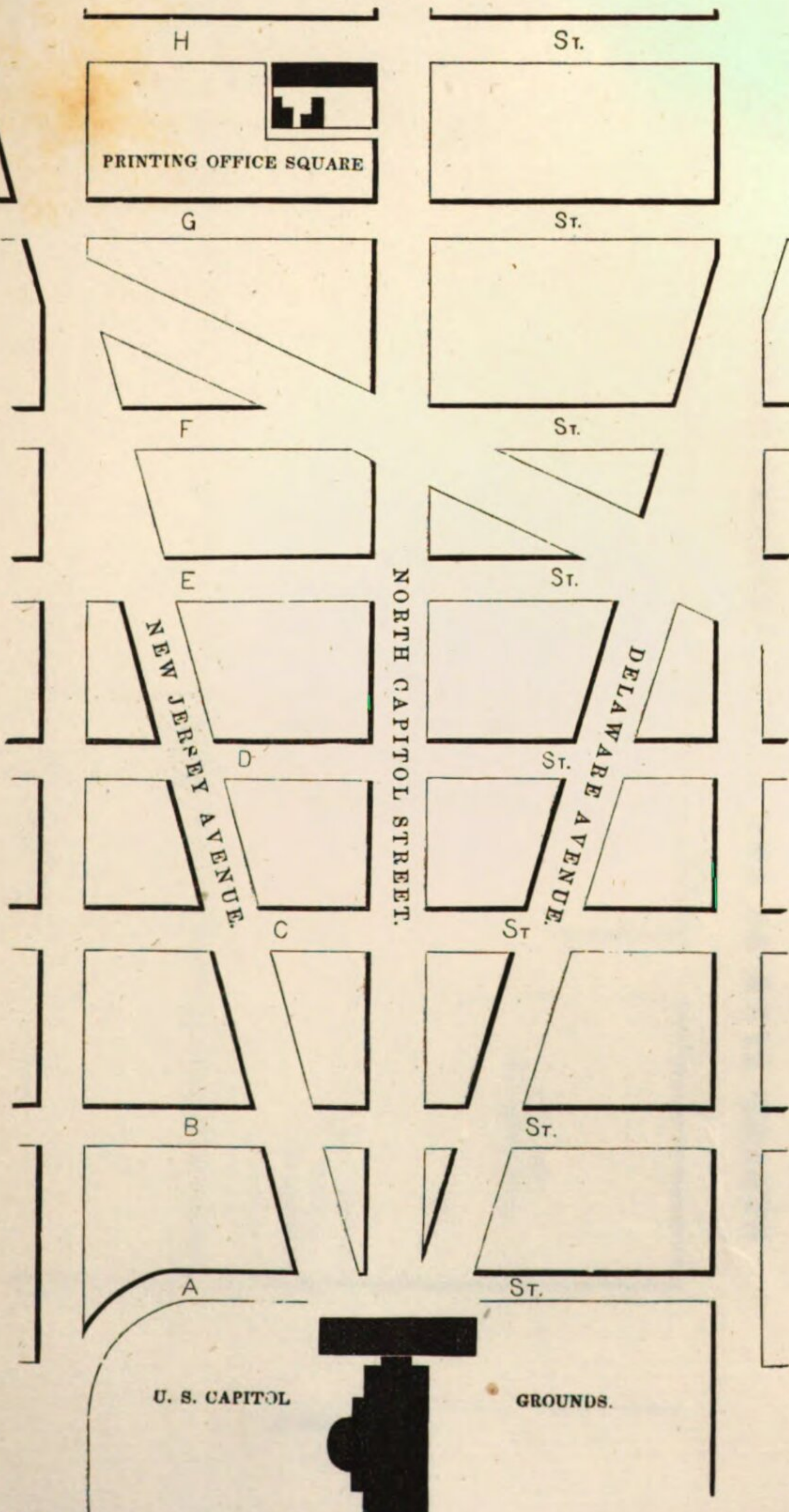
Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

EDWARD CLARK, *Architect.*

JOHN HEART, Esq.,

Superintendent of Public Printing.

LOCATION OF THE PUBLIC PRINTING OFFICE.



NORTH CAPITOL STREET.

H STREET.

264'.9"

21.9

PRINTING OFFICE.

243.ft

MACHINE SHOP.
22.2 X 25

PAPER WAREHOUSE.
59.7 X 79.2

BOILER
HOUSE.
20.7 X 26

COAL
HOUSE.
23 X 27

CARRIAGE
HOUSE.
25.4 X 24

STABLE.
23 X 41.2

175'.3"

61'.6"

113'.9"

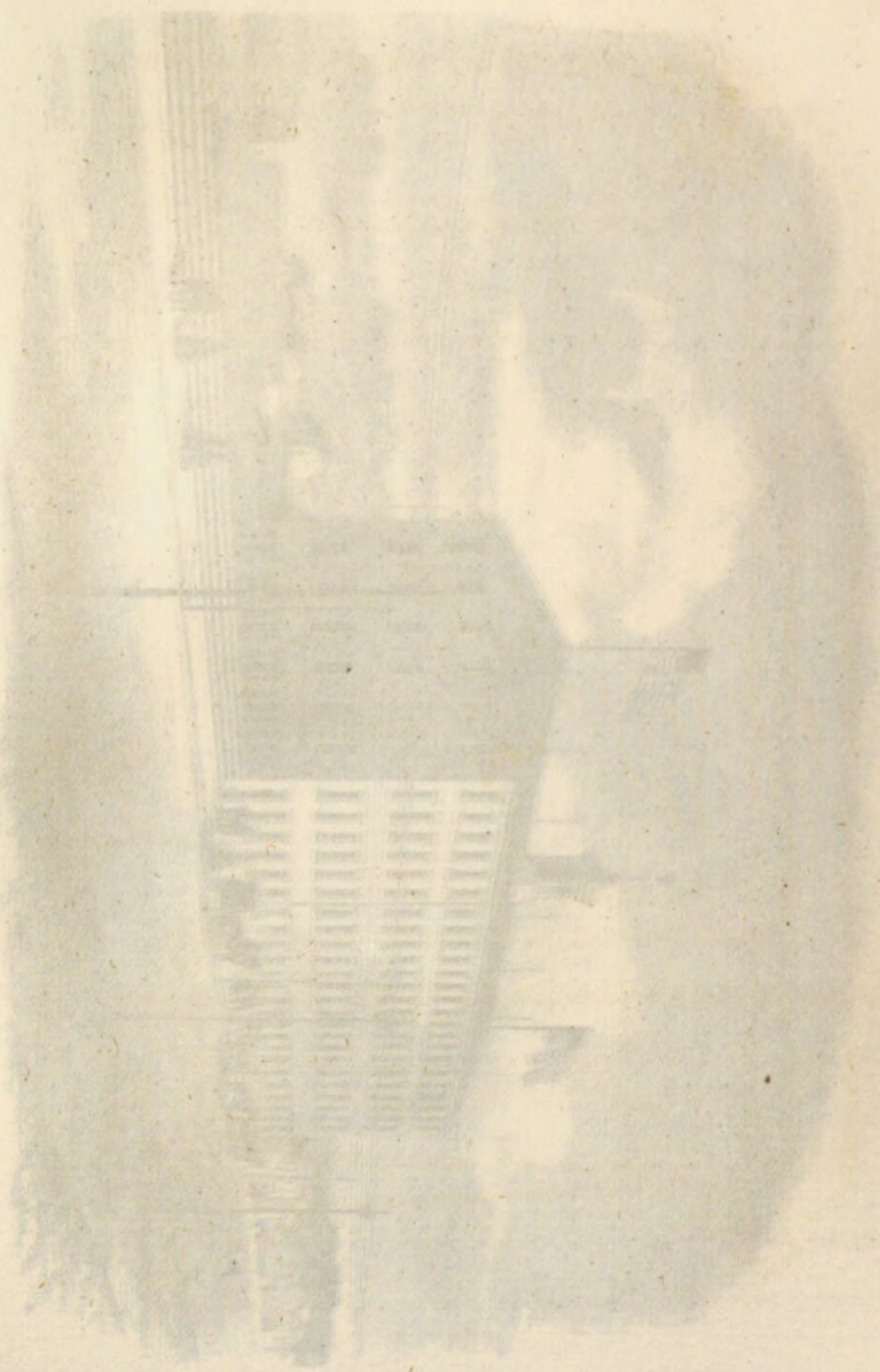
175'.3"

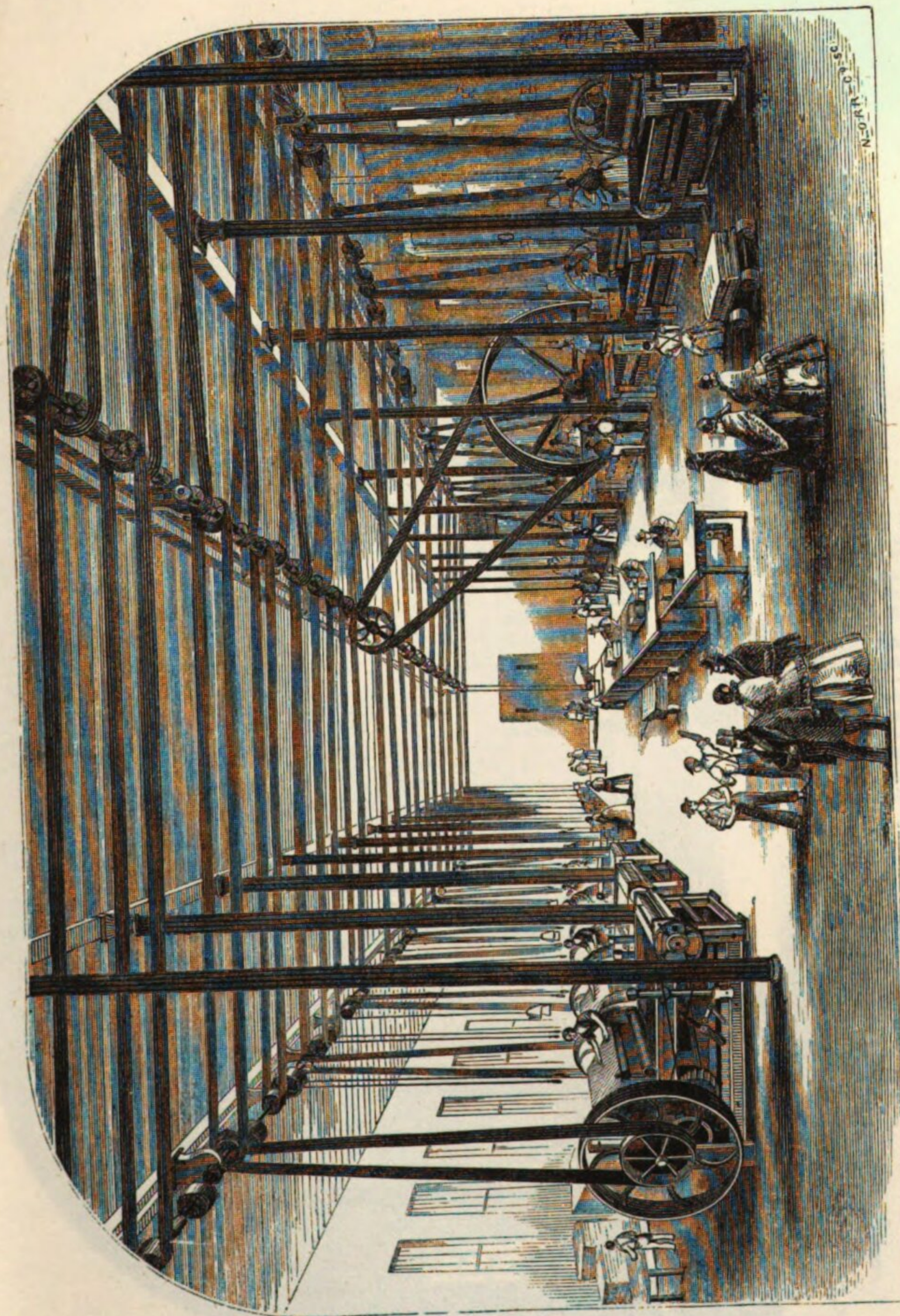
ALLEY, 30 FEET WIDE.

GROUND PLAN OF THE PUBLIC PRINTING OFFICE.



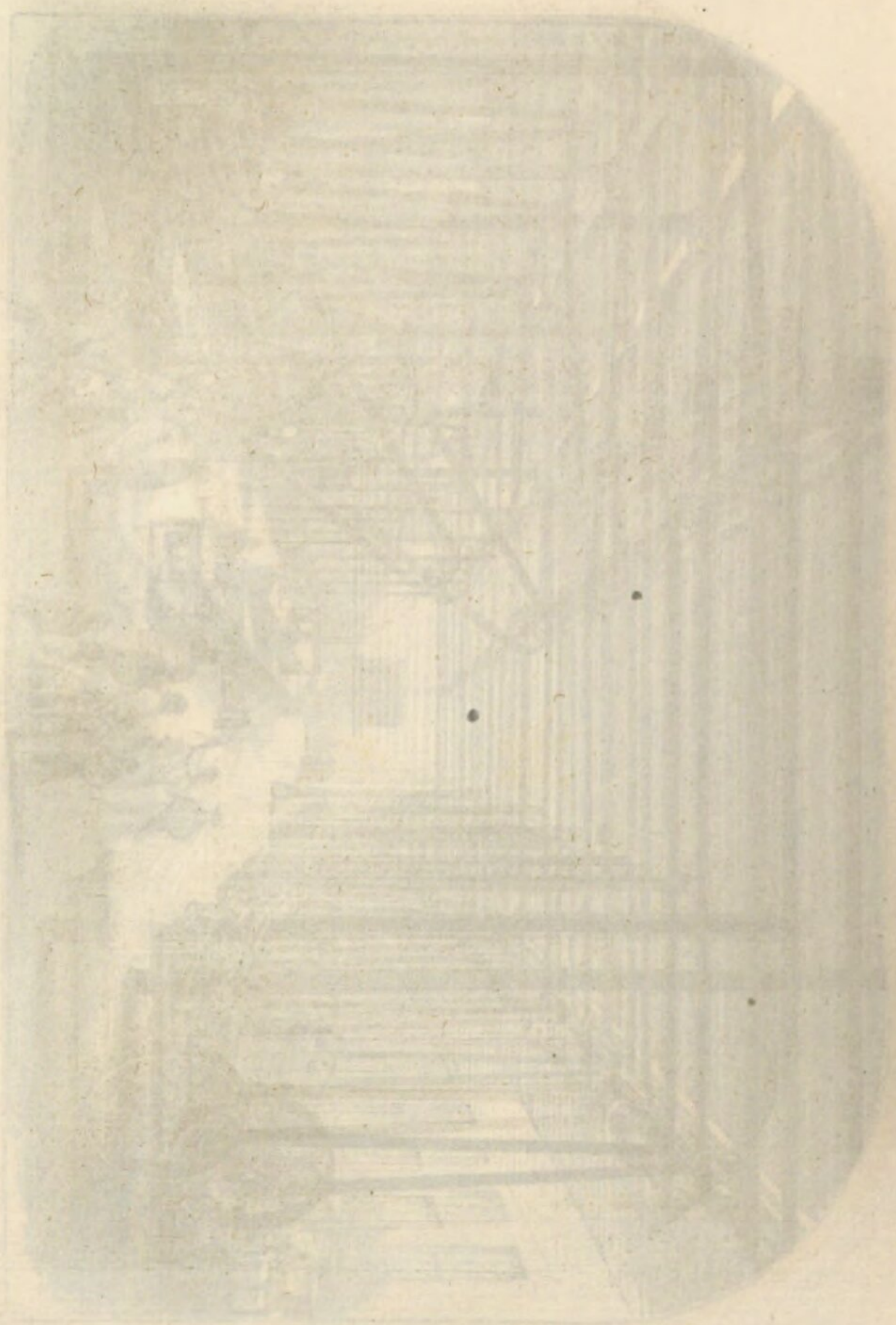
THE PUBLIC PRINTING OFFICE.

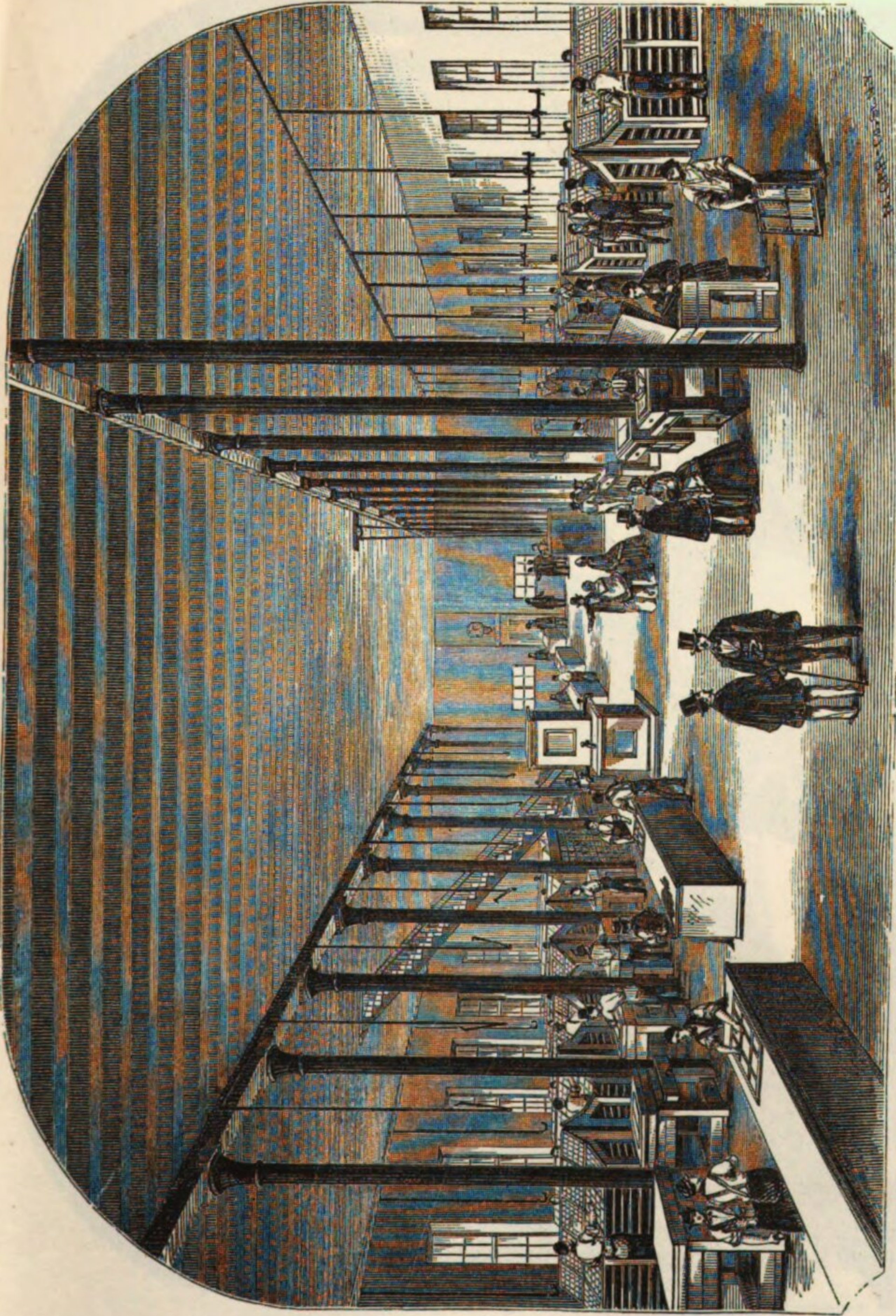




POWER-PRESS ROOM.

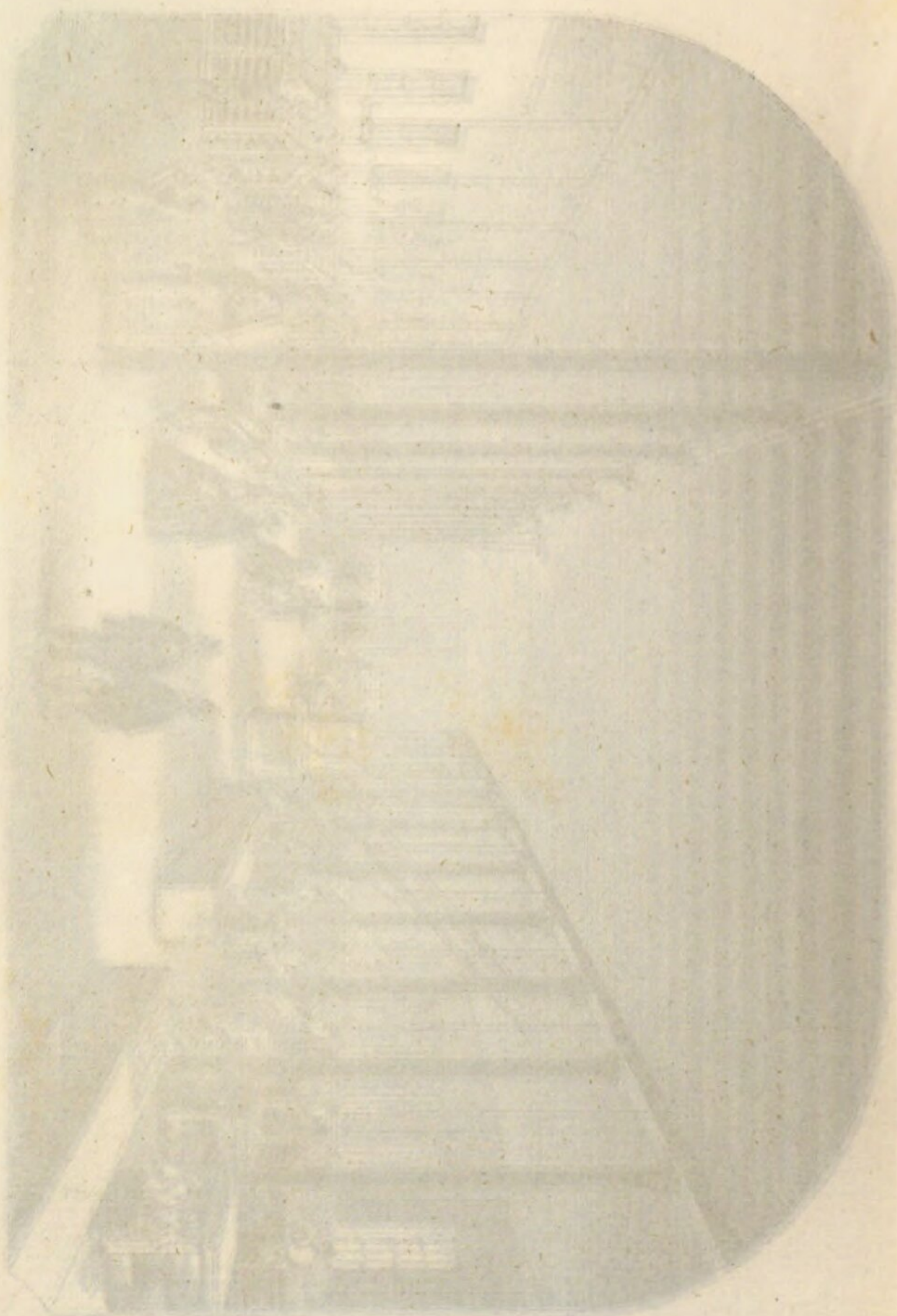
1880-1881





COMPOSING ROOM.

WILLIAM B. DIXON

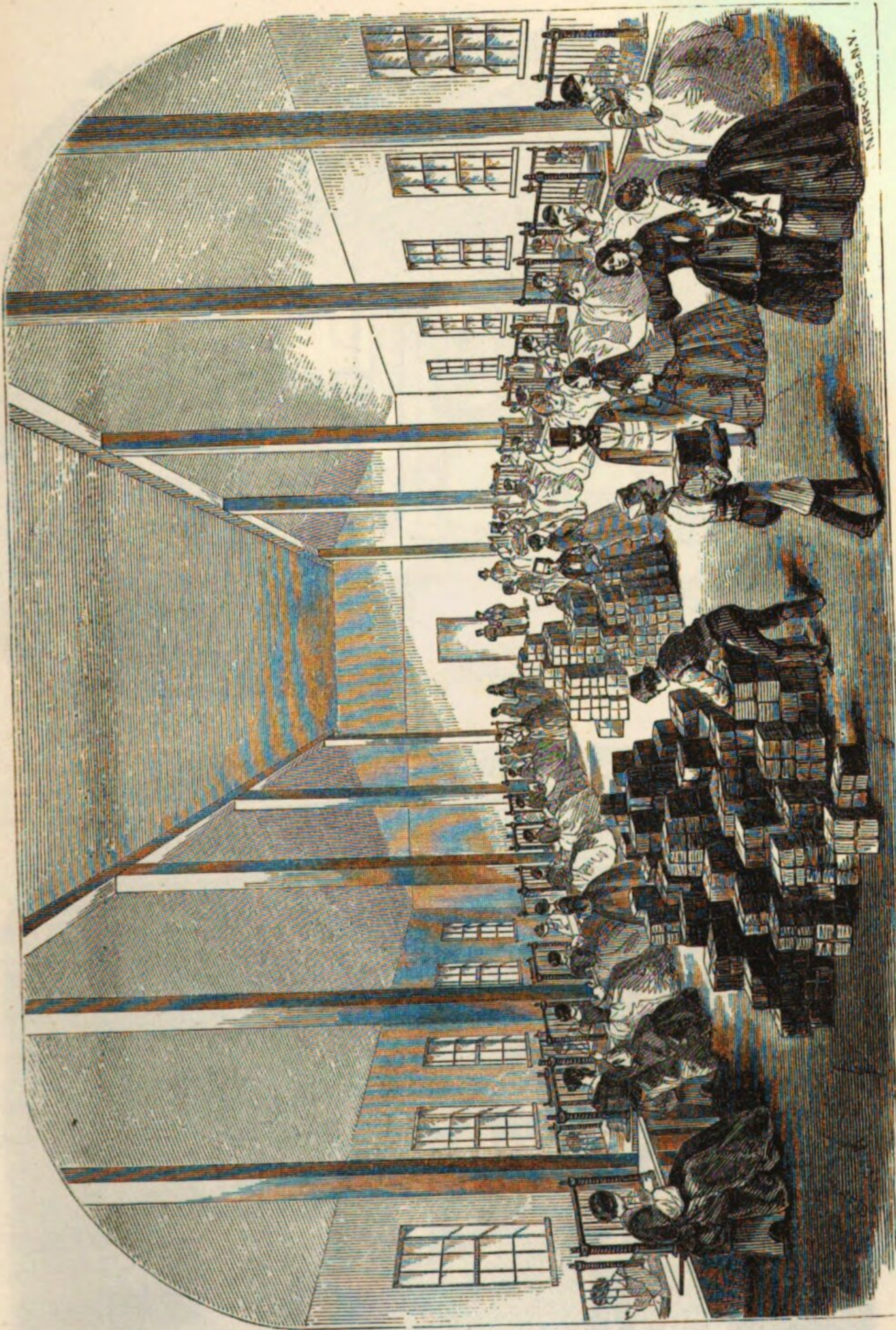




FOLDING ROOM.



FROM 2210104



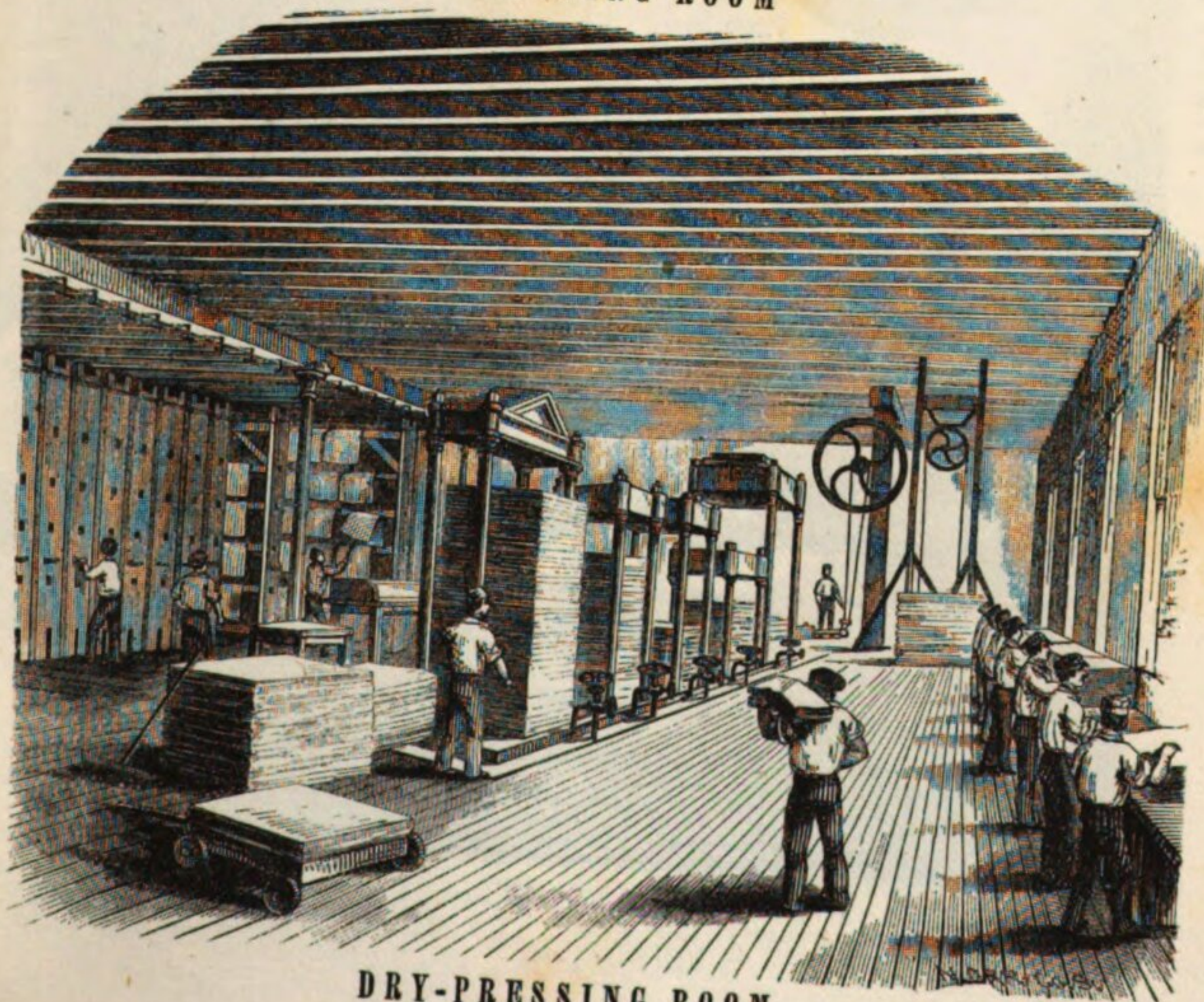
STITCHING ROOM.



JOHN WILSON



WETTING ROOM



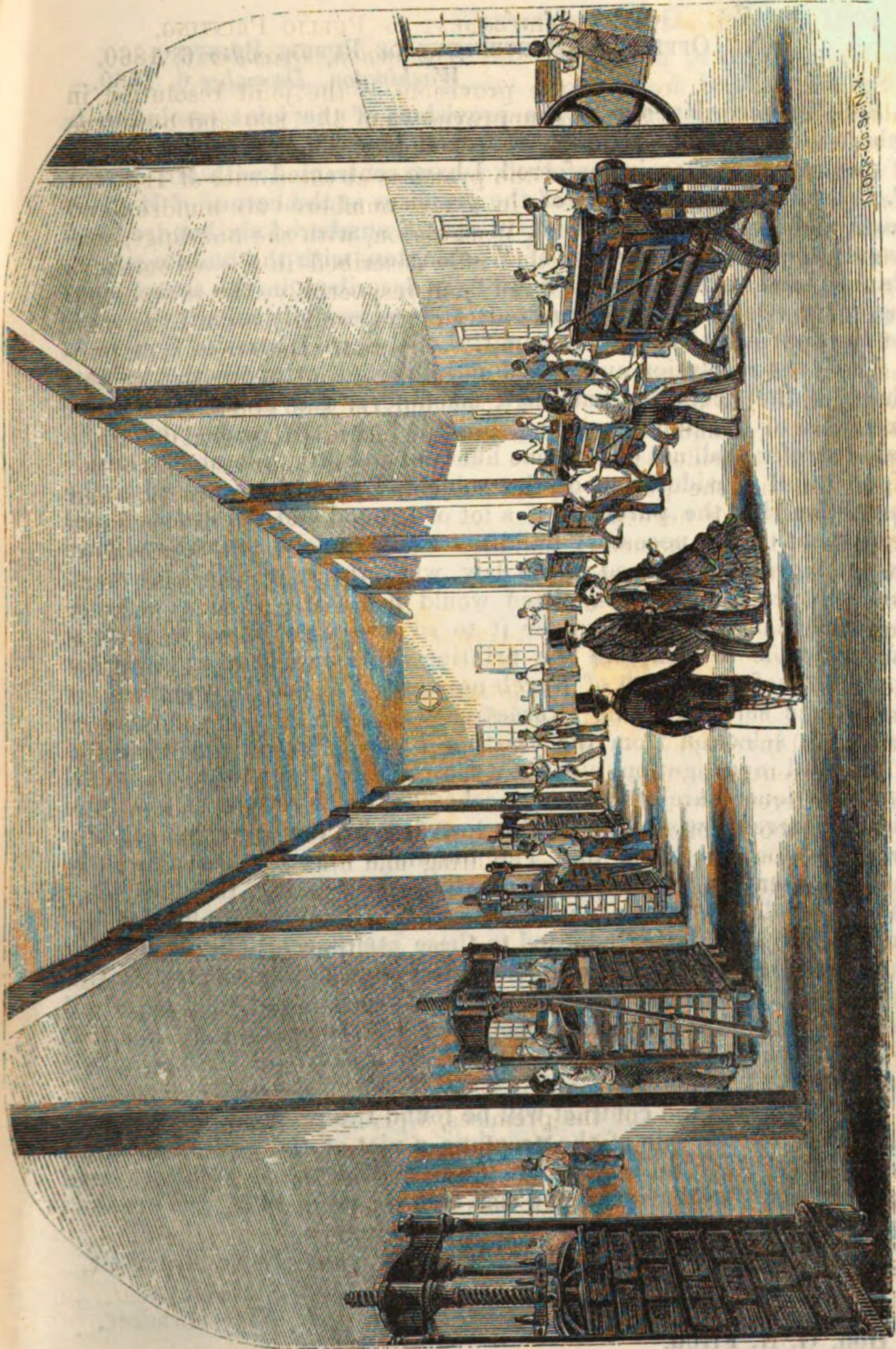
DRY-PRESSING ROOM.



WETTING ROOM



DRY-RESSING ROOM.



FINISHING ROOM.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING,
Washington, December 6, 1860.

SIR: In accordance with the provisions of the joint resolution in relation to the public printing, approved June 23, 1860, and by virtue of the authority therein conferred, I have contracted with Mr. Joseph T. Crowell for the purchase of the premises at the corner of H street north and North Capitol street, in square numbered six hundred and twenty-four (624) in the city of Washington, with the buildings, machinery, and materials, as is more fully described in the accompanying contract and schedule annexed; and respectfully submit the same for the approval of the joint committee of the two Houses of Congress.

The joint resolution authorized and directed "the erection or purchase of the necessary buildings, machinery, and materials for the execution of the public printing, provided the sum contracted to be paid therefor shall not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand dollars." Upon a full consideration of the subject, I was impressed with the conviction that the purchase of a lot of ground and the erection and equipment of the necessary buildings would involve an expenditure exceeding the sum named in the law, while the requisite approval of the contract by your committee would necessarily defer the commencement of operations under it to so late a period as to make it impracticable to complete the printing office and have it ready for operation before the 4th of March next, when it will be required for the public service. The alternative was thus forced upon me of making a selection from the existing printing establishments; and after a full investigation, aided by the practical knowledge of skilful and experienced architects and mechanics, I was convinced that the public interests would be best promoted by the purchase of the premises above referred to. The buildings were erected expressly for the execution of the public printing and binding, to which they have been devoted for a number of years. They are in fine condition, and are admirably adapted to these purposes. The machinery and materials are in good order, and the additions necessary for the prompt and satisfactory execution of the printing and binding of all the departments of the government can be made for a sum that will bring the entire expenditure considerably within the limit provided by the law.

Accompanying the contract will be found the proposition of Mr. J. T. Crowell for the sale of the premises, a plat of the same, a detailed estimate of their value by Mr. John C. Harkness, architect and builder, and a statement of the cost and an estimate of the present value of the machinery and materials by myself.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
JNO. HEART,
Superintendent.

Hon. G. N. FITCH,
Chairman of the Joint Committee on Printing.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *June 21, 1860.*

DEAR SIR: Being the owner of the well-known printing establishment at present occupied by Messrs. Larcombe & English, I hereby offer to contract with you (as Superintendent of the Public Printing, under the authority vested by the law recently enacted, authorizing the establishment of a Government Printing office) for the sale of the ground, buildings, machinery, and materials, at their actual value. And you being practically versed in all matters pertaining to the cost and equipment of such an establishment, I will bind myself to sell at the price you may, in your judgment, assess the true valuation. Or I will abide by the award of competent and disinterested appraisers.

Yours, respectfully,

JOSEPH T. CROWELL.

JOHN HEART, Esq., *Superintendent of Public Printing.*

AGREEMENT.

This agreement, entered into at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on this first day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty, between John Heart, Superintendent of the Public Printing, of the United States of America, for, and in behalf of the said United States, of the one part, and Joseph T. Crowell, of the city of Rahway, in the State of New Jersey, of the other part, witnesseth:

That the said John Heart, Superintendent of the Public Printing, as aforesaid, by virtue of the authority on him conferred by the provisions of a joint resolution, approved by the Congress of the United States, entitled a "Joint resolution in relation to the public printing," which said resolution was approved by the President of the United States on the twenty-third day of June, eighteen hundred and sixty, has agreed, and doth hereby, for and on behalf of the United States, covenant with the said Joseph T. Crowell, to purchase of him, the said Joseph T. Crowell, for the use and benefit of the United States of America, the full and complete title, in fee simple, in and to the parcels of ground, situated on the northeast corner of H street north, and North Capitol street, in square numbered six hundred and twenty-four, and running westwardly two hundred and sixty-four feet on H street north; thence southwardly one hundred and seventy-five feet, to a thirty feet alley; thence eastwardly along said alley two hundred and sixty-four feet to North Capitol street, thence northwardly along said North Capitol street one hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning, with all the improvements thereon, comprising the buildings known as the Government Printing office and warerooms, with all the machinery and materials therein, as are particularly described and set forth or referred to in the accompanying schedule, which is hereby made and declared to be a part of this agreement. And the said John Heart, by virtue of the authority on him conferred by the pro-

visions of the joint resolution aforesaid, hereby binds the United States aforesaid to pay or cause to be paid to the said Joseph T. Crowell, his heirs, or assigns, for and in consideration of the ground, improvements, machinery, and materials aforesaid, the sum of *one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars*, so soon as the money shall be appropriated by Congress for the purpose, stipulating, nevertheless, on his part, and in behalf of the said United States, that this agreement shall be binding only when the same shall have received the approval of the Joint Committee on Printing of Congress, agreeably to the provisions of the joint resolution aforesaid.

And the said Joseph T. Crowell, on his part, hereby agrees and binds himself, his heirs, and assigns, upon the fulfilment of the terms of this agreement, according to its true intent and meaning, by the said United States, and simultaneously therewith, to execute to the said United States a complete and perfect title in fee, and free of all incumbrances, to the whole of the property, of all kinds, enumerated in the schedule herein before referred to, and to place the said United States, by their proper officers and agents, in full and immediate possession of all the premises, real and personal, herein before mentioned as agreed to be sold and conveyed.

In testimony whereof, the said parties have hereunto set their hands and seals this first day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty.

JOHN HEART, [SEAL.]
Superintendent of Public Printing.
 JOSEPH T. CROWELL. [SEAL.]

In presence of—

WILLIAM TOWERS,
 DANIEL BUCK.

Schedule of materials, machinery, and fixtures.

DRYING ROOM.

- 1 hoisting machine.
- 5 hydraulic presses.
- 1 pumping machine.
- 1 large drying apparatus.
- 100 wooden pressing boards.
- 125 gross pasteboards.
- Fixtures complete.
- 1 timepiece.

PRESS ROOM.

- 23 Adams's presses.
- 3 cylinder presses.
- 2 large racks for forms.

- 25 pine tables.
- 2 trucks for hauling paper.
- 1 rack for stereotype plates.
- 14 roller cases.
- 10 sets mallets and planers.
- 5 wrenches.
- 1 hoisting machine.
- 1 hoisting machine, for forms.
- 2 large wardrobes, complete.
- 1 small wardrobe, complete.
- 1 40-horse engine.
- Shafting, running-gear, &c., complete for 26 presses.
- Gas fixtures, water pipes, &c.

WETTING ROOM.

- 3 standing presses.
- 1 hydraulic press.
- 50 large press-boards.
- 54 small press-boards.
- 2 pine tables.
- 1 paper wetting machine.
- 2 wetting tubs.
- Water pipes, gas fixtures, &c.

COMPOSING ROOM.

- 93 double stands.
- 349 pairs cases.
- 19 imposing stones.
- 108 double royal chases.
- 35,000 pounds small pica.
- 3,000 pounds English.
- 800 pounds pica small caps, (for heads.)
- 3,500 pounds brevier.
- 6,500 do.
- 2,500 pounds nonpareil.
- 110 galleys, quarto, wood.
- 90 galleys, octavo, wood.
- 84 do. do.
- 36 galleys, brass, wide.
- 15 galleys, brass, narrow.
- 70 sets furniture, octavo, metal.
- 50 sets furniture, quarto, metal.
- 12 sets furniture, bills, metal.
- 7 sets furniture, orders, &c., metal.
- 4 standing galleys.
- 2 make-up stands, with nests of drawers.
- 16 pine tables.
- 22 boards.

- 5 bureaus, with shelving, doors, &c.
- 3 ink tables, with rollers.
- 2 large racks for forms.
- 3 rule cutters.
- 10 pair shears.
- 1 desk.
- 1 water cooler.
- 2 buckets.
- 5 dozen spittoons.
- 1,000 pounds of leads and slugs.
- 30 mallets.
- 30 planers.
- 2 clocks.
- 24 dusting brushes.
- 2 sets of moulds, for furniture, leads, slugs, &c.
- 1 fount 2-line long primer.
- 1 fount 2-line brevier.
- 1 fount 2-line nonpareil.
- 1 fount Clarendon.
- 160 composing sticks.
- 1 table for rule cutters.
- 1 large cupboard for cases.
- 3 small cupboards for cases.
- Gas and water fixtures, &c.
- 12 wash basins, with water pipes, &c., complete.
- 16 sets of wooden blocks—256.
- 1 set of iron blocks—16.

JOB ROOM.

- 9 medium chases.
- 31 cap chases.
- 4 half cap chases.
- 3 imposing stones.
- 1 imposing stone, (small.)
- 1 ink table and roller.
- 2 racks and cases of job type.
- 4 planers.
- 4 mallets.
- 1 fount double small pica script.
- 1 fount double small pica script.
- 1 fount English, roman and italic.
- 2 founts great primer script.
- 1 fount English script, secretary.
- 1 fount English script, plain.
- 1 fount pica script, plain.
- 2 founts great primer, roman.
- 2 founts great primer, italic.
- 1 fount English condensed, upper and lower.
- 4 founts border, pica.

- 1 fount pica meridian shade.
- 1 fount 2-line English, condensed.
- 1 fount 2-line English, extra condensed.
- 2 founts 2-line minion.
- 1 fount 2-line great primer.
- 1 fount 2-line full face.
- 1 fount 2-line great primer bold face, condensed.
- 2 founts English scribe text.
- 2 founts double English scribe text.
- 1 fount nonpareil bold face.
- 1 fount long primer meridian shade.
- 4 founts 2-line pearl, light face.
- 1 fount 2-line long primer gothic.
- 1 fount nonpareil gothic.
- 1 fount brevier antique.
- 1 fount double scribe text.
- 1 fount great primer scribe text.
- 1 fount 2-line brevier gothic.
- 3 founts 2-line nonpareil.
- 1 fount pica gothic.
- 1 fount great primer, black shaded.
- 4 founts 2-line imperial, ornamental.
- 2 founts 2-line brevier, ornamental.
- 2 founts 2-line brevier, shaded.
- 1 fount brevier bold face.
- 1 fount small pica black.
- 1 fount English black.
- 1 fount pica gothic, shaded.
- 1 fount 2-line pearl, gothic.
- 1 fount brevier, black.
- 1 fount brevier, gothic.
- 1 fount long primer bold face, roman.
- 1 fount long primer bold face, italic.
- 1 fount long primer bold face, antique.
- 1 fount long primer bold face, large, antique.
- 1 fount long primer bold face, ornamental.
- 1 fount brevier, gothic, shaded.
- 1 fount brevier outline.
- 1 fount meridian shade.
- 1 fount long primer black.
- 1 fount double pica, black, shaded.
- 1 fount pica black.
- 1 fount double pica black.
- 1 fount great primer black, heavy.
- 1 fount 2-line diamond, condensed.
- 1 fount double long primer.
- 1 fount 2-line long primer.
- 1 fount small pica bold face.
- 1 fount brevier bold face, italic.
- 1 fount double great primer script.

- 1 fount double paragon.
- 1 fount nonpareil gothic outline.
- 12 swell dashes, brass.
- 3 sets of braces.
- 75 metal cuts.
- 1 standing press, with fixtures.
- 1 rack, with sliding boards, &c.
- 4 pine tables.
- 36 chases, of different sizes.
- 1 large pine desk, with pigeon-holes, &c.
- 1 small pine desk, with pigeon-holes, &c.
- 1 long pine table, with 48 drawers, &c.
- 1 long pine table, with slides.
- 1 long pine table, with drawers, &c.
- 1 water cooler.
- 1 clock.
- 1 standing galley.
- 19 spittoons.
- 1,000 pounds leads, slugs, &c.
- 1 rule-cutter.
- 7 large slice galleys.
- 6 quarto slice galleys.
- 6 brass galleys.
- 11 octavo galleys.
- 18 double stands.
- 224 cases, upper and lower.
- 25 composing sticks.
- Lot of mixed quotations.
- 1 set circular quadrats.

FOLDING ROOM.

- Chairs, tables, counters, shelving, &c., for 200 girls.
- 3 trucks for hauling paper.
- 1 water cooler.

READING ROOMS.

- 8 arm chairs.
- 2 pine desks, with pigeon-holes.
- 1 mahogany desk.
- Shelving.
- 1 large painted closet, with shelving, doors, &c.
- 1 copying machine.
- 1 large fire-proof safe.

OFFICE.

- 1 walnut bookcase.
- 1 walnut chiffonier, marble top.

- 1 walnut washstand, marble top.
- 1 mahogany sofa.
- 1 velvet carpet.
- 2 damask stuffed arm-chairs.
- 6 arm-chairs.
- 1 walnut desk.
- 1 mahogany desk.

BINDERY.

- 2 ruling machines.
- 2 cutting machines.
- 4 standing presses.
- 80 press boards.
- 2 ink brushes and bowls.
- 1 grindstone.
- 1 brass kettle.
- 1 ink jar.
- 4 sewing benches.
- 10 pair compasses.
- 10 pair shears.
- 1 pair large gauge shears.
- 10 laying presses.
- 19 rolls.
- 2 polishers.
- 2 lettering pallets.
- 3 gold cushions.
- 3 spatchels.
- 2 saws.
- 10 hammers.
- Large glue pot.
- 4 bodkins; 10 press pins.
- 1 wash basin.
- 1 paste tub.
- 4 small paste tubs.
- 8 paste brushes.
- 3 blacking brushes.
- 2 sprinkling brushes.
- 1 sprinkling sieve.
- 6 oil stones.
- 1 clock.
- 2 small type cases and type.
- 5 pine tables.
- 2 finishing tables.
- 1 large leather closet, with doors, shelves, &c.
- 1 water cooler.
- 10 chairs.
- 2 finishing stands.
- 2 patent blocks.
- 35 hand stamps.

- 1 hand rack.
- 10 working tubs.

MACHINE SHOP.

- 1 one-horse engine.
- 1 carpenters' bench.
- Half set carpenters' tools.
- 1 10-inch circular saw and bench.
- 1 large grindstone.
- 1 small lathe and patterns.
- Half set of tools for hand lathe.
- Pullies and belting.
- 1 turning lathe and tools.
- 1 planing machine.
- 1 bench, with 3 vises.
- 2 drawers, with files, tools, &c.
- 1 anvil and forge.
- 1 blow-pipe and fittings.
- 1 ladder.
- Lot of castings.

BOILER HOUSE.

- 1 60-horse boiler, complete.
- 1 steam pump, complete.
- 1 set of fire tools.
- 525 feet fire hose.
- 5 buckets.
- 2 furnaces.
- 2 iron kettles.
- 2 copper kettles.
- 19 roller moulds.

STABLE.

- 1 black horse.
- 1 bob-tail bay horse.
- 1 wagon.
- 1 carryall.
- 2 set single harness.
- 2 wheelbarrows.
- 1 large harness closet, with doors, &c.
- 1 large closet, with doors.

PATENT OFFICE BINDERY.

- 1 standing press.
- 2 laying presses.
- 1 small hand finishing press.
- 2 lettering pallets.
- 1 small case and type.
- 1 pair shears.

- 1 sewing bench.
- 32 press boards.
- 1 glue kettle and brush.
- 1 paste tub and brush.
- 1 small furnace.
- 14 rolls.
- 2 hammers.
- 2 pair compasses.
- 1 polisher.
- 1 pair shears.
- 4 tubs.
- 1 grindstone.
- 1 sprinkling sieve and brush.
- 1 oil-stone.
- 1 bucket.

STATE DEPARTMENT BINDERY.

- 4 fillets.
- 1 roll and polisher.
- 4 cases and type.
- 1 lettering pallet.
- 1 gold cushion and knife.
- 1 plough press and key.
- 1 small saw.
- 1 sprinkling brush, bowl, and sieve.
- 1 small furnace and glue kettle.
- 1 pan and paste brush.
- 1 sewing bench.
- 1 hammer.
- 1 pair shears.

PENSION OFFICE BINDERY.

- 1 standing press.
- 7 rolls.
- 1 polisher.
- 24 press boards.
- 12 press boards, (large.)
- 1 table shears.
- 1 plough press and pin.
- 2 working tubs.
- 2 sewing benches.
- 1 small furnace.
- 1 glue pot and brush.
- 1 small case and seven fonts type.
- 1 gold cushion and knife.
- 1 lettering pallet.
- 1 small saw.
- 2 hammers.

- 2 bodkins.
 - 2 pair compasses.
 - 2 pair shears.
 - 1 paring stone.
 - 1 pan and brush.
 - 1 sprinkling sieve, brush, and pan.
 - 1 pair backing irons.
 - 1 grindstone.
-

Extract from the journal of the Joint Committee on Printing of the two Houses of Congress.

“ WEDNESDAY, December 12, 1860.

“ *Resolved, unanimously, by the Joint Committee on Printing of the two houses of Congress,* That the foregoing contract, and schedule annexed, entered into by John Heart, Superintendent of the Public Printing, and Joseph T. Crowell, of the city of Rahway, in the State of New Jersey, on the first day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty, in accordance with the provisions of the joint resolution in relation to the public printing, approved June 23, 1860, viz: ‘That the Superintendent of the Public Printing be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to have executed the printing and binding authorized by the Senate and House of Representatives, the executive and judicial departments, and the Court of Claims. And to enable him to carry out the provisions of this act, he is authorized and directed to contract for the erection or purchase of the necessary buildings, machinery, and materials for that purpose; said contract to be subject to the approval of the Joint Committee on Printing of the two Houses of Congress: *Provided,* That the sum so contracted to be paid shall not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand dollars,’ for the purchase of the premises at the corner of H street north and North Capitol street, in square numbered six hundred and twenty-four, in the city of Washington, with the buildings, machinery, and materials, for a sum of money less than that stipulated in the said joint resolution, be, and the same is hereby, accepted and approved.”

JANUARY 10, 1861.

I hereby certify the foregoing resolution of the Joint Committee on Printing of the two Houses of Congress to be a true copy of the journal of this committee.

J. K. ROGERS,
Clerk to the Committee.

*Estimate of the value of the Public Printing Office.*WASHINGTON CITY, *August 20, 1860.*

DEAR SIR: I submit, at your request, the following estimate, at cost prices, of the Printing Office at the corner of North Capitol and H streets, viz:

Brick work	\$13,520 95
Carpenters' work	6,311 45
Lumber for ditto	5,500 00
232 windows, including painting, glazing, hardware, carpenters' work, and lumber, at \$18	4,176 00
25,148 feet tin roofing, and painting ditto, at 10 $\frac{3}{4}$ cents ..	2,703 41
850 feet eave, gutter, and down spouts, at 14 cents	119 00
Iron columns, ironmongery, and hardware	2,500 00
Plumbers' work	2,500 00
Sewer and painting, not included above	625 00
	37,955 81

Inside fixtures:

Carpenters' work	\$1,336 55
Lumber for ditto	1,000 00
Hardware	100 00
	2,436 55
	40,392 36

The lot, 264.9 by 175.3, contains 46,397 $\frac{5}{12}$ feet, which I estimate, including grading and paving and fence walls, at 30 cents per foot	13,919 22
	54,311 58

Commission, \$10.

Respectfully submitted.

JOHN C. HARKNESS, *Measurer.*

JOHN HEART, Esq.,

Superintendent of Public Printing.

Statement of the cost, and estimate of the present value of the buildings, machinery, materials, and fixtures in the public printing office.

Materials, machinery, &c.	Cost.	Deduction.	Valuation.
Printing presses, (26)-----	\$48,500 00	$\frac{1}{4}$	\$36,375 00
Type, metal, furniture, &c-----	26,300 00	$\frac{1}{2}$	13,150 00
Steam engine and appendages-----	15,000 00	$\frac{1}{2}$	12,000 00
Hydraulic presses-----	8,000 00	$\frac{1}{2}$	6,000 00
Drying room fixtures-----	4,000 00	$\frac{1}{2}$	3,000 00
Gas fixtures-----	2,900 00	$\frac{1}{2}$	2,175 00
Standing-presses and fixtures in the wetting room, standing-presses, machinery, and fixtures in the bindery and folding rooms, machinery and fixtures in the machine shop, cases, chases, imposing-stones, stands, water-pipes, heating-pipes, horses, wagons, &c-----	29,300 00	$\frac{1}{3}$	19,534 00
	134,000 00	-----	92,234 00
The buildings, consisting of printing office, paper warehouse, machine shop, stables, carriage house, coal house, boiler house, all of brick---	45,000 00	-----	40,392 00
The ground, $264.9 \times 175.3, = 46,397.5$ -----	6,800 00	-----	13,919 00
	185,800 00	-----	146,545 00

January 10, 1861.

I hereby certify the foregoing recd. of the Joint Committee on Printing of the two Houses of Congress to be a true copy of the journal of this committee.

J. K. BENTLEY

Clerk of the Committee.

REPORT OF THE HARBOR OF CHARLOTTE, AND THE
DISTRIBUTION OF ARMS.

INTER.

THE SECRETARY OF WAR, AD INTERIM.

The report of the Harbor of Charlotte, and the distribution of arms.

Report of the Harbor of Charlotte, and the distribution of arms.

Report of the Harbor of Charlotte, and the distribution of arms.

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Report of the Harbor of Charlotte, and the distribution of arms.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE, 1870.

Showing the amount and value of the public lands sold, and the proceeds therefrom, during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 1870.

State or Territory.	Acres.	Quantity.	Value.
Alabama	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Arkansas	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
California	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Colorado	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Florida	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Idaho	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Iowa	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Kansas	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Minnesota	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Montana	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Nebraska	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Nevada	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
New Mexico	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
North Dakota	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Ohio	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Oklahoma	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Oregon	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
South Dakota	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Texas	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Utah	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Virginia	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Washington	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
West Virginia	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Wisconsin	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Wyoming	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00
Total	1,100,000	1	\$110,000 00

DEFENCES OF THE HARBOR OF CHARLESTON, AND THE
DISTRIBUTION OF ARMS.

LETTER

FROM

THE SECRETARY OF WAR, AD INTERIM,

IN REFERENCE TO

The defences of the harbor of Charleston, and the distribution of arms.

JANUARY 9, 1861.—Ordered to be printed and recommitted to the Committee on Military Affairs.

WAR DEPARTMENT, *January 3, 1861.*

SIR: In answer to your letter asking for information on certain points specified in a resolution adopted by the Committee on Military Affairs of the House of Representatives, on the 18th ultimo, I have the honor to state as follows:

According to the latest report of the engineer officer having charge of the construction of the defences of the harbor of Charleston, everything practicable had been done to place Fort Moultrie in an efficient condition, and with a proper garrison it was deemed susceptible of an energetic defence. There were then employed at that work one officer and one hundred and twenty workmen, independent of the regular garrison. On the evening of the 26th ultimo, Major Robert Anderson, 1st artillery, in command of the troops in Charleston harbor, apprehensive of the safety of his command from the insecurity of the fort, and having reason to believe that the South Carolinians contemplated or were preparing to proceed to a hostile act against him, and desiring to prevent a collision and the effusion of blood, evacuated Fort Moultrie, after leaving orders for spiking the cannon and disabling some of the carriages, and removed his forces to Fort Sumter, where they now are.

Castle Pinckney was, at the date of the latest report, in good condition as regards preparation, and, with a proper garrison, as defensible as it can be made. One officer and thirty workmen were engaged in

the repair of the cisterns, replacing decayed banquettes, and attending to other matters of detail.

Since the dates of the reports referred to, Fort Moultrie and Castle Pinckney have been taken possession of by troops of the State of South Carolina, acting under the orders of the governor, and are now held by those troops, with all the armament and other public property therein at the time of their seizure.

I enclose a statement, No. 1, of the number and description of ordnance and arms, at the date of the last returns, at Fort Moultrie, Castle Pinckney, and Charleston arsenal, respectively. That arsenal, with all its contents, was also taken possession of on the 30th ultimo, by an armed body of South Carolina troops, acting under orders of the governor of the State, as represented in the following report of Frederick C. Humphreys, military storekeeper of ordnance in charge, viz:

"This arsenal was taken by force of arms by the militia of South Carolina, by order of Governor Pickens. The commanding officer was allowed to salute his flag before lowering it, with one gun for each State now in the Union (*thirty-two*) and to take it with him, and the detachment to occupy the quarters until instructions from Washington can be obtained."

At that time the force under his control consisted of nine enlisted soldiers of ordnance and six hired men.

The other information asked for in regard to the number and description of arms "distributed since the first day of January, 1860, and to whom and at what price," will be found in the accompanying statements, Nos. 2 and 3, from the Ordnance bureau. It is deemed proper to state, in further explanation of statement No. 2, that where no distribution appears to have been made to a State or Territory, or where the amount of the distribution is small, it is because such State or Territory has not called for all the arms due on its quotas, and remains a creditor for dues not distributed, which can be obtained at any time on requisition therefor.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. HOLT,

Secretary of War, ad interim.

Hon. BENJAMIN STANTON,

Chairman Committee on Military Affairs, House of Representatives.

No. 1.

Quantity and description of ordnance and arms at Fort Moultrie, Castle Pinckney, and Charleston arsenal.

	Fort Moultrie.	Castle Pinckney.	Charleston arsenal.
42-pounder iron guns.....		4	
32-pounder iron guns.....	14		
24-pounder iron guns.....	16	14	
8-inch iron columbiads.....	10		
8-inch iron sea-coast howitzers.....	5	4	
24-pounder iron flank howitzers.....	4		
12-pounder brass field howitzers.....	2		
6-pounder brass field guns.....	4		
6-pounder old iron field guns.....			2
24-pounder old iron field howitzers.....			5
Flint-lock muskets, calibre .69.....			502
Flint-lock muskets, altered to percussion.....			5,720
Percussion muskets, calibre .69.....			11,693
Percussion rifles, calibre .54.....			2,808
Same altered, with long range sights.....			6
Flint-lock Hall's rifles.....			566
Percussion rifled carbines.....			4
Percussion carbines.....			9
Flint-lock pistols.....			815
Percussion pistols.....			300

WAR DEPARTMENT, *January 3, 1861.*

DEFENCES OF CHARLESTON HARBOR

Number and description of arms distributed since the 1st of January, 1860, to the States and Territories, and at what price.

States and Territories.	6-pdr. bronze guns.		12-pdr. bronze howitzers.		12-pdr. navy howitzers.		Mountain howitzers.		Rifle muskets; calibre, 0.58-in.		Percussion muskets; cal., 0.69-in.		Cad. muskets; calibre, 0.58-in.		Musketoons, calibre, 0.69-in.	
	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.
Maine.....									300	\$13 93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Hampshire.....																
Massachusetts.....									800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont.....									150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Connecticut.....									240	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York.....									192	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Jersey.....																
New York.....																
Maryland.....																
Virginia.....					6	\$207 00	.....	.....	400	.....	450	\$13 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Carolina.....																
South Carolina.....																
Georgia.....									646	.....	.....	.....	122	\$15 20	.....	.....
Florida.....									390	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alabama.....									100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alabama.....									170	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Louisiana.....																
Mississippi.....	6	\$400 00	2	\$360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee.....																
Kentucky.....									701	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio.....																
Michigan.....									600	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michigan.....									160	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indiana.....									573	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois.....																
Wisconsin.....									80	.....	120	\$13 25	80	.....	1	\$11 00
Missouri.....																
Iowa.....									252	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
California.....									100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
California.....									115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minnesota.....									283	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oregon.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington Territory.....																
Nebraska Territory.....																
Kansas Territory.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....
New Mexico Territory.....																
District of Columbia.....									458	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	11 00
Pennsylvania.....									1,011	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	12	.....	2	.....	6	.....	3	.....	7,853	.....	570	.....	948	.....	5	.....

No. 2.—Number and description of arms distributed since the 1st of January, 1860, &c.—Continued.

States and Territories.	Long range rifles; calibre, 0.58-in.		Percussion rifles; calibre, 0.54-in.		Colt's rifles.		Hall's carbines.		Sharp's carbines.		Colt's artillery carbines.		Colt's cavalry carbines.		Percussion pistols.		Colt's belt pistols.	
	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.
Maine.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Hampshire.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Massachusetts.....	100	\$17 43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Connecticut.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York.....	420	.....	.....	.....	1	\$42 50	.....	.....	1	\$30 00	.....	.....	1	\$32 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Jersey.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maryland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Carolina.....	311	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florida.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alabama.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Louisiana.....	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mississippi.....	212	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michigan.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indiana.....	170	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	\$17 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wisconsin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
California.....	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minnesota.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oregon.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington Territory.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	42 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska Territory.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kansas Territory.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Mexico Territory.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
District of Columbia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pennsylvania.....	42	17 43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,728	.....	300	.....	13	.....	1	.....	33	.....	2	.....	2	.....	279	.....	164	.....

DEFENCES OF CHARLESTON HARBOR

No. 2.—Number and description of arms distributed since the 1st of January, 1860, &c.—Continued.

States and Territories.	Colt's holster pistols.		Adams's belt pistols.		Colt's holster pistols, with attachment.		Cavalry sabres, heavy.		Cavalry sabres, light.		Horse artillery sabres.		Non-commissioned officers' swords.		Musicians' swords.		Artillery swords.	
	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.
Maine.....						Per pair.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	\$4 00
New Hampshire.....							132	\$7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Massachusetts.....																		
Vermont.....																		
Connecticut.....					1	\$50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	4 00
New York.....																		
New Jersey.....																		
Maryland.....							100	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia.....																		
North Carolina.....																		
South Carolina.....							40	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgia.....																		
Florida.....							132	\$8 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alabama.....																		
Louisiana.....							30	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	\$4 40	.....	.....
Mississippi.....																		
Tennessee.....							1	8 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	4 00
Kentucky.....																		
Ohio.....																		
Michigan.....																		
Indiana.....																		
Illinois.....							40	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wisconsin.....																		
Missouri.....																	20	4 00
Iowa.....																		
California.....																		
Minnesota.....																		
Oregon.....					33	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington Territory.....					5	.....	.....	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska Territory.....	30	\$22 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	4 00
Kansas Territory.....																		
New Mexico Territory.....																		
District of Columbia.....																		
Pennsylvania.....			27	\$18 00	.....	.....	74	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	30	.....	27	.....	39	.....	426	.....	183	.....	176	.....	266	.....	103	.....	131	.....

No. 3.

Statement of arms distributed by sale since the first of January, 1860, to whom sold, at what price, and place whence sold.

To whom sold.	Number and kind of arms.	Price.	Date of sale.	Where sold.
J. W. Zacharie & Co.	4,000 flint lock muskets altered to percussion, each.	\$2 50	Feb. 3, 1860	St. Louis arsenal.
James T. Ames.	1,000 .....do.....do.....do.....do.....	2 50	Mar. 14, 1860	New York arsenal.
Captain G. Barry.	80 .....do.....do.....do.....do.....	2 00	June 11, 1860	St. Louis arsenal.
W. C. N. Swift.	400 .....do.....do.....do.....do.....	2 50	Aug. 31, 1860	Springfield armory.
Do.....	80 .....do.....do.....do.....do.....	2 50	Nov. 13, 1860	Do.
State of Alabama.....	1,000 .....do.....do.....do.....do.....	2 50	Sept. 27, 1860	Baton Rouge arsenal.
Do.....	2,500 .....do.....do.....do.....do.....	2 50	Nov. 14, 1860	Do.
State of Virginia.....	5,000 .....do.....do.....do.....do.....	2 50	Nov. 6, 1860	Washington arsenal.
Phillips County, Arkansas, Volunteers.....	50 .....do.....do.....do.....do.....	2 00	Nov. 16, 1860	St. Louis arsenal.
G. B. Lamar.....	10,000 .....do.....do.....do.....do.....	2 50	Nov. 24, 1860	Watervliet arsenal.

WM. MAYNADIER, Captain of Ordnance.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, December 21, 1860.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

LETTER

FROM

THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

COMMUNICATING

His annual report of the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives.

JANUARY 1, 1861.—Laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

OFFICE OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
January 1, 1861.

SIR: In obedience to a resolution of the House of Representatives, passed March 4, 1842, which requires "that the Clerk deliver to the Postmaster of the House such kind and quantities of stationery as from time to time be necessary for the use of the House, keeping an accurate account of the same, and also of the quantity and value of that used in the Clerk's office; and that hereafter, in the annual reports now required by law to be made by the Clerk, showing the amount of expenditure from the contingent fund of the House, he be required to state accurately and distinctly the quantity and cost of the stationery used by the House and the Clerk's office, separately;" and also in obedience to the second section of the act entitled "An act legalizing and making appropriations for such necessary objects as have been usually included in the general appropriation bills without authority of law, and to fix and provide for certain incidental expenses of the departments and offices of the government, and for other purposes," approved August 26, 1852, which requires that the Clerk of the House of Representatives report to the House a detailed statement of the manner in which the contingent fund of the House has been expended, giving the name of every person to whom any portion thereof has been paid; and if for anything furnished, the quantity and price; and if for services rendered, the nature of such service and the time employed, and the particular occasion or cause, in brief, that rendered such service necessary; and the amount of all former appropriations in each case on hand, either in the treasury or in the hands of any disbursing officer or agent; I have the honor to make the following report, contained in papers marked A, B, C, and D.

Respectfully,

JOHN W. FORNEY.

Hon. WM. PENNINGTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

A.

Detailed statement of disbursements by the Clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States for the year ending December 1, 1860.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Wm. Pettibone	Binding documents—		
	Red and faint ruling and binding two books, 8 quires demy each, Committee on Post Office and Post Roads, 1st and 2d sessions 36th Congress, at \$14	\$28 00	
	Ruling and binding 36 cap books for committees, 178 quires, at 62½ cents	111 25	
	Printing 194 quires headings, at 50 cents	97 00	
	9 morocco tags, States and Territories, at \$2 50	22 50	
	18 morocco alphabets, at \$2	36 00	
	35 side titles, at 37½ cents	13 12	
			\$307 87
Wm. Pettibone	Red and faint ruling and binding 33 books for committees, 141 quires, at 62½ cents	88 12	
	Printing 141 quires heads, at 50 cents	70 50	
	7 morocco tags of States and Territories, at \$2 50	17 50	
	16 morocco tag alphabets, at \$2	32 00	
	33 side morocco labels, at 37½ cents	12 37	
			220 50
Samuel Lee	Mail boys, pay-roll—		
F. Saxty	For January, 1860	75 00	
	do.....do	75 00	
			150 00
W. Hartough	Messenger in south wing for January, 1860		
F. Saxty	Services as mail boy in the House post office from January 1 to February 10	101 37	
	Less \$75 paid for January	75 00	
			26 37
C. B. Stewart	Page to Sergeant-at-arms from November 19, 1859, to February 6, 1860, inclusive, 80 days, at \$2		
	Mail boys, pay-roll—		
W. F. Corbitt	For January, 1860, temporary	50 00	
			160 00

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

W. Tudge.....	do.....	50 00	100 00
W. F. Corbitt	Mail boy, pay-roll—		
	For November, 1859, temporary.....		50 00
W. F. Corbitt	Mail boys, pay-roll—		
Wm. Tudge	For December, 1859, temporary	50 00	
	do.....	50 00	
E. Joy Morris.....	Newspapers furnished himself at the 1st session of the 36th Congress.....		100 00
E. McPherson	do.....		50 00
L. J. Gartrell.....	do.....		50 00
J. J. Jones.....	do.....		50 00
R. A. Pryor	do.....		50 00
H. Winter Davis.....	do.....		50 00
M. J. Parrott.....	do.....		25 00
Z. B. Vance	do.....		37 00
Francis W. Kellogg.....	do.....		50 00
G. B. Cooper.....	do.....		50 00
A. A. Burnham.....	do.....		50 00
Thomas M. Edwards	do.....		35 00
James Sheehy	do.....		
	Services as temporary clerk from January 1, 1860, to February 17, 1860, at \$1,800 per annum	237 36	
	Deduct amount paid for January.....	150 00	
			87 36
W. B. Chace.....	Services as temporary clerk, from January 1, to February 15, 1860, inclusive.....		227 45
George T. Whittington.....	do.....		227 47
D. W. Hughes	Folding documents, pay-roll—		
	For December, January, and February, 1860, in part payment, including February 1	65 50	
F. Barrett	do.....	67 95	
Jas. E. Miller	do.....	68 15	
T. B. Harrison	do.....	82 31	
J. A. Divine.....	do.....	85 07	
Jos. B. Benton.....	do.....	85 53	
			454 51
L. H. Breed	Folding documents, from January 1, to February 17, 1860, inclusive, at \$1,200 per annum	158 24	
	Deduct amount paid for January.....	100 00	
			58 24

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
William Mooney	Labor in folding-room, 1st to 13th February, inclusive, at \$1 50	-----	\$19 50
J. W. Twyman	Services folding documents, and at Clerk's desk in the hall, from January 1 to February 17, 1860, inclusive	-----	158 24
B. Pritchard	Folding documents, October and November, 1859, at \$2 50 per day, 61 days	-----	152 50
H. H. Clark	Folding documents, October, 1859, at \$2 50 per day	-----	77 50
Do	Folding documents, November, 1859, at \$2 50 per day	-----	75 00
J. C. Waddle	Folding documents, from February 1 to 14, 1860, at \$2 50 per day	-----	35 00
Thos. J. Dement	Folding documents from February 1 to 13, 1860, at \$3 per day	-----	39 00
Thomas J. Dement	Folding documents, pay-roll—	-----	-----
J. R. Zimmerman	For January, 1860	\$93 00	-----
H. H. Clark	do	77 50	-----
J. C. Waddle	do	77 50	-----
Fred. Brown	do	77 50	-----
William Mooney	do	46 50	-----
Franklin Barrett	do	46 50	-----
J. A. Divine	do	21 82	-----
T. B. Harrison	do	13 40	-----
J. B. Burton	do	18 13	-----
D. W. Hughes	do	17 37	-----
James E. Miller	do	21 25	-----
John Leinhardt	do	17 02	-----
Thomas J. Dement	do	11 00	-----
J. R. Zimmerman	do	-----	538 49
H. H. Clark	do	-----	-----
J. C. Waddle	do	-----	-----
Fred. Brown	do	-----	-----
William Mooney	do	-----	-----
M. McConnell	do	-----	-----
Franklin Barrett	do	-----	-----
Thomas J. Dement	Folding documents, pay-roll—	-----	-----
J. R. Zimmerman	December, 1859	93 00	-----
H. H. Clark	do	77 50	-----
J. C. Waddle	do	77 50	-----
Fred. Brown	do	77 50	-----
William Mooney	do	46 50	-----
M. McConnell	do	46 50	-----
Franklin Barrett	do	64 56	-----
Thomas J. Dement	do	55 20	-----

J. A. Divine	do.....	44 03
T. B. Harrison	do.....	29 56
J. B. Burton	do.....	32 10
D. W. Hughes	do.....	18 25
James E. Miller.....	do.....	7 33
Folding documents, pay-roll—		
For December, 1859, and January 1, 1860.....		
John Chase.....	do.....	40 53
W. C. Hayes	do.....	35 96
W. F. Harrison.....	do.....	40 23
G. B. Harleston, for Robert.....	do.....	31 68
Harvey Hood.....	do.....	10 76
Randolph Kidgely.....	do.....	20 28
N. Brown.....	do.....	60 19
M. Barron	do.....	16 61
J. W. Day	do.....	43 30
R. D. Edwards	do.....	29 62
James Leveency.....	do.....	49 11
R. J. Garcia.....	do.....	23 59
J. A. Shaw.....	do.....	33 48
G. W. Hill.....	do.....	26 18
T. Warner	do.....	29 86
T. E. McGraw.....	do.....	68 74
J. G. Smith.....	do.....	21 44
W. J. Cook.....	do.....	54 80
Henry McElwee	do.....	46 01
A. M. Hoffar	do.....	29 64
George Phillips.....	do.....	74 73
H. L. Clark.....	do.....	41 88
Edward Schaeffer	do.....	19 46
J. T. Mackey.....	do.....	20 62
E. L. Jacob.....	do.....	24 70
George Major.....	do.....	20 59
James L. Bryan	do.....	12 14
Charles Reece	do.....	3 90
Milton Dow.....	do.....	5 77
B. Ballard	do.....	13 13

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
William Cole.....	72 buckets of paste, for folding-room, December, 1859, at \$1.....	.....	\$72 00
Do.	68 buckets of paste, for folding-room, January, 1860, at \$1.....	.....	68 00
J. Entwisle	Engineers, &c., pay-roll—		
J. A. Ingram.....	For January, 1860.....	\$125 00	
E. B. Carton	do.....	100 00	
Joseph Mansfield	do.....	100 00	
Thomas Hunt	do.....	62 00	
Sylvester Adams.....	do.....	62 00	
Robert H. Dyson.....	do.....	62 00	
B. M. McCoy.....	do.....	46 50	
	do.....	46 50	604 00
John Burns	Laborers, pay-roll—		
John McNamara.....	For January, 1860.....	46 50	
William Sheehan	do.....	46 50	
J. H. Smithson.....	From January 1 to 19, 1860.....	28 50	
Henry Douglass	From January 20 to 31, 1860.....	18 00	
David Fisher.....	For January, 1860.....	46 50	
Lewis Saunders.....	do.....	46 50	
John Johnson	do.....	46 50	
A. A. Watts.....	do.....	46 50	
Ed. M. Thomas.....	do.....	46 50	
John Costin.....	do.....	62 00	
Levi Neal.....	do.....	46 50	
William Twine.....	do.....	46 50	
Howard W. Cosley, (paid by late Clerk).....	do.....	46 50	
	Deduct amount paid Howard W. Cosley.....	620 00	
	Services as laborer in the hall from the 1st to 14th of February, 1860.....	46 50	
J. H. Smithson.....			573 50
			21 00

J. Baumgarten	One seal, with screw attached, for library of the House of Representatives, (miscellaneous)	11 50
Andrew Bain	Services as laborer in the library of the House of Representatives, from October 1, 1859, to February 3, 1860, at \$1 50 per day, 126 days	189 00
G. A. Grow	Amount paid for hack hire to President's, (miscellaneous)	1 50
James D. Wards	Services in the old hall and keeping up the furnace under the folding-room, from March 4, 1859, to February 1, 1860, at the rate of \$3 per day, 333 days	999 00
M. W. Clusky	260 copies of the Congressional Directory, 1st session 36th Congress, at 25 cents	650 00
W. D. Wyvill	Lamps for the House post office	12 00
D. C. Lach	Stationery for himself, 1st session 36th Congress	31 92
W. H. Arthur & Co	20 reams cream laid note paper, ruled, gilt edged, at \$2 50	50 00
	5 gross rosewood holders, at \$2 1/2	8 13
	2 gross French holders, long, at \$3 50	7 00
	3 gross French holders, short, at \$2 50	7 50
	5 gross French holders, short, extra, at \$3	15 00
	Engraving on stone for Coast Survey Report, 1858 :	87 63
Curtis B. Graham	Chart No. 12, Cape Fear river	18 00
	Chart No. 28, Coast of Texas	42 00
	One-half paid by the Senate	60 00
		30 00
C. B. Graham	Transferring and printing charts for the Coast Survey, September, 1858 :	6 12
	Chart No. 12, printing 1,530 copies, at 40 cents	18 36
	Chart No. 28, printing 1,530 copies, at \$1 20	9 94
	Chart No. 16, printing 1,530 copies, at 65 cents	36 72
	Chart No. 26, printing 1,530 copies, at \$2 40	6 88
	Chart No. 38, printing 1,530 copies, at 45 cents	
	Engraving and printing, viz :	78 02
C. B. Graham	2,100 copies map of Saginaw bay	49 60
	2,100 copies map of west channel, East Neebish rapids	16 45
	2,100 copies map of St. Mary's river, Lake George	35 02
	2,100 copies map of St. Clair flats	60 30
	One half paid by the Senate	161 37
		80 68 1/2

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Hatch & Co	Lithographing and printing for Coast Survey Report, 1858:		
	Chart No. 3, printing 1,530 copies, at 90 cents per 100	\$13 77	
	Chart No. 10, printing 1,530 copies, at \$1 75 per 100	26 77	
	Chart No. 32, printing 1,530 copies, at \$1 25 per 100	19 12	
	Chart No. 34, printing 1,530 copies, at \$1 50 per 100	22 95	
	Chart No. 40, printing 1,530 copies, at \$1 25 per 100	19 12	\$101 74
C. Wendell.....	Compiling, printing, and binding 500 copies of Barclay's Digest of the Rules of the House of Representatives, furnished the Clerk's office for the use of the members of the House of Representatives, at \$2 per copy.....	-----	1,000 00
C. Wendell.....	Binding 20,000 vols. of the mechanical part of the Patent Office Report, 1858, at 10 cents.....	-----	2,000 00
	Map clerks, pay-roll for February, 1860—		
A. R. Parker.....	For February, 1860.....	180 00	
George B. Wooldridge.....	To February 29.....	146 70	
J. P. Shields.....	To February 15.....	77 47	
William Addison.....	From February 16.....	72 53	
A. J. Kelly.....	To February 15.....	77 47	
Moses E. Flanagan.....	From February 16.....	72 53	
H. C. Worthington.....	To February 15.....	77 47	
Rufus Prentice.....	From February 16.....	72 53	
J. N. Gordon.....	To February 15.....	77 47	
George Chipman.....	From February 16.....	72 53	
James Peacock.....	From February 24.....	32 97	
George C. Baker.....	From February 23.....	37 91	
	Temporary clerks, pay-roll in part for February, 1860—		997 58
George H. Chapman.....	From February 16	72 53	
William Averill.....	do.....	72 53	
John R. Briggs, jr.....	From February 18.....	62 64	
			207 70

Services as clerk to the Committee on Commerce, from February 16 to March 3, 1860.		68 00
Folding documents, pay-roll of folders—		
For February, 1860.		
do.	4 45	
do.	13 42	
do.	8 62	
do.	13 15	
do.	10 12	
do.	6 90	
do.	8 96	
do.	4 61	
do.	5 61	
do.	7 76	
do.	6 60	
do.	3 11	
do.	9 01	
do.	6 84	
do.	15 37	
do.	8 21	
do.	30 32	
do.	14 28	
do.	6 63	
do.	6 30	
do.	3 00	
do.	7 12	
do.	7 05	
do.	4 20	
do.	4 31	
do.	4 16	
do.	4 95	
do.	3 75	
do.	1 12	
do.	3 52	
do.	3 07	
do.	1 57	
39 buckets of paste for folding-room, February	238 09	
Folding documents, January, 1860, at \$2 50.	39 00	
	77 50	
J. R. Jones.....		
R. Ridgeley.....		
N. Brown.....		
J. A. Sweney.....		
Thomas E. McGraw.....		
William J. Cook.....		
William F. Harrison.....		
H. McElwee.....		
John Chase.....		
Ogden Harleston.....		
W. C. Hayes.....		
C. P. Reece.....		
R. J. Garcia.....		
J. A. Shaw.....		
G. W. Hill.....		
George Phillips.....		
Theodore Warner.....		
B. Ballard.....		
H. L. Clark.....		
Milton Dow.....		
J. G. Smith.....		
F. M. Barron.....		
H. T. Hurst.....		
C. C. Luckett.....		
C. W. Franklin.....		
W. A. Hurbut.....		
J. Simonds.....		
Henry Bailey.....		
William Swagert.....		
Charles E. Lewis.....		
H. C. Gray.....		
William O. Fowler.....		
George Boyd.....		
W. Cole.....		
M. McConnell.....		

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
M. McConnell—Continued	Folding documents, February 1 to 14, at \$2 50	\$35 00	\$112 50
James M. Nelson	Folding documents, House of Representatives, from January 1 to February 3, 34 days, at \$1,200 per annum	-----	112 09
J. A. Shindel	Services in folding-room, office House of Representatives, from February 18 to March 31, 1860	141 76	
	Less amount reserved for March	100 00	
	Laborers, pay roll—		41 76
John Burns	For February, 1860	43 50	
J. DeSaules	From February 25 to 29	7 50	
W. J. Harris	From February 14 to 29	24 00	
John Massey	From February 11 to 29	28 50	
Frank Taverny	From February 12 to 29	25 50	
David Fisher	For February, 1860	43 50	
Lewis Saunders	do	43 50	
E. M. Thomas	do	43 50	
John Johnson	do	43 50	
John Costin	do	58 00	
Levi Neal	do	43 50	
Howard W. Cosley	do	43 50	
William Twine	do	43 50	
J. McNamara	Laborer in the hall from February 1 to 24	-----	491 50
Joseph L. Wright	500 omnibus tickets, at \$5	-----	36 00
Wm. Palmer	Labor in the House library one day	-----	25 00
James Owner	4 large baskets, at \$1 50	6 00	1 50
	4 small baskets, at \$1	4 00	
	4 lanterns, at \$1 75	7 00	
Samuel M. Junkin	Services as messenger in the Hall, House of Representatives, from November 1 to December 6, 1858	-----	17 00
		-----	105 00

S. A. Power.....	Services as messenger at Clerk's desk, and folding documents from February 18 to 29, 1860	41 76
J. Shillington	Stationery—	
	2 diaries.....	3 00
	6 diaries.....	7 50
	1 diary	1 00
	3 diaries	2 62
	3 diaries	1 95
	4 diaries	2 00
	9 diaries	3 42
	3 diaries	75
	3 blank books.....	2 62
	1 blank book.....	38
	1 autograph book.....	1 50
	2 autograph books.....	2 00
	3 blank books.....	2 25
	2 blank books.....	1 25
	2 blank books.....	1 00
	3 blank books.....	2 10
	1 blank book	1 37
	2 blank books.....	1 80
	2 pocket-books.....	3 00
	8 pocket-books.....	8 00
	6 scissors	2 22
	Do.....	2 70
	6 pens and pencils, \$3 50	21 00
	Do.....do.....	13 50
	6 pen-points	9 00
	Do.....	7 50
	6 shears, 11-inch.....	4 20
	6 shears, 10-inch.....	3 90
	6 knives.....	6 00
	Do.....	3 00
	4 blank books	2 72
	Do.....	3 52
	3 dozen visiting cards.....	9 00
	1 pocket-book.....	1 50
	1 diary.....	1 00
	6 blotters	3 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Joseph Shillington—Continued.....	3 knives.....	\$3 00	
	1 knife.....	50	
	1 No. 1 pen and pencil, gold.....	12 00	
	1 No. 2.....do.....	12 50	
	1 No. 3.....do.....	13 50	
	2 No. 4.....do.....	19 00	
	3 No. 5.....do.....	19 50	
	6 No. 6.....do.....	33 00	
	3 No. 7.....do.....	19 50	
	3 No. 8.....do.....	15 00	
	3 No. 9.....do.....	10 50	
	2 No. 10.....do.....	15 00	
	3 No. 11.....do.....	16 50	
	3 No. 12.....do.....	10 50	
	3 No. 13.....do.....	22 50	
	4 scissors.....	1 80	
	3 scissors.....	1 11	
	2 diaries.....	2 50	
	1 diary.....	1 50	
	4 diaries.....	4 00	
	1 diary.....	75	
	2 diaries.....	75	
	1 diary.....	35	
	4 knives.....	4 00	
	2 pocket-books.....	2 00	
	6 knives.....	3 00	
	4 knives.....	5 00	
	10 desk pads.....	5 00	
	3 portmonnaies.....	4 50	
	1 No. 1 gold pen and pencil.....	12 00	
	1 No. 3.....do.....do.....	13 50	
	1 No. 13.....do.....do.....	7 50	

Joseph Shillington.....	3 gold pens.....	3 75
	Do.....	4 50
		443 28
	Deduct amount returned	71 00
		1 50
	Stationery for Hon. W. B. Stokes.....	15 10
	Stationery for Hon. C. L. Scott, \$1 50; Hon. Jas. Craig, \$13 60.....	17 00
	Stationery for Hon. C. D. Martin, \$5; Hon. E. S. Martin, \$12.....	1 00
	Stationery for Hon. S. S. Cox.....	
James Henry.....	Stationery furnished the following members of 1st session 36th Congress:	34 60
	Hon. W. E. Simms, \$3; Hon. W. Barksdale, \$6.....	9 00
	Hon. T. A. R. Nelson, \$3; Hon. J. J. McRae, \$3.....	6 00
	Hon. W. S. Kenyon, \$3; Hon. G. S. Hawkins, \$3.....	6 00
	Hon. Wm. Allen, \$3; Hon. S. S. Cox, \$3.....	6 00
	Hon. W. W. Boyce, \$14 50; Hon. J. W. H. Underwood, \$3.....	17 50
	Hon. E. S. Martin, \$3; Hon. L. M. Keitt, \$19 50.....	22 50
	Hon. M. R. H. Garnett.....	3 00
J. U. Pettit.....	Stationery for himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	69 80
Jos. Shillington.....	Stationery for the following named members, 1st session 36th Congress:	34 94
	Hon. D. C. De Jarnette.....	12 50
	Hon. D. E. Sickles.....	2 50
	Hon. S. O. Peyton.....	3 50
	Hon. J. G. Davis.....	1 50
	Hon. H. C. Longnecker.....	1 50
	Hon. C. L. Scott.....	1 25
	The House post office	3 50
C. D. Hinline	"State Sentinel" for Hon. John Hickman.....	26 25
Davis & Williamson.....	"Montgomery Ledger" for Hon. John Hickman.....	3 00
Beals, Greene & Co.....	"Boston Post" for Hon. S. M. Cavanaugh, 3 months.....	2 00
	Do..... Hon. D. E. Sickles, 3 months.....	2 00
John P. Verree	Newspapers for himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	4 00
J. Morrison Harris.....	do.....do.....	50 00
Thos. Corwin.....	do.....do.....	46 00
J. M. Leach.....	do.....do.....	46 00
		50 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Charles H. Van Wyck.....	Newspapers for himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	\$50 00
Isaac Entwisle.....	Engineers, &c., pay-roll—		
Jas. A. Ingram	For February, 1860	\$125 00	
Felix McClosky.....	To February 15, 1860	51 65	
Emanuel B. Caton	do.....	48 35	
Dennis McElhone.....	do.....	51 65	
Joseph Mansfield.....	do.....	48 35	
Thomas Hunt.....	do.....	58 00	
Sylvester Adams.....	do.....	58 00	
Robert H. Dyson	do.....	58 00	
Benj. H. McCoy	do.....	43 50	
		43 50	586 00
Samuel Lee.....	Services as mail boy, February, 1860.....	-----	75 00
A. G. Myers.....	Services in the post office as mail boy, from February 11 to 29, 1860.....	-----	48 63
Wm. Hartough.....	Messenger in south wing of Capitol extension, for February, 1860.....	-----	125 00
	Capitol police, pay-roll—		
C. W. C. Dunnington	For February, 1860.....	72 50	
A. K. Arnold	do.....	45 83	
James T. Ball.....	do.....	45 83	
Samuel J. Johnson.....	do.....	45 83	
Wm. H. Thompson	do.....	45 83	
Thomas C. Wells	do.....	45 83	
Richard D. Slater.....	do.....	45 83	
Frederick Fritz.....	do.....	45 83	
Francis Reilly.....	do.....	45 83	
Jno. P. Hamlin	do.....	45 83	
George H. Underwood	do.....	45 83	
James S. Magee.....	do.....	45 83	
Michael French.....	do.....	45 83	
J. N. Crockwell	do.....	45 83	

J. Boyd.....	do.....	33 33	701 62
Wm. Tudge.....	Mail boy for February, 1860.....	---	50 00
Thomas J. Lucas.....	Mail boy from February 25 to 29, 5 days.....	---	8 62
Wm. Tudge.....	Mail boy for November, 1859.....	---	50 00
J. N. Moulder.....	Pages, pay-roll—	---	
E. S. Schriner.....	From February 7 to 29, 1860.....	46 00	
Ellsworth Hall.....	do.....	46 00	
Edmund Burke.....	do.....	46 00	
J. E. Pillsbury.....	do.....	46 00	
W. A. Linton.....	From February 11 to 29, 1860.....	38 00	
Joseph L. Coombs.....	From February 7 to 29, 1860.....	46 00	
W. D. Todd.....	do.....	46 00	
Wm. Phipps.....	do.....	46 00	
W. A. Gattey.....	do.....	46 00	
George Capron.....	do.....	46 00	
A. J. Parrish.....	do.....	46 00	
Jno. G. Boyd.....	"Tobacco Plant," 1st session 35th Congress, for Hon. W. O. Goode.....	---	544 00
Patrick Doyle.....	Witness before select committee on accounts of late Superintendent of Public Printing, 2 days.....	4 00	2 00
	Travel to and from Philadelphia.....	28 00	
C. B. Stewart.....	Page to Sergeant-at-arms, from February 7 to March 4, 1860, at \$2 per day.....	---	32 00
Emerson Etheridge.....	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress.....	---	54 00
Roscoe Conkling.....	do.....do.....	---	50 00
John Bailey.....	Temporary clerk, office of House of Representatives, for February, 1860.....	---	50 00
Zach. Brown.....	Services as laborer in the folding-room of House of Representatives, from March 1, 1859, to March 1, 1860, 365 days, at \$2.....	730 00	150 00
	Deduct amount received during same time, at \$1 50 per day.....	---	
	Same for December, 1859.....	563 00	
Zach. Brown.....	Services as folder in the folding-room for December, 1859, at \$2 50.....	77 50	167 00
	Deduct pay received as laborer for same time, at \$1 50.....	46 50	
Ed. M. Thomas.....	Services as laborer for December, 1859.....	---	31 00
Thomas Martin.....	Laborer in the hall of the House of Representatives, January, 1860.....	---	46 50
John McNamara.....	Services as laborer from November 26 to December 5, 1859, 8 days, at \$1 50.....	---	46 50
		---	12 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Henry Douglass	Cleaning the mace of the Sergeant-at-arms.....	-----	\$3 00
Do.....	Laborer in the hall from February 1 to 10, 1860, at \$1 50	-----	15 00
B. M. McCoy.....	Laborers in the engine room, for March, in part—	-----	
R. H. Dyson	March 1 to 3	\$4 50	
	do.....	4 50	
A. Wilson	Erecting monuments in the Congressional burying ground to the memory of the following deceased members of the House of Representatives of the United States:	-----	9 00
Adams Express Company	Hon. Cyrus Spinck, Hon. J. G. Montgomery, and Hon. Wm. O. Goode	-----	300 00
L. J. Middleton	Expense on package to Speaker.....	-----	2 00
T. B. Tilden	578 bushels ice for House of Representatives to January 31, 1860, at 50 cents	-----	289 00
J. M. Lucas.....	5 copies of Colton's General Atlas	-----	75 00
	2,670 copies of Congressional Directory, 1st session, 36th Congress, at 25 cents each.....	-----	667 50
G. R. Barbour.....	Laborer from December 1, 1859, to January 5, 1860, 36 days, (miscellaneous).....	-----	54 00
P. B. Tompkins	Difference in salary under resolution of the House of Representatives March 3, 1857, between \$1,800 and \$2,160 per annum, for December, 1857	30 33	
	Difference in salary, under resolution as above, between \$1,800 and \$2,160 per annum for December, 1858	13 00	
B. R. Sulgrave	Indiana State Journal for 35th Congress, to—	-----	43 33
	Hon. S. Colfax.....	1 50	
	James Wilson.....	12 00	
	F. P. Blair	4 50	
W. C. Anderson.....	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	18 00
John A. Gilmer	do.....do.....	-----	39 50
Ed. H. Webster	do.....do.....	-----	46 00
Thomas Hardeman, jr.....	do.....do.....	-----	46 00
J. B. Burton	Services as folder from February 1 to 15, 1860, at \$2 50	37 50	50 00

Wm. McCoy	Less amount paid in former account	2 50	35 00
G. F. Adams	Wheeling coal, himself and four men, 33 days' work, at \$1 50		49 50
William Tudge, (mail boy)	Hauling 57 loads coal ashes from furnace, at 25 cents per load		14 25
J. F. Brandtz	March, 1859		50 00
James Bryan	Clerk to Committee of Elections, from February 9 to March 1, 1860, 21 days, at \$4		84 00
Thomas W. Jordan	Clerk to Committee on Public Lands, 14 days, from the 16th to the 29th of February, inclusive		56 00
C. Wendell	Clerk to Committee on Military Affairs, from the 11th to the 23d of February, 1860, 13 days		52 00
	Binding 12 vols. documents	10 00	
	12 hours' labor on Manual, &c	6 00	
	Binding in half Russia 501 vols. Annual Report on Foreign Commerce, at \$1	501 00	
	Ruling and binding 6-quire medium Document Register	12 00	
	8 alphabet indexes for same, at 25 cents	2 00	
	8 tags for same	2 00	
	Printing, ruling, and binding 8-quire super-royal Bill Book	36 00	
	4 tags for same	1 00	
	Ruling and binding 4-quire demy Stationery Account, 1st session 36th Congress	6 00	
	Binding 23 vols. documents for document room, at 75 cents	17 25	
	Lettering 246 vols. Constitution Manual, at 25 cents	61 50	
	Ruling and binding 4 2-quire cap indexes of Ex. Doc., Mis. Docs., &c, at 75 cents per quire	6 00	
	Backing and mounting 2 large maps of Kansas and Nebraska	15 00	
	Ruling and binding 5-quire demy index, half Russia	7 50	
	Ruling and binding 5-quire medium Detailed Statement	10 00	
	Ruling and binding 5-quire medium Ledger	10 00	
	Ruling and binding 3-quire medium Day Book	6 00	
	Ruling and binding 7-quire medium Petition Book	14 00	
	2 sets of tags for same	4 00	
	Ruling and binding 8-quire cap book	5 00	
	9 tags for same	2 25	
	9 alphabet indexes for same, at 25 cents	2 25	
	Binding 9 vols. Estimates for Committee of Ways and Means	6 75	
	Binding 4 vols. House Journal, 35th Congress	3 00	
	Cutting 1,500 each of 210 members' names, in all 315,000	61 31	
	Ruling and binding 4-quire cap Day Book	3 00	
	Binding 2 vols. Estimates of Appropriations	1 50	

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
C. Wendell—Continued.....	Ruling, faint and red, 100 blanks.....	\$0 50	\$834 31
	Binding 3 copies Estimates of Appropriations.....	2 25	
	Binding 2 vols. Intelligencer.....	6 00	
	Binding 2 vols. Constitution.....	6 00	
	Ruling 500 copies pay-roll.....	1 25	
C. Wendell.....	Binding in sheep 1,005 copies of Ex. Docs., vol. 6, quarto, 2d session 35th Congress, for use of members of the House of Representatives and executive departments.....	1,256 25	1,760 07
	Binding in sheep 993 copies of Ex. Docs., vol. 10, part 3, 2d session 35th Congress, for members and executive departments, at 50 cents.....	496 50	
	Binding in calf 12 copies of Ex. Docs., vol. 10, part 3, 2d session 35th Congress, for the office of the House of Representatives.....	7 32	
Willie H. Dunn.....	Pages, pay-roll for 12, from December 5, 1859, to February 6, 1860—	74 00	1,544 00
John Kearns.....	From January 1 to February 6, 1860.....	128 00	
Edward Burke.....	From December 5, 1859, to February 6, 1860.....	128 00	
John J. Cook.....	do.....	128 00	
William E. Golden.....	do.....	128 00	
Jesse E. Don.....	do.....	128 00	
G. W. Ketchum.....	do.....	128 00	
W. H. Watson.....	do.....	128 00	
Clarence Norval.....	do.....	128 00	
Homer Johnson.....	do.....	128 00	
F. Bowman Price.....	do.....	128 00	
John T. Gatewood.....	do.....	128 00	
John W. Albert.....	do.....	54 00	
	From December 5, 1859, to December 31, 1859.....		
	Folders, pay-roll for February, 1860—		
A. B. Reed.....	From February 14 to February 29, at \$3.....	48 00	
Samuel Phillips.....	29 days.....	72 50	

H. H. Clark.....	do	72 50
J. R. Zimmerman.....	do	72 50
A. P. Alcott.....	From February 15 to February 29, 1860.....	37 50
J. J. Harrison.....	do.....	37 50
Zach. Brown.....	29 days, at \$1 50.....	43 50
Stillman Moore.....	From February 15 to February 29, 1860.....	22 50
		406 50
William Worthington.....	Pages, pay-roll for eight, for a part of the session, beginning Dec. 5, 1859—	
Daniel W. Davis.....	From December 5 to February 6, 1860.....	128 00
James C. Allan.....	do.....	128 00
Edward Crosby.....	do.....	128 00
Robert O. Hotzman.....	do.....	128 00
James Bastianelli.....	From December 23 to February 6, 1860.....	92 00
Will. D. Todd.....	From December 5 to February 6, 1860.....	128 00
James H. Shaw.....	do.....	128 00
		988 00
William T. Dove & Co.....	For sundry gas and plumbing work and materials furnished—	
	44½ days for gas fitter, at \$3.....	132 75
	26½ days for assistant, at \$1 50.....	39 37
	73½ feet gas pipe, at 22 cents.....	16 26
	27 pieces of fittings, at 25 cents.....	6 75
	1 stop cock, at \$1 50; 2 minus, at 60 cents, \$1 20.....	2 70
	1 S. swing bracket.....	1 00
	½ day's labor.....	75
	11 gas torches, at \$1 50.....	16 50
	5 taper holders, at 25 cents.....	1 25
	3 boxes tapers, at 75 cents.....	2 25
	2 chandeliers, at \$12.....	24 00
	1 chandelier, \$75; 1 ditto, \$140.....	215 00
	6 globes, at \$1 50; 4 globe holders, at 25 cents.....	10 00
	1 flexible.....	9 00
	3 brass locks, at \$1 75.....	5 25
	1 plain closet basin.....	2 25
	1 9-inch basin.....	1 50
	3 blue closet basins, \$4 50; 1 brass basin plug, \$1.....	5 50
	Plated basin plug.....	1 75
	14 pounds putty, 88 cents; 1½ pound solder, at 35 cents, 53 cents.....	1 41
	2 pan closets.....	18 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
William T. Dove & Co.—Continued.....	35 feet galvanized chain, 25 cents.....	\$8 75	
	16 pounds lead pipe, at 10 cents.....	1 60	
	1 pillar cock, \$1 50; 2 dozen straps, at 75 cents.....	2 25	
	20 hooks, 40 cents; 2 dozen screws, 12 cents.....	52	
	12½ days plumber and assistant, at \$4 50.....	56 37	
	101 1-inch return iron band, at 80 cents.....	80 80	
	Tap for cutting screws.....	2 00	
	Repairing range and fixtures.....	42 00	
	17 feet casing pipe, at 60 cents.....	10 20	
	1 tin oil can.....	35 00	
	1 D. S. bracket.....	1 50	
	11 feet of pipe.....	2 42	
	3 fittings.....	66 66	
	Gas fitter, 1 day.....	3 00	
	1 6-light chandelier.....	20 00	
	Gas fitter, 1 day.....	3 00	\$783 19
James Henry.....	Stationery for the following members of the House of Representatives, 1st session 36th Congress—		
	A. J. Hamilton.....	10 00	
	W. Helmick.....	15 00	
	T. G. Davidson.....	10 00	35 00
G. W. Smith.....	Messenger in and about the hall of the House of Representatives, from February 20 to 27, 7 days.....		21 00
J. M. Barclay.....	Compensation as journal clerk of the House, by resolution of March 3, 1857, and the act of May 4, 1858, from March 1, 1859, to March 1, 1860, one year.....		340 00
Daniel Buck.....	For collating, correcting, and preparing for publication the list of appropriations made, new offices created, &c., 2d session 35th Congress, as required by the act of July 4, 1856, and authorized by resolution of the House of Representatives of March 3, 1857.....		360 00
James T. Hale.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		44 00

W. M. Ellis & Bro.....	For blacksmith's labor on bolts and nuts for engine room, 5 hours, at 50 cents, and 11½ pounds, at 4 cents.....	2 96	68 13
	53 grate bars, 1,530 pounds, at 3½ cents.....	53 55	27 00
	11 grate bars, 332 pounds, at 3½ cents.....	11 62	
S. De Camp.....	1 6-quire pay and mileage book for Sergeant-at-arms.....		
William Pettibone.....	Lettering and titling books for the House library, from November 21, 1859, to February 25, 1860, 2,739 gilt titles, at 25 cents.....	684 75	
	487 ink titles, at 6 cents.....	29 22	
Daniel Biddleman	Services folding documents, from February 13 to March 1, 16 days, at \$1 50 per day.....		713 97
Joseph S. Read.....	Services folding documents, at \$1,200 per annum, from February 18 to 29, 1860, inclusive.....		24 00
George Knapp & Co.....	Tri-weekly Missouri Republican, 6 months, to December 1, 1858, for Hon. C. L. Vallandigham.....		39 04
George Knapp & Co.....	Daily Missouri Republican, for Hon. J. B. Clark, from December 18, 1858, to March 18, 1859.....		2 50
George Knapp & Co.....	Daily Missouri Republican, for Hon. Fenner Ferguson, for one year, to December 1, 1859.....		2 50
George Knapp & Co.....	Daily Republican, for Hon. S. S. Marshall, from December 18, 1858, to December 18, 1859.....		10 00
R. W. Gillis	South Carolinian, for Hon. L. M. Keitt, 2d session 34th Congress.....		10 00
J. Medill.....	Press and Tribune, for Hon. S. Colfax.....	3 50	6 00
	Press and Tribune, for Hon. W. M. Dunn.....	4 00	
J. A. Bingham.....	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress.....		7 50
John Hickman	do.....do.....		31 00
C. B. Train	do.....do.....		42 00
Gales & Seaton.....	8 copies National Intelligencer, for use of the library and the offices of the House of Representatives, from January 1, 1859, to January 1, 1860.....		50 00
James C. Walker	Compensation as reading clerk, under the resolution of March 3, 1857, and act of May 4, 1858, from March 1, 1859, to March 1, 1860.....		80 00
C. W. Heydon	Repairing, cleaning, and winding clocks, viz: New main spring and cleaning clock for room No. 56..... New click spring to clock in the Speaker's room..... Cleaning and repairing clock for water metre in engine room..... New pendulum rod to clock in room of Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads. New click spring to clock in retiring room.....	7 50 2 50 5 00 3 50 2 50	360 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
C. W. Heydon—Continued.....	New pendulum rod and cleaning clock for Committee on Commerce.....	\$5 00	\$146 00
	Winding clocks from July 1, 1859, to January 1, 1860, at \$20 per month	120 00	35 00
J. Baumgarten	One engraved seal, on steel, for Committee on Commerce.....	-----	59 04
F. McCloskey	Services in the office of the Sergeant-at-arms, from December 5 to December 22, 1859, at \$3 28 per day.....	-----	68 00
Byron G. Daniels.....	Services as clerk to the Committee on Accounts, from February 13 to 29, 1860, 17 days, at \$4.....	-----	84 00
Samuel G. Nokes	Services as clerk to the Committee on Indian Affairs, from February 9 to March 1, 1860, 21 days, at \$4.....	-----	84 00
Ben Perley Poore	Services as clerk to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, from February 9 to March 1, 1860, 21 days	-----	50 00
W. F. Corbitt.....	Mail boy in the House post office, for March, 1859	-----	41 37
W. F. Corbitt.....	Mail boy in the House post office, from February 1 to 24, 1860, at \$50 per month	-----	
Lewis Graves	Compensation under a resolution of the House, passed March 9, 1860, as follows—		
	For difference of pay as superintendent of the folding-room from May 18 to 23, 1858, at the rate of \$1,800 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid.....	4 94	
	For difference of pay as "messenger in charge of the hall" from May 24 to September 30, 1858, at the rate of \$1,740 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid.....	226 64	
	For difference of pay as "messenger in charge of the hall" from December 5 to December 31, 1858, at the rate of \$1,740 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid	45 93	
	For difference of pay as "assistant superintendent document room" from January 1, 1859, to February 10, 1860, at \$4 80 per day, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid.....	730 80	
S. A. Cromwell.....	Hauling 318 extra loads public documents for members, from March 1 to the 11th of the same month, at 50 cents per load.....	-----	1,008 31
S. A. Cromwell.....	Hauling 360 loads public documents in December, 1859, at 50 cents.....	-----	159 00
		-----	180 00

S. A. Cromwell.....	Hauling 484 extra loads public documents from January 1 to February 9, 1860, at 50 cents per load.....	242 00
John Johnson.....	Laborer from November 27 to December 4, 8 days.....	12 00
Lewis Saunders.....	Laborer from November 27 to December 4, 8 days.....	12 00
Mary Thomas.....	Services in the ladies' retiring room from December 5, 1859, to February 29, 1860, at \$1 per day, 87 days.....	87 00
M. B. Brady.....	Photograph of Judge Cheevers, for Speaker's room.....	35 00
T. J. & W. M. Galt.....	100 tons white ash coal, at \$5 75.....	575 00
A. A. Burnham.....	Stationery for himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	35 12
C. Wendell.....	Binding Estimates of Appropriations for members of the House of Repre- sentatives: 86 copies, at 75 cents.....	64 50
	2 volumes Pacific Railroad.....	2 00
	1 volume Japan Expedition.....	4 00
Wm. H. Dimmick.....	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress.....	70 50
S. A. Lamborn.....	Compensation under resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 19, 1858, to Feb- ruary 9, 1860, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid, it being \$1 80 per day.....	50 00
	Laborers, pay-roll— For March, 1860.....	1,137 60
John Burns.....	do.....	46 50
J. De Saules.....	do.....	46 50
John Massey.....	do.....	46 50
Stillman Moores.....	do.....	46 50
Frank Saverns.....	do.....	46 50
David Fisher.....	do.....	46 50
Lewis Saunders.....	do.....	46 50
Ed. M. Thomas.....	do.....	46 50
John Johnson.....	do.....	46 50
John Costin.....	do.....	46 50
Levi Neal.....	do.....	46 50
H. W. Cosley.....	do.....	46 50
William Twine.....	do.....	46 50
A. A. Watts.....	Laborer in the hall of the House from February 1 to March 31, 1860, 60 days, at \$1 50.....	620 00
Thomas Martin.....	Laborer in the House of Representatives for February, 1860, 29 days.....	90 00
Thomas Martin.....	Laborer in the House of Representatives for March, 1860, 31 days.....	43 50
E. M. Thomas.....	Laborer from November 27 to December 4, 1859, 8 days, at \$1 50.....	46 50
		12 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Entwisle & Baum	Cutting and removing map case	\$4 50	\$16 00
Entwisle & Baum	Painting water closet	11 50	7 50
Elizabeth Costin	3 packing boxes, at \$2 50	-----	27 00
Elizabeth Costin	Washing 54 dozen towels for the office House of Representatives, three months ending November 30, at 50 cents	-----	31 75
Elizabeth Costin	Washing 63½ dozen towels for the office House of Representatives, three months ending November 30, at 50 cents	-----	60 00
J. C. Moores	Laborer in document room House of Representatives from February 21 to March 31, 1860, at \$1 50	-----	39 00
W. H. & O. H. Morrison	78 reams shoe paper	-----	-----
James Espy	Repairing 2 tables in eating-room	2 50	-----
James Espy	Repairing 16 benches in hall	4 00	-----
James Espy	Casing drawer of counter and desk Clerk's office	2 50	-----
James Espy	7 keys to Committee on Judiciary	7 00	-----
James Espy	8 keys to table in room Committee on Judiciary	2 00	-----
James Espy	4 keys to book-cases in room Committee on Judiciary	1 00	-----
James Espy	Easing door to book-cases in room Committee on Judiciary	1 00	-----
James Espy	New lock on door of storeroom	3 00	-----
James Espy	1 extra key to ditto	1 00	-----
James Espy	1 key to desk in Clerk's office	50	-----
James Espy	Repairing chair in Clerk's office	50	-----
James Espy	5 keys to committee room on Patents	5 00	-----
James Espy	3 lights glass in Doorkeeper's room	3 00	-----
James Espy	4 spittoons for House	2 00	35 00
M. W. Galt & Bros	Repairing mace House Representatives	-----	3 00
M. W. Galt & Bros	Stationery delivered Hon Jas. Wilson	-----	25 00
C. B. Cochrane	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	50 00
Wm. Parksedale	do	-----	47 00
J. A. Stewart	do	-----	47 00

G. Bailey			2 00	
"National Era" furnished to the following members of the 2d session				
35th Congress:				
Hon. John Sherman.....			4 00	
Charles Case.....			2 00	
J. A. Bingham.....			2 00	
A. H. Cragin.....			2 00	
J. R. Giddings.....			2 00	
G. A. Grow.....			2 00	
M. W. Tappan.....			2 00	
E. P. Walton.....			50	
S. Colfax.....			50	
17 00				
4 00				
2 00				
100 00				
100 00				
54 00				
368 00				
C. L. Wilson	"Chicago Evening Journal," for Hon. Wm. Kellogg, six months.....	46 00		
Walton Gardner.....	"Brockport Weekly Journal" for Hon. Davis Carpenter.....	46 00		
J. A. Shindell.....	Services, folding documents for March, 1860.....	46 00		
S. A. Power	Services, folding documents for March, 1860.....	46 00		
H. Louis Baugher.....	Page to Sergeant-at-arms from March 5 to 31, 1860, at \$2.....	46 00		
Pages, pay-roll—				
For February, 1860.....				
A. W. Moise	do.....	46 00		
Aug. F. Potts	do.....	46 00		
Wm. H. Dunn.....	do.....	46 00		
Daniel W. Davis.....	do.....	46 00		
John W. Albert.....	do.....	46 00		
T. F. Jewell.....	do.....	46 00		
John C. Tompkins.....	do.....	46 00		
Richard G. Olcott.....	do.....	46 00		
Pages, pay-roll—				
For March, 1860.....				
John N. Moulder	do.....	62 00		
E. Stanly Schreiner	do.....	62 00		
M. E. Hall.....	do.....	62 00		
Edmund Burke	do.....	62 00		
John E. Pillsbury.....	do.....	62 00		
James L. Coombs	do.....	62 00		
William D. Todd	do.....	62 00		
Wm. Phipps.....	do.....	62 00		
Wm. A. Gattey.....	do.....	62 00		
George Capron.....	do.....	62 00		
Albert J. Parrish.....	do.....	62 00		

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
A. W. Moise	Pages, pay-roll—Continued.	\$62 00	
Aug. F. Potts	For March, 1860	62 00	
Wm. H. Dunn	do	62 00	
Daniel W. Davis	do	62 00	
John W. Albert	do	62 00	
Theo. F. Jewell	do	62 00	
John C. Tompkins	do	62 00	
Richard G. Olcott	do	62 00	
William A. Linton	do	62 00	
			\$1,240 00
Wm. Tudge	Temporary mail boys, pay-roll—	50 00	
Thomas J. Lucas	For March, 1860	50 00	
	do		100 00
Samuel Lee	Mail boys, pay-roll—	75 00	
A. G. Myers	For March, 1860	75 00	
	do		
Wm. Hartough	Messenger in the south wing, March, 1860		150 00
	Capitol police, pay-roll—		125 00
C. W. C. Dunnington	For March, 1860	72 50	
A. R. Arnold	do	45 84	
Samuel J. Johnson	do	45 84	
James T. Ball	do	45 84	
Wm. H. Thompson	do	45 84	
Thomas C. Wells	do	45 84	
Richard D. Slater	do	45 84	
Fred. Fritz	do	45 84	
Francis Reilly	do	45 84	
John P. Hamilton	do	45 84	
James S. Magee	do	45 84	

Michael French.....	do.....	45 84
Geo. T. Smallwood.....	do.....	45 84
John N. Crockwell.....	do.....	45 84
Jeremiah Boyd.....	do.....	33 34
Julius Bien.....	Engraving, &c., transferring and printing maps for the Coast Survey Report of 1858, viz:	701 76
	Map No. 4, printing 1,530 copies, at \$2 25.....	34 42
	Map No. 14, printing 1,530 copies, at \$1 50.....	22 98
	Map No. 18, printing 1,530 copies, at \$2.....	30 60
	Map No. 23, printing 1,530 copies, at \$1 75.....	26 78
Geo. H. Chapman.....	Temporary clerks, pay-roll—	
Wm. Averill.....	For March, 1860.....	150 00
John R. Briggs, jr.....	do.....	150 00
	do.....	150 00
	Land map clerks, pay-roll—	450 00
A. R. Parker.....	For March, 1860.....	180 00
Wm. Addison.....	do.....	150 00
James Peacock.....	do.....	150 00
Moses E. Flanagan.....	do.....	150 00
Geo. Chipman.....	do.....	150 00
Rufus Prentice.....	do.....	150 00
Geo. C. Baker.....	do.....	150 00
H. W. Snyder.....	do.....	30 00
James E. Mendenhall.....	Clerk to Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads from February 20 to March 31, 1860, 40 days, at \$4.....	1,110 00
Joseph J. Coombs.....	Clerk to Committee on Military Affairs from February 24 to March 31, 1860, 37 days, at \$4.....	160 00
D. W. C. Jarvis.....	Clerk to Committee on the Territories for March, 1860, 31 days, at \$4.....	148 00
B. G. Daniels.....	Clerk to Committee on Accounts for March, 1860, 31 days, at \$4.....	124 00
J. W. Moorhead.....	Clerk to Committee on Public Lands for March, 1860, 31 days, at \$4.....	124 00
John T. Brandtz.....	Clerk to Committee of Elections for March, 1860, 31 days, at \$4.....	124 00
James G. Nokes.....	Clerk to Committee on Indian Affairs for March, 1860, 31 days, at \$4.....	124 00
Josiah H. Hobbs.....	Clerk to Judiciary Committee from March 5 to March 31, 1860, at \$4 per day, 27 days.....	124 00
		108 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
George Harrington.....	Clerk to Committee on Commerce, from March 5 to March 31, 1860, at \$4 per day, 27 days.....		\$108 00
Isaac Entwisle.....	Engineers, &c., pay-roll—	\$125 00	
Felix McCloskey.....	For March, 1860.....	100 00	
D. A. McElhone.....	do.....	100 00	
Joseph Mansfield.....	do.....	62 00	
Thomas Hunt.....	do.....	62 00	
Sylvester Adams.....	do.....	62 00	
William Sanderson.....	do.....	42 00	
William Mooney.....	do.....	42 00	595 00
James C. Allen.....	Compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, &c., for a fraction of the quarter ending March 31, 1860 :		
John W. Forney.....	To February 3, 1860.....	36 26	
John F. Carter.....	February 4 to March 31, 1860.....	563 74	
P. Barry Hays.....	To February 3, 1860.....	21 76	
John M. Barclay.....	February 4 to March 31, 1860.....	338 24	
Daniel Buck.....	To March 31, 1860.....	360 00	
Thomas D'K. Harris.....	do.....	300 00	
James C. Walker.....	do.....	300 00	
W. K. Mehafty.....	do.....	300 00	
David A. Carter.....	do.....	77 47	
Richard U. Sherman.....	To February 15, 1860.....	222 53	
William H. Minnix.....	February 16 to March 31, 1860.....	77 47	
Phin. B. Tompkins.....	To February 15, 1860.....	222 53	
Simeon D. Reynolds.....	February 16 to March 31, 1860.....	18 13	
S. C. Boynton.....	To February 3, 1860.....	178 02	
James B. Sheridan.....	February 4 to March 10, 1860.....	103 85	
Mordecai P. Bean.....	March 11 to March 31, 1860.....	32 96	
George W. Pearce.....	To February 6, 1860.....	267 04	
	February 7 to March 31, 1860.....		

John Kitchell.....do.....	To February 6, 1860.....	32 96
John Bussing.....do.....	February 7 to March 31, 1860.....	267 04
James S. Holland.....do.....	To February 17, 1860.....	87 36
Isaac Strohm.....do.....	February 18 to March 31, 1860.....	212 64
Singleton B. Allen.....do.....	To February 13, 1860.....	67 58
Rezin J. Bennett.....do.....	February 14 to March 31, 1860.....	232 42
Andrew R. Potts.....librarian.....	To February 17, 1860.....	87 36
Calvin C. Chaffee.....do.....	February 18 to March 31, 1860.....	212 64
Charles F. Cone.....chief messenger.....	To February 4, 1860.....	19 20
John W. Jones.....do.....	February 5 to March 31, 1860.....	268 80
John Missimer.....messenger.....	To February 17, 1860.....	58 24
A. Jordan Swartz.....do.....	February 18 to March 31, 1860.....	141 76
Fred. Emmerich.....do.....	To March 31, 1860.....	200 00
Wein Forney.....do.....	February 1 to March 31, 1860.....	199 80
Robert Cochran, clerk to Committee of Ways and Means.....	To March 31, 1860.....	300 00
Alexander H. Evans, clerk to Committee of Claims.....	do.....	300 00
Thaddeus Morrice, messenger to Speaker.....	do.....	288 00
Adam J. Glossbrenner, Sergeant-at-arms.....	To February 6, 1860.....	39 56
Henry W. Hoffman.....do.....	February 7 to March 31, 1860.....	320 44
William G. Flood, clerk to.....do.....	To March 4, 1860.....	166 48
James W. Clayton.....do.....	March 5 to March 31, 1860.....	133 52
Christopher Cole, messenger to do.....	To February 6, 1860.....	21 98
James P. Wright.....do.....	February 7 to March 31, 1860.....	178 02
Michael W. Cluskey.....postmaster.....	To February 9, 1860.....	57 36
Josiah M. Lucas.....do.....	February 10 to March 31, 1860.....	302 64
William H. Thomas.....ass't postmaster.....	To February 9, 1860.....	46 21
Edwin T. Bridges.....do.....	February 10 to March 31, 1860.....	243 79
William C. Carr.....messenger.....	To February 10, 1860.....	42 20
George A. Bassett.....do.....	February 11 to March 31, 1860.....	197 80
John Morgan.....do.....	To February 15, 1860.....	61 98
John L. Lake.....do.....	February 16 to March 31, 1860.....	178 02
James Henry.....do.....	To February 29, 1860.....	117 36
James S. Read.....do.....	March 1 to March 31, 1860.....	122 64
Patrick McDevitt.....do.....	To February 15, 1860.....	61 98
Fred. A. Soule.....do.....	February 16 to March 31, 1860.....	178 02
James L. Wright.....doorkeeper.....	To February 6, 1860.....	36 30
Geo. Marston.....do.....	February 7 to March 31, 1860.....	296 70

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Zadoc W. McKnew...sup't folding room.	To February 29, 1860.....	\$122 75	
James M. Levering	March 1 to March 31, 1860.....	127 75	
Samuel H. Lamborn...sup't doc. room..	February 1 to February 9, 1860.....	27 00	
A. J. Larner	February 10 to March 31, 1860.....	153 00	
James B. Ezell	February 1 to March 31, 1860.....	180 00	
Lewis Evans...assistant sup't doc. room..	February 1 to February 10, 1860.....	30 00	
Thos. Blagen.....	February 11 to February 29, 1860.....	57 00	
H. G. Russ.....	March 1 to March 31, 1860.....	93 00	
Jared Dodd	February 1 to February 8, 1860.....	24 00	
Ira Goodnow.....	February 9 to March 31, 1860.....	156 00	
Alfred D. Simms...messenger in the hall.	February 1 to February 7, 1860.....	21 00	
Nathan Darling	February 8 to March 31, 1860.....	159 00	
Samuel McJunkin	February 1 to February 13, 1860.....	39 00	
David Paul Brown.....	February 14 to March 31, 1860.....	141 00	
Darius Truesdell.....	February 1 to March 31, 1860.....	180 00	
Theo. Blague.....	March 1 to March 31, 1860.....	93 00	
Peter Goodmanson	February 1 to February 8, 1860.....	24 00	
William Allen.....	February 9 to March 31, 1860.....	156 00	
Washington Tilley.....	February 1 to February 11, 1860.....	33 00	
Roswell H. Stevens	February 12 to March 31.....	147 00	
Fred. C. Arnold.....	February 1 to February 11, 1860.....	33 00	
L. A. Lyon	February 12 to March 31, 1860.....	147 00	
John Loller.....	February 1 to February 11, 1860.....	33 00	
Henry Bradshaw.....	February 12 to February 29, 1860.....	54 00	
Thornton Triplett	February 1 to February 27, 1860.....	81 00	
William A. Moore.....	February 28 to March 31, 1860.....	99 00	
Fountain Perry.....	February 1 to February 17, 1860.....	51 00	
Benj. Stainsby.....	February 18 to March 31, 1860.....	129 00	
Frank Wright.....	February 1 to February 24, 1860.....	72 00	
H. S. M. Farnum.....	February 25 to March 31, 1860.....	108 00	
William P. Bell.....	February 1 to February 8, 1860.....	24 00	
M. C. Gritzner	February 9 to March 31, 1860.....	156 00	

Anderson Hill.....do.....	February 1 to March 31, 1860.....	180 00	
Robt. B. Jarvis.....do.....	February 1 to February 9, 1860.....	27 00	
Joshua Howard.....do.....	February 10 to March 31, 1860.....	153 00	
Felix McCloskey.....do.....	February 1 to February 13, 1860.....	39 00	
Hugh Young.....do.....	February 14 to March 31, 1860.....	141 00	
George Murphy.....do.....	February 1 to February 8, 1860.....	24 00	
Wm. Coppemoll.....do.....	February 9 to March 31, 1860.....	156 00	
James Owner.....do.....	February 1 to February 7, 1860.....	21 00	
William S. Coffin.....do.....	February 8 to March 31, 1860.....	159 00	
Benj Pritchard.....do.....	February 1 to February 10, 1860.....	30 00	
John P. Einsfield.....do.....	February 11 to March 31, 1860.....	150 00	
James L. Reilly.....do.....	February 1 to February 8, 1860.....	24 00	
Chas. C. Casey.....do.....	February 9 to March 31, 1860.....	156 00	
Wm. D. Latshaw.....do.....	February 1 to February 9, 1860.....	27 00	
John H. Thompson.....do.....	February 10 to March 31, 1860.....	153 00	
J. D. B. Littell.....do.....	February 1 to March 31, 1860.....	180 00	
Lawrence L. Minor.....do.....	February 1 to February 29, 1860.....	87 00	
Nathan Miller.....do.....	March 1 to March 31, 1860.....	93 00	
Thos. W. Phipps.....	Services folding documents, from February 13 to March 31, 1860, 48 days, at \$3.....		\$14, 246 80
Joseph P. Allyn.....	Services as clerk on land maps, resolution of May 4, 1848, for March, 1860.....		144 00
Herman Kreisman.....	Services as clerk on land maps, resolution of May 4, 1848, from March 19 to 31, 1860, 13 days.....		150 00
Ben Perley Poore.....	Services as clerk to Committee of Foreign Affairs, for March, 1860.....		64 28
James Parker.....	Services as clerk to Committee on Invalid Pensions, from March 10 to April 10, 31 days.....		124 00
C. H. Brainard.....	Services as clerk to Committee on Invalid Pensions, from February 10 to March 10, 1860, inclusive.....		124 00
Robert Hatton.....	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress.....		120 00
H. C. Longnecker.....	do.....do.....		50 00
Francis M. Bristow.....	do.....do.....		50 00
J. J. Perry.....	do.....do.....		47 00
W. B. Stokes.....	do.....do.....		43 00
Shelton F. Leake.....	do.....do.....		41 00
R. B. Brabson.....	do.....do.....		39 00
Robert Mallory.....	do.....do.....		37 00
M. J. Parrott.....	do.....do.....		28 50
Miles Taylor.....	do.....do.....		25 00
E. Cowles & Co.....	Newspaper for Hon. J. R. Giddings, "Morning Leader".....		5 00
			1 50

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
O. D. Ambrose	Page in House of Representatives, from Dec. 6 to 22, 1859, inclusive, 18 days.....	-----	\$36 00
Samuel Torbert	Carting 237 loads of documents, from February 10 to 29, 1860, at 50 cents.....	-----	136 50
John Smith	Messengers, pay-roll—	\$93 00	
L. L. Minor	For March, 1860.....	93 00	186 00
Wm. Jones, postmaster.....	do.....	-----	
J. R. Cunningham	Excess postage on letters and packages addressed to members of the House of	-----	115 58
Mary Thomas	Representatives, from March 4 to December 31, 1859.....	-----	7 50
Wm. Ballantyne.....	1 copy Worcester's large Dictionary, half morocco.....	-----	31 00
Browning & Keating.....	Services in ladies' retiring room, March, 1860.....	-----	10 00
	100 Union prayer meeting hymn books.....	-----	
	6 pounds patent sperm candles, at 60 cents.....	3 60	
	72 pounds box soap, at 9 cents.....	6 48	
	75 pounds box E. sal. soda, at 6 cents.....	4 50	
	18 pounds box palm soap, at 25 cents	4 50	
Sibley & Guy.....	3 files, at 25 cents, 75 cents; 3 files, at 31½ cents, 94 cents.....	1 69	19 08
	1 brass round rule.....	1 00	
Samuel Coomes.....	Sweeping and attending room occupied by draughtsmen and clerks on land	-----	2 69
Samuel Coomes.....	maps, at \$4 per month, 10 months, March to December, 1859.....	-----	40 00
Franck Taylor.....	Sweeping and attending room occupied by draughtsmen and clerks on land	-----	
	maps, 3 months, January, February, and March, 1860	-----	12 00
	1 Encyclopædia Britannica, vol. 17.....	5 50	
	Do.....vol. 18.....	5 50	
D. Tilton	1 copy Webster's large Dictionary for Speaker's room, turkey binding.....	7 00	11 00
	1 ditto for Committee of Elections	6 50	
A. A. Watts.....	Services as laborer in hall of House of Representatives, from April 1 to 7, 1860..	-----	13 50
John Burns.....	Services as laborer in hall of House of Representatives, from April 1 to 7	-----	10 50
Andrew Bain.....	Services as laborer in House library, Feb. 4 to March 31, 1860, at \$1 50, 57 days..	-----	10 50
		-----	85 50

P. Donnelly.....	Services as laborer in folding-room, at \$1 50 per day, January, 1860.....	46 50
M. W. Hawkes.....	6 days' service in folding-room of House of Representatives, April 1 to 6, 1860, inclusive, at \$3.....	18 00
H. Reed.....	Services folding documents, April 1 to 10, 1860.....	15 00
Henry Bradshaw.....	Services folding documents for March, 1860.....	100 00
Hinton & Teel.....	37½ yards blue cloth, at \$3, (tables).....	82 50
W. D. Brayton.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	44 32
Martin Butterfield.....	do.....	44 25
J. B. Haskin.....	do.....	43 29
Aug. Frank.....	do.....	36 11
W. H. Dimmick.....	do.....	33 65
R. Mallory.....	do.....	33 61
W. B. Stokes.....	do.....	33 54
J. H. Graham.....	do.....	32 74
F. M. Bristow.....	do.....	32 53
S. M. Burroughs.....	do.....	25 25
Franck Taylor.....	24 boxes Perry's pens.....	12 00
	1 French gold pen.....	3 00
R. B. Brabson.....	Stationery for himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	15 00
William T. Dove & Co.....	Gas fitting materials, &c., as follows:	26 40
	5½ feet casing pipe, at 60 cents, \$3 05; 6 feet gas pipe, at 22 cents, \$1 32; gas fitter, 1 day, \$3.....	7 37
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50; laborer, ½ day, 63 cents.....	5 13
	14 feet gas pipe, at 22 cents, \$3 08; 3 fittings, at 25 cents, 75 cents; gas fitter, 1 day, \$3; assistant, ½ day, 75 cents.....	7 58
	Gas fitter and assistant, ½ day, \$2 25; 10 pounds solder, at 35 cents, \$3 50; plumber and assistant, ½ day, \$1 13.....	6 88
	Plumber and assistant, stopping leak in water pipe, ½ day.....	2 25
	10 1-inch L, at 30 cents, \$3; 1 1-inch reducing T, 40 cents.....	3 40
	1½ union, 75 cents; 1 flexible, \$6.....	6 75
	3 1-inch L, at 30 cents, 90 cents; 2 pounds solder, 70 cents; plumber and assistant, ½ day, \$2 25.....	3 85
	1 1-inch T, 50 cents; 2 1-inch plugs, at 30 cents, 60 cents.....	1 10
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50.....	9 00
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$2 25; 16 feet casing pipe, at 60 cents, \$9 60; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50.....	16 35
	2 gas fitters, ½ day, \$3; 2 assistants, ½ day, \$1 50.....	4 50
	1 14-inch wash basin, \$2 50; plumber and assistant, ½ day, \$2 25.....	4 75

A--Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
William T. Dove & Co.—Continued.....	Gas fitter, $\frac{1}{4}$ day, 75 cents; 8 cut glass globes, at \$1, \$8; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50.....	\$13 25	
	Gas fitter, $\frac{3}{4}$ day, \$2 25; 1 assistant, $\frac{1}{2}$ day, 75 cents.....	3 00	
	1,010 lbs lead pipe, at 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents, \$126 25; 39 lbs. solder, at 35 cents, \$13 65..	139 90	
	4 lbs. block tin, at 45 cts., \$1 80; 6 doz. pair sags, at \$1, \$6; 2 doz. hooks, \$1.	8 80	
	2 gross screws, at 63 cents, \$1 26; plumber and assistant, $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$2 25.....	3 51	
	503 lbs. lead pipe, at 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents, \$62 87; 10 lbs. solder, at 35 cents, \$3 50.....	66 37	
	1 $\frac{3}{4}$ compression bibb, \$3 50; 5 plumbers, 3 days, 15 days, at \$3, \$45	48 50	
	4 assistants, 3 days, 12 days, at \$1 50.....	18 00	
	1 doz. clamps, 75 cts; 2 doz. screws, 12 cts.; plumber and assistant, $\frac{3}{4}$ day, \$3 38.	4 25	
	Plumber and assistant, $\frac{1}{4}$ day, \$1 13; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50.....	5 63	
	8 hooks, 40 cents; gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{3}{4}$ day, \$3 38.....	3 78	
	Gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{1}{4}$ day, \$1 13; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50.....	5 63	
	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet gas pipe, at 22 cts, \$2 50; 2 bushings, 50 cts.; gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$2 25.....	5 25	
	2 pounds solder, at 35 cents, 70 cents; plumber and assistant, $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$2 25.....	2 95	
	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet gas pipe, at 22 cts., 95 cts; 5 fittings, \$1 25; gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$2 25.....	4 45	
	Plumber and assistant, $\frac{1}{4}$ day.....	1 13	
	8 blind caps, \$1; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50.....	5 50	
	2 S. S. brackets, at \$1	2 00	
	1 1-light pendant, \$1 25; 25 feet gas pipe, \$5 50; 7 fittings, at 25 cts, \$1 75..	8 50	
	1 plug, 25 cents; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50.....	4 75	
	11 inches gas pipe, 20 cents; 4 fittings, \$1; 1 large cut globe, \$1 25.....	2 45	
	Gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{3}{4}$ day, \$3 38; gas fitter, 1 day, \$3.....	6 38	
	1 arm for large chandelier, \$7; gas fitter, 1 day, \$3.....	10 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{3}{4}$ day.....	3 38	
	Do.....do.....	3 38	
	49 feet gas pipe, at 22 cents, \$10 78; 6 fittings, at 25 cents, \$1 50.....	12 28	
	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch union, 60 cents; 1 2-light pendant, \$2 25.....	2 85	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50; gas fitter, $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$1 50	6 00	
	28 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet gas pipe, at 22 cents, \$6 29; 6 fittings, \$1 50; 1 blind cap, 25 cents..	8 04	

Jas. B. Smith.....	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50; gas fitter, $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$1 50.....	6 00
	1 6-light chandelier, \$20; 3 feet casing pipe, at 60 cents, \$1 80.....	21 80
	6 glass globes, at \$1, \$6; 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet gas pipe, at 22 cents, 99 cents.....	6 99
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50; 1 flexible, \$9.....	13 50
	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet extra rubber Suby.....	75
	1 tin shade, \$1 25; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50.....	5 75
	6 $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch L, at 25 cts., \$1 50; 4 nipples, \$1; 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ brass pipe, at 40 cts., \$2 20.....	4 70
	2 $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch T.....	50
	1 flexible, \$5; 1 tin shade, \$1 25.....	6 25
	Plumber and assistant, 1 day.....	4 50
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4 50; gas fitter, $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$1 50.....	6 00
	1 curved gas torch and key.....	1 50
	10 feet gas pipe, at 22 cents, \$2 20; 6 fittings, at 25 cents, \$1 50.....	3 70
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day.....	4 50
	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet brass pipe, at 40 cents, \$1 80; 1 fitting, 25 cents.....	2 05
	1 stiff joint, 25 cents; 1 drop T, 25 cents; gas fitter and assistant, one day, \$4 50.....	5 00
	Gas fitter and assistant, one day.....	4 50
		\$586 81
	The following articles for folding-room—	
	1,100 pounds binders' board, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents.....	71 50
	314 reams Manilla paper, 19 by 24, \$2 40.....	753 60
	100.....do.....24 by 27, \$2 85.....	285 00
	1,034 $\frac{1}{2}$ M. speech envelopes, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 3 $\frac{1}{4}$, \$3 50.....	3,620 75
	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ M. newspaper envelopes, 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ and 3 $\frac{1}{4}$, \$3 50.....	127 75
	102 M. speech envelopes, \$3 50.....	357 00
	301 $\frac{1}{2}$ M.....do.....\$3 50.....	1,055 25
	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ M. newspaper envelopes, \$3 50.....	127 75
		6,398 60
Samuel McJunkin.....	Compensation as assistant superintendent of document room, resolution March 9, 1860, from May 18 to September 30, 1858, at \$4 instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	244 80
	Compensation as assistant superintendent of document room, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 5 to December 31, 1858, at \$4 80 instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	46 80
	Compensation as messenger, from January 1, 1859, to February 13, 1860, at the rate of \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	454 32
Jared Dodd.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18 to September 30, 1858, at the rate of \$1,500 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid.....	148 31
		745 92

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Jared Dodd—Continued	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from December 6 to December 31, 1858, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid	\$6 98	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from January 1, 1859, to February 8, 1860, at \$1,500 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid	448 71	\$603 80
Peter Goodmanson	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18 to September 30, 1858, at \$1,200 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid	37 05	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from October 1, 1858, to February 8, 1860, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	547 71	584 76
Zadock McKnew	Compensation as superintendent of folding-room of House of Representatives, resolution of March 9, 1860, at the rate of \$1,800 per annum, instead of \$1,500 per annum, as paid .....	.....	
Jas. B. Gazell	Compensation as messenger in House of Representatives, resolution of March 9, 1860, from December 6, 1858, to January 11, 1859, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	10 44	
	Compensation as messenger in House of Representatives, resolution of March 9, 1860, from January 12, 1859, to February 8, 1860, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	435 88	
	Compensation as messenger in House of Representatives, resolution of March 9, 1860, from February 9, 1860, to March 31, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	15 43	
			461 75
James L. Reilly	Compensation as messenger in House of Representatives, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18, 1858, to September 30, 1858, at the rate of \$1,500 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid	148 31	
	Compensation as messenger in House of Representatives, resolution of March 9, 1860, from December 6, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at the same rate	100 31	
	Compensation as messenger in House of Representatives, resolution of March 9, 1860, from December 5, 1859, to February 8, 1860, at the same rate	72 76	321 38

Thornton Triplett.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from June 15 to December 31, 1858, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	215 93	281 14
	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from July 1, 1859, to February 27, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	65 21	
Michael French	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from June 15, 1858, to January 11, 1859, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	228 76
Washington Tilley.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from May 18 to June 14, 1858, at \$1,200 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid.....	8 30	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from October 1, 1858, to February 11, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	141 46	
Fred C. Arnold.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from January 9, 1859, to February 11, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	149 76
James Owner.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from May 18, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid.....	81 71	117 46
	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 5, 1859, to February 7, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	18 31	
William P. Bell	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from May 18 to September 30, 1858, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	37 05	100 02
	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 6, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	27 44	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 5, 1859, to February 8, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day.....	18 61	
Thomas J. Dement.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from May 26 to September 30, 1858, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	34 68	83 10
	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 6, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	27 44	
Anderson Hill.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 5, 1859, to March 31, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	62 12
J. D. B. Littell.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from January 24 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	34 04
Robert B. Jarvis.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 5, 1859, to February 9, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	20 18
		-----	18 91

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Felix McCloskey	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 23, 1859, to February 13, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	\$15 40
Byron Ballard	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from Dec. 5, 1859, to Jan. 23, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	13 86
James F. Moore	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from May 18, 1858, to June 14, 1858, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	8 30
W. H. Dunn	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 5 to 31, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	-----	7 04
J. Bastianelli.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 5 to December 22, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	4 70
Nathan Darling.....	Compensation as messenger in charge of hall, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 8 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,740 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	-----	94 35
And. J. Larner.....	Compensation as superintendent document room, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 10 to March 31, 1860, at \$4 80 per day, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	91 80
H. G. Rust.....	Compensation as assistant superintendent document room, resolution March 9, 1860, at \$4 80 per day, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	55 80
Ira Goodnow.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 9 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	-----	58 29
Chas. C. Casey.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 9 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	-----	58 29
Wm. Coppernoll.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 9, 1860, to March 31, 1860, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	58 29
David P. Brown	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from Feb'y 14 to March 31, 1860, at the rate of \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	52 68
Theodore Blagree.....	Compensation as assistant superintendent document room, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 11 to March 29, 1860, at \$4 80 per day, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	-----	
	Compensation as messenger from March 1 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	\$34 20	
		9 20	43 40

H. S. M. Farnum	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 25 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	40 35
James M. Lovering	Compensation as superintendent folding-room, resolution March 9, 1860, from March 1 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,800 per annum, instead of \$1,500 per annum, as paid	25 55
George Marston	Compensation as Doorkeeper House of Representatives, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 7 to March 31, 1860, at \$2,160 per annum, instead of \$2,000 per annum, as paid	23 74
L. L. Miner	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from January 1 to February 29, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	17 80
William Allen	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 9 to March 31, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	15 43
Joshua Howard	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 16 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	15 13
John H. Thompson	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 10 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	15 13
John P. Einsfield	Compensation as messenger in the hall House of Representatives, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 11 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	14 84
Roswell H. Stevens	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 12 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	14 54
L. A. Lyon	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 12 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	14 54
Hugh Young	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 14 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	13 95
Benjamin Stainsby	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 18 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	12 76
W. A. Moore	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 28 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	9 79
Nathan Miller	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from March 1 to March 31, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	9 20
Henry Bradshaw	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from February 12 to February 29, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	5 34
Alfred D. Simms	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18 to December 31, 1858, at \$1,500 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid	247 31
	Compensation as "messenger in charge of the hall," resolution March 9, 1860, from January 1, 1859, to February 7, 1860, at the rate of \$1,740 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day, as paid	712 65
		959 96

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Frank Wright.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from August 1, 1859, to February 24, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day	-----	\$56 23
C. H. Hudgins.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18 to June 14, 1858, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	\$8 30	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from December 6, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	27 44	
W. G. Coffin.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from February 8 to March 31, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	-----	35 74
John C. Back.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from December 5, 1859, to January 17, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, in lieu of \$3 per day.....	-----	15 73
Thomas L. Anderson.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	12 08
L. C. Carter.....	do.....do.....do.....do.....	-----	50 00
William Kellogg.....	do.....do.....do.....do.....	-----	50 00
B. F. Junkin.....	do.....do.....do.....do.....	-----	46 00
J. L. M. Ourry.....	do.....do.....do.....do.....	-----	25 50
J. L. Elliott.....	Newspapers, "New York Observer," 1st session 36th Congress: Hon. L. M. Keitt.....	2 50	5 00
	D. E. Sickles	2 50	4 70
J. L. M. Curry.....	Newspapers, 2d session 36th Congress	-----	4 00
Bondurant, Elliott & Shields.....	"Richmond Whig" for Hon. W. B. Stokes.....	-----	2 50
Waldron, Little & Co.....	"Portland Advertiser" for J. J. Perry	-----	45 00
J. M. Leach.....	Stationery for himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	34 48
Cyrus Aldrich	do.....do.....do.....do.....	-----	27 09
Robert Hatton.....	do.....do.....do.....do.....	-----	25 17
George B. Cooper.....	do.....do.....do.....do.....	-----	23 57
Wm. Allen.....	do.....do.....do.....do.....	-----	
John Cassin	Transferring and printing charts for Coast Survey Report of 1858, viz: Chart No. 9, printing 1,530 copies, at \$1 per 100.....	15 30	
	Chart No. 25, printing 1,530 copies, at \$2 75 per 100.....	42 07	57 37

George T. Whittington.....	Services in document room from February 9 to March 31, 1860, 51 days, at \$3.....	153 00
S. A. Power.....	Services in the office of the House of Representatives for April, 1860.....	100 00
J. N. Moulder.....	Pages, pay-roll—	
E. Stanley Schreiner.....	For April, 1860.....	60 00
Martin E. Hall.....	do.....	60 00
Edmund Burke.....	do.....	60 00
John E. Pillsbury.....	do.....	60 00
Joseph L. Coombs.....	do.....	60 00
William D. Todd.....	do.....	60 00
William M. Phipps.....	do.....	60 00
William A. Gattey.....	do.....	60 00
George Capron.....	do.....	60 00
Albert J. Parrish.....	do.....	60 00
A. Wellborn Moire.....	do.....	60 00
Augustus F. Potts.....	do.....	60 00
William H. Dunn.....	do.....	60 00
Daniel W. Davis.....	do.....	60 00
John W. Albert.....	do.....	60 00
Theodore F. Jewell.....	do.....	60 00
John C. Tompkins.....	do.....	60 00
Richard G. Olcott.....	do.....	60 00
William A. Linton.....	do.....	60 00
William Tudge.....	Temporary mail boys, pay-roll—	1,200 00
Thomas J. Lucas.....	For April, 1860.....	50 00
	do.....	50 00
A. G. Myers.....	Mail boys, pay-roll—	100 00
Samuel Lee.....	For April, 1860.....	75 00
	do.....	75 00
William Hartough.....	Messenger in the south wing of the Capitol extension for April.....	150 00
	Engineers, pay-roll—	125 00
Isaac Entwistle.....	For April, 1860.....	125 00
Felix McCloskey.....	do.....	100 00
Dennis A. McElhone.....	do.....	100 00
Joseph Mansfield.....	do.....	60 00
Thomas Hunt.....	do.....	60 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Sylvester Adams.....	Engineers, pay roll—		
William Sanderson.....	For April, 1860.....	\$60 00	
William Mooney.....	do.....	45 00	
	do.....	45 00	
			\$595 00
C. W. C. Dunnington.....	Capitol police, pay-roll—		
A. K. Arnold.....	For April, 1860.....	72 50	
Samuel J. Johnson.....	do.....	45 83	
James T. Ball.....	do.....	45 83	
William H. Thompson.....	do.....	45 83	
Thomas C. Wells.....	do.....	45 83	
Richard D. Slater.....	do.....	45 83	
Fred. Fritz.....	do.....	45 83	
Francis Reilly.....	do.....	45 83	
John P. Hamlin.....	do.....	45 83	
Michael French.....	do.....	45 83	
George F. Smallwood.....	do.....	45 83	
James S. Magee.....	do.....	45 83	
John N. Crockwell.....	do.....	45 83	
Jeremiah Boyd.....	do.....	33 33	
			701 62
George H. Chapman.....	Temporary clerks, pay-roll—		
William Averill.....	For April, 1860.....	150 00	
John R. Briggs, jr.....	do.....	150 00	
	do.....	150 00	
J. H. Hobbs.....	Services as clerk to Committee on Judiciary for April, 1860.....		450 00
B. G. Daniels.....	Services as clerk to Committee on Accounts for April, 1860, at \$4 per day.....		120 00
John F. Brandtz.....	Services as clerk to Committee of Elections for April, 1860.....		120 00
James G. Nokes.....	Services as clerk to Committee on Indian Affairs for April, 1860.....		120 00
D. W. C. James.....	Services as clerk to Committee on the Territories for April, 1860.....		120 00

Jas. J. Coombs.....		120 00
J. E. Mendenhall.....		120 00
J. W. Moorehead.....		120 00
A. W. Fletcher.....		
George Harrington.....		52 00
C. H. Upton.....		120 00
		84 00
A. R. Parker.....	180 00	
William Addison.....	150 00	
James Peacock.....	150 00	
Moses E. Flanagan.....	150 00	
George Chipman.....	150 00	
Rufus Prentice.....	150 00	
George C. Baker.....	150 00	
James P. Allyn.....	150 00	
Herman Kreisman.....	150 00	
H. W. Snyder.....	45 00	
		1,425 00
Laborers, pay-roll—		
From the 8th to the 30th of April, 1860.....	34 50	
For April, 1860.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	60 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
do.....	45 00	
Thomas Martin.....		589 50
Services as laborer in the hall of the House of Representatives of the United States for April, 1860.....		45 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Alexander & Cook	Binding documents—		
	15,890 vols. Finance Reports, 1859-'60, at 12 cents.....	\$1,906 80	
	3,000 vols. Message and Documents, 1859-'60, parts 1, 2, and 3, at 12 cents....	360 00	\$2,266 80
C. Wendell	Binding documents, &c., as follows—		
	Ruling and binding 4-quire demy Cash Book.....	6 00	
	Ruling and binding 3 quire demy documents ordered to be printed by the Senate.	4 50	
	Lettering 4 vols. Constitution.....	1 00	
	Ruling faint and red 1,000 Accounts	5 00	
	Ruling and binding 2-quire Cash Book.....	3 00	
	Ruling faint and red 900 sheets parchment, for enrolling bills, at 5 cents.....	45 00	
	Ruling and binding 2 1-quire demy Indexes.....	3 00	
	Binding 1 vol. Constitution; 1 vol. Intelligencer.....	6 00	
	Lettering 1 title and making set of tags, for Committee on Territories.....	2 25	
	Printing, ruling, and binding 6-quire demy Resolutions of the House of Representatives, 36th Congress	12 00	
	Posting 20 notices on boards.....	2 00	
	Posting 12 notices on boards.....	1 20	
	Ruling and binding 6-quire cap Journal, for Committee on Judiciary.....	4 50	
	Ruling and binding 6-quire cap Journal, for Committee on Commerce.....	4 50	
	Ruling and binding 6-quire cap Journal, for Committee on Public Expenditures ..	4 50	
	Ruling and binding 6-quire cap Journal, for Committee on Invalid Pensions	4 50	
	Ruling and binding 6-quire cap Journal, for office.....	4 50	
	Binding 1 vol. Kentucky Contested Election, No. 1	75	
	Binding 1 vol. Missouri Contested Election	75	
	Backing 2 large maps	3 00	
	Binding 3 vols. Message and Documents.....	2 25	
	Binding 9 vols. Missouri Contested Election, for Committee on Elections.....	6 75	
	Binding 9 vols. Kentucky Contested Election, No. 1.....	6 75	
	Binding 6 Indexes for ditto.....	60	
	Binding Pacific Railroad, vol. 11, for Committee on Printing.....	1 50	
	Binding 3 vols. Michigan and Nebraska Contested Elections.....	2 25	

Darius Truesdell.....	Binding 9 vols. Kentucky Contested Election, No. 2, for Committee on Elections. Pasting 50 cards on boards, for Doorkeeper	6 75 5 00	149 80
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18 to June 14, 1858, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	31 38	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from December 6, 1858, to March 31, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.	36 78	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from April 1 to December 4, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	270 95	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from December 5, 1859, to February 8, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day..	18 61	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from February 9 to February 24, 1860, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	17 93	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from February 25 to March 31, 1860, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	10 68	
			386 33
Fountain Perry.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18 to June 14, 1858, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	31 38	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from October 1, 1858, to February 17, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day	143 24	
			174 62
George Murphy.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18 to June 14, 1858, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	8 30	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from October 1, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day	44 66	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from December 5, 1859, to February 8, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	18 61	
			71 57
John S. Miller.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18 to June 14, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	8 30	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from October 1, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	44 66	
			52 96
Samuel Alburdis	Compensation as messenger, resolution of March 9, 1860, from May 18 to June 14, 1858, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid		8 30
L. J. Middleton.....	10 bushels of ice daily, from February 1 to March 1, 1860, (Sundays excepted,) 52 days, 520 bushels, at 50 cents		260 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
F. J. Seybolt.....	Messengers, pay-roll—	\$90 00	
John Smith	For April, 1860	90 00	
	do.....		\$180 00
W. T. Dove & Co.....	Gas-fitting materials, &c., viz:		
	1 two-light bracket, \$5 50; 27 feet gas pipe, \$5 94.....	11 44	
	7 pieces fillings, \$1 75; 1 $\frac{3}{8}$ -union, 50 cents	2 25	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day	4 00	
	2 $\frac{3}{4}$ feet gas pipe, 58 cents; 1 dozen hooks, 36 cents; gas fitter and assistant one day, \$4.....	4 94	
	3 $\frac{9}{16}$ feet gas pipe, 82 cents; 2 fittings, 50 cents; 1 bracket, \$1 50.....	2 82	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day.....	4 00	
	1 dozen globes, \$9; 1 dozen globe-holders, \$3	12 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day.....	4 00	
	4 feet gas pipe, 88 cents; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4.....	4 88	
	Gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4; 2 dozen hooks, 75 cents; 2 nipples, 50 cents.....	5 25	
	36 feet gas pipe, \$7 92; 7 pieces fittings, \$1 25; 2 collars, 50 cents.....	10 17	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day	4 00	
	2 bushings, 50 cents; 2 $\frac{7}{16}$ feet gas pipe, 57 cents; 2 fittings, 50 cents; 1 nipple, 25 cents.....	1 82	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day.....	4 00	
	1 tin shade	1 25	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day.....	4 00	
	1 covered gas torch and key.....	1 50	
	1 four-light chandelier, \$18; 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet extension pipe, \$1 08	19 08	
	7 $\frac{7}{16}$ feet casing pipe, at 60 cents, \$4 55; 1 ornament, 50 cents.....	5 05	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day	4 00	
	1 $\frac{3}{8}$ -L, 25 cents; gas fitter and assistant one day, \$4.....	4 25	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day.....	4 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant two days	8 00	
	15 feet gas pipe, \$3 30; 4 fittings, \$1; gas fitter and assistant one day, \$4.....	8 30	
	2 feet gas pipe, 44 cents; 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ -union, 75 cents; fitting, 25 cents.....	1 44	

Gas fitter and assistant one day.....	4 00	167 19
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants one day, at \$4	8 00	
Gas fitter and assistant one day, \$4; same half day, \$2	6 00	
Gas fitter and assistant one day, \$4; 2-inch brass plug, 75 cents; 4 sockets, \$1..	5 75	
2 gas fitters and assistant one day, \$6; 1 assistant one day, \$1.....	7 00	
Services rendered the investigating committee of which Hon. John Covode is chairman, for the month of April, 1860.....		100 00
Services in the folding room of the office of the House of Representatives, for April, 1860		100 00
Services as laborer in the document room, for April		20 00
Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from January 18 to Feb- ruary 9, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....		6 82
Services as clerk to Committee on Foreign Affairs for April, 1860.....		120 00
Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress.....		30 50
Stationery for himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		29 24
Services in House library, from April 7 to April 30, inclusive, at \$1 50 per day ..		34 50
Services in ladies' retiring room for April, 1860.....		30 00
Use of one horse and wagon, from December 1, 1859, to February 3, 1860, 65 days, at \$2 per day	130 00	
Use of three horses and wagons, from February 4 to March 31, 1860, 57 days, at \$2 each per day	342 00	
Use of three horses and wagons, for April, 1860, 30 days, at \$2 each per day.....		472 00
Services as clerk to Committee on Revolutionary Pensions, from March 14 to April 30, 1860, 48 days, at \$4 per day		180 00
Services folding documents, from June 16 to July 31, 1858, at \$1,500 per an- num	188 12	192 00
Services folding documents, from July 2 to July 28, 1859, 27 days, at the same rate	112 50	
"Freeman's Journal" for Hon. J. B. Haskin		300 62
Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress		50
do.....do.....		50 00
Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		50 00
do.....do.....		26 11
do.....do.....		31 70
do.....do.....		32 13
do.....do.....		38 28
do.....do.....		38 09
L. L. Miner		
J. A. Shindell.....		
L. R. Hammersly.....		
W. D. Latshaw		
Ben Perley Poore		
A. G. Porter.....		
L. J. Gartrell.....		
Marcellus Bailey.....		
Mary Thomas.....		
F. Emmerich.....		
F. Emmerich.....		
A. W. Fletcher.....		
Michael E. Price.....		
J. M. Gilmartin.....		
J. H. Reynolds		
A. B. Olin		
John Hickman		
William Howard.....		
C. B. Tompkins.....		
William Stewart.....		
John Schwartz.....		

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
William Millward.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	\$28 72
Alfred Wells	do.....do.....	-----	26 29
W. G. Whiteley	do.....do.....	-----	18 25
E. Estabrook.....	do.....do.....	-----	2 97
J. C. Walker	Additional compensation allowed by resolution March 3, 1857—	-----	
	For March, 1860, at \$360 per annum.....	\$30 66	
	For April, 1860, at \$360 per annum	29 67	
	.....	-----	60 33
L. F. Leal.....	"Galena Courier," for Hon. W. H. Hooper.....	-----	1 15
James Burtnett.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from May 18 to June 14, 1858, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	8 30	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from October 1 to December 5, 1858, at the rate of \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	71 02	
	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from December 6, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day	27 45	
	.....	-----	106 77
D. C. Kelley	Compensation, under resolution March 9, 1860, from May 18 to June 14, 1858, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid	8 30	
	Compensation, under resolution March 9, 1860, from October 1, 1850, to March 3, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....	44 66	
	.....	-----	52 96
J. F. Sharretts & Co.....	"Baltimore Patriot" for 1st session 36th Congress—		
	Hon. W. M. Dunn, semi-weekly, 6 months	2 00	
	Hon. E. B. French, daily, 6 months	4 00	
	Hon. B. F. Junkin, daily, 1 year	6 00	
	Hon. D. Kilgore, daily, 6 months.....	4 00	
	Hon. C. A. Trimble, daily, 6 months.....	4 00	
	Hon. Ed. Wade, daily, 6 months	4 00	
	.....	-----	24 00
C. A. Trimble	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress.....	-----	32 00
Franklin Steele.....	32 days' attendance as witness before select committee on Fort Snelling	64 00	

Travel from Fort Snelling, 4,700 miles, at 10 cents	470 00	
	534 00	
	354 00	180 00
Credited by amount allowed at last Congress.....		
Allowed for travel of 1,774 miles, at 20 cents	354 80	
Deduct amount received for travel.....	320 00	
		34 80
Laborer in office House of Representatives May 1 to 14, 1860.....		21 00
Page to Sergeant-at-arms for April		60 00
Binding 3,992 volumes Message and Documents, part 1, at 12 cents.....	479 04	
Binding 3,985.....do.....do.....part 2, at 12 cents.....	478 20	
Binding 3,977.....do.....do.....part 3, at 12 cents.....	477 24	
		1,434 48
Stationery:		
12 dozen boxes cylcts.....	36 00	
24 glass sand boxes.....	6 00	
5 gross barrel pen-holders	15 00	
12 bottles Harrison's blue ink.....	3 00	
36 parallel rulers.....	27 00	
18,000 white envelopes, 3½ by 5½.....	72 00	
11½ dozen large mucilage	46 00	
32 reams white laid legal cap.....	192 00	
20 reams fine commercial note.....	50 00	
6 dozen flat glass inkstands.....	36 00	
6 dozen fancy inkstands.....	81 00	
3 dozen buck-handle knives.....	45 00	
12½ dozen pearl-handle knives.....	225 00	
10 reams De la Rue's note paper.....	35 00	
59 reams extra superfine Congress cap.....	265 50	
12 12-inch shears.....	24 00	
12 11-inch shears	21 00	
54 9-inch shears.....	74 25	
36 pairs scissors	18 00	
18 gross lead pencils, assorted	108 00	
4 gross lead pencils, red and blue.....	36 00	
48 fancy paper weights	24 00	
		1,439 75

H. W. Cosley.....
H. L. Bougher

Alexander & Cooke.....
Jas. B. Smith

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
James B. Smith—Continued	Stationery:		
	5 pounds fine sponge.....	\$17 50	
	2 twine reels.....	2 50	
	10 boxes black sand	30 00	
	19,500 white envelopes, 8½ by 3½.....	126 95	
	9,500 buff envelopes, 8½ by 3½.....	61 75	
	6 dozen Maynard & Noyes's black ink	17 70	
	6 dozen Arnold's fluid.....	54 00	
	7 long day books, ½ bound	10 50	
	5 long day books, thick	10 00	
	12 long 4to.....	9 00	
	12 long 4to, thick.....	12 00	
	6 long 4to, thick.....	7 50	
	8 dozen cocoa and bone erasers.....	30 00	
	1 dozen shavers.....	12 00	
	12 dozen India-rubber lead pencils and boxes.....	90 00	
	20 reams gilt commercial note paper	50 00	
	20 reams gilt Congress letter, ruled	90 00	
	12 reams demy 4to, feint ½	15 00	
	12 reams demy 4to, feint, thick	18 00	
	6 gross super barrel pens, Perry's.....	24 00	
	38 pounds white twine.....	23 75	\$711 95
James B. Smith.....	Stationery:		
	10 reams extra super white legal cap, at \$6	60 00	
	10 reams gilt edged note paper.....	20 00	
	14 reams extra super white cap, heavy	63 00	
G. W. Palmer	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		143 00
E. J. Morris.....	do.....do.....		43 72
R. H. Duell	do.....do.....		41 13
E. B. Pottle	do.....do.....		33 53
			29 46

L. T. Moore	do	do	21	32
W. C. Anderson	do	do	16	46
A. J. Hamilton	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.		26	50
R. McKnight	do	do	29	50
Exp. Estabrook	do	do	31	50
Syd. Moore	do	do	33	50
D. Clopton	do	do	37	00
S. C. Foster	do	do	40	50
D. Kilgore	do	do	43	00
John Schwartz	do	do	50	00
J. C. Burch	do	do	50	00
J. H. Campbell	do	do	50	00
James Wilson	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress		2	31
G. W. Scranton	do	do	25	21
R. Conkling	do	do	26	58
Syd. Moore	do	do	28	15
C. B. Sedgwick	do	do	29	28
D. Clopton	do	do	31	60
Wm. Irvine	do	do	32	55
T. D. Elliot	do	do	32	94
T. J. Hardeman	do	do	34	35
C. A. Trimble	do	do	35	17
L. R. Hammersly	do	do		
Henry Bradshaw	Services in document folding-room from March 19 to March 31, and from May 1 to 22, 1860		22	50
J. B. Sheridan	Services in the office House of Representatives of the United States for April, 1860, folding documents.		100	00
W. A. Seaver	Services rendered as stenographer to Committee on Public Expenditures up to March 10, 1860, reporting testimony taken before said committee in relation to public printing, in all 50 columns.			
C. Wendell	Services in the office House of Representatives for 35 days prior to May 22, 1860, at \$3 per day.		225	00
Selmar Seibert	Witness before Covode committee, 63 days.			
	Engraving, alterations, and additions on maps and profiles for Pacific Railroad Reports, viz:		105	00
	For alterations and additions on Governor Stevens's plates	155	50	
	Alteration on Captain Beckwith and Gannison's profile plates, Nos. 1 and 2	25	00	
	Taking out a profile and engraving another in its place	135	00	
	Alterations and additions on Captain Beckwith's plates	322	00	
	Alterations and corrections on Captain Pope's map	98	75	

A—Continued.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Selmar Seibert—Continued	Engraving, alterations, and additions on maps and profiles for Pacific Railroad Reports, viz:	\$86 75	
	Alterations and corrections on Lieutenant Williams's map.....	350 00	
	Engraving map of passes and profiles in the Sierra Nevada, by Lieut. Williams..		
	One-half paid by Senate.....	1, 173 00	
		586 50	\$586 50
Jos. L. Wright	Compensation as Doorkeeper House of Representatives of the United States, resolution March 9, 1860, from May 18, 1858, to February 6, 1860, at the rate of \$2,160 instead of \$2,000 per annum		275 59
Samuel L. Wright	Compensation, resolution March 9, 1860, from June 1, 1858, to July 31, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....		121 99
Alexander & Cooke	Binding documents: 12,000 volumes Message and Documents, 1859 and 1860, abridged, 36th Congress, 1st session, at 12 cents		
John Tretler	Binding documents: 11 copies of Emory's Report, vol. 2, in two parts, at 65 cents per vol.....		14 30
J. S. Crowell	Witness before Committee on Public Expenditures, one day	2 00	
	Travel, 420 miles	42 00	
			44 00
C. Wendell.....	Witness before Committee on Public Expenditures, 18 days.....		36 00
Fras. McCormick.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days	4 00	
	280 miles' travel	28 00	
			32 00
D. Webster.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days	6 00	
	280 miles' travel	28 00	
			34 00
F. W. Walker.....	Witness before Covode committee.....		26 00
And. Brumaker.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days	4 00	
	280 miles' travel	28 00	
			32 00

John F. Schell.....	Witness before Covode committee, two days.....	4 00	32 00
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	21 48
I. Washburn, jr.	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		15 69
Green Adams.....	do.....do.....		27 33
Thomas M. Edwards.....	do.....do.....		29 36
J. H. Reynolds.....	do.....do.....		30 43
Thomas L. Anderson.....	do.....do.....		38 94
A. B. Olin.....	do.....do.....		
George Marston.....	Use of one horse and wagon for April and May, 1860, 61 days.....	122 00	
	Two saddle horses for April and May, (61 days,) at \$1 50 each.....	183 00	
M. M. Hawkes.....	Services in folding-room for May, 1860.....		305 00
W. A. Moore.....	Services as messenger in the House of Representatives, from the 17th to the 27th of February, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, 11 days.....		93 00
John Bailey.....	Services in the office of the House of Representatives for March and April, 1860.....		36 26
Jesse Rose.....	Compensation as messenger, (resolution of March 9, 1860,) from January 12 to April 30, 1859, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day.....		300 00
Benjamin Pritchard.....	Compensation as messenger, (resolution of March 9, 1860,) from December 5, 1859, to February 10, 1860, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....		35 23
M. C. Gritzner.....	Compensation as messenger, (resolution of March 9, 1860,) at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....		19 20
D. D. Atchison.....	Witness before Judiciary Committee in the case of J. C. Watrous, 12 days.....	24 00	15 43
	3,360 miles' travel.....	336 00	
B. W. Lord.....	Services as stenographer to the Covode committee.....		360 00
	Messengers, pay-roll—		250 00
F. J. Seybolt.....	For May, 1860.....	93 00	
John Smith.....	do.....	93 00	
A. R. Allen.....	Witness before the Covode committee, fifty days, at \$2.....		186 00
J. W. Phillips.....	Witness before Committee on Public Expenditures, five days, at \$2.....	10 00	100 00
	800 miles' travel.....	80 00	
W. Pettibone.....	Witness before the Covode committee, twenty-seven days, at \$2.....		90 00
P. Laferty.....	Witness before the Covode committee, three days, at \$2.....	6 00	54 00
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	34 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
G. Downey.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	\$6 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	\$34 00
John Dunn.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	6 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	34 00
G. W. Baker.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	32 00
Mary Thomas.....	Services in ladies' retiring room for May, 1860.....	---	31 00
Isabella Lewis.....	Washing for the House of Representatives for months of December, 1859, and January, 1860, at \$15.....	---	30 00
Isabella Lewis.....	Washing for the House of Representatives for the months of February and March, 1860, at \$15.....	---	30 00
W. C. Barney.....	Witness before Covode committee, 5 days.....	---	10 00
And. Brumaker.....	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day.....	---	2 00
P. McKenny.....	Hack for Committee on District of Columbia to almshouse on official business Folding documents, pay-roll—	---	2 00
G. T. Whittington.....	For April, 1860.....	90 00	
J. S. Kellogg.....	do.....	90 00	
M. W. Hawkes.....	do.....	72 00	
W. C. Dodge.....	do.....	75 00	
N. C. Stone.....	do.....	75 00	
H. G. Divine.....	do.....	75 00	
J. T. Chauncy.....	do.....	45 00	
A. J. Dean.....	Services folding documents for December, 1859, January, February, and March, 1860, at \$3 per day.....	---	\$22 00
S. A. Power.....	Services as messenger and folding documents for May, 1860.....	---	183 00
J. A. Shindell.....	Services in folding-room for May, 1860.....	---	100 00
H. G. Russ.....	Services in folding-room from February 6 to 29, at \$2 50 per day.....	---	100 00
J. W. H. Underwood.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	---	57 50
		---	50 00

T. B. Florence.....	do.....do.....	50 00
P. E. Love.....	do.....do.....	41 50
C. Wendell.....	Binding sundry documents for members of the House of Representatives, charged to stationery account.....	92 00
C. B. Cochrane.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	44 10
H. G. Blake.....	do.....do.....	35 52
S. C. Foster.....	do.....do.....	33 87
M. Lindley Lee.....	do.....do.....	31 88
A. Burlingame.....	do.....do.....	29 34
B. F. Junkin.....	do.....do.....	20 71
George Marston.....	Use of one horse and wagon and two saddle horses for March, at \$5 per day.....	155 00
George Marston.....	Use of horse and wagon from February 7 to 29, 1860, 23 days, at \$2.....	46 00
	2 saddle horses from July 7 to 29, 1860, at \$1 50 per day each.....	69 00
	Mail boys, pay-roll—	115 00
Samuel Lee.....	For May, 1860.....	75 00
A. G. Myers.....	do.....do.....	75 00
	Temporary mail boys, pay-roll—	150 00
Thos. J. Lucas.....	For May, 1860.....	50 00
Wm. Tudge.....	do.....do.....	50 00
	Engineers, &c., pay-roll—	100 00
I. Entwistle.....	For May, 1860.....	125 00
F. McCloskey.....	do.....do.....	100 00
D. A. McElhone.....	do.....do.....	100 00
Jos. Mansfield.....	do.....do.....	62 00
S. Adams.....	do.....do.....	62 00
Thomas Hunt.....	do.....do.....	62 00
Wm. Sanderson.....	do.....do.....	46 50
Wm. Mooney.....	do.....do.....	46 50
	Temporary clerks, pay-roll—	604 00
J. R. Briggs, jr.....	For May, 1860.....	150 00
Wm. Averill.....	do.....do.....	150 00
G. H. Chapman.....	do.....do.....	150 00
	Clerk to Committee on Accounts for May, 1860.....	450 00
B. G. Daniels.....	Clerk to Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads for May, 1860.....	124 00
J. E. Mendenhall.....		124 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
J. G. Nokes.....	Clerk to Committee on Indian Affairs for May, 1860 .....	.....	\$124 00
Ed. Darling.....	Laborers, pay-roll—		
I. De Saules.....	For May, 1860.....	\$46 50	
Stillman Moores.	do.....	46 50	
David Fisher.....	do.....	46 50	
John Johnson.....	do.....	46 50	
Lewis Saunders.....	do.....	46 50	
John Massey.....	do.....	46 50	
Frank Taverns.....	do.....	46 50	
E. M. Thomas.....	do.....	46 50	
John Costin.....	do.....	62 00	
Levi Neal.....	do.....	46 50	
Wm. Twine.....	do.....	46 50	
Wm. H. Smith.....	do.....	25 50	
Thomas Martin.....	Services as laborer for May, 1860	599 00	
H. L. Bougher.....	Page to Sergeant-at-arms, May, 1860	46 50	
John Johnson.....	1 large arm-chair for cloak room.....	62 00	
Clagett & Dodson.....	2,470½ yards carpet, at \$1 87½.....	20 00	
	38¾ yards velvet carpet, at \$2 50	4,632 18¾	
		96 87	
John C. Rives.....	Reporting from December 6, 1859, to May 23, 1860, inclusive, 2,123½ columns, at \$7 50	4,729 06	
S. V. Hunter.....	Compensation as messenger, resolution March 9, 1860, from May 18 to May 25, 1858, at \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....	15,927 26	
L. F. Perry & Co.....	80 yards sup. velvet carpet, at \$1 60.....	2 37	
	Making and putting down 80 yards, at 25 cents.....	128 00	
	5¾ yards ¾ cocoa matting, at 94 cents.....	20 00	
	3 door mats, at \$1 62.....	5 41	
	Binding and putting down matting and oil-cloth	4 87	
		1 00	
		159 28	

Samuel Torbert.....	4 horses and carryalls from February 10 to February 29, 1860, 20 days, at \$2 each. 1 saddle horse from February 10 to February 19, 1860, at \$1 50 per day.....	160 00 30 00	190 00
Samuel Torbert.....	4 horses and carryalls from March 1 to March 26, 1860, at \$2 each per day 5 horses and wagons from March 27 to March 31, 1860, at \$2 each per day 1 saddle horse for March, 1860.....	208 00 50 00 46 50	304 50
Samuel Torbert.....	5 horses and carryalls for April, at \$2 each per day 1 saddle horse for April, 1860	300 00 45 00	345 00
Pages, pay-roll—			
For May, 1860			
J. N. Moulder.....	do.....	62 00	
E. S. Schreiner	do.....	62 00	
M. E. Hall.....	do.....	62 00	
Ed. Burke.....	do.....	62 00	
J. E. Pillsbury.....	do.....	62 00	
J. L. Coombs.....	do.....	62 00	
Willie Todd.....	do.....	62 00	
William Phipps.....	do.....	62 00	
W. A. Gautley.....	do.....	62 00	
George Capron.....	do.....	62 00	
A. J. Parrish	do.....	62 00	
A. W. Moise	do.....	62 00	
Aug. Potts	do.....	62 00	
Willie Dunn.....	do.....	62 00	
D. W. Davis.....	do.....	62 00	
John Albert.....	do.....	62 00	
T. F. Jewell.....	do.....	62 00	
John C. Tompkins	do.....	62 00	
Richard G. Olcott.....	do.....	62 00	
William A. Linton.....	do.....	62 00	
Capitol police, pay-roll—			
For May, 1860			
C. W. C. Dunnington	do.....	72 50	
A. K. Arnold.....	do.....	45 83	
S. J. Johnson.....	do.....	45 83	
James T. Ball.....	do.....	45 83	
William H. Thompson.....	do.....	45 83	
Richard D. Slater.....	do.....	45 83	
			1,240 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Thomas C. Wells.....	Capitol police, pay-roll—Continued.		
Fred. Fritz.....	For May, 1860.....	\$45 83	\$701 62
John N. Hamlin.....	do.....	45 83	125 00
Francis Reilly.....	do.....	45 83	36 70
James S. Magee.....	do.....	45 83	27 92
Michael French.....	do.....	45 83	23 37
George T. Smallwood.....	do.....	45 83	33 36
John N. Crockwell.....	do.....	45 83	16 03
Jeremiah Boyd.....	do.....	33 33	50 00
William Hartough.....	Compensation as messenger in the south wing for May, 1860.....		25 16
John P. Verree.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		23 00
John Hutchins.....	do.....do.....		8 00
G. S. Hawkins.....	do.....do.....		
James H. Campbell.....	do.....do.....		
William Helmick.....	do.....do.....		
G. S. Hawkins.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		
George Briggs.....	do.....do.....		
Green Adams.....	do.....do.....		
Knowles & Anthony.....	"Daily Journal," (Rhode Island,) furnished Hon. W. D. Brayton, one year to December, 1859.....		
	Folding documents, pay-roll—		
M. Barron.....	For March, 1860.....		6 71
G. Franklin.....	do.....		10 05
W. A. Herbert.....	do.....		10 31
James Simonds.....	do.....		12 37
Henry Bailey.....	do.....		14 47
R. Ridgeley.....	do.....		7 05
W. Swigert.....	do.....		16 12
F. E. McGraw.....	do.....		37 81
H. C. Gray.....	do.....		9 86

13 35

W. O. Fowler.....	do.....	17 80
W. J. Cook.....	do.....	15 26
George Boyd.....	do.....	65 02
B. Ballard.....	do.....	18 94
W. C. Hayes.....	do.....	15 81
George Hill.....	do.....	18 44
James A. Sweeney.....	do.....	19 01
George Phillips.....	do.....	83 70
J. G. Weaver.....	do.....	23 55
H. McElwee.....	do.....	17 74
J. A. Shaw.....	do.....	15 26
John Chase.....	do.....	23 51
W. Harrison.....	do.....	2 92
J. L. Watrous.....	do.....	22 53
S. W. Bassett.....	do.....	11 21
John Blain.....	do.....	7 95
James Eaton.....	do.....	4 12
J. T. Mackey.....	do.....	8 58
Julius Kahl.....	do.....	8 61
Mathias Hagerty.....	do.....	9 41
Samuel Binnix.....	do.....	24 34
H. L. Clark.....	do.....	17 06
Milton Dow.....	do.....	15 52
T. Warner.....	do.....	16 64
Charles Reece.....	do.....	5 02
Edward Crosby.....	do.....	6 82
W. Cols Harle.....	do.....	8 40
Ed. Moran.....	do.....	6 41
F. C. Harris.....	do.....	6 67
Rufus Choate.....	do.....	7 12
Jesse E Dow.....	do.....	5 70
Charles Hinton.....	do.....	4 57
John Evans.....	do.....	1 12
W. A. Grove.....	do.....	23 38
Robert Harleston.....	do.....	11 55
R. J. Garcia.....	do.....	5 70
Robert Dorsey.....	do.....	13 48
Julius Visser.....	do.....	9 28
J. L. Bryan.....	do.....	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
L. S. Tripp.....	Folding documents, pay roll—Continued.	\$3 67	
C. F. Harrison.....	For March, 1860.....	8 10	
H. H. Steele.....	do.....	2 28	
John Q. Adams.....	do.....	1 80	
J. W. Day.....	do.....	4 27	
Wm. Dean.....	do.....	4 33	
W. W. Blossom.....	do.....	2 62	
J. G. Smith.....	do.....	15 16	
Henry Hurst.....	do.....	16 01	
Charles E. Luckett.....	do.....	17 36	
N. Brown.....	do.....	35 97	
T. McKenney.....	do.....	1 12	
Ed. Bailey.....	do.....	2 25	\$851 19
A. B. Reed.....	Folding documents, pay-roll—	100 00	
Samuel Phillips.....	For March, 1860.....	77 50	
J. R. Zimmerman.....	do.....	77 50	
H. H. Clark.....	do.....	77 50	
A. H. Alcott.....	do.....	77 50	
A. J. Harrison.....	do.....	77 50	
Z. Brown.....	do.....	62 00	
W. J. Harris.....	do.....	62 00	
J. B. Burton.....	Folding, pay-roll—		611 50
C. E. Lewis.....	For March, 1860.....	15 32	
O. A. Coburn.....	do.....	3 60	
J. A. Bower.....	do.....	29 77	
W. H. McKenney.....	do.....	3 18	
J. M. D. France.....	do.....	1 55	
		3 66	57 08

610 00

Folding documents, pay-roll—		
For April, 1860		
A. B. Reed	100 00	
Samuel Phillips.....	75 00	
J. R. Zimmerman.....	75 00	
H. H. Clark	90 00	
A. H. Alcott.....	75 00	
A. J. Harrison	75 00	
Zach. Brown.....	60 00	
W. J. Harris.....	60 00	
		610 00
Folding documents, pay-roll—		
For April, 1860		
Charles Franklin	6 60	
W. A. Herbert	3 75	
H. C. Gray	5 32	
W. O. Fowler.....	4 50	
W. J. Cook	3 75	
W. C. Hayes	5 45	
G. W. Hill.....	9 45	
James A. Sweeney.....	5 70	
H. McElwee	8 47	
J. A. Shaw	10 54	
John Chase.....	5 17	
W. Harrison.....	9 07	
John Blair.....	5 66	
James Eaton	4 80	
Julius Kahl	7 54	
Matthias Hagerty.....	12 07	
Samuel Binnix.....	5 36	
H. L. Clark.....	4 50	
Milton Dow.....	4 12	
T. Warner.....	6 45	
Charles Reece	4 50	
Ed. Crosby	9 22	
W. Cols. Harte.....	10 16	
Ed. Moran.....	8 74	
F. C. Harris.....	4 35	
Rufus Choate.....	10 98	
Jesse E. Dow	8 74	
Charles Hinton	9 45	

A—Continued.

* To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
John Evans	Folding documents, pay-roll—Continued.	\$6 82	
R. Harleston	For April, 1860.....	19 18	
R. J. Garcia	do	5 44	
R. Dorsey	do	4 24	
Julius Visser	do	18 60	
Jas. L. Bryan	do	19 87	
L. S. Tripp	do	9 45	
Chas. F. Harrison	do	6 86	
H. H. Steele	do	3 71	
J. Q. Adams	do	5 32	
J. W. Day	do	9 07	
W. Dean	do	8 10	
W. W. Blossom	do	7 26	
J. G. Smith	do	4 57	
Henry Hurst	do	9 37	
C. E. Luckett	do	6 92	
Nicholas Brown	do	9 44	
T. McKenney	do	3 60	
B. Ballard	do	37 23	
J. G. Weaver	do	32 75	
Geo. Boyd	do	6 37	
W. Swigert	do	8 14	
T. E. McGraw	do	6 45	
Henry Bailey	do	6 07	
Eugene Grove	do	17 41	
J. Simonds	do	4 46	
J. Montgomery	do	22 42	
S. W. Bassett	do	19 61	
M. Barron	do	1 12	
			\$514 26

Folding documents, pay-roll—		
For April, 1860	do	
J. B. Burton.....	do	18 90
C. E. Lewis.....	do	8 17
O. A. Coburn.....	do	17 84
J. A. Bower.....	do	24 83
W. H. McKenney.....	do	19 15
J. M. D. France.....	do	14 10
W. A. Grove.....	do	18 60
F. Barrett.....	do	13 07
J. A. Rosekrans.....	do	1 47
J. L. Watrous.....	do	12 96
W. H. Eaton.....	do	10 75
		159 84
Folding documents, pay-roll—		
For May, 1860	do	
A. B. Reed.....	do	100 00
Samuel Phillips.....	do	77 50
H. H. Clark.....	do	93 00
J. R. Zimmerman.....	do	77 50
A. J. Harrison.....	do	77 50
A. H. Alcott.....	do	77 50
Z. Brown.....	do	62 00
W. J. Harris.....	do	62 00
		627 00
Folding documents, pay-roll—		
For May, 1860	do	
H. C. Gray.....	do	6 86
John Chase.....	do	7 38
John Blain.....	do	5 92
J. E. Eaton.....	do	7 19
Julius Kahl.....	do	8 43
Samuel Binnix.....	do	9 07
H. L. Clark.....	do	6 37
Milton Dow.....	do	3 52
T. Warner.....	do	10 01
Chas. P. Reece.....	do	6 96
F. C. Harris.....	do	4 01
John Evans.....	do	6 67
R. J. Garcia.....	do	4 68
R. Dorsey.....	do	4 12
W. W. Blossom.....	do	6 71

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
	Folding documents, pay-roll—Continued.		
	For May, 1860.....	\$7 95	
J. G. Smith.....	do.....	10 01	
Henry Hurst.....	do.....	7 08	
C. E. Luckett.....	do.....	8 90	
Nicholas Brown.....	do.....	4 20	
T. McKenney.....	do.....	12 22	
George Boyd.....	do.....	10 84	
W. Swigert.....	do.....	4 12	
T. E. McGraw.....	do.....	5 40	
Henry Bailey.....	do.....	14 55	
Eugene Grove.....	do.....	6 67	
J. Simonds.....	do.....	24 37	
S. W. Bassett.....	do.....	21 33	
O. Harleston.....	do.....	12 07	
Rufus Choate.....	do.....	8 75	
W. A. Herbert.....	do.....	7 68	
J. L. Bryan.....	do.....	13 63	
Henry McElwee.....	do.....	7 41	
W. Harrison.....	do.....	12 86	
J. A. Shaw.....	do.....	12 30	
M. Hagerty.....	do.....	4 72	
C. Franklin.....	do.....	10 42	
G. W. Hill.....	do.....	9 37	
Ed. Moran.....	do.....	10 76	
J. Visser.....	do.....	5 25	
Ed. T. Eckloff.....	do.....	26 00	
Andrew Bain.....	do.....	9 34	
W. C. Hayes.....	do.....	9 78	
G. W. Mocabee.....	do.....	7 08	
W. J. Cook.....	do.....	5 62	
J. A. Sweeney.....	do.....	6 41	
W. O. Fowler.....	do.....		

W. C. Harte.....	do	13 98
Ed. Bryan	do	6 07
Ed. Crosby	do	10 08
O. W. Somerville	do	5 96
B. Ballard	do	32 72
J. G. Weaver	do	27 79
Jesse E. Dow	do	8 21
J. Montgomery	do	23 77
Chas. Hinton	do	8 25
E. C. Baun	do	1 87
L. S. Trippe	do	1 50
C. F. Harrison	do	6 26
H. H. Steele	do	8 58
J. Q. Adams	do	5 70
J. W. Day	do	12 54
		\$592 29
Folding documents, pay-roll—		
To May 26, 1860		
J. B. Burton	do	22 33
C. E. Lewis	do	23 02
O. A. Coburn	do	22 28
J. A. Bowen	do	25 05
W. H. McKenney	do	22 32
J. M. D. France	do	22 33
W. A. Groves	do	23 42
F. Barrett	do	22 32
J. L. Watrous	do	21 97
W. H. Eaton	do	22 69
Nelson Joy	do	22 33
		250 06
Israel Brown	do	319 65
W. H. Colledge	do	16 48
	do	25 00
	do	22 50
	do	22 50
	do	25 00
		111 48

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
H. H. Clark.....	Services in the folding-room, from December 5, 1859, to April, 1860, 117 days, at \$3 per day.....	\$351 00	
	Amount received.....	292 50	\$58 50
W. H. Dean.....	42 buckets paste, April, 1860.....	-----	42 00
W. H. Dean.....	34 buckets paste, March, 1860.....	-----	34 00
F. Barrett.....	Services in the folding-room, from February 29 to March 9, 1860.....	-----	4 73
Samuel Torbert.....	Cartage of 459 loads of documents, in April, 1860.....	-----	229 50
Samuel Torbert.....	Cartage of 543 loads of documents, in 1860.....	-----	271 50
William Jones.....	Excess of postage on letters and packages addressed to members of the House of Representatives, from January 1 to March 31.....	-----	155 85
L. L. Miner.....	Services rendered the select committee of which Hon. John Covode is chairman, for May, 1860.....	-----	100 00
D. Tilton.....	12 copies Webster's Dictionary, for the library of the House, at \$6 50.....	-----	78 00
D. Tilton.....	1 library edition of Webster's Dictionary, for Committee on Accounts.....	-----	7 00
H. W. Hoffman.....	Services rendered the select committee of March 5, 1860, of which the Hon. John Covode is chairman, viz: Summons to J. D. Fry..... Notice to Howell Cobb..... Summons to J. B. Guthrie..... Summons to J. H. Burch..... Summons to Augustus Schell, New York city..... Summons to Samuel Butterworth, New York city..... Services of special messenger to New York city..... Summons to William Pettibone..... Summons to Colonel Alexander..... Summons to Cornelius Wendell..... Summons to A. R. Quintrill..... Summons to Richard Schell, New York city..... Summons to James O'Reitty, New York city..... Services of special messenger to New York city..... Summons to George H. Purser, New York city.....	2 20 2 20 2 20 2 20 50 00 2 00 7 50 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 20 50 00 2 00 7 50 50 00	

Services of special messenger to New York city.....	7 50
Summons to Augustus Schell.....	2 20
Notice to Samuel F. Butterworth.....	2 20
Summons to C. Vandyke, Philadelphia.....	30 00
Summons to George Plitt, Philadelphia.....	2 00
Summons to George W. Baker, Philadelphia.....	2 00
Services of special messenger to Philadelphia.....	7 50
Notice to Cornelius Wendell.....	2 20
Summons to Samuel F. Butterworth.....	2 20
Summons to John Ellrad, New York city.....	50 00
Summons to John Reddy, New York city.....	2 00
Summons to Adam Wageman, New York city.....	2 00
Summons to J. Owens, New York city.....	2 00
Services of messenger to New York city.....	7 50
Summons to L. V. Fowler.....	2 20
Summons to C. A. Dunham, Brooklyn, New York.....	50 80
Services of messenger to Brooklyn, New York.....	7 50
Summons to W. B. Shaw.....	2 20
Summons to G. W. Bowman.....	2 20
Summons to Isaac West, Towson town, Md.....	12 00
Services of messenger to Towson town, Md.....	5 00
Summons to M. P. Bean, Fremont, Ohio.....	147 60
Services of messenger to Fremont, Ohio.....	40 00
Summons to E. B. Schnable.....	2 20
Summons to R. J. Walker.....	2 20
Summons to J. Williams.....	2 20
Summons to Thomas McDowell.....	2 20
Summons to J. N. Granger.....	2 20
Summons to Nicholas Vedder.....	2 20
Summons to J. L. Cramer.....	2 20
Summons to B. F. Slocomb.....	2 20
Services as messenger in Washington.....	5 00
Summons to W. F. Bayly.....	2 20
Summons to W. H. Thompson.....	2 20
Summons to John Wagner.....	2 20
Summons to Dr. Blanchard.....	2 20
Summons to Wm. Kennard.....	2 20
Summons to Jeremiah S. Black.....	2 20
Summons to A. Rowan.....	2 20

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
L. S. Tripp.....	Folding documents, pay roll—Continued.	\$3 67	
C. F. Harrison.....	For March, 1860.....	8 10	
H. H. Steele.....	do.....	2 28	
John Q. Adams.....	do.....	1 80	
J. W. Day.....	do.....	4 27	
Wm. Dean.....	do.....	4 33	
W. W. Blossom.....	do.....	2 62	
J. G. Smith.....	do.....	15 16	
Henry Hurst.....	do.....	16 01	
Charles E. Luckett.....	do.....	17 36	
N. Brown.....	do.....	35 97	
T. McKenney.....	do.....	1 12	
Ed. Bailey.....	do.....	2 25	\$851 19
A. B. Reed.....	Folding documents, pay-roll—	100 00	
Samuel Phillips.....	For March, 1860.....	77 50	
J. R. Zimmerman.....	do.....	77 50	
H. H. Clark.....	do.....	77 50	
A. H. Alcott.....	do.....	77 50	
A. J. Harrison.....	do.....	77 50	
Z. Brown.....	do.....	62 00	
W. J. Harris.....	do.....	62 00	
J. B. Burton.....	Folding, pay-roll—		611 50
C. E. Lewis.....	For March, 1860.....	15 32	
O. A. Coburn.....	do.....	3 60	
J. A. Bower.....	do.....	29 77	
W. H. McKenney.....	do.....	3 18	
J. M. D. France.....	do.....	1 55	
		3 66	57 08

Folding documents, pay-roll—		
For April, 1860		
A. B. Reed	.....	100 00
Samuel Phillips	.....	75 00
J. R. Zimmerman	.....	75 00
H. H. Clark	.....	90 00
A. H. Alcott	.....	75 00
A. J. Harrison	.....	75 00
Zach. Brown	.....	60 00
W. J. Harris	.....	60 00
Folding documents, pay-roll—		610 00
For April, 1860		
Charles Franklin	.....	6 60
W. A. Herbert	.....	3 75
H. C. Gray	.....	5 32
W. O. Fowler	.....	4 50
W. J. Cook	.....	3 75
W. C. Hayes	.....	5 45
G. W. Hill	.....	9 45
James A. Sweeney	.....	5 70
H. McElwee	.....	8 47
J. A. Shaw	.....	10 54
John Chase	.....	5 17
W. Harrison	.....	9 07
John Blair	.....	5 66
James Eaton	.....	4 80
Julius Kahl	.....	7 54
Matthias Hagerty	.....	12 07
Samuel Binnix	.....	5 36
H. L. Clark	.....	4 50
Milton Dow	.....	4 12
T. Warner	.....	6 45
Charles Reece	.....	4 50
Ed. Crosby	.....	9 22
W. Cols. Harte	.....	10 16
Ed. Moran	.....	8 74
F. C. Harris	.....	4 35
Rufus Choate	.....	10 98
Jesse E. Dow	.....	8 74
Charles Hinton	.....	9 45

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

* To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Folding documents, pay-roll—Continued.			
John Evans	For April, 1860.....	\$6 82	
R. Harleston.....	do	19 18	
R. J. Garcia.....	do	5 44	
R. Dorsey.....	do	4 24	
Julius Visser	do	18 60	
Jas. L. Bryan	do	19 87	
L. S. Tripp.....	do	9 45	
Chas. F. Harrison	do	6 86	
H. H. Steele	do	3 71	
J. Q. Adams	do	5 32	
J. W. Day	do	9 07	
W. Dean.....	do	8 10	
W. W. Blossom.....	do	7 26	
J. G. Smith.....	do	4 57	
Henry Hurst	do	9 37	
C. E. Luckett	do	6 92	
Nicholas Brown.....	do	9 44	
T. McKenney	do	3 60	
B. Ballard.....	do	37 23	
J. G. Weaver.....	do	32 75	
Geo. Boyd.....	do	6 37	
W. Swigert.....	do	8 14	
T. E. McGraw.....	do	6 45	
Henry Bailey.....	do	6 07	
Eugene Grove.....	do	17 41	
J. Simonds.....	do	4 46	
J. Montgomery.....	do	22 42	
S. W. Bassett.....	do	19 61	
M. Barron.....	do	1 12	
			\$514 26

Folding documents, pay-roll—		
For April, 1860		
J. B. Burton.....	18 90	159 84
C. E. Lewis.....	8 17	
O. A. Coburn.....	17 84	
J. A. Bower.....	24 83	
W. H. McKenney.....	19 15	
J. M. D. France.....	14 10	
W. A. Grove.....	18 60	
F. Barrett.....	13 07	
J. A. Rosekrans.....	1 47	
J. L. Watrous.....	12 96	
W. H. Eaton.....	10 75	
For May, 1860		
A. B. Reed.....	100 00	627 00
Samuel Phillips.....	77 50	
H. H. Clark.....	93 00	
J. R. Zimmerman.....	77 50	
A. J. Harrison.....	77 50	
A. H. Alcott.....	77 50	
Z. Brown.....	62 00	
W. J. Harris.....	62 00	
For May, 1860		
H. C. Gray.....	6 86	
John Chase.....	7 38	
John Blain.....	5 92	
J. E. Eaton.....	7 19	
Julius Kahl.....	8 43	
Samuel Binnix.....	9 07	
H. L. Clark.....	6 37	
Milton Dow.....	3 52	
T. Warner.....	10 01	
Chas. P. Reece.....	6 96	
F. C. Harris.....	4 01	
John Evans.....	6 67	
R. J. Garcia.....	4 68	
R. Dorsey.....	4 12	
W. W. Blossom.....	6 71	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
	Folding documents, pay-roll—Continued.		
J. G. Smith	For May, 1860	\$7 95	
Henry Hurst	do	10 01	
C. E. Luckett	do	7 08	
Nicholas Brown	do	8 90	
T. McKenney	do	4 20	
George Boyd	do	12 22	
W. Swigert	do	10 84	
T. E. McGraw	do	4 12	
Henry Bailey	do	5 40	
Eugene Grove	do	14 55	
J. Simonds	do	6 67	
S. W. Bassett	do	24 37	
O. Harleston	do	21 33	
Rufus Choate	do	12 07	
W. A. Herbert	do	8 75	
J. L. Bryan	do	7 68	
Henry McElwee	do	13 63	
W. Harrison	do	7 41	
J. A. Shaw	do	12 86	
M. Hagerty	do	12 30	
C. Franklin	do	4 72	
G. W. Hill	do	10 42	
Ed. Moran	do	9 37	
J. Visser	do	10 76	
Ed. T. Eckloff	do	5 25	
Andrew Bain	do	26 00	
W. C. Hayes	do	9 34	
G. W. Mocabee	do	9 78	
W. J. Cook	do	7 08	
J. A. Sweeney	do	5 62	
W. O. Fowler	do	6 41	

W. C. Harte.....	do.....	13 98
Ed. Bryan.....	do.....	6 07
Ed. Crosby.....	do.....	10 08
O. W. Somerville.....	do.....	5 96
B. Ballard.....	do.....	32 72
J. G. Weaver.....	do.....	27 79
Jesse E. Dow.....	do.....	8 21
J. Montgomery.....	do.....	23 77
Chas. Hinton.....	do.....	8 25
E. C. Baun.....	do.....	1 87
L. S. Trippe.....	do.....	1 50
C. F. Harrison.....	do.....	6 26
H. H. Steele.....	do.....	8 58
J. Q. Adams.....	do.....	5 70
J. W. Day.....	do.....	12 54
Folding documents, pay-roll—		\$592 29
To May 26, 1860.....		
J. B. Burton.....	do.....	22 33
C. E. Lewis.....	do.....	23 02
O. A. Coburn.....	do.....	22 28
J. A. Bowen.....	do.....	25 05
W. H. McKenney.....	do.....	22 32
J. M. D. France.....	do.....	22 33
W. A. Groves.....	do.....	23 42
F. Barrett.....	do.....	22 32
J. L. Watrous.....	do.....	21 97
W. H. Eaton.....	do.....	22 69
Nelson Joy.....	do.....	22 33
Services in folding-room, from May 18, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at \$1,500 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....		250 06
Services in the folding-room, viz:		319 65
From April 26 to 30, 1857, 5 days, at \$1,200 per annum.....		
For June, 1857.....		16 48
For August, 1857.....		25 00
For October, 1857.....		22 50
For November, 1857.....		22 50
		25 00
Israel Brown.....		
W. H. Colledge.....		

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A--Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
H. H. Clark.....	Services in the folding-room, from December 5, 1859, to April, 1860, 117 days, at \$3 per day.....	\$351 00	
	Amount received.....	292 50	\$58 50
W. H. Dean.....	42 buckets paste, April, 1860.....	-----	42 00
W. H. Dean.....	34 buckets paste, March, 1860.....	-----	34 00
F. Barrett.....	Services in the folding-room, from February 29 to March 9, 1860.....	-----	4 73
Samuel Torbert.....	Cartage of 459 loads of documents, in April, 1860.....	-----	229 50
Samuel Torbert.....	Cartage of 543 loads of documents, in 1860.....	-----	271 50
William Jones.....	Excess of postage on letters and packages addressed to members of the House of Representatives, from January 1 to March 31.....	-----	155 85
L. L. Miner.....	Services rendered the select committee of which Hon. John Covode is chairman, for May, 1860.....	-----	100 00
D. Tilton.....	12 copies Webster's Dictionary, for the library of the House, at \$6 50.....	-----	78 00
D. Tilton.....	1 library edition of Webster's Dictionary, for Committee on Accounts.....	-----	7 00
H. W. Hoffman.....	Services rendered the select committee of March 5, 1860, of which the Hon. John Covode is chairman, viz:		
	Summons to J. D. Fry.....	2 20	
	Notice to Howell Cobb.....	2 20	
	Summons to J. B. Guthrie.....	2 20	
	Summons to J. H. Burch.....	2 20	
	Summons to Augustus Schell, New York city.....	50 00	
	Summons to Samuel Butterworth, New York city.....	2 00	
	Services of special messenger to New York city.....	7 50	
	Summons to William Pettibone.....	2 20	
	Summons to Colonel Alexander.....	2 20	
	Summons to Cornelius Wendell.....	2 20	
	Summons to A. R. Quintrill.....	2 20	
	Summons to Richard Schell, New York city.....	50 00	
	Summons to James O'Reitty, New York city.....	2 00	
	Services of special messenger to New York city.....	7 50	
	Summons to George H. Purser, New York city.....	50 00	

Services of special messenger to New York city.....	7 50
Summons to Augustus Schell.....	2 20
Notice to Samuel F. Butterworth.....	2 20
Summons to C. Vandyke, Philadelphia.....	30 00
Summons to George Plitt, Philadelphia.....	2 00
Summons to George W. Baker, Philadelphia.....	2 00
Services of special messenger to Philadelphia.....	7 50
Notice to Cornelius Wendell.....	2 20
Summons to Samuel F. Butterworth.....	2 20
Summons to John Ellrad, New York city.....	50 00
Summons to John Reddy, New York city.....	2 00
Summons to Adam Wageman, New York city.....	2 00
Summons to J. Owens, New York city.....	2 00
Services of messenger to New York city.....	7 50
Summons to I. V. Fowler.....	2 20
Summons to C. A. Dunham, Brooklyn, New York.....	50 80
Services of messenger to Brooklyn, New York.....	7 50
Summons to W. B. Shaw.....	2 20
Summons to G. W. Bowman.....	2 20
Summons to Isaac West, Towsontown, Md.....	12 00
Services of messenger to Towsontown, Md.....	5 00
Summons to M. P. Bean, Fremont, Ohio.....	147 60
Services of messenger to Fremont, Ohio.....	40 00
Summons to E. B. Schnable.....	2 20
Summons to R. J. Walker.....	2 20
Summons to J. Williams.....	2 20
Summons to Thomas McDowell.....	2 20
Summons to J. N. Granger.....	2 20
Summons to Nicholas Vedder.....	2 20
Summons to J. L. Cramer.....	2 20
Summons to B. F. Slocomb.....	2 20
Services as messenger in Washington.....	5 00
Summons to W. F. Bayly.....	2 20
Summons to W. H. Thompson.....	2 20
Summons to John Wagner.....	2 20
Summons to Dr. Blanchard.....	2 20
Summons to Wm. Kennard.....	2 20
Summons to Jeremiah S. Black.....	2 20
Summons to A. Rowan.....	2 20

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
H. W. Hoffman—Continued	Summons to W. C. N. Swift.....	\$2 20	
	Summons to H. C. Hobart.....	2 20	
	Summons to John Wilson.....	2 20	
	Summons to W. W. Seaton.....	2 20	
	Summons to W. M. Browne.....	2 20	
	Summons to Wm. H. Miller, Philadelphia.....	30 00	
	Summons to Robert Darlington, Philadelphia.....	2 00	
	Services of messenger to Philadelphia.....	7 50	
	Summons to T. L. Clingman.....	2 20	
	Summons to A. G. Isaacs.....	2 20	
	Summons to Richard Smith.....	2 20	
	Summons to J. H. Alvord.....	2 20	
	Summons to Sheldon McKnight.....	2 20	
	Summons to Gideon S. Westcott, New York city.....	50 00	
	Services of special messenger to New York city.....	7 50	
	Summons to S. A. Dodge.....	2 20	
	Summons to Professor Schaiffer.....	2 20	
	Summons to Simeon Johnson.....	2 20	
	Summons to Samuel Medary.....	2 20	
	Summons to Matthew Johnson.....	2 20	
	Summons to G. G. Westcott, Philadelphia.....	30 00	
	Summons to John H. Bryant, Philadelphia.....	2 00	
	Summons to Thomas McDonough, Philadelphia.....	2 00	
	Summons to Christian Hildebrand, Philadelphia.....	2 00	
	Services of messenger to Philadelphia.....	10 00	
	Summons to Rosa Abbott.....	2 20	
	Summons to Isaac Cook.....	2 20	
	Summons to Mr. Jackson.....	2 20	
	Services of messenger.....	2 50	
	Summons to Joseph Grice, Philadelphia.....	30 00	
	Summons to Francis Grice, Philadelphia.....	2 00	
	Summons to Samuel B. Grice, Philadelphia.....	2 00	

Services of messenger to Philadelphia	7 50
Summons to H. L. Martin	2 20
Summons to George V. N. Lathrop	2 20
Summons to C. E. Stuart	2 20
Summons to James Ledie	2 20
Services of messenger	2 50
Summons to Charles A. Dunham, Brooklyn	50 00
Services of messenger to Brooklyn	7 50
Summons to F. W. Walker	2 20
Summons to Thomas P. Watson	2 00
Summons to William M. Browne	2 20
Summons to Thomas J. McCammon	2 20
Summons to E. B. Schnable	2 20
Summons to G. W. Bowman	2 20
Summons to Townshend Glover, Agricultural College	3 60
Services of messenger to Agricultural College	2 50
Summons to E. K. Ormstead	2 20
Summons to W. B. Reed	2 20
Summons to W. W. Shore	2 20
Summons to Mr. Dill	2 20
Summons to Henry Wilson, Boston	91 60
Services of messenger to Boston	20 00
Summons to G. W. Walling, New York city	50 00
Summons to Mr. Murphy, New York city	2 00
Summons to Hamilton Bruce, New York city	2 00
Summons to Alexander Hay, New York city	2 00
Services of messenger to New York city	7 50
Summons to A. R. Scofield, Philadelphia	30 00
Summons to Charles Clements, Philadelphia	2 00
Summons to George R. Berrill, Philadelphia	2 00
Summons to Patrick Lafferty, Philadelphia	2 00
Summons to Christian Hildebrand, Philadelphia	2 00
Summons to F. McCormick, Philadelphia	2 00
Summons to A. Brumaker, Philadelphia	2 00
Summons to John Schell, Philadelphia	2 00
Summons to John C. Dunn, Philadelphia	2 00
Summons to David Webster, Philadelphia	2 00
Summons to George Downey, Philadelphia	2 00
Services of messenger to Philadelphia	12 50

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
H. W. Hoffman—Continued	Summons to W. C. Barry	\$2 20	
	Summons to Ellwood Fisher	2 20	
	Summons to J. E. Harvey	2 00	
	Summons to W. H. Davidge	2 20	
	Summons to Murray McConnell	2 20	
	Summons to H. L. Martin	2 20	
			\$1, 190 10
W. F. Wilson	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 13 days, days, at \$2	26 00	
	5,800 miles' travel	580 00	
			606 00
George Mason	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 12 days-- 3,360 miles' travel	24 00 336 00	
			360 00
W. H. Goddard	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 10 days-- 3,360 miles' travel	20 00 336 00	
			356 00
J. E. Love	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 8 days-- 3,360 miles' travel	16 00 336 00	
			352 00
Thomas M. League	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 4 days-- 3,360 miles' travel	8 00 336 00	
	Messengers, pay-roll— For February, March, and April, 1860	168 00 168 00	
	do		344 00
John T. Gatewood	Witness before Covode committee, 12 days	24 00	
William Golden	1,096 miles' travel	109 60	
			336 00
M. P. Bean	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day	2 00	
	1,088 miles' travel	108 80	
			133 60
Benjamin Andrews			110 80

N. A. M. Dudley.....	Witness before Committee on Public Expenditures, 9 days.....	18 00	108 10
	900 miles' travel.....	90 00	
Henry Wilson.....	Witness before Covode committee, 4 days.....	8 00	
	962 miles' travel.....	96 20	104 20
Rosa Abbott.....	Witness before Covode committee, 46 days.....	-----	92 00
G. H. Purser.....	Witness before Covode committee, 8 days.....	16 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	64 00
W. M. Tweed.....	Witness before select committee of which T. J. Barr is chairman, 8 days.....	16 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	64 00
Walter Roach.....	Witness before select committee of which T. J. Barr is chairman, 8 days.....	16 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	64 00
James Murphy.....	Witness before Covode committee, 5 days.....	10 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	58 00
G. H. Purser.....	Witness before select committee, of which T. J. Barr is chairman, 4 days.....	8 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	56 00
S. M. Johnson.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	6 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	54 00
James O'Reilly.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	6 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	54 00
S. P. Russell.....	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of J. C. Watrous, 3 days.....	6 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	54 00
W. D. Scalley.....	Witness before select committee of which T. J. Barr is chairman, 3 days.....	6 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	54 00
J. C. Elloort.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	6 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	54 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
James Owens.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days..... 480 miles' travel.....	\$6 00 48 00	\$54 00
John Ready.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days..... 480 miles' travel.....	6 00 48 00	54 00
Hamilton Bruce.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days..... 480 miles' travel.....	4 00 48 00	52 00
F. Engle.....	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day..... 318 miles' travel.....	2 00 31 80	33 80
Ed. W. Power.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days..... 280 miles' travel.....	4 00 28 00	32 00
Thomas McDonough.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days..... 280 miles' travel.....	4 00 28 00	32 00
J. H. Bryant.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days..... 280 miles' travel.....	4 00 28 00	32 00
Thomas McDonough.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days..... 280 miles' travel.....	4 00 28 00	32 00
W. H. Witter.....	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day..... 280 miles' travel.....	2 00 28 00	30 00
Theodore Clayton.....	Witness before Committee on the Judiciary, in the case of J. C. Watrous, 2 days..... 198 miles' travel.....	4 00 19 80	23 80
H. I. Alvord	Witness before Covode committee, 19 days.....	.....	20 00
John Larcombe.....	Witness before Committee on Public Expenditures, 8 days.....	.....	16 00

Isaac West	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	14 00
	100 miles' travel.....	10 00	
Harry Connelly.....	Witness before select committee of December 23, 1858, to investigate accounts of late Superintendent of Public Printing, 2 days.....		4 00
W. C. N. Swift.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....		4 00
John Wayne	do.....do.....		4 00
B. F. Slocomb.....	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day.....		2 00
Nicholas Vedder.....	do.....do.....		2 00
J. W. Moorhead	Clerk to Committee on Public Lands for May, 1860.....		124 00
I. F. Brandtz.....	Clerk to Committee on Elections for May, 1860.....		124 00
A. W. Fletcher.....	Clerk to Committee on Revolutionary Pensions for May, 1860.....		124 00
J. H. Hobbs.....	Clerk to Committee on the Judiciary for May, 1860.....		124 00
D. W. C. James	Clerk to Committee on Territories for May, 1860.....		124 00
George Harrington.....	Clerk to Committee on Commerce for May, 1860.....		124 00
J. J. Coombs	Clerk to Committee on Military Affairs for May, 1860.....		124 00
Ben. Perley Poore.....	Clerk to Committee on Foreign Affairs for May, 1860.....		124 00
J. W. Lapsley	Witness before Committee on the Judiciary, in case of Judge Watrous	16 00	
	2,000 miles' travel.....	200 00	216 00
J. D. Ward	Services in old hall, and attending furnaces under the folding-room, for months of February, March, and April, 90 days, at \$3		270 00
C. B. Flood.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	1,088 miles' travel.....	108 80	
J. R. Cunningham.....	1 copy Worcester's Dictionary, half Russia.....		112 80
J. R. Cunningham.....	1 copy Worcester's Dictionary, half morocco, for Committee on Indian Affairs.....		7 50
S. A. Cromwell.....	4 horses and carryalls for September, 1859, 30 days, at \$2 each per day.....		7 00
S. A. Cromwell.....	4 horses and carryalls for October, 1859, 31 days, at \$2 each per day.....		240 00
S. A. Cromwell.....	4 horses and carryalls for November, 1859, 30 days, at \$2 each per day		248 00
S. A. Cromwell.....	4 horses and carryalls for December, 1859, 31 days, at \$2 each per day.....		240 00
S. A. Cromwell.....	4 horses and carryalls for January, 1860, at \$2 each per day.....	248 00	
S. A. Cromwell.....	1 saddle horse from November 1, 1859, to February 1, 1860, inclusive, 93 days, at \$1 50.....	139 00	
			387 50
S. A. Cromwell.....	4 horses and carryalls from February 1 to 9, at \$2 per day.....	72 00	
	1 saddle horse from February 1 to 8, 1860, at \$1 50	12 00	
			84 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
J. L. Wright.....	1 horse and wagon from July 1, 1859, to January 31, 1860, 215 days, at \$2 per day.....	\$430 00	
	2 saddle horses from November 1, 1859, to January, 1860, 92 days, at \$1 50 each per day.....	276 00	\$706 00
J. L. Wright.....	1 horse and wagon from February 1 to 6, 1860, 6 days.....	12 00	
	2 saddle horses for same time.....	18 00	
H. W. Hoffman.....	1 horse and wagon from February 6 to 29, 1860.....	---	30 00
H. W. Hoffman.....	1 horse and wagon for March, 1860, at \$2 per day.....	---	48 00
H. W. Hoffman.....	1 horse and wagon for April, 1860, at \$2 per day.....	---	62 00
H. W. Hoffman.....	1 horse and wagon for May, 1860, at \$2 per day.....	---	60 00
F. Emmerich.....	3 horses and carriages for May, 1850, at \$2 each per day.....	---	62 00
W. H. Dean.....	60 buckets paste.....	---	186 00
	Folding documents, pay roll—	---	60 00
George T. Wittington.....	For May, 1860.....	93 00	
J. S. Kellogg.....	do.....	93 00	
N. C. Stone.....	do.....	77 50	
H. G. Divine.....	do.....	77 50	
J. S. Chauncy.....	do.....	46 50	387 50
Laurence Bess.....	Services for folding documents for 3 month, ending May 31, 1860, in the office of House of Representatives.....	---	300 00
N. C. Stone.....	Services in folding-room of House of Representatives from February 22 to March 31, 1860, 39 days, at \$2 50 per day.....	---	
Henry Waldron.....	Stationery, 1st session 36th Congress.....	---	97 50
J. Baumgartner.....	Engraving 1 letter stamp for Hon. T. S. Boccock, (stationery account).....	---	34 78
Do.....	Engraving 1 letter stamp for Hon. Robert Hatton, (stationery account).....	---	1 50
Edward Darling.....	Services as laborer from April 1 to April 7, 1860, at \$1 50.....	---	1 50
W. T. Dove.....	For gas fitting, &c.: 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet gas pipe, at 22 cents, 73 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch union, 60 cents; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4.....	5 33	10 50

Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day	4 00	
110 pounds lead pipe, at 12 cents, \$13 20; 2 fittings, 50 cents	13 70	
2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch globe valves, \$7; 18 hooks, 54 cents	7 54	
Plumber and assistant, $\frac{3}{4}$ day, \$3; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4	7 00	
6 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet gas pipe, \$1 43; 3 pairs fittings, 75 cents; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4	6 18	
70 pounds lead pipe, at 12 cents, \$8 40; 1 doz hooks, 36 cents; 10 lbs. solder, \$3 50; plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4	16 26	
Plumber and assistant, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$6; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4	10 00	
1 dozen globes, \$12; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4	16 00	
1 barrel charcoal, 30 cents; plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4	4 30	
Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4	8 00	
Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day	4 00	
7 feet gas pipe, \$1 54; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4	5 54	
Gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{1}{2}$ day	2 00	
2 pounds solder, 70 cents; plumber and assistant, $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$2	2 70	
5 pounds putty, at 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ cents, 31 cents; plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4	4 31	
Plated basin cock, \$4; plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4	8 00	
Gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{3}{4}$ day	3 00	
8 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet iron pipe, \$1 78; 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet casing pipe, \$4 04	5 82	
1 bushing, 25 cents; new glass for lamp, \$5; gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{1}{4}$ day, \$2	7 25	
Gas fitter and assistant, $\frac{1}{4}$ day	2 00	
Plumber and assistant, $\frac{1}{4}$ day	2 00	
21 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. pipe, at 22 cts., \$4 74; 8 1-inch hooks, at 4 cts., 32 cts; 5 fittings, \$1 25	6 31	
2 dozen hooks, 72 cents; 2 gas fitters and assistants, 1 day, \$8	8 72	
Difference in exchange of flexible	11 00	
1 14-inch marble basin, \$2 50; putty, 6 cts.; 2 plumbers and assistants, 1 day, \$8	10 56	
40 feet gas pipe, \$6 80; 12 fittings, \$2 40; 1 chandelier, \$48	57 20	
5 globes, \$3 75; 4 feet extension pipe, 88 cents; 4 feet casing pipe, \$2	6 63	
5 patent gas burners, \$2 50; 2 gas fitters and assistants, 1 day, \$8	10 50	
Repairing, plastering, and cutting holes in wall for pipe	3 50	
Gas torch and key turner	1 50	
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day, \$8; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants, 1 day, \$8	16 00	
Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day	4 00	
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day	8 00	
1 mirror for restaurant of House of Representatives	288 85	
Witness before Covode committee, 1 day	200 00	
500 copies Congressional and Department Directory, at 35 cents	2 00	
	175 00	
James Hamlin		
James L. Cramer		
C. Bohn		

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
A. R. Parker	Land map clerks, pay-roll—		
William Addison	For May, 1860	\$180 00	
James Peacock	do	150 00	
Moses Flanagan	do	150 00	
Geo. Chipman	do	150 00	
Rufus Prentice	do	150 00	
Geo. C. Baker	do	150 00	
Jas. P. Allyn	do	150 00	
Herman Kreisman	do	150 00	
H. W. Snyder	do	46 50	
			\$1,426 50
C. H. Upton	Clerk to Committee on Naval Affairs for May, 1860		124 00
Alexander & Cooke	Binding documents:		
	11,000 vols. Message and Documents, 1859 and 1860, abridged, 36th Congress, 1st session, at 12 cents per volume	1,320 00	
	110 vols. Report on Finances, 1859 and 1860, 36th Congress, 1st session, at 12 cents	13 20	
L. F. Clark	Cutting, making, and laying 281½ yards carpet for hall	70 31	
	Covering platform for Speaker's desk	3 00	
	Covering footstool for Speaker's desk	1 00	
	Castors on chairs, Clerk's office	1 00	
	3 keys for desk	1 50	
	3 new locks for Clerk's desk in hall	3 75	
	2 new locks for reporters' desk in hall	2 50	
	2 new keys for locks for reporters' desk in hall	1 00	
	12 spittoons for lobby	12 00	
	12 brass bolts for gallery doors	12 00	
	2 enamelled door knobs for gallery doors	1 25	
	Fitting and laying carpet around feet of benches, and registers in hall, 4 men, 11 days, at \$2 each per day	88 00	
			1,333 20

1 oval French plate glass for door	10 00
1 water-cooler for post office	8 00
Repairing 1 large water-cooler for coat room.....	7 00
1 large iron bound bucket for post office.....	1 25
10 dozen spittoons for hall	100 00
2 water stands for hall.....	12 00
2 new locks on book-room door.....	1 25
4 dozen tumblers for hall	12 00
10 pounds sponge	25 00
1 jug turpentine	1 25
Repairing House flag	3 50
Do.....	3 00
New lock for case in coat room	1 50
18 stools for folding-room.....	29 25
1 large tin can for Clerk's office	3 50
10 patent spring hinges, hall doors	45 00
Shelving in folding-room	7 00
New lock for door in folding-room.....	1 50
Sign for post office.....	3 00
15 patent spring hinges for hall doors.....	67 50
Lock for case in folding-room	75
Lock for stand in coat room.....	75
2 hooks for gallery doors.....	1 00
Key for table in hall	50
Putting casters on chairs, stationery room	1 50
2 door keys for Committee on Engraving.....	2 50
2 walnut stands for hall	12 00
1 knob, hall door	50
2 keys for drawers in hall.....	75
2 keys for doorkeeper's room.....	75
2 keys for document room	75
Repairing desk, folding-room.....	2 00
Repairing 2 tables, folding-room.....	4 00
1 large tin can, post office.....	2 50
1 large book basket, doorkeeper	3 50
12 patent spring hinges, hall door	54 00
Repairing 2 chairs, retiring room	2 50
Key, cellar doors.....	1 00
1 key for drawer in hall	37

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
L. F. Clark—Continued	Keys to tables, retiring room.....	\$1 00	
	Casters on chairs, Clerk's office.....	75	
	Casters on chairs in library	1 00	
	Footstool for folding-room.....	1 00	
	Keys to tables in hall.....	2 00	
	New lock for case in document room	1 25	
	2 keys for doors of ladies' retiring room.....	2 00	
	Lock for case in book room.....	1 25	
	1 table for post office	4 50	
	Repairing 2 tables for post office	2 50	
	8 casters on chairs for post office	4 00	
	Repairing 2 chairs for post office	2 25	
	Casters on chairs for Clerk's office.....	50	
	Casters on chairs in hall	50	
	New lock for case in water-closet	1 25	
	New lock in House library	1 25	
	2 keys for drawer in hall	1 00	
	1 key for table in hall	50	
	2 large blocks for scrubbing brushes.....	75	
	1 lock for reporters' room.....	2 25	
	Keys to desks in Clerk's office.....	1 00	
	Key to drawer in hall.....	50	
	15 casters for chairs, Committee on Agriculture	7 50	
	Repairing locks of hall door.....	1 00	
	2 keys for drawer in hall.....	1 00	
	1 key for table in hall	50	
	1 key to room No. 24.....	1 25	
			\$675 68
W. H. Barclay.....	5 cords hickory wood, at \$7 50 per cord.....	37 50	
	Sawing in 3 pieces and packing in vault, at \$2 per cord.....	10 00	
Chas. Dean	30 pounds large twine, folding room, at 37½ cents	11 25	47 50

Taylor & Maury	436 pounds bagging twine, folding-room, at 50 cents.....	218 00	2,853 12
H. H. Clark	124 pounds fine twine, folding-room, at 62½ cents.....	77 50	650 00
	660 pounds large twine, folding-room, at 37½ cents.....	247 50	
	2,490 pounds bagging twine, folding-room	1,245 00	
	100 pounds small twine, folding-room.....	62 50	
	1,007 pounds bagging twine, folding-room.....	503 50	
	125 pounds large twine, folding-room.....	46 87	
	567 pounds bagging twine, folding-room	283 50	
	220 pounds large twine, folding-room	82 50	
	120 pounds fine twine, folding-room	75 00	
	10,000 pounds binders' board, cut for folding-room, at 6½ cents.....		
	Services in the folding room, from December 25, 1857, to December 4, 1859, inclusive, 710 days, at \$3.....	2,150 00	
	By amount received during same time.....	1,775 00	
J. S. Kellogg	Services folding documents, from February 20 to March 31, 1860, 41 days, at \$3.....		355 00
W. C. Dodge	Services in the folding-room for May, 1860, at \$2 50 per day.....		123 00
Taylor & Maury	1 ledger, \$4; day book, \$2.....		77 50
	50 reams shoe paper.....	6 00	
	Blank book.....	25 00	
	2½ dozen inkstands	3 25	
	20 reams Congress foolscap	30 00	
	25 reams large note paper.....	78 00	
	1 dozen large shears	62 50	
	1 dozen small shears.....	12 00	
	1 dozen parallel rulers	9 00	
	10 reams legal cap.....	5 50	
	12 dozen large mucilage.....	37 50	
	19 glass inkstands.....	48 00	
	17.....do	11 02	
	4 gross Faber's lead pencils	8 50	
	3 dozen inkstands	24 00	
	6 boxes steel pens.....	36 00	
	Blank book.....	7 50	
	20½ dozen Congress knives, assorted, at \$19.....	1 75	
	12 boxes barrel pens, \$4 50; 1 gross pencils, \$6	389 50	
	1 dozen pencils, 50 cents; 2 long blank books, \$1 75	10 50	
	10 reams note paper.....	2 25	
		25 00	

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Taylor & Maury—Continued	100 reams shoe paper	\$50 00	
	5 reams plain paper, and cutting for reporters	22 50	
	5 reams note paper, \$12 50; 1,000 small envelopes, \$3	15 50	\$920 77
C. H. Van Wyck	Stationery furnished himself at the 1st session 36th Congress		39 62
Chapin Hall	do		33 83
James Buffinton	do		31 61
Z. B. Vance	do		30 70
John Sherman	do		29 73
C. C. Washburn	do		29 39
William Windom	do		28 92
William Smith	do		28 74
O. S. Ferry	do		27 17
J. Morrison Harris	do		25 01
Reuben Davis	do		24 28
John Carey	do		21 51
J. C. Robinson	do		15 34
J. Shillington	Stationery for Hon. C. D. Martin		3 50
J. B. Clark	Newspapers furnished himself at the 1st session 36th Congress		50 00
Reuben Davis	do		42 54
E. P. Walton	do		36 00
J. C. Robinson	do		36 00
C. H. Larrabee	do		31 00
P. B. Fouke	do		30 50
J. A. Logan	do		27 50
Sam'l. Bowles & Co.	Springfield Republican, 2d session 36th Congress		20 00
Parsons & Allen	New York Daily News for Hon. J. D. Ashmore		1 50
R. W. Furnas	Nebraska Advertiser to Hon. E. Estabrook		1 00
J. A. Gurley	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress		25 67
Terrence Keenan	Hack to convey Committee on Enrolled Bills to the President's for the 1st session 36th Congress		350 00

Taylor & Maury	30 Supplement to Brightley's Digest, at 50 cents.....	15 00	215 00
	50 copies United States Synoptical Index, at \$4	200 00	
John O. Trueheart	Witness before Judiciary Committee, in the case of J. C. Watrous, 11 days.....	22 00	
	3,360 miles' travel.....	336 00	358 00
James Love	Witness before Judiciary Committee, in the case of J. C. Watrous, 10 days.....	20 00	
	3,360 miles' travel	336 00	356 00
John Taylor	Witness before Covode committee, 6 days.....	12 00	
	2,754 miles' travel, from and to Atchison, Atchison county, Nebraska.....	275 40	287 40
J. H. Puleston.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	782 miles' travel.....	78 20	82 20
J. W. Palmer	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	782 miles' travel.....	78 20	82 20
J. Brisbane.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20	80 20
A. Davis.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20	80 20
Isa Rippe.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20	80 20
George Sanderson.....	Witness 2 days.....	4 00	
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20	80 20
Adam Wegman	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	6 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	54 00
G. W. Walling.....	Witness before Covode committee.....	2 00	
	430 miles' travel.....	43 00	45 00
C. W. Chambliss.....	Witness before Covode committee, 6 days.....	12 00	
	230 miles' travel.....	23 00	35 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Taylor & Maury—Continued	100 reams shoe paper	\$50 00	\$920 77
	5 reams plain paper, and cutting for reporters	22 50	
	5 reams note paper, \$12 50; 1,000 small envelopes, \$3	15 50	
C. H. Van Wyck	Stationery furnished himself at the 1st session 36th Congress		39 62
Chapin Hall	do		33 83
James Buffinton	do		31 61
Z. B. Vance	do		30 70
John Sherman	do		29 73
C. C. Washburn	do		29 39
William Windom	do		28 92
William Smith	do		28 74
O. S. Ferry	do		27 17
J. Morrison Harris	do		25 01
Reuben Davis	do		24 28
John Carey	do		21 51
J. C. Robinson	do		15 34
J. Shillington	Stationery for Hon. C. D. Martin		3 50
J. B. Clark	Newspapers furnished himself at the 1st session 36th Congress		50 00
Reuben Davis	do		42 54
E. P. Walton	do		36 00
J. C. Robinson	do		36 00
C. H. Larrabee	do		31 00
P. B. Fouke	do		30 50
J. A. Logan	do		27 50
Saml. Bowles & Co.	Springfield Republican, 2d session 36th Congress		20 00
Parsons & Allen	New York Daily News for Hon. J. D. Ashmore		1 50
R. W. Furnas	Nebraska Advertiser to Hon. E. Estabrook		1 00
J. A. Gurley	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress		25 67
Terrence Keenan	Hack to convey Committee on Enrolled Bills to the President's for the 1st session 36th Congress		350 00

Taylor & Maury	30 Supplement to Brightley's Digest, at 50 cents.....	15 00	215 00
	50 copies United States Synoptical Index, at \$4	200 00	
John O. Trueheart	Witness before Judiciary Committee, in the case of J. C. Watrous, 11 days.....	22 00	
	3,360 miles' travel.....	336 00	358 00
James Love	Witness before Judiciary Committee, in the case of J. C. Watrous, 10 days.....	20 00	
	3,360 miles' travel	336 00	356 00
John Taylor	Witness before Covode committee, 6 days.....	12 00	
	2,754 miles' travel, from and to Atchison, Atchison county, Nebraska.....	275 40	287 40
J. H. Puleston.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	782 miles' travel.....	78 20	82 20
J. W. Palmer	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	782 miles' travel.....	78 20	82 20
J. Brisbane.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20	80 20
A. Davis.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20	80 20
Ira Trippe.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20	80 20
George Sanderson.....	Witness 2 days.....	4 00	
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20	80 20
Adam Wegman	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	6 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	54 00
G. W. Walling.....	Witness before Covode committee.....	2 00	
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	50 00
C. W. Clement.....	Witness before Covode committee, 6 days.....	12 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	40 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Taylor & Maury—Continued	100 reams shoe paper -----	\$50 00	
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John Sherman -----	do -----	-----	29 73
C. C. Washburn -----	do -----	-----	29 39
William Windom -----	do -----	-----	28 92
William Smith -----	do -----	-----	28 74
O. S. Ferry -----	do -----	-----	27 17
J. Morrison Harris -----	do -----	-----	25 01
Reuben Davis -----	do -----	-----	24 28
John Carey -----	do -----	-----	21 51
J. C. Robinson -----	do -----	-----	15 34
J. Shillington -----	Stationery for Hon. C. D. Martin -----	-----	3 50
J. B. Clark -----	Newspapers furnished himself at the 1st session 36th Congress -----	-----	50 00
Reuben Davis -----	do -----	-----	42 54
E. P. Walton -----	do -----	-----	36 00
J. C. Robinson -----	do -----	-----	36 00
C. H. Larrabee -----	do -----	-----	31 00
P. B. Fouke -----	do -----	-----	30 50
J. A. Logan -----	do -----	-----	27 50
Saml. Bowles & Co -----	Springfield Republican, 2d session 36th Congress -----	-----	20 00
Parsons & Allen -----	New York Daily News for Hon. J. D. Ashmore -----	-----	1 50
R. W. Furnas -----	Nebraska Advertiser to Hon. E. Estabrook -----	-----	1 00
J. A. Gurley -----	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress -----	-----	25 67
Terrence Keenan -----	Hack to convey Committee on Enrolled Bills to the President's for the 1st session 36th Congress -----	-----	350 00

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James Love-----	Witness before Judiciary Committee, in the case of J. C. Watrous, 10 days-----	20 00	
	3,360 miles' travel -----	336 00	356 00
John Taylor -----	Witness before Covode committee, 6 days-----	12 00	
	2,754 miles' travel, from and to Atchison, Atchison county, Nebraska-----	275 40	287 40
J. H. Puleston-----	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days-----	4 00	
	782 miles' travel-----	78 20	82 20
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	782 miles' travel-----	78 20	82 20
J. Brisbane-----	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days-----	4 00	
	762 miles' travel-----	76 20	80 20
A. Davis-----	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days-----	4 00	
	762 miles' travel-----	76 20	80 20
Ira Trippe-----	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days-----	4 00	
	762 miles' travel-----	76 20	80 20
George Sanderson-----	Witness 2 days-----	4 00	
	762 miles' travel-----	76 20	80 20
Adam Wegman -----	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days-----	6 00	
	480 miles' travel-----	48 00	54 00
G. W. Walling-----	Witness before Covode committee-----	2 00	
	480 miles' travel-----	48 00	50 00
C. W. Clement-----	Witness before Covode committee, 6 days-----	12 00	
	280 miles' travel-----	28 00	40 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
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John Sherman	do		29 73
C. C. Washburn	do		29 39
William Windom	do		28 92
William Smith	do		28 74
O. S. Ferry	do		27 17
J. Morrison Harris	do		25 01
Reuben Davis	do		24 28
John Carey	do		21 51
J. C. Robinson	do		15 34
J. Shillington	do		3 50
J. B. Clark	Stationery for Hon. C. D. Martin		50 00
Reuben Davis	Newspapers furnished himself at the 1st session 36th Congress		42 54
E. P. Walton	do		36 00
J. C. Robinson	do		36 00
C. H. Larrabee	do		31 00
P. B. Fouke	do		30 50
J. A. Logan	do		27 50
Saml. Bowles & Co.	Springfield Republican, 2d session 36th Congress		20 00
Parsons & Allen	New York Daily News for Hon. J. D. Ashmore		1 50
R. W. Furnas	Nebraska Advertiser to Hon. E. Estabrook		1 00
J. A. Gurley	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress		25 67
Terrence Keenan	Hack to convey Committee on Enrolled Bills to the President's for the 1st session 36th Congress		350 00

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James Love-----	Witness before Judiciary Committee, in the case of J. C. Watrous, 10 days-----	20 00	
	3,360 miles' travel -----	336 00	356 00
John Taylor -----	Witness before Covode committee, 6 days-----	12 00	
	2,754 miles' travel, from and to Atchison, Atchison county, Nebraska-----	275 40	287 40
J. H. Puleston-----	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days-----	4 00	
	782 miles' travel-----	78 20	
J. W. Palmer -----	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days-----	4 00	82 20
	782 miles' travel-----	78 20	
J. Brisbane-----	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days-----	4 00	82 20
	762 miles' travel-----	76 20	
A. Davis-----	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days-----	4 00	80 20
	762 miles' travel-----	76 20	
Ira Trippe-----	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days-----	4 00	80 20
	762 miles' travel-----	76 20	
George Sanderson-----	Witness 2 days-----	4 00	80 20
	762 miles' travel-----	76 20	
Adam Wegman -----	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days-----	6 00	80 20
	480 miles' travel-----	48 00	
G. W. Walling-----	Witness before Covode committee-----	2 00	54 00
	480 miles' travel-----	48 00	
C. W. Clement-----	Witness before Covode committee, 6 days-----	12 00	50 00
	280 miles' travel-----	28 00	40 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
David Webster.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	\$6 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	\$34 00
Francis Grice	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	32 00
Joseph Grice.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	32 00
W. B. Mann.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	32 00
J. Shillington	6 dies	12 00	
	1 quart bottle red ink, for stamping	17 00	
	1 die.....	2 00	
	9 dies	18 00	31 00
	1 handle die and set of pads.....	8 25	
Patrick Lafferty	Witness before Covode committee, 6 days.....	-----	26 25
Thos. C. McDowell	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	-----	12 00
John D. Defrees	Witness before Committee on Public Expenditures, 3 days.....	-----	6 00
Alexander S. Stewart.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	-----	6 00
	Bringing books	4 00	
		1 00	
Valentine Blanchard.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	-----	5 00
S. P. Hanscombe.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	-----	4 00
John C. Mather.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	-----	4 00
James English.....	Witness before Committee on Public Expenditures, 2 days.....	-----	4 00
M. Johnson.....	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day.....	-----	2 00
J. L. Elliott.....	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day.....	-----	2 00
Stephen C. Dodge.....	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day.....	-----	2 00

S. G. Daily.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	37 48
J. F. Potter.....	do.....do.....	36 58
C. Robinson.....	do.....do.....	36 31
W. Winslow.....	do.....do.....	36 05
Jas. T. Hale.....	do.....do.....	28 58
A. H. Rice.....	do.....do.....	27 03
Gilman Marston.....	do.....do.....	21 08
J. D. Ashmore.....	do.....do.....	18 18
Mason W. Tappan.....	do.....do.....	16 36
E. G. Spaulding.....	do.....do.....	15 80
J. A. Gurley.....	do.....do.....	13 03
P. B. Fouke.....	do.....do.....	5 80
W. A. Taliaferro.....	do.....do.....	
E. B. Schnable.....	Services in old hall and keeping up the furnaces, from February 12 to March 31, 1860, 49 days, at \$1 50.....	73 50
Thomas Miller.....	Witness before Covode committee, 58 days.....	116 00
	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00
	1,074 miles' travel.....	107 40
James Smith.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00
	1,074 miles' travel.....	107 40
D. S. Koon.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20
J. C. Platt.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20
J. H. Scranton.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00
	762 miles' travel.....	76 20
Thomas H. Tanner.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	4 00
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00
James C. Van Dyke.....	Witness before Covode committee, 12 days.....	24 00
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00
Charles Bunn.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	6 00
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00
		34 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
W. C. Patterson.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	\$6 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	\$34 00
Henry Seibert.....	Witness before Covode Committee, 2 days.....	4 00	
	272 miles' travel.....	27 20	
Charles Dutille.....	Witness before Judiciary Committee, in the case of J. C. Watrous, 2 days.....	4 00	31 20
	272 miles' travel.....	27 20	
J. A. Logan.....	Stationery, 1st session 36th Congress.....		31 20
S. B. Blanchard.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....		10 38
William S. Thompson.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....		4 00
Thomas P. Watson.....	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day.....		4 00
	6 miles' travel.....	2 00	
		60	2 60
F. P. Blair, jr.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		50 00
S. G. Daily.....	do.....do.....		50 00
Gilman Marston.....	do.....do.....		23 50
J. D. Ashmore.....	do.....do.....		10 00
Thomas A. R. Nelson.....	do.....do.....		5 27
M. Bailey.....	Services (folding documents) for May, 1860.....		46 50
Nathan Miller.....	Services in the folding-room, from the 17th to the 29th of February, 1860, at \$2 50 per day, 12 days.....		30 00
James E. Harvey.....	Witness before Covode committee, 4 days.....		8 00
George H. Pendleton.....	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress.....		21 60
George H. Pendleton.....	Stationery, 1st session 36th Congress.....		22 80
George T. Smith.....	Compensation as messenger, (resolution of March 9, 1860,) from December 6, 1858, to March 3, 1859, at the rate of \$1,200 per annum, instead of \$3 per day, as paid.....		
James Woodruff.....	One anti-friction fire and steam regulator for engine room.....		27 44
Samuel Torbert.....	Five horses and carryalls for May, 1860, at \$2 each per day.....		125 00
		310 00	

J. R. Riggs	One saddle horse for May, at \$1 50	46 50	365 50
William Vandever	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress		50 00
G. B. Adrain	do		50 00
E. G. Spaulding	do		36 00
J. Hillyer	do		29 41
	Newspapers paid by himself during the 32d and 33d Congress—		
	Journal and Messenger, Macon, Ga	2 00	
	Chronicle and Sentinel, Augusta, Ga	4 00	
	Southern Banner, Athens, Ga	2 00	
	Journal and Messenger, Macon, Ga	2 00	
	Chronicle, Augusta, Ga	4 00	
	Southern Banner, Athens, Ga	2 00	
	Do	2 00	
	Federal Union, Milledgeville, Ga	2 00	
	Constitutionalist, Augusta, Ga	4 00	
Lansing Stout	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress		24 00
Wm. Allen	do		19 33
Bull & Tuttle	Baltimore Clipper to Hon. George Briggs		9 75
Sheldon McKnight	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days		2 00
O. F. Gaines	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days		64 00
	576 miles' travel	4 00	
		57 60	
Stephen Crosby	Witness before Judiciary Committee, case of Judge Watrous	8 00	61 60
	480 miles' travel	48 00	
A. R. Scholfield	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day	2 00	56 00
	280 miles' travel	28 00	
Gid. G. Westcott	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day	2 00	30 00
	280 miles' travel	28 00	
Ellwood Fisher	Witness before Covode committee, 17 days		30 00
F. P. Blair	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress		34 00
E. P. Walton	do		45 00
D. Kilgore	do		40 85
G. B. Adrain	do		36 17
Ed. McPherson	do		35 88
	do		34 38

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
W. S. Kenyon.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	\$32 39
R. E. Fenton.....	do.....do.....	-----	31 58
S. Edgerton.....	do.....do.....	-----	30 88
Wm. Vandever.....	do.....do.....	-----	16 93
H. Winter Davis.....	do.....do.....	-----	13 68
S. F. Leake.....	do.....do.....	-----	4 13
L. C. Carter.....	do.....do.....	-----	41 37
W. C. Howard.....	do.....do.....	-----	37 11
E. Babbitt.....	do.....do.....	-----	36 79
E. B. French.....	do.....do.....	-----	34 29
J. N. Morris.....	do.....do.....	-----	33 56
J. W. Noel.....	do.....do.....	-----	26 32
J. M. Quarles.....	do.....do.....	-----	35 26
J. G. Davis.....	do.....do.....	-----	24 89
John T. Harris.....	do.....do.....	-----	24 25
Wm. M. Dunn.....	do.....do.....	-----	22 41
W. E. Simms.....	do.....do.....	-----	24 96
Thos. C. Theaker.....	do.....do.....	-----	17 25
J. A. Gilmer.....	do.....do.....	-----	17 14
O. R. Singleton.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	50 00
A. G. Jenkins.....	do.....do.....	-----	50 00
John Covode.....	do.....do.....	-----	50 00
Elijah Babbitt.....	do.....do.....	-----	50 00
J. K. Moorhead.....	do.....do.....	-----	50 00
S. O. Peyton.....	do.....do.....	-----	50 00
J. T. Harris.....	do.....do.....	-----	50 00
J. W. Noel.....	do.....do.....	-----	50 00
W. E. Simms.....	do.....do.....	-----	50 00
J. M. Quarles.....	do.....do.....	-----	46 50
W. A. Howard.....	do.....do.....	-----	36 00
J. S. Morrill.....	do.....do.....	-----	34 81
Jas. H. Geiger.....	Witness before Covode committee, 4 days	\$8 00	

J. B. Craig	1,084 miles' travel	108 40	116 40
C. Wendell	Witness before select committee of which Hon. T. J. Barr is chairman, 8 days ..	16 00	
McGregor & Co.	480 miles' travel	48 00	
Wm. Pennington	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days		64 00
S. S. Blair	18 stools for folding-room		4 00
Jas. Craig	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress		11 25
A. R. Boteler	do		50 00
Horace Maynard	do		50 00
C. L. Vallandigham	do		47 50
W. A. Hooper	do		40 25
W. M. Dunn	do		35 90
O. S. Ferry	do		23 12
Thomas A. R. Nelson	do		23 12
David Clark	do		9 75
B. F. Junkin	do		3 50
J. M. Lucas	do		3 25
J. W. Harris	do		2 50
	do		2 00
	2,650 copies Congressional Directory		530 00
	Witness before Judiciary Committee, in case of Judge Watrous, 20 days	40 00	
	3,360 miles' travel	336 00	
	Witness before Committee on Public Expenditures, 2 days	4 00	376 00
Daniel Ruggles	70 miles' travel	7 00	
J. A. (D ?) Kilgore	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress		11 00
J. J. Perry	do		36 72
J. T. Nixon	do		34 05
G. A. Grow	do		33 05
C. L. Vallandigham	do		30 42
S. Colfax	do		30 34
James Craig	do		28 95
A. G. Jenkins	do		26 50
Wm. Kellogg	do		26 41
A. G. Porter	do		26 08
J. L. N. Stratton	do		24 15
Chas. Case	do		23 84
J. K. Moorhead	do		21 68
	do		16 51

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
J. B. Clark	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	\$14 52
A. W. Fletcher	Clerk to Committee on Revolutionary Pensions, from February 16 to 29, 1860	-----	56 00
H. F. Clark	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	50 00
J. B. Alley	do.....do.....do.....	-----	44 00
James H. Thomas	do.....do.....do.....	-----	23 50
L. O'B. Branch	do.....do.....do.....	-----	50 00
Manypenny & Miller	Daily Statesman, for Hon C. D. Martin	\$3 00	
	Daily Statesman, for Hon. William Allen	1 50	
W. G. Whiteley	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	4 50
John Forsyth	Witness before the Covode Committee, 7 days	14 00	3 75
	2,488 miles' travel	248 80	
W. E. Culver	Witness before Judiciary Committee, in case of Judge Watrous, 5 days	10 00	262 80
	1,440 miles' travel	144 00	
A. M. Sallade	Witness before Covode committee, 9 days	18 00	154 00
	396 miles' travel	39 60	
J. H. Smith	Witness before Covode committee, 4 days	-----	57 60
W. H. Shore	Witness before Covode committee, 10 days	20 00	8 00
	810 miles' travel	81 00	
John B. Alley	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	101 00
H. E. Royce	do.....do.....do.....	-----	42 40
Thomas J. Barr	do.....do.....do.....	-----	41 36
L. O'B. Branch	do.....do.....do.....	-----	35 82
W. B. Maclay	do.....do.....do.....	-----	35 03
S. O. Peyton	do.....do.....do.....	-----	34 66
James H. Thomas	do.....do.....do.....	-----	21 73
F. E. Spinner	do.....do.....do.....	-----	20 33
J. H. Reagan	do.....do.....do.....	-----	20 12
		-----	50 00

C. D. Martin.....	do.....	do.....	24 50
Thomas C. Hindman.....	do.....	do.....	1 00
J. H. Reagan.....	do.....	do.....	32 40
J. Baumgarten.....	Engraving eagle seal for the post office of the House of Representatives.....		20 00
J. R. Cunningham.....	1 copy Worcester's Dictionary, (library)		7 50
Samuel Torbert.....	(Cartage of 573 loads of documents)		286 50
George Plitt.....	Witness before Covode committee, 3 days.....	6 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	
William Mooney.....	Services in folding-room, from March 1, 1859, to February 13, 1860, at \$2 per day.....	700 00	34 00
	Deduct amount paid.....	525 00	
J. Bastianelli.....	Page in hall, from December 5 to 23, 1859, at \$2.....	36 00	175 00
	Page in hall, from June 17 to 25, 1860, 9 days.....	18 00	
S. J. Willis.....	Witness before select committee of which Hon. T. J. Barr is chairman, 3 days.....	6 00	54 00
	480 miles' travel.....	48 00	
William Karns.....	Witness before Covode committee, 5 days.....	10 00	54 00
	392 miles' travel.....	39 20	
W. B. Shaw.....	Witness before Covode committee, 10 days.....		49 20
E. S. Martin.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		20 00
L. Q. C. Lamar.....	do.....		50 00
J. R. Barrett.....	do.....		50 00
L. Q. C. Lamar.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		27 30
Robert McKnight.....	do.....		37 52
Charles L. Beall.....	do.....		30 99
J. F. Farnsworth.....	do.....		29 04
A. J. Glossbrenner.....	Use of horse and wagon, from September 1, 1859, to February 6, 1860, 159 days, at \$2.....		21 51
D. W. Gooch.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		318 00
Ed. Wade.....	do.....		43 11
Eli Thayer.....	do.....		37 36
H. L. Dawes.....	do.....		36 65
Miles Taylor.....	do.....		36 27
Thad. Stevens.....	do.....		34 72
William Montgomery.....	do.....		34 64
			33 60

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
O. R. Singleton	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	\$33 45
S. H. Waldron	do.....do.....do.....	-----	20 58
W. S. Holman	do.....do.....do.....	-----	13 53
J. M. Kunkel	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	50 00
J. A. Stallworth	do.....do.....do.....	-----	50 00
D. W. Gooch	do.....do.....do.....	-----	50 00
S. H. Woodson	do.....do.....do.....	-----	50 00
I. I. Stevens	do.....do.....do.....	-----	50 00
John Cochran	do.....do.....do.....	-----	43 00
H. L. Dawes	do.....do.....do.....	-----	41 80
W. B. Maclay	do.....do.....do.....	-----	39 00
M. L. Bonham	do.....do.....do.....	-----	34 40
Miles Taylor	do.....do.....do.....	-----	32 00
Thad. Stevens	do.....do.....do.....	-----	31 75
Ed. Wade	do.....do.....do.....	-----	24 00
Anson Burlingame	do.....do.....do.....	-----	20 32
L. J. Middleton	10 bushels ice daily, Sundays excepted, from April 1 to May 6, 1860, at 50 cents per bushel.....	\$150 00	
	15 bushels ice daily, Sundays excepted, from May 7 to 31, 1860, 22 days, at 50 cents per bushel.....	165 00	
George N. Beale	Services in the stationery room, folding-room of the Clerk's office, for March, April, and May, 1860.....	-----	315 00
J. W. Davidson	Witness before Covode committee, 5 days.....	10 00	300 00
	2,046 miles' travel	204 60	
A. Wilson	Erecting one lettered monument to Hon. S. M. Burroughs.....	100 00	214 60
	Erecting one unlettered monument.....	90 00	
J. D. Ward	Services in the old hall of Representatives and attending the furnace under the folding-room for May, 1860, at \$3.....	-----	190 00
		-----	93 00

Ira Freeman, jr.....	Witness before the Covode committee, 8 days	16 00	54 40
	384 miles' travel	38 40	
J. L. Sleight	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 2 days ..	4 00	
	480 miles' travel	48 00	
J. C. Vandyke.....	Witness before the Covode committee, 4 days	8 00	52 00
	280 miles' travel	28 00	
J. A. Stallworth.....	Stationery, 1st session 36th Congress		36 00
Thomas P. Hughes.....	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 11 days..	22 00	31 53
	3,850 miles' travel.....	385 00	
B. C. Franklin.....	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 10 days..	20 00	407 00
	3,360 miles' travel.....	336 00	
John A. Williams.....	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 3 days..	6 00	356 00
	710 miles' travel	71 00	
E. G. Dill.....	Witness before the Covode committee, 2 days		77 00
Julius Bien.....	Engraving and printing 1,550 copies of maps of the wagon road from Fort Smith to the Colorado river, report of E. F. Beale, House document No. 42, 1st session 36th Congress.....		4 00
C. Wendell.....	Binding 36 volumes of Bills of the House of Representatives, 1st session 35th Congress, full sheep, at 87½ cents	31 50	150 00
	Binding 12 volumes of Bills of the House of Representatives, 2d session 35th Congress, full sheep, at 87½ cents	10 50	
C. Wendell.....	Binding 20 volumes of Emory's Report of the Mexican Boundary Survey, at 65 cents		42 00
C. Wendell.....	Binding 7 volumes of Emory's Report of the Mexican Boundary Survey, at \$1..		13 00
James Parker.....	Services as clerk to the Committee on Invalid Pensions, from April 11 to June 25, 1860, 76 days, at \$4.....		7 00
P. E. Love.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		304 00
W. H. English.....	do.....do.....		36 63
W. R. W. Cobb.....	do.....do.....		34 55
F. H. Morse.....	do.....do.....		30 48
J. J. Jones.....	do.....do.....		30 02
C. D. Martin.....	do.....do.....		28 33
			22 75

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
J. S. Morrill.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	-----	\$22 55
M. W. Hawkes	Services in the folding-room from June 1 to June 25, 1860.....	-----	75 00
J. W. Stevenson.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	-----	50 00
Joshua Hill.....	do.....do.....	-----	45 75
A. H. Rice	do.....do.....	-----	44 00
G. W. Hughes	do.....do.....	-----	40 66
Charles Delano	do.....do.....	-----	40 50
W. R. W. Cobb.....	do.....do.....	-----	40 00
J. S. Phelps	do.....do.....	-----	20 75
W. R. W. Cobb.....	do.....do.....	-----	3 00
Bull & Tuttle.....	Baltimore Clipper for—	-----	
	Hon. T. A. R. Nelson.....	\$2 17	
	Hon. J. E. Bouigny.....	2 00	
	Hon. W. G. Whiteley	2 00	6 17
Robertson & Clark	Omaha Nebraskian, for Hon. E. Estabrook.....	-----	1 00
H. W. Hoffman.....	Services to the Judiciary Committee in the case of Judge Watrous: Summons to Robt. H. Howard, M. M. Patter, Jno. W. Harris, H. B. Martin, B C. Franklin, D. R. Atchison, James Love, John C. Trueheart, Thomas M. League, Robert Hughes, James E. Love, Lorenzo Sherwood, Wm. H. Goddard, and Geo. Mason, of Galveston, Texas.....	28 00	
	C. W. Buckley, of Richmond, Texas, 100 miles, going and returning; Peter W. Gray and James D. Wilson, of Houston, Texas, going and returning, 100 miles, from Galveston, two summonses.....	4 00	
	3,560 miles' travel for the above	356 00	
	George W. Paschal, Wm. Alexander, and E. M. Pearce, of Austin, Texas, three summonses.....	6 00	
	Thomas P. Hughes, of Georgetown, Texas.....	2 00	
	3,850 miles' travel.....	385 00	
	Eliphas Spencer and B. J. Thompson, of Waco, Texas.....	4 00	
	4,144 miles' travel.....	414 40	

J. W. Gurley, of New Orleans, Louisiana, and John W. Lapsley, of Selma, Alabama, two summonses.....	4 00
3,182 miles' travel.....	318 20
Wm. F. Wilson, Yanton, Dakota Territory, 5,800 miles' travel.....	580 00
S. P. Russell, John Paine, and Wm. H. Paine, of New York city, three summonses 480 miles' travel.....	6 00
John A. Williams, Fayetteville, North Carolina.....	48 00
830 miles' travel.....	2 00
Henry Sibert and Charles Dutil.....	83 00
280 miles' travel.....	4 00
Theodore Clayton, Elkton, Maryland.....	28 00
200 miles' travel.....	2 00
John Taylor, Atchison, Kansas.....	20 00
2,754 miles' travel.....	2 00
Hamilton Stewart.....	275 40
Henry B. Martin.....	2 20
Wm. E. Culver.....	2 00
Stephen Crosby.....	2 20
Charles Dutil and Henry Sibert, two summons.....	4 00
Stephen Crosby and John L. Sleight, New York.....	4 00
480 miles' travel.....	48 00
Luke Lea, \$2 20; Edward Haurick, \$2 20.....	4 40
Notice.....	2 20
John Taylor, of Rusk, Texas.....	2 00
4,164 miles' travel.....	416 40
Witness before Covode committee, 36 days.....	3,063 60
Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, three days 480 miles' travel.....	72 00
Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	54 00
Charleston Mercury, Cheraw Gazette, Lancaster Ledger, Darlington Flag, Union Star, Kingston Star, Pee Dee Gazette, Southern Guardian.....	50 00
Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	43 00
do.....do.....do.....	39 02
do.....do.....do.....	39 00
do.....do.....do.....	37 00
do.....do.....do.....	37 00
do.....do.....do.....	36 75
do.....do.....do.....	27 47
A. R. Quantrille.....	
John Paine.....	
W. P. Miles.....	
John McQueen.....	
Warren Winslow.....	
James M. Ashley.....	
James L. Pugh.....	
J. J. McRae.....	
J. Ed. Bouligny.....	
D. E. Somes.....	

Summons to A. R. Allen, April 7, 1860.....	\$2 20
Summons to W. W. Shore, Providence, Rhode Island, and G. G. Westcott, New York city, May 25, 1860.....	4 00
418 miles' travel.....	83 60
Summons to Benjamin Andrews, Cleveland, Ohio, and William Hunter, C. B. Flood, Madison Kelley, Thomas Miller, James H. Smith, and Samuel Medary, Columbus, Ohio, May 26, 1860.....	14 00
851 miles' travel, each way.....	170 20
Summons to Patrick Lafferty, May 28, 1860.....	2 20
Summons to Ed. Power, Thomas McDonough, Albert Scholfield, Charles Clements, G. G. Westcott, and W. W. Wittee, Philadelphia, May 28, 1860.....	12 00
140 miles' travel, each way.....	28 00
Summons to Frederick Engle, Burlington, New Jersey, May 28, 1860.....	2 00
159 miles' travel, each way.....	31 80
Summons to Mr. Fitch, May 28, 1860.....	2 20
Summons to J. W. Davidson, Monmouth, Illinois, May 30, 1860.....	2 00
1,073 miles' travel, each way.....	214 60
Summons to John Forsyth, Mobile, Alabama, May 30, 1860.....	2 00
1,244 miles' travel, each way.....	248 80
Summons to Ed. W. Power, May 31, 1860.....	2 20
Summons to Thomas Miller, Columbus, Ohio, June 1, 1860.....	2 00
537 miles' travel, each way.....	107 40
Summons to John Brisbane, George Sanderson, A. Davis, Ira Trippe, and J. H. Scranton, Scranton, Pa.; D. S. Koon, Pittsburg, Pa.; and G. W. Palmer, Abington, Pa., June 2, 1860.....	14 00
400 miles' travel, each way.....	80 00
Summons to William M. Muller, W. B. Reed, William Kelley, Thomas Kearns, John Hagan, David Cook, and J. W. Vanhorn, Philadelphia, June 2, 1860.....	14 00
140 miles' travel, each way.....	28 00
Summons to Chas. Brown, David Webster, G. G. Westcott, W. B. Mann, Albert Scholfield, Thomas Davidson, Reuben F. Brown, and William C. Patterson, Philadelphia, June 4, 1860.....	16 00
140 miles' travel, each way.....	28 00
Summons to George W. Walling and D. H. Johnson, New York, June 4, 1860.....	4 00
240 miles' travel, each way.....	48 00
Summons to John M. Sallade and William Karns, Reading, Pa., June 4, 1860.....	4 00
192 miles' travel, each way.....	38 40
Summons to J. C. Mather, June 4, 1860.....	2 20

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
H. W. Hoffman—Continued.....	Services to the Judiciary Committee—Continued.		
	Summons to Hon. Jacob Thompson, C. Wendell, and S. P. Hanscombe, June 4, 1860.....	\$6 60	
	Summons to J. H. Ward and Thomas Farron, June 5, 1860.....	4 00	
	304 miles' travel, each way, in search of the above.....	60 80	
	Summons to William R. Rankin, Joseph H. Geiger, and D. H. Lawrence, Columbus, Ohio, June 5, 1860.....	6 00	
	537 miles' travel, each way.....	107 40	
	Summons to J. W. Forney, T. B. Hayes, and William Montgomery, June 8, 1860.	6 00	
	Summons to C. Wendell, June 9, 1860.....	2 20	
	Summons (telegraph) by order of chairman, June 9, 1860.....	4 05	
	Summons for the arrest of William Kears, Reading, Pennsylvania, under attachment, June 9, 1860.....	2 00	
	4 days' custody, and a man, at \$1 each.....	5 00	
	Board and hack hire.....	9 00	
	192 miles' travel, each way.....	38 40	
	Attachment for Albert Scholfield, Philadelphia, June 9, 1860.....	2 00	
	140 miles' travel, each way.....	28 00	
	Attachment for G. G. Westcott, New York, June 9, 1860.....	2 00	
	240 miles' travel, each way.....	48 00	
	Attachment for Alexander Hay, June 9, 1860.....	2 00	
	580 miles' travel in search of Hay.....	58 00	
	Attachment for C. H. Dunham, Brooklyn, New York, June 9, 1860.....	2 00	
	730 miles' travel in search of Dunham.....	73 00	
	Notice to William Montgomery, June 11, 1860.....	2 00	
	Summons to James Vandyke, Philadelphia, June 12, 1860.....	2 00	
	140 miles' travel, each way.....	28 00	
	Summons to Joseph Ledlie, Springfield, Illinois, June 12, 1860.....	2 00	
	581 miles' travel, each way.....	170 20	
	Summons to O. F. Gaines, Boonton, New Jersey, June 12, 1860.....	2 00	
	288 miles' travel, each way.....	57 60	
	Expense for telegraph, per order of chairman, June 15, 1860.....	5 20	

S. S. Scranton.....	Do.....do..... June 13, 1860.....	50	1,954 48
	Do.....do..... May 30, 1860.....	10 73	
Witness before Covode committee, 5 days.....		10 00	
632 miles' travel.....		63 20	
Stationery.....		-----	
Stationery.....		-----	
Binding 73 vols. Originals, 1st session 35th Congress.....		365 00	
Do.....do..... 2d.....do.....		190 00	
Binding 1 vol. Michigan and Nebraska Contested Election.....		75	
Binding 2 vols. Maryland Contested Election (No. 2) for Committee of Elections.....		1 50	
Binding 1 index book, with tags.....		3 00	
Ruling 500 blank accounts.....		1 25	
Ruling fair t and red 500 blank accounts.....		2 50	
Do.....do. abstract of vouchers.....		2 50	
Binding 1 vol. Select Committee on Printing.....		75	
Newspapers.....		-----	
Brooklyn Daily Eagle, for Hon. J. Humphrey.....		-----	
Witness before Covode committee, 6 days.....		12 00	
1,862 miles' travel.....		186 20	
Services winding the clocks in the hall, offices, and committee rooms, from January 1 to May 31, 1860, five months, at \$20 per month.....		100 00	
Repairing clock in stationery room.....		5 00	
Expenses incurred and services rendered the Covode committee.....		-----	
Witness before the Covode committee, 10 days.....		-----	
Services as an attendant in the House of Representatives for March, 1860, 31 days, at \$1 50.....		46 50	
Services as an attendant in the House of Representatives for May, 1860, 31 days, at \$1 50.....		46 50	
Services as an attendant in the House of Representatives from May 31 to June 22, 1860, 22 days, at \$1 50.....		33 00	
Services as an attendant in the House of Representatives for April, 1860.....		-----	
Printing and ruling 200 sheets of parchment, at 25 cents per sheet.....		-----	
J. Humphrey.....		-----	12 25
J. Van Auden.....		-----	12 83
Joseph Ledlie.....		-----	2 50
C. W. Heyden.....		-----	198 20
A. R. Quantrell.....		-----	105 00
E. B. Schnable.....		-----	50 00
John B Dade.....		-----	20 00
John B. Dade.....		-----	126 00
J. V. N. Throop.....		-----	45 00
		-----	50 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
J. V. N. Throop.....	Printing 100 sheets of engrossing paper, ruling the same, and retouching the plate.	-----	\$20 00
Edward Hanrick.....	Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 6 days..	-----	12 00
Charles F. Adams.....	Newspapers	-----	46 90
A. Rust.....	do	-----	33 00
C. L. Scott.....	do	-----	32 75
Albert Rust	New York Albion, for himself.....	-----	6 00
E. N. Fuller	Newark Evening Journal, for Hon. J. R. Wortenkyke.....	-----	5 00
W. T. Dove	2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	\$8 00	
	Portico lamps:		
	70 feet of gas pipe, at 20 cents.....	14 00	
	2 feet of brass pipe, at 30 cents	60	
	11 connecting balls, at 20 cents, \$2 20; 2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day, \$8..	10 20	
	Engine-room:		
	2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00	
	2 gallons of boiled oil, \$2 50; 1 poker, \$2 50; scraper, \$1 50.....	6 50	
	2 hooks, 50 cents; 6 cold chisels, at 50 cents, \$3.....	3 50	
	Lamps:		
	2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00	
	1 gas fitter, 1 day, \$3; 1 assistant, one-half of a day, 50 cents.....	3 50	
	Folding-room passage:		
	2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00	
	do.....do.....	8 00	
	do.....do.....	8 00	
	do.....do.....	8 00	
	Portico lamps:		
	85 feet of pipe, at 50 cents, \$42 50; 10 heavy stiff joints, at 88 cents, \$8 80....	51 30	
	10 heavy connecting balls, \$7 50; 10 ornaments, \$8 80.....	16 30	
	New glass for 3 large lamps, at \$5	15 00	
	2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00	
	6 half-inch plugs, \$1 50; reaming out ornaments, 37 cents.....	1 87	
	2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00	
	do.....do.....	8 00	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Larcombe & English.....	Extra expenses incurred for alterations, detentions, &c., on the testimony taken before the Covode committee.....	-----	\$935 00
M. H. Stevens & Co.....	1 gross soap.....	\$20 25	
	72 pounds brown soap, at 8 cents	5 76	
	1 dozen dusters.....	21 00	
	6 towels, at \$3 75	22 50	
	Tape and thread.....	1 50	
	2 bottles India ink.....	75	
	2 dozen spittoons, at \$9.....	18 00	
	$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen soap cups	3 00	
	2 $\frac{1}{4}$ dozen nail brushes, at \$3.....	7 50	
	1 dozen hair brushes.....	12 00	
	6 towels, at \$3 75.....	22 50	
	Hemming, marking, and washing 12 dozen towels.....	21 50	
	1 dozen dust pans	3 50	
	1 dozen hand brushes.....	8 50	
	2 sets box tools.....	6 00	
	1 dozen chamois skins.....	9 00	
	6 punches, at 30 cents.....	1 80	
	1 bit-stock and bits.....	2 25	
	1 dozen hair brushes.....	15 00	
	1 dozen combs	6 00	
	2 dozen dusters, at \$21	42 00	
	1 dozen combs	6 00	
	$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen hair brushes.....	5 00	
	1 dozen chamois skins.....	9 00	
	$\frac{1}{3}$ dozen hair brushes.....	3 00	
	1 mail bag.....	6 50	
	1 dozen dusters.....	21 00	
	$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen dusters, at \$21.....	19 25	
	1 $\frac{1}{4}$ dozen combs, at \$6, \$9; 1 dozen combs, \$6.....	15 00	

George & Thomas Parker & Co.....

3 corkscrews, \$2 63; 25 pounds sponge, \$62 50	65 13
1 dozen whisps, \$3 50; 1 gross matches, \$4	7 50
1 dozen ink, \$3 50; 1 dozen hair brushes, \$18	21 50
1 dozen snuff, \$15; 2 dozen candlesticks, \$10	25 00
6 dozen tumblers, \$18; 2 dozen brooms, \$10	28 00
1 dozen combs, \$9; 1 dozen brushes, \$18	27 00
2 dozen scrub brushes, \$7; 1 box Castile soap, \$4; 12 buckets, \$3 50	14 50
$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen hearth brooms, \$3 75; 1 dozen buckets, \$9	12 75
2 tin buckets, \$3; 25 pounds soda, at 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ cents, \$1 56	4 56
2 dozen ice picks, \$6; 2 dozen brooms, \$16	16 00
2 dozen whisps, \$7; 1 dozen baskets, \$15	22 00
1 funnel, 25 cents; 4 dozen tumblers, \$12	12 25
25 pounds sponge, \$62 50; 50 pounds soda, at 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ cents, \$3 13	65 63
1 dozen baskets, \$15; 1 dozen brushes, \$6	21 00
1 gross matches, \$1; 2 dozen spittoons, \$24	25 00
2 dozen brushes, \$36; 1 dozen combs, \$12	48 00
4 tin buckets, \$6; 4 dozen tumblers, \$12	18 00
1 gross matches, \$4; 2 dozen whisp brooms, \$10	14 00
2 pairs shovel and tongs	5 00
1 dozen soap mugs, \$9; 1 box honey soap, \$3 75	12 75
72 pounds brown soap	5 76
6 dippers, \$2 25; 1 dozen baskets, \$15	17 25
1 box honey soap, \$3 75; 1 tin tub, \$1 50	5 25
3 cut screws, \$2 63; 2 dozen brooms, \$12	14 63
25 pounds soda, \$1 56; 1 basket, \$3	4 56
1 dozen chamois skins	12 00
45 pounds sponge, \$112 50; 3 dozen spittoons, \$36	148 50
1 box honey soap, \$3 75; 6 ice picks, \$1 50	5 25
2 barrels lime, \$2 50; 2 boxes honey soap, \$7 50	10 00
4 dozen tumblers	12 00
1 dozen chamois skins, \$12; 2 gross matches, \$8	20 00
1 dozen scrub brushes	3 50
2 dozen whisps, \$9; 3 corkscrews, \$2 25	11 25
1 cup, 50 cents; 1 crock, 50 cents	1 00
$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen bristle dusters, \$6; 2 boxes honey soap, \$7 50	13 50
50 pounds soda, at 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ cents, \$3 13; 1 box brown Windsor soap, \$3 75	6 88

756 90

250 00

J. M. Barclay.....500 copies of the correct Rules of the House, for the use of the House of Representatives

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
J. B. Bryan	12 dozen towels, at \$4 50.....	\$54 00	
	Hemming, marking, and washing.....	21 50	
			\$75 50
George & Thomas Parker & Co.....	1 thermometer, 75 cents; 100 pounds soap, \$8	8 75	
	2 buckets, \$1 50; 6 buckets, at 37½ cents, \$2 25	3 75	
	1 tin bucket, \$1 75; 1 mat, \$1 75; box Castile soap, \$1	4 50	
	48 pounds sperm candles, \$28 80; 1 spigot, 31 cents; 1 pitcher, \$1	30 11	
	1½ gross matches, \$5; 80 pounds soda, at 6¼ cents, \$5.....	10 00	
	100 pounds brown soap, at 8 cents.....	8 00	
			65 11
Robert Darlington	Witness before Covode committee, one day	2 00	
	280 miles' travel.....	28 00	
			30 00
E. H. Webster.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	---	41 42
W. N. H. Smith.....	do.....do.....	---	36 34
H. C. Longnecker.....	do.....do.....	---	35 21
Joshua Hill	do.....do.....	---	34 53
John McQueen.....	do.....do.....	---	34 02
Thomas Corwin.....	do.....do.....	---	28 35
J. W. Stevenson.....	do.....do.....	---	27 26
Albert Rust.....	do.....do.....	---	24 01
W. T. Avery.....	do.....do.....	---	19 31
T. S. Boccock.....	do.....do.....	---	9 09
H. A. Edmundson.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	---	50 00
L. M. Keitt.....	do.....do.....	---	8 88
T. S. Boccock.....	do.....do.....	---	6 67
George & Thomas Parker & Co.....	36 lbs. sperm candles, 4's; 36 lbs. do., 6's, at 60 cents.....	43 20	
	72 lbs. sperm candles, 4's, at 60 cents.....	43 20	
	6 whitewash brushes, \$9; 1 keg white lead, \$3.....	12 00	
	50 lbs. Venetian red, \$3; 5 lbs. glue, \$1 25; 10 lbs. yellow ochre, 60 cents.....	4 85	
	2 gallons boiled oil, \$2; 1 gallon Japan varnish, \$2.....	4 00	
	1 gallon spirits of turpentine, 75 cents; 3 lbs. litharge, 38 cents.....	1 13	

L. F. Clark.....	1 dozen paint brushes, \$5 75; 144 lbs. brown soap, at 8 cents, \$11 52.....	17 27	125 65
	1 box patent sperm candles.....	22 50	
	2.....do.....do.....	45 00	
	1.....do.....do.....	22 50	
W. P. Leake.....	Services as page in the hall of the House of Representatives, from December 13, 1859, to February 5, 1860, inclusive.....		90 00
Dwight Loomis.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		110 00
J. S. Millson.....	do.....do.....		32 73
John Cochrane.....	do.....do.....		12 00
G. W. Hughes.....	do.....do.....		44 07
James Jackson.....	do.....do.....		42 74
Burton Craige.....	do.....do.....		38 14
J. A. McClernand.....	Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		24 65
James Jackson.....	do.....do.....		36 00
Burton Craige.....	do.....do.....		34 50
M. R. H. Garnett.....	do.....do.....		15 00
James A. Stewart.....	Stationery furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....		9 25
J. A. Bingham.....	do.....do.....		25 12
M. R. H. Garnett.....	do.....do.....		16 77
H. F. Clark.....	do.....do.....		6 38
W. E. Niblack.....	do.....do.....		45 00
D. E. Sickles.....	do.....do.....		23 32
J. A. Bingham.....	do.....do.....		16 96
W. Barksdale.....	do.....do.....		3 75
J. V. Wright.....	do.....do.....		69
W. P. Colgate.....	Page in the hall of the House of Representatives, from December 5, 1859, to February 5, 1860, 63 days.....		18 39
J. E. Pillsbury.....	Page in the hall of the House of Representatives, from December 5, 1859, to February 5, 1860, 63 days.....		126 00
A. W. Moise.....	Page in the hall of the House of Representatives, from December 5, 1859, to February 5, 1860, 63 days.....		126 00
W. O. Neale.....	Page in the hall of the House of Representatives, from December 5, 1859, to February 6, 1860, 63 days.....		126 00
A. J. Parish.....	Page in the hall of the House of Representatives, from December 5, 1859, to February 6, 1860, 63 days.....		126 00
O. D. Ambrose.....	Page in the hall of the House of Representatives, from December 8, 1859, to February 5, 1860, 60 days.....		120 00
J. J. Coombs.....	Services as page, from December 23, 1859, to February 5, 1860, at \$2 per day.....		88 00
	Clerk to Committee on Military Affairs, from the 1st to the 25th of June, 1860.....		100 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Ben Perley Poore.....	Clerk to Committee on Foreign Affairs, from the 1st to the 25th of June, 1860.....	-----	\$100 00
J. H. Hobbs.....	Clerk to Committee on the Judiciary, from the 1st to the 25th of June, 1860.....	-----	100 00
John F. Brandtz.....	Clerk to Committee of Elections, from the 1st to the 25th of June, 1860.....	-----	100 00
C. H. Upton.....	Clerk to Committee on Naval Affairs, from the 1st to the 25th of June, 1860.....	-----	100 00
B. G. Daniels.....	Clerk to Committee on Accounts, from the 1st to the 25th of June, 1860.....	-----	100 00
A. W. Fletcher.....	Clerk to Committee on Revolutionary Pensions, from the 1st to the 25th of June, 1860.....	-----	100 00
J. G. Nokes.....	Clerk to Committee on Indian Affairs, from the 1st to the 25th of June, 1860.....	-----	100 00
J. E. Mendenhall.....	Clerk to Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads, from the 1st to the 25th of June, 1860.....	-----	100 00
D. W. C. James.....	Clerk to Committee on the Territories, from the 1st to the 25th June, 1860.....	-----	100 00
M. A. Otero.....	Stationery.....	-----	27 04
James W. Queen & Co.....	4 thermometers, for offices and committee rooms, at \$3 each.....	-----	12 00
Gales & Seaton.....	National Intelligencer, furnished the following named members of the House of Representatives:	-----	
	Hon. J. S. Morrill, \$5 42; Hon. D. E. Simes, \$5 63.....	\$11 05	
	Hon. E. G. Spaulding, \$5 42; Hon. C. A. Trimble, \$5.....	10 42	
	Hon. J. H. Thomas, \$5; Hon. James Humphrey, \$5 42.....	10 42	
	Hon. James Jackson, \$5 42; Hon. J. A. Gurley, \$5.....	10 43	
	Hon. T. A. R. Nelson, \$5 42; Hon. D. E. Sickles, \$5 42.....	10 84	
	Hon. W. B. Stokes, \$5; Hon. E. P. Walton, \$5 85.....	10 85	
	Hon. G. Marston, \$5; Hon. H. Maynard, \$5 42; Hon. W. Allen, \$5.....	15 42	
	Hon. I. Washburn, jr., \$5; Hon. G. Adrain, \$5.....	10 00	
	Hon. Robert Malony, \$5; Hon. T. G. Davidson, \$5.....	10 00	
	Hon. C. Robinson, \$5; Hon. L. J. Moore, \$5.....	10 00	
	Hon. S. Moore, \$5; Hon. J. A. McClelland, \$5.....	10 00	
	Hon. C. D. Martin, \$5; Hon. J. A. Bingham, \$5.....	10 00	
	Hon. J. D. Ashmore, \$10; Hon. George Briggs, \$5.....	15 00	
	Hon. S. Clemens, \$3; Hon. W. H. Hooper, \$5 42.....	8 42	
	Hon. C. L. Vallandigham, \$2; Hon. W. Smith, \$6.....	8 00	
	Hon. W. W. Boyce, \$5 87; Hon. W. Winslow, \$4 58.....	10 45	
	Hon. A. J. Hamilton, \$3; Hon. C. B. Tompkins, \$1.....	4 00	

Parsons & Allen	Hon. Mr. Millson	16 50	191 80
H. W. Hoffman	Daily News, for Hon. J. J. McRae, 6½ months	-----	3 25
Do.....	Use of horse and wagon from June 1 to June 25, 1860	-----	50 00
	250 weeds, furnished under resolution of House of Representatives agreeing to wear the same on announcement of the death of Hon. David Broderick, at 40 cents each.....	-----	
	Same for Hon. Cyrus Spinck	100 00	
	Same for Hon. W. O. Goode	100 00	
	Same for Hon. S. M. Burroughs	100 00	
	Same for Hon. John Schwartz	100 00	
	Hack hire on the night of the death of Mr. Schwartz	5 00	
	Preparing for the funeral of Mr. Schwartz	11 50	
	Telegraphing	1 30	
	Notice to Mr. Hickman	2 50	
	Services to Committee on Public Expenditures, of which Hon. J. B. Haskin is chairman:		520 30
	Summons to C. Wendell	2 20	
	Summons to James English	2 20	
	Summons to John Larcombe	2 20	
	Summons to William Towers	2 20	
	Summons to John Heart	2 20	
	Summons to G. W. Bowman	2 20	
	Notice to John Heart	2 20	
	Notice to G. W. Bowman	2 20	
	Summons to W. W. Moore	2 20	
	Summons to Lemuel Towers	2 20	
	Summons to J. T. Crowell, Rahway, New Jersey—mileage, \$42; attendance, \$2	44 40	
	Summons to William M. Browne	2 20	
	Summons to John Larcombe	2 20	
	Summons to Thomas H. Ford	2 20	
	Summons to A. S. Mitchell	2 20	
	Summons to John D. Defrees	2 20	
	Summons to John C. Rives	2 20	
	Summons to J. J. Coombs	2 20	
	Summons to C. Wendell	2 20	
	Summons to Judge Cradlebaugh	2 20	
	Summons to Judge Cradlebaugh by telegraph to New York	3 85	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
H. W. Hoffman—Continued	Summons to J. W. Phelps, Brattleboro', Vermont, 800 miles.....	\$82 00	
	Summons to Lieutenant N. A. M. Dudley, Roxbury, Massachusetts	99 00	
	Special messenger to Roxbury, Massachusetts	20 00	
	Summons to Dr. Brierly.....	2 20	
	Summons to General Jesup.....	2 20	
	Summons to Lieutenant Ruggles.....	2 20	
	Special messenger in summoning Ruggles and Brierly.....	2 50	
		299 75	
	Deduct 70 miles from Roxbury	\$7 00	
	Deduct special messenger to Roxbury.....	20 00	
	Do.....do.....	2 50	
		29 50	
			\$270 25
H. W. Hoffman.....	Arrest and release of the following members of the House, under the warrant of the Speaker of the 6th of June, 1860, on the second call of the House: Hons. R. B. Brabson, J. H. Reagan, W. H. Dimmick, C. A. Trimble, R. H. Duel, A. A. Burnham, J. W. Noell, J. R. Riggs, R. E. Fenton, T. Ruffin, J. H. Graham, D. Clopton, T. J. Barr, J. B. Clark, Charles Delano, G. S. Houston, D. E. Sickles, M. L. Lee, W. E. Simms, Green Adams, Wm. Smith, L. O'B. Branch, J. W. Stephenson, I. Washburn, jr., Miles Taylor, T. D. Eliot, Ed. Wade, Horace F. Clark, James Wilson, C. C. Washburn, L. Q. C. Lamar, J. McQueen, C. H. Larrabee, O. R. Singleton, S. F. Leake, L. T. Moore, Wm. Stewart, H. Winter Davis, E. B. Washburne, D. C. DeJarnette, S. O. Peyton, Eli Thayer, G. A. Grow, W. G. Whiteley, J. W. Killinger, J. M. Kunkel, Henry Waldron, A. Rust, and J. R. Barrett, each arrest \$2, release \$1.....		
H. W. Hoffman.....	Arrest and release of the following members on the warrant of May 30, 1860: Hons J. C. Burch, A. A. Burnham, Wm. Stewart, S. S. Cox, J. R. Riggs, O. S. Ferry, J. H. Campbell, J. B. Haskin, Charles Case, J. T. Nixon, Burton Craige, A. B. Olin, James Jackson, J. H. Reynolds, Wm. Millward, J. A.		147 00

H. W. Hoffman.....	Stallworth, D. C. Dejarnette, C. R. Train, W. M. Dunn, Jas. Wilson, G. W. Hughes, G. S. Hawkins, M. W. Tappan, F. H. Morse, Eli Thayer, S. H. Woodson, I. N. Morris, and E. Joy Morris, each arrest \$2, release \$1, 28 members	84 00
James O'Reilly	Arrest and release of the following members under warrant of the Speaker of the 6th June, 1860, under first call of the House: Hon. Thos. J. Barr, W. S. Holman, J. H. Graham, R. H. Duel, Robert Hatton, D. Kilgore, S. S. Blair, J. C. Robinson, J. T. Hale, Wm. Stewart, Joshua Hill, Wm. Montgomery, John Covode, O. R. Singleton, P. E. Love, J. F. Farnsworth, J. J. Perry, S. H. Woodson, J. U. Pettit, and James Craig, each arrest \$2, each release \$1, 20 members	60 00
R. U. Sherman	Witness before select committee of which Hon. Thos. J. Barr is chairman, 40 days-480 miles' travel	128 00
L. V. Curry	Additional compensation as tally clerk of the House of Representatives from February 16 to June 16, 1860, inclusive, as allowed by resolution of March 3, 1857, and act of May 4, 1858, at \$360 per annum	120 00
Aug. Schell	200 sheets of parchment for enrolling bills	76 00
George H. Hutchins	Witness before the Covode committee, 12 days.....	72 00
Richard Schell.....	480 miles' travel.....	54 00
Edmund F. Brown.....	Witness before the select committee of which Hon. Thos. J. Barr is chairman, 3 days.....	52 00
S. B. Grice.....	480 miles' travel	50 00
A. R. Johnson.....	Witness before Covode committee, 2 days.....	32 00
W. E. Kennaugh	480 miles' travel	10 00
H. L. Martin.....	Services as chorister in the House of Representatives, 1st session 36th Congress--Witness before the Covode committee, 2 days	4 00
	280 miles' travel	4 00
	Witness before select committee of which Hon. T. J. Barr is chairman, 1 day---80 miles' travel	
	Witness before the Covode committee, 2 days.....	
	Witness before the Covode committee, 2 days.....	

• Deducted.

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
W. B. Lord	Services as stenographer from March 20, 1860, to June 16, 1860, for select committee, Hon John Covode chairman, resolution May 18, 1860	\$1,585 00	
	Credit by amount paid.....	250 00	\$1,235 00
H. W. Hoffman.....	Expenses attending the funeral of Hon. John Schwartz : Fare to Philadelphia, corpse and attendants, including committee..... Expense at Baltimore and other stations on the way	97 50 20 00	
	Conveyance for corpse and attendants through Philadelphia	50 00	
	Expenses of committee and attendants in Philadelphia.....	63 75	
	Fare to Reading for corpse and attendants	45 00	
	Expenses on the way.....	2 75	
	Expenses of funeral at Reading for carriages	176 00	
	Hearse, \$10; undertaker and materials, \$53.....	63 00	
	Expense of committee and attendants during stay at Reading.....	85 00	
	Expense of committee and attendants returning from Reading.....	175 00	
	384 miles' travel.....	38 40	816 40
H. W. Hoffman.....	Services to committee of which Hon. T. J. Barr is chairman : Summons and mileage to J. B. Craig, New York.....	50 00	
	Summons to G. H. Purser, W. M. Tweed, Jas. O'Reilly, and Walter Roach, 4, at \$2 each.....	8 00	
	Special messenger to New York.....	12 50	
	Summons and mileage to Geo. W. Hutchins	50 00	
	Special messenger to New York.....	10 00	
	Telegraph to New York.....	1 30	
	Summons and mileage to Samuel J. Willis, New York	50 00	
	Services of special messenger to New York	7 50	
	Summons and mileage to Albert R. Johnson, Baltimore	10 00	
	Special messenger to Baltimore.....	5 00	
	Summons and mileage to W. D. Scalley, New York city.....	50 00	

Wood & Lee.....	Special messenger to New York city.....	7 50	219 30
	Less amount charges for special messenger	261 80	
		42 50	
	Funeral of Hon. John Schwartz, Pennsylvania:		
	1 metallic coffin and case for remains of Hon. John Schwartz.....	110 00	
	Plate and engraving	10 00	
	Preservation of the corpse.....	10 00	
	Mrs. Allen's bill for materials in dressing the body	56 60	
	Shaving and body service	25 00	
	Hearse, horses, and attendant	10 00	
	Sitting up with corpse, 2 persons 2 nights	12 00	
	Services to Reading, 6 days, at \$3 per day.....	18 00	
	Four assistants 4 days, each \$2 50.....	40 00	
	Baggage to depot in Washington.....	3 00	
			294 50
	Messengers, pay-roll—		
	For 25 days in June, 1860.....	112 00	
	do	112 00	
J. T. Gatewood			
Wm. E. Golden			
L. J. Middleton	369 bushels ice, to June 23, 1860, at 50 cents.....		224 00
H. Bradshaw	Services in the hall and the office of the House of Representatives from May 1 to June 25, 1860, at \$100 per month, folding documents.....		184 50
Josiah M. Lucas	For balance due on 2,650 Congressional Directories, 1st session 36th Congress, at 50 cents each.....		183 33
W. Jones, postmaster	Excess of postage on packages to members of the House of Representatives, from April 1 to June 23, 1860.....		132 50
George N. Beale	Services in the stationery room, 25 days in June, at \$100 per month.....		112 36
S. A. Power	Services in the hall and folding-room of the House of Representatives from June 1 to 25, 1860, at \$100 per month.....		83 33
H. S. M. Farnum	Services in the hall of the House of Representatives from February 6 to 24, 1860, at \$3 per day		83 33
			57 00
	Temporary clerks, pay-roll—		
J. R. Briggs, jr	For June, 1860, 25 days	125 27	
Wm. Averill	do	125 27	
Geo. H. Chapman	do	125 27	
			375 81

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
E. A. Marshall.....	Temporary clerks, pay-roll for services in June, 1860:		
J. R. Campbell.....	14 days, to June 25, 1860.....	\$70 00	
Lucien Morris.....	10 days, to June 25, 1860.....	50 00	
J. H. Wells.....	do.....	50 00	
	do.....	50 00	
J. S. Brown.....	25 days' service to Committee on Public Lands, June 1 to 25.....		\$220 00
			100 00
	Pages, pay-roll—		
J. N. Moulder.....	For June, 1860, 25 days.....	50 00	
E. Stanley Schreiner.....	do.....	50 00	
Martin E. Hall.....	do.....	50 00	
Ed. Burke.....	do.....	50 00	
John E. Pillsbury.....	do.....	50 00	
J. L. Coombs.....	do.....	50 00	
Wm. D. Todd.....	do.....	50 00	
Wm. Phipp.....	do.....	50 00	
W. A. Garetley.....	do.....	50 00	
Geo. Capron.....	do.....	50 00	
A. J. Parrish.....	do.....	50 00	
A. W. Moise.....	do.....	50 00	
Aug. Potts.....	do.....	50 00	
W. H. Dunn.....	do.....	50 00	
D. W. Davis.....	do.....	50 00	
John Albert.....	do.....	50 00	
T. J. Jewell.....	do.....	50 00	
J. C. Tompkins.....	do.....	50 00	
R. G. Olcott.....	do.....	50 00	
Wm. A. Linton.....	do.....	50 00	
E. S. Schreiner.....	Page in the House of Representatives from December 5, 1859, to February 5, 1860, 63 days.....		1,000 00
			126 00

W. Ed. Fort.....	Page in the House of Representatives from December 5, 1859, to February 5, 1860, 63 days.....	126 00
E. H. Moran	Page in the House of Representatives from December 5, 1859, to February 5, 1860, 63 days.....	126 00
Henry T. Hurst.....	Page from December 5, 1859, to February 5, 1860, 63 days	126 00
H. Louis Bougher.....	Page to Sergeant-at-arms from June 1 to 25, 1860	60 00
L. Bess	Services in the document and folding-room of the office House of Representatives, June 1 to 30, 1860, at \$100 per month	83 33
J. A. Shindell	Services in the folding-room office House of Representatives, June 1 to 25, 1860	83 33
Geo. W. Francis	Lettering and repairing Senate and House documents, for the House library, between August and November, 1859, 328 vols., at 25 cents each	82 00
J. Montgomery	Folding documents, June, 1860	38 94
Geo. Knapp & Co	Tri-weekly Republican, for Hon. C. L. Vallandigham	2 50
Do.....	Daily Missouri Republican, for Hon. W. H. Hooper	5 42
Wm. Pennington	Stationery	13 23
Map clerks, pay-roll—		
A. R. Parker	For June, 1860	180 00
Jos. Peacock	do	150 00
Moses E. Flanagan	do	150 00
Geo. Chipman	do	150 00
Rufus Prentice.....	do	150 00
Geo. C. Baker	do	150 00
Jos. P. Allyn	do	150 00
H. Kreisman	do	150 00
H. W. Snyder	do	45 00
Wm. Addison	do	150 00
		1,425 00
Folding documents, pay-roll—		
A. B. Reed	For June, 1860	100 00
Samuel Phillips.....	do	100 00
H. H. Clark.....	do	100 00
J. R. Zimmerman.....	do	75 00
A. J. Harrison.....	do	75 00
A. H. Alcott	do	75 00
Zach. Brown	do	60 00
W. J. Harris	do	60 00
E. H. Brink.....	Folding documents, April 1 to June 25, 86 days	645 00
		129 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Stillman Moores	Laborers, pay-roll—		
Julius De Saules	For June, 1860, 25 days	\$37 50	
Thomas Martin	do	37 50	
Edward M. Thomas	do	37 50	
Frank Taverns	do	37 50	
Edward Darling	do	37 50	
William Tudge	Temporary mail boy	50 00	\$225 00
Thomas J. Lucas	do	50 00	
Mary Thomas	Services in ladies' retiring-room, 25 days in June, 1860	---	100 00
Elizabeth Costin	Washing, 3 months ending May 31, 1860, 68½ dozen towels, at 50 cents	---	25 00
Maria Neal	Washing for the House of Representatives, 2 months, April and May, 1860	---	34 25
Samuel Torbert	Cartage of 587 loads of documents, to and from members' rooms, from the 1st to the 26th June, inclusive	---	30 00
C. Wendell	Binding documents for sundry members of the House of Representatives, and charged to the stationery accounts, respectively	---	428 50
Thomas W. Phipps	Services in the folding-room from April 1 to June 7, 1860, at \$3 per day	---	49 50
Job W. Angus	For furniture and repairs, &c., viz:	---	264 00
	2 bolts on fly doors	2 50	
	1 key to room No. 29	1 00	
	2 desk locks	2 00	
	7 keys to bookcase	3 50	
	3 case doors	3 00	
	5 desk drawers in hall	3 00	
	2 bolts on hall doors	2 50	
	6 pairs spring hinges	12 00	
	1 drawer lock	1 50	
	1 door bolt for post office	1 25	
	1 key to Public Lands Committee room	1 00	
	1 key to new room on same floor	1 00	

3 keys to Public Land Claims Committee room	3 00
7 small keys to Naval Affairs Committee room	3 50
1 drawer lock.....	1 25
3 keys to Clerk's office.....	1 50
1 key and drawer in post office.....	1 50
1 key for Cobb's room	1 00
Repairing water-closet	3 00
Repairing table in Elections Committee room	4 00
Repairing map cases in basement.....	5 00
6 casters, same room.....	1 50
12 drawer keys to Public Expenditures Committee room	6 00
Repairing doors in Commerce Committee room.....	1 50
1 key for ditto	50
16 casters for chairs in ditto.....	4 00
6 keys to drawers in post office.....	3 00
1 key to room No. 40.....	1 00
1 neck lock on map room and four keys.....	3 00
Sign for Public Expenditures Committee room.....	3 00
4 bolts and casing two doors.....	3 00
3 doors in post office.....	1 50
7 keys for Elections Committee room.....	3 50
9 door keys for Naval Affairs Committee room.....	8 00
7 door keys for Elections Committee room	9 00
1 paste box and one drawer key, each, 50 cents.....	1 00
Repairs in the hall	3 00
Carpet sill for folding door	1 00
2 locks in folding-room	2 50
4 casters on chairs in stationery room	1 00
Rings and knobs on doors in same	1 50
1 door key to District of Columbia Committee room	1 00
4 keys to Elections Committee room, and 4 keys to Accounts Committee room..	8 00
1 case lock and one door lock.....	2 00
Repairing fly door, corridor.....	1 50
2 fly doors, gallery	3 00
3 white knobs in lobby	4 00
4 white knobs in hall.....	2 00
2 keys for Foreign Affairs Committee room	4 00
7 door keys to Claims Committee room.....	7 00
10 chairs for room over post office.....	80 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus—Continued	1 coal hod for room over post office	\$1 00	
	2 chairs for Commerce Committee room.....	16 00	
	6 keys to Post Office and Post Roads Committee room.....	3 00	
	2 keys for Doorkeeper's room.....	1 00	
	2 keys for Elections Committee room.....	1 00	
	2 keys for Invalid Pensions Committee room.....	1 00	
	1 door key to old post office.....	1 00	
	Repairing two drawers and desks in document room	4 00	
	Repairing door in stationery room.....	1 50	
	8 casters on chairs.....	2 00	
	10 door keys for Territories Committee room.....	10 00	
	4 door keys for Post Office and Post Roads Committee room	4 00	
	2 door keys to Military Affairs Committee room	2 00	
	10 keys to Revolutionary Pensions Committee room	10 00	
	25 spittoons	12 50	
	1 door lock for folding-room.....	2 00	
	2 fly doors in gallery.....	1 50	
	Repairing seats in ditto	1 00	
	Repairing window in folding-room	1 00	
	Repairing two drawer keys, hall	1 50	
	2 drawer keys for Post Office and Post Roads Committee room.....	1 00	
	1 box for folding-room.....	2 50	
	Repairing wood-house, near old post office.....	1 00	
	3 braces in old post office.....	1 00	
	2 fly doors in hall	1 50	
	9 keys for Roads and Canals Committee room	9 00	
	Picking lock and furnishing key to safe.....	8 00	
	3 keys to room No. 43, old building	3 00	
	Repairing lock in hall.....	1 00	
	5 drawer keys for Revolutionary Pensions Committee room.....	2 50	
	1 lock for same.....	1 00	
	1 lock for Invalid Pensions Committee room	1 00	

3 door keys for Indian Affairs Committee room	3 00
10 door keys for Commerce Committee room	10 00
1 drawer in table in hall	50
2 drawers in document room	1 00
Hanging picture in Clerk's room	50
1 lock and key for Accounts Committee room	1 50
1 key for ditto	1 50
Repairing two tables for Judiciary Committee room	50
6 knobs on drawers	4 00
Repairing chairs in retiring room	1 00
Lid for post office box	5 00
Repairing washstand for document room	2 00
Painting and varnishing same	6 00
150 feet of stuff to cover lead pipe in basement	5 00
Black walnut stool for reporters	6 00
1 washstand	6 00
9 chairs for Militia Committee room	126 00
1 looking-glass	6 00
1 Basin and ewer, &c	4 00
1 water pitcher	1 00
5 chairs for Unfinished Business Committee room	75 00
1 marble washstand, \$18; 1 glass, \$6	24 00
1 bowl and pitcher	5 00
1 washstand for room No. 43, old building	6 00
Bowl, ewer, &c	5 00
1 glass for same room	6 00
1 walnut hat-rack	15 00
5 drawer keys for Naval Affairs Committee room	2 50
5 drawer keys for Public Lands Committee room	2 50
Materials and work of plumber's in engine room	25 00
Hanging doors in hall	2 50
Spring for same	1 00
1 bolt	50
2 dozen hooks for engineer's room	4 00
Wall strips, &c	3 00
1 faucet in water jar	1 00
1 set of casters on chair	1 00
1 cane seat on chair	2 00
1 large door key, and repairing lock in basement	3 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus—Continued.....	2 door keys for room 24.....	\$2 00	
	Repairing drawer, Committee of Ways and Means.....	4 00	
	3 shelves in House post office.....	3 00	
	Hinges and screws for ditto.....	1 00	
	Repairing bookcase.....	5 00	
	1 lock and key for Committee on Invalid Pensions.....	1 25	
	1 door key for Committee on the Judiciary.....	1 00	
	2 door keys for Sergeant-at-arms.....	2 00	
	Lock for same.....	1 50	
	3 locks on washstands.....	3 00	
	10 door keys for Committee for District of Columbia.....	10 00	
	Repairing lock for ditto.....	50	
	Repairing ice-box.....	2 00	
	1 padlock for ditto and 2 keys.....	3 00	
	Repairing drawers for Committee on Foreign Affairs.....	3 00	
	6 drawer keys for ditto.....	3 00	
	1 key for Committee on Roads and Canals.....	50	
	Repairing floor, No. 70, old building.....	8 00	
	30 feet moulding for ditto.....	1 20	
	1 drawer lock for engine room.....	1 00	
	1 key for Committee of Elections.....	50	
	Repairing door in cellar.....	1 50	
	Lock for same.....	1 25	
	1 key for Committee on Agriculture.....	1 00	
	5 keys for Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.....	5 00	
	10 door keys for Committee on Invalid Pensions.....	10 00	
	6 door keys for post office.....	6 00	
	Repairing bookcase for Committee of Claims.....	2 00	
	Making case in wash-room.....	15 00	
	Painting same.....	3 00	
	Repairing door in Clerk's room.....	1 00	
	Repairing 3 chairs.....	4 00	

1 large bolt for restaurant.....	1	50
1 large bolt for Committee on Indian Affairs.....	1	50
Repairing table for Sergeant-at-arms.....	1	50
4 keys for Committee on Accounts.....	2	00
Easing door, &c.....	1	00
1 desk key in hall.....	1	75
8 keys for Committee on Revolutionary Pensions.....	4	00
8 door keys for Committee on Foreign Affairs.....	8	00
Repairing bookcase for Committee on Roads and Canals.....	5	00
1 drawer lock for ditto.....	1	00
Repairing fly door, west entrance.....	3	00
3 drawer keys for Committee on Territories.....	1	50
3 locks for restaurant.....	2	00
8 door keys for Committee on Claims.....	8	00
2 drawer keys for reporters' desk.....	2	00
12 door keys for petition clerk.....	12	00
1 drawer for Committee on Invalid Pensions.....	50	
1 door key for engineer.....	1	00
1 drawer key for room No. 44.....	1	00
4 drawer knobs for table.....	1	00
Repairing lock for Committee on Roads and Canals.....	1	00
Repairing wood hod for laborers.....	50	
16 keys to stationery room.....	8	00
1 lock for ditto.....	1	00
1 door key for folding-room.....	1	00
3 tables for folding-room.....	36	00
Repairing table in same.....	6	00
4 keys to table for Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.....	2	00
7 drawer knobs for ditto.....	1	25
2 door keys for room No. 70.....	2	50
2 drawer locks.....	2	00
2 locks in chief clerk's room.....	2	50
Floor in folding-room.....	2	00
1 door for wood closet, old building.....	5	00
Repairing truck.....	3	00
Repairing wood truck.....	50	
Repairing chair chief clerk's room.....	1	50
Repairing chair, \$1; 1 set casters, \$1.....	2	00
Repairing and varnishing stool.....	1	00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus—Continued.	1 cane-seat stool for folding-room	\$2 50	
	3 door keys, room 44, old building.....	3 00	
	Repairing bolts, engine room	1 00	
	4 door keys.....	4 00	
	5 drawer keys for same.....	2 50	
	8 drawer knobs.....	2 00	
	1 drawer key for Committee on Territories.....	50	
	1 drawer key for Committee on Accounts	50	
	1 door key for Committee on Pensions.....	1 00	
	Repairing letter-box	2 00	
	Lock in document room	1 00	
	2 porter puddles.....	50	
	6 drawer keys for Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.....	3 00	
	Repairing table in post office.....	1 00	
	Repairing table drawer ditto	1 50	
	12 porcelain door knobs.....	15 00	
	30 drawer keys for reporters' gallery	15 00	
	Repairing bolt in hall door	50	
	1 new lock on washstand.....	1 00	
	2 keys for padlocks.....	2 00	
	1 door key for Committee on Public Expenditures	1 00	
	1 night latch for document room.....	3 00	
	Repairing 3 chairs	3 00	
	2 pairs spring hinges.....	24 00	
	Repairing 2 fly doors.....	1 00	
	2 drawer keys for hall.....	1 00	
	1 drawer lock for Committee on Elections.....	1 00	
	1 drawer key for ditto.....	50	
	1 door key, room 24.....	1 00	
	2 night latches for document room.....	6 00	
	1 brass bolt for gib door.....	1 25	
	Repairing slats for shutters.....	50	

27 new locks for post office.....	30 50
1 extra key for document room.....	1 25
1 hook for fly door.....	50
3 drawer keys in hall.....	1 50
1 case in passage.....	6 00
1 marking pot, \$1; 12 pen-holders, \$3.....	4 00
Repairing box, Speaker's table.....	1 00
2 drawer keys for Doorkeeper.....	1 00
Repairing lock in cloak room.....	1 00
1 frame for map.....	2 50
24 paste boxes for folding-room.....	12 00
2 benches for folding-room.....	6 00
500 feet shelving, \$30; 300 feet divisions, \$15.....	45 00
6 days' work, and nails.....	16 00
24 spit boxes.....	12 00
34 packing boxes.....	85 00
75 feet stuff for plumbers.....	3 00
24 map sticks, at 15 cents.....	3 60
Framing 1 map.....	2 50
Covering reporters' seat.....	1 00
Covering screen in Doorkeeper's room.....	3 00
Repairing sofa in retiring room.....	5 00
Repairing 2 sofas in post office.....	6 50
Repairing 2 chairs in retiring room.....	1 50
Repairing sofa in hall.....	5 00
Repairing 2 chairs in hall.....	3 00
Repairing sofa in Speaker's room.....	5 00
Repairing 2 chairs in post office.....	3 00
Repairing carpet in hall.....	1 00
Laying carpet in gallery.....	2 00
Laying oil-cloth in post office.....	1 00
1 set casters for post office.....	3 00
Repairing sofa in hall.....	1 00
Do.....do.....	1 00
3 sets casters in post office.....	4 50
Covering large table.....	4 00
Laying oil-cloth in engine room.....	2 00
Repairing seat in hall.....	6 00
Covering doors of water-closet.....	4 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus—Continued	Fitting and laying carpet in No. 70	\$5 00	
	Putting on 400 yards gimp	20 00	
	Repairing 3 chairs in engine room	3 00	
	1 set casters	1 00	
	Covering table for Committee on Naval Affairs	3 00	
	1 dozen papers tacks	75	
	Repairing three chairs in retiring room	3 00	
	3 sets casters	5 00	
	Covering table in room 70	3 00	
	Repairing 3 chairs in branch library	3 00	
	Repairing 7 chairs for Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds	7 00	
	Covering table in engineer's room	2 00	
	2½ yards enamelled cloth	1 25	
	Making 46¾ yards carpet, at 12½ cents	5 84	
	Binding 46¾ yards carpet, at 8 cents	3 74	
	2 pieces binding for ditto	1 00	
	Thread, \$1; 2 sets casters, \$2	3 00	
	Repairing 5 chairs for Committee on Indian Affairs	5 00	
	Repairing curtains in Clerk's office	1 00	
	Repairing 1 large hall chair	2 00	
	Repairing 2 chairs for Committee on Enrolled Bills	2 00	
	5 sets casters	5 00	
	Covering stand for room 24	1 00	
	Repairing 5 chairs for Committee on Agriculture	5 00	
	Repairing hall sofa	3 00	
	Repairing 4 chairs for Committee on Pensions	4 00	
	Repairing 3 chairs for room 43, old building	3 00	
	2 sets casters	2 00	
	Repairing 2 sofas in hall back of Speaker's chair	5 00	
	Taking down, washing, and mending curtains in Doorkeeper's room	10 00	
	2 washstands	12 00	
	9 revolving chairs, at \$12	108 00	

1 marble washstand.....	20 00
1 looking-glass in room 44, old building.....	6 00
1 looking-glass.....	6 00
1 bowl and ewer.....	8 00
6 coal shovels, (steel face).....	12 00
2 spades, \$3; water-spout, \$3.....	6 00
1 high stool for folding-room.....	3 00
Repairing brass in hall.....	2 00
Repairing 6 chairs for Committee on Accounts.....	6 00
5 sets casters.....	5 00
Repairing 7 chairs for Committee on Revolutionary Pensions.....	7 00
Repairing 2 chairs in Clerk's office.....	2 00
3 sets casters.....	3 00
Repairing 5 chairs for Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.....	5 00
Laying oil-cloth in post office.....	1 00
Repairing 2 chairs for Committee on Indian Affairs.....	2 00
8 sets casters.....	8 00
Covering 4 committee tables.....	12 00
Arranging furniture in Pacific Railroad Committee room.....	3 00
Repairing shades in Enrolling Room.....	1 00
Repairing chairs and casters.....	1 50
Repairing chairs for Committee on Printing.....	4 00
Covering table in room 43.....	3 00
Repairing 3 chairs for Committee of Elections.....	3 00
Making 54½ yards tapestry carpet, at 25 cents.....	13 56
Saving and laying 46 yards cocoa matting, at 12½ cents.....	5 75
Repairing 2 sofas, old hall.....	4 50
Repairing gallery cushions.....	5 00
Covering 4 pair gallery doors.....	20 00
Repairing sofa for Committee of Elections.....	3 00
Repairing curtains in retiring room.....	2 00
Fitting carpet to bookcase.....	1 50
Repairing 1 chair.....	1 00
Covering table.....	3 00
Repairing 5 chairs for Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.....	5 00
Mending curtains in Clerk's office.....	1 00
Covering 1 large table for Committee on Printing.....	3 00
Repairing 2 doors in old building.....	5 00
Repairing 3 chairs for Committee on Naval Affairs.....	3 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus—Continued	Repairing seats in the House.....	\$5 00	
	Covering 2 doors in old building.....	5 00	
	Repairing shade, No. 55.....	1 00	
	Covering stand in hall with enamelled cloth	1 00	
	Covering 4 gallery doors	12 00	
	Repairing sofa seat in passage.....	3 00	
	12 packing boxes.....	30 00	
	Framing map	5 00	
	Repairing 3 chairs for Judiciary Committee	3 00	
	Repairing 2 large chairs in hall	3 00	
	Repairing 1 chair in retiring room	1 00	
	1 set casters	1 00	
	Covering 4 screens in old hall.....	8 00	
	1 large shade for superintendent of folding-room	6 00	
	Making 4 carpet mats for Speaker's desk.....	6 00	
	Covering reporters' desk with cloth	3 00	
	Laying oil-cloth in folding-room.....	1 00	
	Covering table in folding-room.....	3 00	
	Covering 2 chair seats in folding-room.....	2 50	
	Covering 1 committee table.....	2 00	
	Repairing 1 chair in retiring room	2 50	
	Repairing hall sofa	2 50	
	Repairing chair for Committee of Elections	1 00	
	1 shovel and tongs, and andirons	5 00	
	1 large looking-glass for Committee on Expenditures.....	150 00	
	1 looking-glass for Committee on Indian Affairs.....	50 00	
	Furnishing and cutting 1 large oval French-plate glass in entrance door.....	10 00	
	1 large double crystal glass	3 00	
	1 large glass, 15 by 24, document room	2 00	
	1 large glass, 11 by 20, document room	1 00	
	1 large glass, 14 by 16, engine room	1 00	
	1 large glass, 11 by 14, House library	38	

1 large glass, 14 by 16, kitchen.....	1 00
7 large glasses, 11 by 14, cellar, at 37½ cents	2 62
Painting pipes, and work in basement	20 00
Hanging glass in room 44.....	1 00
1 small key for case, Military Affairs	50
1 key for folding-room.....	50
1 drawer lock for folding-room.....	1 00
1 key for Clerk's room.....	50
Repairing lock for Clerk's room.....	50
2 keys for messengers' closets	1 00
Hanging mirror, Public Expenditures.....	5 00
1 drawer lock for folding-room	1 00
Repairing drawer for folding-room	50
1 knob in folding-room	25
Hanging maps, Military Affairs.....	1 00
Hanging glass and shelf, opposite old Senate.....	5 00
Making roller and slat for window shade.....	1 00
1 key for desk in hall.....	1 00
Lid to box in folding-room	50
Screens in old hall.....	12 00
2 drawer keys for post office.....	1 00
1 drawer key for hall	50
1 lock for wash-room	1 00
3 door keys for Committee on Mileage.....	3 00
9 drawer keys for Committee on Mileage	4 50
Repairing lock in hall.....	50
2 door keys for Committee on Printing	2 00
7 drawer keys for Committee on Printing.....	3 50
Repairing lock in hall	50
Repairing drawer in House post office	3 00
2 door keys for room in hall.....	2 00
1 drawer key for House.....	50
1 door key for Committee on Foreign Affairs.....	1 00
1 drawer for committee table.....	50
1 door knob for hall	1 00
Repairing fly-door.....	1 00
3 keys for engine room	3 00
Hanging 3 pairs fly doors	1 50
Repairing reporters' desks in hall	1 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus—Continued.....	Making closet doors.....	\$10 00	
	2 locks for same.....	2 00	
	1 table, 16 feet long, for folding-room.....	25 00	
	1 table, 8 feet long, for folding-room.....	12 00	
	1 pair spring hinges.....	24 00	
	1 night-latch key.....	6 00	
	4 dozen knives for folding-room.....	8 00	
	4 dozen paste brushes.....	12 00	
	40 papers silver-headed tacks, at 20 cents.....	8 00	
	1 large black walnut table for Elections Committee room.....	130 00	
	52 packing boxes.....	130 00	
	Repairing bolts in room of Committee on Elections.....	1 00	
	Lock in basement.....	2 50	
	Hanging vault door.....	1 50	
	Clothes rack for hall library.....	3 00	
	Lock for hall library.....	1 00	
	Drawer knobs.....	50	
	Hanging mirror in Indian Affairs Committee room.....	2 50	
	Hanging mirror in Doorkeeper's room.....	2 50	
	Repairing lock in Doorkeeper's room.....	50	
	1 black walnut bracket.....	5 00	
	Key for Speaker's room.....	50	
	Repairing lock in hall.....	50	
	1 draw key.....	50	
	1 door key for Election Committee room.....	1 00	
	1 draw key for Invalid Pensions Committee room.....	50	
	Repairing chair.....	50	
	1 caster for Clerk's room.....	50	
	4 keys for post office.....	2 00	
	Repairing lock in post office.....	50	
	1 door in hall.....	50	
	2 sand boxes.....	1 00	

Repairing reporter's stool.....	50
Repairing chairs in hall.....	50
2 sets casters.....	2 00
1 drawer key for hall.....	50
3 case keys in Revolutionary Pensions Committee room.....	1 50
1 desk key in hall.....	50
Repairing table in folding-room.....	1 00
2 French casters.....	1 00
6 drawer keys for stationery room.....	3 00
Hanging sash in stationery room.....	1 00
1 shelf in water-closet.....	1 00
Repairing chairs in retiring room.....	1 00
Making screen for document room.....	2 00
Covering same with zinc.....	2 00
Repairing floor in document room.....	1 00
Covering floor with zinc.....	2 00
Zinc for floor.....	1 50
Repairing shelves.....	5 00
1 stand for document room.....	1 00
Varnishing washstand in Clerk's room.....	3 00
2 sets casters on sofa.....	1 00
1 set casters in stationery room.....	2 00
1 drawer key in hall.....	1 00
1 bolt in post office.....	50
1 set casters.....	1 00
1 drawer key in hall.....	50
2 sets casters in House library.....	1 00
2 sets casters in map room.....	3 00
1 box for key room.....	50
Repairing sofa in Post Office.....	2 00
1 drawer key.....	2 00
Repairing lock in Post Office.....	1 50
1½ yard oil-cloth.....	1 00
Tacking down same.....	50
1 drawer key in hall.....	50
Repairing chair in Pacific Railroad Committee room.....	1 00
Repairing chair in document room.....	2 00
1 set casters for document room.....	1 00
2 tables for folding-room.....	30 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus—Continued	1 set casters for Printing Committee room.....	\$1 00	
	2 bolts for same room.....	1 50	
	1 set casters for post office.....	1 00	
	2 drawer keys for messenger.....	1 00	
	1 set casters for Territories Committee room.....	1 00	
	1 large box for folding-room.....	2 50	
	1 step ladder for document room.....	3 00	
	Repairing doors in corridor.....	2 00	
	6 bolts for gallery doors.....	6 00	
	Repairing washstand for Pacific Railroad Committee room.....	1 00	
	1 key for Pacific Railroad Committee room.....	50	
	1 hatchet.....	1 25	
	Covering table with zinc for folding-room.....	3 00	
	1 table 12 feet long for Commerce Committee room.....	150 00	
	38 packing boxes, at \$2 50.....	95 00	
	Repairing washstands in Elections Committee room.....	50	
	1 caster for Elections Committee room.....	25	
	Repairing lock on hall door.....	1 00	
	2 keys for hall door.....	2 00	
	1 large caster.....	75	
	5 door keys for Printing Committee room.....	5 00	
	1 box for document room.....	2 00	
	1 door key for folding-room.....	1 00	
	Repairing lock in folding-room.....	1 00	
	1 drawer lock for folding-room.....	1 00	
	Repairing door, \$1 ; 1 drawer key, 50 cents.....	1 50	
	4 door keys for Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.....	4 00	
	2 bolts in hall door.....	1 00	
	3 drawer locks for folding-room.....	3 00	
	Shelves and brackets.....	1 00	
	Repairing folding table.....	50	
	Repairing desk lock for folding-room.....	50	

1 table caster.....	75
Repairing fly door in hall	1 00
Hanging sash in stationery room.....	1 00
1 drawer key for hall	50
1 door key for branch library.....	1 00
Hanging sash in map room.....	1 00
2 drawer keys for Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.....	1 00
1 set casters.....	1 00
1 drawer key for hall	50
Sign for folding-room	50
1 box, iron bound.....	1 00
1 door key for Revolutionary Pensions Committee room	1 00
2 door knobs, \$2; 1 ice box, \$10	12 00
4 pairs spring hinges.....	48 00
1 padlock and 3 keys	2 00
Repairing 4 chairs.....	4 00
Repairing brass in hall.....	2 00
Repairing sofa for Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.....	5 00
Repairing sofa in clothes room.....	4 00
Repairing 4 chairs for Committee on Public Lands	4 00
3 sets casters.....	3 00
Tacking down oil-cloth in hall.....	1 00
Repairing 2 chairs in Clerk's office	2 00
Repairing curtain for Committee on Military Affairs.....	2 00
Repairing 1 chair for Committee on Indian Affairs.....	1 00
Putting down carpet in post office.....	2 00
Repairing 3 chairs for Committee on Commerce	3 00
3 sets casters, \$3; covering table, \$3	6 00
Repairing 4 chairs for District of Columbia Committee room.....	4 00
35 packing boxes.....	87 50
Repairing seats in hall	5 00
Repairing sofa.....	4 00
Repairing gallery carpet and cushions	3 00
Repairing backs of seats.....	5 00
1 large shade for folding-room.....	6 00
Laying oil-cloth.....	1 50
Repairing curtains for Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads	3 00
Repairing 2 large chairs.....	6 00
1 morocco skin.....	1 25

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus—Continued.....	Repairing chairs in hall.....	\$2 50	
	Laying oil-cloth at main door	2 00	
	1½ yard oil-cloth	3 00	
	Putting down same.....	50	
	1 drawer key for House	50	
	1 drawer key for document room	50	
	Repairing step ladder	1 00	
	Repairing door in folding-room	5 00	
	Curtain roller and slat	1 00	
	1 key to Agriculture Committee room.....	50	
	1 set casters for Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.....	1 00	
	Repairing bolt on door for Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.....	50	
	1 set casters for Elections Committee room.....	1 00	
	1 shelf in No. 55.....	1 00	
	1 shelf in key room.....	50	
	Altering folding table.....	1 00	
	Covering table with zinc	5 00	
	Repairing 3 chairs for the Committee on Indian Affairs.....	5 00	
	1 chair for the retiring room.....	3 00	
	Repairing sofa in the hall.....	5 00	
	Repairing cases in the post office.....	2 00	
	1 spring hinge, \$6 ; 1 caster, 25 cents.....	6 25	
	1 set of casters for Printing Committee room.....	1 00	
	1 bill board for folding-room.....	50	
	1 drawer key for the hall.....	50	
	1 drawer key for desk.....	50	
	Compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, and others receiving an annual salary, in the employ of the House of Representatives :		
	For the quarter ending June 30, 1860.....		\$3,340 44
John W. Forney.....		900 00	
T. Barry Hayes.....		540 00	
John M. Barclay.....		540 00	

Daniel Buck.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
Thomas DeK. Harris.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
James C. Walker.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
W. H. Mehaffey.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
Richard U. Sherman.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
Phin. B. Tompkins.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
James B. Sherridan.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
George W. Pearce.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
John Bussing.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
Isaac Strohm.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
Rezin J. Bennett.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
C. C. Chaffee.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
John W. Jones.....	do.....	do.....	436 80
A. Jordan Schwartz.....	do.....	do.....	300 00
Fred. Emmerich.....	do.....	do.....	300 00
Wein Forney.....	do.....	do.....	300 00
Thad. Morrice.....	do.....	do.....	436 80
Robert Cochran.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
Alexander H. Evans.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
H. W. Hoffman.....	do.....	do.....	540 00
James W. Clayton.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
James P. Wright.....	do.....	do.....	300 00
Josiah M. Lucas.....	do.....	do.....	540 00
Edwin T. Bridges.....	do.....	do.....	435 00
George A. Bassett.....	do.....	do.....	360 00
John L. Lake.....	do.....	do.....	360 00
James S. Read.....	do.....	do.....	360 00
Frederick A. Soule.....	do.....	do.....	360 00
George Marston.....	do.....	do.....	540 00
James M. Lovering.....	do.....	do.....	450 00
A. J. Larnier.....	do.....	do.....	436 80
H. G. Russ.....	do.....	do.....	436 80
Nathan Darling.....	do.....	do.....	435 00
Ira Goodenow.....	do.....	do.....	375 00
David P. Brown.....	To June 25, 1860.....	do.....	354 40
Frederick J. Seybolt.....	From the 26th to the 30th of June, 1860.....	do.....	20 60
William Coppernoll.....	For the quarter ending June 30, 1860.....	do.....	375 00
H. S. M. Farnum.....	do.....	do.....	375 00
Charles C. Casey.....	do.....	do.....	375 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Roswell H. Stevens.....	For the quarter ending June 30, 1860.....	\$300 00	
Lafayette A. Lyon.....	do.....do.....	300 00	
William A. Moore.....	do.....do.....	300 00	
William G. Coffin.....	do.....do.....	300 00	
John P. Einsfield.....	do.....do.....	300 00	
J. D. B. Littell.....	do.....do.....	300 00	
James B. Ezell.....	do.....do.....	283 52	
Darius Truesdell.....	do.....do.....	283 52	
Theodore Blague.....	do.....do.....	283 52	
Max Charles Gritzner.....	do.....do.....	283 52	
Anderson Hill.....	do.....do.....	283 52	
Joshua Howard.....	do.....do.....	283 52	
Hugh Young.....	do.....do.....	283 52	
William Allen.....	do.....do.....	283 52	
John H. Thompson.....	do.....do.....	283 52	
Nathan Miller.....	do.....do.....	283 52	\$22,850 92
Messengers, pay-roll—			
F. J. Seybolt.....	25 days in June, 1860.....	75 00	
John Smith.....	do.....do.....	75 00	150 00
Folding documents, pay-roll—			
George T. Whittington.....	To June 25, 1860, 25 days.....	75 00	
J. S. Kellogg.....	do.....do.....	75 00	
N. C. Stone.....	do.....do.....	62 50	
H. G. Divine.....	do.....do.....	37 50	
J. S. Channey.....	do.....do.....	62 50	
W. C. Dodge.....	do.....do.....		150 00
John Bailey.....	Services in the office of House of Representatives for June, 1860.....		100 00
George Harrington.....	Clerk to Committee on Commerce.....		30 00
A. Schimmelfening.....	Clerk on land maps, 10 days.....		

James B. Smith.....

Stationery, &c.:

5 gross barrel pen-holders.....	15 00
6 twine reels.....	13 50
12 dozen boxes long eyelets	50 40
42 fancy paper weights.....	42 00
12 fancy glass inkstands.....	9 00
172 gross white letter envelopes, in tints	172 00
24 eyelet punches and fasteners.....	48 00
5,000 white legal envelopes, 9½ by 4.....	35 00
10 reams white gilt letter paper.....	45 00
36 three-blade penknives.....	36 00
24 four-blade penknives.....	36 00
18 four-blade penknives.....	31 50
30 four-blade penknives	67 50
20,000 white envelopes, 4½ by 2½.....	75 00
66 quarter-ream packages letter paper, printed heads	75 00
8½ dozen Arnold's fluid, pints.....	39 00
76 reams white-laid commercial note.....	190 00
8 gross Perry's three pointed pens.....	15 00

James B. Smith.....

Stationery, &c.:

109,000 white envelopes, 5½ by 3	299 75
40,000 buff envelopes, 5½ by 3.....	110 00
21,000 buff envelopes, 8½ by 3½.....	136 50
25,000 white envelopes, 4½ by 2½.....	67 50
23,500.....do.....9 by 4.....	164 50
16,000.....do.....6 by 3¾.....	52 00
10,500.....do.....8½ by 3½.....	68 25

James B. Smith.....

Stationery, &c.:

2 dozen flat inkstands.....	12 00
1 dozen Draper's.....	9 00
6 dozen sand-boxes.....	21 00
12 dozen mucilage, small.....	24 00
1 dozen fancy inkstands.....	9 00
Do.....	12 00
Do.....	15 00
Do.....	18 00
200 pounds hemp twine.....	125 00

1,068 40

898 50

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
James B. Smith—Continued.....	2 dozen pearl-handle knives.....	\$36 00	
	5 pounds fine sponge.....	17 50	
	2 dozen eyelet punches.....	15 00	
	6 dozen pen-wipers.....	18 00	
	2 dozen crown quarto manuscript books.....	30 00	
	6 dozen medium.....	42 00	
	2 dozen medium 8mo.....	24 00	
	2 dozen demy.....	21 00	
	2 dozen crown.....	15 00	
	1 dozen 4to scrap-books.....	9 00	
	1 dozen royal.....	15 00	
	125 gross steel pens, assorted.....	106 25	
	2 reams white tissue paper.....	6 00	
	432 pounds ball twine.....	270 00	
			\$869 75
J. B. Smith.....	Stationery, &c.:		
	320 dozen red tape.....	80 00	
	1 blank book.....	4 50	
	12 eyelet punches.....	24 00	
	24 morocco note books, elastic.....	18 00	
	12 crown quarto blanks.....	6 00	
	12.....do.....thicker.....	9 00	
	12.....do.....thick.....	12 00	
	3 demy quarto blanks.....	3 00	
	3 medium quarto blanks.....	6 00	
	20 gross accommodation pen-holders.....	15 00	
	5 gross French pen-holders.....	15 00	
	2 gross extra fine silver-tipped, assorted.....	36 00	
	12 dozen pencil sharpeners.....	18 00	
	72 pen racks.....	18 00	
	72 rulers.....	43 20	
	6 dozen mucilage, quarts.....	72 00	

James B. Smith.....	9 dozen mucilage, small.....	18 00	852 58
	211 pounds white twine.....	131 88	
	22 gross patent blotting boards.....	231 00	
	3 dozen penknives.....	27 00	
	2 dozen penknives, large blades.....	15 00	
	100 reams cut tissue paper.....	50 00	
	Stationery, &c.:		
	10,000 buff official envelopes, 10½ by 4¾.....	70 00	
	10,000 white.....do.....	90 00	
	24 four-blade shell knives, at \$2 25.....	54 00	
	24 Shaver's erasers.....	24 00	
	80 quarter-ream packages letter paper, printed heads.....	180 00	
	28 gross white official envelopes.....	56 00	
	18 gross white large letter envelopes.....	18 00	492 00
James B. Smith.....	Stationery, &c.:		
	32,000 white envelopes, 5½ by 3½.....	88 00	
	5,000 buff envelopes, 10½ by 4½.....	45 00	
	48 diaries, French, gilt.....	24 00	
	9 reams white-laid commercial note.....	22 50	
	20 reams white cream paper.....	110 00	
	24 11-inch shears.....	42 00	
Anthony Best.....	3,000 large document envelopes, at \$35.....	331 50	
James B. Smith.....	864,000 speech envelopes, extra buff, at \$3 50.....	105 00	
James B. Smith.....	786,000 buff speech envelopes, at \$3 50.....	3,024 00	
	110 reams Manilla paper, 19 by 24.....	2,751 00	
		264 00	
James B. Smith.....	765,500 buff speech envelopes, at \$3 50.....	3,015 00	
W. D. Wyvill.....	Repairing water-cooler.....	2 00	
	Repairing lamp.....	1 00	
	Do.....	1 00	4 00
Samuel Coombs.....	Sweeping and attendance on the office of the map clerks, April and May, 1860.....	8 00	
John Minor.....	Laborer in the House post office, 12 days, to June 25, 1860, at \$1 25.....	15 00	
J. D. Ward.....	Services in the old hall, and attending furnaces under folding-room, from June 1 to 23, 1860, inclusive.....	69 00	

A—C

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
R. C. Stevens	20 dozen gloves for the funeral of the Hon. John Schwartz, of Pennsylvania, at \$15 per dozen.....	-----	\$300 00
R. C. Stevens	10 dozen gloves for the funeral of the Hon. Silas M. Burroughs, of New York, at \$15 per dozen	-----	150 00
W. A. Taliaferro	Laborer under the old hall from April 1 to May 15, 1860, 45 days, at \$1 50.....	-----	67 50
Alexander & Cooke.....	Binding 1,909 volumes Message and Documents, 1859-'60, abridged, at 12 cents per volume.....	\$229 08	
	Binding 8 volumes Message and Documents, 1859-'60, part 1, at 12 cents.....	96	
	Binding 15 volumes Message and Documents, 1859-'60, part 2, at 12 cents.....	1 80	
	Binding 23 volumes Message and Documents, 1859-'60, part 3, at 12 cents.....	2 76	
	Binding 500 volumes Commercial Relations, 1859, at 40 cents.....	200 00	
			434 00
Job W. Angus	Furniture, &c.:		
	1 black walnut bookcase, glass doors, for Committee on Public Expenditures	250 00	
	Zinc for covering tables	20 00	
	12 packing boxes.....	30 00	
	Repairing bolts for Committee on Commerce.....	2 00	
	Repairing and hanging door.....	1 00	
	Repairing bolts for Committee on Revolutionary Claims.....	2 00	
	Repairing door in post office.....	50	
	Repairing bolts for Committee of Claims.....	1 50	
	Repairing door for Committee of Claims.....	50	
	Repairing bolts in document room.....	1 00	
	2 sets casters.....	3 00	
	1 drawer for folding-room.....	2 00	
	Lock and key for folding-room	1 50	
	Window fastener for folding-room	1 00	
	Repairing drawer for folding-room	50	
	Repairing door for engine room.....	1 00	
	Repairing bolt for engine room.....	1 00	
	1 key for folding-room.....	50	
	Making and hanging box covers	2 50	

Repairing stable floor.....	1 00
2 sets casters for Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.....	2 00
1 door key for Committee of Elections.....	1 00
1 set casters for folding-room.....	1 00
1 door key for Agriculture Committee room.....	1 00
1 door key for Enrolling Committee room.....	1 00
1 door key for water-closet.....	50
Opening window for barber's shop.....	1 00
2 bolts, 50 cents; 1 key for barber's shop, 50 cents.....	1 00
1 bolt for washstand for Committee on Unfinished Business.....	50
1 key for same.....	50
1 desk key for hall.....	50
1 drawer key for Pacific Railroad Committee.....	1 00
1 set casters.....	1 00
1 drawer lock.....	1 00
1 door key for Committee on Territories.....	1 00
Repairing chairs for Committee on Printing.....	2 00
Repairing door in Enrolling Committee room.....	50
2 keys for bookcase in engine room.....	1 00
1 door key for engine room.....	1 50
1 set casters for Committee on Printing.....	1 00
2 night keys.....	1 00
Putting down oil-cloth.....	50
Putting down brass in hall, copper tacks.....	5 00
1 hook on fly door.....	50
1 looking-glass for hat-rack.....	5 00
Repairing drawers for Committee on Naval Affairs.....	1 00
2 shades, No. 55.....	10 00
Seating hall chairs.....	3 00
1 drawer key.....	50
Strips for map.....	3 00
Painting and putting up same.....	2 00
1 drawer key for library.....	50
Repairing lock for branch library.....	50
Repairing stool in folding-room.....	1 00
Repairing desk in branch library.....	50
1 bolt for Committee on Accounts room.....	50
Repairing lock for same.....	1 00
1 key for same.....	1 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus.....	Furniture, &c.—Continued.		
	3 keys for old building.....	\$2 00	
	12 packing boxes.....	30 00	
	1 French castor for hall chair.....	50	
	1 set casters for Sergeant-at-arms	2 00	
	Repairing table in folding-room.....	5 00	
	1 door key for Committee on Commerce	1 00	
	1 key for ice box	50	
	2 sets casters for Committee on Revolutionary Claims.....	2 00	
	Putting up brackets for curtains	1 00	
	2 hooks in water-closet	1 00	
	Hanging picture in Speaker's room.....	1 00	
	Cord and tassel for same.....	50	
	Repairing and easing sash	1 00	
	Hanging sash in main building.....	3 00	
	1 bank wire cord.....	20 00	
	Putting clothes-rack in folding-room.....	3 00	
	Putting shelves in folding-room.....	1 00	
	1½ dozen coat hooks	2 00	
	1 set casters for Committee on Invalid Pensions	1 00	
	1 drawer lock for Committee on Invalid Pensions	1 00	
	1 drawer lock key for Committee on Invalid Pensions	50	
	Bolt on Speaker's room	1 50	
	Repairing bolt on same	1 00	
	Repairing water-cooler, folding-room.....	2 00	
	Shelves in cloak room	2 00	
	Hooks on west fly door	1 00	
	1 door key for engineer's room	1 00	
	1 drawer lock for hall.....	1 00	
	Repairing table in folding-room	2 00	
	Repairing washboard in folding-room.....	1 00	
	Repairing hinges, lock, and hasp.....	2 00	

1 drawer lock for Committee on Invalid Pensions	1 00
1 drawer key for House	50
1 set casters for Committee on Agriculture	1 00
Walnut arm-board	3 00
Repairing chair for retiring room	10 00
46 packing boxes	115 00
Repairing chair for folding-room	2 00
Repairing chair for Committee on Public Lands	2 00
1 set casters	1 00
Hanging maps in hall	5 00
1 drawer key for Committee on Invalid Pensions	50
2 drawer keys to hall	1 00
2 door keys to hall	2 00
1 mat for folding-room	3 00
Repairing chairs for Committee of Ways and Means	3 00
Repairing chairs in reporters' gallery	2 00
1 set casters for map room	1 00
Keys for map room	2 00
1 set casters for Judiciary Committee room	1 00
Glass for cases	5 00
4 bundles cord for engine room	4 00
Tacking down carpet in hall	1 00
1 set casters	1 00
Repairing washstand	2 00
1 key for branch library	50
Casters on chairs in same	50
1 door key for Judiciary Committee room	1 00
1 cupboard lock	1 00
1 key for map room	50
1 set casters for map room	1 00
Repairing lock on furnace room	50
Key for lock on furnace room	50
3 pairs spring hinges	36 00
2 keys and locks	1 50
1 pair spring hinges	12 00
Repairing lock on hall door	2 00
Repairing lock on reporters' gallery	1 50
Repairing lock on old building	1 00
Repairing lock on table in post office	50

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus.....	Furniture, &c.—Continued		
	1 key for hall door	\$1 00	
	1 drawer key for hall	50	
	200 rollers for folding-room, (G. A. Grow).....	20 00	
	2 lights glass for Judiciary Committee room.....	3 00	
	1 set curtains for engineer's room	1 00	
	1 key for map room	75	
	1 drawer key for Committee on Pacific Railroad.....	50	
	1 key for reporters' gallery.....	50	
	72 packing boxes.....	180 00	
	1 drawer key.....	50	
	1 set curtain rods and slats	1 00	
	1 key for wash-room.....	75	
	1 lock and 2 keys for Committee on Printing	1 60	
	3 keys for bookcase.....	1 50	
	1 drawer key for Committee on Pacific Railroad	50	
	1 key for reporter's drawer.....	50	
	Roller and moulding for map for Committee on Military Affairs.....	2 00	
	Hanging same.....	50	
	Easing 6 drawers for Committee of Elections	50	
	50 rollers for folding-room.....	5 00	
	Brush handle	50	
	Repairing chairs for Committee on Pacific Railroad.....	1 00	
	Repairing fly doors	1 00	
	1 door key for Doorkeeper's room.....	1 00	
	1 door key for Committee on Accounts	1 00	
	2 drawer keys for hall	1 00	
	Repairing curtains in hall.....	5 00	
	Fitting oil-cloth.....	2 00	
	Repairing blind for folding-room.....	1 00	
	Repairing seats in gallery	10 00	
	Covering two doors with green cloth.....	6 00	

16 papers silver-headed tacks.....	4 00	
1,500 feet 3-inch cullings, for floor stables, at \$2 50.....	37 50	
100 pounds nails.....	6 00	
Rings and staples for stable.....	3 00	
1 cane seat and back chair for hall.....	10 00	
1 mahogany desk for folding-room.....	30 00	
2 large plate glass.....	16 00	
2 locks on stable.....	4 50	
1 pair hinges for feed box.....	2 00	
Zinc for feed box.....	75	
14 days' work, at \$2 50.....	35 00	
300 feet 1-inch cullings.....	6 00	
Cartage.....	2 00	
1 pair spring hinges.....	24 00	
1 lock for case for Covode committee room.....	1 00	
1 key for hall.....	50	
Repairing sash for Judiciary Committee.....	1 00	
2 sets casters for room in old building.....	2 00	
1 key for old building.....	50	
2 sets casters for Covode committee room.....	2 00	
Repairing chair.....	1 00	
Repairing washstand.....	3 00	
Repairing 2 shades and putting in Clerk's room.....	50	
1 door key for Committee on Indian Affairs.....	1 00	
Boxing shafts in engine room.....	12 00	
Strapping boxes with iron.....	1 00	
Do.....do.....do.....	1 00	
Repairing two shades and putting up shades in engine room.....	50	
4 large packing boxes.....	10 00	
41 large packing boxes.....	102 50	
5 horses and carryalls, for the month of June, 1860, 30 days.....	300 00	\$1,274 85
1 saddle horse for same time.....	45 00	
Newspapers furnished himself, 1st session 36th Congress.....	345 00	
12 Blue Books.....	40 00	
1 Worcester's Dictionary, library edition.....	42 00	
1 Webster's Dictionary, new edition.....	7 50	
1 Webster's Dictionary, new edition.....	6 50	

Samuel Torbert.....

Sherrard Clemens.....

Taylor & Maury.....

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Taylor & Maury—Continued.....	2 Brightley's Digest.....	\$13 00	
	Lettering above.....	1 00	
	Mayo & Moulton's Pension and Bounty Land Laws.....	3 50	
	Lettering above.....	25	
	8 Brightley's Digest, and lettering same.....	54 00	
	6 Blue Books, \$21; 1 Webster's Dictionary, \$6 50.....	27 50	
	1 Mayo & Moulton's Pension Laws.....	3 50	
	1 Bennett's Pension Laws.....	3 00	
	1 Worcester's Dictionary, 4to, library edition.....	7 50	
	1 Webster's Dictionary, 4to.....	6 50	
	1 dozen Maps of Territories.....	18 00	
	6 Railway Guides.....	1 50	\$195 25
Taylor & Maury	Stationery for Hon. S. Colfax.....	2 75	
	Stationery for Hon. J. J. Hickman.....	9 25	
	Stationery for Hon. J. J. Wilson.....	2 40	
	Stationery for Hon. J. E. Bouligny.....	1 75	16 15
Taylor & Maury	Stationery:		
	15 reams white cap, \$58 50; 500 quills, \$12 50.....	71 00	
	3 gross Faber's pencils, \$18; 100 packs plain cards, \$25.....	43 00	
	$\frac{1}{2}$ gross Lubin's ivory-topped pencils.....	3 25	
	6 blank books, \$9; $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen elastic inkstands, \$13 50.....	22 50	
	1 dozen Nock's large round inkstands, \$7 50; 1 dozen Nock's ditto, \$6.....	13 50	
	1 dozen spring-top inkstands, \$15; $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen round, bronze-lid inkstands, \$13 50.....	28 50	
	10 reams note paper.....	25 00	
	1 blank book.....	87	
	50 reams fine note paper, \$125; 5 reams fine cap, \$19 50.....	144 50	
	5 reams legal cap.....	21 25	
	10 M. newspaper envelopes, \$45; 15 pounds red sealingwax, \$22 50.....	67 50	
	500 quills, \$12 50; 1,000 fine small envelopes, \$3 50.....	16 00	
	6 blank books, \$6; 3 pounds India-rubber, \$4 50.....	10 50	

6 boxes Gillott's black barrel pens, \$4 50; 500 sheets large blotting board, \$20--	24 50
2 dozen large bottles mucilage, \$8; 2 gross Faber's pencils, \$12--	20 00
72 boxes steel pens, \$27; 2 dozen pen-holders, \$1--	28 00
120 reams white folding paper, \$1 50 per ream--	180 00
2 gross pen-holders, \$6; 12 dozen silk taste, \$18--	24 00
5 pounds sealingwax, \$7 50; 6 bottles pounce, \$1 50--	9 00
12 sand-boxes, \$4 50; 12 round ebony rulers, \$6--	10 50
1 dozen blank books--	3 00
1 dozen long shears, \$7 50; 1 dozen short shears, \$5 40--	12 90
2 dozen large scissors, \$18; 3 gross pencils, \$18--	36 00
2 dozen sand-boxes--	9 00
50 pounds sealingwax, \$75; 6 boxes Gillott's pens, \$45--	120 00
2 dozen long white-handled erasers--	7 50
1 dozen cap folios, \$18; 1 dozen letter folios, \$10 50--	28 50
1 dozen letter folios, \$12; 3 extra folios, \$10 50--	22 50
3 extra folios, \$9; 1 dozen long shears, \$15--	24 00
1 dozen long shears, \$10 80; 6 reams bill paper, \$27--	37 80
15 reams foolscap--	58 50
6 blank books, \$10 50; 6 square blank books, \$8 25--	18 75
4 gross pens, \$4; 3 cap folios, \$9--	13 00
3 letter folios, \$6; 3 embossed folios, \$9--	15 00
3 gilt folios--	11 25
20 reams note paper--	55 00
1 blank book--	3 25
10 gross pens--	10 00
10,000 thick adhesive envelopes, \$45; 4 dozen boxes quill pens, \$21 60--	66 60
1 dozen Draper's inkstands, \$12; 50 reams thin wrapping paper, \$25--	37 00
Large blank book, \$5 50; 9 balls fine white linen twine, \$4 50--	10 00
10 large balls hemp twine, \$8 50; 20 large balls soft twine, \$12 50--	21 00
9 balls white thick twine, \$1 69; 1 card Perry's three-point pens, 25 cents--	1 94
6 large pad folios, \$3 90; 20 balls small hemp twine, \$5--	8 90
2 quart bottles fine mucilage--	1 50
6 large pad folios, \$3 90; 6 small ditto, \$3 60--	7 50
3 Diaries for 1860, \$2 25; 4 extra Diaries for 1860, \$5--	7 25
1 long French Diary for 1860, 75 cents; 2 large Diaries for 1860, \$1 50--	2 25
6 blank books--	2 64
1 blank book--	3 75
12 blank books, \$20; 1 large blank book, \$3 25--	24 25
1 dozen quart bottles mucilage, \$9; 1 dozen pint bottles, \$6--	15 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Taylor & Maury	Stationery—Continued.		
	24 dozen boxes quill pens.....	\$129 60	
	21,000 thick adhesive envelopes	75 60	
	3 adhesive letter files, thick, \$4 50; 9 adhesive letter files, \$9	13 50	
	2 large newspaper files, \$2 50; 4 smaller ditto, \$3 50.....	6 00	
	1 dozen writing fluid	6 00	
	100 dozen red tape, \$25; 12 scrap-books, \$24	49 00	
	10,000 official envelopes.....	45 00	
	15 pounds red sealingwax.....	22 50	
	20 reams ruled note paper, gilt.....	50 00	\$1,856 10
Harper & Mitchell	3 dozen feather dusters	72 00	
	4 dozen tumblers.....	12 00	
	1 dozen white G. pitchers.....	10 50	
	4 dozen.....do	7 50	
	1 dozen soap cups	7 50	
	4 dozen C. chambers.....	7 50	
	3 dozen dust-pans.....	12 00	
	5 yards blue silk	3 75	
	9 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards green cloth.....	41 44	
	1 yard velvet plush	2 50	
	6 yards gimp.....	75	
	6 yards blue cloth	21 00	
	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ yards oil-cloth.....	6 87	
	95 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards gimp	11 96	
	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ yards green cloth.....	48 87	
	8 $\frac{1}{2}$ yards oil-cloth.....	10 41	
	25 yards green cloth.....	106 25	
	2 yards blue cloth	7 00	
	6 yards green baize.....	5 25	
	4 yards blue cloth	14 00	
	1 skin red leather	2 00	

1 piece red worsted binding.....	62
15 yards green cloth.....	63 75
2 cocoa mats.....	6 00
1 pound thread.....	1 50
46½ yards ingrain carpeting.....	58 44
1 pound thread.....	1 50
1 pound beeswax.....	1 00
1 paper needles.....	10
9½ yards enamelled oil-cloth.....	7 12
3 pieces binding.....	2 25
10 yards green baize.....	8 75
4 yards enamelled oil-cloth.....	4 00
10 yards green baize.....	8 75
54½ yards velvet carpeting.....	108 50
1 rug.....	12 00
144 yards gimp.....	14 40
46 yards cocoa matting.....	34 50
24 yards green baize.....	18 00
1 spool.....	5
3½ yards shade linen.....	2 62
1 set shade fixtures.....	50
1½ yard floor oil-cloth.....	1 87
6 yards enamelled cloth.....	4 50
1 extra cocoa mat.....	4 00
1 small cocoa mat.....	3 00
2½ yards oil-cloth.....	3 37
7 yards velvet carpet.....	14 00
2 pieces binding.....	1 00
Do.....	1 00
7 yards green curtain lining.....	5 25
12 yards curtain cord.....	1 50
2 blue tassels.....	50
7 yards shade linen.....	6 12
1 cocoa mat.....	4 00
20 yards cord.....	2 50
2 tassels.....	50
1 piece shade cord.....	1 50
3 pieces oil-cloth.....	6 00
72 yards gimp.....	9 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Harper & Mitchell—Continued	35 yards green cloth.....	\$148 75	
	3½ yards oil-cloth.....	3 89	\$987 65
Van Ingen & Snyder	For drawing and engraving on wood 1 diagram to illustrate House executive document No. 4, 1st session 36th Congress	-----	6 00
H. E. Marks	Services as laborer in the office House of Representatives from June 15 to 25, 1860	-----	15 00
Geo. C. Schaeffer	Witness before Covode committee, 1 day, \$2 00; 18 miles' travel, \$1 80.....	-----	3 80
Franck Taylor.....	DeBow's Review, for Hon. Th. Ruffin	-----	5 00
Conger & Porter	"Daily Mercury," for Hon. G. B. Adrain.....	-----	3 00
Jas. E. Wharton	"Brooklyn Transcript," for Hon. J. Humphrey	-----	2 25
Day & Clark.....	"Connecticut Courant," for Hon. O. S. Ferry.....	-----	2 00
Dobbin & Fulton	"Baltimore American," for Hon. J. M. Harris.....	-----	1 50
T. D. Cartis	"Leader," for Hon. Warren Winslow.....	-----	1 00
O. A. Coburn.....	Folding documents, pay-roll—		
W. H. McKenny.....	For June, 1860, in part.....	1 12	
J. M. D. France	do..... (not paid).....	17 84	
Nelson Joy.....	do.....	2 22	
W. A. Groves	do.....	3 90	
J. S. Watrous.....	do.....	9 24	
Jas. A. Bowen.....	do..... (not paid; separate voucher).....	40	
Chas. E. Lewis	do.....	17 28	
J. B. Burton.....	do.....	7 00	
W. H. Eaton	do.....	92	
F. Barrett.....	do.....	3 10	
J. A. Rosekrans	do..... (not paid).....	2 78	
	do.....	40	
	Less	66 20	
		1 92	64 28

John C. Rives		24 sets of the Congressional Globe and Appendix for the 1st session 36th Congress, for 242 members and delegates, at \$6 per set		34,848 00	
Folding documents, pay-roll—				-----	
For June, 1860.....				9 24	
do.....	do.....			2 25	
do.....	do.....			6 26	
do.....	do.....			7 50	
do.....	do.....			2 25	
do.....	do.....			6 13	
do.....	do.....			6 70	
do.....	do.....			5 85	
do.....	do.....			4 71	
do.....	do.....			7 21	
do.....	do.....			5 32	
do.....	do.....			7 12	
do.....	do.....			4 72	
do.....	do.....			8 28	
do.....	do.....			23 89	
do.....	do.....			10 26	
do.....	do.....			5 02	
do.....	do.....			22 12	
do.....	do.....			9 31	
do.....	do.....			14 50	
do.....	do.....			5 55	
do.....	do.....			11 62	
do.....	do.....			5 02	
do.....	do.....			2 25	
do.....	do.....			8 83	
do.....	do.....			1 50	
do.....	do.....			6 07	
do.....	do.....			8 45	
do.....	do.....			10 42	
do.....	do.....			12 28	
do.....	do.....			6 90	
do.....	do.....			10 65	
do.....	do.....			4 42	
do.....	do.....			7 25	
do.....	do.....			14 97	
do.....	do.....			70 90	

John C. Rives

J. T. Mackey

Milton Don

R. J. Garcia

Robert Dorsey

L. S. Tripp

H. H. Steele

J. Q. Adams

W. W. Blossom

J. G. Smith

Charles Luckett

Taylor & McKenney

F. E. McGraw

Henry Bailey

Jas. Simonds

O. Harleston

Rufus Choate

W. A. Herbert

J. L. Bryan

H. McElwee

Wm. Harrison

J. A. Shaw

Matthias Haggerty

Charles Franklin

G. W. Hill

Julius Visser

Edward Eckloff

W. C. Hayes

G. W. Mockabee

W. J. Cook

James A. Sweeney

W. Fowler

W. C. Harte

Julius Kahl

Edward Crosby

O. W. Somerville

Byron Ballard

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
J. G. Weaver.....	Folding documents, pay-roll—Continued.	\$69 45	
Jesse Dow.....	For June, 1860.....	4 50	
E. Baum.....	do.....	12 41	
Charles Hinton.....	do.....	11 32	
Henry Hurst.....	do.....	4 99	
S. W. Bassett.....	do.....	22 56	
J. W. Day.....	do.....	9 17	
John Evans.....	do.....	4 31	
John Chace.....	do.....	6 75	
S. Binnix.....	do..... (not paid) ..	75	
Eugene Grove.....	do.....	18 17	
John Blain.....	do.....	6 30	
Henry J. Slye.....	do.....	6 45	
T. F. Warner.....	do.....	4 87	
H. C. Gray.....	do.....	4 47	
James Eaton.....	do.....	4 74	
William Swigert.....	do.....	8 96	
A. Brown.....	do.....	11 25	
C. F. Harrison.....	do.....	5 62	
Charles P. Reese.....	do.....	10 44	
George Boyd.....	do.....	9 00	
Andrew Bain.....	do.....	40 15	
H. L. Clark.....	do.....	7 28	
F. C. Harris.....	do.....	8 02	
Wm. Dean.....	do.....	11 01	
		\$657 90	
C. W. C. Dunnington.....	Capitol police, pay-roll—		
A. K. Arnold.....	For June, 1860.....	72 50	
Samuel J. Johnson.....	do.....	45 84	
James T. Ball.....	do.....	45 84	
		45 84	

William H. Thompson.....	do.....	45 84
Thomas C. Wells.....	do.....	45 84
Richard D. Slater.....	do.....	45 84
Fred. Fritz.....	do.....	45 84
John P. Hamilton.....	do.....	45 84
Francis Reilly.....	do.....	45 84
Michael French.....	do.....	45 84
James S. Magee.....	do.....	45 84
George F. Smallwood.....	do.....	45 84
John N. Crockwell.....	do.....	45 84
Jeremiah Boyd.....	do.....	33 34
701 76		
Engineers, pay-roll—		
Isaac Entwistle.....	For June, 1860.....	125 00
Felix McCloskey.....	do.....	100 00
Dennis McElhone.....	do.....	100 00
Joseph Mansfield.....	do.....	60 00
Sylvester Adams.....	do.....	60 00
Thomas Hunt.....	do.....	60 00
William Sanderson.....	do.....	45 00
William Mooney.....	do.....	45 00
595 00		
Laborers, pay-roll—		
John Johnson.....	For June, 1860.....	45 00
David Fisher.....	do.....	45 00
Lewis Saunders.....	do.....	45 00
John Costin.....	do.....	60 00
Levi Neal.....	do.....	45 00
William Smith.....	do.....	45 00
William Twine.....	do.....	45 00
John Massey.....	do.....	45 00
375 00		
Mail boys, pay-roll—		
A. G. Myers.....	For June, 1860.....	75 00
Samuel Lee.....	do.....	75 00
150 00		
William Hartough.....	Services as messenger, in charge of the south wing, for June, 1860.....	125 00
John C. Rives.....	Reporting and publishing the proceedings of the House of Representatives, from May 24, 1860, to July 10, 1860, both inclusive, 767 ³¹ / ₂₀₈ columns, at \$7 50 per column.....	5,753 62

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Alexander & Cooke.....	Binding 2,763 vols. Commercial Relations, 1859, 1st session 36th Congress, at 40 cents per volume.....	\$1,105 20	
	Binding 10,875 vols. of the Agricultural part of the Patent Office Report, 1859, 1st session 36th Congress, at 12 cents per volume.....	1,305 00	\$2,410 20
Alexander & Cooke.....	Binding 12,350 vols. of the Agricultural part of the Patent Office Report, 1859, 1st session 36th Congress, at 12 cents per volume.....	-----	1,482 00
Alexander & Cook.....	Binding 1,737 vols. Commercial Relations, 1859, 1st session 36th Congress, at 40 cents per volume.....	694 80	
	Binding 91 vols. Message and Documents, 1859-'60, 1st session 36th Congress, at 12 cents per volume.....	10 92	
	Binding 3,000 vols. of the Agricultural part of the Patent Office Report, 1859, 1st session 36th Congress, at 12 cents per volume.....	360 00	
E. R. Jewett.....	406 copper-faced illustrations for the Patent Office Report on Arts and Manufactures for 1859, at \$11 98 each.....	-----	1,065 72
Julius Bien.....	Engraving and printing 3 maps for House report No. 568, 1st session 36th Congress, as follows: Engraving map of "Chiriqui Lagoon"..... Printing 1,550 copies, at \$2 50 per hundred..... Engraving map of "Golfito in Golfo Dulce"..... Printing 1,550 copies, at \$1 75 per hundred..... Engraving map of the "Isthmus of Chiriqui"..... Printing 1,550 copies, at \$1 75 per hundred.....	75 00 38 75 35 00 27 12½ 45 00 27 12½	4,863 88
Thomas S. Wagner.....	Transferring and printing charts for the Coast Survey Report, 1858: Chart No. 15, printing 1,530 copies, at \$1 75..... Do.....36.....do..... at 50 cents..... Do.....37.....do.....do.....	26 77 7 65 7 65	248 00
James B. Smith.....	Stationery, viz: 10 gross steel pens, (X, Y, L).....	8 50	42 07

Sherrard Clemens.....	4 00	630 00
John S. Phelps.....	24 00	40 43
J. Cross.....	3 00	16 50
William V. Hudson.....	132 00	31 50
L. Lea.....	150 00	25 00
William F. Bailey.....	5 10	4 00
William H. Deane.....	90 00	4 00
J. L. Watrous.....	226 00	42 00
J. Shillington.....	138 00	40 00
2 gross Harrison's blue ink.....		
2 dozen shell-handle knives.....		
6 gross Perry's small pens.....		
66 gross large legal envelopes, printed.....		
660 reams extra superfine note paper.....		
6 gross metallic pens.....		
72½ reams note paper, printed heading.....		
113½ reams letter paper.....do.....		
138 gross letter envelopes, printed.....		
Stationery, 1st session 36th Congress.....		
do.....do.....		
Excavating foundations for monuments to the memory of the following members of Congress:		
Hon. John A. Quitman, of Mississippi; Hon. T. L. Harris, of Illinois; Hon. Cyrus Spinck, of Ohio; Hon. J. G. Montgomery, of Pennsylvania; Hon. William O. Goode, of Virginia; Hon. Silas M. Burroughs, of New York, at \$4 50 each, (1 blank, 7 in all).....		
Personal attendance upon the Hon. John Schwartz during his last sickness.....		
Witness before the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Judge Watrous, 2 days.....		
Witness before the Covode committee, 2 days.....		
42 buckets of paste for the use of the folding-room.....		
Services folding documents May 31, 1860, (100 copies of Abstract of Message and Documents).....		
The following magazines, &c., for the following members:		
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Harper's Magazine.....	3 00	
T. C. Hindman, (3 copies,) Harper's Magazine.....	9 00	
J. S. Millson, Harper's Magazine.....	3 00	
J. S. Phelps.....do.....	3 00	
F. M. Bristow.....do.....	3 00	
William Allen, Harper's Weekly.....	1 25	
T. C. Hindman.....do.....(3 copies).....	7 50	
W. E. Niblack.....do.....	2 50	
O. S. Ferry, Littell's Living Age.....	6 00	
J. S. Millson.....do.....	6 00	
Green Adams.....do.....(2 copies).....	12 00	
W. B. Maclay.....do.....	6 00	

Ⓢ Deducted, \$150.

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
J. Shillington—Continued.....	The following magazines, &c., for the following members—Continued.		
	Hon. George Briggs, Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper.....	\$1 50	
	J. J. Perry, New York Illustrated News.....	1 50	
	T. C. Hindman, Godey's Lady's Book.....	3 00	
	W. G. Whiteley, Leslie's Magazine.....	3 00	
	Israel Washburn, jr., Foreign Review and Blackwood.....	10 00	
	J. Wilson, Eclectic Magazine.....	5 00	
	Israel Washburn, jr., Eclectic Magazine.....	5 00	
	W. B. Maclay.....do.....	2 50	
	T. C. Hindman.....do.....	5 00	
	J. S. Phelps, Merchant's Magazine.....	5 00	
	T. S. Boccock, newspapers and periodicals.....	26 83	
	James Wilson.....do.....	7 00	
			\$137 58
John P. Heiss.....	States and Union, for the following members:		
	Hon. C. L. Scott.....	3 50	
	T. S. Boccock.....	3 50	
	D. E. Simes.....	3 33	
	E. P. Walton.....	3 08	
	W. G. Whiteley.....	6 00	
	E. G. Spaulding.....	3 25	
	M. Taylor.....	6 00	
	J. Humphrey.....	3 00	
	T. A. R. Nelson.....	3 25	
	William Howard.....	3 00	
	J. Sherman.....	3 00	
	William M. Dunn.....	3 20	
	William Allen.....	3 00	
	J. J. McRae.....	3 25	
	Thomas G. Davidson.....	3 00	
	Wm. Allen.....	3 00	
	A. J. Hamilton.....	4 00	

John W. Forney	J. A. McClelland.....	3 00	82 36
	J. A. Logan.....	3 00	
	J. D. Ashmore.....	6 00	
	Syd. Moore	1 00	
	G. S. Houston.....	6 00	
	L. Stout.....	3 00	
	The Press, for the following members of Congress :		
	Hon. S. Colfax	1 63	
	A. G. Porter	1 50	
	A. Wells.....	1 12	
	J. Hickman.....	3 00	
	A. G. Whiteley.....	3 25	
	E. G. Spaulding	3 25	
	Wm. Helmick.....	50	
	G. H. Pendleton.....	6 00	
	G. Marston	3 00	
	J. R. Barrett	3 16	
	J. J. Hall.....	3 12	
	E. Estabrook.....	2 70	
	M. W. Tappan.....	2 00	
	A. Burlingame	3 25	
	Geo. Briggs.....	3 00	
	C. Robinson.....	3 00	
	P. B. Fouke.....	3 00	
	Thad. Stevens.....	3 00	
	W. M. Dunn	3 00	
	B. F. Junkin.....	6 00	
	L. M. Keitt	6 00	
	W. A. Howard	3 00	
	C. H. Larrabee	6 00	
	New York Daily Express, for the following members of Congress :		
J. & F. Brooks	Hon. J. A. Gilmer	3 00	73 48
	T. A. R. Nelson.....	3 25	
	W. C. Anderson.....	3 00	
	J. Morrison Harris.....	3 00	
	George Briggs.....	3 00	
	Robert Mallory.....	3 00	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
J. & E. Brooks—Continued	New York Daily Express, for the following members of Congress—Cont'd.		
	Hon. Green Adams	\$3 00	
	Joshua Hill	3 25	
	A. R. Boteler	3 25	
	Horace Maynard	3 25	
	Z. B. Vance	3 00	
	D. E. Sickles	3 00	\$37 00
Raymond, Wesley & Co.	New York Times, for the following members of Congress :		
	Hon. S. Colfax	3 42	
	W. G. Whiteley	3 25	
	A. Burlingame	3 25	
	J. Humphrey	3 25	
	D. E. Sickles	3 25	
	E. Estabrook	2 70	
	John Sherman	3 00	
	J. C. Robinson	3 14	
	J. R. Barrett	3 00	
	M. R. H. Garnett	2 00	
	C. L. Vallandigham, \$1 50 daily; semi-weekly, 75 cents	2 25	
	J. A. McClelland	3 00	
	J. S. Millson	6 00	
	George Briggs	2 00	
	C. L. Scott	1 90	45 41
Cincinnati Gazette Company	Daily Gazette, for the following members of Congress :		
	Hon. A. G. Porter	4 00	
	Wm. Allen	3 00	
	C. A. Trimble	4 00	11 50

Prentice, Henderson & Osborne	Louisville Journal, for—		
	Hon. L. M. Keitt.....	10 00	
	R. Mallory.....	5 00	
	A. Burlingame.....	2 60	17 60
John Clark & Co.....	Daily Courier, Boston, for—		
	Hon. A. Burlingame.....	4 33	
	Z. B. Vance.....	4 00	8 33
Faran & McLean.....	Cincinnati Daily Enquirer, for—		
	Hon. C. D. Martin.....	2 50	
	P. B. Fouke.....	2 50	
	Wm. Allen	2 50	7 50
Worthington, Flanders & Co.....	Boston Traveller, for—		
	Hon. Charles Delano.....	3 00	
	A Burlingame	2 00	
Bull & Tuttle.....	Baltimore Clipper, for Hon. R. B. Brabson.....		5 00
D. & E. Morwitz.....	Pennsylvanian, for Hon. W. G. Whiteley.....		4 00
H. H. Houghton.....	Galena Gazette, for Hon. Wm. H. Hooper		3 25
F. Emmerich.....	3 horses and wagons for June, 1860.....		1 00
Geo. H. Chapman	Services as temporary clerk in the office House of Representatives from June 26 to June 30, 1860.....		180 00
John Bailey.....	Services in the office House of Representatives for July, 1860.....		24 73
	Map clerks, pay-roll—		150 00
A. R. Parker.....	For July, 1860.....	180 00	
Geo. Chipman.....	do.....	150 00	
Geo. C. Baker	do.....	150 00	
Rufus Prentice	do.....	150 00	630 00
Geo. H. Chapman	Services as temporary clerk for July.....	150 00	
J. R. Briggs, jr	Services as temporary clerk from June 26 to July 31.....	174 73	
Wm. Averill	do.....do.....	174 73	499 46
Wm. Tudge.....	Temporary mail boys, pay-roll—		
Henry Schreiner.....	For July, 1860.....	50 00	
	do.....	50 00	100 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
John Costin.....	Laborers, pay-roll—		
Levi Neal.....	For July, 1860.....	\$62 00	
Wm. Twine.....	do.....	46 50	
Wm. Smith.....	do.....	46 50	
John Johnson.....	do.....	46 50	
David Fisher.....	do.....	46 50	
John Massey.....	do.....	46 50	
Ed. M. Thomas.....	do.....	54 00	\$395 00
F. Emmerich.....	From June 26 to July 31.....		
Geo. Marston.....	3 horses and carriages for the month of July, 1860, 31 days.....	-----	186 00
	2 saddle horses, from June 1 to June 25, at \$1 50 each.....	75 00	
	1 horse and wagon for same time.....	50 00	125 00
C. W. C. Dunnington.....	Capitol police.....	72 50	
A. K. Arnold.....	do.....	45 83	
Samuel J. Johnson.....	do.....	45 83	
James T. Ball.....	do.....	45 83	
Wm H. Thompson.....	do.....	45 83	
Thos. C. Wells.....	do.....	45 83	
Rich'd D. Slater.....	do.....	45 83	
Frederick Fritz.....	do.....	45 83	
Francis Reilly.....	do.....	45 83	
John P. Hamlin.....	do.....	45 83	
Michael French.....	do.....	45 83	
James F. Magee.....	do.....	45 83	
Geo. F. Smallwood.....	do.....	45 83	
John N. Crockwell.....	do.....	45 83	
Jeremiah Boyd.....	do.....	33 33	

Mail boys, pay-roll—			
Samuel Lee	For July, 1860.....	75 00	150 00
A. G. Myers	do	75 00	125 00
Wm. Hartough.....	Messenger in south wing for July, 1860	-----	-----
Jas. B. Smith.....	Stationery:	-----	-----
	2 dozen Harrison's ink, blue.....	7 00	
	300 reams cut tissue paper	150 00	
	38 gross official envelopes, printed heads	76 00	
	198 gross letter envelopes, printed heads.....	198 00	
	6 large files, half-bound leather.....	21 00	
	48 1-ream packages white letter, printed heads.....	108 00	
	87 1-ream packages packet note, printed heads.....	108 75	
	11 1-reams super royal engrossing paper	225 00	
Geo. N. Beale	Services in the office House of Representatives for July, 1860, folding documents, and in stationery room	-----	893 75
J. A. Shindell.....	Services in the folding-room of the office House of Representatives from June 26 to July 31, 1860	-----	100 00
Lawrence Bess.....	Services in the folding-room of the office House of Representatives, from June 26 to July 31, 1860	-----	116 67
Marcellus Bailey.....	Services folding documents in the office House of Representatives for June and July, 1860.....	-----	116 67
W. H. Dean.....	56 buckets paste for the folding-room House of Representatives, at \$1.....	-----	91 50
Wm. T. Evans	Services in the folding-room of the office House of Representatives for July, 1860.	-----	56 00
Geo. Marston	Omnibus tickets, used in conveying messages for members, 1st session 36th Congress.....	-----	46 50
George Marston.....	Expenses incurred in receiving the Japanese embassy at the House of Representatives	-----	50 00
Garland & Sisson	Blue Ridge Republican, for Hon. P. B. Fouke.....	-----	22 50
James L. Bryan.....	Folding documents	-----	1 00
Henry McElwee.....	do	29 24	
George W. Mockabee.....	do	23 06	
O. W. Somerville	do	20 23	
John G. Weaver.....	do	26 60	
E. Baum.....	do	45 59	
S. W. Bassett.....	do	3 15	
Eugene Grove	do	33 87	
Charles Reese.....	do	20 55	
	do	20 23	

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
George Boyd	Folding documents	\$19 08	
Andrew Bain	do	64 05	
H. L. Clark	do	15 08	
Wm. Dean	do	1 12	
Byron Ballard	do	48 04	
O. Harleston	do	30 12	
Rufus Choate	do	19 64	
J. Simonds	do	18 12	
Matthias Haggerty	do	20 25	
Julius Visser	do	24 25	
John W. Day	do	75	
J. T. Mackey	do	19 50	
Thomas McGraw	do	75	
John P. Chase	do	23 95	
Henry Slye	do	21 26	
J. Albert Shaw	do	14 55	
W. C. Hart	do	20 44	
James Sweeney	do	75	
John Blain	do	6 62	
Charles Luckett	do	25 86	
Wm. Swigert	do	2 87	
Nicholas Brown	do	18 43	
Frank Harris	do	7 05	
Joseph Montgomery	do	27 15	\$672 20
John T. Mitchell	1,074 pounds soft flax twine, at 62½ cents .....	.....	671 25
S. A. Power	Services in the folding-room of the office of the House of Representatives, from June 26 to July 31, 1860 .....	.....	116 87
E. H. Brink	Services in the folding-room of the office of the House of Representatives for July .....	.....	46 50
W. T. Dove	For gas fitting and materials: 2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day, \$8; 2 ditto, 1 day, \$8	16 00	
	1 gas fitter, 1 day, \$3; 1 assistant, 1 day, \$1; 2 ditto, 1 day, \$8	12 00	

2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day, \$8; 2 ditto, 1 day, \$8.....	16 00
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00
575 pounds of solder, at 35 cents, \$201 25; 75 pounds of block tin, at 37 cents, \$27 75.....	229 00
3 pounds of brimstone, 15 cents; 4 pounds of rosin, 20 cents; 1 plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4.....	4 35
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00
Plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4; laborer, 1 day, \$1 25.....	5 25
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00
433 pounds of lead pipe, at 10 cents, \$43 30; 1 three-quarter-inch hose bibb, \$3. Plated basin plug, \$1 75; plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4; laborer, 1 day, \$1 25.....	46 30
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	7 00
1 3-inch lead trap, \$3; 3 pairs of tags and screws, at 13 cents, 39 cents.....	8 00
10 pounds of lead pipe, at 10 cents, \$1; couplings for basin cock, \$1.....	3 39
25 bushels of coke, \$3 12; 18 barrels of charcoal, at 30 cents, \$5 40.....	2 00
1 pound of candles, 20 cents; plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4.....	8 52
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants half day, \$4; 1 gas fitter, \$3.....	4 20
Plumber and assistant one day.....	7 00
Lampblack, 25 cents; glue, 16 cents; 1 dozen 14 straps, 36 cents.....	4 00
1 gross screws, 65 cents; 1 side of leather, \$8 20; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8.....	77
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants one day.....	16 85
Cutting screws, 25 cents; 126 feet 8-inch pipe, at 75 cents, \$94 50.....	8 00
1 8-inch iron band, \$3 50; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8.....	94 75
1 plumber three-quarters of a day, \$2 25; 1 gas fitter and assistant one day, \$4. Gas fitter and assistant half a day, \$2; 20 pounds gasket, at 15 cents, \$3.....	11 50
1 3-inch brass globe valve, with sleeves.....	6 25
2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8; 1 laborer one day, \$1 25.....	5 00
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants one day, \$8.....	36 00
929 pounds sheet lead, at 10 cents, \$92 90; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8.....	9 25
1 gas fitter and assistant one and a half day, \$6; 1 laborer one day, \$1 25.....	8 00
2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8; 1 laborer one day, \$1 25.....	100 90
1 gas fitter and assistant one day, \$4; gas fitter and assistant half a day, \$2.....	7 25
2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8; 1 laborer one day, \$1 25.....	9 25
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants one day each, \$8.....	6 00
1 brass-bound 2-foot rule.....	9 25
Plumber and assistant one day, \$4; plumber and assistant quarter of a day, \$1.....	8 00
	1 50
	5 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
W. T. Dove.....	For gas fitting and materials—Continued.		
	Laborer one day, \$1 25; 2 gas fitters one day, at \$3, \$6; 2 assistants one day, \$2.	\$9 25	
	2 3-inch branch-pipe flanges, at \$6.....	12 00	
	5 3/4-inch iron screw bolts and nuts, \$2 50; laborer, \$1 25.....	3 75	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8; 2 gas fitters and assistants one day, \$8.	16 00	
	16 1/2 pounds rubber cloth, at 80 cents.....	12 90	
	1 large 4-inch trap screw, \$2 25; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8.....	10 25	
	1 laborer one day, \$1 25; 2 gas fitters and 2 assistants one day, \$8.....	9 25	
	2 pounds candles, 40 cents; 3 8-inch cast-iron bands, at \$3 50, \$10 50; plumber one day, \$3.....	13 90	
	Plumber half a day, \$1 50; 2 assistants one day, \$2; laborer one day, \$1 25.....	4 75	
	2 gas fitters one day, \$6; 2 assistants one day, \$2.....	8 00	
	10 pounds putty, 62 cents; 5 pounds red lead, 70 cents; 1 pint boiled oil, 15 cts.	1 47	
	2 plumbers one day, \$6; 2 assistants one day, \$2; laborer one day, \$1 25.....	9 25	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8; laborer one day, \$1 25.....	9 25	
	Lumber for scaffolding, \$8; 2 plumbers one day, \$6.....	14 00	
	2 assistants one day, \$2; laborer one day, \$1 25.....	3 25	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day.....	8 00	
	1 plumber one day, \$3; 2 assistants one day, \$2; laborer one day, \$1 25.....	6 25	
	25 pounds cement clay, 50 cents; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8.....	8 50	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day.....	8 00	
	1 8-inch iron band, \$3 50; 1 8-inch iron T, \$3 50.....	7 00	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8; laborer one day, \$1 25.....	9 25	
	12 feet gas pipe, \$2 64; 4 fittings, \$1; 4 ceiling plates, \$1.....	4 64	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day.....	4 00	
	Plumber one day, \$3; 2 assistants one day, \$2.....	5 00	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8; laborer one day, \$1 25.....	9 25	
	26 feet gas pipe, \$5 72; 3/4-inch gas, \$2; 3/4-inch union, 80 cents.....	8 52	
	Gas fitter and assistant one day.....	4 00	
	6 inches 2-inch iron steam pipe, 25 cents; 2-inch nipple, 50 cents; gas fitter and assistant one day, \$4.....	4 75	
	1 blue closet basin, \$9; 2 single Bartholomew cocks, \$6.....	15 00	

J. S. Jardon & Bro.....	2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8; 1 laborer one day, \$1 25.....	9 25	
C. W. Boteler & Sons	12 feet 2-inch steam pipe, \$4 80; 2-inch L, 50 cents; 2-inch union, \$2; gas fitter and assistant one day, \$4	11 30	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants one day, \$8; laborer one day, \$1 25.....	9 25	
	1 8-inch iron damper, cutting pipe, &c., \$1; 15 8-inch iron bands, bolts, &c., 75 cents.....	12 25	
	15 Lewis's shackles, pins, &c., at \$1 65.....	24 75	
	15 swivels, screw rods, &c., at \$1 65.....	24 75	\$1,071 46
	5 silver-plated ice pitchers.....		
	6 basins and ewers.....	9 00	
	1 walnut sofa.....	40 00	
	1 walnut lounge	22 00	
	Engineers, pay-roll—		71 00
Isaac Entwistle.....	For July, 1860.....	125 00	
Felix McCloskey.....	do.....	100 00	
D. A. McElhone.....	do.....	100 00	
Joseph Mansfield	do.....	62 00	
Sylvester Adams.....	do.....	62 00	
Thomas Hunt.....	do.....	62 00	
William Sanderson.....	do.....	62 00	
William Mooney.....	do.....	62 00	
			635 00
Arianna Neal	Washing, 2 months, (June and July, 1860,) for the House of Representatives, at \$15 per month.....		30 00
C. P. Perham	"Southern Guardian," 1st session 36th Congress, for Hon. L. M. Keitt.....		6 00
Galloway, Campbell & Co.....	"Memphis Avalanch," for Hon. Lansing Stout.....		5 20
C. H. Lamphier	"Daily State Register," (Springfield, Ill.,) for Hon. J. A. Logan		3 00
Campbell & McDermott.....	"Intelligencer," (Wheeling, Va.,) for Hon. J. A. Bingham		3 00
Anson Herrick	"Atlas," for Hon. George Briggs		1 00
E. R. Jewett.....	582 copper-faced illustrations for the Report of the Commissioner of Patents on Arts and Manufactures for 1859, at \$11 98 per illustration.....		
Tileston & Hollingsworth.....	489 1/2 reams plate paper, 19 by 24 inches, 60 pounds, at \$11 40 per ream		6,972 36
Job W. Angus	43 packing boxes.....	102 50	5,580 87
	1 packing box.....	3 50	
	3 packing boxes.....	10 00	
	28.....do.....	70 00	
	4 small boxes.....	8 00	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Job W. Angus—Continued.....	61 large boxes.....	\$152 50	
	Repairing lock and key, cloak room.....	1 00	
	24 brushes, folding-room.....	8 00	
	1 hatchet, folding-room.....	2 00	
	1 door key, ventilating room.....	1 00	
	1 set casters, the Post Office and Post Roads.....	1 00	
	Hanging windows, cloak room.....	2 00	
	2 pairs hinges and 2 bolts for same.....	2 00	
	1 door key, Covode committee room.....	1 00	
	15 rollers, folding-room.....	1 50	
	1 padlock and 2 keys for ice-box.....	2 00	
	20 rollers for folding-room.....	2 00	
	Repairing lock, Ways and Means.....	50	
	Repairing lock, map room.....	50	
	Hanging sash, map room.....	1 00	
	1 set casters, Judiciary room.....	1 00	
	Strapping boxes.....	2 00	
	Opening door and repairing lock, room 27.....	1 00	
	1 key for same.....	1 00	
	Removing table to enrolling room.....	1 00	
	Putting down oil-cloth.....	50	
	1 box.....	2 50	
	Strapping boxes.....	2 00	
	50 rollers, folding-room.....	5 00	
	Locks on room No. 6.....	1 00	
	Repairing chair, engine room.....	1 00	
	1 set casters, engine room.....	1 00	
	1 box for Hon. Mr. Gooch.....	3 00	
	Putting in glass, Committee on Military Affairs.....	1 00	
	1 set casters.....do.....	1 00	
	2 boxes.....	5 00	
	2 large table casters, hall chairs.....	1 50	

Strapping 4 boxes.....	2 50	
Strapping 2 boxes.....	1 50	
50 large packing boxes.....	125 00	
Strapping 4 boxes.....	3 00	
Altering door for Committee on Accounts.....	1 00	
2 locks for Invalid Pensions.....	2 00	
2 bolts, Ways and Means.....	1 50	
Altering locks, Ways and Means, Indian Affairs, and Judiciary.....	3 00	
3 sets casters, enrolling room, reporters' gallery, and Clerk's room.....	3 00	
Altering locks, Territories and Revolutionary Claims.....	2 00	
Repairing chairs, Territories.....	50	
2 sets casters.....	2 00	
1 box.....	2 50	
Repairing chairs, Public Buildings and Grounds.....	1 00	
2 sets casters.....	2 00	
3 days' work at stable.....	7 50	
2 large plate-glass for hall.....	30 00	\$592 50
Binding documents, viz:		
8,381 vols Patent Office Report, 1859, 1st session 36th Congress, at 12 cents....	1,005 72	
1,795 vols. Condition of the Banks of the United States, at 12 cents.....	215 40	
2,824 vols. Covode Investigation Report, at 12 cents.....	338 88	1,560 00
Binding documents, viz:		
10,884 vols. Patent Office Report, (Agricultural,) 1859, at 12 cents.....	1,306 08	
7,502 vols. Covode Investigation Report, at 12 cents.....	900 24	2,206 32
Map clerks, pay-roll—		
For August, 1860.....	180 00	
.....do.....	150 00	
.....do.....	150 00	
.....do.....	150 00	630 00
Capitol police, pay-roll—		
For August, 1860.....	72 50	
.....do.....	45 83	
.....do.....	45 83	
.....do.....	45 83	
.....do.....	45 83	
Alexander & Cooke		
Alexander & Cooke		
A. R. Parker.....		
George Chipman.....		
Rufus Prentice		
George C. Baker.....		
C. W. C. Dunnington.....		
A. K. Arnold.....		
Samuel J. Johnson.....		
James T. Ball.....		
Wm. H. Thompson		

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Thomas C. Wells.....	For August, 1860.....	\$45 83	
Richard D. Slater.....	do.....	45 83	
Fred. Fritz.....	do.....	45 83	
Francis Reilly.....	do.....	45 83	
John P. Hamlin.....	do.....	45 83	
James S. Magee.....	do.....	45 83	
Michael French.....	do.....	45 83	
George F. Smallwood.....	do.....	45 83	
John N. Crockwell.....	do.....	45 83	
Jeremiah Boyd.....	do.....	33 33	
	Mail boys, pay-roll—		\$701 62
Samuel Lee.....	For August, 1860.....	75 00	
A. G. Myers.....	do.....	75 00	
Wm. Hartough.....	Messenger in south wing of Capitol extension, August, 1860.....		150 00
Alexander & Cooke.....	Binding 10,000 vols. Covode Investigation Committee Report, at 12 cents.....		125 00
	Laborers, pay-roll—		1,200 00
John Costin.....	For August, 1860.....	62 00	
Levi Neal.....	do.....	46 50	
Wm. Twin.....	do.....	46 50	
Wm. Smith.....	do.....	46 50	
John Johnson.....	do.....	46 50	
David Fisher.....	do.....	46 50	
John Massey.....	do.....	46 50	
E. M. Thomas.....	do.....	46 50	
	Engineers, pay-roll—		387 50
Isaac Entwistle.....	For August, 1860.....	125 00	
M. R. Shankland.....	do.....	100 00	
Dennis A. McElhone.....	do.....	100 00	
Jas. Mansfield.....	do.....	62 00	
Thomas Hunt.....	do.....	62 00	

Sylvester Adams.....	do	62 00	
Wm Sanderson.....	do	62 00	
Wm. Mooney.....	do	62 00	635 00
E. R. Jewett	Engraving 823 copper-faced illustrations for the Report of the Committee on Patents on Arts and Manufactures for 1859, at \$11 98 per illustration	-----	
John C. Rives	Excess of one cent for every five pages exceeding 3,000 pages per copy on 5,808 copies of the Congressional Globe and Appendix for the 1st session 36th Congress, for the members and delegates of that session, each copy containing 4,176 pages.—(See public act No. 55, approved August 18, 1856, section 16)	-----	9,859 54
	Folders, pay-roll—	-----	
	For August, 1860	-----	13,660 37
A. B. Reed.....	do	100 00	
Samuel Phillips.....	do	100 00	
H. H. Clark.....	do	100 00	
J. R. Zimmerman.....	do	77 50	
A. J. Harrison.....	do	77 50	
A. H. Alcott	do	77 50	
Zach. Brown	do	62 00	
W. J. Harris	do	62 00	
Nathan Stone	do	77 50	
Edward Darling	do	77 50	
Benjamin Stainsby	do	93 00	
Theodore Blague.....	do	93 00	
Geo. T. Whiting.....	do	93 00	
Hugh G. Divine	do	77 50	
Stillman Moore	do	77 50	
W. C. Dodge	do	77 50	
Joshua Howard.....	do	77 50	
Hugh Young.....	do	77 50	
William Allen.....	do	77 50	
John T. Chauncey	do	46 50	
Thomas Martin	do	46 50	
Lewis Saunders	do	46 50	
		-----	1,695 00
	Folders, pay-roll—		
	For August, 1860		
John Blain	do	34 65	
Wm. Swigert.....	do	26 32	
Nicholas Brown	do	123 45	
Frank C. Harris	do	46 42	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
	Folders, pay-roll—Continued.		
Joseph Montgomery.....	For August, 1860	\$149 12	
Jas L. Bryan.....	do.....	54 67	
Henry McElwee	do.....	68 88	
George W. Mockabee.....	do.....	36 75	
O. W. Somerville.....	do.....	41 10	
J. G. Weaver.....	do.....	162 43	
S. W. Bassett.....	do.....	80 91	
Eugene Grove	do.....	61 15	
Charles Reese	do.....	37 57	
Geo. Boyd.....	do.....	33 45	
Andrew Bain	do.....	145 79	
H. L. Clark	do.....	33 22	
Byron Ballard.....	do.....	142 86	
O. Harleston	do.....	62 86	
Rufus Choate.....	do.....	74 02	
J. Simonds.....	do.....	27 75	
Matthias Haggerty.....	do.....	46 56	
Julius Visser	do.....	79 21	
J. T. Mackey.....	do.....	65 55	
John P. Chase.....	do.....	47 77	
Henry J. Slye	do.....	43 23	
W. C. Harte	do.....	41 85	
Charles Luckett	do.....	111 13	
Albert S. Shaw.....	do.....	91 23	
William Fowler.....	do.....	23 30	
J. Lomax.....	do.....	17 02	
Charles Duboise	do.....	11 62	
Jacob Harris.....	do.....	16 50	
Alexander & Cooke	Binding 205 volumes Condition of the Banks of the United States, Ex. Doc. 49, 1st session 36th Congress, at 12 cents	24 60	\$2,038 34

James B. Smith & Co.....	Binding 2,930 volumes Agricultural Patent Office Report, 1859, at 12 cents.....	351 60	1,552 20
	Binding 9,800 volumes Covode Investigation Committee Report, at 12 cents.....	1,176 00	
Binding documents, as follows:			
	255 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volume 3, 1st session 36th Congress, for members of the House of Representatives, at 50 cents.....	127 50	
	67 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volume 3, 1st session 36th Congress, for executive departments, at 50 cents.....	33 50	
	23 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volume 3, 1st session 36th Congress, for foreign ministers, at 50 cents.....	11 50	
	255 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volume 4, 1st session 36th Congress, for members of the House of Representatives, at 50 cents.....	127 50	
	67 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volume 4, 1st session 36th Congress, for executive departments, at 50 cents.....	33 50	
	23 copies Reports of Court of Claims, 1st session 36th Congress, for foreign ministers, at 50 cents.....	11 50	
	30 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volumes 3 and 4, 1st session 36th Congress, for the use of the Department of State, 60 volumes, at 50 cents.....	30 00	
	10 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volumes 3 and 4, 1st session 36th Congress, for foreign governments, 20 volumes, at 50 cents.....	10 00	
	78 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volumes 3 and 4, 1st session 36th Congress, for the Senate, 156 volumes, at 50 cents.....	78 00	
	470 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volumes 3 and 4, 1st session 36th Congress, for Department of the Interior, 940 copies, at 50 cents.....	470 00	933 00
W. D. Wallach	Advertising in the "Evening Star" list of appropriations, 1st session 36th Congress, 763 squares	-----	763 00
N. D. Larnier & Co.....	Advertising in the "Union Guard" list of appropriations, 1st session 36th Congress, 763 squares	-----	763 00
Gales & Seaton	Advertising in the "National Intelligencer" list of appropriations, 1st session 36th Congress, 763 squares.....	-----	763 00
J. S. Holland.....	Advertising in the "States and Union" list of appropriations, 1st session 36th Congress, 763 squares.....	-----	763 00
William T. Dove.....	2 plumbers and 2 assistants 1 day, \$8; laborer, $\frac{1}{4}$ day 31 cents.....	8 31	
	Gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4; gas fitter and assistant $\frac{1}{2}$ day, \$2.....	6 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant 1 day.....	4 00	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants 1 day.....	8 00	
	10 pounds putty, at 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ cents, 63 cents; 5 pounds red lead, at 14 cents, 70 cents; 2 spindles for closets, 80 cents.....	2 13	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
William T. Dove—Continued	Sheepskin, 40 cents; 3 pounds copper wire, \$2 40; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants 1 day, \$8.....	\$10 80	
	Gas fitter and assistant 1 day.....	4 00	
	2 2-inch iron T, \$2; 2 2-inch L, \$1 60; 1 1½-inch plug, 30 cents.....	3 90	
	Gas fitter and assistant 1 day.....	4 00	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants 1 day.....	8 00	
	1 2-inch globe valve, \$10 12; 1 2½-inch globe valve, \$15.....	25 12	
	1 brass saddle, \$12; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants 1 day, \$8.....	20 00	
	1 brass lubricator, \$15; 1 brass oil cup, \$5 50; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4.....	24 50	
	1 4 inch brass globe valve, \$48; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4.....	52 00	
	24 2-inch steam L, at 80 cents, \$19 20; 12 2-inch T, at \$1, \$12; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4.....	35 20	
	80 feet iron pipe, at 75 cents, \$60; 5 8-inch iron bands, at \$3 50, \$17 50; plumber and assistant 1 day, \$4.....	81 50	
	2 plumbers and 2 assistants 1 day.....	8 00	
	12½ 2-inch gas pipe, at 65 cents, \$8 28; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4.....	12 28	
	18 feet casing pipe, at 60 cents, \$10 80; 1 large ornament, \$1 75.....	12 55	
	20 pounds charcoal, at 30 cents, \$6; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants 1 day, \$8.....	14 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant 1 day.....	4 00	
	5 blue closet basins, at \$4 50, \$22 50; plumber and assistant 1½ day, \$7.....	29 50	
	2 2½-inch globe valves, \$30; 1 2½-inch steam T, \$1 75.....	31 75	
	5 feet 2½-inch steam pipe, at 80 cents, \$4; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4.....	8 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4; laborer 1 day, \$1 25.....	5 25	
	Plumber and assistant 1½ day.....	6 00	
	Plumber and assistant 1½ day.....	5 00	
	4 feet ¾ gas pipe, 88 cents; socket, 25 cents; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4.....	5 13	
	Gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4; cutting screws on lubricator and oil cup, \$1.....	5 00	
	2 pounds candles, 40 cts.; pasteboard, 5 cts.; 75 pounds block tin, at 37 cts., \$27 75.	28 20	
	10½ feet ¾ iron pipe, at 22 cents, \$2 31; plumber 1 day, \$3; 2 assistants 1 day, \$2; laborer 1 day, \$1 25.....	8 56	
	6 2-inch steam L, at \$1 50, \$9; 3 2½-inch steam T, at \$1 75, \$5 25; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4.....	18 25	

Plumber and assistant 1 day	4 00	
Repairing globe valve, \$2 75; plumber and assistant 1 day, \$4	6 75	
Gas fitter and assistant 1 day	4 00	
4 brass water gauges, at \$21, \$84; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4	88 00	
Gas fitter and assistant 1 day	1 00	
4 single Bartholomew cocks, at \$3, \$12; 100 pounds lead pipe, at 10 cents, \$10 ..	22 00	
2 plumbers and 2 assistants 1 day	8 00	
Do	8 00	
1 gross 1-inch screws, 50 cents; 10 pounds putty, 63 cents; 2 pounds red lead, at 15 cents, 30 cents	1 43	
1 Bartholomew cock, \$3; 2 plumbers and 2 assistants 1 day, \$8	11 00	
3 plumbers 1 day, \$9; 2 assistants 1 day, \$2	11 00	
1 copper strainer, \$4; 1 4½-inch iron valve, \$22	26 00	
Gas fitter and assistant 1 day	4 00	
3 plumbers 1 day, \$9; 3 assistants 1 day, \$3	12 00	
3 plumbers 1 day, \$9; 3 assistants 1 day, \$3	12 00	
Gas fitter and assistant 1 day	4 00	
22 feet gas pipe, at 22 cents, \$4 84; 11 fittings, \$2 20; gas fitter and assistant 1 day, \$4	11 04	
6 blind caps, at 12½ cents, 75 cents; 2 gas fitters and assistants 1 day, \$8	8 75	\$741 90
"Boston Daily Atlas and Bee," for 1st session 36th Congress, viz:		
Hon. M. W. Tappan	3 00	
I. Washburn, jr.	3 00	
D. E. Simes	3 24	
A. Burlingame	3 25	
G. A. Grow	3 00	
Thad. Stevens	3 25	
F. H. Morse	3 00	
G. Marston	3 00	
George Riggs	3 00	
Thomas Corwin	3 00	
Lansing Stout	3 50	
T. M. Edwards	3 00	
Charles Delano	3 00	
A. H. Rice	3 00	
James Buffington	6 00	
"Southern Argus," for Hon. J. S. Millson, from Jan. 1, 1858, to June 1, 1859 ..		
	49 24	
	7 00	

W. H. Pangborn

Leonard & Lamb

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Ballard & Handy -----	"Cambridge Democrat," 1st session 36th Congress, for Hon. W. H. Hooper-----	-----	\$1 50
Elizabeth Costin -----	Washing 58½ dozen of towels, for the use of the office of the House of Representatives, for the quarter ending August 31, 1860, at 50 cents per dozen-----	-----	29 25
F. Emmerich -----	3 horses and wagons, for August, 1860, 31 days, at \$2 each-----	-----	186 00
A. B. Reed -----	Folding documents-----	\$100 00	
Samuel Phillips -----	do-----	100 00	
H. H. Clark -----	do-----	100 00	
J. R. Zimmerman -----	do-----	77 50	
A. J. Harrison -----	do-----	77 50	
A. H. Alcott -----	do-----	77 50	
Nathan C. Stone -----	do-----	90 00	
Zach. Brown -----	do-----	62 00	
A. J. Harris -----	do-----	62 00	
Edward Darling -----	do-----	90 00	
B. Stainsby -----	do-----	108 00	
Thomas Blague -----	do-----	108 00	
George T. Whittington -----	do-----	108 00	
H. G. Divine -----	do-----	90 00	
Stillman Moore -----	do-----	90 00	
W. C. Dodge -----	do-----	90 00	
Joseph Howard -----	do-----	90 00	
Hugh Young -----	do-----	90 00	
Wm. Allen -----	do-----	90 00	
J. T. Chauncey -----	do-----	54 00	
Thomas Martin -----	do-----	54 00	
Lewis Saunders -----	do-----	46 50	
S. A. Power -----	Services in the folding-room of the House of Representatives of the United States for August, 1860 -----	-----	1,855 00
J. A. Shindel -----	Services in the folding-room of the House of Representatives of the United States for August, 1860 -----	-----	100 00
W. H. Dean -----	96 buckets of paste for the folding-room, in August, 1860 -----	-----	100 00
		-----	96 00

E. H. Brink	Services in the folding-room, office of the House of Representatives of the United States, for August, 1860.....	60 00
George N. Beal.....	Services in the book and stationery rooms of the House of Representatives, and folding documents, for August, 1860.....	100 00
Wm. T. Evans	Services as a laborer for August, 1860.....	46 50
James B. Smith & Co.	3 dozen extra fine penknives, at \$30	90 00
	6 dozen extra fine penknives, at \$24	144 00
	3 dozen extra fine penknives, at \$18	54 00
	12 dozen extra fine penknives, at \$12	144 00
Alexander & Cooke	Binding 8,579 vols. of the Agricultural Patent Office Report of 1859, at 12 cts....	432 00
	Binding 13,034 vols. of the Covode Investigation Committee Report, at 12 cts....	1,029 48
	Temporary mail boys, pay-roll—	1,564 08
Wm. Tudge.....	For August, 1860	50 00
Henry Schreiner.....	do	50 00
Alexander & Cooke	Binding 25,160 volumes Agricultural Report of Patent Office for 1859, at 12 cts....	3,019 20
	Binding 5,346 volumes Covode Investigation Report, at 12 cents.....	641 52
G. W. Alexander.....	Binding for 1st session 36th Congress:	
	2,596 copies Congressional Globe, part 1, at 60 cents per volume.....	1,557 60
	525 copies Congressional Globe, part 2, at 60 cents per volume.....	315 00
	480 copies Congressional Globe, part 3, at 60 cents per volume.....	288 00
	446 copies Congressional Globe, part 4, at 60 cents per volume.....	267 60
J. B. Smith & Co	Binding, in sheep, 470 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volume 1, 1st session 36th Congress, for Interior Department, at 50 cents	235 00
	Binding 470 copies same, volume 2.....	235 00
J. B. Smith & Co	Binding, in sheep, 78 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volume 1, 1st session 36th Congress, for the Senate	39 00
	Binding 255 copies of same for the House of Representatives.....	127 50
	Binding 67 copies of same for the executive departments	33 50
	Binding 23 copies of same for the legations	11 50
W. H. Nally	Binding, in half sheep, 2 volumes Daily Globe, 1st session 36th Congress.....	6 00
	Binding 2 volumes Constitution, in same style, December, 1859, to July, 1860...	6 00
	Binding 2 volumes Intelligencer, December, 1859, to July, 1860, at \$3 per vol...	6 00
		18 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
John T. Mitchell.....	2,009 pounds soft flax twine, at 62½ cents	-----	\$1,255 62
Marcellus Bailey.....	Services as laborer in House Library for August, 1860	-----	46 50
Sarony, Major & Knapp	Drawing in crayon and painting in colors 11,550 copies, each, of twelve litho- graphic views for Stevens's Report of the Pacific Railroad Survey, 138,600 copies, at \$2 60 per 100	----- \$35 00 155 00	3,603 60
Sarony, Major & Knapp	Engraving map of Pacific Railroad Routes for House of Representatives, No. 428. Printing 25,000 copies, at 62 cents per 100.....	----- -----	190 00
Sarony, Major & Knapp	Engraving on stone and printing 11,580 copies of each of six quarto plates of botanical illustrations to accompany Governor Stevens's Pacific Railroad Re- port, 69,300 plates, at 60 cents.....	----- -----	415 80
John Bailey	Services in the office House of Representatives for August, 1860.....	-----	150 00
Geo. H. Chapman.....	Temporary clerks, pay-roll— For August, 1860	150 00	-----
J. R. Briggs, jr	do	150 00	-----
Wm. Averill	do	150 00	-----
Geo. Marston.....	Horse and wagon for August, 1860.....	-----	450 00
J. W. Gray.....	Plaindealer, for Hon. W. Allen, 6 months	-----	62 00
Alexander & Cooke.....	Binding 35,140 volumes Agricultural Report of Patent Office for 1859, at 12 cts. Binding 3,396 volumes Covode Investigation Report, at 12 cents.....	----- 4,216 80 417 52	3 00
Jas. B. Smith & Co.....	Binding, in calf, the following documents, 1st session 36th Congress: 28 sets Reports of Court of Claims, 5 volumes each, 140 volumes, for Secretary of Senate, at 61 cents..... 30 sets for House Library, 150 volumes..... 10 sets for office House of Representatives, 50 volumes..... Binding, in sheep, 255 copies same report, volumes 2 and 5, for House of Rep- resentatives, 510 volumes, at 50 cents..... 67 copies of same for executive departments, 134 volumes	----- 85 40 91 50 30 50 ----- 255 00 67 00 23 00 39 00	4,624 32
	23 copies of same for legations, 46 volumes	-----	-----
	78 copies of same, volume 2, for senators	-----	591 40

Jas. B. Smith & Co.....	Binding, in sheep, the following documents: 67 copies of House Journal, part 1, 1st session 36th Congress, for executive de- partments.....	33 50	540 00
	23 copies of same for foreign legations.....	11 50	
	470 copies of same for Interior Department.....	235 00	97 75
	470 copies Reports of Court of Claims, volume 5, for Interior Department.....	235 00	
	4 sets Reports of Court of Claims for United States mint, 20 volumes.....	10 00	356 50
	2 sets Reports of Court of Claims for Library of Congress.....	5 00	
	2 sets Reports of Court of Claims for Library of Court of Claims.....	5 00	
	2 sets Reports of Court of Claims for Military and Naval Academies.....	5 00	
Wm. Sanderson.....	Cartage of 336 loads of ashes from the furnace, and 55 loads from the old build- ing, at 25 cents.....		
Samuel Torbert.....	5 horses and carryalls for July, 1860, at \$2 each per day.....	310 00	
	1 saddle-horse for same time, at \$1 50.....	46 50	
	Map clerks, pay-roll— For September, 1860.....	180 00	630 00
A. R. Parker.....	do.....	150 00	
Geo. Chipman.....	do.....	150 00	
Rufus Prentice.....	do.....	150 00	
Geo. C. Baker.....	do.....	150 00	
Geo. H. Chapman.....	Temporary clerk.....	150 00	
J. R. Briggs, jr.....	do.....	150 00	
Wm. Averill.....	do.....	150 00	450 00
John Bailey.....	Services in the office House of Representatives for September, 1860.....		150 00
W. H. Topping, deceased.....	Services as assistant clerk in the office House of Representatives, from August 1 to August 4, 1859, at the rate of \$1,800 per annum.....		19 56
	Mail boys, pay-roll— For September, 1860.....	75 00	
Samuel Lee.....	do.....	75 00	
A. G. Myers.....	Services as messenger in south wing for September, 1860.....		150 00
Wm. Hartough.....	Temporary mail boys, pay-roll— For September, 1860.....		125 00
Wm. Tudge.....	do.....	50 00	
Henry Schreiner.....	do.....	50 00	100 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Julius Bien.....	Lithographing and printing maps for the Coast Survey Report for 1859, viz : Map No. 8, printing 6,650 copies, at 75 cents..... Map No 15.....do.....at \$2..... Map No. 17.....do.....at 84 cents..... Map No. 20.....do.....at \$1 25..... Map No 21.....do.....at \$1 55..... Map No. 26.....do.....at \$1 50..... Map No. 30.....do.....at \$1..... Map No. 31.....do.....at \$1..... Map No. 34.....do.....at \$1 25.....	\$49 12½ 131 00 55 02 81 87½ 101 52½ 98 25 65 50 65 50 81 87½	\$729 67
Van Ingen & Snyder.....	8 electrotypes of "Eland and Horse Stables," for the Agricultural Report of the Patent Office, 1859, at \$1 37½.....	-----	11 00
C. W. C. Dunnington..... A. K. Arnold..... Samuel J. Johnson..... J. T. Ball..... William H. Thompson..... Thomas C. Wells..... Richard D. Slater..... Fred. Fritz..... John P. Hamlin..... Francis Reilly..... James S. Magee..... Michael French..... George F. Smallwood..... John N. Crockwell..... Jeremiah Boyd.....	Capitol police, pay-roll— For September, 1860..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do.....	72 50 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 45 84 33 34	

Laborers, pay-roll—		
For September, 1860.		
John Costin.....	60 00	
Levi Neal.....	45 00	
W. H. Smith.....	45 00	
William Twine.....	45 00	
Rinaldo Griffin.....	45 00	
John Johnson.....	45 00	
David Fisher.....	45 00	
John Massey.....	45 00	
Edward M. Thomas.....	45 00	
	401 00	
Alfred L. Hough.....	3,000 00	
1,000,000 document envelopes.....	729 48	
12,158 pounds pasteboard cuttings for casings, at 6 cents.....		
	3,729 48	
James B. Smith.....	1,680 00	
560,000 speech envelopes, at \$3.....	366 90	
122,000.....do.....	1,266 00	
422,000.....do.....		
	3,312 00	
Folding documents, pay-roll of folders—		
For September, 1860.		
Charles Duboise.....	40 77	
J. C. Tompkins.....	21 17	
John Blane.....	20 52	
William Swigert.....	24 29	
Nicholas Brown.....	162 96	
Frank Harris.....	29 39	
Joseph Montgomery.....	145 27	
James L. Bryan.....	67 15	
H. McElwee.....	66 52	
G. W. Mockabee.....	36 50	
O. W. Somerville.....	33 37	
J. G. Weaver.....	152 90	
S. W. Bassett.....	77 80	
Eugene Grove.....	56 02	
Charles Reese.....	36 62	
George Boyd.....	34 55	
Andrew Bain.....	137 94	
H. L. Clark.....	41 55	
Byron Ballard.....	158 66	
O. Harleston.....	33 84	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
	Folding documents, pay-roll—Continued.		
Rufus Choate.....	For September, 1860	\$30 64	
J. Simonds.....	do	23 31	
Matthias Haggerty.....	do	42 82	
Julius Visser	do	53 48	
J. T. Mackey.....	do	53 30	
J. P. Chase.....	do	45 70	
H. J. Slye.....	do	42 25	
W. C. Harte.....	do	36 66	
Chas. E. Luckett	do	133 60	
Albert Shaw	do	90 92	
Wm. Fowler	do	60 45	
J. Lomax	do	71 63	
Jacob Harris	do	55 33	
Wm. Harrison.....	do	81 66	
Wm. Champion.....	do	23 56	
Nathaniel E. Russell.....	do	21 52	
Milton Dow.....	do	50 81	
David Laing	do	51 58	
A. Y. Lakeman.....	do	28 31	
H. Hamlin Steele	do	29 67	
Wm. Cook	do	43 93	
W. H. Baum	do	58 27	
J. T. Bryan	do	29 62	
S. M. Carpenter	do	24 38	
Hanson Weaver.....	do	17 29	
Joseph Barker.....	do	2 32	
			\$2,580 80
	Folding documents, pay-roll—		
A. B. Reed.....	For September, 1860	100 00	
Samuel Phillips.....	do	100 00	
H. H. Clark.....	do	100 00	

H. G. Divine.....	do	75 00
J. R. Zimmerman.....	do	75 00
A. J. Harrison.....	do	75 00
N. C. Stone.....	do	75 00
A. H. Olcott.....	do	75 00
Zach. Brown.....	do	60 00
W. J. Harris.....	do	60 00
Theo. Blague.....	do	90 00
Geo. T. Whittington.....	do	90 00
B. Stainsby.....	do	90 00
W. C. Dodge.....	do	75 00
Stillman Moore.....	do	75 00
Wm. Allen.....	do	75 00
Joshua Howard.....	do	75 00
Hugh Young.....	do	75 00
J. S. Kellogg.....	do	75 00
Ed. Darling.....	do	75 00
J. T. Chauncey.....	do	45 00
Lewis Saunders.....	do	45 00
Thomas Martin.....	do	45 00
		1,725 00
J. S. Kellogg.....	Services in the folding-room, House of Representatives, from June 26 to September 1, 1860, 67 days, at \$2 50.....	167 50
A. J. Dean.....	124 buckets paste, at \$1.....	124 00
George N. Beale.....	Services in the office of the House of Representatives, folding documents, September, 1860.....	100 00
N. C. Stone.....	Services in the folding-room, House of Representatives, from June 1 to 25, 1860, 25 days, at \$2 50.....	62 50
E. H. Brink.....	Services in folding-room, office of the House of Representatives, for September.....	60 00
E. R. Jewett.....	671 copper-faced illustrations for the Patent Office Report, Mechanical part, for 1859, at \$11 98 each.....	8,038 58
Engineers, pay-roll—		
Isaac Entwistle.....	For September, 1860.....	125 00
D. A. McElhone.....	do	100 00
M. R. Shankland.....	do	100 00
Joseph Mansfield.....	do	60 00
Thomas Hunt.....	do	60 00
Sylvester Adams.....	do	60 00

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Wm. Sanderson ----- Wm. Mooney -----	Engineers, pay-roll—Continued. For September, 1860 ----- -----do -----	\$60 00 60 00	\$625 00
S. A. Power ----- J. B. Smith -----	Services in the office of the House of Representatives and folding documents for September ----- 476 reams of Manilla paper, 24 by 27, at \$2 85 ----- 200 reams of Manilla paper, 27 by 37, at \$4 ----- 381,000 speech envelopes, at \$3 ----- 1,260 pounds of binders' boards, cut to order, at 6 cents -----	----- 1,356 60 800 00 1,143 00 75 60	100 00
James B. Smith & Co. -----	Binding the following documents for the 1st session 36th Congress, viz : Binding 514 copies of the Annual Report of the Secretary of State on Foreign Commerce, half Russia, at \$1 ----- Binding, in sheep, 470 copies of the House Journal, part two, for the Interior Department, at 50 cents ----- Binding, in sheep, 67 copies of the House Journal, part two, for the executive departments, at 50 cents ----- Binding, in sheep, 23 copies of the House Journal, part two, for foreign legations, at 50 cents ----- Binding, in sheep, 4 sets of the House Journal, parts one and two, for the United States mint and branches, 8 volumes, at 50 cents ----- Binding, in sheep, 30 sets of the House Journal, parts one and two, 60 volumes, for the State Department, at 50 cents ----- Binding, in sheep, 30 copies, each, of volumes one, two, and five, of the Reports of the Court of Claims, for the State Department, 90 volumes, at 50 cents ----- Binding, in sheep, 10 copies, each, of volumes one, two, and five, of the Reports of the Court of Claims, for the State Department, 30 volumes, at 50 cents -----	514 00 235 00 33 50 11 50 4 00 30 00 45 00 15 00	3,375 20
Wm. T. Dove -----	Half-inch union, 70 cents ; 2 plugs, 50 cents ; 2 nippling sockets, 50 cents ----- 2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day -----	1 70 8 00	888 00

24 gas hooks, 72 cents; 3 fittings, 50 cents; gas fitter and assistant, half of a day, \$2	3 22
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day	8 00
do	8 00
1 gas fitter and 1 assistant, quarter of a day	1 00
6 $\frac{3}{8}$ -L, at 20 cents, \$1 20; 6 glass tubes for water gauges, at 50 cents, \$3	4 20
Gas fitter and assistant, 24 days	9 00
Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4; 2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day, \$8	12 00
3 gas fitters and 3 assistants, 1 day, \$12; 1 monkey wrench, \$1 50	13 50
Plumber and assistant, 1 day	4 00
3 gas fitters and 3 assistants, 1 day, \$12; 3 gas fitters and 3 assistants, 1 day, \$12	24 00
2 air cocks, \$1 50; 4 brass caps, at \$3 25, \$13; 53 pounds of rubber packing, at 65 cents, \$34 45	48 95
1 iron rod, 40 cents; 6 brass closet cups, at 50 cents, \$3	3 40
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, half of a day	4 00
1 stiff joint, 25 cents; ceiling plate, 25 cents; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4	4 50
Water-closets: 3 swivels and rods, at \$1 75, \$5 25; plumber and assistant, half of a day, \$2	7 25
Gas fitter and assistant, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ day	6 00
2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day	8 00
1 $\frac{1}{2}$ rough stop and waste, \$1 50; 2 pounds of solder, at 35 cents, 70 cents	2 20
Plumber and assistant, 1 day	4 00
Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day	4 00
Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4; 2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day, \$8	12 00
Gas fitter and assistant, half of a day	2 00
Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day	4 00
Plumber and assistant, half of a day	2 00
Pay-roll of hacks at the funeral of Hon. John Schwartz, of Pennsylvania, who died on the 20th of June, 1860:	
Hack No. 65	5 00
Hack No. 111	5 00
Hack No. 177	5 00
Hack No. 83	5 00
Hack No. 47	5 00
Hack No. 89	5 00
Hacks Nos. 2 and 3	10 00
Hack No. 17	5 00

212 92

Robert Megee
Thomas McKeever
Peter McKenny
John McDonnell
William Towers
Francis Bush
Thomas Craggans
Henry Kinsley

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
William I. Codrick.....	Pay-roll of hacks at the funeral of Hon. John Schwartz, of Pennsylvania, who died on the 20th of June, 1860—Continued.	\$5 00	
William Dalton.....	Hack No. 75.....	10 00	
Joseph Boyd.....	Hacks Nos. 52 and 76.....	5 00	
James Quin.....	Hack No. 70.....	5 00	
Cornelius Clark.....	Hack No. 185.....	10 00	
James H. Wright.....	Hacks Nos. 48 and 119.....	10 00	
John H. Sheets.....	Hacks Nos. 28 and 51.....	5 00	
M. Fitzgerald.....	Hack No. 82.....	5 00	
John McCaughlin.....	Hack No. 74.....	10 00	
James Bly.....	Hacks Nos. 130 and 193.....	5 00	
James Ready.....	Hack No. 182.....	5 00	
Dennis Gorman.....	Hack No. 114.....	5 00	
James Lynch.....	Hack No. 45.....	5 00	
William Bagnam.....	Hack No. 11.....	10 00	
Patrick Murray.....	Hacks Nos. 59 and 172.....	5 00	
George Boyd.....	Hack No. 157.....	10 00	
William Weeden.....	Hacks Nos. 133 and 171.....	5 00	
Richard Hill.....	Hack No. 54.....	5 00	
John Walen.....	Hack No. 140.....	5 00	
William Fisk.....	Hack No. 96.....	5 00	
Henry Mason.....	Hack No. 163.....	5 00	
James McGraw.....	Hack No. 93.....	5 00	
David Dillon.....	Hack No. 100.....	5 00	
James Mulquin.....	Hack No. 125.....	5 00	
Daniel McDonnell.....	Hack No. 149.....	5 00	
Phillip Reese.....	Hack No. 16.....	5 00	
Andrew Swartz.....	Hack No. 32.....	5 00	
Thomas Geary.....	Hack No. 41.....	10 00	
Thomas Irwin.....	Hacks Nos. 18 and 44.....	5 00	
William Brennan.....	Hack No. 132.....	5 00	
	Hack No. 56.....	5 00	

Stephen Owens	Hack No. 39	5 00
Charles Mullen	Hack No. 124	5 00
Bazil Mullen	Hacks Nos. 78 and 134	10 00
Cowling & Brother	Hacks Nos. 77, 102, and 121	15 00
John Bly	Hacks Nos. 138, 164, and 190	15 00
Peter Boyle	Hack No. 92	5 00
Thomas Smith	Hack No. 26	5 00
Henry Fisher	Hack No. 73	5 00
John T. Braxton	Hacks Nos. 22 and 63	10 00
Kelher & Pywell	Hacks Nos. 15 and 24	10 00
Henry Turner	Hacks Nos. 31 and 40	10 00
Dickerson Naylor	Hack No. 120	5 00
John O'Conner	Hack No. 107	5 00
William McBeth	Hack No. 46	5 00
		\$340 00
Pay-roll of officers, clerks, &c—		
For quarter ending September 30, 1860.		
John W. Forney	do	900 00
P. Barry Hayes	do	540 00
John M. Barclay	do	540 00
Daniel Buck	do	450 00
Thos. D. K. Harris	do	450 00
James C. Walker	do	450 00
Wm. K. Mehaffey	do	450 00
Richard U. Sherman	do	450 00
Phin. B. Tompkins	do	450 00
James B. Sheridan	do	450 00
George W. Pearce	do	450 00
John Bussing	do	450 00
Isaac Strohm	do	450 00
Rezin J. Bennett	do	450 00
Calvin C. Chaffee	do	450 00
John W. Jones	do	450 00
A. Jordan Swartz	do	441 60
Fred. Emmerich	do	300 00
Wein Forney	do	300 00
Thad. Morrice	do	300 00
G. A. Bassett	do	441 60
B. B. French	do	450 00
Henry W. Hoffman	do	450 00
	do	540 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Jas. W. Clayton, cl'k to Sergeant-at-arms.	Pay-roll of officers, clerks, &c.—Continued.	\$450 00	
Jas. P. Wright, mes'r to Sergeant-at-arms.	For quarter ending September 30, 1860	300 00	
Josiah M. Lucas.....postmaster.	do	540 00	
Edwin T. Bridges.....ass't postmaster.	do	435 00	
Thos. P. Lucas.....mess'r to postmaster.	do	360 00	
John L. Lake.....messenger.	do	360 00	
Jos. S. Read.....do	do	360 00	
Frederick A. Soule.....do	do	360 00	
George Marston.....doorkeeper.	do	540 00	
Jas. M. Lovering.....sup't folding-room.	do	450 00	
Andrew J. Larner.....sup't document room.	do	441 00	
Horatio G. Rust.....ass't sup't doc room.	do	441 00	
Nathan Darling.....mess'r in charge of hall.	do	435 00	
Ira Goodnow.....messenger.	do	375 00	
Wm. Coppernoll.....do	do	375 00	
H. S. M. Farnum.....do	do	375 00	
Chas. D. Casey.....do	do	375 00	
Frederick J. Seybolt.....do	do	300 00	
Roswell H. Stevens.....do	do	300 00	
Lafayette A. Lyon.....do	do	300 00	
J. D. B. Littell.....do	do	300 00	
William A. Moore.....do	do	300 00	
William G. Coffin.....do	do	300 00	
John P. Einsfield.....do	do	300 00	
M. Bailey.....	Services in House library and folding documents, for September, 1860		\$19,751 40
James B. Smith.....	896,000 speech envelopes, at \$3		45 00
Frank C. Harris.....	Folding documents, pay-roll—		2,688 00
Geo. W. Mockabee.....	From October 1 to 10, 1860	2 40	
O. W. Somerville.....	do	6 14	
		60	

H. L. Clark.....	do.....	7 23
O. Harleston.....	do.....	2 90
Rufus Choate.....	do.....	4 73
Albert Shaw.....	do.....	5 70
Wm. O. Fowler.....	do.....	4 72
Wm. F. Harrison.....	do.....	5 37
W. J. Champion.....	do.....	15 78
N. E. Russell.....	do.....	1 12
A. Y. Lakeman.....	do.....	6 75
John Bryan.....	do.....	5 98
Hanson E. Weaver.....	do.....	14 64
Joseph Baker.....	do.....	10 20
Byron Ballard.....	do.....	27 15
J. G. Weaver.....	do.....	27 23
Andrew Bain.....	do.....	16 72
Joseph Montgomery.....	do.....	22 19
Nicholas Brown.....	do.....	13 50
David Laing.....	do.....	13 76
Chas E. Luckett.....	do.....	20 28
George C. Harris.....	do.....	11 24
Wm. Swigert.....	do.....	3 22
Matthias Haggerty.....	do.....	6 07
S. W. Bassett.....	do.....	9 67
J. L. Bryan.....	do.....	4 87
Wm. H. Baum.....	do.....	1 92
S. M. Carpenter.....	do.....	8 07
Julius Visser.....	do.....	3 54
William Cook.....	do.....	9 62
John P. Chase.....	do.....	8 17
J. Lomax.....	do.....	12 20
H. J. Slye.....	do.....	4 27
H. McElwee.....	do.....	10 42
W. C. Harte.....	do.....	3 27
Charles Duboise.....	do.....	7 45
Joseph Simonds.....	do.....	6 67
Henry T. Hurst.....	do.....	8 17
Eugene Grove.....	do.....	5 47
Hannibal H. Steele.....	do.....	6 26
George Boyd.....	do.....	3 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
G. W. Hill	Folding documents, pay-roll—Continued.	\$3 97	\$396 90
James H. Hough	From October 1 to 10, 1860	5 90	
Charles Reese	do	4 35	
George Mulloy	do	3 97	
Jacob Harris	do	10 25	
J. T. Mackey	Folding documents, pay-roll—	8 50	449 08
John Bryan	From October 10 to 19, 1860	9 05	
B. Ballard	do	41 00	
J. G. Weaver	do	45 94	
Andrew Bain	do	41 70	
Jas. Montgomery	do	46 66	
Nicholas Brown	do	47 70	
David Laing	do	26 23	
George C. Harris	do	28 70	
James L. Bryan	do	33 20	
W. H. Baum	do	32 30	
S. M. Carpenter	do	26 78	
James Hough	do	27 80	
Robert Serro	do	33 44	
James B. Smith & Co.	Binding the following documents, 1st session 36th Congress : 28 copies House Journal, calf, at 61 cents, for Secretary of the Senate	17 08	
	42 copies House Journal, calf, at 61 cents, for House library	25 62	
	10 copies House Journal, calf, at 61 cents, for office House of Representatives	6 10	
	28 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, for Secretary of the Senate, at \$1 50	42 00	
	30 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, for House library, at \$1 50	45 00	
	10 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, for office House of Representatives, at \$1 50	15 00	

James B. Smith & Co.....	270 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, sheep, for Interior Department, at \$1 25.....	587 50	738 30
	Binding the following documents, 1st session 36th Congress:		
	4 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, sheep, for United States Mint, at \$1 25..	5 00	
	4 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, sheep, for Naval and Military Academies.	5 00	
	255 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, sheep, for members House of Representatives.....	318 75	
	255 copies House Journal, for members, at 50 cents.....	127 50	
	30 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, in sheep, for State Department, at \$1 25.	37 50	
	67 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, in sheep, for executive departments, at \$1 25	83 75	
	23 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, in sheep, for legations, at \$1 25.....	28 75	
	78 copies Report on Foreign Commerce, in sheep, for Secretary of Senate, at \$1 25.	97 50	
Alexander & Cooke	Binding 24,505 Report of Covode Investigating Committee, at 12 cents.....	2,940 60	703 75
	Binding 764 Agricultural Patent Report, 1859, at 12 cents.....	91 65	
James B. Smith & Co.....	Binding the following documents, 1st session 36th Congress:		3,032 28
	228 copies House Journal, in sheep, for governors of States, at 50 cents	114 00	
	78 copies House Journal, in sheep, for Senate, at 50 cents	39 00	
	10 copies House Journal, in sheep, for State Department, at 50 cents	5 00	
	10 copies Executive Documents, vol. 2, for State Department, at \$1 25	12 50	
	470 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 2, for Interior Department, at 50 cents.	235 00	
John Costin	Amount paid Express Company on proof sheets from Albany.....	75	405 50
	Amount paid Telegraph Company on despatches	2 61	
Elizabeth Costin.....	Washing, in September, 1860, 17½ dozen towels, at 50 cents	-----	3 36
Ariana Neal	Washing for the House of Representatives for mouths of August and September, 2 months	-----	8 75
Claggett & Dodson.....	301 yards carpeting, at \$1 87½.....	-----	30 00
J. Bien	Lithographing and printing maps for the Coast Survey Report for 1859, viz:	-----	564 38
	No. 13, printing 6,550 copies, at \$1 per 100	65 50	
	No. 16, printing 6,650 copies, at \$2 per 100	131 00	
	No. 35, printing 6,650 copies, at \$1 25 per 100	81 87	
A. S. Abell & Co	Baltimore Sun, 1st session 36th Congress:		278 37
	Hon. C. L. Scott, \$2 25; Hon. M. R. H. Garnett, \$4 00	6 25	

John N. Crockwell.....	do	45 83	701 62
George F. Smallwood.....	do	45 83	
Jeremiah Boyd	do	33 33	
Laborers, pay-roll—			
For October, 1860.....		62 00	
John Costin.....	do	46 50	
Levi Neal.....	do	46 50	
William H. Smith.....	do	46 50	
William Twine	do	46 50	
Rinaldo Griffin	do	26 00	
John Johnson	do	46 50	
David Fisher.....	do	46 50	
John Massey	do	46 50	
Edward M. Thomas.....	do	46 50	413 50
Temporary mail boys, pay-roll—			
For October, 1860.....		50 00	
William Tudge	do	50 00	100 00
Henry Schreiner.....	do		
Engineers, &c., pay-roll—			
For October, 1860		125 00	
Isaac Entwistle.....	do	100 00	
M. R. Shankland	do	100 00	
D. A. McElhone	do	62 00	
Joseph Mansfield.....	do	62 00	
Thomas Hunt	do	62 00	
Sylvester Adams.....	do	62 00	
William Sanderson.....	do	62 00	
William Mooney.....	do	62 00	635 00
Thomas W. Riley.....	do		259 50
Wharfage and hauling coal to Capitol, September 29 and October 29, 1860: 293 tons, at 50 cents, \$146 50; 226 tons, at 50 cents, \$113.....			
Binding 28,256 copies Agricultural Patent Office Report, 1859, at 12 cents.....		3,390 72	
Binding 11,881 copies Covode Investigating Committee Report, at 12 cents		1,425 72	
Binding 2,401 copies Mechanical Patent Office Report, 1859, Part 2, at 12 cents...		288 12	5,104 56
Binding the following documents, 1st session 36th Congress:			
470 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, for Interior Department, in sheep, at 50 cents.....		235 00	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
James B. Smith & Co.—Continued.....	470 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 3, for Interior Department, in sheep, at 50 cents	\$235 00	
	255 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 2 and 3, for members of the House of Representatives, 510 volumes, at 50 cents.....	255 00	
	255 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, for members of the House of Representatives, at 50 cents.....	127 50	
	67 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, for executive departments, in sheep, at 50 cents.....	33 50	
	67 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 2, for executive departments, in sheep, at 50 cents.....	33 50	
	23 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 2, for legations, in sheep, at 50 cents..	11 50	
	23 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, for legations, in sheep, at 50 cents.....	11 50	
	78 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, for senators, in sheep, at 50 cents.....	39 00	
	78 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 2, for senators, in sheep, at 50 cents....	39 00	
	2 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 1 and 2, for Court of Claims, in sheep, at 50 cents.....	2 00	
	2 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, for Court of Claims, in sheep, at 50 cents..	1 00	
	2 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, for Naval and Military Academies, in sheep, at 50 cents	1 00	
	2 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 1 and 2, for Naval and Military Academies, in sheep, at 50 cents.....	2 00	
	2 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 1 and 2, in sheep, for congressional library, at 50 cents	2 00	
	2 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, in sheep, for congressional library, at 50 cents.....	1 00	
	4 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, in sheep, for U. S. mint, at 50 cents....	2 00	
	4 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 1 and 2, in sheep, for U. S. mint, at 50 cts.	4 00	
	30 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, in calf, for House library, at 61 cents...	18 30	
	30 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 1 and 2, in calf, for House library, at 61 cents.....	36 60	
	10 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 1 and 2, in calf, for offices of House of Representatives, at 61 cents.....	12 20	

Sarony, Major & Knapp.....	10 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, in calf, for offices of House of Representatives, at 61 cents.....	6 10	\$1, 371 44
	28 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, in calf, for Senate, at 61 cents.....	17 08	
	28 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols 1 and 2, in calf, for Senate, at 61 cts...	34 16	
	255 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 5, in sheep, for members, at 50 cents.	127 50	
	67 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 3, in sheep, for Executive Department, at 50 cents.....	33 50	
	23 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 3, in sheep, for legations, at 50 cents....	11 50	
	78 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 3, in sheep, for senators, at 50 cents....	39 00	
	Lithographing and printing in colors 11,550 copies each of 18 lithographic views for Governor Stevens's Report of Pacific Railroad Explorations and Surveys, 207,900 plates, at \$2 60 per 100.....	-----	5, 405 40
E. A. Mansin.....	"National Democrat" for Hon. William Allen.....	2 50	
	"National Democrat" for Hon. C. L. Vallandigham.....	2 75	
F. Emmerich.....	Use of horses and carryalls for the months of September and October, 1860, 61 days, at \$2 each per day.....	-----	5 25
W. T. Dove.....	Gas fitting materials, &c.:.....	-----	244 00
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4; plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4.....	8 00	
	Repairing waste cock, 75 cts; 9 ⁸ / ₁₂ feet gas pipe, at 20 cents, \$1 94; 4 fittings, at 20 cents, 80 cents.....	3 49	
	Plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4.....	8 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant, ¹ / ₂ day.....	2 00	
	2 pillar lights, \$2 50, \$5; 1 2-inch light bracket, \$15; 3 1-inch light brackets, at \$4 50, \$13 50.....	33 50	
	6 bushings, at 25 cents, \$1 50; 4 nipples, at 25 cents, \$1.....	2 50	
	Plumber and assistant, 1 day, \$4; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4.....	8 00	
	Plumber and assistant, 2 days, at \$4.....	8 00	
	Plumber and assistant, ¹ / ₂ day.....	2 00	
	1 ³ / ₄ angle valve.....	3 50	
	3 gallons alcohol, at 80 cents.....	2 40	
	5 feet 4-inch iron pipe, at 38 cents, \$1 90; plumber and assistant, 1 ¹ / ₂ day, \$6....	7 90	
	Cutting screws.....	50	
	Plumber and assistant, 1 day.....	4 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant, ³ / ₄ day.....	3 00	
	23 feet gas pipe, at 20 cts., \$4 60; 6 fittings, at 20 cts., \$1 20; S. S. bracket, \$1.	6 80	
	1 D. S. bracket, \$1 50; 18 hooks, at 3 cents, 54 cents; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, at \$4.....	6 04	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
W. T. Dove—Continued.....	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day.....	\$4 00	
	Do.....do.....	4 00	
	Plumber and assistant, $\frac{1}{2}$ day.....	2 00	
	2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00	
	Do.....do.....	8 00	
	3 globe lanterns, at \$2 50.....	7 50	
	30 $\frac{5}{12}$ feet gas pipe, at 20 cents, \$6 08; 12 fittings, at 20 cents, \$2 40; 48 hooks, at 3 cents, \$1 44.....	9 92	
	2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00	
	Do.....do.....	8 00	
	Do.....do.....	8 00	
	2 buh sings, 50 cents; 1 plug, 25 cents; 2 boxes tapers, 75 cents, \$1 50.....	2 25	
	2 taper-holders, at 20 cents, 40 cents; 1 gallon alcohol, 80 cents.....	1 20	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day.....	4 00	
	2 gas fitters and 2 assistants, 1 day.....	8 00	
	Do.....do.....	8 00	
	Do.....do.....	8 00	
	26 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet gas pipe, at 20 cents, \$5 30; 3 four-light chandeliers, at \$9 50, \$28 50.....	33 80	\$242 30
L. J. Middleton.....	45 bushels of ice, furnished from June 25 to 30, at 50 cents per bushel.....	22 50	
	5 bushels of ice daily, from July 21 to October 31, 123 days, less 18 Sundays, 105 days, 525 bushels, at 50 cents.....	262 50	
George N. Beale.....	Services in the stationery room and folding documents for October.....	285 00	
Milton Dow.....	Services in the folding-room of House of Representatives from Oct. 1 to 10, 1860.....	100 00	
George S. Gideon.....	86,000 envelopes for folding-room at \$3.....	6 67	
E. H. Brink.....	Services in folding-room of House of Representatives for October, 1860.....	258 00	
Marcellus Bailey.....	Services in House library and folding documents, House of Reps., October, 1860.....	60 00	
Taylor & Maury.....	500,000 envelopes for folding-room.....	56 50	
Alexander & Cooke.....	Binding 22,600 Patent Office Reports, (Agricultural,) 1859.....	1,600 00	
	Binding 2,000 copies Smithsonian Report, 1859.....	2,714 40	
		240 00	2,954 40

James B. Smith

Binding the following documents, 1st session 36th Congress, in sheep :	
470 copies Mis. Doc., vols. 1, 4, 5, 6, and 7, Interior Department, 2,350 vols., at 50 cents.....	
470 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 1, Interior Department	
255 copies Mis. Doc., vols. 1, 4, 6, and 7, at 50 cents, House of Reps., 1,020 vols.	
67.....do.....1, 4, and 5, executive departments, 201 vols.....	
23.....do.....1, 4, and 5, foreign legations, 69 vols.....	
78.....do.....1, 4, and 5, senators.....	
40.....do.....2 and 3, State Department, 80 vols.....	
30.....do.....vol. 4, State Department, 30 vols.....	
40 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 5, State Department, 40 vols.....	
4 copies Mis. Doc., vols. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, United States mint, 20 vols.....	
2.....do.....3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, Naval and Military Academies	
2.....do.....3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, Court of Claims, 10 vols.....	
2.....do.....3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, congressional library.....	
30 copies Mis. Doc., vols. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, at 61 cts., House library, in calf.....	
10.....do.....3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, at 61 cts., office Ho. of Reps., in calf..	
28.....do.....3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, at 61 cts., Senate, in calf, 140 vols..	

J. & R. Kingsland.....

The following map papers for documents of the House of Representatives, 1st session 36th Congress, viz:	
11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ream 18 by 52 inches for 1,550 copies of map H. R. Ex. Doc. No. 42, 70 pounds, at 17 56 cents per pound.....	
3 $\frac{7}{10}$ reams 21 by 23 inches, 70 pounds; 3 $\frac{7}{10}$ reams 22 by 24 inches, 77 pounds; 3 $\frac{7}{10}$ reams, 28 by 37 inches, 153 pounds: total, 300 pounds, for 1,550 copies of 3 maps for H. R. Report No. 568, at 17.56 cents per pound.....	
26 $\frac{1}{2}$ reams 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ by 21 inches, for 25,000 copies of map for H. R. Report No. 428, 401 pounds, at 17.56 cents per pound.....	
74 $\frac{8}{10}$ reams 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ by 26 inches, 2,009 pounds; 49 $\frac{1}{2}$ reams 24 by 25 inches, 1,290 pounds; 24 $\frac{1}{2}$ reams 16 by 30 inches, 520: total, 3,819 pounds, for 11,550 copies of 3 maps for Governor Stevens's Report, at 17.56 cents per pound.....	
15,370 pounds for 6,550 copies of 40 maps for Coast Survey Report, 1859, at 17.56 cents per pound.....	

Julius Bien.....

Lithographing and printing maps for the Coast Survey Report for 1859, viz:	
Plate No. 5, printing 6,550 copies, at \$0 75 per 100.....	
Plate No. 25.....do.....1 50.....do.....	
Plate No. 27.....do.....1 75.....do.....	
Plate No. 32.....do.....50.....do.....	

1,175 00	
235 00	
510 00	
100 50	
34 50	
117 00	
40 00	
15 00	
20 00	
10 00	
5 00	
5 00	
5 00	
91 50	
30 50	
85 40	
2,479 40	
12 29	
52 68	
70 42	
670 62	
2,698 97	
3,504 98	
49 12 $\frac{1}{2}$	
98 25	
114 62 $\frac{1}{2}$	
32 75	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Julius Bien—Continued.....	Plate No. 33, printing 6,550 copies, at 50 cents per 100.....	\$32 75	\$425 75
	Plate No. 37.....do.....50.....do.....	32 75	
	Plate No. 39.....do.....50.....do.....	32 75	
	Plate No. 40.....do.....50.....do.....	32 75	
John C. Rives.....	100 copies of the Congressional Globe and Appendix, 1st session 36th Congress, in sheets, each copy containing 4,176 quarto pages, at \$8 35 per copy.....	835 20	1,215 20
	Binding the same, 4 vols. to each copy, in sheep, loose backs and raised bands, at 95 cents per vol.....	380 00	
John C. Rives.....	48 copies Congressional Globe and Appendix, 1st session 35th Congress, at \$6....	288 00	622 08
	Add, for excess over 3,000 pages, 880 pages in each copy, at \$1 76.....	84 48	
	Binding the above, 4 vols. to each copy, 192 vols., at 63 cents, for two representatives from Minnesota.....	120 96	
	24 copies Congressional Globe and Appendix, 2d session 35th Congress, at \$3....	72 00	
	Add, for excess over 1,500 pages, 656 pages in each copy, at \$1 31.....	31 44	
	Binding 20 copies of the above, 2 vols. to each copy, 40 vols., at 63 cents.....	25 20	
John C. Rives.....	13 copies Daily Globe to library and offices of House of Representatives, 1st session 35th Congress.....	65 00	99 00
	1 Globe and Appendix, Hon. G. Adams.....	6 00	
	1 Globe, Hon. A. J. Hamilton.....	6 00	
	1 Daily Globe, Hon. Green Adams.....	5 00	
	2 copies Globe and Appendix, hall library.....	12 00	
	1 Daily Globe, Hon. A. Rust.....	1 00	
Amanda Griffin.....	Washing 16½ dozen towels, for House and offices, October, 1860.....	-----	8 25
G. W. Alexander.....	Binding Congressional Globe and Appendix, 1st session 36th Congress:	-----	2,289 60
	1,416 vols. Part 2, at 60 cents.....	849 60	
	1,168 vols. Part 3.....do.....	700 80	
	1,232 vols. Part 4.....do.....	739 20	

Alexander & Cooke.....	Binding Mechanical part of the Patent Office Report, 1859, &c., viz:		
	2,500 vols. Part 1, at 12 cents.....	300 00	
	400 vols. Part 2.....do.....	48 00	
	10,844 vols. Covode investigating committee report, at 12 cents.....	1,301 28	
	2,879 vols. Agricultural part of the Patent Office Report, 1859, at 12 cents.....	345 48	
	2,320 vols. Smithsonian Report, 1859, at 12 cents.....	278 40	
			2,273 16
James B. Smith & Co.....	Binding the following documents in sheep, 1st session 36th Congress, viz:		
	470 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 3, at 50 cents, for the Interior Department.....	235 00	
	255 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 1, at 50 cents, for the House of Representatives.....	127 50	
	67 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 1, at 50 cents, for executive departments.....	33 50	
	23 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 7, at 50 cents, for foreign legations.....	11 50	
	67 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 6 and 7, at 50 cents, for executive departments, 134 volumes.....	67 00	
	23 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 6 and 7, at 50 cents, for foreign legations, 46 volumes.....	23 00	
	78 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 6 and 7, at 50 cents, for senators, 156 volumes.....	78 00	
	78 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 1, at 50 cents, for senators.....	39 00	
	2 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 1, at 50 cents, for Court of Claims.....	1 00	
	2 copies House Journal, (in calf,) at 61 cents, for office of the House of Representatives.....	1 22	
			616 72
G. E. Kirk.....	Painting engine boiler fronts, &c., November 13, 1860.....		120 00
Thomas W. Reiley.....	Cartage, wharfage, and labor on 200 tons of coal, at 50 cents.....		100 00
George Peacock.....	20½ days' work stowing coal.....		30 75
Patrick Hassett.....	14½ days' work stowing coal.....		22 12
James Cunningham.....	13½ days' work stowing coal.....		19 87
Dennis Guill.....	11½ days' work stowing coal.....		17 62
Robert Jammison.....	11 days' work stowing coal.....		16 50
John O. Day.....	9½ days' work stowing coal.....		14 25
George H. Burns.....	Repairing carriage.....		17 82
George Marston.....	Use of horse and wagon, from the 26th of June to the 31st of July, 1860, 36 days, at \$2 per day.....		72 00
	Furniture and repairs, &c.....		
W. T. Dove.....	Gas fitter and assistant, 9 days, at \$4.....	36 00	
	100½ feet gas pipe.....	20 07	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
W. T. Dove.....	Furniture and repairs, &c.—Continued.		
	1 1-light pendant, \$1 25; 8 bushings, 50 cents; gas fitter and assistant, 2 days, \$8.	\$9 75	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 2 days.....	8 00	
	Plumber and assistant, 2 days, \$8; stone cutter, 1 day, \$3; laborer, 1 day, \$1 25.	12 25	
	Gas fitter, 1 day, \$3; assistant, 1 day, \$1.....	4 00	
	165 pounds sheet lead, \$16 50; 27 pounds solder, at 35 cents, \$9 45.....	25 95	
	4 pounds block tin, \$1 52; plumber and assistant, 2 days, \$8.....	9 52	
	Plumber and assistant, 2 days.....	8 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day.....	4 00	
	13 pieces fittings, at 25 cents.....	3 25	
	1 8-light chandelier, \$90; 9 feet casing pipe, \$5 40.....	95 40	
	2 ornaments, \$1 50; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4.....	5 50	
	Plumber and assistant, 2 days.....	8 00	
	3 1-light pendants, \$3 75; 6 bushings, \$1 50.....	5 25	
	12½ feet gas pipe.....	2 50	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day.....	4 00	
	8 globes.....	10 00	
	104 pounds lead, \$10 40; plumber and assistant, 2 days, \$8.....	18 40	
	33 pounds lead pipe, \$3 30; plumber and assistant, 2 days, \$8.....	11 30	
	Bricklayer, 1 day, \$2 50; laborer, 1 day, \$1 25.....	3 75	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day.....	4 00	
	Screw for register.....	25	
	13 large lamp glasses, \$9 75; 13 small ditto, \$1 56.....	11 31	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 2 days.....	8 00	
	110 pounds lead pipe, \$11; 6 Bartholomew cocks, \$18.....	29 00	
	Plumber and assistant, 3 days, \$12; stone cutter and laborer, ½ day, \$2 13.....	14 13	
	171 pounds sheet lead, \$17 10; 35 pounds solder, \$12 25; 10 pounds block tin, \$3 80.....	33 15	
	6 bars iron, \$3; plumber and assistant, 3 days, \$12.....	15 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1½ day, \$6; stone cutter, 1 day, \$3.....	9 00	
	Laborer, 1 day.....	1 25	
		\$429 98	

Julius Bien	Lithographing and printing, for Coast Survey Report, 1859—		
	Map No. 7, printing 6,550 copies, at 75 cents per 100	49 12½	167 02
	Map No. 19, printing 6,550 copies, at \$1 80 per 100	117 90	100 00
			12 43
Jacob A. Shindell	Services folding documents, September, 1860		1 12
O. A. Coburn	Services folding documents		122 00
Do	Services folding documents, June, 1860		
Geo. Marston	Use of horse and wagon for September and October, 1860, 61 days		
J. B. Smith & Co	Binding the following documents, 1st session 36th Congress, in sheep, viz:		
	470 copies of Reports of Committees, vol. 2, at 50 cents, for Interior Department	235 00	
	255 copies of Reports of Committees, vol. 3, for House of Representatives	127 50	
	67 copies of Reports of Committees, vol. 3, for executive departments	33 50	
	23 copies of Reports of Committees, vol. 3, for foreign legations	11 50	
	78 copies of Reports of Committees, vol. 3, for senators	39 00	
	40 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 1 and 3, State Department, 80 vols	40 00	
	40 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vols. 5, 6, and 7, for State Department	60 00	
	30 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 1, for State Department	15 00	
	30 copies Reports of Committees, vol. 2, for State Department	15 00	
	10 copies Miscellaneous Documents, vol. 1, for State Department	5 00	
			581 50
	Map clerks, pay-roll—		
	For October, 1860	180 00	
A. R. Parker	do	150 00	
Geo. Chipman	do	150 00	
Rufus Prentice	do	150 00	
James Peacock	do	150 00	
			630 00
	Repairing carriage and cartage		5 00
	Services in the office House of Representatives, November, 1860		150 00
	Binding 25,955 volumes Agricultural Report of Patent Office for 1859, at 12 cts		3,114 60
	Engineers, pay-roll—		
	For November, 1860	125 00	
	do	100 00	
	do	100 00	
	do	60 00	
	do	60 00	
	do	60 00	
	do	60 00	
	do	60 00	
	do	60 00	
	do	60 00	
			625 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
Geo. H. Chapman.....	Temporary clerks, pay-roll—		
J. R. Briggs, jr.....	For November, 1860.....	\$150 00	
Wm. Averill.....	do.....	150 00	
	do.....	150 00	\$450 00
Wm. Hartough.....	Services as messenger in the south wing, November, 1860.....	-----	125 00
	Laborers, pay roll—		
John Costin.....	For November, 1860.....	60 00	
Levi Neal.....	do.....	45 00	
Wm. H. Smith.....	do.....	45 00	
Wm. Twine.....	do.....	45 00	
Rinaldo Griffin.....	do.....	26 00	
John Johnson.....	do.....	45 00	
David Fisher.....	do.....	45 00	
John Massey.....	do.....	45 00	
Ed. M. Thomas.....	do.....	45 00	401 00
	Mail boys, pay-roll—		
Samuel Lee.....	For November, 1860.....	75 00	
A. G. Myers.....	do.....	75 00	150 00
	Temporary mail boys, pay-roll—		
Wm. Tudge.....	For November, 1860.....	50 00	
Henry Schreiner.....	do.....	50 00	
L. P. Hoover.....	706 tons best quality furnace coal, at \$5 75 per ton.....	-----	100 00
	Capitol police, pay-roll—		
C. W. C. Dunnington.....	For November, 1860.....	72 50	4,059 50
A. R. Arnold.....	do.....	45 83	
S. J. Johnson.....	do.....	45 83	
Jas. T. Ball.....	do.....	45 83	
Wm. H. Thompson.....	do.....	45 83	

Thos. C. Wells.....	do.....	45 83
Rich'd D. Slater.....	do.....	45 83
Francis Reilly.....	do.....	45 83
Frederick Fritz.....	do.....	45 83
John P. Hamlin.....	do.....	45 83
Jas. S. Magee.....	do.....	45 83
Michael French.....	do.....	45 83
John N. Crockwell.....	do.....	45 83
Thomas Proby.....	do.....	26 90
Jeremiah Boyd.....	do.....	33 33
		682 69
John O'Neill.....	96 yards of tapestry carpet.....	144 75
	84 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards of tapestry carpet.....	127 12
	Making the same.....	22 66
	2 velvet rugs.....	18 00
	6 cocoa mats.....	15 00
	Baling.....	2 00
	5 sheepskin mats.....	17 50
	Expenses of taking measures, putting down, and freight on ditto.....	25 00
		372 03
Map clerks, pay-roll—		
A. R. Parker.....	For November, 1860.....	180 00
George Chapman.....	do.....	150 00
Rufus Prentice.....	do.....	150 00
James Peacock.....	do.....	150 00
		630 00
Sarony, Major & Knapp.....	Lithographing and printing, in colors, 11,550 copies, each, of twenty-one (21) lithographic views for Stevens's Report of the Pacific Railroad Surveys, 242,550 plates, at \$2 60 per 100.....	6,306 30
W. T. Evans.....	Services, folding documents in the Office of the House of Representatives of the United States, for June, 1860.....	45 00
W. T. Evans.....	Services in the House library and folding documents in the Office of the House of Representatives for the months of September, October, and November, 91 days, at \$1 50.....	136 50
George N. Beale.....	Services in the stationery room and folding documents for November, 1860.....	100 00
James B. Smith.....	Stationery, as follows, viz: 10 reams of foolscap paper..... 1 pound of fine sponge..... 57 gross of envelopes, engraved letter.....	37 50 3 50 57 00

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
James B. Smith	Stationery, as follows, viz—Continued.		
	1 7-quire crown blank book and index	\$5 75	
	1 6-quire medium quarto book	3 50	
	232 quarter-ream packages of engraved letter paper	522 00	
	72 quarter-ream packages of engraved packet note paper	80 20	
	25 reams of white note paper, gilt edge	62 50	
	25 reams of white laid letter paper, gilt edge	112 50	
	50 gross of steel pens	42 50	
	30 gross of Perry's large barrel pens	135 00	
	16 gross of Kelly's large barrel pens	72 00	
	12 dozen diaries, assorted	82 50	
	3,000 fancy envelopes, No. 8085	10 50	
			\$1,226 95
James B. Smith & Co.	Binding, in sheep, the following documents, 1st session 36th Congress:		
	470 copies of Executive Documents, vol. 15, for Interior Department	235 00	
	255 copies of Executive Documents, vol. 15, for House of Representatives	127 50	
	255 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 2 and 4, for House of Representatives	255 00	
	67 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 2 and 4, for executive departments	67 00	
	67 copies of Executive Documents, vol. 15, for executive departments	33 50	
	23 copies of Executive Documents, vol. 15, for foreign legations	11 50	
	23 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 2 and 4, for foreign legations	23 00	
	78 copies of Reports of Committees, vol. 2, for senators	39 00	
	78 copies of Executive Documents, vol. 15, for senators	39 00	
	4 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 1, 2, 3, and 4, for United States mint	8 00	
	2 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 1, 2, 3, and 4, for Congressional library	4 00	
	2 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 1, 2, 3, and 4, for Naval and Military Academies	4 00	
	2 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 1, 2, 3, and 4, for Court of Claims	4 00	
	Binding, in calf:		
	30 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 1, 2, 3, and 4, for House library	73 20	
	10 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 1, 2, 3, and 4, for Office of the House of Representatives	24 40	

1,017 13

Samuel Sinclair.....	68 32
28 copies of Reports of Committees, vols. 1, 2, 3, and 4, for Senate.....	61
1 copy of the House Journal for Office of the House of Representatives	
New York Tribune, for the following named members, 1st session 36th Congress :	
Hon. George Briggs, \$2; Hon. E. Wade, \$6.....	8 00
Hon. A. G. Porter, \$3; Hon. James Wilson, \$6.....	9 00
Hon. S. Colfax, \$3; Hon. J. Hutchins, \$6.....	9 00
Hon. R. H. Duell, \$3; Hon. D. E. Somes, \$3 38.....	6 38
Hon. J. Edgerton, \$3; Hon. W. S. Kenyon, \$3.....	6 00
Hon. A. Burlingame, \$3 25; Hon. C. Case, \$6.....	9 25
Hon. H. Waldron, \$6; Hon. H. L. Dawes, \$3 25.....	9 25
Hon. O. S. Ferry, \$6; Hon. J. Humphrey, \$3 25.....	9 25
Hon. J. A. Gurley, \$6; Hon. M. L. Lee, \$3.....	9 00
Hon. R. E. Fenton, \$3; Hon. W. Howard, \$3.....	6 00
Hon. W. H. Hooper, \$3 25; Hon. W. Helmick, \$3.....	6 25
Hon. G. Marston, \$3; Hon. R. McKnight, \$3.....	6 00
Hon. J. R. Barrett, \$3 25; Hon. J. T. Hall, \$3.....	6 25
Hon. E. Estabrook, \$2 67; Hon. C. L. Scott, \$2.....	4 67
Hon. W. M. Dunn, \$3 25; Hon. L. Stout, \$3 25.....	6 50
Hon. M. W. Tappan, \$6; Hon. T. M. Edwards, \$3.....	9 00
Hon. C. F. Adams, \$3 10; Hon. W. C. Anderson, \$3.....	6 10
Hon. J. A. Logan, \$3; Hon. G. B. Adrian, \$3.....	6 00
Hon. M. L. Bonham, \$3 25; Hon. J. F. Farnsworth, \$3.....	6 00
Hon. G. H. Pendleton, \$9 40; Hon. C. Robinson, \$3.....	12 40
Hon. M. R. H. Garnett, \$2; Hon. C. B. Tompkins, \$3.....	5 00
Hon. T. Stevens, \$3; Hon. J. M. Ashley, \$3.....	6 00
Hon. C. D. Martin, \$3; Hon. J. B. Alley, \$6.....	9 00
Hon. W. A. Howard, \$6; Hon. J. A. Bingham, \$6.....	12 00
Hon. C. H. Larrabee, \$6; Hon. C. L. Vallandigham, \$3.....	9 00
Hon. W. E. Niblack, \$3; Hon. J. H. Thomas, \$1 50.....	4 50
Hon. J. J. Perry, \$1 50; Hon. William Allen, \$1 50.....	3 00
Hon. S. C. Foster, \$1 50; Hon. J. S. Phelps, \$1 50.....	3 00
Hon. T. S. Boccock, \$3; Hon. Miles Taylor, \$2.....	5 00
Hon. S. Moore, \$1; Hon. L. O'B. Branch, \$2.....	3 00
Newspapers.....	210 05
Newspapers.....	50 00
Newspapers.....	50 00
Newspapers, 36th Congress.....	51 00
Newspapers.....	50 00
J. H. Graham.....	
William Stewart.....	
John Hutchins.....	
S. S. Cox.....	

A—Continued.

To whom paid.	For what object.	Amount.	Total.
G. A. Grow.....	Newspapers.....	.....	\$50 00
W. C. Anderson.....	Newspapers.....	.....	50 00
Laban T. Moore.....	Newspapers.....	.....	50 00
M. W. Tappan.....	Newspapers.....	.....	50 00
E. B. Washburne.....	Newspapers.....	.....	50 00
Owen Lovejoy.....	Newspapers.....	.....	50 00
William Allen.....	Newspapers.....	.....	50 00
T. J. Barr.....	Newspapers.....	.....	50 00
C. D. Martin.....	Newspapers.....	.....	46 00
George Briggs.....	Newspapers.....	.....	44 75
J. H. Graham.....	Newspapers.....	.....	25 00
J. S. Millson.....	Stationery.....	\$14 00	
	Newspapers, 1st session 36th Congress.....	5 00	
	Newspapers, 1st and 2d sessions 36th Congress.....		
R. M. & J. M. Smith.....	Alexandria Sentinel for Hon. R. A. Pryor.....	.....	19 00
Amanda Griffin.....	Washing 26½ dozen towels.....	.....	3 00
Chas. Dean.....	2 sets signal halyards, 25½ pounds, at 50 cents.....	.....	13 25
John Gordon.....	Hack for committee to wait on the President.....	.....	12 75
Jas. Whalan.....	11 days' work stowing coal, at \$1 50.....	.....	2 00
W. T. Dove.....	24½ feet gas pipe, \$4 88; 5 fittings, \$1.....	.....	16 50
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day.....	5 85	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 2 days.....	4 00	
	12 papers lampblack.....	8 00	
	Plumber and assistant, 2 days.....	1 80	
	Stone-cutter and laborer, 1 day.....	8 00	
	1 fitting, 25 cents; 6 hooks, 18 cents; gas fitter and assistant, 2 days, \$8.....	4 25	
	3 bushing, 75 cents; gas fitter and assistant, 2 days, \$8.....	8 43	
	Plumber and assistant, 2 days.....	8 75	
	Stone-cutter and laborer, 1 day.....	8 00	
	30 feet gas pipe, \$6; 14 fittings, \$2 80; 36 gas hooks, \$1 08.....	4 25	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 2 days.....	9 88	
	Plumber and assistant, 2½ days.....	8 00	
		10 00	

Geo. F. Smallwood	Stone-cutter and laborer, 1 day	4 25	
Wm. Millward	Bedfordshire urinal	8 00	
W. H. N. Smith	Plumber and assistant, 2½ days	10 00	
James B. Lord, jr	Stone-cutter and laborer, 1 day	4 25	
	1 chandelier, \$13; 4½ feet extension pipe, 83 cents	13 83	
	4½ feet casing, \$2 50; gas fitter and assistant, 2 days, \$8	10 50	
	30 pound sheet-lead, \$3; plumber and assistant, 2 days, \$8	11 00	
	Stone-cutter and laborer, 1 day	4 25	
	8 dozen patent burners, \$48; gas fitter and assistant, 1 day, \$4	52 00	
	30 pounds sheet-lead, \$3; sheep skin, 25 cents; 5 pounds putty, 31 cents	3 56	
	3 pounds red lead, 45 cents; 2 bars iron, \$1	1 45	
	Plumber and assistant, 2 days	8 00	
	Stone-cutter and laborer, 1 day	4 25	
	8 dozen patent burners, \$48; 1 new style bracket, \$1 50	49 50	
	Gas fitter and assistant, 1 day	4 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant, ½ day	2 00	
	8 dozen patent burners	48 00	
	Gas fitter and assistant 1 day	4 00	
	1 ½-inch L	20	
	Plumber and assistant, 2 days	8 00	
	Stone-cutter and laborer, 1 day	4 25	
	Plumber and assistant, 1 day	4 00	
	1 Bedfordshire urinal	8 00	
	Plumber and assistant, 2 days	8 00	
	Services as capitol police, from November 1 to November 10, 1860	364 53	
Newspapers		15 45	
.....do		50 00	
4 dozen hair brushes		50 00	
4 dozen ..do		42 00	
4 dozen ..do		36 00	
¾ dozen ..do		32 00	
2 dozen ..do		12 00	
1½ dozen ..do		32 00	
3 dozen hair brushes, Buffalo, assorted		24 00	
1½ dozen hair brushes		54 00	
2 dozen Q. R. dressing combs		15 75	
2 dozen ..do		20 00	
4 dozen ..do		24 00	
		30 00	

P. B. Fouke	2 gross bar soap.....	30 00	
Gales & Seaton	12 dozen tumblers.....	36 00	
I. Washburn, jr.....	6 dozen diamond goblets	36 00	
	Newspapers.....		\$1,571 26
	8 copies National Intelligencer, from January 1, 1860, to January 1, 1861.....		50 00
	Newspapers		80 00
	Stationery.....	27 50	
		17 97	
	Newspapers		45 47
Green Adams	Newspapers		50 00
D. C. Leach	Newspapers		48 00
W. E. Niblack	Newspapers		35 50
Samuel A. Parris.....	Services in folding-room, from 3d to 31st December, 1860.....		87 00

B.

Stationery furnished the Postmaster of the House of Representatives, 1st session 36th Congress.

Articles.	Price.	Amount.
68 $\frac{6}{10}$ thousand envelopes.....per M....	\$2 75	\$188 65
18.....do.....do.....	6 95	125 10
10.....do.....do.....	4 75	47 50
6 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	2 70	17 50
21 $\frac{1}{10}$.....do.....do.....	3 25	68 57
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	4 50	6 75
2 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	5 50	13 75
1.....do.....do.....	6 50	6 50
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	9 00	13 50
100 envelopes.....per 100....	3 00	3 00
51 gross stamped envelopes.....per gross....	1 00	51 00
17.....do.....do.....	2 00	34 00
3 reams legal cap paper.....per ream....	4 25	12 75
1 ream foolscap paper.....do.....	4 00	4 00
9.....do.....do.....	3 75	33 75
5.....do.....do.....	3 50	17 50
18.....do.....do.....	3 90	70 20
$\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	4 25	2 12
5.....do.....do.....	5 00	25 00
11.....do.....do.....	4 50	49 50
87 reams note paper.....do.....	2 50	217 50
2.....do.....do.....	2 25	4 50
23 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	2 75	64 62
15.....do.....do.....	2 00	30 00
8 reams stamped note paper.....do.....	6 00	48 00
3 reams stamped letter paper.....do.....	8 50	25 50
3 $\frac{1}{2}$ reams letter paper.....do.....	3 00	10 50
45.....do.....do.....	3 75	168 75
35.....do.....do.....	3 25	113 75
8.....do.....do.....	2 50	20 00
15 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	3 50	54 25
8.....do.....do.....	4 50	36 00
8 reams stamped letter paper.....do.....	9 00	72 00
1 dozen inkstands.....per dozen....	11 00	11 00
$\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	13 00	6 50
2.....do.....do.....	9 00	18 00
1.....do.....do.....	7 50	7 50
1.....do.....do.....	15 00	15 00
1 $\frac{1}{12}$.....do.....do.....	6 00	11 50
1.....do.....do.....	18 00	18 00
$\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	12 00	6 00
2 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....each.....	59	17 70
$\frac{2}{3}$.....do.....do.....	1 09	8 72
6 dozen boxes pens.....per box....	33 $\frac{1}{3}$	24 00
$\frac{5}{12}$.....do.....do.....	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 12
5 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	38	25 08
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	50	9 00
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	45	8 10
$\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	1 25	7 50
$\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	1 36	8 16
3 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	75	31 50
1.....do.....do.....	1 00	12 00
1.....do.....do.....	1 38	16 56
1.....do.....do.....	35	4 20
6.....do.....do.....	34	24 48

B—Continued.

Articles.	Price.	Amount.
2 dozen boxes pens.....per box....	\$0 85	\$20 40
1½ dozen cards pens.....per card....	25	4 50
1 dozen boxes quill pens.....per box....	45	5 40
1 dozen boxes pens.....per dozen....	3 56	3 56
10 dozen knives.....do.....	19 00	190 00
1.....do.....do.....	12 50	12 50
8½.....do.....do.....	18 00	153 00
1½.....do.....do.....	9 00	13 50
1.....do.....do.....	12 00	12 00
2.....do.....do.....	24 00	48 00
2½.....do.....do.....	30 00	67 50
7.....do.....each.....	2 25	15 75
5 dozen mucilage.....per dozen....	2 00	10 00
3½.....do.....do.....	4 00	14 00
2.....do.....do.....	2 50	5 00
3.....do.....do.....	9 00	6 00
17 pounds sealingwax.....per pound....	1 50	25 50
3.....do.....do.....	85	2 55
1 dozen paper-folders.....per dozen....	4 50	4 50
1.....do.....do.....	8 60	8 60
1¼ gross pencils.....per gross....	6 00	7 50
¼.....do.....do.....	9 00	2 25
1 dozen gutta percha pencils.....per dozen....	12 00	12 00
1.....do.....do.....	7 50	7 50
¼ dozen pairs shears.....do.....	10 80	2 70
1¼.....do.....do.....	15 00	18 75
1.....do.....do.....	24 00	2 00
2 dozen pairs scissors.....do.....	6 00	12 00
½.....do.....do.....	9 00	4 50
2½ dozen erasers.....do.....	2 75	5 95
1.....do.....do.....	3 75	3 75
6 boxes blotting paper.....per box....	2 63	15 98
24 dozen tape.....per dozen....	50	12 00
2 dozen erasers.....do.....	5 50	11 00
½.....do.....do.....	12 00	6 00
¼ gross pen-holders.....per gross....	1 38	69
½.....do.....do.....	3 50	1 75
3¼.....do.....do.....	1 75	5 32
1.....do.....do.....	3 00	37
½ dozen pen-holders.....per dozen....	3 00	1 50
1 dozen sand boxes.....do.....	3 56	3 56
2.....do.....do.....	3 00	6 00
1.....do.....each.....	38	4 56
1.....do.....do.....	21	84
1 blank book.....do.....	2 00	2 00
1.....do.....do.....	75	75
1.....do.....do.....	3 20	3 20
1.....do.....do.....	5 50	5 50
12 blank books.....do.....	12½	1 50
13.....do.....do.....	1 75	22 75
10.....do.....do.....	1 50	15 00
12.....do.....do.....	8	96
650 quills.....per hundred....	2 50	16 25
5 balls twine.....each.....	38	1 90
15.....do.....do.....	50	7 50
6 cap folios.....do.....	3 00	18 00
3.....do.....do.....	2 00	6 00
3.....do.....do.....	3 75	11 25
2 dozen packs visiting cards.....per dozen....	2 50	5 00

B—Continued.

Articles.	Price.	Amount.
1 $\frac{1}{2}$ gross boxes matches..... per gross.....	\$6 00	\$7 00
$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen scrap books per dozen.....	9 00	4 50
$\frac{1}{2}$ do..... do.....	15 00	7 50
5 pounds sponge..... per pound.....	3 50	17 50
2 dozen rulers..... per dozen.....	9 00	18 00
$\frac{1}{2}$ do..... do.....	7 20	3 60
$\frac{3}{4}$ dozen letter files do.....	12 00	9 00
$\frac{1}{4}$ do..... do.....	18 00	4 50
10 boxes eyelets..... per box.....	38	3 80
1 dozen paper clasps..... per dozen.....	8 50	8 50
3 dozen pen-racks..... do.....	3 00	9 00
6 pen-wipers..... each.....	10	60
24..... do..... do.....	22	5 28
1 dozen pencil sharpeners per dozen.....	1 50	1 50
1 dozen paper punches and eyelet fasteners do.....	24 00	24 00
30 sheets blotting paper per sheet.....	4	1 20
1 dozen paper stamps..... per dozen.....	6 00	6 00
DOORKEEPER.		
307 reams tissue paper..... per ream.....	50	153 50
2,850 envelopes..... per M.....	2 75	7 83
415,000 speech envelopes do.....	4 50	1,867 50
600 envelopes do.....	3 25	1 95
580,000 newspaper envelopes..... do.....	3 20	1,856 00
150 envelopes do.....	5 50	82
9,000 newspaper envelopes do.....	3 60	32 40
$\frac{1}{3}$ dozen mucilage..... per dozen.....	2 50	83
$\frac{1}{4}$ do..... do.....	12 00	3 00
$\frac{3}{4}$ do..... do.....	4 00	2 66
$\frac{1}{4}$ do..... do.....	2 00	50
4 dozen black ink..... do.....	2 95	11 80
1 dozen writing fluid..... do.....	9 00	9 00
1 $\frac{7}{12}$ dozen carmine ink..... do.....	2 00	3 16
$\frac{1}{2}$ do..... do.....	2 50	1 25
1 box of pens..... per box.....	45	45
2 boxes of pens..... do.....	1 25	2 50
1 box of pens..... do.....	31	31
9 boxes of pens..... do.....	85	7 67
40..... do..... do.....	38	15 20
7..... do..... do.....	34	2 38
4..... do..... do.....	75	3 00
1 card of pens..... per card.....	25	25
1..... do..... do.....	31	31
2 pen-holders..... per dozen.....	8 50	1 41
4..... do..... per gross.....	6 00	16
11..... do..... do.....	3 50	27
15 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen pen-holders..... do.....	1 75	2 25
4 dozen pen-holders per dozen.....	5 00	20 00
83..... do..... per gross.....	1 37	78
1..... do..... per dozen.....	5 50	45
2 dozen pen-holders..... do.....	50	1 00
1 dozen lead pencils..... per gross.....	3 63	30
9 $\frac{1}{2}$ do..... do.....	6 00	4 75
4 pencils..... do.....	4 00	11
2 pencils..... per dozen.....	42	7
1 dozen pencils..... per gross.....	3 25	27
8..... do..... per dozen.....	50	4 00
1 dozen colored pencils..... do.....	62	62

B—Continued.

Articles.	Price.	Amount.
1 dozen colored pencils.....per gross....	\$4 00	\$0 33
1.....do.....do.....	9 00	75
1 dozen gutta percha pencils.....per dozen....	12 00	12 00
3 reams letter paper.....per ream....	3 00	9 00
1.....do.....do.....	2 50	2 50
2½.....do.....do.....	3 25	8 12
1.....do.....do.....	3 75	3 75
2.....do.....do.....	3 50	7 00
32 reams reporter's paper.....do.....	1 50	48 00
7 reams cap paper.....do.....	4 50	31 50
1.....do.....do.....	3 90	3 90
14 reams note paper.....do.....	2 50	35 00
7 paper folders.....each.....	84	5 88
¾ dozen paper folders.....per dozen....	8 60	6 45
5 dozen knives.....do.....	18 00	7 50
1½.....do.....do.....	30 00	5 00
1½.....do.....do.....	19 00	22 16
69 bunches tape.....per bunch....	25	17 25
4 pounds sealingwax.....per pound....	1 05	4 20
34½.....do.....do.....	1 50	51 75
¾ dozen erasers.....per dozen....	2 75	91
¼.....do.....do.....	3 75	93
¼.....do.....do.....	5 50	1 37
5 paper clasps.....each.....	71	3 53
2.....do.....per dozen....	8 50	17 00
8½ dozen boxes sand.....do.....	25	2 06
1.....do.....do.....	36	36
3 gross boxes of sand.....per gross....	3 00	9 00
½ gross tape.....do.....	3 00	1 50
68 bunches tape.....per bunch....	50	34 00

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

½ ream letter paper.....per ream....	3 75	1 87
1.....do.....do.....	3 00	3 00
1.....do.....do.....	4 50	4 50
½ ream stamped letter paper.....do.....	8 50	4 25
1¾ ream note paper.....do.....	2 50	4 37
¼.....do.....do.....	2 25	56
1½ ream stamped note paper.....do.....	6 00	9 00
2 reams flat cap.....do.....	1 50	3 00
7/30 foolscap.....do.....	4 50	1 57
300 envelopes.....per thousand....	7 00	2 10
500.....do.....do.....	3 25	1 62
250.....do.....do.....	2 75	68
25.....do.....do.....	3 50	8
6 gross.....do.....per gross....	1 00	6 00
2 boxes pens.....per box....	38	76
14.....do.....do.....	75	10 50
1 box quill pens.....do.....	45	45
1½ dozen pencils.....per gross....	6 00	75
½ dozen gutta percha pencils.....per dozen....	12 00	6 00
6 sheets blotting paper.....per sheet....	4	24
1 bottle ink.....do.....	50	50
1.....do.....do.....	25	25
2 bottles ink.....each.....	75	1 50
½ dozen bottles ink.....per dozen....	2 95	1 47
6 dozen papers sand.....do.....	25	1 50
¾.....do.....do.....	36	27

B—Continued.

Articles.	Price.	Amount.
1 inkstand.....	\$0 63	\$0 63
2 inkstands.....each.....	1 25	2 50
2 blank books.....do.....	1 50	3 00
4.....do.....do.....	1 75	7 00
2.....do.....do.....	1 00	2 00
1 dozen pen-holders.....per dozen.....	50	50
1½.....do.....do.....	5 00	7 50
1 paper folder.....	37½	37
1 jar mucilage.....	21	21
1 eraser.....per dozen.....	5 50	45
1 eraser.....do.....	2 75	22
½ dozen knives.....do.....	19 00	9 50
⅓.....do.....do.....	24 00	8 00
½ dozen boxes matches.....do.....	50	25
⅓ dozen pairs shears.....do.....	15 00	1 25
⅓ dozen pairs scissors.....do.....	9 00	75
2 rulers.....each.....	50	1 00
1 pound sealingwax.....per pound.....	1 50	1 50
2 rubbers.....each.....	10	20
1 pack visiting cards.....per dozen.....	2 50	20

C.

Stationery furnished Clerk's office, 1st session 36th Congress.

Articles.	Price.	Amount.
70½ reams note paper.....per ream.....	\$2 50	\$177 25
10½.....do.....do.....	6 00	63 00
1.....do.....do.....	2 75	2 75
3½ reams letter paper.....do.....	3 50	12 25
8½.....do.....do.....	3 00	25 50
9½.....do.....do.....	3 25	30 87
4½ reams stamped letter paper.....do.....	9 00	40 50
11½ reams letter paper.....do.....	4 50	52 87
20½ reams cap paper.....do.....	4 50	92 25
7¾.....do.....do.....	3 90	27 52
4¾ quires blotting paper.....per quire.....	96	4 56
1.....do.....do.....	74	74
2.....do.....do.....	17	34
1 ream tissue paper.....per ream.....	50	50
1 newspaper file.....each.....	3 00	3 00
37 boxes pens.....per box.....	75	27 75
4.....do.....do.....	33½	1 33
57.....do.....do.....	85	48 45
14.....do.....do.....	62½	8 75
3.....do.....do.....	1 38	4 14
11.....do.....do.....	45	4 95
30.....do.....do.....	38	11 40
4.....do.....do.....	50	2 00
3.....do.....do.....	1 25	3 75
1.....do.....do.....	1 00	1 00
1.....do.....do.....	54	54

C—Continued.

Articles.	Price.	Amount.
7 cards pens.....per card.....	\$0 25	\$1 75
4 boxes quill pens.....per box.....	45	1 80
9 pounds sealingwax.....per pound.....	1 50	13 50
23 dozen tape.....per dozen.....	50	11 50
74.....do.....do.....	25	18 50
1 portfolio.....	60	60
6 portfolios.....each.....	3 00	18 00
3 portfolios.....do.....	2 00	6 00
4 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen paper folders.....per dozen.....	10 00	41 66
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	8 60	7 33
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	4 56	1 14
11 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen inkstands.....do.....	15 00	28 75
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	18 00	15 00
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	12 00	15 00
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	6 00	2 00
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	11 00	4 68
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	9 00	2 25
1 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	13 00	10 84
10,850 envelopes.....per M.....	6 50	70 52
11,750.....do.....do.....	3 50	41 13
1,500.....do.....do.....	6 95	10 43
16,725.....do.....do.....	2 75	46 00
875.....do.....do.....	5 50	4 81
1,000.....do.....do.....	4 50	4 50
250.....do.....do.....	2 50	62
1,500.....do.....do.....	7 00	10 50
500.....do.....do.....	9 00	4 50
200.....do.....do.....	6 00	1 20
100.....do.....per hundred.....	3 00	3 00
3 gross stamped envelopes.....per gross.....	2 00	6 00
28 $\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	1 00	28 50
6 $\frac{7}{12}$ dozen knives.....per dozen.....	19 00	125 08
2 $\frac{3}{8}$.....do.....do.....	24 00	16 00
1 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	12 00	2 00
1 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	12 50	2 08
3 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	18 00	57 00
11 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	9 00	12 00
2.....do.....do.....	30 00	60 00
1 $\frac{1}{4}$.....dozen.....do.....	27 50	6 87
1 $\frac{1}{8}$ dozen pairs shears.....do.....	15 00	17 50
1 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	10 80	1 80
1 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	17 50	2 91
1 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	24 00	16 00
1 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	21 50	1 79
1 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	18 00	1 50
1 $\frac{1}{8}$ dozen pairs scissors.....do.....	9 00	7 50
7 blank books.....each.....	1 00	7 00
2.....do.....do.....	2 50	5 00
1 blank book.....	87 $\frac{1}{2}$	87
4 blank books.....each.....	1 75	7 00
5.....do.....do.....	1 37 $\frac{1}{2}$	6 87
2.....do.....do.....	44	88
10.....do.....do.....	2 00	20 00
6.....do.....do.....	1 50	9 00
4 scrap books.....do.....	1 25	5 00
6.....do.....do.....	2 00	12 00
1 scrap book.....	75	75
3 $\frac{1}{4}$ dozen erasers.....per dozen.....	2 75	2 06
1 $\frac{1}{8}$.....do.....do.....	5 00	83

C—Continued.

Articles.	Price.	Amount.
$\frac{7}{12}$ dozen erasers.....per dozen.....	\$3 75	\$2 18
$\frac{1}{3}$.....do.....do.....	5 50	3 66
$\frac{11}{12}$.....do.....do.....	12 00	11 00
$\frac{1}{6}$.....do.....do.....	6 00	1 00
2 dozen pencils.....per gross.....	3 60	60
$41\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	6 00	20 75
$11\frac{1}{8}$ dozen gutta percha pencils.....per dozen.....	12 00	14 00
1.....do.....do.....	7 50	7 50
3 boxes drawing pencils.....per box.....	38	1 14
$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen colored pencils.....per gross.....	12 00	50
2.....do.....do.....	9 00	1 50
$11\frac{1}{4}$ dozen black ink.....per dozen.....	2 95	2 68
$\frac{1}{4}$.....do.....do.....	1 95	48
$11\frac{1}{8}$ dozen writing fluid.....do.....	3 00	3 50
$1\frac{7}{12}$.....do.....do.....	9 00	14 25
$\frac{1}{12}$.....do.....do.....	6 00	50
$\frac{1}{3}$ dozen carmine ink.....do.....	2 00	66
$\frac{2}{3}$.....do.....do.....	2 50	1 66
$\frac{1}{4}$.....do.....do.....	4 00	1 00
2 dozen mucilage.....do.....	4 00	8 00
$11\frac{1}{3}$.....do.....do.....	2 50	3 36
$\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	12 00	6 00
3 dozen pen-holders.....per gross.....	6 00	1 50
$81\frac{1}{3}$.....do.....do.....	3 50	2 56
$4\frac{7}{12}$.....do.....do.....	1 75	67
$2\frac{1}{4}$.....do.....do.....	1 37 $\frac{1}{2}$	25
$7\frac{5}{12}$.....do.....do.....	3 00	1 86
$21\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....per dozen.....	5 50	16 04
$\frac{2}{3}$.....do.....do.....	2 50	1 66
$3\frac{1}{4}$.....do.....do.....	10 00	32 50
$21\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	5 00	14 58
$\frac{1}{2}$.....do.....do.....	38	19
5 rulers.....each.....	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 87
1 ruler.....do.....	50	50
7 rulers.....each.....	60	4 20
1 ruler.....do.....	75	75
28 pieces rubber.....each.....	10	2 80
6.....do.....do.....	5	30
7 paper weights.....do.....	71	4 97
7.....do.....do.....	1 00	7 00
4.....do.....do.....	50	2 00
2 boxes wafers.....per box.....	20	40
16 boxes wax matches.....do.....	61	9 76
$1\frac{5}{12}$ gross matches.....per gross.....	6 00	8 50
13 balls twine.....per ball.....	25	3 25
1 ball twine.....do.....	37	37
$31\frac{9}{12}$ dozen boxes sand.....per dozen.....	36	1 38
$21\frac{9}{12}$.....do.....do.....	25	70
$11\frac{1}{2}$ dozen sand boxes.....do.....	3 00	5 75
$\frac{1}{12}$.....do.....do.....	38	38
4 Diaries.....each.....	75	3 00
5.....do.....do.....	50	2 50
1 Diary.....do.....	23	23
2 pen-racks.....each.....	25	50

D.

Balances of appropriations in the treasury unexpended..... \$341,971 74

CLERKS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES IN OFFICE OF HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES.

LETTER

FROM

THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

TRANSMITTING

*A list of the clerks and others employed in the office of the House of
Representatives.*

JANUARY 10, 1861.—Laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

OFFICE OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES U. S.,
January 1, 1861.

SIR: In compliance with the eleventh section of the act entitled
“An act legalizing and making appropriations for such necessary ob-
jects as have been usually included in the general appropriation bills
without authority of law, and to fix and provide for certain incidental
expenses of the departments and offices of the government, and for
other purposes,” approved the twenty-sixth day of August, eighteen
hundred and forty-two, which requires the Clerk of the House of Rep-
resentatives to report to Congress the names of the clerks and other
persons employed in his office, I have the honor to submit the follow-
ing statement, and to remark that the persons therein named have
been usefully employed.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. W. FORNEY,

Clerk House of Representatives United States.

Hon. WM. PENNINGTON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Statement of the clerks and other persons employed in the office of the House of Representatives during the year 1860, with the amount of their annual pay and time employed.

Names.	Office.	Time employed.	Annual salary.
John F. Carter	Chief clerk	Jan. 1 to Feb. 3	\$2,160 00
P. Barry Hayes	do	Feb. 4 to Dec. 31	2,160 00
John M. Barclay	Assistant clerk	Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	2,160 00
Daniel Buck	do	do	1,800 00
Thomas DeK. Harris	do	do	1,800 00
John Bailey	do	do	1,800 00
James C. Walker	do	do	1,800 00
William K. Mehaffy	do	do	1,800 00
David A. Carter	do	Jan. 1 to Feb. 15	1,800 00
Richard U. Sherman	do	Feb. 16 to Dec. 31	1,800 00
William H. Minæx	do	Jan. 1 to Feb. 15	1,800 00
Phin. B. Tompkins	do	Feb. 16 to Dec. 31	1,800 00
Simeon D. Reynolds	do	Jan. 1 to Feb. 3	1,800 00
S. C. Bøynton	do	Feb. 4 to March 10	1,800 00
James B. Sheridan	do	March 11 to Dec. 31	1,800 00
Mordecai P. Bean	do	Jan. 1 to Feb. 6	1,800 00
George W. Pearce	do	Feb. 7 to Dec. 31	1,800 00
John Kitchell	do	Jan. 1 to Feb. 6	1,800 00
John Bussing	do	Feb. 7 to Dec. 31	1,800 00
James S. Holland	do	Jan. 1 to Feb. 17	1,800 00
Isaac Strohm	do	Feb. 18 to Dec. 31	1,800 00
Singleton B. Allen	do	Jan. 1 to Feb. 13	1,800 00
Rezin I. Bennett	do	Feb. 14 to Dec. 31	1,800 00
And. R. Potts	Librarian	Jan. 1 to Feb. 17	1,800 00
Calvin C. Chaffee	do	Feb. 18 to Dec. 31	1,800 00
Charles F. Cone	Chief messenger	Jan. 1 to Feb. 4	1,756 80
John W. Jones	do	Feb. 5 to Dec. 31	1,756 80
John Missimer	Messenger	Jan. 1 to Feb. 17	1,200 00
A. Jordan Swartz	do	Feb. 18 to Dec. 31	1,200 00
Frederick Emmerick	do	Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	1,200 00
George N. Beale	do	March 1 to Dec. 31	1,200 00
Wein Forney	do	Feb. 1 to Dec. 31	1,200 00
Jacob A. Shindel	do	Feb. 18 to Dec. 31	1,200 00
S. A. Power	do	do	1,200 00
George Chapman	Temporary clerk	Feb. 16 to Dec. 31	1,800 00
William Averill	do	do	1,800 00
John R. Briggs	do	Feb. 18 to Dec. 31	1,800 00

DIFFICULTIES BETWEEN THE NORTH AND THE SOUTH.

PREAMBLE AND RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

IN REFERENCE TO

The differences between the South and the North.

JANUARY 10, 1861.—Laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

IN COMMON COUNCIL CITY OF NEW YORK.

Whereas the people of the city of New York have ever cherished the most fraternal and affectionate regard for their fellow countrymen dwelling in the southern States, and will at all times sustain them in every constitutional and rightful measure for the redress of their grievances; and whereas the people of the city of New York properly estimate the immense value of our national Union to our collective and individual happiness, and cherish a cordial, habitual, and immovable attachment to it; and whereas it is represented that the local authorities in one or more of the States have seized several of the forts, arsenals, and public buildings of the United States, and continue to hold the same in defiance of the authority of the government: be it therefore—

Resolved, By the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the city of New York, that we most earnestly appeal to our fellow countrymen of the southern States to abstain from all unlawful and violent measures pending the assiduous and patriotic efforts that are now being made to adjust the differences between the north and the south, through the action of the established authorities, in the manner provided for in the federal Constitution; and be it further

Resolved, That we approve of the determination of the President of the United States to maintain the just authority of the government in all places, to execute the laws, to assert the respect due to the flag of the Union, and to support and defend the civil and military officers intrusted with the duty of collecting the revenue and holding the

fortified places provided for the common defence of all the States; and be it further

Resolved, That we only give expression to the general voice of our citizens when we record their approbation of the conduct of Major Anderson, of the army of the United States, in his recent measures at Charleston, to avoid conflict with the local population, to secure the government works committed to his charge, and to provide for the safety of his command; and the announcement that the proceedings of this gallant and faithful officer were sanctioned by his instructions and will be effectually sustained by the President of the United States is welcomed by the hearty commendation of the people of the city of New York; and be it further

Resolved, That the counsel to the corporation be directed, on behalf of the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the city of New York, to prepare and transmit a memorial to the legislature of this State, asking that a convention of the people thereof be called at an early day, of delegates chosen in the several counties, in a manner to be provided by law, to take into consideration the present state of the Union, and to adopt such measures as the interests and the duty of the people of this State may require to be done; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be transmitted by the clerk of the common council to the President and the Congress of the United States and to the governor and the legislature of this State.

Adopted by the board of aldermen January 4, 1861.

Adopted by the board of councilmen January 4, 1861.

Approved by the mayor January 5, 1861.

D. T. VALENTINE, [L. s.]

Clerk C. C.

MAIL SERVICE FROM OMAHA, NEBRASKA, TO SACRA-
MENTO, CALIFORNIA.

MEMORIAL

OF THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF UTAH TERRITORY,

FOR

*The establishment of a daily mail service from Omaha, Nebraska Terri-
tory, via Great Salt Lake City, to Sacramento, California.*

JANUARY 16, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on the Post Office and Post roads, and
ordered to be printed.

MEMORIAL to Congress for the establishment of daily mail service from Omaha, Nebraska
Territory, via Great Salt Lake City, to Sacramento, California.

*To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States in Congress assembled:*

Your memorialists, the governor and legislative assembly of the
Territory of Utah, respectfully pray for the establishment of daily
mail service from Omaha, Nebraska Territory, via Great Salt Lake
City, Utah Territory, to Sacramento, California.

The increase of business in this Territory and the rising settlements
along the route, the wants of a reading public in a fast age, all com-
bine in calling loudly for the increase of mail facilities.

We therefore respectfully, yet earnestly, solicit your immediate
action at the earliest practicable date. And your memorialists, as in
duty bound, will ever pray.

DANIEL H. WELLS,
President of Council.

JOHN TAYLOR,
Speaker of House of Representatives.

Approved December 20, 1860.

A. CUMMING,
Governor of Utah Territory.

MAIL SERVICE FROM OMAHA, NEBRASKA, TO SALT
LAKES, CALIFORNIA

MEMORIAL

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF UTAH TERRITORY

The establishment of a daily mail service from Omaha, Nebraska Territory, to Salt Lake City, to Sacramento, California.

Presented to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads, and ordered to be printed.

MEMORIAL to Congress for the establishment of daily mail service from Omaha, Nebraska Territory, via Great Salt Lake City, to Sacramento, California.

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

Your memorialists, the Governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah, respectfully pray for the establishment of daily mail service from Omaha, Nebraska Territory, via Great Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, to Sacramento, California. The increase of business in this Territory and the rising settlements along the route, the wants of a trading public in a far age, all con-
bine in calling loudly for the increase of mail facilities. We therefore respectfully, yet earnestly, solicit your immediate action at the earliest practicable date. And your memorialists, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

DANIEL H. WELLS,
President of Council.
JOHN TAYLOR,
Speaker of House of Representatives.

Approved December 20, 1869.

A. CUMMINS,
Governor of Utah Territory.

SEMI-WEEKLY MAIL FROM FILLMORE TO LOS ANGELOS,
CALIFORNIA.

MEMORIAL

OF THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF UTAH TERRITORY.

FOR THE

*Establishment of a semi-weekly mail from Fillmore to Los Angeles,
California.*

JANUARY 16, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads, and
ordered to be printed.

MEMORIAL to Congress for the establishment of a semi-weekly mail from Fillmore to Los
Angeles, California.

*To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States in Congress assembled:*

GENTLEMEN: Your memorialists, the governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah, would respectfully pray your honorable body for the establishment of a semi-weekly mail route, and service thereon, to connect with the semi-weekly mail from Salt Lake City to Fillmore, from, Fillmore *via* Toquerville, Washington, and Santa Clara, to Los Angeles, California.

The rapidly increasing interests of the Territory of Utah call for a more direct mail communication with their neighbors of southern California; and feeling an earnest desire for the full development of all the resources of the great west, we solicit your early and favorable action upon this subject.

And your memorialists, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

DANIEL H. WELLS,
President of the Council.

JOHN TAYLOR,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved December 17, 1860.

A. CUMMING,
Governor of Utah Territory.

SEMI-WEEKLY MAIL FROM PHILADELPHIA TO LOS ANGELES
CALIFORNIA

MEMORIAL

OF THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF UTAH TERRITORY

FOR THE

Establishment of a semi-weekly mail from
California.

January 16, 1861.—Submitted to the Committee on the Post Office and Roads, and ordered to be printed.

MEMORIAL to Congress for the establishment of a semi-weekly mail from Illinois to Los Angeles, California.

To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

Gentlemen: Your memorialists, the Governor and Legislature of the Territory of Utah, would respectfully pray your honorable body for the establishment of a semi-weekly mail route, and service thereon, to connect with the semi-weekly mail from Salt Lake City to Kilmore, from Kilmore via Tropicville, Washington, and State Clara, to Los Angeles, California.

The rapidly increasing interests of the Territory of Utah call for more direct mail communication with their neighbors of southern California; and feeling an earnest desire for the full development of all the resources of the great west, we solicit your early and favorable action upon this subject.

And your memorialists, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

DANIEL H. WELLS,

President of the Council.

JOHN TAYLOR,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved December 17, 1860.

A. GUNNING,

Governor of Utah Territory.

THE CONSTITUTION AND THE UNION.

RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF OHIO,

ON

The state of the Republic.

JANUARY 18, 1861.—Laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

“1. That the people of Ohio, believing that the preservation of the unity of government that constituted the American people *one people*, is essential to the support of their tranquillity at home, of their peace abroad, of their safety, of their prosperity, and of that very liberty which they so highly prize, are firmly and ardently attached to the national Constitution and the union of the States.

“2. That the general government cannot permit the secession of any State without violating the obligations by which it is bound, under the compact, to the other States and to every citizen of the United States.

“3. That while the constitutional rights of every State in the Union should be preserved inviolate, the powers and authority of the national government must be maintained, and the laws of Congress faithfully enforced, in every State and Territory, until repealed by Congress or adjudged to be unconstitutional by the proper judicial tribunal; and all attempts by State authorities to nullify the Constitution of the United States or the laws of the federal government, or to resist the execution thereof, are revolutionary in their character, and tend to the disruption of the best and wisest system of government of the world.

“4. That the people of Ohio are inflexibly opposed to intermeddling with the internal affairs and domestic relations of other States of the Union; in the same manner and to the same extent as they are opposed to any interference by the people of other States with their domestic concerns.

“5. That it is the will and purpose of the people of Ohio to fulfil, in good faith, all their obligations under the Constitution of the United

States, according to the spirit and intent thereof; and they demand the faithful discharge of the same duty by every State in the Union; and thus, as far as may be, to insure tranquillity between the State of Ohio and the other States.

"6. That it is incumbent upon any States having enactments on their statute books conflicting with or rendering less efficient the Constitution or laws of the United States, to repeal them; and it is equally incumbent upon the general government and the several States to secure to every citizen of the Union his rights in every State under that provision of the Constitution which guarantees to the citizens of each State all the privileges and immunities of the citizens in the several States, and thus inspire and restore confidence and a spirit of fraternal feeling between the different States of the Union.

"7. That the Union-loving citizens of those States who have labored, and still labor, with devotional courage and patriotism, to withhold their States from the vortex of secession, are entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people.

"8. That we hail with joy the recent firm, dignified, and patriotic message of the President of the United States, and that the entire power and resources of Ohio are hereby pledged, whenever necessary and demanded for the maintenance, under strict subordination to the civil authority, of the Constitution and laws of the general government, by whomsoever administered.

"9. That the governor be requested to forward, forthwith, copies of the foregoing resolutions to the President of the nation, and to the governors of all the States of the Union, and to each of the senators and representatives in Congress from this State, to be by them presented to each branch of the national legislature."

PERILOUS CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

THE WORKINGMEN OF EVANSVILLE, INDIANA,

ON THE

Pending sectional disturbances between the North and the South.

JANUARY 21, 1861.—Laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

A called meeting of the mechanics and workingmen of Evansville was held January 12 at the Crescent City Hall. The meeting was called to order by appointing Mr. John A. Haney to the chair, John W. Thompson secretary, and W. G. Murray assistant secretary.

The chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting.

Mr. W. H. Klusman made a motion that the chairman appoint a committee on resolutions.

On motion, it was decided that said committee shall consist of thirteen workingmen.

The chairman appointed the following :

Messrs. W. H. Chandler, chairman; John J. Hays, George T. Cochran, F. D. Allen, W. H. Klusman, John S. McCracken, James Scantlin, jr., John A. Reitz, E. H. DeGarmo, C. Kratz, A. Simpson, Archibald Thompson, and A. D. Sullivan.

After the retirement of the committee the meeting was addressed by John W. Thompson in a thorough Union speech.

The committee, having returned, presented the following preamble and resolutions, which, on request of the committee, were read by Mr. Chandler :

Whereas we, the working men of the city of Evansville, following the example set us by brethren of like condition in life, north and south, have met to take counsel together, in view of the great calamity that is about to overtake our beloved country, and in the calm judgment of unprejudiced minds, void of all party feeling, to express our horror at the prospect of a fratricidal war now being urged upon us by party chiefs who too long have held sway in the councils of the nation; and

Whereas, as upon the workingmen must fall the first and heaviest blow in the event of a disruption of our glorious confederacy, it is our duty to, as we in truth do, declare it is not of our seeking; that we have an abiding confidence in the patriotism and stern justice of the toiling masses—the dwellers on the hills and in the valleys—those that till the soil and that fill the workshops, and upon these the country now calls in this dark and trying hour: Therefore—

Resolved, That we will stand by the Constitution and the Union in all our strength—hand to hand and heart to heart—while life lasts, and dying bequeath to our children the priceless boon received from our fathers—an unbroken confederacy.

Resolved, That in the ambitious and mad schemings of politicians have originated our present troubles, and that we now call upon the servants of the people in Congress assembled, by compromise, at once to adjust the difficulties imperiling our national existence, failing in which to return to the people the trust confided to them. We desire once more to be heard on this, to us, all-important question.

Resolved, That the compromise offered by Mr. Crittenden in the Senate of the United States meets with our hearty approval, and should be at once adopted. We believe it would give peace to the country.

Resolved, That we call upon the workingmen of the northern States to demand of their respective legislatures the repeal of the so-called “personal liberty bills,” and upon all the States, north and south, the repeal of all acts in conflict with the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved, That upon the workingmen depends the future prosperity of the country, and that hereafter we will support for office no party or set of men whom we may believe swayed by sectionalism, or who are not true to the Union and the Constitution.

Resolved, That we agree in the opinion expressed as to the necessity of a Union Convention of Workingmen, to be held at Philadelphia on the 22d of February next, to take into consideration the condition of our beloved country, and that we will be represented in the same.

Resolved, That we request our newspapers to publish these proceedings.

W. H. CHANDLER, *Chairman*.

John J. Hays,
F. D. Allen,
John S. McCracken,
John H. Reitz,
C. Kratz,
Archibald Thompson,

George T. Cochran,
W. H. Klusman,
James Scantlin, jr.,
E. H. DeGarmo,
A. Simpson,
A. D. Sullivan.

After the reading of the foregoing, which were received with cheers, Mr. W. H. Klusman moved that the said preamble and resolutions be adopted as read. Carried unanimously.

On motion, the chair appointed Messrs. W. H. Chandler and John W. Thompson as delegates to the Union Convention of Workingmen to be held in Philadelphia on the 22d day of February next.

Mr. Chandler, being called upon, stated that, being one of the com-

mittee on resolutions, the sentiments embodied in said preamble and resolutions were his, and having been appointed as delegate, he did not intend to make a speech, but was desirous of hearing expressed the views of the whole meeting, so as to properly present them to the convention.

Mr. Pittman stated he was for the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws, and equal rights in both State and Territory.

Captain McLane said some ultra politicians, north and south, were the cause of the present evils, and that these evils could and can be settled by compromise. The Constitution was made by compromise.

Without an early settlement these evils will result in the secession of *all* the southern States. He called upon all workingmen to put a shoulder to the wheel, and concluded a stirring speech by counselling concession, &c.

Mr. F. D. Allen and several others made a few brief but pointed remarks, advocating Union sentiments, and appealing to the workingmen to make themselves heard in the present crisis.

On motion, the meeting adjourned with three cheers for the Union.

JOHN. A. HANEY, *Chairman.*

JOHN W. THOMPSON, } *Secretaries.*
W. G. MURRAY, }

Committee to collect funds.

W. H. Klusman, Joseph Overall, Walter Smith, A. Sullivan, Archibald Thompson, John A. Haney, and A. Simpson were appointed as a committee to collect funds, and John A. Reitz as treasurer.

CONDITION OF THE TREASURY.

LETTER

FROM

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY,

TO

The Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, showing the condition of the treasury, &c.:

JANUARY 22, 1861.—Referred to the Committee of Ways and Means, and ordered to be printed.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

January 18, 1861.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge your letter of the 14th instant, asking my attention to your letter of the 2d instant to my predecessor, and beg leave to answer its several points of inquiry in their order:

1. "What were the amount and description of bonds and treasury notes outstanding on the 1st day of January, 1861, and under what authority were they issued?"

In reply, I herewith enclose the official statement of the Register of the Treasury, dated the 5th instant, showing the details of the public debt of the United States on the 1st instant, marked A.

2. "What amount of bills, acceptances, and other evidences of debt has been issued by the head of any department within one year, and whether outstanding or not?"

In answer to this inquiry, I have the honor to state that it appears from the correspondence here that, on the receipt of your letter, letters were addressed to the heads of the several departments, requesting them to furnish the Secretary of the Treasury with the means of responding to this inquiry in regard to their respective departments.

I beg leave to submit herewith the answer of the Secretary of State, marked B No. 1; of the Secretary of the Interior, marked B No. 2; of the Secretary of War, marked B No. 3; and of the Acting Postmaster General, marked B No. 4; and of the Secretary of the Navy, marked B No. 5.

I understand that the Treasury Department never issues bills, acceptances, or other evidences of debt, except such as appear upon

the books of the Register's office, whose statement has been before referred to.

3. "What amount of accounts, debts, or claims against the government has been allowed and passed by the proper accounting officers which remains unpaid?"

In reply to this inquiry, I beg leave to state that, excepting sundry small claims presented and settled through the Department of the Interior, amounting to \$33,152 94, and certain claims presented and allowed through this department, amounting to \$82,163 54, all claims duly allowed and passed by the proper accounting officers have been satisfied by warrants on the Treasurer, and that officer has remitted his drafts on the various depositories to pay the same.

Within the last few days the amount of over due treasury notes presented for redemption has exceeded the power of the Treasurer to place drafts in payment on the assistant treasurer at New York, where the holders desired the remittances to be made, and an accumulation of warrants to the amount of about \$350,000 has occurred, on this account, in the Treasurer's hands, which he has been unable to pay.

4. "What amount of salaries, compensation, and other dues not embraced in the foregoing, which is due and payable on or before the 1st of January, 1861?"

In reply to this inquiry I beg leave to state that for all the salaries paid directly from the treasury, warrants have been drawn on the treasury, and drafts remitted accordingly. But it is proper to suggest that officers and soldiers of the army, officers, seamen, and marines in the navy, and a large portion of the persons employed in the civil offices of the United States, are not paid directly from the treasury, but through disbursing officers, to whom money is advanced, from time to time, for that purpose, as well as for other authorized charges, upon the requisition of the proper department.

Requisitions from the Secretary of War in favor of disbursing officers of that department, amounting to \$912,905 90; from the Secretary of the Navy, in favor of disbursing officers of that department, amounting to \$615,487 21; from the Secretary of the Interior, in favor of disbursing officers of that department, amounting to \$124,866 87; and from the proper authorities of the Treasury Department, in favor of disbursing officers and contractors, amounting to \$255,435 07; making an aggregate of \$1,908,695 05, for which warrants have not been issued.

The periods when the sums thus called for were actually due and payable can only be ascertained by special investigation into the several cases; but it is supposed that the whole or nearly the whole amount was due on or before the 1st of January instant. Besides these requisitions received by this department, it is understood that the War and Navy Departments have calls for large amounts, for which their requisitions have been delayed on account of the exhausted condition of the treasury.

Beside these claims, the bounties payable by law to vessels employed in the codfisheries, during the last season, were due and payable on the 31st ultimo. Detailed estimates of these bounties, as far as proofs have been presented to the collectors of the respective districts, have

been received, showing the amount due and payable on that day to be \$447,201 89. This department has been unable to make any provision for paying these bounties, for want of sufficient money in the treasury. Adding this sum to the foregoing, the aggregate of sums due and payable on or before the 1st instant may be taken to be \$2,355,896 94.

5. "The facts connected with the negotiation of the recent sale of treasury notes, and how the proceeds thereof were applied?"

In answer to this inquiry I have the honor to state, that under the notice issued on the 18th ultimo, inviting proposals for the exchange of \$5,000,000 for treasury notes, offers at twelve per cent. or less were made only to the amount of \$1,831,000. Offers to exchange \$465,000 for notes bearing interest at rates ranging from fifteen per cent. to thirty-six per cent. were also received. The offers at twelve per cent. and less were accepted; those above that rate were declined.

Previous to the issue of the notice, the assistant treasurer at New York was informed that the exchange of \$5,000,000 was the smallest amount which would enable the department to protect the public credit by the redemption of treasury notes falling due, and paying interest on the 1st of January in the stocks of the United States.

From the preliminary deposits of one per cent. made with him under the terms of the notice, that officer became aware that not one-half of the sum required had been offered in New York, and he probably endeavored to induce the banks and capitalists of that city to exchange the balance of the sum called for at twelve per cent. interest, which was the rate at which the bulk of the offers had been made. Immediately after the decision of the department on those offers had been made, he advised the department that certain parties would take the balance through the Bank of Commerce at twelve per cent. This proposition was accepted, on condition that the amount required to make up the \$5,000,000 be deposited without delay. The whole amount has been applied to the payment of overdue treasury notes and other pressing demands on the treasury.

Presuming that you only desired the material facts of this negotiation, I have not sent the correspondence in regard to the offers for treasury notes, or an exhibit in detail of the receipts and payments by the assistant treasurer at New York from the 28th ultimo, when the proposals for the treasury notes were awarded. Should these particulars be desired, they will be cheerfully furnished.

Your letter further asks:

"1st. The amount of money in the Treasury of the United States on the 1st day of January, 1861, and where deposited?"

In reply, I beg leave to enclose a copy of the treasurer's statement of that date, marked C, which contains the information requested.

"2d. Whether any defalcation of either of the present depositories of the public money is known to the department?"

In answer to this inquiry I have the honor to state that, so far as is known to this department, the depositories have promptly paid the Treasurer's drafts on them; and no defalcation or refusal of the present depositories has been reported.

"3d. The receipts of the government from all sources, from the

date of the last annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury up to the 1st of January, 1861, so far as known to the department."

I beg leave to suggest that the date up to which the receipts into the treasury are given in the last annual report of this department was the 30th of September last, being the close of the first quarter of the current fiscal year. The aggregate receipts from all sources during the quarter from October 1 to December 31, 1860, appear, so far as reports have been received, by the Treasurer's exhibit of current receipts, to have been \$17,181,783 93.

"4th. What amount of means, in addition to the treasury notes authorized by law and the current revenue, will be required to pay outstanding, current, and accruing dues before the close of the present fiscal year?"

The first element for an answer to this inquiry is the amount required to be paid for carrying on the public service during the remainder of the current fiscal year.

To ascertain this amount, we must refer to the estimated expenditures for the various branches of the public service during the three quarters of the fiscal year from October 1, 1860, to June 30, 1861, as stated in the last annual report of this department. They will be found on page three, and are \$46,935,232 58. From this sum deduct the amount expended during the quarter ending December 31, 1860, which, by the Register's statement, is \$12,069,107 95, exclusive of redemption of treasury notes, leaves the sum of \$34,866,124 63 to be provided for, besides the treasury notes maturing on and before June 30, 1861. These on the 1st of January, 1861, amounted to \$11,795,600, making the amount required to be paid from January 1 to June 30, 1861, \$46,661,724 63. Of these outstanding treasury notes there have been redeemed between the 1st and 14th of January instant, \$2,584,200, reducing the current liabilities of the treasury to that extent.

The amount required, therefore, to meet the outstanding current and accruing dues before the close of the current fiscal year, beside any additional charges on the treasury created by legislation during the present session of Congress, is \$44,077,524 63.

The existing means for meeting this amount are :

1. The balance of the loan of \$21,000,000 authorized by act of June 22, 1860, for redeeming treasury notes. Of this loan, \$7,022,000 only has been negotiated and paid into the treasury, leaving \$13,978,000 to be realized from that source. Should the present disturbed condition of the country continue, some modification of the terms prescribed by the act may be necessary to make the residue of this loan available.

It may not be improper to add that when the estimates before referred to were submitted no difficulty was apprehended in meeting the outstanding treasury notes as fast as they fell due by the proceeds of this loan. As this resource has failed to the extent of the above stated balance of \$13,978,000 to preserve the credit of the United States, it has become indispensable to pay these notes out of the revenue from other sources. During the last quarter about eight millions of treasury notes were redeemed, which with the two and

one-half millions redeemed since the 1st January, 1861, make ten and a half millions. The amount received from the loan being a small fraction above seven millions, threw upwards of three and a half millions of these notes on the other resources of the treasury for redemption. This is one of the principal causes of the delay and difficulty which have recently existed in providing for other demands of the public service.

2. Receipts from the ordinary sources of revenue.

The annual report of this department estimated the receipts from customs, during the three quarters of the current fiscal year, from October 1, 1860, to June 30, 1861, at \$40,000,000. Probably, in view of the great abundance of exportable products, had the affairs of the country continued in their usual condition, this estimate would have been realized. In October last the prospect justified very liberal estimates of the consumption of dutiable merchandise. Since that time, so sudden and great a change has occurred in the financial, commercial, and political relations of the several States, as to render any well-grounded estimate of the amount of dutiable merchandise which will be entered for consumption before the 30th of June next entirely impracticable. Although the amount of merchandise entered for consumption will, for long periods of time, be governed by permanent causes, it may, for short periods, depend almost entirely on public confidence, which fluctuates with every disturbance of the ordinary political or commercial condition of the country. This has been strikingly exemplified in the revenue from customs during the quarter ending December 31, 1860. Instead of amounting to fifteen millions, as was reasonably and confidently expected in October, the returns, so far as received, indicate that it fell below eight millions. At the port of New York alone more than six millions of the merchandise imported during the single month of December instead of being entered for consumption, were placed in warehouse, and nothing was realized upon them for the treasury.

So greatly is the amount of our customs revenue dependent upon political and monetary changes—on which, at the present time, no reliable calculation can be made—that the receipts from this source, during the remainder of the fiscal year, must be, so far as regards this department, the subject of conjecture. At present, from all the light I am able to obtain, it would seem that sixteen millions would be a liberal estimate for the revenue from customs between January 1 to June 30, 1861. This, with the amount received from that source during the quarter ending on December 31, 1860, will make more than one-half of the aggregate receipts estimated in the annual report.

The receipts from the public lands for the three quarters from October 1, 1860, to June 30, 1861, were estimated in the annual report at \$2,250,000. So far as returns have been received for the quarter ending December 31, 1860, the amount realized from that source appears to have been about \$250,000. Should no change be made during the present session of Congress in the existing laws, in

regard to acquiring public lands by individuals, the amount which may be expected from that source may reach a million of dollars between January 1 and June 30, 1861. This is one-half of the amount estimated in the annual report, and at this time will probably be regarded as a large sum from that source, which will be realized only under favorable circumstances.

The receipts from miscellaneous sources for the quarter from October 1, 1860, to June 30, 1861, were estimated in the annual report at \$750,000. For the quarter ending December 31, 1860, these receipts fell short \$200,000, and cannot be expected to realize more than \$400,000 during the remainder of the current fiscal year to June 30, 1861.

Under the views herein set forth, the aggregate receipts from ordinary sources of revenue during the half year from January 1 to June 30, 1861, may be thus stated:

From customs.....	\$16,000,000 00
From public lands.....	1,000,000 00
From miscellaneous sources.....	400,000 00
	17,400,000 00
3. Add to these the balance of the treasury notes authorized by act of December 17, 1860.....	5,000,000 00
Make the amount of means for the half year.....	22,400,000 00
The estimated demands on the treasury, under existing laws, during the half year as above stated, including the redemption of \$9,211,400 of treasury notes, is.....	44,077,524 63
The amount required in addition to the \$5,000,000 of treasury notes and the current revenue to pay outstanding, current, and accruing dues, before the close of the present fiscal year is, therefore.....	21,677,524 63

This amount may be reduced to \$7,689,524 63, if the balance of the loan authorized by act of June 22, 1860, (being \$13,978,000) be made available to the treasury.

Allow me to state that the materials of this letter were mainly prepared under the direction of my predecessor; and the presentation of them to you in their present form is among my first official acts.

Before closing this communication I wish to call your attention to the fact that there are deposited with twenty-six of the States, for safe-keeping, over twenty-eight millions of dollars belonging to the United States, for the repayment of which the faith of these States is pledged by written instruments on file in this department.

The annual statement of receipts and expenditures for the year ending June 30, 1860, represents this amount as a part of the "balance in the treasury" on that day.

It was subject, when deposited, to the draft of the Secretary of the

Treasury whenever required "for the purpose of defraying any wants of the public treasury," as will be seen by the 13th section of the act of June 23, 1836, entitled "An act to regulate the deposits of the public money;" but by the act of October 2, 1837, chap. 1, the deposit remains with the States "until otherwise directed by Congress." I refer to this financial resource as an available one, should the public exigencies demand it. It is not doubted that the greater portion of the amount so deposited would be promptly and cheerfully repaid, should an exigency arise involving the public honor or safety. If, instead of calling for these deposits, it should be deemed advisable to pledge them for the repayment of any money the government might find it necessary to borrow, a loan contracted on such a basis of security, superadding to the plighted faith of the federal government that of the individual States, could hardly fail to be acceptable to capitalists.

I have the honor to be your obedient servant,

JOHN A. DIX,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Hon. JOHN SHERMAN,
*Chairman Committee of Ways and Means,
House of Representatives.*

A.

Statement showing the amount of the public debt of the United States on the 1st of January, 1861.

Loan of 1842, per act of April 15, 1842.....	\$2,883,364 11
Loan of 1846, per act of July 22, 1846.....	1,000 00
Loan of 1847, per act of January 28, 1847.....	9,415,250 00
Loan of 1848, per act of March 15, 1848.....	8,908,341 80
Loan of 1858, per act of June 14, 1858.....	20,000,000 00
Loan of 1860, per act of June 22, 1860.....	*6,842,000 00
Texan indemnity, per act of September 9, 1850.....	3,461,000 00
Texas debt, per act of September 9, 1850.....	183,785 54
Old funded and unfunded debt.....	114,118 54
Treasury notes issued under acts prior to 1857.....	104,861 64
Treasury notes issued under act of December 23, 1857	11,795,600 00
	63,709,321 63

F. BIGGER, *Register.*

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Register's Office, January 5, 1861.

* This amount will be increased \$180,000 in a few days, making the total issue \$7,022,000.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Register's Office, January 5, 1861.

SIR: In compliance with the request of the chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means of the House of Representatives of the 2d instant, I enclose herewith a statement showing the amount of the public debt of the United States on the 1st instant, with the date of the several acts of Congress authorizing the issue of stock, treasury notes, &c.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
 F. BIGGER, *Register.*

Hon. PHILIP F. THOMAS,
Secretary of the Treasury.

B No. 1.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, January 5, 1861.

SIR: I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 3d instant, in which you request information from this department, to enable you to reply to the communication addressed you by the Committee of Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, on the following point: "What amount of bills, acceptances, and other evidences of debt have been issued by the head of any department within one year, and whether outstanding or not?"

In reply I have to inform you that it has never been the practice of this department to accept drafts drawn upon it, nor to give any other evidence of debt; and that no instance is known in which this rule has been disregarded.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

J. S. BLACK.

Hon. PHILIP F. THOMAS,
Secretary of the Treasury.

B No. 2.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
January 7, 1861.

SIR: In reply to your letter of the third instant, inquiring "what amount of bills, acceptances, and other evidences of debt have been issued by the head of any department within one year, and whether outstanding or not," I have the honor to inform you that this department has not issued any bills, or acceptances, or evidences of debt.

The mode of payments ordered by this department is, first, by is-

suing a requisition on the treasury, upon a certified copy of the settlement of account by the First Comptroller, and certified by the Register of the Treasury; second, advances are made to disbursing agents by requisition, which are charged on the books of the treasury under their respective bonds.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. THOMPSON,
Secretary.

Hon. PHILIP F. THOMAS,
Secretary of the Treasury.

B No. 3.

WAR DEPARTMENT, *January 10, 1861.*

SIR: In compliance with the request contained in your letter of the 3d instant, I have the honor to enclose to you a statement communicating, so far as relates to this department, the information desired by the Committee of Ways and Means as to "what amount of bills, acceptances, and other evidences of debt have been issued by the head of any department within one year, and whether outstanding or not."

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. HOLT,
Secretary of War ad interim.

Hon. PHILIP F. THOMAS,
Secretary of the Treasury.

List of drafts drawn by Messrs. Russell, Majors & Waddell, on account of their transportation contract, accepted by the Secretary of War after January 1, 1860.

Number.	Accepted.	Date.	Time.	Amount.	Total.
C. 1	April 26, 1860 ----	April 26, 1860 ----	4 months.	\$10,000	\$40,000
C. 2	-----	do-----	5 months.	10,000	
C. *	-----	do-----	-----	20,000	
1	(Not noted)-----	May 4, 1860-----	5 months.	10,000	100,000
2	-----	May 10, 1860-----	4 months.	20,000	
3	-----	May 6, 1860-----	5 months.	10,000	
4	-----	May 8, 1860-----	4 months.	10,000	
5	-----	May 1, 1860-----	6 months.	15,000	
6	-----	May 4, 1860-----	5 months.	10,000	
7	-----	May 9, 1860-----	130 days.	10,000	
8	-----	May 8, 1860-----	6 months.	10,000	
9	-----	May 9, 1860-----	5 months.	5,000	
10	May 28, 1860 ----	May 18, 1860-----	do-----	15,000	150,000
11	-----	May 19, 1860-----	4 months.	15,000	
12	-----	May 23, 1860-----	do-----	15,000	
13	-----	May 25, 1860-----	do-----	25,000	
14	-----	do-----	5 months.	25,000	
15	-----	May 26, 1860-----	do-----	15,000	
16	-----	do-----	do-----	10,000	
17	-----	May 28, 1860-----	4 months.	10,000	
18	-----	do-----	5 months.	10,000	
19	-----	do-----	6 months.	10,000	100,000
20-28	June 12, 1860 ----	June 1—11, 1860..	Blank-----	-----	
29	June 15, 1860-----	June 12, 1860-----	5 months.	20,000	
30	-----	June 13, 1860-----	4 months.	10,000	
31	-----	do-----	do-----	15,000	
32	-----	June 14, 1860-----	5 months.	10,000	
33	June 15, 1860-----	do-----	6 months.	15,000	
34	-----	June 15, 1860-----	4 months.	10,000	150,000
35	-----	do-----	6 months.	20,000	
36-46	June 19, 1860-----	June 2—19, 1860..	Blank-----	-----	
47-54	July 16, 1860-----	July 10—16, 1860 ..	do-----	-----	
55-71	Aug. 15—22, 1860..	Aug. 15—22, 1860..	do-----	-----	
72-77	Sept. 10, 1860 ----	Aug. 25, 1860-----	do-----	-----	
78-89	Sept. 18—22, 1860 .	Sept. 18—22, 1860..	do-----	-----	
†C. 90-105	October 10, 1860....	Oct. 1—10, 1860 ..	do-----	-----	
106	October 13, 1860....	Oct. 11, 1860-----	8 months.	7,000	
107	-----	do-----	do-----	8,000	
108	-----	do-----	9 months.	7,000	
109	-----	do-----	do-----	8,000	
110	-----	do-----	10 months	7,000	
111	-----	do-----	do-----	8,000	
112	-----	Oct. 12, 1860 ----	8 months.	5,000	
113	-----	do-----	do-----	10,000	
114	-----	do-----	9 months.	10,000	
115	-----	do-----	10 months	5,000	
116	-----	do-----	do-----	10,000	
117	-----	Oct. 13, 1860 ----	8 months.	10,000	

NOTE.—Drafts marked C are cancelled.

* Duplicated Nos. 1 and 2.

† Cancelled in part.

LIST—Continued.

Number.	Accepted.	Date.	Time.	Amount.	Total.
118	-----	Oct. 13, 1860	9 months.	\$5,000	
119	-----	do	do	10,000	
120	-----	do	10 months	10,000	
					\$120,000
					1,365,000
		CANCELLED.			
1 & 2	-----	-----	-----	20,000	
o	(Second issue of above.)	-----	-----	20,000	
104	-----	-----	-----	10,000	
105	-----	-----	-----	10,000	
					60,000
					1,305,000

MEMORANDUM.

Amount of outstanding acceptances October 13, 1860, as stated by Mr. Russell on that day	\$525,000
Accepted October 13, 1860	120,000
	<u>645,000</u>

Drafts Nos. 78, 85, 90, 99, 110, 116, and 120, amounting to \$72,000, and six drafts, not numbered or registered in the War Department, amounting to \$798,000—total, \$870,000—were cancelled by an order of the Secretary of War, dated December 26, 1860.

B No. 4.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, *January 15, 1860.*

SIR: In January and February, 1860, this department issued statements of indebtedness to mail contractors to the amount of \$588,063 71, upon reports of the Auditor that the amounts were due and payable; and soon after the passage of the Post Office appropriation bill, February 15, 1860, all such statements were paid.

Similar statements to mail contractors, amounting in the aggregate to \$4,296,009 26, were issued during the calendar year 1859, of which \$2,470 09 remain outstanding. No such statements have been issued since February 15, 1860.

All such statements of indebtedness were rendered necessary in consequence of the failure of the last or 35th Congress to make appropriations for this department.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, yours, &c.,

HORATIO KING,
Acting Postmaster General.

Hon. JOHN A. DIX,
Secretary of the Treasury.

B No. 5.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, *January 17, 1861.*

SIR : I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 3d instant, requesting such information, so far as this department is concerned, as will enable you to answer the following inquiry addressed to you by the Committee of Ways and Means, viz :

“ 2d. What amount of bills, acceptances, and other evidences of debt have been issued by the head of any department within one year, and whether outstanding or not.”

During the year 1860, this department approved bills for various objects, amounting in the aggregate to \$460,128 15. These bills were made payable by the disbursing officers of this department, and requisitions for funds to meet them were made on the Treasury Department ; but whether funds were supplied or not, in every instance, I am not informed.

It accepted, during the same period, drafts drawn upon it by its disbursing officers and agents abroad amounting to \$985,772 16, and in payment thereof requisitions were issued on the Treasury Department, which it is presumed have been answered. This department cannot say whether any of those drafts are outstanding or not, as it has no control over the matter after requisitions to meet them have been issued.

The foregoing statement does not embrace three instruments of assignment dated October 5, 1860, executed by Ambrose W. Thompson for himself and the Chiriqui Improvement Company, purporting to assign the total of six thousand dollars of “ the amount provided to be paid under the contract dated May 21, 1859, for the purchase of coal harbor rights, and right of transit at the Isthmus of Chiriqui,” “ to be paid as soon as Congress shall make the appropriation applicable to the said purchase, and upon the surrender of this instrument of assignment to the Navy Department.”

On the 6th of October, 1860, notice having been given to the department of said assignments, I acknowledged the fact of such notice, and made the following indorsement on the respective instruments of assignment, viz : “ This assignment has been presented to this department, and the department acknowledges due notice of it.”

No other bills, acceptances, or evidences of debt have been issued by this department within the period stated.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

I. TOUCEY.

Hon. JOHN A. DIX,
Secretary of the Treasury.

C.—*Treasurer's weekly statement, showing the amount at his credit in the treasury, with assistant treasurers and designated depositories, and in the mint and branches, by returns received to Monday, December 31, 1860, the amount for which drafts have been issued, but were then unpaid, and the amount then remaining subject to draft; showing, also, the amount of future transfers to and from depositories, as ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury.*

In what place.	Amount on deposit.	Drafts heretofore drawn but not yet paid, though payable.	Amount subject to draft.
Treasury of the United States, Washington, D. C.	\$210,030 98	\$162,756 84	\$47,274 14
Assistant treasurer, Boston, Mass.	55,345 28	33,864 91	21,480 37
Assistant treasurer, New York, N. Y.	769,510 17	650,595 62	118,914 55
Assistant treasurer, Philadelphia, Pa.	20,673 26	2,056 47	18,616 79
Assistant treasurer, Charleston, S. C.	38,894 42	17,187 11	21,707 31
Assistant treasurer, New Orleans, La.	184,284 30	63,533 81	120,750 49
Assistant treasurer, St. Louis, Mo.	27,035 23	8,838 35	18,196 88
Assistant treasurer, San Francisco, Cal.	326,098 18	95,202 60	230,895 58
Depository at Buffalo, N. Y.	719 72	306 01	413 71
Depository at Baltimore, Md.	2,668 15	10 79	2,657 36
Depository at Richmond, Va.	40,888 17	1,492 62	39,395 55
Depository at Norfolk, Va.	69,452 53	30,750 00	38,702 53
Depository at Wilmington, N. C.	25,134 92	4,618 71	20,516 21
Depository at Savannah, Ga.	18,879 11	5,684 42	13,194 69
Depository at Mobile, Ala.	61,089 50	14,217 13	46,872 37
Depository at Nashville, Tenn.	944 33	213 95	730 38
Depository at Cincinnati, Ohio.	4,662 91	2,481 34	2,181 57
Depository at Pittsburg, Pa.	2,327 14	-----	2,327 14
Depository at Louisville, Ken.	2,777 55	1,296 82	1,480 73
Depository at Galveston, Texas.	13,370 74	1,721 60	11,649 14
Depository at Norfolk, (Sawyer)	1,413 00	-----	1,413 00
Depository at Cincinnati, (McLean)	9,697 81	97 60	9,600 21
Depository at Dubuque, Iowa.	-----	-----	-----
Depository at Little Rock, Ark.	159,051 98	21,482 96	137,569 02
Depository at Chicago, Ill.	16,476 56	753 40	15,723 16
Depository at Detroit, Mich.	7,165 41	1,665 93	5,499 48
Depository at Omaha City, Nebraska.	940 94	743 06	197 88
Depository at Falls of St. Croix, Wis.	59,216 60	17,634 22	41,582 38
Depository at Olympia City, Washington.	516 79	-----	516 79
Depository at Tallahassee, Fla.	2,805 13	1,331 70	1,473 43
Depository at Omaha, (Gillmore)	13,854 03	4,050 65	9,803 38
Assay office of the United States, N. Y.	202,513 00	-----	202,513 00
Mint of the United States, Philadelphia, Pa.	125,154 16	-----	125,154 16
Branch mint of the United States, Charlotte, N. C.	32,000 00	-----	32,000 00
Branch mint of the United States, Dahlonega, Ga.	27,950 03	-----	27,950 03
Branch mint of the United States, New Orleans, La.	389,267 46	-----	389,267 46
Branch mint of the United States, San Francisco, Cal.	500,000 00	-----	500,000 00
Difference in transfers.	3,422,809 49	1,144,588 62	2,278,220 87
	45,000 00	-----	45,000 00
	3,377,809 49	-----	2,233,220 87

SECTIONAL MISUNDERSTANDINGS BETWEEN THE NORTH
AND THE SOUTH.

RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE,

APPROVING

The Crittenden resolutions.

JANUARY 22, 1861.—Referred to the select committee on the special message of the President of the United States, and ordered to be printed.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS, submitted by the committee on the state of the Union of the house of representatives of the State of Delaware, approving the "Crittenden resolutions."

Whereas certain resolutions are now before Congress, submitted by the Hon. John J. Crittenden, a senator from the State of Kentucky, for the settlement of our difficulties about the slavery question; and whereas the said proposition for the settlement of existing difficulties is deemed equitable, and ought to be accepted by both the north and the south, as it will, in our opinion, remove the cause that produces the danger of dissolution of the Union: Therefore—

Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the State of Delaware in general assembly met, That this general assembly approve of the proposition aforesaid of Senator Crittenden, and hereby instruct our senators in Congress, and request our representative, to advocate the said proposition, (or any other fair and equitable proposition or means of reconciliation which will be just to both sections of country and obtain the sanction of Congress,) and in so expressing themselves, they have no doubt they reflect the will of a large majority of their constituents; and they have sufficient confidence in the patriotism of the people of both sections, north and south, to believe they will approve it also, if their sense can be fairly taken.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing resolution, signed by the speakers of the two houses, and attested by the clerks, be forwarded immediately to our senators and representative in Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, *January 16, 1861.*

The above and foregoing resolutions offered, read, and adopted.

JOHN F. WILLIAMSON,
Speaker House of Representatives.

Attest:

C. RODNEY LAYTON,
Clerk House of Representatives.

SENATE, *January 17, 1861.*

Read and concurred in.

JOHN MARTIN,
Speaker of Senate.

Attest:

JOHN F. PRATT,
Clerk of Senate.

RELATIVE TO THE TENDER OF MEN AND MONEY TO THE
GENERAL GOVERNMENT BY THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE

RELATIVE TO

The resolutions of the legislature of the State of New York tendering men and money to the general government to be used to coerce certain sovereign States into obedience to the general government.

JANUARY 26, 1861.—Laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS adopted by the legislature of Tennessee.

Resolved by the general assembly of the State of Tennessee, That this general assembly has heard with profound regret of the resolutions recently adopted by the State of New York, tendering men and money to the President of the United States, to be used in coercing certain sovereign States of the south into obedience to the federal government.

Resolved, That this general assembly receives the action of the legislature of New York as the indication of a purpose upon the part of the people of that State to further complicate existing difficulties, by forcing the people of the south to the extremity of submission or resistance; and so regarding it, the governor of the State of Tennessee is hereby requested to inform the executive of the State of New York, that it is the opinion of this general assembly that whenever the authorities of that State shall send armed forces to the south for the purpose indicated in said resolutions, the people of Tennessee, uniting with their brethren of the south, will, as one man, resist such invasion of the soil of the south at all hazards and to the last extremity.

W. C. WHITTHORNE,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

TAZ. W. NEWMAN,

Speaker of the Senate.

Adopted January 18, 1861.

PACIFIC SETTLEMENT OF OUR PRESENT DIFFICULTIES.

MEMORIAL

OF

CITIZENS OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS,

PRAYING

That such measures may be adopted by Congress for the pacific settlement of our present difficulties as will restore tranquillity and peace to our now distracted country.

JANUARY 28, 1861.—Laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress:

The memorial of the subscribers, citizens of Boston, respectfully sheweth: That, while sharing in common with their fellow-citizens the general solicitude at the dangers which are now threatening the peace and unity of our country, they desire to give their urgent and emphatic expression of the necessity which seems to exist for mutual conciliation and compromise, and therefore, without discussion as to the merits of the various questions at issue, your memorialists humbly pray that such measures may be speedily adopted by Congress for the pacific settlement of our present difficulties as shall embrace substantially such a plan of compromise as may be deemed expedient to restore tranquillity and peace to our now distracted country.

Robt C Winthrop
Amos A Lawrence
Chas Levi Woodbury
Jas M Beebee
James Read
Henry J Gardner
S P Dexter
Edward E Poor
J Warren Appleton
H P Wetherell, jr
Andrew Tower
A Milliken

C S Prondtt
Edward Everett
Lemuel Shaw
Edward S Tobey
Joseph M Wightman
H S Chase
H B Mather
Jos Murdock
Julius Bacon
J J Davis
J E Sweetser
Hiram Knapp

J M Greenwood
 E P Merrill
 Thos T Ordway
 T B Caldwell
 Robt G Shedd
 Joshua Baxter
 C Henning
 G G Prescott
 J H Bennett
 H M Burr
 D W Goodrich
 L Burns
 H C Fisk
 James B Case
 E A French
 J A Ropes
 W A Mudge
 J S Lovering
 Edward W Dean
 John B Babcock
 John W Partridge
 Francis Phillips
 Chandler Holmes
 William C Page
 Benjamin F Wheeler
 Timothy L Wilkins
 John C Robinson
 H D Sullivan
 Charles W Gould
 J W Hosmer
 Porter S Allen
 Henry Bake
 Joseph W Onion
 William E James
 William Carpenter
 George F Carpenter
 Osborne Parker
 F J Carpenter
 Fred H Wetherell
 B Allen Hathaway
 H M Wiswall
 E B Paine
 Horace Smith
 Willard Welton, jr
 Wales R Stockbridge
 S Klous
 S J Rogers
 Frank Tripp
 John R Mullen
 Francis Loring
 George Brooks

E S Bradford
 E W Brigham
 H H Meener
 George N Spear
 Edward Young
 Albert A Pope
 James Connell
 C E Smith
 William Tyzzer
 Charles C Evans
 Thomas C Sorter
 A H Avery
 Maurice Eller
 ——— Eichberg
 Thomas Shaw
 H S Kimball
 A A Curtis
 George A Carter
 Eugene Chapin
 Charles A Perkins
 Jonathan Tobey
 F K Blanchard
 F Maynard
 C A Church
 George H Mandell
 Henry M Bates
 T W G Jones
 J L Barry
 S T W Aldrich
 Lucius A Coburn
 George R Minot
 F H Story
 George W Lyman
 N H Henschman
 Edwin H Hall
 Charles M Adams.
 Warren Emerson
 Henry T Champney
 John D Lovett
 Charles H Neele
 S T Ames
 J A Modico
 M C Hood
 Ariel B Crocker
 Horace S Loring
 Alfred A Andrews
 Lemuel R Lindsay
 A W Dyer
 Daniel Durgin
 L D Saydum
 John S Schouler

F G Todd
E W Davis
James B Billings
N W Bayley
C W Torrey
L M Van Keuren
H M Phillips
M S Stetson
S G Fay
George F Wilde
Joseph Hawes
S A Bigelow
Peter Bannon
G W Higgins
Wilson J Yates
Lyman C Gaskell
G G Peirce
James Owens
A F C Schroeder
H L Sleeper
F E Massere
F L Moore
J W Colburn
F A Blake
B S Kimball
Charles A Rhodes
E White
Lucius Stiles
I N Remick
J E Gladding, jr
J W Lincoln
Henry P Leighton
Edmond Russell
A Ferrin
Charles S Kendall, jr
B S Coggesher
Peter C Jones
Geo C Maynard
J Joy
William Walsh
Geo C Trumbull
Thos H Dunham, jr
Samuel G Greene
A H Merrill
A S Angell
Wm H Milton
Henry Mulliken
Henry Upham
George E Patterson
Geo A Bartlett
F H Williams

W F Gale
Chas V Whitten
Samuel B Hosskins
Horatio S Burdett
Amos S Young
Edward D Lee
John Q Adams
John A Blanchard
Bryant Stephenson
S P Skinner, jr
Wm H Dennet
Augustus Brown
H M Snell
Aug B Martin
William H Horton
J E Sampson
Frank Adams
Thos D Bradley
Wm Sherman
Henry Taylor
Charles Carroll Kurtz
E B Hull
Geo F Seaver
Dexter & Co
N H White
Wm B Hunt
W S Haskell
Francis Dane
John B How
D A Varney
Edward E Rice
W B Callender, jr
L Harrington
D N Misser
George Keyes
John Southworth
Andrew H Ward, jr
Lewis Wright
Saml N Brown, jr
Andw J Johnson
Benj Dickerman, jr
Rowland Hunt
E McIntyre
Geo E Freeman
Hugh Carey
Ira B Creutt
John A Duggan
Chas Armstrong
John Sale
W P Jones
H A Wilder

J F Spaulding
 Samuel Page
 Laurence Sarquet
 William Sellers
 Geo Butler
 John A Paine
 Aug Hall
 Charles Tidd
 Charles G Lund
 J A Baldwin, jr
 H R Coffin
 L F Richardson
 G E Baldwin
 Lionel A Wilbur
 Geo E Stedman
 Edward Raymond
 T L Skinner
 F S Bellows
 J C Johnson
 C E Ingalls
 John Luck
 A W McClearn
 Benj G Davis
 Geo N Twitchell
 H C Whittle
 C Curry
 H W Kittredge
 Joseph Dix
 Julius Pelton
 L Oudwell
 John A Smardon
 A G Bowditch
 W H Davis
 Wm J Cunningham
 Charles W Goldthwait
 J W Bragdon, jr
 Geo F Putnam
 L H Buckland
 G A Hull
 C W Bussy
 J S Shailer
 Richard Searle
 William W Page
 Phineas Hull
 G H Troup
 John P Haley
 R H Brown
 R H L Jewett
 Horan Cousens
 Geo O Lantern
 A P Browne

Isaac H Hood
 A F Sise
 George T Evans
 Chas H Dudley
 J E Richards
 Elijah S Wait
 Geo W Hindes
 B H Thayer
 N S Dillingham
 F Dillingham
 Wm B Sawin
 F M Holmes
 Henry B Metcalf
 Thos Comer
 Rufus G Lewis
 Geo Ticknor
 Henry J Gardiner
 J Mason Warren
 J F W Lane
 James Jackson
 Edwin C Lewis
 John R Larder
 Edward Sanders
 Seldon Crockett
 Christopher Hackett
 Henry M Macomber
 James B Macomber
 Wm D Hay
 Henry T Spear
 E C Bailey
 Quincy Tufts
 John F Prag
 C H Herman
 George W Vose
 Warren S Davis
 J R Osgood
 Richard Bright
 Theo H Bell
 Augustus H Hews
 Geo L Weston
 M E Osgood
 Geo A Mudge
 E H Wade
 Daniel H Lane
 W L Parmelee
 Henry M Mackie
 J D Barber
 A F Burbank
 G L Burbank
 S D Dyer
 B F Edmund

Charles A Browning
Fred'k W Jenkins
H B Stanwood
Chas Blaney
Geo D Low
J E Stanwood
B T Brigham
Alex Donaldson
C Harwood
George A Brown
Chas L Harrington
Jonas N Eaton
William Bradford
George N Comer
H H Stimpson
C Dillingham
L Cormerass
J Carter
E C Mann, jr
Robert Ferguson
G W Pasmidick
Len W Barnes
L H Dewey
Isaac O Barnes
Isaac H Wright
Ebenezer Northup
W B Mowry
S S Blanchard
S Frank Crockett
F J Thayer
J M Taylor
F H Calrow
R P Yeaton
Daniel B Spear
F W Snow
Samuel O Aborn
W M Vaughan
J A Frazar
John S Lockwood
H T Nichols
Joseph Gardner
Henry W Dyer
Henry H Kimball
Lincoln F Emerson
N P Kemp
J L Aldrich
F B Locke
L P Kingston
F Revere
A A Call
Thos W Tuttle

John M Call
Geo E Fairbank
L J Peck
Wm D Balch
C E King
Samuel H Gregory
A W Lovering
Wm L Brown
Henry R Sibley
Wm H Roundy
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A H Bates
C H Horss
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Augustus Morgan
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James Cox
H P Smith
H M Smith
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Orlando Tompkins
A D Sinclair
R Pierce
J K Farquharson
Andrew Mellish
Robert Geggil
Jno Fordyce
Hugh Kilpatrick
Michael Byrne
Neil Ferguson
William Anderson
Thomas S Wilson
Bethuel G Tobey
William F McFeat
Daniel O'Connell
Jno Arnott
Robert Leishman
John J Hennessy
Robert Sprunt

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 Nathan Robbins
 S F Woodbridge
 Geo C Nichols
 L D Jackson
 C C Chamberlin
 John F Payson
 Benj B Davis
 L W Howe
 C P Chapin
 Hiram Wiggin
 J S Mackintosh
 S D Tibbetts
 R A Mackintosh
 B P Hodsdon
 H G Seaverns
 George S Curtis
 Samuel Butterfield
 J Edwin Morrison
 James Scott
 James Newcomb
 Anthony Holbrook
 Lemuel Newcomb
 Thomas Walker, jr
 Thomas Hamilton
 Sands, Craft & Co
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 J Tinkham
 J F Baldwin
 Aaron Aldrich
 J C Priulke
 W H Stearns
 J V Fletcher
 Lorenzo Locke
 Davis & Atwood
 J Gross
 F H Conway
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 H Bird
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 Gilbert Nurse
 Amos Dodge
 H W Baxter
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 L D Starbird
 H L Hazelton
 Lewis Lerow
 W F Merrill
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 Dyson Dearborn
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 Wm Back
 James Tebin
 Wm Leithhead
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 William Taylor
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 Howard Emerson
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 Freeman J Doe
 Estabrook Moore
 Wm P Cumings
 H G Cole
 Stacy Hall
 O R Shaw
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 E Rand
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 Marlborough Williams
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 L B Hiscock
 E D Dyer
 Wm Winslow
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 S B Krogman
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 Solomon Newcomb
 M Aurelius Moore
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 F E Stanley
 C F Pratt
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 A R Aldrich
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 E Ayers
 David Carpenter
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 D Parker
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 Wm D Blanchard
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 G S Hurd
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 Da'id Weld
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 Bill Howe
 Charles Wilkins

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 D Humphrey
 D P Lane
 W E Rivers
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 Solo Fuller
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 The C Williams
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 W Horace Bartolle
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 Tadell & Dana
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 Benja F Gilbert
 John M Barnard
 John Warren
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 L Hodgkins
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 John A Pratt
 Thomas Grieves
 Wandel Wagner
 O A Willard
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 Chas E Robinson
 Ebenezer P Robinson
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 Wm Bird, 2d
 Saml T Hooper
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 J A Haskell
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 Milton J Hardy
 John M Wright
 N R Harris
 A J Dearbourn
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 N C Newcomb
 James B Smith
 James Draper

S M Tolman
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 Osmer A Bingham
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 T Lord Roberts
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 C L Raymond
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 Chas H Shapleigh
 Levi Wetherbee
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 Lewis Smith
 Alonzo Orne
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 John Waldron
 Jas L Buffum
 Augs Nichols
 Daniel Pratt
 Daniel F Pratt
 Geo Wadsworth
 S F Hurd
 Edwn Storey
 B Myers
 Albert A Hurd
 Charles E Seavey
 Moses W Pond
 C J Pilsbury
 Chas G Fisher
 J M Dunning
 F G Roach
 Orison Little
 Henry J Marks
 Wm McPherson
 J Edwin Hunt
 S C Ames
 James Tracy
 Th H Johnston

Chas Armstrong
 J V Stanier
 Geo H Hebron
 Wm G Brooks
 William Parkman
 A A Wellington
 Eben F Gay
 J W Merriam, jr
 O F Gould
 E H Woods
 Le Roy Thomson
 Wm A Byam
 E A Birchard
 C F Harriman
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 Elisha Tillson
 E S Conant
 O Chase
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 Erasmus Emerson
 F E Brackett
 Charles E Higgin
 Asa Law
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 Charles Southworth
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 A R Moulton
 Philip Holny
 O T Taylor
 D Macdougall
 Wm Lawrence
 R F Gray
 J F Fors

E Bonney
 Geo G Boyman
 G A P Durling
 Geo W Boynton
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 Roswell R Brown
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 Jerry Carson
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 E Francis Snow
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 C Smith
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 Joseph Breck
 Ch Henry B Breck
 S G Smith
 W J Buckminster
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 Nath'l P H Miller
 John N McGahy
 A J Hastings
 G W Clark
 Chas Willis
 M Pierson
 Louis Ziernegiebel
 Chas A Clark
 Hiram Cushman
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 John O'Neill
 G A Henderson
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 J D Whiton
 O F Wheeler
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 H Goodenough
 E S Dempker
 D Reed
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S S Davis
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 Enoch Paige
 Austin Paige
 Josiah Fiske
 Jona W Glines
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 Ira Gould
 A S Pough
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 Isaac N Harding
 Thomas C Smith
 C B Barrett
 W W Bellows
 F F Farwell
 J Frank Tarbell
 Ezra J Trull
 W H Mountfort, New York
 city.
 Benj Litchfield
 Bennett, Darling & Co
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 B W Hill
 P Furber
 R F Evans
 Chas A Rand
 Thos J Furber
 Leonard Conant
 Benj Bourne
 G M Hatch
 Harris S Bean
 Joel Gray
 H E Harvey
 Chas Gaines
 Wm G Lanphier
 John F Payson, jr
 Charles O Fox
 W H H Furber
 Edmond Hartshorn
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 Amos Keyes & Co
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 Nath Haven
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 Otis Foster
 Peter McKenna
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 Sumner Latham
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 J Adams
 Amasa Sargent
 Elijah Morse & Co
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 F Belden
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 W H Wheeler
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 Samuel Jackson
 Joseph Byron
 John G Whiss

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 L W Porter
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 Samuel Plumb
 Joshua C Bates
 Elijah Thayer
 William H Thayer
 William Butters
 H C Tribon
 Daniel Norcross
 William Evans
 Henry Emerson
 E Parker
 Erastus L Clark
 Jacob Stanwood
 E P Cotting
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 J H Meserve
 John Morden & Co
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 Davis & Priest
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 William Read
 William Read, jr
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 John Barry
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 H A Hall
 Peter Cutter
 G W Smith
 E W Cutter
 A W Barker
 R H Cutter
 H D Littlefield

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 John Myers
 A R Dodge
 H S Keniston
 Otto Kramer
 Balthasar Wagner
 Charles O Dodge
 Charles F Wood
 N N Austin
 E Underhill
 William V Alden
 L G Cilley
 J Keniston, jr
 Samuel Miles, jr
 Richard Nutter
 Warren A Blanchard
 W E Davis
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 J H Ridlan
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 A H Hamilton
 Chauncey Peck
 William Barnicoat
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 S Cheney
 James Bacon
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 S Bennett
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 B C Northey
 H Leach
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 Wm Buckminster, aged 77
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 Calvin P Hinds
 Sam'l S Pierce
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 B F Adams
 Michael Hession
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 J A Sawyer
 J B Collin
 William Edson
 F A Messenger
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 John Jordan
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 John F Kilton
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 J A Richardson
 G F A Wallis
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 T Willey
 B Gardner Foster
 A D Parker
 Sumner Albee
 Sam'l Roper
 S D Ward
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 E T Swift
 D C Linscott
 M Austin Parke
 James M Barker
 A Sprague
 B Swan
 J Birny
 I J Basset
 D W Abbott
 W B Thornton
 Prescott Barker
 Asa Cottrell
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 John Corcoran
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 Wyzeman Marshall
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 Richard Barrett
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 Chas L Colbums
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 O H Thornton
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 E M Rollins
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 William Jones
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 Thomas Campbell
 Jos W Stafford
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 B B Hartford
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 R T Jones
 Frank Farrell
 P P Battell
 G W Hazeltine
 J W Stone
 C Williams
 J C Dalton
 W Faunce
 J H Shacker
 Benjamin Cook
 E P Moulgove
 Alvan Small
 A G Hadley
 G Lawrence
 E A Hobart
 Alanzo Cay
 James Kunneer

Geo Metcalf
 W Ing
 M F Saxton
 James M Slevan
 Gridley Fletcher
 Aoy, jr
 Major Bates
 Ezra Clark
 Geo Metcalf
 John S Leonard
 Wm E Cornell
 John Drake
 Joseph Cummings
 Harvey Twitchell
 Abner Libby
 John H Tackaberry
 John Mormick
 John Mononey
 David Haynes
 Anslem Lathrop
 H H Thaye
 Aaron Downs
 A Robinson
 Geo P Lawle
 James Poor
 David Hanson
 Martin Malone
 John Curtis
 Abel Phouse
 F H Hardy
 G W Noyes
 E Averill
 E. Ricker
 Nat Austin
 J H Wright
 L Sinnott
 J A Russell
 William M. Loring
 E W Sayles
 Frank Johnson
 John Williams
 Michael Doherty
 N M Farmer
 A B Gilman
 E A Batchelder
 George Lane
 William Leach
 William Smith
 Martin V B Hamlet
 William Lindsay
 Daniel Simpson

Edward Gregor
Thos G Stevenson
Wm P Cabot
William Pratt
F T Hasleward
E A Alber
John Critcherson
Addison Hook
David Barton
James Biffin
P H White
P G Peele
H Peusley
William Dearborn
Charles Stevens
Geo S Bohn
Dr James M Barton
Warren Davis
John Drake
George W Thatcher
Daniel Carpenter
William T Quinlan
Patrick Colburn
Geo W Avey
Simri Whitney
Loyal Lovejoy
Wm Fletcher
G M Fletcher
Isaac Hall
James F Goss
James Doherty
Wm Harrison
Chas Perkins
K W Baker
T J Smith
Joseph S Allen
Chas Bisbee
John McKarty
Wm K Avery
George Warren
George Jacobs
James Wade
Jacob Johnson
Hamilton E Towle
William Brown
Francis Haynes
James Quinn
D D Hart
Geo R Tarbell
Danl B Newhall
E Veazie

Sam'l Tufts, jr
James Tibbetts
Albert Carter
John B Winslow
Lewis R Winslow
Wm E Brown
Wm Hanson
J L Taylor
C H Howe
John Bowers
A W Brown
Frank Tremain
L D Fuller
Wm Miles
John Bennett
James Keley
Wm B Ferguson
W G Chafee
R Foster
Geo Upton
A S Pettingill
J A Roberts
L E Day
John S Flint
Joseph Alley
John Watson
N O Gilmore
B H Tyler
Geo H Clark
George Johnson
Robert Fletcher
James A Tell
Charles S Josselyn
Joseph Harrow
Dan O'Connell
John Daniels
James B Snell
Joseph Bolles
Chas E Hodgking
W E Cousins
Lewis C Colley
John C Mastin
O C Coffin
Frank G Towle
Levi C Clark
J Vicery
James Daley
Abel Thompson
John Smith
John Hancock, jr
Frederic Pope

John B Day
 James Johnson
 George S Doe
 Thomas Hyland
 James Flynn
 Moses S Balie
 Michael Hoyne
 Samuel G Brown
 Alfred P Brown
 John Smith
 Gardner Johnson, jr
 Levi G Towle
 Henry R Wilson
 A P Blakeley
 J Stephen Hopkins
 Moses Page Wear
 J T Wilson
 J N White
 John Short
 John Grey
 Joseph Perry
 Marshall W Page
 John McMann
 Horace Poland
 Caleb Johnson
 John D Dow
 Richard Weeks
 Stephen A Austin
 Thomas G Somes
 Henry Weeks
 Geo Hill
 William Brackett
 Charles Trowbridge
 J M Schaffer
 B F Peakes
 Frs Butler
 John Stevens
 George Drake
 Paul Davis
 John H Leonard
 Chas H Foster
 Thos L Murphy
 Elbridge Wheeler
 Wm Giles
 Wm Y Prescott
 H C Mann
 Charles C Noyes
 Daniel Boardman
 Abra Wilkin
 James H Williams
 Patrick Prendergast, jr

Wm Herring
 George F Wright
 Adam Nicholas
 John Stimson
 A Wilkins
 E Cram
 Henry Bery
 Sam'l G Wilson
 Daniel Wiggin
 Zebolon G Chase
 John McSham
 Sam'l Pope
 Lucius Chase
 John A Drew
 Joseph Doe
 Benj F Halie
 Charles M Smith
 Bronson D Gilbert
 Ben Taylor
 P Q Treadwell
 Jonathan Cortland
 Jas C Bartlett
 Thomas F McGan
 Charles Gage
 Thomas F Frost
 Leonard Darling, jr
 James H Murphy
 James W Russel
 Wm Hamilton
 Jesse Sweet
 John Danforth
 Sam'l Curtis
 John C Green
 Sam'l Rierson
 George W Savage
 Jerome Sturtevant
 Sam'l Perkins
 John Ryerson
 Charles Mayo
 N Robinson
 Charles J Whitney
 Amasa Niles
 Thomas L Flynn
 Wm H Parker
 Geo H Lowe
 James H Williams
 William M Butler
 J W Smith
 Joseph Davis
 James D Cary
 W I Weeks

Geo G Ray
 H W Heempage
 Thomas C Marsh
 F W Spear
 John H McCafferty
 Benjamin Storret
 John Brown
 Lawrence E Dolan
 Isaac Willett
 Samuel H Gooding
 Joseph Hunter
 Francis Loun
 George Hamman
 James H Brown
 Andrew Abbot
 Sydney Patch
 Beza Lincoln
 Jesse Farmer
 John T Kendall
 Charles F Luther
 B J Gerrish
 Samuel Wright
 Curtis Barnes
 R W Lothrop
 Edwin Barnes
 Moses Hemenway
 Hiram Weeks
 P Taylor, jr
 T O Leavitt
 J S Paine
 J A Thayer
 Altamont Warland
 John Y Goodrich
 C S Johnson
 Richard P Weeks
 J B Sturtevant
 C C Ryder
 A D Pattle
 E H Burny
 Francis Logan
 Edwin Forrest
 William Lincoln
 William Esmonde Gasson
 Ephraim Dow
 Aaron Graham
 Samuel Ryeson
 Joseph F Evans
 J Shaw Young
 Robt Crothers
 R S Tay
 C O Edwards

C H Andrews
 P H Coll
 John Kersham
 Henry Pickford
 John Quinn
 Owen W Walder
 Samuel Bright
 Alex Broan
 Lawrence S Nichols
 Michael A Cummings
 Hugh Mundy
 Joseph Schall
 P F Donnelley
 John Cryne
 John Menne
 William Matthews
 A J Lawlor
 Charles Duketon
 William Thornton
 Joshua Kendall
 John Anslow
 Chas Parkhurst
 C S Colton
 Thomas Atkinson
 Henry Carty
 Thos L Jenks
 Aaron Rowell
 George Hill
 Samuel Talbot, jr
 William C Burgess
 Seth J Sampson
 D W Anthony
 S M Young
 A D Hortt
 H P Palmer
 Wm Barnard, jr
 C G Rowell
 Parker Spring, jr
 A Gordon
 O F Barron
 John R Parker
 Horan Poland
 John D Smith
 George W Stevens
 Horatio Smith
 W F Higgins
 H Weeks
 P A Pearsons
 J M Reed
 L C Bolton
 M Cumisky

George K Hooper
 E Coffin
 V D Lent
 J Howard Meserve
 Lucius L Biset
 George Mundluff
 Samuel D Thompson
 Richard Ripley
 W S Field
 C W Burnham
 Herman Meyer
 Jonathan Murphy
 Geo C Bittner
 Thomas Mueller
 John McGlenchy
 Emery Souther
 Abraham G Wyman
 Henry Warren
 H S Everett
 Asa Morrill
 Nicholas A Pastrowich
 John Krueger
 Simon B Heustis
 Josiah Livermore
 David O Floyd
 Thomas H Howe
 B F Hancock
 John Gilfeather
 William Ryan
 William Keon
 Hugh Riley
 T Melane
 Thomas O'Mally
 James Fleming
 Henry Chase
 Henry T Knight
 Frank H Failey
 John Morse
 Edward Moran
 James Golden
 Thomas Hepron
 William McDonald
 Isaac B Neal
 Theo S Vezy
 W D Kent
 G W Wheeler
 A T English
 William J Corbett
 Samuel Linton
 R Wallace
 L P Marvin
 M Fox

John Rowan
 W B McCann
 Wm Pike
 O S Hareling
 Francis K Santelle
 A S Merrill
 M H Haley
 N Putnam
 George Field
 I J Hayden
 O W G Warren
 Christopher Moore
 E C Gunning
 G Z McDonald
 G G Cabot
 J F Cabot
 Wm A Berry
 B L Sumner
 E F Redman
 J S Chipman
 James E Sipon
 Thomas Carver
 A D George
 E M Platt
 J W Dodge
 George Jarvis
 W H Young
 J J Keaney
 Thos H Lee
 S Carney
 C T Boutman
 George T Sanderson
 John Gilson
 Frank Howard
 Geo Wood
 Chas Adams
 Geo Williams
 Henry Webster
 Wm H Otis
 T West
 Amos B Smith
 Owen Gallagher
 John McGill
 John Malone
 Andrew Bell
 Patrick Fox
 Patrick McCamill
 H H Andrews
 John H Rolland
 Calvin Santell
 W N Knight

W F Bulkley
A H Bulkley
G A Little
O H Drake
Alye S Rose
H Libby
Jos A Beaty
J A Nye
James Perkins
John Teevin
M S Brady
Patrick Mulligan
Leonard Snow
Geo T Beal
A G Baxter
John McLaughlin
G M Baxter
William Jones
John H Lacoste
John Breed
S B Hancock
William Ulmer
William McGown
Wm K Edgar
S Copeland
John N McDavitt
W E Harding
Samuel L Ufford
H G Ufford
Thomas Harrison
J H Perkins
Isaac M Low
Charles W Brewster
John M Daid
J R Brewster
S Henry Taylor
James R Brown
James Patterson
Alfred Johnson
Wm G Miller
C A Walleston
Wm H Atwood
James Taylor
Daniel McDonald
Thomas Lynch
John Hamilton
David P Mathews
Robert G Dowling
Alex McKelvey
Richard Terry
Jonas Wyeth, 2d

Henry Cross
Francis D Hardy
Martin Faley
W F Tucheman
J B Place
Paige Taylor
E Kaufble
Henry C Locke
J S Nutter
Charles Meriam
Isaac B Rich
J L Mason
William Janes
Sumner Winslow
James Murray
Stephen Kimball
William N Marr
L B Sheares
A Warland
Charles Coburn
J S Paine
B S Wallis
G F Paine
John Crocker
Conrad S Martin
N Heburn
G A Kemp
C H Rich
Wm G Todd
Lem D Bond
Wm H Pool
L G Worthen
David Drew, jr
E L Bond
A H Bond
Z T Milliken
P B Holmes
B F Greene
James H Urian, jr
James Eceles
John Kirk
W H Nichols
F Fensterer
C S Smith
John H Taylor
Geo C Melvin
Holmes Cushman
J K Gammon
Lyman R Ruggles
Geo J Barrett
C F Meriam

T Albert Taylor
 A M Morse
 J A Studley
 J A Morse
 M Brennan
 J A Lehae
 J K Churchill
 A J Thayer
 J W Bancroft
 J H Bickford
 R Holman
 John Hurmeedell
 Jas S Lawson
 James M Francis
 Peter Edgerby
 Geo H Cassan
 Rondell Kemp
 Wm Parkinson
 John R Bradford
 William Jones
 Joseph M Leonard
 Michael Hayden
 Michael Sinnatt
 John Pagan
 Patrick Queen
 J F Caldwell
 T W Alcorn
 T J Folan
 W Warms
 James Portland
 John W Ellis
 W Kith
 James M Manness
 Nicholas Young
 Fr Henry Lorey
 John Gahm
 N J Parker
 Wm Craven
 G W Harvey
 John L Stevenson
 Chas Stevenson
 Chas H Fuss
 John McCarthy
 P Kendle
 A Foss
 John Abbott, Boston
 H F Danforth, Boston
 James Young
 H A Brown
 Andrew Paul
 J T Hopkinson

C Gussett
 M T Quimb
 F C Clapp
 Edm B Horn
 Z S Sampson
 John C Brooks
 Charles Howe
 Hasley Ellis
 Saml A Warner
 L S White
 Joseph G Bell
 G M Wethern
 J C Edwards
 John Mansfield
 H B Clark
 William E Hadley
 John H Alden
 A S Haynard
 S J Hamblin
 R P Cutter
 D T Towers
 Orien S Currier
 Geo Lord
 Geo W Banker
 Geo H Bryant
 M Chapman
 J G Graham
 W Munn
 E A Childs
 Geo L Brewster
 Daniel Stone
 Oscar Sheffer
 S E Colman
 R Goodwin
 A Nuton
 E Sanburn
 Charles Stuart
 A E Wightman
 S B Cutter
 Jeremiah R Otis Callahan
 John Brandon
 James Gavin
 Amos Whitten
 Daniel Wise
 J S Harris
 T J Emery
 C C Webster
 Holly Heart
 Wm Harrison
 S P Dunn
 T G Williams

A N Ryder
F Lawler
J Knowles
Paul Collins
E W Webb
Wm Vanstom
Geo T Phelps
Nathan W Parker
R Nichol
A Church
Lyman Robinson
Miles Thompson
E M Herom
Chas Whitney
Henry Peake
John A Linnell
Carnegie Grant Taylor
Richard Kelly
C C F Smith
W L Barker
D O Osgood
W Kelley
Geo W Polley
F P Woodbury
Wm H Barton
F M Hollingsworth
E C Bacon
A J Streeter
P E Sparks
E B Adams
Geo N Bigelow
George Foster
H A Ham
Fred H Chessman
B F Curtis
Noah Curtis
Joseph Cruser
F W H Rankin, jr
G S King
W S Dodge
Isaac Green
S N Robbins
Cornelius McCauley
Patrick McCauley
Francis H Ward
Joseph McLoughlin
Francis Clune
Benjamin Dow
Jos S Bacon
A W Beckwith
J N M Clough

Geo A Prescott
Frank H Freeman
Alex Wood
J H Blaney
W Tuck
George Howard
J Pingree
Chas D Pingree
Horatio Stone
W L Bates
H C Weston
Thos Woodman
Libby & Brothers
Fras H Joy
G B Wilbur
John S Joy
J P Waitt
D E Goldthwait
J G Goldthwait
F J Shaw
Thos Wilkinson
James B Wright
Geo Harper
John B Swaney
Peter Mully
Edwin Morse
H H Heath
W E Brown, jr
Joseph Morse
Alfred Morse
Josiah Cummings
Rich'd Rich, jr
Cyreneas Crosby
Th H Johnston
H G Macomber
B F Frost
R A Marcy
Wm S Farmer
N Hebard
E B Hebard
C H Townsend
Quinlan & Walker
J P Whitney
John Grace
Samuel Hacy
J H Gibson
Abel H Webb
John G Spear
William McPherson
John D Boynton
E R Gilson

Charles J F Sherman
 Charles J Lakins
 George A Bowen
 Joseph O Hall
 C W Tuckey
 A Cullen
 J Maxwell
 L Battis
 A G Manning
 George W Berry
 William Burley
 M A Green
 P W Dickey
 J Devitt
 E B Lincoln
 Messrs S & A Ailsheimy
 T C Curtis
 Timothy Remick
 George C Knapp
 P Stewart & Brothers
 A P Perkins
 J M Reed
 H T Ronell
 M P Stone
 William O'Brien
 William I Slade
 James Carrall
 John L Sanford
 E McMurdie
 Richard A Baldwin
 Daniel McCurdy
 James Francis Kennedy
 William Baldwin
 M Sullivan
 P Sullivan
 J W Tuttle
 T H Connor
 Thomas Lilley
 John M Gerrey
 Otis E Bowen
 Ga Walls
 Albert Litch
 Thos J Little
 F W Norcross
 H L Washburn
 Samuel Sparhawk
 S K Taylor
 John F Cotting
 Louis A Basford
 Julius Pelton
 H J Holbrook
 Abner Holbrook

B F Clough
 L Torrey, jr
 Albert Tirell, 2d
 T J Burrell
 J W Abbott
 A W Kingman (South Carolina out)
 George Leery
 Wm H Dole
 John George
 H M Hamilton
 Tim Dodd
 M Treadwell
 Washington Libbey
 G W Williams
 M S Wheeler
 Lewis Rice
 Levi Wotherbee
 Jno S Daley
 James Jones
 Cooper Clark
 John B Hill
 T B Eaton
 J A Gillett
 J Warren Faxon
 Wm J Reagan
 M A Lewis
 E W Brigham
 John T Wilby
 A Rust
 Edward Warner
 F W Delano
 Wm H Woodbury
 Edw'd Sintzeinct
 R E Perker
 H R Sayward
 W R Page
 G D Eamilton
 O C Everett
 Alvah Skinner
 Henry D Fowle
 Phinehas Adams
 Wm P Newell
 E P Fenton
 C Henry Cutler
 A C Thacher
 John H Parker
 Wm Bennett
 Chas. Leland
 Thos Swift
 Wm B Craft
 A C Mayhew

Almond Adams
J Q Brigham
W H Wheeler
Joseph W Aborn
Geo W Bassett
J W Norcross
Hosea B Carter
Edw'd F Jones
F H Bacon
Solomon Carter
Joseph S Hamblin
James Smith
Geo A Hook
D P Webster
M R Fletcher
C H Ward
Geo T Clark
Wm E Gaskin
J L Whipple
Geo Farrington
Geo Waterhouse
A F Truvis
G E Hale
John Steer
Patrick McKenna
C H Johnson
R D Allen
Wm H Roger
George T Richardson
Jas Burns, jr
Geo W E Wood
D W Hitchcock
F M Pratt
W K Walker
C W Hersey
W E Warren
B F Clough
J L French
Albert Humphrey
Henry S Munson
George D Kellogg
John Hocking
James Crocker
Wm B Hibbard
Howard M Hamblin
William H. Gardner, voter
William Wright
Henry Blanchard
Henry Rice
O H Culver
J B Crosby

Geo P Colman
John N Symond
Caleb Banker
R A Wright
J Milton Roberts
A Wentworth
Galen Bowditch
Matthew Armstrong
William S Hall
Patrick Blainy
Rody McGlaughlin
Dennis Desmond
Frank Ward
Patrick Cronin
John Lane
Thos J McCairn
Daniel Swan, jr
A Burbank
H. D Parker
Patrick Cassidy
Luther Colby
R S Gray
Richard C Lawrence
William W Clark
C C Potter
Dennis Doherty
N Calahan
John Carroll
Alexander L O'Toole
Andrew A Egan
Thomas J McGowan
Thomas Cooke
Thomas M Givey
Thomas Cain
John Doan
John Malone
Daniel Surgrew
James M Eaton
Leonard Hall
James Higgins
Cornelius Dwyer
Edward Devlin
John McBride
James Brooks
Michael Ring
William McLaughlin
Gershom T Burnham
William P. Stouder
John McCuskey
William Lynch
John Farrell

H Dean
 Bela H King
 Addison Swallow
 John McHugh
 Luke McDonough
 Neil Doherty
 P O Hagan
 M McMulheur
 W Hugh Dueely
 J M Conant
 Joseph McAtee
 Robert Gould
 Patrick O'Harra
 Thomas Hopkins
 Lambert M Maynard
 Ernest Becker
 Charles H Moore
 John M Roluite
 J Snow
 A Gollieff
 Robert Honors
 Thomas Haskins
 Joseph Giunan
 Charles F Newcomb
 Norton Newcomb
 Seth Rich
 L Seimare
 Benjamin F Rowe
 Henry Davis
 Simon Sugarman
 J E Smith
 Moses J V D Slice
 Henry C Spear
 John McLaughlin
 John Fox
 T H Dearborn
 Henry U Dady
 Jesse Brown
 C H Hall
 Timothy Hall
 Geo Callough
 Henry A Berry
 W E Jackson
 Thomas O'Cornu
 Michael O'Larry
 Patrick Malony
 Patrick Malony, jr
 Thomas Smith
 George Hart
 J Hutchinson
 Russ C Elliott

Clark Botter
 F H Duren
 A H Mather
 G H Watkins
 A Hatch
 Albert E Pierce
 R R Herriott
 Simon Sternburg
 Henry Bowman
 A Beekman
 Jacob Fox
 Enoch B Elliott
 J W Piskett
 Moses Emerson
 John F Bywers
 John A Anderson
 Thomas Danahoe
 John O'Donnell
 W A Norton
 Samuel Craig
 William Black
 James Marshall
 Samuel Parn
 M A Finegan
 John Galvin
 John T Gilman
 Benjamin Clapp
 Amos Russell
 Lawrence Bray
 J C Webster
 W W Pedrick
 W A Mason
 John Howard
 George Pearce
 P F Mahen
 P McP Gowan
 Chas D Bucer
 Edward R Dorr
 Patrick F Coyle
 Luther R Brazer
 John A Richards
 R T Robinson
 Charles McGarry
 Wm C Murray
 C Sweeney
 J C Hutchings
 D Leightton
 B F Parker
 B C Whitcher
 J P Gilson
 D E Bomutt

Henry C Miller
 Geo C Goodwin
 Chas C Goodwin
 F B Webster
 N M Jewell
 E W Hale
 Isaac Bemis
 C R Hunt
 Eugene Kelton
 John Stafferd
 Caleb Sewitt
 Daniel Barrett
 M McCully
 John Hoffman
 M McCully
 Albert L Cooley
 J P Jullian
 Thomas W Campbell
 C C Pierce
 William Caranah
 Archibald Rice
 William Hill
 William Mack
 Thomas S Ross
 William K Britton
 David Kaley
 John A Kenny
 Eben Burgess
 Charles E Dennett
 F Brewster
 Bartle Ryan
 T Smith
 G H Carleton
 S F Egan
 J H Colly
 J Smith
 D Carver
 Merrill Stevens
 Edward Riley
 Edward Cassidy
 E Shaw
 Wm G Pike
 A Litchfield, jr
 Perry Colman
 J P Dunham
 Geo H Dunham
 Daniel S Weeks
 Edw'd Mirgar
 John Classin
 Henry Kruger
 Wm B Burrell

S Rissill
 C Kennard
 R H Brockett
 J Benson
 W A Waters
 Fred A Walter
 E H Richardson
 J Oscar Kent
 N P Woodeman
 William Hovey
 Brice Collard
 John C Woodman
 Francis U Vittum
 J P B Savage
 M B Moore
 H F Stinson
 Arthur Wright
 Charles H Jones
 Charles W Farnum
 Wm A Parsons
 J F Drew
 E O Holmes
 Charles W Brown
 B W Brown
 John J Fessenden
 Thomas P Barrett
 E B Sawtell
 James Wright
 A Makewell
 Aaron Edmester
 Eben O Hawes
 Daniel Hurley
 John B Fairfield
 Joseph Blake
 Daniel D Foster
 Thomas Wentworth, jr
 Thurburn Nay
 H P Currier
 S E Currier
 C C Westover
 J L Mattice
 L Ham
 J M Rollins
 Rosewell Thompson
 William Chevilton
 John Bunce
 Baltius Mack
 Michael Burns
 Timothy McSweeney
 Denis Ford
 Jack Kenely

John Moran
 J James Wallace
 Patrick Dyomis
 Dennis Sullivan
 William Henry
 M E Sullivan
 Thomas Sullivan
 Patrick McCartey
 Thomas Minn
 Joseph Milmore
 Thomas McDermott
 Lewis Curville
 Otis Locke
 N B Bryant
 Josiah B Norris
 Henry F Thompson
 George Mears
 Dennis Smith
 Henry W Pitts
 C N Brown
 William Evans
 J B Giles
 Michael Gately
 Patrick Kelly
 Richard Walter
 James Morony
 Michael Hartuck
 Robert Farley
 Cornelis Reardon
 Fergus Breman
 J M Whelan
 John Critz
 Michael J Doherty
 Arthur Clements
 Patrick Murphy
 Lowreves Glynn
 William Donnalen
 Samuel D Read
 Joseph E Kinbole
 Lewis Stark
 R L Mason
 William Lund
 George B Barrett
 Charles H. Nichols
 E A Brown
 Charles H Weston
 Jeremiah Draper
 S E Boyd
 C C Demeritt
 J J Hayes
 W H B Smith

Charles Cleary
 William Drake
 David Payne
 Daniel Collins
 Martin Gately
 Joseph Thompson
 Thomas Ray
 Michael Huckey
 C Sullivan
 J Sullivan
 Thomas Flinny
 Peter Hogan
 Charles Road
 John Lynch
 Hugh O'Donnel
 Hugh Graham
 Thomas Slotell
 Tart Frieze
 James Moore
 James Chandler
 John P Varell
 Charles D Locke
 John Healy
 Charles Crocken
 George Barker
 I H Edgerton
 H O Spaulding
 S F Garnage
 Thomas Crabe
 John F Shade
 H O Keill
 Patrick G Lyons
 Cornelius Galia
 Daniel Eegan
 John Griffin
 William Burns
 H O Neill
 Florance Scannal
 Daniel Cronin
 William Gutely
 William H Carroll
 John Waugh
 David McLaughlin
 William Sterns
 William T Rich
 Michael J Doherty
 James Lyons, to preserve
 the Union
 P C Reynolds
 John Farrelley
 John Burke

R G Furgurson
 Geo B Savage
 John F Slater
 G W Bott Burns
 Garrett Laughnan
 Hugh Callan
 John Downing
 P B Gately
 Thomas Sullivan
 H Shanley
 Jeremiah McKaith
 George Dortherty
 Nathan F Crowell
 Chas Callahan
 Andrew Phelon
 Chas M Haywood
 Milton Andros
 J G Chandler
 Thos H Gray
 Michael McDonald
 J W Marshall
 James D Manroe
 C S Cushman
 C F Cook
 Francis Coffrin
 Joseph M Dalton
 Joseph Baker
 Vincent Woodside
 Matthew Lyan
 Warren Jennett
 John Harwood
 William Woolley
 Nathanael Seaver
 Mark Googin
 Sydney F Whitehouse
 Sam'l R Field
 Dexter A Tompkins
 George Shackford
 Thos D Dalton
 T R Stuck
 G D W Kennedy
 L S Copeland
 D Robinson
 Thomas Haynes
 Caleb H Smith
 E M Endicott
 Chase Cole
 George W Adams
 Isaiah Atkins
 Albert W Scott
 David P Crocker

Richardson A Tewkesly
 Edwin J Osgood
 Jesse Smith
 James Jewett
 William Austin
 Augustus Blood
 William H Spear
 George W Wells
 Jesse Bickford
 James W Dillon
 George H Mackay
 M Pettengill
 John E Noyes
 G W Acres
 E C Wood
 S L Davis
 Peter B McGinnes
 R W Odhem
 John LeBaron
 Charles West
 Levi Stinchfield
 E Y Graves
 Edw T Thompson
 David Bayden
 Freeman Atkins
 Lyman W Gould
 Lucius Wood
 Clark W Daten
 Jonathan Aiken
 Jos C Baston
 Geo W Cottle
 Zeda H Mayo
 William Constant
 William Wentworth
 Silas Pierce
 Arthur Pickering
 William Perkins
 William Thoring
 Saml Hatch
 Nath Meriam
 Levi Bartlett
 Chas Arnold
 Horace Dodd
 Joseph L Richards
 Jas M Barnard
 George P Deshon
 M J Mandell
 Wm H McLellan
 Geo Bowlend
 Henry C Wainright
 Wm H Foster

George C Lord
 S H Bullard
 Chas Thompson, jr
 John B Turner
 Thomas B Everett
 John F French
 Jas W Hammer
 R B Williams, jr
 E H Kettell
 J S Baker
 R Keith (a soldier of 1812)
 J W Shaws
 Walter Hastings
 Southworth Shaw
 John O'B Minot
 John H Swasey
 Joshua T Blake
 Jacob Meryman
 James W Cartwright
 Ephram Wildes
 Moses Wildes
 George Mountford
 Marshall P Wilder
 Otis Drury
 C W Cunningham
 Lewis Endercott
 E Seccomby
 A H Silvester
 Benj R Gilbert
 Isaac B Mills
 Dexter Babcock
 J Tuell
 John L D Wolf
 James J Calahan
 Francis K Fisher
 W C Hichborn
 Aaron Corey
 George W Libby
 W G Lewis
 S L Hastings
 Nathan Parkins
 Obed Jackson
 G W Prince
 Wm Freeman
 Gilbert Attwood
 Alden Gifford
 H Whitin
 Benj R Little
 L B Marsh
 C Binkley Johnson
 D J Van Rang

E F L othrop
 W W Reynolds
 James Craige
 Joshua Lenard
 James M Clark
 E C Starkweather
 Clark S Bigby
 Abyah S Johnson
 G B Jones
 J W Rogers
 Herman B Inches
 R Williams
 W H Jennings
 D W Holmes
 B W Gilbert
 Saml Wheelright
 M D Briggs
 Benj G Blanchard
 Geo P Upham
 Josiah P Creesy
 Jeffrey Richardson
 Solomon Piper
 Francis Henshaw
 A Pierce Green
 W R Norcom
 Warren F Gilbert
 Aaron D Hubbard
 D G Rowland
 F S Kettelle
 Saml S Pollard
 C Wakefield
 E J Whiton
 Alfred Winsor
 Hugh McElroy
 Enoch Hobart
 Fred H Stimpson
 Henry Wenzell
 Geo M Gray
 Timothy Hall
 F P Ladd
 H W Cushing
 J B Hobart
 T Wilsenthal
 E Pickering
 Nat D Hubbard
 William Knapp
 Geo L Dodd
 Stephen Salisbury, jr
 James Gilchrist
 Andrew J Roberts
 Wm Heywood

Luther Farnham
 James Butler
 William Hilton
 James Deshon
 J V C Smith
 Frederick Jones
 A F Emery
 C E Keith
 George N Bliss
 A D Bancroft
 C E Alexander
 J P Cross
 Benj N Marks
 J L Palmer
 Geo Edson
 Geo H Rugg
 T N Rand
 John J Rayner
 D W Spooner
 Abel Proctor
 Thomas E Proctor
 Henry H Proctor
 C H Dill, jr
 S F Bulkley
 Edmond Quinn
 E Heidenwick
 H Newhall
 Wm B Young
 Geo H Moulton
 P Ware, jr
 A E Rodenmayer
 Thomas F Edmonds
 John Muller
 Charles H Webb
 R J Lowe
 S Q Hersey
 James F Cox
 O Underwood
 Abner B Loring, jr
 Daniel Howard
 James Tirrell
 Albert Tirrell
 James Tirrell, jr
 Nathaniel R Childs
 John Lane
 C W Adams
 Wm H Varney
 C W Heney
 Geo W Frye
 G B Blanchard
 R Towers
 H. Mis. Doc. 23—3

Albert Childs
 J A Rising
 Alfred Bixley
 Jas S Stone
 A P Martin
 O H Peck
 Robert Shirra
 Daniel A Noyes
 Joseph H Coombs
 J A Stafford
 W J Twohig
 George L Rice
 Luther Crane
 M S Parker
 John H. Brown
 Charles B Spencer
 W H Buzbee
 T F Holden
 H W Greene
 A A Taylor
 J F Cummings
 Wm H Gardner
 Levi F Stevens
 B Flint King
 B F Nourse
 Edward Chase
 E T Gray
 J Thompson
 T C Webb
 N Farrand
 C J Bishop
 Chas J Stearns
 George W Johnson
 Hale S Harard
 F D Plimpton
 M C Hight
 Hiram Temple
 C W Hanson
 T Clement
 J B Clement
 E L Sprague
 William Troy
 Thomas Hilton
 H W Johnson
 B F Talbot
 C B Wilson
 Michael Curran
 F L Fay
 Stetson Vaughn
 Henry Poor
 Danl C Hood

W S Damrell
 Fred W Clapp
 Wm F Lynch
 Add D Welch
 J J Walworth & Co
 Edward H Rice
 Chs J Baldwin
 Charles Woodberry
 Chas E Sweeney
 Joseph P Gardner
 J Dunlop
 Emery N More
 W R Arey
 Thomas M Carr
 J A Moore
 C W Mayo
 J P Cloutman
 Frank H Taylor
 Benj Lombard, jr
 M E Wortlun
 Isaac Story
 Hunter Bigelow
 John Gardner
 John H Barry
 Jas English
 James Sower
 Daniel Hurley
 Michael C Lynch
 John A Walch
 John Smith
 Hamilton Greene
 Wm Snow
 John Ahrren
 Henry Brown
 Thomas J Barry
 Thos Callahan
 Michael Brennan
 Richard Moylan
 Patk Cryan
 M McAuliff
 James O'Leary
 Wm C Torrey
 G S Kendall
 Wm G Doe
 John Dalton
 John Nagle
 John Hayes
 Timothy Bresnihan
 Thomas Winn
 John Finnigan
 Thomas Finnigan

C H Titus
 Alfred French
 John S Swift
 Joseph W Lawrence
 John C Whiton
 Wm K Paine
 N D Silsbee
 A Whitman, jr
 (Illegible)
 Thos G Caldwell
 Michael Malone
 A B Wheeler
 Melvin Adams
 Maurice McCarthy
 Josiah Laurence
 Hugh Flood
 Fred J Pratt
 S A Brackett
 Saml B Pierce, Sons & Co
 John Quinn
 Freeman Rice
 Franklin Rice
 Edwin Rice
 Henry T Pratt
 Alex S Maxfield
 J Renfrew
 T R Shannon
 A B Coffin
 Wm Marsh
 Saml Sedgley
 Adolph Otto
 Chas H Elms
 E H Holbrook, jr
 George L Shepard
 Chas E Hunt
 C L Bartlett
 Chas H Morse
 D D Stratten
 Edward Ryan
 Andrew A Harrington
 Anth D Winsor
 Edwd A Morse
 Charles W Kimball
 Benj Cushing
 Horace P Tobey
 J W Whiton
 Geo H Southard
 John P Whiton
 Wm Denton
 Thos B Vose
 A L Gould

William B Stetson
W & F H Whittemore
Oliver N Eldredge
H J Richmond
C C Richmond
Theo Robinson
Mithede Leary
John Mixer
E S Whitman
Augustus Mixer
Wm Underwood
Alfred B Shaw
W J Underwood
C Cutler
N W Coffin
Petus, Chan & Co
J H Chadwick
J T Ellis
W M Simpson
Josiah Quincy
J O Cummings
John S Howe
Lewis Wheeler
Flint Bros & Co
Wm S Green
R C M Leeke
Wm G Pierce
W S Clarke
James McAuliff
Asa C Dodge
E W Cutler
Chas E Harkee
Nahum Washburn, jr
John Attridge
Joseph Converse
Thos Conley
Charles H Morton
J M F Howard
Benj Pettee
John Hurley
Jeremiah Kelleher
Michael O'Dea
James Brown
Christopher Merry
Chas D Waterman
John Binney
J H McGrade
H A Ring
James Sexton
James Rendrick
John O'Brion

Patrick Mullaner
Thomas Smith
Thomas Humphrey
Patrick Hyde
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A M Semerby
John Burk
D P Batchelder
Charles E Evans
John M Kenefic
W Bowdoin
E Murri
A Richardson
E Murray
M Dacy
Samuel Baley
Simon Blake
S R Estabrook
Robert P Wiggen
H W Webster
Chas A Thacker
Henry H Chandler
E D Ruggles
Rich Marsler
D B Ball
Z H French
E D Conant
A Drew
Thomas Barry
Elisha Myrick
Michael J Ryder
James Murphy
E R Butler
J L White
C E Haynes
William Keating
Joseph O Farrell
Dumett Florance
Florence Sullivan
Robt White, M D
David A Ring
Thomas F Ring
John McGrath
J Kelly
John Lund, jr
William Quinn
Andrew Cook
John Smith
Denis Collins
Lawrence Ferren
N Ball, jr

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 A J Sawtell
 James Demit
 Charles Paal
 James Barnard
 W Bean
 C H Horton
 T Farrar
 James Bright
 William James
 James Fogey
 J Shannon
 J Leonard
 L Belt
 H Fargo
 O H Freeman
 H Carpenter
 Edward Wheeler
 H M Coburn
 John Baxter
 John Nuson
 F J Green
 Owen Mahan
 Daniel McCann
 Wm Freeman
 D Taylor
 Benj F Auty, jr
 John M Campbell, jr
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 John L Prouty
 B L Lissner
 John Knight
 John Magann
 John Meeson
 Danl Agin
 George Williams
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 L Davis
 George B Stebbins
 Stephen Wiley
 F W Jones
 Lyman Drake
 Moses Dame
 Francis Carslile
 John Devine
 William Whelan
 Patrick Birne
 Stephen Harrington
 Daniel Quinn
 Eben Quinn

N J Cottle
 Zeb Doe
 Martin Bulger
 Tilton E Emery
 Patrick Dowling
 John Maley
 John Cluney
 David Moorsee
 John Simpson
 James Donaughey
 Daniel Doherty
 Patrick Doherty
 P S Duffy
 D E Shoger
 N B Ticeum
 John Davis
 Lewis Proctor
 John Shaw
 David Gale
 Stephen Gale
 John Downey
 Patrick Welch
 James Doherty
 William P Spear
 Geo S Spear
 E A Bartlett
 John Barrett
 J R Newton
 Moses Whitney
 Elijah Barker
 James Bowes
 Z Burchmore
 Somes Davis
 Jerome Tuttle
 Jasper Brown
 Oscar Grant
 Benj C Pray
 Walter Jenkins
 Geo Johnson
 E W Pike
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 P Dwyer
 John Mills
 Cyrus Chamberlane
 Jacob S Stanton
 John Whelan
 Daniel Webb
 William Duffer
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James Hoyt
Martin Bulger
A Morse, jr
James Gavin
John Prior
John Tucker
James Jannessey
John Bradley
Chas H Perry
Chas Donaughey
James Burke
R H J Miller
J H Carlisle
Daniel Jones
George Jones
William Brackell
Steven Piper
Geo H Towle
Wm H Parker
Charles Davenport
Lewis Piper
John Stevens
Charles Bradley
Oliver S Tucker
D L Ware
George S Smith
E G Allen
L E Dudley
A G Drady, jr
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T B Reed
Jos W D Parker
John D Daw
Solomon H Dodge
James Jones
S W Wallace
John Mills
John Thompson
J Geo Hubbard
Perry Sawyer
Thomas Chapin
Peter Harney
Michael Thornhill
James H Snow
Jas Fanning
T Raddin, jr
John Hill
Henry Albro
G W Carleton
D Cross

William Allen
Z Falwicks
A Godfrey
L J Gilman
Moses F Brown
Darius James
Lewis Piper
C E Swift
Nath'l Vevy
Benj W Robinson
Dan'l Murphy
John Grace
Moses Keys
Sebastian Fraser
Chas A Jones
Hiram Morse
Benj'a C Drew
Asa D Whittier
John Miller
Cyrus Miller
Eliphalet H Morris
Neil Doherty
Daniel Stewart
John D Sottle
Nath'l C Hill
Charles Burr
John Burr
Samuel O Damon
Charles Spaulding
John Burrough
G C Simpson
Charles Gale
George P Towle
William M Cown
Chas V Caples
S C Robinson
Ephram Orcutt
H W Cottle
Nahum Ferguson
Wm Woodbury
Geo Johnson
T W Farnham
Joseph F Hay
John M Silver
N Atkinson
Royal M Flint
John Stacy
Dan'l Bradley
Geo S Wilson
Hamilton Jones
Stephen Dermott

Jotham Seavey
 E D Parke
 Samuel Whiting
 Charles Minot
 John Flynn
 Peter Weeks
 Daniel Miner
 Thos Dunnry
 Sam'l D Stanwood
 Daniel J Darue
 Cornelius O'Neil
 Chas H Tenney
 L W Creery
 Joseph Perry Price
 Owen O'Connor
 S H Penly
 John Dealz, jr
 James Dinar
 Joseph Penn
 Dennis Moran
 George W Thayer
 Addison Hook
 J H Ring
 David Haynes
 Arom Heiss
 Joseph Sullivan
 Hiram Chess
 Timothy Holt
 E O Nudd
 Sylus Hurd
 C O Osborn
 Aaron Williams
 Geo Patterson
 James Smith
 T D Harvey
 Miles Parker
 John J Ryan
 Frank Webb
 Frederick E Webber
 W H Whitmore
 H C Whittle
 F E Wetherell
 Jerome Jones
 J M B Reynolds
 J P Williams
 John Lane
 A B Harvey
 G G Colman
 J A Dane
 Jno K Groub
 L B Jones

J S Doyle
 M Fuller jr
 James E Messinger
 Wm Lawrence
 Oliver H Walker
 Sam'l T Pearl
 Wm P B Brooks
 A L Newell
 Wm C Swift
 Chas G Towers
 Henry Keith
 James G Bradt, M D
 J W Temple
 Horace A Groud
 Alonzo Rand
 H C Burgess
 M B Brook, Boston
 James Freeman
 Albert E Proctor
 E Husey
 J A White
 Charles J Martin
 J T Salmon
 John Salmon
 Joseph Davis
 Samuel Verney
 Hiram Crafts
 Theodore Brown
 George Love
 Isaac Furber
 Henry Faheny
 Thomas Balt
 W J Prescott
 D Bond
 D Bordman
 J P Bond
 John Radclef
 Dana Jones
 James Tilton
 Geo Wallace
 Henry Poor
 J H Lane
 John C Hoine
 Pat Riley
 Chas F Wilson
 H Augustus Culbertson
 Geo J Dockray
 James Grant
 Chas Packard
 S S Clough
 Geo C Brown

Jno Brownhill
 John Brown
 S G Howe
 Geo W Parmenter
 Joseph T Peirce
 T H Smith
 Elijah Stearns
 H P Crane
 Wm H Gleason
 Charles H Pratt
 Chas W Allen
 Elbridge S Williams
 W R M Hook
 Wm Neilson
 Moses S Page
 Hiram E Felch
 Wm L Anderson
 Albion Anderson
 Granville M Clark
 William Fisk
 Joseph Chipman
 Henry C Weston
 Alfred W Coburn
 Wm Allen
 Ozius Gillett
 George W Bellmix
 George H Granger
 Charles H Cleveland
 Solomon Kenison
 Ozius L Gillett
 C E Knox
 F Lord
 John Miller
 Matthew Perkins
 Clinton Viles
 Jeremiah Watson
 E B W Restieany
 Alexander Simonds
 Cyrus Eaton
 H D Niles
 Benj Smith
 Seth Shultz
 Chris Plunkett
 George H Shaw
 Edwin O W Frost
 J E Hook
 Jacob Lluarz
 Charles Burrill
 Eben Seavey
 W S Phinney
 O Day

W B Forrest
 Joseph Huse
 Geo Mason Chilson
 Chas H Merrill
 Thos B Fillebrown
 Peter Holmes
 Stephen C Holmes
 William E Smith
 N S Dunklee
 G C Dunklee
 T M Richards
 Geo A McCurdy
 W Wilkinson
 W B Moore
 B W Dunklee
 Chas Powers
 Chas E Gossett
 William Witherell
 James Peyton
 Wm W Greenough
 Dan Doherty
 John Wingate
 S Mulcombe
 William Wise
 Alvan Rogers
 Sylvanus Payn
 Wm Warren
 Wm Whelor
 John Conlan
 Arther Baylus
 E R Dunham
 H M Bartlett
 Charles Towe
 Cyrus F Yeaton
 W Wallace Spalding
 D H Warden
 David Bryant
 John Graham
 M B Houghton
 Hubbard W Bryant
 H Riley
 M Gorman
 Peter Lapointe
 S S Hersy, jr
 Eli Culley
 John Dillon
 Francis H Markey
 Hiram W Shackley
 James Cobine
 C C Clickeny
 H J Bowyer

G W Lane
 E A Kimball
 Nelson Cutler
 H K Moore
 Chas Wyatt
 Frank K Moore
 Jason Braman
 Fred A Newell
 C S Barrett
 U Q W Dow
 S M Currier
 H R Underhil
 Geo H Burke
 Joseph Jones
 James Wise
 John Dolan
 J A Davis
 Garrett Nagle
 Daniel O'Connell
 A C Chase
 Theodore Mitchell
 James Cummins
 David Flynn
 Uriah W Carr
 George F Badger
 W Geo Hunter
 C Horgan
 Thos M Hunter
 David Magher
 Thomas A Seater
 John Ewen, jr
 John Horgan
 Wm B Lyons
 Geo C Barnard
 Edward Clahan
 Geo McGunigle
 Joseph S Currier
 John L H Thomas
 Joseph E Adams
 Insley G Jones
 Daniel Litchfield
 B F Young
 D E Jewett
 William Goodwin
 T F Hoogs
 F W Allen
 C W Norris
 C A White
 Barzillai Hinds
 George Hatch, jr
 Jonathan Damon

Gardner B Chapin
 Joseph S Wallingfor
 Jacob Wolf
 D J Carruth
 A O Classon
 Robt B Laird
 G A Reynolds
 W F Reynolds
 John Walker
 Ames Searcy, jr
 Geo A Robbins
 John D Robinson
 Danl Farrar
 E C Fitz
 G H Byam
 Moses Pond
 Jas W Pond
 C E Parsons
 Chs G Ansell
 James O'Hara
 Jona P Lyon
 Wm L Sargent
 A C Brown
 Isaac B Trask
 Deming Jarves
 R C Harper
 John S Tyler
 John T Coolidge
 Philo S Shelton
 P C Brooks
 Thos C Linzee
 D D Stackpole
 Jno Revere
 Wm P Mason
 Thomas P Rich
 Wm Heywood
 Geo B Upton
 Henry Wainwright
 F P Sprague
 Jos S Coolidge
 S E Sprague
 Jos L Henshaw
 Sidney Bartlett, jr
 G H Blanchard
 G M Barnard, jr
 C C Chadwick
 H C Loring
 Lewis W Tappan
 Charles Merriam
 Nathl H Emmons
 J W Lincoln

Joseph B Glover	B D Godfrey
E Hathaway	John Tyler
Wm Dehon	C F Hersey
Joseph Whitney	Saml Whitevell
H Austin Whitney	James Reid
W R P Washburn	John P Bayley
John H Colby	Nich Booser
J Edwin Hunt	N W Curtis
James L Hamson	W D Ticknor
O H Spurr	James W Sever
Theodore A Thayer	George C Ward
James C Bayley	Ignatius Sargent
Freeman Allen	Elisha Copeland
John C Potter	John C Buckman
J Sturgis Potter	Elmer Townsend
W H Richardson	Wm L Elliot
Wales Tucker	Charles C Haven
Simeon B Stone	Frank B White
Thomas O Bray	Lewis W Nute
S Blake, jr	John C Potter, jr
Wm C King	Henry E Cobb
A N Sanders	J W Mandell
M M Sanders	Nathan Russell, jr
Geo E Hatch	G B Du Bois
John J Henry	I Cary, jr
Jos H Clapp	Geo B Preston
B F Campbell	A S Stetson
H S Sanborn	James H Baldwin
B F Campbell, jr	J W Pruett
H S Cushing	Geo W Ordway
Charles Bond	J W Bradley
David Foster	Wm D Flint
Aaron Kimball	N L Bassett
G W Cochrane	J F Alden
J Fletcher Paul	J H Lester
Wm B Cochrane	Leml Higbee
L S Jones	D C Baker
G H Wood	A H Kimball
Geo R Stetson	I F Arnold
Wm B Bacon	Francis Brown
Oliver Eldridge	Chas Brown
David Nevins	A B Keith
David Perigree	A L Clarke
J P Murguard	Jas P Bush
Eben Sutton	T H Perkins
Benj C White	Eben Bacon
Frederic I Bush	Thos Wigglesworth
Caleb A Curtis	L T Snow
Jacob C Rogers	Wm D Boardman
Chas E Fuller	J Frans Kimball
C C Sheafe	B Greenleaf Boardman

Peter Butler
 E A Boardman
 Orel Towle
 R J Waterhouse
 Henry H Rueter
 Wm H Slocum
 Warren Mallard
 Moses W Weld
 Chas Torrey
 James Tisdale
 Wm Bramhall
 Thomas Dwight
 George D Wells
 John Cowdin
 Harvey Jewell
 H Bigelow
 Wm Ed Coale
 R W Newell, M D
 J Walter Read
 E A Jameson
 F E Wetherell
 O F Lincoln
 Otis Munroe
 Matthew Binney
 Abel Cushing
 Thos Sprague
 Charles Smith
 W E Townsend
 Geo Stevens Jones, M D
 Nath'l C Stearns
 Daniel Cummings
 Fred D Allen
 Elbridge G Morse
 James Gordon
 Wm T Leggett
 H H Wardwald
 E F Merrill
 F D Somerby
 C Stratton
 C E Fox
 John T Bunten
 Augustus Grant, jr
 Benj G Ball
 Wm G Henry
 Timothy Drisall
 T H Moore
 L B French
 J L Poor
 Everett Smith
 John McKenzie
 James Turner

John S Snow
 F H Clark
 S G Bridge
 D E Ordway
 Daniel Henschman
 Wm H Haskell
 Geo M Demond
 Edward Bancroft
 Wm H Allen
 H B Stoddard
 Hopestill Hall
 Joseph N Ford
 James Davis
 William A Ford
 J H Gallison
 Chas O Huntington
 Jos W Sherman
 G W Foster, jr
 Wm H Watson
 Elliot W Gammon
 Edwin E Gammon
 Peter E Blake
 J H Vezie
 John T Judkins
 Hiram Morse
 Simon Nowitzky
 S Samenfield
 Jeremiah Lyons
 Patrick Lynch
 O P Bowman
 Geo Arnold
 John F Ramsey
 J B Eaton
 Timothy Gerrish
 Daniel Smith
 Horace B Pratt
 S N Alexander
 Rufus M Sherwin
 Clark B Wood
 John B Nelson
 Robert Dale
 S B White, jr
 H B Day
 J F Carrington
 Joseph Pierce
 James Jewett
 Franklin Fuller
 John F Fuller
 Wm A Clark
 George S Copeland
 L F Hayward

Charles Cooley
 Nathan A Fitch
 John B Brackett
 G Wolcott Woodward
 Joseph H Wright
 Calvin Ewing
 Levi Cooley
 Willard Bugbee
 Jas F Frye
 Geo E Dalrymple
 Chas M Trufant
 Henry A Cann
 Orick Nickerson
 T D Hill
 H F Harris
 Thos Bond
 Wm R Priest
 Michael Maloney
 Wm James M Shuby, M D
 Thomas Neely
 Walter Scott
 John Dunlap
 M Kenny
 Peter Conroy
 John Kyles
 P Conroy
 J McGowan
 P O'Neil
 Martin Mullen
 Richard Delahunty
 Michael Bradley
 Robert Napier
 L S Dale
 G W Gilman
 Joseph W Green
 Thilman Warren
 Lucius Poole
 Joseph Gardner
 Thomas Reed
 B N Severam
 Charles Stone
 J K Sartwell
 Thomas H Johnston
 Fred L Wendell
 John Hatt
 Byam Carlton
 G A Adams
 W A Krueger
 Noah Harrod
 Henry C Snow
 W J Dodge
 T C Whitleme

Wm Knapp
 L Russell
 T Foley
 Sexton
 Richard Roach
 Chas E Meyer
 William Heley
 Thos Rogers
 Patrick E Rock
 William Twigg
 James Harlow
 John Doherty
 E T Kent
 Henry W Gore
 Wm A Dodge
 J S Viles
 J G Bancroft
 W J McDonald
 E J Ford
 DW Gore
 S Hobbs
 Wm H Reed
 John Gorman
 Benj F Eaton
 William Corrigan
 Joseph K Churchill
 G T Hitchcock
 P T Hanchett
 Joseph Friend
 Lewis Verveer
 G T Wagner
 Thomas Brewer
 Nathan Blood
 G S Mitchell
 Alfred S Foster
 Saml J McLean
 John F Donnelly
 Edwd T Hatstat
 George Gardner
 Benj E Day
 John Laggan
 John Higgins
 John R Clifford
 H M Sleeper
 T F Sleeper
 James Day
 John Kellcher
 Daniel Hartlett
 J W Carleton
 Chas W Smith
 C J Borden

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 Neil McLellan
 Leigi Sirovich
 Michael Sullivan
 James Murry
 Daniel Flynn
 Michael Bryan
 Saml O King
 P L Meseley
 Ed S Hammond
 John Manning
 Edw Caddington, jr
 J W Pepper
 Thos Tracy
 W Damant
 Thos Collins
 M Carry
 C C Hathaway
 Edward P Porter
 Geo B Hamlin
 Geo W Nason
 Emery Kenney
 Benjamin Stratton
 J R Atwent
 James Albee
 Antonio Galeano
 Lorenzo Damonte
 Martin G Childs
 Chas P Welch
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 G H Brewer
 Chas Spencer
 Arrin Richardson
 James F Francis
 Isaac Seabury
 James Keen
 E F Dougley
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 Wm Cunningham
 C H Lawrence
 James Dowling
 Alpheus Kiswele
 W H Crosman
 Geo H Coburn
 L Knowlton
 Thos W Brown
 Thos Williams
 Owen Flannelly
 Andrew Mahony
 Sumner C Brooks
 W A Litchfield

Edward Smith
 Thomas Keaton
 Wm E Ferguson
 John E Tucker
 James P Blanchard
 John Rouck
 W H Prince
 John Elliott
 Joshua Moody
 George Nasson
 Thatcher Rich
 A N Libby
 B Franklin Rogers
 John J McDonald
 George Kilborn, jr
 Barnabas N Mann
 Charles Bolton
 John Hyde
 E Locke
 R L Kesner
 H Carpenter
 J Carpenter
 J W Lawrence
 D W Lillie
 Merrill S Holway
 Gregory D Stone
 F Burr
 P A Avery
 Francis Pike
 Anthony Crosby
 D N Halmer
 R H Carleton
 T D Morse
 T R Daly
 A Cullen
 John A Knapp
 George W Hurd
 Michael McKendry
 John Farrington
 G Parents
 C W Swatland
 O K Goodall
 Charles G Day
 George P Reagin
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 G R Ferruld
 J Hartman
 E A Skerry
 C H Hubbard
 John C Smith
 Charles Moore

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Charles Heath
Samuel Ebelish
W R Mitchell
Frank Bates
J W Barnard
A R Reed
Kelley & Leoni
James Hearn
Wm Allen
D B Este
John McGeyer
D B Boynton
Archibald Smith
Ware Wilkinson
David Marden
Amos H Dow
Henry Barker
James Bailey
Cornelius Martin
Charles Ordway
Lewis Rich
P W Freeman
J A Hansum
H C Carter
H Hyde
Francis Morrisson
Maurice Kennedy
E T Brown
R Kesner
D Acyfer
C J Ekland
B Barstow
D Newell
Charles L Beatley
Wm D Dorey
J Covinier
Joshua Rand
Edwin Pike
J F Bennett
E M Lincoln
Wm Harley
D Bloch
A W White
Thomas Daly
Charles Hayden
David Marshall
John Billman
W Watkins
John Mansur
Samuel Shipley

Wm H Boynton
John H Noble
J H Westcott
S W Shattuck
Charles Southworth
James Harris
C J B Moulton
D Hunt
Henry Foster
Charles Spring
Charles Oaklef
S Stern
Jno T Sporrell
A Stoddard
L Elliot Pierce
Ellis F Miller
Penrose Chapman
A P Eastman
Rufus T White
J N Hatch, jr
George W Whiting
F C Scott
B P Miller
Geo D Ricker
Henry M Prescott
Silas D Coburn
Luther M Thayer
Geo W Low
J C Merrill
Chas A Turner
J Warren Butler
F Belden
S A Corney
John P Todd
J O Watts
Chas Nichols
James Endicott
R J Kennedy
Warren Ludwig
Wm S Dodge
Charles Johnson
John Clifford
R H Praeger
E Warshaul
Hugh E Whitney
J H Pope
Simon Rorah
William D Smith
F H Jenks
A Bamber
Fred Smith

J M Frissell
 J W Taggert
 E W Robbins
 G W Sherburn
 J R Wentworth
 C H McFarland
 Luther M Conihe
 Philander S Witherell
 T B McMahon, M D, C priest
 C H Towle
 H A Tewksbury
 John F Currant, jr
 Henry Kuhlman
 A E Proctor
 A P Downs
 H N White
 Sam Harris
 Edward H Savage
 Wm Blaisdell
 James W Twombly
 Rufus C Marsh
 George N Hutchinson
 Wm W Currier
 John C Leighton
 Charles S Tasker
 Nath Emerson
 Wm T Clapp
 Romanzo H Wilkins
 Joseph H Warren
 Chas F Craft
 William A Ham
 Thomas G Martin
 Elijah Hain
 J S Dearborn
 Sam'l L Wick
 Asabel Sylvester
 Daniel Carter
 C J Cushman
 Manly Morse
 Charles E Lord
 J F Tobey
 Wm Shepard
 Geo W Miller
 Joe S Vance
 J Young
 Jacob L Barnstein
 Henry Barnstein
 J L Barnstein
 O C Brown
 Jas H Dyke
 P R Keoghy

Wm H Whithaker
 M J Flatley
 A Raphel
 Jere Banfield
 M J Coffey
 R N Sibley
 M Nathan
 J W Corrouse
 S H Broodings
 J T Walker
 John Doherty
 John Fisher
 Benj C Brownell
 Henry Dillingham
 Charles Stubbs
 E B Taylor
 N Dinver
 R W Baker
 G W Lane
 A J Fisk
 Joseph Short
 Charles Kimball
 Joshua C Batchelder
 Nath'l G Davis
 Enos Wasgatt
 Sam'l Patterson
 Charles H Wright
 Ebenezer Shute
 John V Noyes
 Frederick P Moore
 H Ormond Read
 Albert Ostrand
 George F Leonard
 Isaac H Williams
 Daniel Amsden
 Hiram Cobb
 Geo R Pichard
 Robert Trout
 Charles D Towles
 G H Gleason
 Joseph B Blanchard
 John Cowdrey
 Lucius W Freeman
 Elisha W Goodwin
 George Ballard
 Thomas J Amsden
 Charles Roberts
 Erastus B Badger
 Geo W Hagar, jr
 John O Mendum
 L H Price

Wm W Bell
John Flangs
W P P Pollard
Wm D Roberts
Bernard Cane
Moses Thayer
William Cooley
Hiland Lockwood
A W Laffin
W H Harrison
James Lewis
Granville M Clark
M F Wilkins
James D Mitchell
George Knight
George F Hoyt
N P Whitney
Edwin A Reed
Joseph H Marear
George L Stotrell
Nehemiah Ruh
A C Longley
Otis A Longley
Lyman Stratton
C Callahan
W M Hall
William Z Morey
Abram Smith
Edward Glover
T M White
Samuel H Locke
G F Lotts
J H Power
Chas P Poinier
Albert Babbitt
E Sewall Price
Thos W Hickford
James Warnock
William Boyd
William Warnock
Robert Owen
R B Graham
R R Hutchison
G Cassell
G Moserman
G W White
C G Morsel
Geo W Adams
Thomas B Holmes
J B Aldrich
C A Clark

Geo Brown
A C Whitcomb
H C Peck
Jas K Barber
Fred W Ingalls
Dexter W Wiswell
Chas E Eames
W L Pierce
H Bryant
J A Charlton
H Rierke
J H Milner
A Smith
Edwd Barker
Charles McLoud
Frank W Knowlis
Thomas Fitzgerald
James Rafferty
Patrick Shindon
D F Flagg
E F Osborn
John F Cole
Moses Sweeny
John Kaulbeck
Luther A Shedd
William H Carter
Charles M Westcot
G G Wheeler
Danl G Walton
Gardner Wheeler
P McDonald
E R Kent
E S Stebbins
George Defrees
H Sargent
C B Bullard
G K Watkins
Saml G Adams
George H Leman
Andrew J Bartlett
B R Mann
John Leamar
Wm Blake
Alfred W Coburn
Thomas Jefferson Gallagher
Edward Keenes
J C Tupper
W H Wentworth
Homer Foster
R M Cushing
Roswell Davis

G A Rollins
 R Palmer
 Timothy Hurley
 Lawrence Brogan
 Maurice Connell
 John Hurley
 Edwin A Kelley
 Andrew Doyle
 Cons Kelleher
 James Lukes
 John O Keefe
 Joseph J Salmon
 J Q Adams
 Wm J Green
 George Fendell
 E R Russell
 John Chadbourn
 John S Martin
 S Hutchins, jr
 M A Cafferty
 A K Lissberger
 J Conrad
 J P Morris
 J Tambreck
 Geo W West
 F J Tinkham
 Nathan P Loughton
 Greenlief Lawrence
 J V Colson
 F F Johnson
 Isaac Tompkins
 Allen A Pierce
 Franklin Brownly
 (Illegible)
 D Gilpatrick
 John Maguire
 T C Chrestenson
 Daniel Kelley
 F Hammond
 Geo C Rockwell
 J L Wickwise
 Felix McAnally
 J T Conant
 W Sargent
 Wm Greenlow
 Wm A Webb
 Henry A Winans
 F A Hoyt
 Robert Repar
 C E Locke
 David Stone

Lewis Green
 Thomas Brisk
 James Byrine
 Thomas Tobin
 Chas S Littlefield
 Charles Sanborn
 William Costigan
 Simon Cole
 Ed Perkins
 James Brennan
 Isaac Tufts
 John M Salmon
 Wm H White
 Curtis Churchill
 James Dunn
 Edward Lawlor
 Patrick O'Brien
 Nicholas Flinn
 Thomas Wright
 James S Green
 F B Miller
 Thomas Holland
 Rodrick O'Connor
 Martin Ware
 Oakes A Fillebrown
 John E Gorman
 Daniel Walker
 Henry Barnster
 E T Hastings, jr
 J K Guptill
 George Baker
 James Addison
 Daniel P Weeks
 J F Phillips
 Thomas Rafferty
 John Edward Donnelley
 Thomas McCullough
 Porter D Tripp
 James Byrne
 B F Brown
 E Worcester
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 D Mahony
 Wilson Cheney
 John M Farrell
 C E Hine
 Thomas Taylor
 Aaron Butler
 Hervey Howe
 Timothy Leddy
 D Bond

E W Marston
 Chas O Welch
 S P Reed
 W A Kilburn
 Smith S Mudgett
 Wm B Avery
 William Slevin
 James F Coburn, jr
 Peter Chase
 John S Daily
 Daniel Connelly
 James W Seavey
 C S Dearborn
 J G Capp
 A W Carter
 John Ganmey
 William Harding
 John T Leary
 Jeremiah Curtis
 Ambrose A Thayer
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 W Miccam
 Michael Heffernon
 Wm K Jones
 Paul J Vinal
 Thomas Bennett
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 Saml B Ross
 Thomas C Ross
 L D Hobbs
 Stephen L Lewis
 N Stanley
 Oliver Whitcomb
 Joshua T Davis
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 Joseph Sherman
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 Benjamin M Albert
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 Augustine Sanderson
 Octavus Boston
 P J Cleveland
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 Robert D Grigg
 C A Walker
 George W Housley
 H Marsh
 Samuel Preston
 W W Stickney
 Oliver L Waight
 H. Mis. Doc. 23—4

Curtis Trusk
 Solomon S Foster
 D L Thompson
 Alvan Lineston
 J E Bartlett
 J S Gove
 D C Jones
 Sylvester Brown
 George G Stuart
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 Fred Carlton
 Jacob H Currier
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 Jos E Silloway
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 P Rienze
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 T A Bartlett
 E T Ford
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 Geo Floyd
 S Ceagler
 Stephen Badlam
 Charles T Babcock
 James M Bugher
 Luther L Holden
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 Henry R Tracy
 Thomas B Gardner
 Benj Heath
 D S Gould
 Mark Chase
 C D Presho
 Jos H Kingsley
 Francis L Harding
 Patrick O'Malley
 Thomas Gahegan
 John Bardman
 Zenas C Warring
 U Putnam
 Wm Lassell
 L R Hadley
 Geo W Brice
 R B Granger
 A G Drake

Avery Noyes
 John S Dolbeure
 Samuel Covell
 John L Andrews
 Thomas J Rowe
 James Sullivan
 Isaac Foster
 G W Oliver
 Guy Underwood
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 W H Bean
 Wm C F Tracy
 Joseph M Coombs
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 John G Wetherell
 A Wilkinson
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 Rufus S Frost
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 Chas C Smith
 W N Sawyer, jr
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 John W Allen
 Lyman Wood
 Edwin O Tufts
 John R Kimball
 Geo A Tufts
 Thos D Mason
 C H Potter
 Thos V Davis
 Albert T B Ames
 P J Hasson
 Caleb Page
 Danl Staniford
 G R Presby
 Joseph Sawyer
 Lewis D Boise
 John H Kimball
 Geo E Dustin
 Chas H Bacon
 W H Spring
 Carl O Nilson
 Wright J Whitman
 J Crosby Maker
 Jno J Anderson
 W V Hunnewell
 Alfred Freeman
 John H Wright
 J C Dodge
 F L Macomber

Henry A Ganing
 Chas F White
 Geo E Renton
 John E Parker
 Geo P Baldwin
 Wm R Towers
 A J Mayo
 F A Stenns
 Dominick Rull
 L B Marsh
 Wm H Talbot
 H D Wilmarth
 A J Flye
 W H Walker
 Philip Davis
 Harvey Wait
 Thos H Evans
 Frank Lucas
 H N Huston
 A A Kingman
 Thos Earl
 T De Luce
 Lewis J Bird
 John Q Bird
 Isaiah Jassey
 Alex'r Thompson
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 James N Flynn
 Patrick Rabbitt
 Hubart Braoz
 John Devine
 Michael Cahill
 Peter McAleer
 James Rose
 James H Rose
 W Cobb
 Chas H Foster
 Charles W Fernald
 Stearns Parker
 Thomas A Farrand
 Thomas E Nelson
 Adolphus Erb
 William Milner
 Jas M Learned
 T. O'Reiley
 Edward Burns
 Wm B Harding
 P C Smith
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 Charles Tolany
 R Hoe & Co

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A S Bowen, jr
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Jas Carroll
John B Hughes
John Hetzel
J Elliot Bond
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Anthony Immerick
John Fast
Jacob Jacob
John Flood
Charles Chamberlin
Alfred W Cole
Geo S Cole
Geo H Wheeler
J I Steiger
Jas Donovan
A Goulet
S S Russell
Howard A Doe
Charles Reed
J W Sanger
James Brophy
George Green
Moore M'Donald
Thomas Conway
Thomas Cahill
James Keenan
Charles F Sweeny
Dennis Conway
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Jeremiah Finn
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Owen McKenna
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L Johnson
Jos H Merriam
Eben Atkins
Geo M Thompson
Sam'l Gould
Antoine Spuritter
Anton Aulbach
O F Grabo
A Lorey
H Jacobs
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George H Annable
S L Gunn
F W Holtzen
G P Underwood
John Most
John D Meadee
Felix Hest
D S Mitchell
Thomas Kelley
Milton R Bower
Andrew Dow
Wm W Hart
H Sturges Davis
G W Vanallen
Martin Kohler
A F Lange
Job Fitton
P H Barston
W F Lond
F P Bowen
Benjamin Reed
Salmon L Sheple
Geo N Dexter
Geo W Wallace
J Edw Small
J H Haws, jr
Chas H Blanchard
Geo W Barker
A S M G Lewis
Geo V Morey
E Granville Goodwin
H E Mann
Xenophon Goodnough
Nelson Taylor
Buvucte Draher & Co
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 Hy P Talbert
 W A Iles
 W S Eaton
 Wm Vickery
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 Horace D Hall
 B Roundey
 Edm Kimball
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 S J Williams
 Chs F Jones
 Geo Bent
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 E T Underhill
 Wm H Earl
 Geo T Barney
 Oziras Long
 William E Bartlett
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 Jacob Dorsehuch
 John Joice
 Edward Dowling
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 Caleb Curtis
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 Wm K Cutting
 C B Patten
 Harrison G Hunt
 E R Rupeer
 Wm Grubb
 O Frank Clark
 S C Thwing
 Chas W Holden
 J Edward Hollis
 C Mead, jr
 Francis Welch
 Jno Clark
 E H Chapin
 John Stiles
 William McAdams
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 W P Brigham

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 Albert W Dyer
 Lyman E Sibley
 George G Melick
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 Chas T How
 Howard M Davis
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 Arven Y Baker
 P R Blackwell
 Zenas Sears
 W A Cochran
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 Isaac M How
 Geo W E Wood
 Wm C Kimball
 D Ewd Harwood
 John Albru, jr
 Edward Potter
 J L Dame
 George F Breed
 Daniel Potter
 T B N Fitzpatrick
 J C Bacheller
 E H Keith
 Edwd F Thayer
 Geo L Thayer
 George F Boynton
 J C Dimick
 J Tyler Spalding
 A H Kimball
 R H Stearns
 Wm W Dallinger
 Wm D Hunt
 C B Travis
 James H Wheeler
 D O Ridder
 A Strong, Hayward & Co
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 Saml Dorety
 J Harrow, jr

John C Cook
Chas W Kimball
G H Kimball
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Jacob M Shaw
G J Thurston
S M Wright
D T Wright
C A Kennedy
O H Underhire
Edwd W Forbush
James Tucker, jr
J R Bassett
Wm C Treadwell
S Parkman Blake
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Henry M Fosse
I H Lester
Henry Burr
G S Converse
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E H Munroe
W J Guardenier
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Oliver S Purkins
C E Raddin
A J Chun
S H Swazey
N P Cutler
A H Silvester
C H Ward
S P Silvester
George E Bacheller
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Lucius E Waite
C D Kellogg
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Jas N Frye
Chas S Butler
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Geo H Hood
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E Hamilton Osgood
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C E French
Frank Cordingloy
John Pendleton

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Dexter H Follett
Josiah Porter
D Foster Farrar
John P Ordway
N G Sarvin
Robt L Sarvin
E E Plimpton
Isaac Pierce
T S Foss
Caleb C E Mortimer
Sylvester Stone
Alfred Johnson
M Doherty
James W Wright
James Collins
Patrick Doherty
James Doherty
Thos T Faules
Thomas Ryan
Patrick Scanlan
Thomas Bonel
Samuel McAllister
James Doherty
John Lennon
George Rigby
John McKon
Thomas Harvey
L R Moody
C W Welch
Wm O Shaw
Cyrus Hill
Samuel Cutler
J Allen Davis
Horace B Spear
Oliver Crocker
D G Ranney
Wm H Bud
A F Carpenter
Henry S Shaw
J P Bradlee
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A H Read
E Jones
David Dearborn
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John H Osgood
Sumner Wheeler
Edward E Hoyt
D P Nichols

Geo L Stenkey
 Patrick Morris
 Earl McCate
 James G Piper
 George Handy
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 Frank Bruce
 Otis N Harrington
 W P Jones
 William D Orre
 L Cummings
 C M Griffin
 Warren French
 Philip W Golliff
 C H Stoddard
 Wm G Warren
 Jos S Jones
 Lawrence Carney
 Jas Sinclair
 Wm H Thompson
 Neel McDevitt
 H Devir
 Michael Tiernan
 W W Saulir
 Michael Cosgrove
 Philip Doherty
 J M Bolton
 Thomas Murphy
 John Breslan
 P Cotterell
 Thomas McAfee
 Thos Mallony
 Thos Weir
 Michael Carney
 Edward Leany
 Joseph Hennessy
 James Roach
 George Mullaney
 Roger Bradley
 Charles O Culd
 Richard Maher
 Henry Kurrus
 Bernard McKenna
 Bernard McQuillan
 John McDonal
 John McCarthy
 Chas Loughrey
 James Lynch
 John Leahy
 Michael Young
 John J Cummins Rey

Thos Fleming
 Wm Homan
 Dennis Ferguson
 James Power
 Wm A Power
 T B N Fitzpatrick
 Thomas Brown
 Edw'd A Folan
 Hugh Ferguson
 John J Moran
 Thomas Nolan
 Jas Campbell
 James Brown
 Jeremiah Hartney
 Neil Dirven
 Patrick Dougherty
 David Barry
 Edward Welch
 James McGonegle
 Felix Dolan
 David Kurrus
 Bernard Doherty
 Patrick Sweny
 John Morrison
 Charles Morrison
 Charles V Bernard
 Leroy Kain
 Thomas Gittins
 Francis Gallagher
 Andrew G Holmes
 Hugh McCormick
 James Gibbins
 Thomas C Amory, jr
 Wm A Hayden
 George A Bethune
 Ives G Kates
 H G Gorham
 John M Bethune
 Geo L Pratt
 E M Cary
 Wm F Parrott
 J Davis, jr
 Wm P Lyman
 Wm B Rice
 A T Perkins
 Chas Hammond
 Richard C Goodwin
 Wm C Rogers
 Fred R Sears
 Hollis Hunnewell
 Chas E Miller

Henry Greenough
Geo G Lowell
Wm Appleton
T Jefferson Coolidge
Robert Cooper
Daniel Sharp
W H Hollister
Edward H Wilson
Jos G Moody
Sam Phillips, jr
Wm G Brooks, jr
W H Foster
Samuel V Harron
T H Leavy
H Lurwell
Geo Trowbridge
Wm H Martin
M C Ferris
James Wallace
N B Potter
Rufus Holmes
John G Noah
F H Whittemore
O Thomas
J H Sherwood
L D Harbor
W T Thacher
John Q Adams
Fitz H Stevens
Dudley H Bayley
E H Winchester
O Robinson Johnson
William S Soule
Joseph N Howe
Henry Whitney
S G Boughton
Wm G Fletcher, jr
W B Laurence
John H Leighton
Joseph Wing
Wm C Brooks
N P Brooks
J P Gregory
Eben Fogg
Chas H Abbott
E W Bettinson
John Byrns
Edward Ball
Thomas Sanders
James McElheny
John K Case

Alvan D Currier
Geo A Davis
Felix Talbot
Bernard Noland
George McNall
James McLaughlin
John Kenny
James Garigan
Thomas Lynch
Chas B Stevens
C E Hayden
Wm Parmenter
John C Willey
Luther L Parker
Benj R Rand
Hiram Welch
Atherton H Stevens, jr
H O Smith
C C Holmes
Saml P Headley
Edwin Fogy
S N Parker
James B Elwell
W W Cowles
Samuel Gault
Farnham Plummer
Jos H Sandford
Sam M Lovejoy
S S Edmands
Danl Woodward
Henry Whiton
L A Cushing
Leonard Blanchard
Wm L Walker
Saml G Reed
Lyman Grimes
John L Page
David W Williams
W R Stearns
John Barnes
Geo Higginson, jr
Joseph Frye
Saml M Richardson
Alsom Gareelow
John Gale
John D Bradlee
Chas E Elliot
Wm Munroe
Joseph C Smith
John McSorley
Levi Langley

Eben T Gullner
 Chas W Jones
 Patrick McCoart
 Alvert Whitney
 Cornelius Kalahen
 E Welts
 James Hanly
 Peter Corolan
 John Sullivan
 John McCusker
 Nicholas Mullen
 John O'Neil
 Thomas McGuire
 James McElroy
 John McElroy
 Love Straw
 Andrew Fogg
 Mulford Rogers
 J E Hartwell
 C H Hartwell
 Henry Shirsley
 James B Price
 John L Boynton
 Albert L Butler
 John A Ellis
 Benj F Davies
 Anthony O'Connell
 Jas T Roscoe
 John M Ward
 G B Smith
 George Nicol
 F D White
 Bradford W Smith
 J E Smith
 G E Woodman
 W H Mitchell
 Richard Coy
 James N Bartlett
 John Wilson
 F Reichert
 James Hamilton
 Thomas J Woodward
 Chas L Troger
 John J Hogan
 Charles McCloskey
 William Morgan
 Victor Charmois
 T C Cyprenrath
 Martin Merkle
 Thomas J Casey
 J H Apel

Y Hennessy
 P Hartshorn
 T D Fowle
 Peter Greene
 H W Glasson, D D
 Alonzo Allard
 C H Ellis
 G L Hartston
 Ed Dette
 Robert E Lassman
 Joseph J Rivers
 Ns Van Rees
 K Van Rees
 F L Van Stry
 John Soames
 Eneas Smyth
 Hugh McCaffray
 John McNulty
 James McGee
 John J Campbell
 Patrick J McCleary
 James P Jomer
 Oliver P Goodrich
 G W Goodwin
 Michael Kearney
 Wm Duffy
 Joseph Roberts
 John Farron
 Cornelius McCauley
 Thomas Mooney
 James Carney
 Robert Kearney
 M Conley
 John Farren
 M McCann
 Walter Dunn
 W C Cavendish
 Geo Newcomb
 Stiles McKenna
 John Van Dan Fartenberger
 Julius Smythe
 Edwin Bowker
 J H Ellmo
 Henry Howard
 Alonzo Tilden
 Peter O'Dealy
 Daniel Higgins
 William Noonan
 Dennis O'Breien
 James Dugan
 John H Bowker, jr

Daniel Dunughee
 Delaporte Gustave
 James Dalton
 James Townsend
 Sam'l Slocomb
 Watson B Hastings
 William H Lunt
 J M Hastings
 Wm Dunn
 D W Putney
 Charles H Green
 James I Murphy
 Joseph Benard
 John W Haines
 Victor Royel
 Thomas Murphy
 Thomas Hopkins
 C B Ash
 James Hammond
 Daniel Dalton
 Holden Johnston
 Chas A Gould
 Michael O'Hara
 E Twaney
 David Murphy
 Wm Cleigh
 Joseph Greenryd
 Michael Mahoney
 Gregory Cash
 Mathew O Sullivan
 F P Doyle
 James McQuay
 Charles Ford
 Timothy Croin
 William McQuay
 John Looney
 Charles Cassidey
 John Sheehan
 Edwin Howard
 Thomas Murphy
 Timothy Cronin
 Morthy O'Sullivan
 Jerry Falvey
 John Daly
 Matthew Powers
 William McCarthy
 Patrick Wall
 Denis Horgan
 James Benner
 James Havlen
 Patrick Doherty

William Doherty
 Patrick Banks
 Patrick Harkins
 James Boles
 John O'Hara
 George Safford
 P McDermott
 William J Sullivan
 P McDermott
 John Sexton
 Daniel Foley
 L O'Leary
 Patrick Wise
 A N Willcutt
 James Lyons, for the Union.
 Daniel Hearald
 Patrick Brooks
 John McLaughlin
 Wm Duffy
 J McLaughlin
 W McLaughlin
 D Sutherland
 Michael Lafferty
 Patrick Huges
 John Burgess
 Owen McCann
 Martin Hughes
 M J Masterson, esq
 Robert Kelley
 Wilim Knox
 Joh Rielly
 J Doherty
 George Farren
 Thomas Higgins
 Micheel Gibram
 William Farren
 Edward McCam
 Samuel Jenness
 James Mullin
 John Morrison
 James Donaughey
 John F Sutherland
 William Murphy
 Thomas Burke
 Patrick O'Leary
 James Hughes
 Peter Farren
 Patrick Kane
 Thomas Kirlan
 John Finning
 Neel Kenney

Pete Maloy
 Charles Kenedy
 John Campbell
 John Hall
 George Austin
 Neil Diver
 William Armstrong
 John Keley
 Edward Kelley
 John McDevite
 Hugh McCloud
 Saane Wood
 Hugh McCloud
 John Conner
 John Card
 Samuel Burk
 Sandy Burk
 David McKey
 Sam Wood
 Sam Rice
 Hugh Donagh
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 D McLaughlin
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 Chas S Littlefield
 Patrick C McLaughlin
 Richard West
 Daniel McConoly
 Daniel McLaughlin
 William McLaughlin
 Stephen Carroll
 James McLaughlin
 Henry Cain
 William Dever
 Edward Cunningham
 Peter Farrer
 P Curren
 Samuel Bruse
 Edward McGaffigan
 Bill Burke
 John Doherty
 Patrick McLaughlin
 James Dalton

Daniel Kelly
 Peter McGuire
 Joseph Leighton
 G T Burkhardt
 Daniel Blaney
 James Kirley
 Henry Whittemore
 Joseph M Hatch
 C P Gerrish
 N V Smith
 Samuel Newmarct, jr
 Henry Mason
 Thomas Amos
 Samuel Ellis
 Joseph C Storey
 Charles E Johnston
 D W Janes
 J Q Bird
 John Cavanagh
 Hugh T Cullen
 T D Greeley
 E Gilmore
 Theodore G Ellis
 Samuel S Hepworth
 S A Oine
 William Cains
 Thomas Cains
 John G Brown
 Theo Merritt
 Charles May
 Isaac Harrison
 C W Rhodes
 E H Rhodes
 George H Fernald
 George Beale
 Hugh Rose
 Charles S Smith
 Thomas Moockovy
 John Rochet
 Wadsworth C Matthews
 Thomas Harvey
 Amos T White
 Otis Orme
 R W Lakeman
 Thos H Poole
 Fred Green
 W A Wright
 Cornelius Rierden
 Peter Sawyer
 James Whipple
 Roger Bradley

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John Whittier
P Farren
John Farren
Thomas Flynn
Capt Edward Hatch
James T Wadsworth
S Newmarch
James Keith
Peleg Coffin
G W Hobbs
Paul Nelson
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William Carston
B Proctor
M H Parkinson
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Wm B Holbrook
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Richard Myles
William Sowdon
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Thos Duggan
Maurice Hartigan
William Archibald
William Burry
D Murphy
Mich McDonald
Owen Ward
Wm Beattie
John Mason
James Buckner
James Rufus Fletcher
Thomas Charlton
James Hodge
Jeremiah Murphy
William Drummond
Philip Craver
James Edwards
Edward Calfield
Peter Queen
Michael Kelly
Benjamin B Fenton
J H Withey
Patrick Doran
Daniel Hegarty

Thn Shakeshaft
 Caleb Y Beal
 Richard Conner
 Michil Henry
 Thegerty Heggerty
 Daniel O'Connor
 Michael Fitzgerald
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 John Bowcock
 John McCarty
 John McManus
 James McManus
 Jeremiah O'Keefe
 John Hartigan
 H Colson
 Thomas Kelly
 Thomas Carter
 Thos Kirby
 Thos Flynn
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 A McFarlan
 Ebenezer Hodge
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 Hugh Hegg
 S T Sampson
 M Lamb
 James M Southern
 James Boardman
 James Riley
 Frank O'Brien
 Thomas Witty
 Berney Curren
 Walter Shallow
 John Quim
 Daniel O'Brien
 Dennis Carmody
 William Gaynor
 James O Evans
 William Dingey
 Isaac Harrison

James Foley
 Edward Quann
 Charles Fitzgerald
 George Tyner
 Michael McLaughlin
 Hubert Haget
 James Collins
 Michael Walsh
 Myles M Sweny
 Chas L Andrus
 Sewell Worthley
 Daniel M Chipman
 Geo C Varney
 David Hale
 Samuel Hill
 Francis W Hill
 Sam'l Leeds
 Hall J How
 Charles S Porter
 E R Rich
 Francis James
 Albert C Taylor
 John P Owen
 John W Craft
 Nelson Gammons
 B Sheridan
 Wm F Thompson
 Michael Scanlan
 F J Curton
 Chas H Jenkins
 T O Tucker
 Caleb H Dolbeare
 Edward J Murphy
 Daniel Maguire
 John Dean, jr
 James Murphy
 Albion Hall
 William Blanchard
 Edmond Curran
 Thomas Mullen
 Robert Newton
 William Hutchison
 James McCabe
 Charles H Gammons
 John Slaven, jr
 Robert Fitzgerald
 John Manning
 Tom Roach
 Henry Gormley
 John L Quamby
 Martin Haget

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 R B Loomis
 F Nichesson
 C C Jewett
 W P Pierce
 S Hood, sr
 R W Allen
 C B Baldwin
 Winthrop Bird
 J S H Fogg
 A R Day
 L K Bonney
 J D Bills
 Jas Richards
 George H Cavanagh
 John Thompson
 J N Murphy
 Daniel D Owen
 Patrick May
 F E Josselyn
 Patrick Shovland
 Hugh Turish
 John Weston
 Thomas Shattuck
 Joseph Harper
 Alfred Twoomey
 Timothy McCarty
 Samuel Small
 Eben D Jordan
 Charles Marsh
 John H Comer
 W R Butler
 James Sabine
 J W Chamberlin
 Charles W Smith
 Howard Riley
 M L Read
 A H Bedell
 B L Marsh
 Thomas C Brown
 J T Marr
 T Warren Gould
 Eben Jordan
 Granville Smith
 W L Wakefield
 G W Hyde
 C H Bedell
 F R Josselyn
 F E Wetherell
 E R Taylor

Horace C Sylvester
 Henry A Sylvester
 Chas J Craigen
 W H Minot
 Joel H Le Moyne
 H B Pettes
 Henry R Smith
 Francis Rourke
 D A Brewster
 L B Sawyer
 Joseph R Colby
 James W Rand
 E R Hunt
 F E Holman
 John H. Moriarty
 George W Ford
 Chas W Freeland
 Jas H Freeland
 A L Culver
 H Z Burton
 Timothy C Janes
 Samuel Dame
 George S Curtis
 J T Ward
 H M Wagner
 Chas H Allen
 Josiah Bardwell
 Edmund F Cutter
 William Parsons, jr
 J H C Campbel
 Henry Blaney
 C H Fiske
 F T Daniell
 James H Dexter
 Thos H Bird
 Wm U Fairbairn
 W H Crawley
 Henry W Taylor
 C A Perry
 John P Loring
 A N Burton
 A W Kingman
 Wm R Corlew
 Wm D Wiswell
 Charles T Randall
 James Duffy
 James Gleason
 H H Hamlin
 John W Joyce
 George F Peirce
 Peter Harvey

Charles W Sawyer
 John Egan
 J Emery, jr
 Albert Morgan
 Geo P Little
 W T Casey
 Daniel Beesnahan
 N F C Pratt
 W R Rupell
 F M Doble
 C F Eavor
 Wm J Neff
 E C Symonds
 George Jacobs
 C W Gardner
 John S Williams
 John Clooney
 Wm B Russell
 Patrick McKenna
 M C Noyes
 C C Coe
 J E Morse
 John N Dole
 James Vila
 John Erskine, jr
 A C Walker
 Chas H Turner
 Orlando P Hunt
 John S Donahue
 J E Henry
 B Snow
 Charles McMann
 Richard E Collins
 Thomas Harny
 Henry Hall
 Timothy O Shea
 James Bennett
 John Eves
 Thomas Loudon
 Wright Blakeley
 Michl Higgins
 George Reed
 Archibald Loudon
 William H Swift
 James Loudon
 Owen Carolan
 William Brown
 Philip McGurne
 Thomas Bates
 P Ryan
 Amory Houghton

George P Eustis
 J P Hudson
 Geo Bond
 J Louis Brackett
 Charles C Wentworth
 E P Cutler
 George Burbank
 J G Ingersoll
 John Q Adams
 T Chamberlain
 Jas J Hart
 S H Head
 T W Ames
 S Cooke, his X mark
 W C Montgomery
 F A Stearns
 Columbus Corry
 Fred D Field
 Geo H Tilton
 Benj H Shutt
 George E Buzzell
 Fredk E Wright
 J H Hollis
 John J Ross
 John C Tarbox
 E L Casser
 J H Pierce
 J A White
 W Burston
 Chas A Rhodes
 Joseph M Wiggin
 John Wilson
 Tolman Willing
 Luther Hodgdon
 A S Wheeler
 Ezra C Hutchins
 Max M Poysen
 Wm A Able
 Isaac C Wyman
 John Simonds
 Timothy O'Connor
 D H Twigs
 John Campbell
 Geo H Gordon
 James Tucker
 Jerry Donovan
 Patrick Sheridan
 H S Lathe
 George E Bue
 A S Hawley
 Richard Tyner

Warren E Tenney
 Geo H Watt
 Joshua S Atwood
 Jay Wanzer
 W H Hastings
 H H Blake
 Jerome Nevins
 Phineas Haward
 Thos W Tucker
 H Shaw
 J Brean
 R S Clarke
 G F Averill
 George Tarbox
 W W Russell
 J K Banister
 G E De Lure
 Geo F Geer
 E C Whitcomb
 R A Sandy
 Henry Wells
 Myron W Tandy
 T K Hale
 G H Herrick
 Benj Bennett
 William Jepson
 Wm Gibbs, jr
 E W Rollins
 S S Goodridge
 Wm H Mason
 Chas H Fenno
 E H Mullins
 Nathan C Littlefield
 Henry Andrews
 John Shaw
 George W Austin
 Wm H Oxton
 Samuel Edgerly, jr
 B B Franklin
 J Costello
 S A Hubbard
 D S Willis
 R Fay
 J C Roberts
 Asa Williams
 A L Pearson
 C H Prince
 T Thom
 Geo A Patrick
 Henry Saltonstall
 George Edwards

Edm Kimball
 H D Hutchinson
 Edm Kimball
 W A Richardson
 Nathan Weston, jr
 Robert Simpson
 David Grady
 Benj F Sweet
 Timothy Gavin
 Wm E Heaney
 Patrick Higgins
 John D Howard
 J W Davis
 Malachi Keane
 W P Grugg
 Owen A Hearty
 R R O'Connell
 John C Emmerling
 Michael J Dailey
 John Lawton
 Jos Chandler
 R L B Fox
 Sylvester B Boland
 Arthur O'Keefe
 John W Hanlan
 C McGinnis
 H B Elsworth
 Stephen Curtis
 C W Peaslee
 Caleb Loring
 A Richard
 Charles Reed
 Eliphalet Baker
 Andrew Cazneau
 Geo W Prescott
 Ira Litchfield
 Saml Lane Wheeler
 Geo Alex Brewer
 John Lewis, jr
 Philip McGrath
 John Turner
 P B Moore
 Henry M Wightman
 Wm M Coombs
 Ezra Torristall
 Alfred B Turner
 Danl B Curtis
 George W Torristall
 F H Badger
 A McAfee
 R S Jonness

Henry A Chase
 John F Lewis
 Daniel S Newell
 H G Hutchins
 D H Mason
 Fred Grant
 H J Stevens
 D F Fitz
 H Emerson
 John D Philbrick
 John Lainehay
 John Tionan
 John Davies
 H Q Brigham
 Jas Nolen
 Emerson P Dodge
 Thos C Taylor
 Francis Kingman
 M S Burr
 George H Reid
 F J Irvine
 J W Phelps
 A W White
 J E White
 A W Cushman
 Henry Wright
 H W Hovey
 Geo P Evans
 John H B Henderson
 H B Hackett, jr
 C J Connoth
 Thomas Power
 Charles Carver
 W H Smith
 W W Wilder
 Randall Bisbee
 W R Beekley
 R R Norp
 John F Bowers
 Nathan Neal
 John H Magennis
 Geo L Sandigo
 Alfred Hale
 Benjamin W Seaver
 E P Palmer
 P T Masterson
 Daniel Drugin
 C E Evan
 E P Evans
 John B Baker
 O H Hanlon

James Kean
 Chas W Bachelder
 M F Wells
 John N Fuller
 John Dolan
 C A Clapp
 G H Howard
 Geo W Jones
 G G Spear, jr
 J H Black
 Chas A Messenger
 John Jordon
 Edw Sintzenich
 Edw V Cassell
 T H Emmons
 D W C King
 A B Coopbe
 John T Dodge
 Edward Cooke
 Seth A Fowle
 Jos N Souther
 Asa Tyler
 W W Webster
 Sylvester Almy
 Frederick R Woodward
 Walter H Burgess
 Joseph Cheever
 William F Mayhew
 Geo M Gardner
 Geo G Ladd
 Phineas Wells, jr
 Richard Briggs
 Julius Elsor
 W S Robinson
 Thomas Knott
 Albert E Dearborn
 N S Dearborn
 M Dunbar, jr
 Geo E Bowers
 Frank J Nash
 A McDonald
 Henry Hodson
 Nathaniel Bodwell
 S T Bartlett
 Edw E Butman
 E T Colburn
 James V Tobbetts
 J F Briggs
 L H W Merrill
 W H Hagadorn
 James Smith

John H Simmond
 Ovid D Mooney
 Henry Cunningham
 Robt Steele, jr
 D K Batchelder
 C A Swett
 Wm Frothingham
 J P K Lothrop
 Geo W Heard
 H B Bent
 J Wayland Kimball
 E F Smith
 W Patterson
 Chas Merriam, jr
 John D Parker
 Edwin C Barnes
 Fred A Tuft
 Chas B Barnes
 Geo. Hutchinson
 A Orne, jr
 Chas H Whiton
 James Smith
 L J Miller
 F S Barden
 J D Ham
 S O Little
 J C Richardson
 Edwin Baldwin
 E C Perry
 Albert Little
 W F Ward
 J F Ballister
 L H Russell
 Frank E Crain
 Wm Henry Blood
 J N Hammond
 Daniel W Foster
 Lewis Breedin, jr
 Abijah Thompson
 Stephen Dow
 John T Wells
 L P Stacy
 Chas F Gardiner
 Gorham Train
 Wilbur F Beal
 John Gallagher
 T Fred Paxton
 James F Davis
 Wm B Thomas
 E F Miller, jr
 C W Pierce
 H. Mis. Doc. 23—5

Chas H Hovey
 Wm C Hubbard
 L P Goulard
 Jno Bruma Richards
 Wm Grenough White
 G B Randlett
 Joseph Cooper
 Fred F Ford
 Edward G Lines
 Samuel F Allen
 R C Robley
 W H Severance
 G G Adams
 Chas F Smith
 J H Green
 C McVey
 B Haley
 M O Neill
 James A Moseley
 E E Folger
 S F Sanborn
 Erastus F Dana
 Thomas Fielethers
 Franklin Prescott
 G S Laselle
 Jos B Eaton
 Avery Wellington
 Theron Metcalf
 M H Simpson
 Samuel P Tenney
 N L Turner
 Wm L Horr
 H K May
 Timothy T Knapp
 R B Everett
 B F Brown
 Joseph Pratt
 Edward P Smith
 John M Schröder
 Abram French
 James C Odiorne
 William Dilloway
 H D Garston
 John Cushing
 P S Hanchett
 Wm K Jones
 T D Taylor
 I Parsons
 Alys L Ross
 Wm B Russell
 Edw P Light

W G Taylor
 H Lyman Coffin
 Theo H Buck
 S E Sparrow
 D J Sewall
 S W Walton
 E C Farrington
 Benj Burlingame, jr
 Omar Loring
 James Coffey
 Geo W Cotley
 J E Loper
 Thomas Bearst
 R B Thomas
 Geo A. Parker
 Wm H Toland
 L A Hitchcock
 Edwin A Simonds
 John F Hammond
 E Griffin, jr
 H T Tucker
 H B Mackintosh
 Thomas L Wilson
 Patrick G Walsh
 J Erskine, jr
 Thos E Curtis
 Arthur Byrne
 Sylvester Hunt
 Edward Jones
 Frederic A Smith
 George L Howard
 A B White
 J H Ward
 Freeman Holden
 Jno Burrill
 Phineas Drew
 Edward Pearl
 J H Barnes
 C W Morse
 G H Smith
 G T Norwood
 Donald McKay, jr
 G Henry Brown
 H E Stanley
 Jas Higgins
 P French
 S W Tozer
 Daniel S Wallis
 Joseph Barnes
 J L Blodgett
 W E Manning

Wm H Lewis
 Wm B Rand
 Chas G Thayer
 Geo F Lovett
 M Johnson, jr
 F W Pitcher
 J S Wiggon
 Chas Howard
 C T Hough
 Geo W Hunter
 A C Rogers
 M Seeny
 H T Cutter & Co
 Frank W Reynolds
 H C Brooks & Co
 David Hinckley
 George Wright
 J H Pollard
 Chs C Smith
 Henry Willis
 Chas R P Adams
 N H Gaughan
 J G Jones
 A J Gilmore
 Chas A Maynard
 Isaac H Frothingham
 James A Farley
 Henry C Hinkley
 Bartlett S Drew
 L B Hahn
 John A Smardon
 Sidney B Hahn
 C S Kendall
 J D Ellis
 J R Chadbourn
 Francis J Cole
 Abner M Pollard
 M T Remick
 Syl R Hoey
 E H Packer
 R F Hahn
 W S Harrington
 W P Holmes
 C G Underwood
 Asa Lewis, jr
 John Loundes
 Eben Witherell
 John H Elliott
 Frank N Thayer
 Chas L Penson
 Ephraim Lombard

Jarvis & Hall
 Edw'd Gay
 B T Ilsley
 Thomas W Johnson
 Augustus L Dole
 Wm O Cobb
 Wm Seavery
 J P Wheeler, jr
 Wm B Reynolds & Co
 P Grant
 F G Davis
 Jas Butler, jr
 B L Butler
 T G Hall
 Wm R Prunan
 Hewes & Baker
 F A Griffin
 Benj F Rogers
 Charles B Manning
 Charles T White
 Wm Ham
 James L Skinner
 William Smith
 M M Smith
 Samuel Sweetser
 J H Clapp
 C H White
 Sartwell & Humphry
 Wm R Fernald
 G H Sardin
 Wm S Brazer
 J B Tarbell
 H S Gorham
 Wm L Hopkinson
 E A Hobart
 Albert B Rogers
 Ballou & Hibbard
 Lucius Slade
 Wm F White
 Geo Daniels
 M C Greene
 John H Dasey
 F Ingersoll
 N Y Brintnall
 James MacKintian
 Rufus N Ferbush
 Joseph Walker
 L M Lane
 P C Paine
 Isaac Cook
 Michael Hittinger

Amos Moulton
 Daniel E Chase
 Joseph Varrell
 F W Pearson
 D C Willis
 James Runey
 Edward A Ladd
 G C Hunt, jr
 Geo W Howland
 Edwin Davenport
 Jos C Walker
 Charles M Nason
 C J Bartlett
 C J Downes
 Seth King
 Cyrus Hatch
 N G Child
 E Mince
 Wm S Field
 Robert G Parker
 M M Sullivan
 Mark J Folsom
 George S Mitchell
 James Q Gilmore
 Wm H Manning
 Samuel Ayer
 L W Bailey
 Henry A Kendall
 George Kingman
 Geo P Ramsdell
 Hy H Gilmore
 James H Goodrich
 N J C Lamson
 Samuel Hewes
 S J Brockway
 P H Walker & Co.
 J Milledge Grassie
 Henry C Balch
 Alexander Lincoln
 James Rumrell
 William Lane
 F Plympton
 H Atwood
 J F Andrews
 Levi Walbridge
 Frederick C Herrick
 Thomas Wright
 Harvey Howe
 Jeremiah Kelleher
 J Gray
 John Miller

Alex Ferguson
 Charles Dodd
 Wm Sinnott
 C E Rymes
 James E Nason
 Gardner Prouty
 S B Thompson
 John D Stene
 William H Janes
 Geo F Webster
 H Howland
 W S Wiley
 William Sands
 Eben White
 Augustus Whittemore
 Albert Prescott
 John Wright
 M H Gilman
 N H Chapin
 Joseph B Shute
 J A Harris
 S P White
 A J Clark
 E Goddard
 T M Cutter
 Darius Crosby
 L A Shattuck
 Calvin H Lincoln
 B F Greene
 W H Davis
 John Hobart
 Chas D Brooks
 James T Bickford
 Thos Allman, jr
 Chas H Carruth
 Wm Troup
 H J Hosmen
 J A Brown
 J R Shaw
 W H Baldwin
 John G Haley
 Wm A Beecher
 E Skinner
 Amos Wood
 J G T Winship
 John E Abbott
 T G Tilton
 Geo A Hassam
 Joseph H Couch
 Ferdinand Bronen
 J Withington, jr

G W Withington
 James Gay
 Aaron Barrett
 W F Fowle
 J M Whittemore
 Augustus Flagg
 Alexander Williams
 Stephen S Seavy
 James Tent
 S H Mann
 W M Mooney
 Earl N Johnson
 R K M Bayman
 W N Spencer
 Chas H Spencer
 Edward L Adams
 Henry W Loring
 W H Behringers
 Thos McClelland
 Luther F Pollard
 M H Bartlett
 G N Goodspeed
 E L Seavitt
 William Wilson
 T Richardson
 J S Thomas
 S Reniff
 Billings Briggs
 Amos Sevey
 George Sevey
 W H Harvey
 Geo E Porter, for the Con-
 stitution *as it is*, in all its
 integrity
 S Willard & Son
 Geo A Skinner
 John Pierce
 Wm Bond & Son
 J Morton Clinch
 E T Andrews
 Geo Alex Batchelder
 Thos A Burr
 Joseph Stark
 B F Brown
 M W Cassels
 C N Chandler
 F R Shattuck
 C Fearing
 Dexter Field Haven
 F Farrington
 Philemon Morey

F B Brackett
Francis A Hall
Chas Hayden
J Edwards, jr
Jonathan Howe
Wm S Messinger
J A Jones
T R Welles
Henry C Hunt
Henry Blackman
Stephenson, Royce & Co
J P Wainwright
Gideon J Mansfield
W W Tucker
H K Norton
Wm H Studley
S F Tyler
J D G Burdett
C A Makechnie
Wm B Mitchell
S R Blackman
J Fairbanks
W Alder Brooks
Sam'l E Weston
A Davenport
H Scott
L D Hart
W M Buskirk
W Matthews
G J W Braman
John A Whipple
Fras H Jenks
J W Richardson
Carl Condit
Alfred Yates
John Duncan
Edward H Cutler
Stephen Roberts
Geo L Leaven
Henry T Hadley
Edward D Clark
J P Holden
A Richardson
A J McLean
Whitcomb Porter
John Oeding
J Haynes
Silas Keyes
Jos Viler, jr
Isaac M Learned
Martin V B Drew

Francis Quines
Lewis N Smith
N C Severance
Jas Bullard
J S Cobb
J Cady
C C Kimball
Wm J Mellen
James L Vialle
W Mooney
Geo Flanagan
T Murphy
Dennis Donovan
David T Leary
Dennis Collins
William Mahony
Daniel Barry
John Ahern
Andrew Murray
Lawrence Dailey
Patrick Hurly
Michael Healy
Daniel Flynn
Hugh McGaroy
James J Mahigan
Dennis J Gorman
John McCarthy
Timothy J Mahoney
John Coleman
R Redmond
Timothy Sheehan
Cornelius Sheehan
Jas Fitzgerald
Dan'l Donevan
James Cadigin
James Regan
William Ahern
J Kennelly
Bartholow Flyn
William Doherty
John Quinn
Daniel Sullivan
John Foley
Dennis Foley
Patrick Quinn
Thomas Gorman
Henry Crickinton
Michael Dooling
Edward Barrett
John Herrick
Jeremiah Deasy

Denis Carey
 John Comerfort
 Thomas Lavett
 John Hayes
 Michael O'Connor
 James Mara
 John O Sullivan
 John Perry
 Jeremiah Kelleher
 Jeremiah Ford
 Timothy R Mahoney
 L A Alexander
 John J Coleman
 John P Powers
 Thomas Quirk
 William Tierney
 Patrick Hughes
 Edmond Butler
 James Welsh
 Patrick Tracy
 John Riely
 Maurice J Moriatey
 Patrick Kelly
 James M F Kelly
 John B Reardon
 John O'Connor
 Patrick O'Rourke
 Edmund Irwin
 Jeremiah O'Sullivan
 E D Etlarde
 John Scully
 John Gallary
 Patrick Bell
 Bernard Shannelly
 Jeremiah Lynch
 Cornelius Lynch
 John Bell
 Michael Griffin
 James Carbrey
 James O'Connell
 John Connell
 John Shelley
 Robt Gavagan
 Edw Gavagan
 Richard White
 John Kelley
 Dennis Collins
 James Brennan
 John McCarthy
 Lawrence Crowley
 Mortimer T Downing

John A Sullivan
 James J Flynn
 Patrick H Flatery
 John H Mahony
 John J Shermaham
 John Sheehan
 John Norton
 James Sheehan
 James Donely
 H F Gallgher
 Patrick Murray
 William H Berry
 James Fogarty
 James O'Neil
 Michael McAuliff
 James Fitzgerald
 John Whelton
 P Mullane
 G A Merocane
 Peter Drome
 James Sheely
 M McSheedy
 James J Dooly
 Thomas Parker
 Cornelius Corbett
 William Caughlan
 James Fitzpatrick
 Patk Walsh
 William Walsh
 Charles M'Carthy
 John Singleton
 Michael Donovan
 Patk Donovan
 Denis OMegan
 Mathew Galivan
 John Welsh
 John Casey
 Robt Walsh
 Peter J Healy
 John T McCarty
 Edward Meshac
 Frank Carney
 John Carney
 Thomas Gorman
 Timothy O'Connell
 Thomas Gleason
 "Blessed are the Peacemakers"
 Nat Willis, aged 80 years
 George Lunt
 Gordon McKay
 E T Osborn

J F Nickerson
Edmond D W Dana
L B Stone
Frank Wrisley
Fred Wrisley
John J Mahony
J Witcher
M B Howe
Nath B Shurtleff
Patrick Deems
Joshua Mullen
James B Williamson
Lewis Walsh
C L Marshall
Danl B Connor
William Nagle
Edward Barry
E S Conneli
M O'Dorgan
Thomas J Roach
Edward Mahony
Edw Shields
Wm Duane
John Walsh
T G McCarty
James Reardon
Miles Sweeney
Fenwick Slattery
M C Dunn
James A Dunn
Patrick Brien
Patrick Coughlan
James Welsh
Denis Guinea
M E Walsh
Denis Horan
James Mortell
James Morgan
Patrick Morgan
Michael Morgan
Lawrence Mahony
P E Wheeler
Henderson Inches
H J McKenna
J T Blake
W Warren
Walter Herbert Judson
T M Mason
D B Lowel
E B Mudge
Horace Richardson
F W Andrews

Edward Oakes
Rich H Salter
J Parker Whitney
J B Kimball
Theodore Matchett
J G Kidder
James Oakes
John T Smith
Jno Abercrombie
John Curtis
Nath B Shurtleff, jr
J M Benedict, jr
N W Gannett
M Evans
Rouney Presby
James A McPhail
Alden P Snow
Geo E Wheaton
L A Coburn
Solomon Wildes
John G Meztgers
Geo E Collamore
K M Corning
E R Chipman
R McGaughlin
James A Clark
Angus Clark
Parsey O Burrough
Geo Woods Rice
Jno Hale Sheafe
Charles H Fletcher
Quincy E Dickerman
F E Brett
Chas M Cox
Jas B Norris
Geo Hobart
J P Draper
F O Baker
F H Shapleigh
T Gillis Todd
Albert H Weeks
J E Bishop
Henry J Sargent
D G Soper
Justin Jones
H Bassett
M S Molony
R R Leachers
Geo H Greely
Henry Wright
M Tracy
E H Hall

Alfred A Mudge
 Wm P Kaindige
 L P Parsons
 J W Sawtelle
 John Bonran
 John Dean
 Daniel Can, jr
 Joseph C Bates
 Amasa D Gamage
 Frank S Phelps
 J Franklin Libbey
 A Jacobs, jr
 A M Jacobs
 W H Dudley
 E H Blake
 Henry Guildy
 H A Huff
 Ambrose Keating
 Charles H Barleigh
 E M Wescott
 E F Ryan
 John G Ford
 Osgood W Waite
 John C Paige
 J H Wing
 Samuel F Rugg
 W L Bonney
 Orlando Adams
 Hugh J Dickson
 G L Harlow
 D Hutchinson
 William H O'Brien
 Emory Cummings
 S M Jane
 John J Mundy
 C C Spooner
 John Duffy, jr
 James N Smart
 Ezra Hawkes, jr
 Francis Low
 John Steele
 Patrick McAleer
 Henry Munroe, jr
 Beverly Barrett
 Rufus G Hildreth
 William Lamb
 Frederick W Travis
 C H Dennie
 Charles G Reynolds
 Elisha G Copeland
 George E Head
 E B Moore

Charles L Bancroft
 S F Wright
 F D Williams
 J L Neal
 E W Sanborn
 James L Bass
 W J Forsaith
 S D Pell
 E Boners
 Ambrose A Thayer
 Daniel J Maguinnis
 Alonzo H Morris
 Philip Kelley
 N R Coffin
 Oliver Perkins
 George Ivers
 C H Chandler
 Charles C Harvey
 G W Learnard, jr
 A P Clark
 I P Wheeler
 Horatio E Willis
 J P Townsend
 Edward Dewey
 Benjamin Estabrook
 Rufus Estabrook
 J Z Eaton, jr
 Harrison Fay
 H T Stearns
 William H A Soule
 George W Lovett
 H H True
 R G Ferguson
 D D Bates
 George S Davis
 C M Lewis
 A M Day
 George J Read
 Edw I Low
 William K Allen
 H H Pitcher
 A Everett Mylod
 Matthew McLaughlin
 Benjamin T Stephenson
 Benjamin Healy
 Edward M Colford
 Thomas M Bassett
 Samuel S Williams
 G L Perkins
 J C Towbridge
 A Willoughby
 William G S Wells

W K Steele
 Peter A McDonal
 H E Arrington
 John McDonough
 E Beach
 George W Frothingham
 Joseph S Jones
 Brucher Beal
 Reve Stevens
 John S Mamrel
 James Slade
 John Dennie
 C H Little
 J R Hall
 William Gordon
 James D Thomas
 John Hurton
 G S Hillard
 W Raymond Lee
 W E Morris
 James L Gilbert
 R M Carroll
 John P Endres
 Carl Trautman
 Fried Hess
 Aug Schneider
 C P Kelley
 C H Losee
 James Tweed
 Sullivan Sawin
 Sam Tilton
 Nathan Conant
 Daniel Wentlety
 P P Boynton
 Alpheus Mead
 Cyrus Hapgood
 E L Bartlett
 J G Davis
 Royal Sanstwick
 John W Baker
 Nelson K Baker
 Jno Carr
 William H DuBois
 Geo A Miner
 L M Smith
 John A Sawyer
 A A Wallace
 W H Waite
 John H B Kent
 James Parker
 Amasa S Fobes

Chas L Jacobs
 H S Greene
 J P Wrothingham
 S P Hood
 John H B Henderson
 John T Morse
 Emery B Fisher
 M C Nute
 M V B Finch
 Charles Cushing Hobbs
 John F Mills
 Charles H Mills
 Mason Arkea
 Wm G Saltonstall
 Joseph Huckins
 Thomas Tolman
 Hugh H Suttle
 J E Fuller
 Arthur S Rogers
 James S May
 Chas J Coleman
 Walter J Thacher
 W F Shaw
 J Lockwood
 D Craupter
 Francis Gorham
 Axel Dearborn
 Francis Dodge
 F C Goodrich
 Jno Ballard Richards
 A Poleak
 John F Bowers
 Edwin Thompson
 Geo B Loring
 Joseph Burg Price
 Alonzo Andrews
 J H W Huckins
 Eugene Sturtevant
 R M Pratt
 B T Mitchell
 Peter Reir
 George Zollor
 F W. Dudley
 Samuel Jackson
 Chas H Gass
 Ira Potter
 J. F Taylor
 E N Snow
 S V Merritt
 Edwin Rea
 Wm M Williams

John A Parks
 George Allen
 C W Roby
 D C Griswold
 Ezekiel Jones
 John K Sears
 Geo F Baker
 Andrew C Mudge
 John T Fordam
 Chas E Pierce
 J Harvy Hoover
 John P Ellis
 Jer'h A Mahony
 Samuel Porrey
 Alfred C Garratt
 Henry Jordan
 Oliver L Briggs
 James M Stevens
 E A Robart
 W M Danforth
 Asahel A Smith
 P H Tyler
 Wm R Bates
 T H Danforth
 Alonzo Cox
 L W Hammond
 Frank Ayres
 James Stevens
 Chas A Trafton
 N D V Taylor
 Mathew Sweeney
 Daniel F Kimball
 Isaih Eaton
 Jos H Kingsley
 Walter Corbett
 Luther Deane
 C B Goodrich, jr
 R J Kenney
 Charles Henning
 William Hall
 J S Woodbury
 James Runnell
 Charles Griggs
 Albert H Chuts
 William Maguire
 Geo G Spurr
 Henry F Moore
 E S Cooper
 Geo H Barker
 G H Welch
 W H Douglass

William E James
 J B Kendall
 C O Lovell
 J R Smith
 H Daniels
 Arthur McAvoy
 D C Moriarty
 Chas S Patten
 Thos Norton
 Joseph Armstrong
 Christopher Higgins
 Terrence Murphy
 C E Morrison
 C Adams
 L Barnes
 J C Payne
 James Twigg
 Barney McNellis
 George Heywood
 Otis W Merriam
 G M Munroe
 W G Shattuck
 Joseph F Spalding
 Edwin R Timson
 Peter McIntyre
 Charles L Wright
 W W Chase
 W W Russell
 T S Osgood
 B H Hale
 Chas W Greenleaf, jr
 Wm H Hawkes
 Webber A Betteley
 Solomon Wildes
 T Carberry
 Geo F Roach
 Joseph H Locke
 J H Locke, jr
 C S Dana
 F S Learned
 J U Childs
 S D Lamper
 H Osborne
 Jno Viull
 S E Wilson
 Joel Fletcher
 Franklin E Bradshaw
 Bagnut & Loud
 Caleb Stickney
 Samuel A Sear
 Francis Cibbin

James Clancy
 Wm Cochrane
 George Forsyth
 Alex Forsyth
 Jeremiah Watson
 Peter Bradburn
 Joseph Bradburn
 James Laughran
 S H Gooch
 Supply Barney
 J H Sargent
 Stephen Goodwin
 Fred'k Leland
 G H Greenwood
 L B Adams
 J U Brown
 Geo P Washworth
 Jno R Payne, *ready to fight*
 Otis Wheeler
 N L Young
 J E Davis
 John Davis
 Parker Russ
 T Jackson Ward
 J G Daggett
 S E Westcott
 S Westcott
 John Johnson
 Jas Bates
 James N Dow
 Seth Williams
 Patrick Follen
 R M Stackpole
 Wm S Lord
 C F Foster
 James R Bailey
 J D Brackett
 M N Cobb
 James Brennan
 M Gately
 John J Smith
 F H Bridge
 George W Fully
 Frederick Johnson
 Wm Shillaber
 George W Slader
 Benj P Elbridge
 H T Cutter & Co
 Wm L Rinsman
 John Doyle
 Daniel Sullivan

Henry Custis
 M M Fuller
 C W Hawkes
 Geo W Wild
 Joshua S Anderson
 Thomas Benson
 Edward W Delaney
 Othrid T Hollis
 J H Heigen
 Edward Malone
 Patrick Clarney
 Josiah M Boggs
 J L Bennett
 Wm Gregory
 John Sele
 G W Spurr
 E Noanan
 Charles Andre
 Thos Bacon
 P Bergen
 William Johnson
 Jos Hontag
 Jesse G Lovell
 A J Agnew
 B H Todd
 R Trippay
 G H Lloyd
 John Duncan
 Jas C Duncan
 E Austin Paige
 Shepard Russell
 R F Menns
 John L Geddes
 John B Gardner
 A L Bailey
 Thos Gogin
 Thos D Harlow
 Edward Jones
 A J Hatchet
 John N Pike
 Eugene H Spaulding
 Thomas McCabe
 Thos O Richardson
 C M Dlunie
 James Chandler
 John Finneran
 James McCormack
 John Alwood, jr
 James Brown
 Geo Prescott
 Geo L Dyer

E C Donnel
 Jas P Knowles
 Emory K Benson
 John Foster
 J G Davis
 S Myers Hubbert
 John Ferren
 H W Hardy
 J G Staples
 George H Marston
 Wm H Newhall
 Alphonse Marston
 William Gallawar
 William Griffin
 Thomas Shannon
 Robert McGaiven
 Wm Harrington
 T McCarty
 John Scobreld
 John Kennealy
 John McCoy
 John C Cass
 A C Bradman
 A W Jackson
 S Nickerson
 Ferdinand Bobrosky
 R W Burt
 G S Wilson
 C A Blanchard
 Wm A Williams
 Thos Humphrey
 Isaac T Campbell
 Luther H Felton
 Samuel C Davis
 E C Leman
 Benj T Wells
 Walter E Howes
 T R Prescott
 F H Flynn
 J F Gould, M D
 Geo B Gavett, jr
 James R Bassett
 R I Monks
 E H Baker, jr
 E T Barrett
 George H Simmons
 Daniel Hallett
 Frank A Harding
 Chas O L Dillaway
 Edward Easton
 Philip Johnson

Peter Edstrom
 James F Farnham
 William Keyes
 Ezra Waitt
 John Waldo
 Charles B Wescott
 Herman Wescott
 L B Coffin
 Christopher Dillon
 Dennis McDonald
 Ezra P Hawkins
 William Leeson
 L S Cardon
 Thomas Deland
 John Mann
 H C Starr
 W A Fuller
 M A Bowdon
 R W Jones
 D Harrington
 F M Williams
 Nicholas Bean
 Eben Mann
 James Sawyer
 W Washburn, jr
 William S Abbott
 R B Farrar
 W McKenerson
 Saml Howard
 C Proctor
 George W Howard
 E L Baldwin
 John Brown
 John Robertson
 Alex D Hawks
 Chas T Farrington
 John Renn
 Wm L Stearns
 C P Brown
 T J Leory
 D K Wardell
 Thomas Mullen
 Henry Morgan
 Geo S Frank
 W H Foster
 J E Burbeck
 George F Ketchum
 Charles W Thompson
 Samuel L Knapp
 Frank O Dame
 Henry G Farrie

Henry O Stratton
J A Howe
Jno V Jay
J K Cummings
Wm Brewster
James Thompson
Edmund Tarbell
Wilder H Pray
Geo C Osborn
John Larrabee
Benj S Pray
Edw S Rich
Thos Carter
John Nasmith
Chas Crawford
Danl Kerr
Wm Rummery
Hugh Follene
James K Odell
Oliver Nolland
Edward B Nayberry
Geo Robinson
Edward Minor
Fredk Carson
Peter Avery
N Davenport, jr
Wm Jackson
J S Weeks
Jas Tylor
F W Riddle
G P Kingsley
G H Houghton
William Tyner
J Winsor, jr
Luther Feters
L F Prescott
Abner C Crooker
John Salmon
Ormand F Nims
Samuel S Hansum
Richard F Murray
L Morey
James S. Baden
W Bellamy
John Montgomery
M C Coly
Wm H Marsh
J K Wiswell
F W Barrett
John T Hilton
Samuel S Pettingill

Samuel C Rowe
Thomas Williams
S N Sawyer
J A Arnold
Truman Doane
Alonzo M Giles
J R Frye
Joseph P French
George H. Coney
R W Ford
A Cummings
Charles E Davis
Charles Packard
A J Student
Samuel Moody
Charles H Chipman
James A Pratt
Moses Pearson
Joseph Casey
E R Merrill
J R Atwood
N M Hobart
S T Smith
W Flint
Charles Foss
Edmund Bowker
G W Gerrish
W W Merrick
Samuel W Babcock
Geo W Moran
John S Sampson
Ebenezer Lemon
J W F Wilson
Samuel B Conley
F Pinehumtile
Edward Conroy
John S Paige
James Alden
Samuel Mozier
T A Osgood
H Brooks
L Danforth
W P Linscott
H Haley
M Hoitt
A C Ferrald
Thomas Watson
John J Kelly
John Foster
Edward Ryan
James McLaughlin

Edward Barry
 Patrick Hayden
 Hugh Daily
 M A Cummings, jr.
 Patrick Hayden
 Artenatus Moore
 James McDonough
 Eugene C Donnelly
 John Duncan
 Edwin H Gill
 Joseph H Tombs
 A P Dunn
 Philip McDonough
 John Willis
 George A Hebard
 Seth Harlow, jr
 Patrick Fitzpatrick
 Thomas Sampson
 S A Howland
 John J Donovan
 David D Fogg
 R R Simmonds
 K A Gage
 J J Peterson
 F J Morrison
 Charles Ward
 P Jammeson, jr
 Eph Nute
 Robert Gannet
 Albel Tasker
 M M Johnson
 Olin Ingall
 W K Willey
 John Pritcherson, jr
 C B Maxwell
 Thomas M Williams
 Hugh P Boyle
 B W Kirby
 Jonathan Peirce
 Jonathan Peirce, jr
 Chas S Haseltine
 Wm J Ripley
 John Cox
 W W C Lane
 Geo D Hodges
 T L Lazarus
 E T Ballou
 David S Eaton
 T L D Perkins
 Eben White
 P O Shea

Thomas Duffy
 Chas C Haley
 Wm A Kidder
 W H Lawrence
 E H Johnson
 George Thompson
 Ers Humfrey
 Loring Wilson
 Wm R Proctor
 Geo B Jones
 Ed Huston
 Wm Deering
 F S Saxton
 F Adams
 J T Spelding
 E W Mudge, jr
 James Barry
 E W Shaw
 Isaac Emery
 Geo F Emery
 John L Batchelder
 Jesse Tinell
 A W Russell
 O E Sheldon
 Benj Hosley
 Nathl Swett
 John Lyons
 J Gould
 Isaac W Lucas
 D E Pattnoss
 Wm A Fox
 J H Omonof
 Geo F Poole
 Charles Z Sevy
 Lewis F Gould
 Wm H Perkins
 R O Dimond
 James J O'Brien
 A L Roche
 Cyrus Kingsbury
 Enoch Homen
 Isaac Millen
 Philip Snow
 John Smith
 John Fitzgerald
 W D Evans
 C H Bruce
 O L Hodgdon
 B F Hebard
 C W Hebard
 Jno F Banister

Charles Hood
 Josiah Monroe
 Michael Nunan
 C W Capen
 W A Wingate
 Frank Edder
 Wm T Van Nostrand
 James Powers
 Jno Conlon
 Seth Deering
 Henry Walker
 Geo D Moore
 Wm E Brown
 Horace Brown
 Thos Paper
 John Boutett
 C F Hussey
 A B Loring, jr
 A G Clark
 Chas B Darling
 J S Chase
 A Jost
 J H Morton
 T E Hunt
 Daniel Jenkins
 A S Smith
 John C Smith
 John Coleman
 Silas Santon, jr
 C E Bosworth
 M J Bosworth
 John Brown
 Thomas Stevens
 John B Donovan
 George H Fux
 A W Seamans
 Benjamin Pierce
 Henry E. Lang
 Edward Long
 Oscar Hosford
 George A Welch
 R R Ballard
 T E Litchfield
 William Jones
 Thomas Orrall
 James L Hosey
 George F Carter
 Wm Meagher
 R F Nugent
 Henry S Spier
 Matthew Lynch

W M Shaw
 S H Spien
 E W Peckham
 James H Reed
 P Murtagh
 Francis Alger
 Otis Tufts
 Wm H Howard
 Saml B Dean
 L D Hathaway
 Chas Pritchett
 Thomas Kennedy
 George W Simmons
 Silas Huntern
 Edward A McDonough
 A Pfeffer
 George Schellhamer
 Tru W Rowell
 Edward F Howard
 William A Hammond
 William Donley
 George Brown
 Artemas Richards
 Bernard Wessels
 James Leaisk
 John W Davis
 William Ames
 Wm W Brownell
 W H Ridings
 Thos Grady
 James Fennelly
 James Wood
 Michael Foley
 J P Lougee
 Wm R Kennedy
 Isaac D Leonard
 Samuel Howard
 Bradford Miller
 James Hayes, jr
 Walter D Mitchell
 Patrick Murray
 A C Barstow
 Willard K Poole
 Bernard Connolly
 Michael Cronley
 William Miller
 John Nunen
 Jeremiah Nunan
 Hugh H Goodwin
 Theodor Twickeler
 David Choate

Daniel H Burt
 Levi Blaisdell
 John Wheeler
 S C Trengow
 Jacob Hilbert
 Jas T Freeman
 Asa Brown
 William Shaw
 Joseph Baumeister
 Maurice Lennan
 James Stewart
 James Hayes
 George A Paine
 Joseph F Sornes
 Caleb Thurston
 Chris Gifford
 George W Merrill
 Hiram Emery
 Michael O'Brien
 George P Waitt, jr
 John Sheerin
 M M Dame
 Wm F Metcalf
 Frank Meloy
 John Devoy
 John S Spencer
 John Smith
 Patrick Lane
 David Burns
 William Carr
 H N Washburn
 Edw Fridams
 Jas B Ross
 G B Stears
 Walter S Redding
 Sam'l L Hazard
 John W Rollins
 Francis Low
 John Buzzell
 Aug Lombard
 J Harlow
 Jas Burns, jr
 Warren G Smith
 Henry E Pond
 Robt Taylor
 James T Crooker
 James C Foster, 2d
 John W Means
 Daniel Warren
 Amasa B Finson
 Josiah C Robbins

George Emerson
 Thos M Smith
 Alpheus M. Stetson
 Henry E Armington
 J L Gilman
 J Beals
 Chas H Mayo
 Daniel Weston
 James B Gault
 M A Jones
 Silas P Crane
 Joseph Pickernell
 Dennis O'Sullivan
 Chas R Packard
 P P Lewis
 John Prince
 E R Smyth
 Wm E Hough
 Sam S Lewis
 Chas G Hobart
 Aelee Esatheran
 John C Pratt
 J Turner W Sargent
 Sam Stillman
 Chas Henry Parker
 P B Templeton
 B D Locke
 Charles Inches
 Francis C Head
 Sam Harrington
 Chas S Breed
 A C Sanborn
 Josiah Dunham
 John R Taft
 Salmon Howard
 James Simonds
 John H Osborn
 Geo W Lufkin
 Granville Leland
 Geo Emerson, 2d
 Richard Lang
 Freeman Baker
 F P Cunningham
 E K Morrill
 Thomas Wiswill
 A R Strain
 Wm Smith
 Augs A Heyle
 Patrick Haley
 E Palmer
 E Learned

Wm Williams
 John Woodman
 Daniel French
 John McArdle
 Worthley & Anderson
 E W Willman
 Columbus Jay
 Moses L Oakes
 Leonard Leighton
 John Grant
 Joseph K Low
 Ephraim Adams
 Caleb Eaton
 Samuel Calby
 John Lothrop
 Chas Wilson
 Maurice Flym
 John Guenter
 F M Stodder
 A B Gookin
 John Brownrigg
 John Addison
 R H Cardwell & Co
 W H Locke
 Banker B Kent
 Edm B Vannevar
 Jno H Buckley
 W R Creny
 John Greer
 Benj F Walker
 Henry Whiting
 F S Gordon
 Lewis Kimball
 Webb Harding
 A C Mumler
 H C Hemmenway
 Chas J Jones
 C B Belknap
 George A Kimball
 William Luttel
 H A Bowles
 S Small
 Samuel Cole
 F Pendergast
 William H Clark
 John C Hunt
 Michael O'Rourke
 J W Fraser
 G W Kenney
 D B Goodmansen
 John Dacey
 H. Mis. Doc. 23—6

Matt Dacey
 Nathaniel O Brown
 Josiah Bickford
 George Gordon
 David M P Dow
 William Patterson
 S B Sleeper
 J Frederick Rogers
 Geo W Clark
 M P Smith
 H A Manesester
 L Godfrey
 George B Gordon
 Geo F Smith
 C P Gordon
 J H Gordon
 G H Merriam
 C S Gordon
 Henry Hardwick
 C B Chappell
 John T Powers
 Saml P Daniels
 E Lincoln Noyes
 Wm L Jordan
 James H Greene
 Lawrence A Sweeny
 J Prenents
 Chas F Sweney
 James Walker
 J L Nalule, M D
 Saml Payson
 Stanley Gore
 P Barry
 George Robinson
 James Riley
 Charles White
 Charles Brady
 Thos Leavitt
 Franklin Oliver
 Charles C Pepper
 H N Wild
 J Federher
 C E Merrill
 M M Adams
 Geo Newton
 Frank Miles
 Joseph C Barnes
 John H Beers
 Henry W Wild
 Andrew M Higgins
 Benj Brown, jr

Thomas M'Cargill
 T F Maynard
 Thos B Osgood
 J W B Wright
 Charles H Williston
 Joseph Whidden
 Geo H Merriam
 Morris B Newhall
 Albert A Farnham
 Charles Spear
 Thos Lutted
 Charles Goodwin
 Chas L Mintzer
 J S Niles
 J H Mann
 James Vinal
 Thomas Deacon
 William Killien
 J R Lakin
 J R Lewis
 F H Cooper
 Sam Bradstreet
 C A Connor
 Richard G Phillips
 John R Plunket
 John Murphy
 Hugh Connor
 B B Brown
 Edwin Hale
 Dennis Ferguson
 James McCafferty
 Daniel A McCarty
 Thomas Linton
 Daniel Gelfitter
 F Gelfitter
 A Shagden
 Patrick Coffey
 Wm S Henry
 Peter Walsh
 George W Marsh
 Hugh O'Brien, jr
 Hugh O'Brien, sr
 Theobald M O'Brien
 B M Converse
 Charles McGinnis
 R H Littlefield
 S Richardson
 J F Deluce
 H C Smith
 Geo Hall
 D Daly

William Frye
 William Wall
 Charles Carr
 Emory Wiley
 Samuel Wright
 John Patterson
 William G Donly
 G W Hildreth
 D L Mahoney
 John Trainer
 Randall O'Hare
 Otis V Waterman
 George Ledler
 Wm McDonnell
 Geo McDonnell
 Michael Walsh
 Thomas Conley
 Jesse Parker
 Ezra Perkins
 Wm Leahy
 Patrick Riley
 Mike Leonard
 Peter Mahoney
 Patt Mahoney
 Thomas Lynch
 Thomas Solan
 John Fitzgerald
 W D Thayer
 Abijah W Hovey
 Michael Byrne
 Wm C West
 Patrick McNery
 John McLaughlin
 Charles T Tilton
 John Knight
 James E Dean
 Fred L Brown
 E T Underhill
 D M Simmonds
 Robert Barnett
 John Simmons
 Edward A White
 James Somer
 Eleazer Loring
 Wm G Loring
 Charles Oakes
 George W Kinney
 Abram Simonds
 E C Frederick
 W B Mendum
 A Abbot

M Sibro
L P Harding
J B Morse
Geo P Brooks
James D Bates
Robert Sampson
J Watson
Fern'o C Lord
William S Calep, jr
John Topham
John Cunningham
George S Wentworth
J A Sampson
W F Brooks
Samuel J Deacon
F Colburn
O F Winslow
Edward J Smith
J H Woodbury
Sydney F Whitehouse
John B Drew
Seth Brooks
Fred Sheerer
John B Huckins
William C Ford
Charles Brooks
Wesley A Goore
James Garney
M H Cross
S F Parchin
Robert E Jackson
Henry Jones
William Hackil
Wm L Sturtevant
Geo W Hight
F Thompson
Samuel McWilliam
T G Teal
D C Weygin
H L Millson
Jesse Frye
Israel P Williams
Henry Hughes
J B Warren
D P Putnam
H O Hunt
Geo F Bonney
John Conely
John Burrill
C R Broadbent
Phineas Drew

Wm Gallagher
William Farrell
D S Healy
Allen M Donald
J Mullen
Dan Morrow
George W Sprague
William B Newhall
George Dew
Joseph F Pray
Wm H Harris
A A Richardson
Richard B Ward
Henry Tufts
L A Angier
Daniel Lyon
P F Mulcahy
Wm J Ellis
L Calvin
James Clark
Joseph L Knowlton
John S Mendrom
Duncan Henderson
James Kennedy
John Carter
Michael O'Brien
James Lucas
Geo H Butler
James H Jorden
Edward C Coffin
M M Bates
Job H Dally
John B Meer
Freman Holden
John A Swardon
G S Winsor
George Hall
Frank C Moore
W W Guilford
Thomas Mair
Isaiah Atkins
Charles G Cutter
Jos R Rumville
M S Norris
Wm Heckle
Wm P Hunt
Frederick A Whitwell
W Jarvis Welch
Wm A Clark
Joseph F Huntress
James Maury

James Wilson
 T Doyle
 G W Blasston
 Wm B Vincent
 Hiram Crege
 John H Bradshaw
 J B Potter
 J Kenfield
 J D Hedge
 Ashael Smith
 Timo B Winn
 (Illegible.)
 Charles Davenport
 John Fierny
 J Frederick
 Chas W Morgan
 Coubre Gould
 W Linscott
 Owen Keenan
 Jo B Bere
 Thomas Tobin
 Everett O Foss
 B P Eldridge
 Henry J Whetter
 Samuel Curtis
 C H Hoelsdon
 Dennis Sheahan
 W Haysgood
 Jo Saunders
 Samuel B. Cushing
 Edwin Dwyer
 D P Davis
 George Whocker
 Seth Bebole
 Wm Norris
 A C Tenney
 (Illegible.)
 James C Rogers
 James Aldin
 John Noonan
 H F Skerson
 Chas E Stevens
 Garrett Moriger
 John Glee, sr
 Frank G Young
 James Armstrong
 Patrick Ironsides
 Bryan O'Flynn
 Chas Wm Baker
 E A W Clarke
 Henry Robertson

Alex Young
 L R Jones
 J Cuppleto
 H K Whitamore
 S C Chase
 A H Jones
 Dennis Murphy
 D S Coffin
 C S Mixer
 Thos Dermot
 George Heaton
 E H McLaine
 R Foule & Sons
 Chas F Bulfinch
 Henry Bowles
 Henry J Sweny
 J Spofford
 Charles Anderson
 John Fowle
 Geo N March
 John T Duggan
 Joseph H Thayer
 R E Dixon
 A J Woodbury
 M H Graham
 Augs Smith
 John Good
 C J Pratt
 Thos Harry
 A R Harry
 Wm Fletcher
 J H Patterson
 Edward S Newton
 L B Bearse
 Geo W Busteed
 James W Harris
 C P Waron
 A D Haus
 Geo Newhall
 Geo E Newhall
 Alex Thacker
 John Drew
 Moses A Drew
 A B Phillips
 William S Thacher
 J G Welds
 Wm Kelly
 Robert Denney
 Saml H Cheeney
 John Ryan
 Jno Knott

Benj Whittamore
Jno Conlon
Joseph Stedman
C J McLean
Thomas Sweeny
B D Osgood
A C Morris
J D Branan
Benj Hollis
J C Loughley
J A Hodsten
William Roche
S H Austin
Charles F Sutter
R C Bary
John McClaray
C H Brown
O Curtis
G Wilder
C A Decater
Calvin M Hawes
J Frances Loring
John Haskey
David M Forbes
George F Clifford
Isaiah P Thompson
Charles D Berry
Francis H Briggs
Curtis Smith
Sidney M Copeland
Thos S Holand
Samuel Goodwin
Henry W Oldhary
Saml Hinkon
George O Sanderson
E H Kennedy
A B Hall
Augustus Clark
Calvin P Elliot
Robert Pearce
Sewall B Bond
John F Trull
George W Putnam
E B Phillips
James Mills
Thaddeus Allen
James Forrest
Isaac H Moorhouse
Samuel W Howe
Seth W Fogy
J S Eastman

Thomas J Maffitt
W E Brownell
B F Field
E Osgood
Edward Willett
Charles F Schirmer
John Walth
Charles Stowell, jr
R F Halon
T Blanchard
J McNaught
Moses Young, jr
David S Theaker
A S Buell
B T Parker
Levi Sampson
N Brewster
Matt Skevy
John McCarthy
Mich Hasset
James C Foster
Benjamin F Farwell
Daniel M Leighton
W W Colesworth
Isaac Moorhouse
Isaac Tower
J B Starkweather
Gardner B Weeks
James H Hall
William Makepeace
John Timett
Edwin A Bell
Charles Edw Cook
John C Dalton
B B Zippert
Henry Luckis
Peter R Dalton
Wm Brown
Hiram Wadsworth
Alfred L Baury
George R Sneaden
J M Phipps
L Miles Standish
Ensign S Wright
Bernard Cullen
Dennis Bosmer
John B O'Hara
Walter Dunn
Allen Riley
T S Beauschant
Edward Daoltz

Geo Woollan
 John Maddee
 John Doherty
 Michael A Farren
 Hugh Duffy
 Cornelius O'Dowd
 Henery W Ardle
 Michael McHugh
 Edward Kelley
 James Kenney
 John Fraun
 Thomas Shields
 James Higgins
 Peter Short
 Cherless McLer
 Jeremiah Daily
 Hugh McEleney
 Arthur McLaughlin
 Charles Falcher
 Jas Gapen Davey
 John Doherty
 James Kelly
 Sylvester Price
 Daniel Toner
 Neil Gillaspie
 Timothy Heffern
 James Murphy
 Mich Camsy
 John Campbell
 Michael O'Hara
 N J Bean
 Bernard Sheridan
 Dominick O'Donnell
 Edward Kane
 James Gallagher
 Patrick Sheehan
 William Young
 John Farren
 Patrick Shields
 John Doherty
 James Madigan
 William Walsh
 George Doherty
 John McDuler
 P Bonner
 John Lasett
 Dailey Andrew
 Thomas Doherty
 John McLaughlin
 Hugh Rowan
 James Houghton

Anly Caney
 Edward Houghton
 Laurence Rering
 John Harvey
 Robert Kane
 James O'Neal
 Neil McGanhan
 Edward Mellon
 James McCarron
 Michael McLaughlin
 Patrick McLaughlin
 Patrick Donnelly
 Hugh McGonagle
 Neal Doherty
 James Doherty
 William Biglow
 Andrew Porter
 Owen Martin
 Richard Howe
 Patrick Doherty
 James McLaughlin
 Con Doherty
 John McCloskey
 Patrick Kelly
 Neal O'Donnell
 William Harris
 James Kelly
 Daniel Malone
 Daniel Rudden
 John O'Neill
 John Droyer
 James Harny
 Peter McCabe
 James McGonagle
 George Doherty
 Bernard Maney
 J E O'Neill
 F J Rogers
 John Hill
 William Bunch
 Francis McKelvey
 James Biglow
 T McCormick
 Patrick Mason
 Patrick Trodeler
 John McLaughlin
 Michael McDermott
 John West
 Cornelius McLaughlin
 Daniel McGonagle
 Thomas McGonagle

John Knox
 James Knox
 William McLaughlin
 William McCann
 Robert McCarror
 Hugh McLaughlin
 Michael Connelly
 Patrick Connelly
 Denis McCafery
 John D Collins
 John J Hare
 Michael Harrington
 Thomas Freen
 Patrick McGaffigan
 Neil Dougherty
 John Kelly
 Edward McCalligan
 Lawrence Slany
 J P Dowd
 E A Colton
 W H Teaffe
 W H Heymes
 John Seaffe
 Patrick Tolan
 Patrick Harkins
 Jeremiah Cronin
 James Doherty
 Tristram Campbell
 Francis Maguire
 Thomas J Powers
 William Powers
 Thomas McNerney
 Daniel Hagarty
 Michael Gibbons
 James G Force
 Thomas C Marsh
 George A Span
 F W Morse
 E J Fowler
 Michael Buckley
 J G Bacon
 Robert Bulling
 Lawrence Taylor
 M B McCarty
 P J McCarty
 W F Snow
 B Mallomes
 Orville W Leonard
 Amasa W Drew
 Eugene Neil
 Francis Fluker

H H Knight
 Cornelius Doherty
 W O Butler
 Q Dyer
 Martin Quirk
 John Fitzpatrick
 Wm S Buttis
 Nathl Snow, jr
 Joseph Kre
 A Peeling
 J G Young
 J Stephens
 C N Alexander
 A G Dawes
 C G Hinman
 Wm Gillard
 Robert Nepard
 E F Brigham
 Geo E Savory
 Jno F Cotton
 A O Norton
 E V Crane
 J H Buel
 Geo Buchanan
 W H Dey
 Thomas O'Brien
 John Williams
 F A Goodwin
 A T Sproul
 Dr Broadbent
 J A Marsh
 A Shiplay
 Tho L Neucans
 J T Seaman
 S Payne
 Edward Glover
 Wm L Buttis
 Sylvester Whittier
 Wm Hawkins
 • William Armstrong
 William B Lovejoy
 H E Chamberlain
 Edward M Endicott
 Geo B Carty
 Beecher Duran
 John West
 J S Martin
 C H O'Brien
 C P Morris
 E Soule
 Nathan Blood, jr

Thomas Grady
 H A Tewksbury
 C A Gillson
 W S Bangs
 J Sherburn
 Archel Beeon
 O L Shaw
 J Rock
 James Bailey
 A Orne, jr
 A Orne
 G P Williams
 G R Ferguson
 Increase S Hill
 A S Sellon
 W H Sellon
 W N Royer
 Sam'l S Vialle
 Joseph P Myers
 Daniel Byron
 H S Hutchins
 James Savoy
 N R Pearl
 Warren Osgood
 Amasa B Hall
 Samuel E Sellon
 Jonas Blackhall
 Alonzo Cay
 Wm W McField
 Frederic Kidder
 Jas H Seem
 Chas H Carnty
 Daniel Griffin
 G A Mann
 E Thompson
 Daniel Kearney
 James A Ritcher
 Chas R Morgan
 George F. Twining
 James Van Wagner •
 Wm H Calrow
 Wm P Ellison
 D W Butler
 George Loring
 Wm Munroe
 James Hughes
 E A Hale, jr.
 James M Brown
 Frederick Meryman
 Charles E Lellon
 P J Lyng

Hervey Doum
 W F Dodge
 W H Leach
 Wm F Webb
 Lemuel Gay
 C Haven
 H S Walcott
 Louis Massera
 Hugh Ward
 T B Camblin
 Newell Greely
 E G Tucker
 E Brigham
 L H Laughton
 Charles R Sturgis
 John P Clough, jr.
 Nicholas Crilly
 H Balecorps
 Henry C Smith
 John Belcher, jr.
 James Phillips
 W Sharp
 Richard Datton
 Richard Brice
 Edward Lynch
 C W Bangs
 L A Noyes
 J B Prince
 Wm Hall
 Alonzo Kay
 John L Bishop
 Joseph Worwell
 T S Lyons
 Thomas Snow
 Charles Flanders
 Thomas Snow
 Lucius Freeman
 Samuel Capen
 William Dailey
 A C Mace
 J W Swiner
 James McGonegle
 S McNeil
 H L Langsford
 Daniel Havener
 Elias E Davison
 Hugh Cummiskey
 M T Smith
 S H Peabody
 Thomas Dimes
 Samuel A Porter, jr.

John H. Kimball
 Jos Ritchie
 John Putnam
 P A Bruce
 Edmund G Fraser
 James Pratt
 Michael Harty
 Geo B Lombard
 A F Downing
 Geo T Hall
 William Quigley
 Richard McGonigle
 James Byron
 M B Leonard
 James Cole, jr.
 Patrick McManus, jr.
 Henry Law
 John Maguire
 Thomas O'Brien
 O B Damon
 Joseph Johns, jr.
 Wm G Howe
 Wm P Cooley
 T Roberts
 T B Wallock
 Daniel Kimball
 Henry Plympton
 George Dennie
 William Hammond
 L Jelleson
 Eliphalet Jones
 Otis N Jones
 Otis Norcross
 W J Parks
 Avery Plumer
 Thomas P Lillie
 E D Thayer
 Freeman Ramsey
 H A Boynton
 Christopher Erickson
 William West
 P V Vulner
 Gardiner Brewer
 C C Wilson
 Charles C Geyer
 J W Tinckhum
 George A Scott
 Cornelius Short
 Silas Studley
 J S Crooker
 Wells Coverby
 James Hull

J Russell Spalding
 H N Leavens
 John F Stevens
 B Leavens
 A L Wright
 Chas H J Plympton
 Thomas Mathewson
 T Larkin Turner
 J S Perkins
 J W Clark
 L W Chase
 William Mack
 O K Wheelock
 E Limermore
 J Sanderson
 J N Conant
 Edwin Lane
 Henry E Moody
 Jacob Abbott
 James E Barnard
 Amos J Sawtell
 John H Myers
 Daniel Webster Tileston
 Elbridge Fiske
 Stephen F Wilson
 H Bright
 J G Wilbur
 Charles Brendinan
 Thomas D Johnson
 Jonas Meriam
 Thomas B Hawkes
 George Lane
 Wm K Whitney
 Robert Davis
 Thomas J Davis
 John Dugan
 George Dugan
 Emerson Cutter
 G M Fisk
 James Leys
 James H Nichols
 Hosea Corthell
 Stephen S Andrews
 John B Holbrook
 David B Dyun
 Henry McCoy
 Richard Hinkley
 John H Bartlett
 John T G Weltch
 George Sherwin
 J D Guyn

D Wilcox	George Bordatry
James H Noble	J E Burck
John McNamara	J J Clark
Hugh Mullen	Lem Baxter, jr
Nathaniel Whiting	Conrad Decker
Leonard Darling	Geo E Hayden
Daniel C Page	H E Teltow
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Henry K Loring	Chas F Cook
Frank Comel	Peter Patcheloe
Charles F Stevens	Geo Billing
L D Mudge	C J Lucas
Calvin Shepard	Thomas J Hobbs
John Q Adams	Francis H Rowland
Thomas Slater	Emmons Duvall
P F Kelly	R G Burrell
A F Chapman	J W Anderson
H Lovering	D F Rowland
H S Julio	I J Tully
H Gould	Thos Mullin
G Banks	James W E Manny
David Whiting	Stewart Wallace
Levi F Brown	Charles F Cole
George A Whitter	James Mattison
Henry Latimer	S Willard
Jacob Pfaff	Hiram Dana
A Stein	Robert L Merritt
Henry Ware	Elijah Forsyth
Nathan Straus	Jeremiah Merritt
Henry C Alden	Daniel McDonnell
John V Terry	Lawrence P Barrett
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W H Allen	Danl McCartty
Andrew J Willcutt	John H Glass
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Aaron H Richards	Chas L Halladay
Henry Pfaff	Benj French
Herman Kretschmer	T R Page
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Amos H Crosker	Fred Rudolph

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 James Greenough
 Lyman B Meston
 Almon Plattz
 ——— Powell
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 Henry Demeritt
 Willard C Van Derlip
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 John Ferris
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 Joseph Brown
 Elisha Peirce
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 Elisha Atwood
 Jones Deane
 George D Cook
 Solomon Wolf
 Elihu Withington
 B B Russell
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 J A Spencer
 R H Mills
 A Fuller
 Chas E Camdad
 (Illegible)
 James W Brackin
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 J E Bullard
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 William S Bell
 Ira Peirce
 Saml L Montague
 William Murphy
 Jno E Mallowney
 J B Ayer
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 Archild H Dolbeare
 Joseph S Dolbeare
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 E N Wyman
 Renel P Richardson
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 Edward Cullen
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 Benj Burchsted
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 W Thompson
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 C Rollins
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 Lyman A Pond
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 J E Beatty
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 B Whitney
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 Jno Thomas Barcaetel
 Genby Dawson
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Lyman Jackson
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 David Evans
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 E Swallaridge
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 S Littlefield
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 E D Harlow
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 J Dow
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 Geo H Burr

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 Woodbury P Titcombe
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 E Woolf
 J A Orton
 H Orton
 O Wentworth
 T W Comee
 J W Sullivan
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 D Buckley
 J P Bosworth
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 A Peck
 C L Peck
 L Norcross
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 C Sawlee
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 F McCann
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 Geo W Wadleigh
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Geo A B Colmer
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Asa O Butman
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Cyrus Dawson
Leonard A Dakin
W A West
Harris Gray
Richard Downing
Stephen Merrill
Wm Henderson
George O Stetson
M H Glass
J A White
J H Dowell
John I Butcher
D G Dyer
P C Munroe
C F Owen
Richsn Moffat
David Evans
M P Brown
John Lewis
Camillo Brown
Nelson Harrington
George P Burton
Thomas Rutter
Charles Sampson
Glee & Co
Nathl Plympton
J H Critchett
Philip Clark
H D Garthim
G Henry Brown
Wm G Chambers
George Westerling
Patrick McGarry
James Ponert
Joshua Tan
J H Waitt

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Patrick Flanagan	E Crowell
W Mason	A Weston
Moses W Daggett	George Craft
R B Wendel	H B Fenwell
Elisha Hoyden	E J Wellock
H M Soule	Jas Ewart
C K Morrison	Chas H Bennet
T W Sellon	D C Stanford
John Gameyh	Christopher Whiting
John Sage	Thos Walle
Frank Wilson	M R Sproul
L Culver	T B Sproul
J L Walsh	Arthur Clements
J W Marston	J Puffer
Geo Wright	Wm H Larkey
Thomas Daly	F A Mason
E T Mahony	J Donehue
John Zayhon	T J Duane
Jas Y Jany, jr	M Fordyce
Peter Keenan	F K Philips
H L Cummings	E D Maglathen
Thomas Crager	S W Walker
John Anderson	M Wall
Joseph Atkins	H Brown
W Gillen	W S Partridge
Thos Keenan	Patrick Russell
Patrick Donivan	Benj Raybould
Wm B Sproegal	Sam'l H Sellon
Wm R Taylor	Albert G Sellon
James Baker	Dyer Greene
Thomas Gough	Isaac R Small
D B Lawlor	Simon Vreno
N S Brainerd	P C Kennedy
Patrick Hardy	E McCarthy, jr
George E Burcham	John H Antcliffe
Morrell Small	James S Walsh
C A Daggett	Isaac B Jordan
C A Daggett, jr	Horace R Butler
B F Cowdin	Daniel Thomson
Edmund Crouch	F G Parsens
D MacDougall	W F Hall
A Lemhu	Warren P Jenness
George Moodie	L O Wohtford
John Driscoll	V Crouk
George Evern	John McGonegle
William Brown	John W H Warren
Thos Boardman	G R Battie
W Wood	R Laundry, jr
A D Gruber	M McDonough
C T Doyle	C P Harkins
Luther E Ferguson	

W E Manning
 Alfred N Proctor
 Sam'l Treadwell
 T S Gault
 Charles Johnson
 M L Darton
 F B Brown
 Nath'l Lufkin
 David Doyle
 B E Perkins
 D W Messe
 William Wilson
 J W H Huock
 Elliot Ritchie
 A Lewis, jr
 Benjamin Wendell
 Wm Milman
 Henry Warner
 Alex H Adams
 E F Fuller
 A Andrew
 Wm H Howard
 Felix Forest
 Wm McMillan
 Samuel Smith
 Henry H Cooke
 Willis C Cooke
 Henry M Black
 F U Bangs
 C Mistrum
 Col William Beal
 Howard M Hamblin
 D W Palmer
 S Hutchins
 E P King
 G Barker
 David Hart
 Z Small
 John Burns
 S D Snow
 Thomas Hussey
 C H Laurence
 C N McCaron
 Edward R Power
 Thomas Clominet
 Jacob K Lunt
 G W Longwood
 E O Bryon
 L B Smith
 Geo F Gould
 L Beal

H. Mis. Doc. 23—7

Charles C Whittnedg
 D S Fuller
 J S Hill
 S C Hill
 Matthew J Downs
 Henry Taylor
 John Brown
 James Hart
 A Dunbar
 Valta M De Maine
 George Bronn
 Samuel Hatch
 Abijah R Tenkestry
 Geo Turnbull
 Peter M Farlan
 Henry Snow
 Thomas Gill
 J E Burt
 William Adams
 Henry Brown
 Robert Lawler
 E F Madison
 John P Hatch
 Thomas Gill
 W Weston
 Albert Vanderhoof
 L B Hahn
 Charles Thompson
 Joseph Ryan
 Wm Balmer
 R G M French
 David B Kuffe
 E J McLean
 James Kelly
 W J G Wilson
 William Rees
 James Harvey
 J K Johnson
 W Clark
 James O'Neil
 P H Slater
 L Messenger
 H Brooks
 Edm Putnam, jr
 H D Donnell
 C Sullivan
 Chas McCoy
 James Powers
 Arthur Fitzpatrick
 J Willhank
 John Luck

John Black
 Gus Temkscleny
 Henry H Willis
 Chas C Walden
 John Lambert
 William Faley
 Jas E Whitney
 Reuben R Baker
 G A Blake
 E H Baker
 W H Brown
 Rich'd Rich
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 Edward Burke
 Archibald Dalrymple
 Patrick J Burke
 J Scholfield
 Wm Dixon
 Charles Carr
 John P Allen
 Wm R Clarke
 Henry C Valentine
 Edward Fitzgerald
 John Malp
 L D D Voorhees
 S Fabyan
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 Richard Down
 Wm A Young
 John Armstrong
 A J Wright
 James Gurney
 Edwin Dyer
 J B Pratt
 John R Macy
 Abner M Pollard
 Benj Brown
 George Brooke
 William Classen
 Sargent Bearsdell
 D S Croather
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 Hy Parkinson
 W Gray
 John H Weston
 George H Wooffindale
 Manuel Serrell

C R Hewitt
 Wm Ryder
 Hiram Simmons
 F W Teat
 R U Metzler
 Gideon Metzler
 I F Wall
 Francis Burke
 James J Haley
 Gilbert S Prior
 John McFarlan
 Alvin George
 S Warren Putnam
 Maurice Morey
 Thomas Hall
 A W Gordon
 L P Lawrence
 Thos L Elwell
 B Burtoll
 John McDonald
 August Ross
 Jeremiah Delaney
 Patrick Clary
 James Bucny
 B B Leever
 Daniel Wheeler
 J W Kimball
 D A McClosky
 Alexander Small
 Samuel L Fowle
 F I Ordway
 Henry McLaughlin
 Patrick Lynch
 Patrick Wynn
 Michael Doherty
 S S Brooks
 F Brooks
 E Curtile
 E M Nelson
 George E Griffin
 Daniel Sullivan
 Hiram Hathaway
 William McLarty
 James McLarty
 Wm McLarty
 William Burke
 Daniel Coleman
 Patrick George
 T F Rollins
 James Brown
 John Travs

Thomas Conlan
John McLaughlin
Michael McMan
John O'Brien
William Morris
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B B Chillis
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T Perkins
J L Woods
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J A Brown
John Looney
Michael Loony
John Corton
H A Lord
William H Rumney
W H Roone
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Daniel Kelly
Patrick McLaughlin
Samuel B Hodgkins
Robert Sanderson
George William Miller
D Lossaine A Higgins
Jacob B Sherman
George Ostman
John O'Donnell
Patrick O'Donnell
William Lees
James McLaughlin
John Mullen
A Cay
David O Mullin
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Michael Cunningham
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John Cassidy
Patrick Cassidy

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William H Han
Joseph Taylor Gunnisson
Emmons Raymond
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Elam W Hale
E B Foster
John Foster
C H Foster
S E Perkins
M E Foster
J A Lord
J L Lincoln
Joseph Lincoln
P Benney, jr
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O G Kimball
David M Pearce
George F Swift
F G Balden
S N Fish
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Allen S Richardson
S F Sanborn
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Joseph Kidden
M Washburn
H S May
R M Campbell
J A Nye
T R Marvin
E E White
George I Coverly
P Pines
G Currin
L K Putney
Charles H Danforth
Daniel Danton

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George W Bradlee
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John B Whitten
C L Millett
C M Joslin
S F Millett
Charles Cole
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George H Brooks
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David Lowe Cliner
Geo N Jenkins
J H Cusher
Sumner Downe
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Warren Burnett
S E Spier
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Patrick Heanue
Henry Bartlett
O B North
Washington Jacobs
Sabin Travers
Amos Lewis
Saml M Millikan

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S Augustus Fisher
Marrius Moriarty
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Herman Voigt
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Robert Wier
Edmund R Griffith
George E Richardson
Charles W Green
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Motimer Lyon
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C E Griffin
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John Reber
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David Childs
David T Morse
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W Edwin Easterbrook
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Wm J Wheeler
W L Lord
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Samuel Cheney
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 Nash J Niles
 Osgood C Dean
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 W R Lord
 Edw C Richardson
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 John P Thorndike
 M D Ross
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 L D Knight
 C O Vamey
 E A Holmes
 James Patterson
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 B T Kelly

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 J French
 B Eastwick
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 L Locke
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 Patrick Coffee
 Connor Kating
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 Frederick Tilden
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 William Fleming
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 R Smith
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 Edw D Hemans
 Thomas Walsh
 Thomas Moore
 John Moore
 John Walsh
 Jeremiah Hayes
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 Thomas Collins
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 P. Fouquet
 D. W. Macauslin
 S. Badger
 H. McLenathan
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 E. Gluffing
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F Guild
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S R Wetherbee
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H Galdear
F L Baufield
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Newell Harding, jr
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James E Fowle
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Martin Howard

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Silas Warren
Thomas J Keefe
J Q A Holbrook
M Gavin
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J Rowan
T M Rowan
William Sheehan
A Hutchinson
John Finden
J Bowman
Charles Anderson
William Conner
William O'Brien
John Smith
Thomas Cannon
John Harrington
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Wm C Wallace
Edward E Mahony
Thomas Brown
Studley Sampson
James Morgan
Jeremiah Sullivan
Michael Morgan
Thomas Aucklin
Dennis F Brennan
Dennis J Callaghan
Antony Collins
D Coleman
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Edmund Hertnett
John Murphy
Denis J Cahill
James Holland
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Charles Dillaire
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Valentine Eckert
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Daniel Conner

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 Wm Duddy
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 Joseph Denis
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 James Morgan
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 Thomas Sullivan
 John Mullin
 Michael Connelly
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 Michael Gleason
 John O'Connell
 George Renter
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 Billings Phillips
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 Samuel Stearn
 Nath Brewer, jr
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 Alden Speare
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 R G Elder
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 H S Church
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A H Batchellor
Josiah W Hubbard

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James Sawyer
James F Stoddard
Sam J Capin
Nahune Ball
W J Barttell
Nathan Bryant
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H W Cole
W E Hayden
W P Mudge
Lorenzo S Dyer
C Webster Wilson
John Sweetser
Wm Sweetser
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Wm Rice
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S Rouse
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F W Hannaford
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L Tucker
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D Bowker
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Wm H Blue
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L L Copeland
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Jno F Batchelder
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B F Rice
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Amherst Eaton
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 S Harrington
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 John Daniels
 John S Beck
 T J Richardson
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 Cheny Aldrich
 Timothy S Gale
 Jacob Todd
 Frederick H Allen
 Charles F Rand
 Timothy P Wright
 E L Lunt
 C G Cole
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 J F Gill
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 William Grinnell
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 Sylvester Bowman
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 Benjamin Dutton
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 W F Harding
 F D Ellis
 C M Jordan
 L B Patterson
 F E Ruggles
 F P Conant
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 A Miller
 D W Tarr
 H C Smith
 A J Houghton
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 Samuel J Bird
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 D A Alden
 John Kirby
 Oliver Wise
 P O'Neal
 And Emerson
 Charles L Gibson
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 H. Mis. Doc. 23—9

John Cassell
 A Kittredge
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Clarence H Bell
B S Allen
C Robinson Page
S W Roper
Roger Flynn
William H Quigly
W B Troby
E Horton
Ed P Wells
Abner W Pollard
B W Van Voorhis
Joseph H Gardner
F C Gordon
B F Kerr
A L Coburn
A L Smith
W L Weightman
Wm Fairfield
Wm S Cuttes
J D Paul
Edward Bradbury
Chas W Callum
Ralph Crooker
P F Crouch
Luther Robinson
J B Stowell
D H Bird
J Henry Lathrop
A C French
J B Steele
B P Davis
Levi Tower
J M Picker

P B Templeton
R H Shelton
J J Driscoll
Wm R Huntington
H G Quinny
Chas Stephenson
Dennis Murphy
Horace Noble
F L Daniels
C T King
Wm Scanlan
J S Hyde
Geo L Montague
M C Flusk
A S Webb
Henry Ward
J C Warner
Monk Newman
Horace A Lamprey
John F Bancher
Charles Mason
Oscar G Healy
Lewis Venrel, jr
Thos A Nelson
S N Dyer, jr
S Cushing
Francis J Humphrey
E B Bowen
Chas M Proctor
James Dempsey
David Clapp
John Walt
D E Fisk
S J Brooks
J O Brugdon
F Daniel
F McIntire
L M Symonds
J C Phillips
S D Haskell
Isaac Adams
Frederick M Hines
J P Greely
Geo H Hardy
S L Mitchell
J B Tucker
J G White
Emanuel Nutze
Daniel Perkins
C W Place
George W Hollfolder

Wm H Smeed
 James Gribbin
 Irving O Whiting
 N M Dyer
 Geo M Austin
 Albert D Swan
 Otis Clapp
 Paul Adams
 John G Davis
 Roscoe G Davis
 Thomas Reed
 Wm R Wright
 William Spurgen
 J C Stockbridge
 Geo B Davis
 T Coolidge
 R O Sevrence
 D F Hall
 Henry W Lincoln
 Henry Wood
 Albert Day
 Alonzo Tripp
 Stephen Selton
 John G Reynolds
 Thos Manning
 W C Kingsley
 J W McEben
 R W Burke
 A Richardson
 H B Coburn
 Nathl T Goldsmith
 Samuel W Tenney
 Chas P Daniels
 Arthur A Eckley
 Wm Engor
 F D Darling
 Mason G Parker
 W S Simmons
 Edwin May & Bro
 Wm Worthington & Co
 I W Hobbs
 E M Warland
 Eben S Fisher
 Francis Fisher
 Valentine Wallbury
 Daniel Murphy
 Leander Whetherett
 L F Riah
 Thomas Wall
 George A Flanders
 Wm Ellis Davis

John W Tufts
 John C Clapp
 Wm P Prichard
 R P Brown, jr
 Francis Minot
 G G Wilder
 Gilman Morse
 L P Forbes
 John Tighe
 George Pigott
 Benj F C Cressey
 A R C Lombad
 Henry Macfarlane
 S N Brown
 Benj F Brown
 F B Wentworth
 Geo W Learnard
 A J Gray
 Wm Stowell Tilton
 C W Morse
 Robt Williams
 Marshall Tenny
 John W Davis
 Fredk E Long
 Chas A Bean
 Charles T Smith
 Warren Fisher
 Jno Delane
 D P Banks
 J P Ellicott
 Lewis Flander
 George Waymouth
 Jas Henry Thayer
 Saml G Thayer, (per J H T)
 John S Blake
 Francis H Warland
 Walter F Wilkins
 Chas F Bowker
 Saml Dillaway
 J W A Acking
 John H Foster
 Adams Bailey
 Chas H Bailey
 Jos A Laforme
 Thos A Goddard
 J J Asize
 Thos G Frothingham
 James Kettell
 Capt Geo Sumner
 William H Goodwin
 Charles H Mulliken

T B Wales, jr
 Gardiner P Gates
 Charles L Young
 Wm A Hallus
 C G Bascom
 Thos K Cummins
 Gridley J T Bryant
 N W Turner
 Chas E Perkins
 Chas H Francis
 Paschal P P Ware
 J R McScreen
 S W C Stephens
 Levi Abbott
 A B Houghton
 J M Somes
 J S Crowell
 George R Slader
 H W Van Vonlees
 Chas W Atwood
 E B Ford
 Wm P Webster
 John U Perkins
 Geo H Cunningham
 Henry D Cunningham
 James R Knott
 Horatio Dillon
 Wm S Hodges
 Warren Parker
 E L Draper
 Christopher Blake
 Jas H Thompson
 A B'd LaForme
 Matthew Cobb
 Nath'l Sweet
 F M Welo
 Francis Boyd
 Horace D Hall
 Thaddeus Nichols
 Wm C Codman
 Wm F Matchett
 Geo B Cary
 G F Silsbee
 Jas Bowdoin Bradlee
 Thomas B Wales
 R W Emmons
 Ezra Forristall, jr
 Edward R Hall
 Guy Carleton
 Joshua Atwood
 Carlton Parker

O H Sampson
 S Henry Morse
 E L Dunmore
 John E Dodge
 Geo W Batchelder
 T A Arms
 John E Webster
 John W Hyde
 Joseph P Ois
 Wm H Clark
 George H Foote
 Chas E Swasey
 Chas W Blassun
 Otis Eddy
 P Edwards
 L J Williams
 T G Drury
 R B Blasdell
 F C Raymond
 Henry H Haynes
 Ira B Shaw
 Geo W Triggs
 Irving Jones
 E Stone Goodwin
 R Ward
 Geo C Ward
 A W Hinkson
 D B Rich
 I J H Thompson
 Eben Tarbill
 Nelson Baker
 Horace H Watson, jr
 Chas A Prince
 William Ballard
 Gustavus Abbott
 A Peirce, jr
 Ellerton Lodge Dorr
 Samuel Wells, jr
 H L Partridge
 J L Gilbert
 Enos Perkins
 William Magoon
 John S Willery
 J Perkins
 A S Ripley
 Francis A Brigham
 H E Colman
 Mr Hubert
 P T Wilson
 H M Jellison
 S Wentworth

R J Brown
 Charles Poole
 Fred Nesmith
 Charles Brackett
 James McCracken
 Wm Lovell
 Geo Wardsworth
 Wm Warren
 Chas Warren
 Benj Shurtleff
 C L Brigham
 S H Pike
 John D Bradlee
 C C Bragg
 M S Linnebar
 Daniel H Whitney
 John Sweetser
 M Cormack
 John A Blanchard
 Marshal Whiting
 John Low
 A H White
 Waldo Higginson
 S Skinner
 Daniel Denny, jr
 Charles Stodder
 William G Dinsmore
 H B Brigham
 T F Howard
 H Hamlin
 J Doyle
 Wm Colfax
 C W Galloupe
 O H Pierce
 J B Fiske
 Stuart Walker
 G H Kingsbury
 F J Lake
 H H Jeffers
 E J Friel
 Richard Sanders
 Chas D Woodberry
 Michael Martin
 Daniel Omeley
 Stephen Guinon
 John F Walsh
 Wm C Boon
 Henry Frost
 J H Cannell
 D P Ives
 Geo S Thomas

Wm E Abbott
 Fisher M Keeler
 Geo A Ives
 Charles W E Bentig
 R Bagnall
 C N Brockway
 Wm W Kendrick
 Jno Kent
 Amos Foster
 J E Colson
 W F Gale
 T H Kating
 Russell Lane
 Frank Boyd
 Michael Camey
 Walter Omalley
 E L Ripley
 James H Jearing
 N C Goddard
 A H Rhodes
 J C Shepardoan
 E F Roberts
 Wm Boyle
 Danl Logan
 Chs T Carroll
 William Weller
 N W Peirce
 Lyman Nichols
 Joseph Carr
 J P Croswell
 Louis F Poyen
 Zenas Cushing
 C H Simpson
 Wm Connor
 Wm D Adams
 C A Ramsdell
 A L Lovejoy
 J A Hanson
 James W Lee
 Geo Foster
 G F Sanderson
 E W Wheelock
 S R Pearl
 G E Randall
 Joseph Peirce
 N L Hardy
 M Dwyer
 R Hollingsworth
 Chas H Bolles
 John A Bates, jr
 Charles S Willcomb

J A Merrill
Paul Adams, jr
John T Clark
John S H Fogg, M D
Danl Briscoe
Wm H Austin
John A Pope
Warren Reed
James Freeman
Michael Travers
Joseph S Perkins
Geo Wm Dennett, M D
James Cook
Henry T Dyer
Robert Semple
T J Butler
Edward A Perkins
Atwood Burnham
Francis S Harrington
Henry Crafts
Edwin H Bliss
Levi L Learned
Hugh Johnson
William Reardon
Charles H Warren
John Woods
Horace Caldwell
John J Peeler
C C Conley
John M Potter
James Cleff
Wm R Jefferds
Saml D Wheeler
James M Johnston, jr
Samuel G Macomb
Henry Powell
Timothy Hawe
John B Ford
Reuben Wheeler
A H G French
John Flynn
John Coughlan
Thomas Rutters
Geo E Learnard
Michl Freeman, jr
Jos H Hall
Jas H Fowler
D E Taylor
Sam R Penney
S C Pierce
Chas L James, jr

Wm H Hart
John W Munroe
Lafayette Ford
Geo Patten
Samuel Britton
Lewis Tucker
Martin Keith
Samuel H Dill
J D Russell
C Karcher
J L Lord
James Willis
Robert Provan, M D
Hobart H Smith
B F Dunbar
Gustavus Mayo
Edmund Pope, jr
Ebenezer Chipman
E L Goodwin
Geo H Brigham
Gilbert Ward
Jona Mann
David Welch
James Field
S M Stevens
Hiram Bridgham
H R Stevens
William Zieler
James Catter
Francis Gilpthen
J E Bowe
August Bopp
Jas Coughlan
William Rutledge
James Christie
Thos Culhance
George H Tully
John Rollo
James Walsh
Michael Cunningham
John Brisco
John A Brisco
H O Learner
A Cummings
C W Cheney
Joshua Rice
Henry J Baldwin
Levi Pratt
Thomas Lister
O Irving
John Porter

Jos W D Parker
 Elisha Parker
 T G Whitehead
 C R Walton
 C W Turell
 Chauncey Shallies
 Alexander McIntosh
 Hugh H Morrison
 Eph'm B Mason, jr
 Samuel Frost
 Philip J Quinn
 S H McGrath
 Daniel Spirn
 Matthew Cosgrove
 J Abbott
 C M Keene
 J H Carey
 Edwin Cumberlead
 Matthew R Muher
 George W Rollins
 Benj P Roberts
 Alfred Y Haskell
 D H Campbell
 John Winslow
 Francis Franklin
 William Handrahan
 William Whelan
 John Derring
 John Baldwin
 Jas Walsh
 Mich'l Mearty
 Luke Tagan
 Joseph H Clough
 Geo Smith
 Thomas F Grace
 P J Grace
 Chas Mooney
 D K Wardwell
 J W Stetson
 F Wilkins
 William S Moore
 Richard Morse
 William C shing
 David H Grows
 C F Sprague
 Saml Tuttle
 Zacheus Holmes
 C R Atwell
 J Henry Davis
 S Poor, jr
 William Connor

George W S Conant
 B B Reed
 J Lappol
 T H G Marston
 Job T Bates
 W Bladgett
 J W Davison
 Charles Woodbury
 Fred Warren
 James Freeman
 Henry Pepper Roberts
 P Gormley, jr
 Jas W Newcomb
 Joseph H Park
 Warren Hunt
 Stephen Fessenden
 Walter Herbert Hudson
 Jesse P Woodbury
 Hall A Keitt
 Geo M Dawes
 A F Schell
 R Scoles
 Harry Fisher
 Jas M Ellis
 Geo A Dary
 John C Hubbard, jr
 Watson Freeman
 W Freeman, jr
 Henry Emery
 J H Riley
 Elisha Bassett
 Silas Carleton
 Eben Noyes, jr
 Wm P Baker
 Wm L Bass
 John P Hanley
 James G Ford, jr
 J Hardy Pierce
 F S Emery
 C H Kilburn
 Charles Jones
 P Sprague
 H W Fuller
 Albert Hanscom
 Horace W Adams
 Sam'l F Lancey
 S D Stanwood
 D L Ware
 J C Abbott
 Geo C Shattuck
 T G Russell

Zenas C Warren
 J M Lincoln
 A Kendall Tilden
 Theophilus Burr
 Hiram Calef
 F Fegyveresi
 James Viles
 E A Hammond
 J W Morrison
 Geo W Smiley
 L Crosby
 J A White
 Chas V White
 Geo Henschman
 James Duff
 Willard Graves
 C T Read
 T J Holmes
 P J Donivan
 H G Dean
 Jas Kevill
 John T Robinson
 Thomas Hammond
 Wm N Hastings
 William Byrne
 William P Wyatt
 W Francis Gragg
 H S Humphrey
 Nelson Taylor
 Joseph West
 Andrew McConbrey
 Stephen Weeks
 A B Cleary
 Thos J Covell
 Joseph B Griffin
 Geo Punchard
 James H McCann
 Daniel J Coburn
 Francis Davis
 R W Hill
 John O'Donohue
 Wm Amony, jr
 James W Sever
 Jesse Frye
 R H Snow
 Rowland Hill
 Hugh Conner
 John McNulty
 Asa S Stillman
 Charles Aiken
 C L Litchfield
 H. Mis. Doc. 23—10

W J Howard
 S B Hanin
 Thomas R Cram
 Eben Snow
 James Moran
 Washburn Turner
 Saml Treadwell
 S Bradford Morse, jr
 Luther W Thompson
 J B Gibson
 John Martin
 John Dorgan
 John McGrath
 Wm P Curtan
 John Gray
 Charles Thomson
 John Hannan
 Martin O'Flarty
 Hugh Madden
 Edward Donohue
 Benj Misener
 John Bonner
 William Cummins
 A R Stover
 A Blumbet
 T A Canley
 Chas R Schelling
 Frank Murray
 N Blaksley
 A Hamilton, jr
 R Warner
 John Frasier
 Frank N Belcher
 John Byrnes
 L G Hutchins
 Wm B Swain
 Thomas Kenny
 Humphry James
 Amos Cutts
 James Sullivan
 Angus M Mullen
 Daniel Fraser
 Prince B Lewis
 S T Kilbrun
 Richard Stevens
 Antoine Rogers
 Robert Smith
 George Frazer
 John Frashar
 Chas Hansen
 Laurence Gustavus Peel

Theodor Beck
 John R Hill
 Thomas Hill
 John F Thompson
 John Hall
 Thomas P Sawyer
 R L Chapman
 Robert Hall
 Charles A Trask
 D B Hiscock
 J L Chapman
 Olof Lindergrreen
 George Bank
 T S Spronk
 John Young
 James M Neil
 Benjamin Woodside
 P W Neil
 H H Snelling
 James E Welsh
 Joseph Tafrendale
 C W Goddard
 Fred L Miller
 Thomas Mayner
 O Clary
 P Claney
 Charles Holmes
 William Frasier
 Franklin B Frasier
 H V Harper
 John Frasier, jr
 E J Houghton, esq
 Charles Bellman
 John Tuasan
 T D Humphrey
 Wm H Frellro
 Donald A D Campbell
 Samuel Perry
 Chas E McLaughlin
 Thos Aiken
 John A Hill
 Samuel Shear
 Joseph McGuire
 James Cllins
 James Morgan
 Pierce S Walsh

John C Heenan
 Edward McKenna
 John Hurly
 David Dessler
 William Mooney
 Michael Ryan
 Patrick Dowe
 John Fay
 Patrick Ryan
 P F Syndon
 Jerry Sheen
 C O Varney
 James Smith
 George Keyes
 Daniel Ahern
 C Ahern
 Denis Warren
 Robert McDevitt
 Thomas Doran
 James Lalley
 S Michels Healy
 Edward Lalley
 James Day
 James Leavitt
 John C M Tucker
 Thomes J J Riordan
 Sam'l W S King
 Patrick J Kelly
 Edward J Fitzgibbon
 John Tooney
 Frederick Luchtrand
 John King
 Patrick Sweeney
 John Donovan
 James Hallinan
 W D Ticknor
 Samuel N Ryder
 George S Ode
 John C Tirrell
 Edward B Horton
 J C Norris
 E M Springer
 D C Blethen
 M E Sheffield
 H A Munroe
 Charles C Webster

MAINTENANCE OF THE CONSTITUTION AND UNION.

RESOLUTIONS

OF THE

LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,

RELATIVE TO

The maintenance of the Constitution and Union.

JANUARY 28, 1861.—Laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS relative to the maintenance of the Constitution and the Union.

Whereas a convention of delegates assembled in the city of Charleston, in the State of South Carolina, did, on the 20th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty, adopt an ordinance entitled "An ordinance to dissolve the union between the State of South Carolina and other States united with her, under the compact entitled the 'Constitution of the United States of America,'" whereby it is declared that the said union is dissolved; and whereas it becomes the duty of the people of Pennsylvania, through their representatives in this general assembly, to make known what they consider the objects sought, and the obligations and duties imposed by the Constitution: Be it therefore—

Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in general assembly met, and it is hereby resolved, That the Constitution of the United States of America was ordained and established, as set forth in its preamble, by the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to themselves and their posterity; and if the people of any State in this Union are not in the full enjoyment of all the benefits intended to be secured to them by the said Constitution; if their rights under it are disregarded, their tranquillity disturbed, their prosperity retarded, or their liberties imperilled by the people of any other State, full and adequate redress can and ought to be provided for such grievances, through the action of Congress and other proper departments of the national government.

2. *Resolved, That the people of Pennsylvania entertain and desire to cherish the most fraternal sentiments for their brethren of other*

States, and are ready now, as they have ever been, to co-operate in all measures needful for their welfare, security, and happiness, under the Constitution which makes us one people. That while they cannot surrender their love of liberty, inherited from the founders of their State, sealed with the blood of the revolution, and witnessed in the history of their legislation, and while they claim the observance of all their rights under the Constitution, they nevertheless maintain now, as they ever have done, the constitutional rights of the people of the slaveholding States to the uninterrupted enjoyment of their own domestic institutions.

3. *Resolved*, That we adopt the sentiment and language of President Andrew Jackson, expressed in his message to Congress on the sixteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three: "That the right of the people of a single State to absolve themselves at will, and without the consent of the other States, from their most solemn obligations, and hazard the liberties and happiness of the millions composing this Union, cannot be acknowledged; and that such authority is utterly repugnant, both to the principles upon which the general government is constituted, and the objects which it was expressly formed to attain."

4. *Resolved*, That the Constitution of the United States of America contains all the powers necessary to the maintenance of its authority, and it is the solemn and most imperative duty of the government to adopt and carry into effect whatever measures may be necessary to that end; and the faith and the power of Pennsylvania are hereby pledged to the support of such measures, in any manner and to any extent that may be required of her by the constituted authorities of the United States.

5. *Resolved*, That all plots, conspiracies, and warlike demonstrations against the United States, in any section of the country, are treasonable in their character, and whatever power of the government is necessary to their suppression should be applied to that purpose without hesitation or delay.

6. *Resolved*, That the governor be, and he is hereby, requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the President of the United States, properly attested under the great seal of the Commonwealth, and like attested copies to the governors of the several States of this Union, and also to our senators and representatives in Congress, who are hereby requested to present the same to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

E. W. DAVIS,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

ROBT. M. PALMER,

Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the twenty-fourth day of January, anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

A. G. CURTIN.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss :

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
Harrisburg, January 24, 1861.

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full and true copy of the original resolutions of the general assembly, entitled "Joint resolutions relative to the maintenance of the Constitution and the Union," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the [L. s.] seal of the secretary's office, the day and year above written.

S. B. THOMAS,
Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss:

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Andrew G. Curtin, governor of the said Commonwealth, to all to whom these presents shall come, sends greeting :

Know ye that the attestation hereunto annexed is in due form, and made by the proper officer, and that Samuel B. Thomas, whose name is subscribed thereto, was, at the time of subscribing the same, and now is, deputy secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, duly appointed and commissioned, and full faith and credit are due and ought to be given to his official acts accordingly.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, [L. s.] the twenty-fourth day of January, in the year of our Lord onethousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-fifth.

A. G. CURTIN.

By the governor :

ELI SLIFER, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

ORDER BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

January 24, 1861

I the President of the United States, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original of the same as it appears in the records of the Department of the Interior, and as the same is now in the possession of the said Department.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the United States at Washington, this 24th day of January, 1861.

JOHN P. KANE

Secretary of the Interior

In this case, by the authority of the President of the United States, I have caused the following to be printed, to wit: A copy of the original of the same as it appears in the records of the Department of the Interior, and as the same is now in the possession of the said Department.

It is the duty of the President of the United States to see that the laws are faithfully executed, and that the Constitution is preserved. In this case, by the authority of the President of the United States, I have caused the following to be printed, to wit: A copy of the original of the same as it appears in the records of the Department of the Interior, and as the same is now in the possession of the said Department.

The President of the United States, in his capacity as Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the following, to wit: A copy of the original of the same as it appears in the records of the Department of the Interior, and as the same is now in the possession of the said Department.

A. O. CURTIS

Secretary of the Interior

The President of the United States, in his capacity as Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the following, to wit: A copy of the original of the same as it appears in the records of the Department of the Interior, and as the same is now in the possession of the said Department.

W. W. DAVIS

Secretary of the Interior

JOHN P. KANE

Secretary of the Interior

The President of the United States, in his capacity as Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the following, to wit: A copy of the original of the same as it appears in the records of the Department of the Interior, and as the same is now in the possession of the said Department.

A. O. CURTIS

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE POST OFFICE
DEPARTMENT, BY STATES, FOR 1860.

LETTER

OF

THE SIXTH AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY,

TRANSMITTING

A statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Post Office Department, by States, for the year ending June 30, 1860.

JANUARY 28, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads, and ordered to be printed.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Post Office Department, January 28, 1861.

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to send, in accordance with your request, the tabular statement of receipts and expenditures, by States and Territories, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1860.

Respectfully yours,

H. ST. GEORGE OFFUTT,
Chief Clerk.

Hon. S. COLFAX,
Chairman of Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

POSTAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

Statement of the postal receipts and expenditures

States and Territories.	Letter postage.	Newspaper postage.	Registered letters.	Stamps sold.	Total receipts.
Maine.....	\$13,673 11	\$13,526 65	\$501 00	\$133,970 29	\$166,671 05
New Hampshire.....	3,839 41	10,663 89	291 95	96,281 03	111,076 28
Vermont.....	4,087 76	12,510 17	182 30	89,992 48	106,772 71
Massachusetts.....	75,443 63	27,489 34	1,197 63	538,824 86	642,955 48
Rhode Island.....	4,059 94	3,745 00	134 05	61,118 91	69,057 90
Connecticut.....	9,731 63	15,855 14	313 80	182,043 63	207,944 20
New York.....	273,451 52	88,990 00	2,946 80	1,315,750 77	1,681,139 09
New Jersey.....	15,245 64	11,223 37	232 75	113,056 11	139,757 87
Pennsylvania.....	72,870 86	54,507 43	2,420 95	578,756 54	708,555 78
Delaware.....	1,402 47	2,184 21	73 60	44,470 15	48,130 43
Maryland.....	22,056 31	11,492 41	898 25	165,116 55	199,563 52
District of Columbia.....	6,252 59	3,245 41	360 85	41,433 16	51,292 01
Virginia.....	11,454 49	26,053 21	1,063 05	236,698 74	275,269 49
North Carolina.....	3,158 20	12,187 61	768 30	81,698 31	97,812 42
South Carolina.....	10,714 76	8,584 43	582 20	93,794 53	113,675 92
Georgia.....	7,786 49	18,310 13	869 15	156,155 10	183,120 87
Florida.....	1,674 93	2,555 28	134 65	23,952 52	28,317 38
Alabama.....	7,206 53	14,746 36	971 65	125,547 19	148,471 73
Mississippi.....	4,632 98	14,100 13	490 30	96,794 63	116,018 04
Texas.....	9,567 31	12,463 36	399 65	105,747 21	128,177 53
Kentucky.....	8,044 34	15,686 04	587 85	142,202 26	166,520 49
Michigan.....	14,669 56	16,123 48	721 05	147,135 77	178,649 86
Wisconsin.....	18,218 41	16,788 29	722 50	148,054 08	183,783 28
Louisiana.....	26,772 92	15,478 10	809 65	175,263 28	218,323 95
Tennessee.....	5,164 79	14,689 78	872 50	135,005 42	155,732 49
Missouri.....	24,525 70	25,033 25	844 15	203,421 04	253,824 14
Illinois.....	31,457 53	37,300 39	1,424 25	375,546 82	445,728 99
Ohio.....	34,659 11	45,059 76	1,971 15	450,569 04	532,259 06
Indiana.....	13,091 32	26,500 08	970 50	178,434 85	218,996 75
Arkansas.....	2,615 82	7,675 22	113 10	42,216 59	52,620 73
Iowa.....	9,647 39	17,368 92	441 45	114,444 94	141,902 70
California.....	57,993 66	14,374 17	480 85	213,370 16	286,218 84
Oregon.....	2,702 95	1,957 58	9 35	10,920 99	15,590 87
Minnesota.....	5,614 45	4,539 18	145 35	33,208 21	43,507 19
New Mexico.....	409 18	238 00	4 30	2,708 31	3,359 79
Utah.....	1,588 45	247 46	2 40	2,598 01	4,436 32
Nebraska.....	787 88	959 22	18 10	7,976 11	9,741 31
Washington.....	1,211 18	461 42	4 65	3,473 60	5,150 85
Kansas.....	2,472 28	2,781 49	62 65	25,757 51	31,073 93
	819,957 48	627,695 36	25,038 70	6,698,509 70	8,171,201 24
Add Prussian postage.....\$31,662 20					
Deduct miscellaneous items.. 437 51					
	31,224 69				
Do.....do.....		658 77			
Add miscellaneous items.....			14	7,785 50	38,351 56
	851,182 17	627,036 59	25,038 84	6,706,295 20	8,209,552 80

* This amount is made up from the following receipts, viz :

From fines.....	\$5 00
From dead letters.....	3,803 68
From extra compensation overcharged.....	273 02
From miscellaneous.....	4,232 64
From surplus omoluments.....	91,694 04
	<u>100,008 38</u>

POSTAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

3

for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1860.

Compensation al- lowed postmast- ers.	Incidental expen- ses of post offices.	Total compensat'n and incidental expenses.	Transportation.	Total expenses.	Excess of expen- ditures over re- ceipts.	Excess of receipts over expenditures.
\$76,808 63	\$12,914 93	\$89,723 56	\$109,482 37	\$199,205 93	\$32,534 88	.....
54,117 08	4,108 90	58,225 98	51,185 43	109,411 41	.....	\$1,664 87
56,167 19	918 59	57,085 78	71,322 54	128,408 32	21,635 61	.....
164,747 08	109,919 48	274,666 56	186,162 79	460,829 35	.....	182,126 13
16,452 61	9,293 87	25,746 48	18,197 92	43,944 40	.....	25,113 50
75,992 65	17,417 60	93,410 25	110,785 30	204,195 55	.....	3,748 65
337,564 85	323,664 24	661,229 09	515,001 22	1,176,230 31	.....	504,908 78
59,709 86	7,314 46	67,024 32	88,280 06	155,304 38	15,546 51	.....
196,400 95	105,495 94	301,896 89	328,743 66	630,640 55	.....	77,915 23
9,291 84	1,835 21	11,127 05	22,983 51	34,110 56	.....	14,019 87
36,233 09	34,379 21	70,612 30	238,086 82	308,699 12	109,135 60	.....
4,025 17	36,004 41	40,029 58	.....	40,029 58	.....	11,262 43
104,517 91	29,943 11	134,461 02	396,147 73	530,608 75	255,339 26	.....
45,415 06	4,367 08	49,782 14	176,890 17	226,672 31	128,859 89	.....
32,419 92	13,817 61	46,237 53	207,848 06	254,085 59	140,409 67	.....
65,103 85	13,423 70	88,527 55	260,337 55	348,865 10	165,744 23	.....
14,046 51	32 85	14,079 36	181,456 80	195,536 16	167,218 78	.....
53,280 00	17,790 96	71,070 96	359,752 21	430,823 17	282,351 44	.....
52,852 97	2,730 66	55,583 63	312,339 21	367,922 84	251,904 80	.....
54,687 95	8,299 47	62,987 42	643,293 40	706,280 82	578,103 29	.....
60,614 10	15,445 66	76,059 76	286,503 01	362,562 77	196,042 28	.....
76,442 96	22,995 92	99,438 88	163,726 00	263,164 88	84,515 02	.....
75,163 75	12,332 28	87,496 03	140,527 26	228,023 29	44,240 01	.....
33,540 48	37,416 12	70,956 60	505,060 49	576,017 09	357,693 14	.....
52,555 69	20,450 64	73,006 33	243,999 75	317,006 08	161,273 59	.....
70,326 56	40,736 13	111,062 69	569,476 26	680,538 95	426,714 81	.....
165,725 76	86,027 92	251,753 68	393,365 72	645,119 40	199,350 41	.....
188,857 24	74,519 10	263,376 34	549,345 59	812,721 93	280,462 87	.....
101,194 50	15,337 55	116,532 05	250,057 23	366,589 28	147,592 53	.....
26,938 20	3,363 30	30,301 50	312,127 37	342,428 87	289,808 14	.....
65,702 03	11,693 50	77,395 53	188,295 42	265,690 95	123,788 25	.....
65,903 27	44,635 66	110,538 93	950,622 66	1,061,161 59	774,942 75	.....
7,337 10	24 74	7,361 84	32,789 60	40,151 44	24,560 57	.....
20,944 44	1,966 46	22,910 90	107,229 11	130,140 01	86,632 82	.....
1,671 03	15 50	1,686 53	17,462 41	19,148 94	15,789 15	.....
2,238 27	46 46	2,284 73	104,300 59	106,585 32	102,149 00	.....
5,480 69	66 95	5,547 64	37,957 00	43,504 64	33,763 33	.....
2,792 31	17 04	2,809 35	39,790 97	42,600 32	37,449 47	.....
14,640 26	1,648 71	16,288 97	57,038 12	73,327 09	42,253 16	.....
2,547,903 81	1,152,411 92	3,700,315 73	9,227,971 31	12,928,287 04	5,577,845 26	820,759 46
.....						
4,964 29	.....	4,964 29	.....	4,964 29	.....	33,387 27
2,552,868 10	1,152,411 92	3,705,280 02	9,227,971 31	12,933,251 33	5,577,845 26	854,146 73 *100,008 38
Deduct excess of receipts....					954,155 11	954,155 11
Add as follows, (which includes \$711,549 32 paid on account of pre- vious years:)					4,623,690 15	
Amount paid for foreign mails and expenses of government mail agents.....					\$828,429 10	
Amount paid for route agents					361,735 44	
Amount paid for supply of special offices and mail messengers.					279,073 62	
Amount paid for ship, steamboat, and way letters					13,658 03	
Amounts allowed and paid at department:						
Interest to contractors, act 15th February, 1860.....					141,066 03	
Wrapping paper					36,600 14	
Office furniture					264 43	
Advertising.....					11,024 06	
Mail bags.....					44,508 35	
Blanks.....					164,517 61	
Mail locks, keys, &c.....					8,032 30	
Mail depredations and special agents.....					46,194 77	
Clerks for offices.....					24,634 29	
Miscellaneous payments					45,279 91	
Postage stamps and stamped envelopes					97,505 27	
Foreign postage collected and returned to foreign governments.					342,041 31	
					2,444,564 66	
Total excess of expenditures					7,068,254 81	

EXISTING NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

RESOLUTION

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MAINE.

RELATING TO

Existing national affairs.

JANUARY 28, 1861.—Laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

STATE OF MAINE.

RESOLUTION relating to existing national affairs.

Whereas, by advices received from Washington, and by information received in many other ways, it appears that an extensive combination exists, of evil-disposed persons, to effect the dissolution of the federal Union and the overthrow of the government; and

Whereas the people of this State are deeply attached to the Union, and thoroughly loyal to the government, and are heartily devoted to their preservation and protection: Therefore—

Resolved, That the governor be, and hereby is, authorized and requested to assure the President of the United States of the loyalty of the people of Maine to the Union and the government thereof, and that the entire resources of the State, in men and money, are hereby pledged to the administration in defence and support of the Constitution and the Union.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
January 17, 1861.

Read and passed.

JAMES G. BLAINE, *Speaker.*

IN SENATE, *January 18, 1861.*

Read and passed.

WILLIAM C. HAMMATT,
President pro. tem.

Approved January 18, 1861.

ISRAEL WASHBURN, JR.

STATE OF MAINE, OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE,
Augusta, January 23, 1861.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original as deposited in this office.

JOSEPH B. HALL, *Secretary of State.*

NATIONAL DIFFICULTIES.

RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE,

RELATIVE TO

The present condition of national affairs, and suggesting certain amendments to the Constitution.

JANUARY 28, 1861.—Laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

1. *Resolved by the general assembly of Tennessee*, That a convention of delegates from all the slaveholding States should assemble at Nashville, Tennessee, or such other place as a majority of the States co-operating may designate, on the 4th day of February, to digest and define bases upon which, if possible, the federal Union and the constitutional rights of the slave States may be preserved and perpetuated.

2. *Resolved*, That the general assembly of Tennessee appoint a number of delegates to said convention, of our ablest and wisest men, equal to our whole delegation in Congress; and that the governor of Tennessee immediately furnish copies of these resolutions to the governors of the slaveholding States, and urge the participation of such States in said convention.

3. *Resolved*, That in the opinion of the general assembly of Tennessee, such plan of adjustment should embrace the following propositions as amendments to the Constitution of the United States:

First. A declaratory amendment that African slaves, as held under the institutions of the slaveholding States, shall be recognized as property, and entitled to the *status* of other property in the States where slavery exists, in all places within the exclusive jurisdiction of Congress in the slave States, in all the Territories south of 36° 30', in the District of Columbia, in transit, and while temporarily sojourning with the owner in the non-slaveholding States and Territories north of 36° 30'; and, when fugitives from the owner, in the several places above named, as well as in all places, in the exclusive jurisdiction of Congress in the non-slaveholding States.

Second. That in all the territory now owned, or which may be hereafter acquired by the United States, south of the parallel of $36^{\circ} 30'$, African slavery shall be recognized as existing, and be protected by all the departments of the federal and territorial government; and in all north of that line, now owned or to be acquired, it shall not be recognized as existing. And whenever States formed out of any of said territory south of said line, having a population equal to that of a congressional district, shall apply for admission into the Union, the same shall be admitted as slave States; while States north of the line, formed out of said territory and having a population equal to a congressional district, shall be admitted without slavery. But the States formed out of said territory, north and south, having been admitted as members of the Union, shall have all the powers over the institution of slavery possessed by the other States of the Union.

Third. Congress shall have no power to abolish slavery in places under its exclusive jurisdiction, and situate within the limits of States that permit the holding of slaves.

Fourth. Congress shall have no power to abolish slavery within the District of Columbia as long as it exists in the adjoining States of Virginia and Maryland, or either, nor without the consent of the inhabitants, nor without just compensation made to such owners of slaves as do not consent to such abolishment. Nor shall Congress at any time prohibit officers of the federal government, or members of Congress, whose duties require them to be in said District, from bringing with them their slaves, and holding them as such, during the time their duties may require them to remain there, and afterwards taking them from the District.

Fifth. Congress shall have no power to prohibit or hinder the transportation of slaves from one State to another, or to a Territory in which slaves are by law permitted to be held, whether that transportation be by land, navigable rivers, or by the sea.

Sixth. In addition to the fugitive slave clause, provide that when a slave has been demanded of the executive authority of the State to which he has fled, if he is not delivered, and the owner permitted to carry him out of the State in peace, that the State so failing to deliver, shall pay to the owner the value of such slave, and such damages as he may have sustained in attempting to reclaim his slave, and secure his right of action in the Supreme Court of the United States, with execution against the property of such State, and of the individual members thereof.

Seventh. No further amendment of the Constitution shall affect the five preceding articles, nor the third paragraph of the second section of the first article of the Constitution, nor the third paragraph of the second section of the fourth article of said Constitution; and no amendments shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give to Congress any power to abolish or interfere with slavery in any of the States by whose laws it is or may be allowed or permitted.

Eighth. That slave property shall be rendered secure in transit through, or while temporarily sojourning in the non-slaveholding States or Territories, or in the District of Columbia.

Ninth. An amendment to the effect that all fugitives are to be

deemed those offending the laws within the jurisdiction of the State, and who escape therefrom to other States; and that it is the duty of each State to suppress armed invasions of another State.

4. *Resolved*, That said convention of the slaveholding States, having agreed upon a basis of adjustment satisfactory to themselves, should, in the opinion of this general assembly, refer it to a convention of all the States, slaveholding and non-slaveholding, in the manner following: It should invite all the States friendly to such plan of adjustment to elect delegates in such manner as to reflect the popular will, to assemble in a constitutional convention of all the States, north and south, to be held at Richmond, Virginia, on the — day of February, 1861, to revise and perfect said plan of adjustment for its reference for final ratification and adoption by conventions of the States respectively.

5. *Resolved*, That should a plan of adjustment satisfactory to the south not be acceded to by the requisite number of States to perfect amendments to the Constitution of the United States, it is the opinion of this general assembly that the slaveholding States should adopt for themselves the Constitution of the United States, with such amendments as may be satisfactory to the slaveholding States; and that they should invite into a union with them all States of the north which are willing to abide such amended Constitution and frame of government, severing at once all connexion with States refusing such reasonable guarantees to our future safety—such renewed conditions of federal union being first submitted for ratification to conventions of all the States respectively.

6. *Resolved*, That the governor of Tennessee furnish copies of these resolutions immediately to the governors of the slaveholding and non-slaveholding States.

NATIONAL DISTURBANCES.

RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY,

IN REGARD TO

The pending troubles between the north and the south.

JANUARY 28, 1861.—Ordered to be printed.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS on the state of the Union passed by the legislature of New Jersey.

Whereas the people of New Jersey, conforming to the opinion of "the Father of his Country," consider the unity of the government, which constitutes the people of the United States one people, a main pillar in the edifice of their independence, the support of their tranquillity at home and peace abroad, of their prosperity, and of that liberty which they so highly prize; and properly estimating the immense value of their national Union to their individual happiness, they cherish a cordial, habitual, and immovable attachment to it as the palladium of their political safety and prosperity: Therefore—

1. *Be it resolved by the senate and general assembly of the State of New Jersey,* That it is the duty of every good citizen, in all suitable and proper ways, to stand by and sustain the union of the States as transmitted to us by our fathers.

2. *And be it resolved,* That the government of the United States is a national government, and the union it was designed to perfect is not a mere compact or league; and that the Constitution was adopted in a spirit of mutual compromise and concession by the people of the United States, and can only be preserved by the constant recognition of that spirit.

3. *And be it resolved,* That however undoubted may be the right of the general government to maintain its authority and enforce its laws over all parts of the country, it is equally certain that forbearance and compromise are indispensable at this crisis to the perpetuity of

the Union, and that it is the dictate of reason, wisdom, and patriotism, peacefully to adjust whatever differences exist between the different sections of our country.

4. *And be it resolved*, That the resolutions and propositions submitted to the Senate of the United States by Hon. John J. Crittenden, of Kentucky, for the compromise of the questions in dispute between the people of the northern and of the southern States, or any other constitutional method of settling the slave question permanently, will be acceptable to the people of the State of New Jersey, and the senators and representatives in Congress from New Jersey be requested and earnestly urged to support those resolutions and propositions.

5. *And be it resolved*, That as the union of the States is in imminent danger unless the remedies before suggested be speedily adopted, then, as a last resort, the State of New Jersey hereby makes application, according to the terms of the Constitution, of the Congress of the United States to call a convention (of the States) to propose amendments to said Constitution.

6. *And be it resolved*, That such of the States as have in force laws which interfere with the constitutional rights of citizens of the other States, either in regard to their persons or property, or which militate against the just construction of that part of the Constitution that provides that the "citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States," are earnestly urged and requested, for the sake of peace and the Union, to repeal all such laws.

7. *And be it resolved*, That his excellency Charles S. Olden, Peter D. Vroom, Robert F. Stockton, Benjamin Williamson, Joseph F. Randolph, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Rodman M. Price, Thomas J. Stryker, and William C. Alexander, be appointed commissioners to confer with Congress and our sister States, and urge upon them the importance of carrying into effect the principles and objects of the foregoing resolutions.

8. *And be it resolved*, That the commissioners above named, in addition to their other powers, be authorized to meet with those now or hereafter to be appointed by our sister State of Virginia, and such commissioners of other States as have been or may hereafter be appointed to meet at Washington on the fourth day of February next.

9. *And be it resolved*, That copies of the foregoing resolutions be sent to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, and to the senators and representatives in Congress from New Jersey, and to the governors of the several States.

IMPROVEMENT OF NAVIGATION OF MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

MEMORIAL

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA,

FOR

The improvement of the Mississippi river.

JANUARY 30, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on Commerce, and ordered to be printed.

A MEMORIAL to Congress for an appropriation of money for improving the Mississippi river, from a point near the mouth of the Minnesota river to Sauk Rapids.

To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled:

Your memorialists, the legislature of the State of Minnesota, respectfully represent: That the navigation of the Mississippi river, a short distance below the mouth of the Minnesota or St. Peter's river, and the Falls of St. Anthony, a distance of about seven miles by the said Mississippi river, is, especially during the season of low water, so obstructed by rocks and other impediments as to render it difficult and hazardous for navigation; but that, by the appropriation and proper outlay of a reasonable sum of money, the said river between the points designated could be rendered easily navigable during the entire season for the largest class steamboats used on the Upper Mississippi; that within the last few years the citizens of St. Anthony and Minneapolis have expended for the improvement of said river, between the points aforesaid, more than ten thousand dollars, and at one time had a line of steamboats established to and from Fulton City.

During one season of navigation, after the establishment of these boats, there was as high as fifty-two steamboat arrivals at the landings of St. Anthony and Minneapolis, and from the same nearly six thousand tons of freight were delivered. Since the arrivals of that particular season, several thousand tons more of goods have been delivered in the same way; and, in the meantime, immense quantities of produce, including wheat, potatoes, rye, oats, and corn, have been shipped for the southern and eastern markets at these places, notwithstanding the serious obstructions to navigation mentioned.

It is a well-known fact, however, that a far greater number of steamboats would have visited these places during the period named had the river been in such a condition as to allow boats to run regularly during the season of navigation in each year.

Your memorialists further represent that the navigation of the Mississippi river between the said Falls of St. Anthony and Sauk Rapids, a distance by water of about ninety miles, is obstructed by rocks and sand-bars at several places to such an extent as to prove a serious impediment to steamboat navigation during a large portion of the summer and fall season.

Notwithstanding these difficulties, private enterprise has caused the running of two steamboats for several years, during the navigable season, between these points.

With a suitable appropriation made by Congress, and judiciously expended, it is very evident that these obstructions could be removed, and this important channel of commerce rendered navigable during the entire season of navigation.

The following are some of the reasons which your memorialists respectfully, but earnestly, press upon your attention as furnishing the most ample grounds, in their judgment, for the appropriations herewith solicited.

First. The immediate region of country watered by that portion of the Mississippi desired to be improved is already of vast agricultural, manufacturing, and commercial importance.

Sauk Rapids, St. Cloud, Clearwater, Monticello, Dayton, Anoka, Minneapolis, and St. Anthony, are all important and flourishing towns and cities along this portion of the river.

Sauk Rapids affords an excellent water power, and for this the Falls of St. Anthony has long since obtained a just and wide-spread celebrity.

As a means of furnishing lumber for building purposes, its development is strongly demanded by large portions of Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, and Wisconsin, as well as southern, middle, and western Minnesota. The rich and extended agricultural valleys of Sauk river and Crow river, (important tributaries of this section of the Mississippi) with their constantly increasing surplus productions, are directly interested in the use and improvement of this great channel of commerce.

The valley of the Red river of the North, which promises soon to undergo rapid development, also looks to this part of the Mississippi as a great aid in reaching a southern and eastern market.

Second. A valuable and constantly increasing trade has commenced with the celebrated Selkirk Settlement, in the British possessions, on the Red river.

The restrictive policy so long pursued by the Hudson's Bay Company has at last been changed, and the door thrown open to all the benefits of a lively competition. The old and expensive lines of communication by Hudson's bay and Rainy lake are about abandoned, and the immense amount of merchandise now designed for the Selkirk region is carried by way of St. Paul, and from thence almost through the heart of Minnesota.

The vast quantity of goods now transported by the Hudson's Bay Company from St. Paul to St. Cloud would *all* seek the Mississippi river in case it was in suitable navigable condition. The more expensive and tedious mode of transporting by teams would soon be comparatively abandoned for the benefits of steamboat navigation.

The British government and people would seek this channel in their intercourse with their northwestern possessions, especially since steamboat navigation, through American enterprise, has been introduced on the Red river.

Great benefits would certainly accrue to the United States government in the removal of these obstructions to free navigation by the better and cheaper facilities afforded for transporting supplies to our military posts at Forts Ripley and Abercrombie ; also to the different Indians tribes in the north and northwest.

That portion of Minnesota so much interested in the improvement of this section of the Mississippi has increased largely in population within the last few years, and holds out greater promises than ever for the future.

Third. The importance of rendering the Mississippi river ultimately navigable to the nearest practicable point from its source is becoming more evident each succeeding year. This stream far transcends any other on the globe in the breadth and value of its commercial interests.

It is eminently the great national river of our country, and ought to be regarded with the highest concern by every quarter of the Union.

If the construction of a grand Pacific railway, linking together the great interests of the Atlantic and Pacific, is considered a matter of wise national policy, are not these the most potent reasons, also, why a proper share of attention should be given by the general government to this mighty central channel of northern and southern intercourse?

It has its rise far in the interior of Minnesota. Six hundred and sixty-three miles of its length lies within our own State limits ; an additional one hundred and thirty-four miles washes our eastern boundary, making seven hundred and ninety-seven miles in all, properly belonging to and connected with our State.

The immense distance of twenty-nine hundred miles is traversed from its source to its mouth at the Gulf of Mexico, gathering and distributing, in its majestic course, the commerce of over a dozen States of the Union, having an aggregate population of more than thirteen millions of people.

Fourth. This portion of the Mississippi for which aid is asked has never been the recipient of any favors at the hands of the general government. *Not a dollar has ever been given for this purpose ;* in fact, the same may be said concerning this river for many hundred miles below the Falls of St. Anthony.

Those engaged in commercial pursuits have been left to struggle with the perils and dangers of navigation, along with many other difficulties attendant upon the settlement of a new country.

During all this time liberal and generous appropriations have been made by Congress for rivers and streams in other sections of the country of far less magnitude and importance in a commercial point of view.

So has it been in regard to our seabords of the east and south in the

line of munificent donations to improve harbors, to build piers and light-houses, to survey our coasts, and to protect our commerce.

For the promotion of these great interests the northwest has always been found a willing and generous friend.

During the many years that she has thus aided other sections of the country in obtaining full and just encouragement from the national government, she has at the same time made the largest contributions to the federal treasury.

By her great consumption of foreign imports she has contributed about one-half the annual revenue of the general government, in comparison with which all the national expenditures ever made for the benefit of any quarter of her extended domain is insignificant.

Although fully conscious of her just claims to a reasonable proportion of our national benefits, the great west has patiently and perseveringly advanced in the face of all obstacles.

Believing that the time, however, is now at hand when it must be clearly apparent that a more liberal policy should be adopted by Congress, especially with regard to objects of absolute national interests, your memorialists call for this appropriation with great confidence that it will be granted.

The new impetus which would be given to the cause of agriculture, manufactures, and commerce, by such an act upon the part of Congress, would soon demonstrate the wisdom of such a step to every section of the country.

Your memorialists, therefore, ask that an appropriation of forty thousand dollars be made for the improvement of that portion of said river described below the Falls of St. Anthony, and the further sum of fifty thousand dollars to improve the same between said falls and Sauk Rapids. And your memorialists will ever pray.

GEO. WATSON,

President of the Senate pro tem.

JARED BENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved January nineteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, MINNESOTA,

St. Paul, January 19, 1861.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original on file in this office.

J. H. BAKER, [L. s.]

Secretary of State.

DISSENSIONS BETWEEN THE NORTH AND SOUTH.

PETITION

OF

THE COMMITTEE OF THIRTY-THREE,

APPOINTED AT

The workingmen's mass meeting, held in Philadelphia, in Independence square, Saturday evening, January 26, 1861.

JANUARY 30, 1861.—Referred to the select committee of five, and ordered to be printed.

To the House of Representatives of the United States:

The petition of the undersigned committee of Philadelphia workingmen, without distinction of party, respectfully sheweth: That they earnestly pray your honorable body to pass the resolutions introduced by the Hon. Mr. Crittenden, of Kentucky, a copy of which is hereunto annexed, or resolutions embodying the same principles and measures, believing that this course will be acceptable to your constituents in all sections of our country, and will have the effect of allaying the present unhappy excitement.

Resolutions introduced into the Senate of the United States, by the Hon. Mr. Crittenden, of Kentucky, on the 18th of December, 1860.

Whereas alarming dissensions have arisen between the northern and southern States as to the rights to the common territory of the United States, it is eminently desirable and proper that such dissensions should be settled by the constitutional provisions which give equal justice to all sections, whereby to restore peace: Therefore—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the following articles be proposed and submitted as an amendment to the Constitution, which shall be valid as a part of the Constitution when ratified by conventions of three-fourths of the people of the States.

First. In all the territories now or hereafter acquired north of latitude 36 degrees 40 minutes slavery or involuntary servitude,

except punishment for crime, shall be prohibited, while south of that latitude it shall remain; and in all territory south of that latitude slavery is hereby recognized as existing, and not to be interfered with by Congress, but be protected as property by all departments of the territorial government during its continuance as a territory. When territory north or south of such line, within such boundaries as Congress may prescribe, shall contain the population necessary for a member of Congress, with a republican form of government, it shall be admitted into the Union on an equality with the original States, with or without slavery, as the constitution of the State may prescribe.

Second. Congress shall have no power to abolish slavery in places under its jurisdiction, or in States permitting slavery.

Third. Congress shall have no power to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia while it exists in Virginia or Maryland, or either. Congress shall never, at any time, prohibit the officers of the government, or members of Congress, whose duties require them to live in the District of Columbia, and bringing slaves, from holding them as such.

Fourth. Congress shall have no power to hinder the transportation of slaves from one State to another, whether by land, navigable rivers, or sea.

Fifth. Congress shall have power by law to pay the owner who shall apply, the full value of the fugitive slave in all cases when the marshal is prevented from discharging his duty, by force or rescue, made after the arrest. In all such cases the United States shall have power to sue the county in which such violence or rescue is made, and the county shall have the right to sue the individuals who committed the wrong in the same manner as the owner could sue.

Sixth. No future amendments shall affect the preceding articles, and Congress shall never have power to interfere with slavery in the States where it is now permitted.

J. W. Van Houten.

Thos. McDonough.

Wm. Obdyke.

James Christy.

Joseph L. Travis.

John Keeseey.

David Conard.

Robert J. Magee.

Frank B. Smith.

Chas. W. Fraley.

Stephen B. Whiting.

Henry Osmond, jr.

Joseph Armstrong.

Jos. B. Conran.

A. W. Suplee.

Joseph B. Hancock.

Hiram Garton.

Francis Reilly.

Henry Kearney.

George Austin.

J. D. Smith.

E. P. Molineaux.

E. W. Shippen.

James B. Nicholson.

C. W. Hawkins.

Benjamin F. Larry.

Augus. N. Morpheeson.

J. Blakely.

Philip Lowry, jr.

William H. Cowgill.

Wm. F. Blundin.

Monro M. Murphy.

J. Page Nicholson.

THE UNION OF THE STATES.

PREAMBLE AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

OF THE

LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY,

IN

In relation to the union of the States.

JANUARY 31, 1861.—Ordered to be printed.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS in relation to the union of the States.

Whereas the people of New Jersey, conforming to the opinion of "the Father of his Country," consider the unity of the government, which constitutes the people of the United States one people, a main pillar in the edifice of their independence, the support of their tranquillity at home and peace abroad, of their prosperity, and of that liberty which they so highly prize; and properly estimating the immense value of their national Union to their individual happiness, they cherish a cordial, habitual, and immovable attachment to it as the palladium of their political safety and prosperity: Therefore—

1. *Be it resolved by the senate and general assembly of the State of New Jersey,* That it is the duty of every good citizen, in all suitable and proper ways, to stand by and sustain the union of the States as transmitted to us by our fathers.

2. *And be it resolved,* That the government of the United States is a national government, and the Union it was designed to perfect is not a mere compact or league; and that the Constitution was adopted in a spirit of mutual compromise and concession by the people of the United States, and can only be preserved by the constant recognition of that spirit.

3. *And be it resolved,* That however undoubted may be the right of the general government to maintain its authority and enforce its laws over all parts of the country, it is equally certain that forbearance and compromise are indispensable at this crisis to the perpetuity of the

except punishment for crime, shall be prohibited, while south of that latitude it shall remain; and in all territory south of that latitude slavery is hereby recognized as existing, and not to be interfered with by Congress, but be protected as property by all departments of the territorial government during its continuance as a territory. When territory north or south of such line, within such boundaries as Congress may prescribe, shall contain the population necessary for a member of Congress, with a republican form of government, it shall be admitted into the Union on an equality with the original States, with or without slavery, as the constitution of the State may prescribe.

Second. Congress shall have no power to abolish slavery in places under its jurisdiction, or in States permitting slavery.

Third. Congress shall have no power to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia while it exists in Virginia or Maryland, or either. Congress shall never, at any time, prohibit the officers of the government, or members of Congress, whose duties require them to live in the District of Columbia, and bringing slaves, from holding them as such.

Fourth. Congress shall have no power to hinder the transportation of slaves from one State to another, whether by land, navigable rivers, or sea.

Fifth. Congress shall have power by law to pay the owner who shall apply, the full value of the fugitive slave in all cases when the marshal is prevented from discharging his duty, by force or rescue, made after the arrest. In all such cases the United States shall have power to sue the county in which such violence or rescue is made, and the county shall have the right to sue the individuals who committed the wrong in the same manner as the owner could sue.

Sixth. No future amendments shall affect the preceding articles, and Congress shall never have power to interfere with slavery in the States where it is now permitted.

J. W. Van Houten.

Thos. McDonough.

Wm. Obdyke.

James Christy.

Joseph L. Travis.

John Keesey.

David Conard.

Robert J. Magee.

Frank B. Smith.

Chas. W. Fraley.

Stephen B. Whiting.

Henry Osmond, jr.

Joseph Armstrong.

Jos. B. Conran.

A. W. Suplee.

Joseph B. Hancock.

Hiram Garton.

Francis Reilly.

Henry Kearney.

George Austin.

J. D. Smith.

E. P. Molineaux.

E. W. Shippen.

James B. Nicholson.

C. W. Hawkins.

Benjamin F. Larry.

Augus. N. Morpheeson.

J. Blakely.

Philip Lowry, jr.

William H. Cowgill.

Wm. F. Blundin.

Monro M. Murphy.

J. Page Nicholson.

THE UNION OF THE STATES.

PREAMBLE AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

OF THE

LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY,

IN

In relation to the union of the States.

JANUARY 31, 1861.—Ordered to be printed.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS in relation to the union of the States.

Whereas the people of New Jersey, conforming to the opinion of "the Father of his Country," consider the unity of the government, which constitutes the people of the United States one people, a main pillar in the edifice of their independence, the support of their tranquillity at home and peace abroad, of their prosperity, and of that liberty which they so highly prize; and properly estimating the immense value of their national Union to their individual happiness, they cherish a cordial, habitual, and immovable attachment to it as the palladium of their political safety and prosperity: Therefore—

1. *Be it resolved by the senate and general assembly of the State of New Jersey,* That it is the duty of every good citizen, in all suitable and proper ways, to stand by and sustain the union of the States as transmitted to us by our fathers.

2. *And be it resolved,* That the government of the United States is a national government, and the Union it was designed to perfect is not a mere compact or league; and that the Constitution was adopted in a spirit of mutual compromise and concession by the people of the United States, and can only be preserved by the constant recognition of that spirit.

3. *And be it resolved,* That however undoubted may be the right of the general government to maintain its authority and enforce its laws over all parts of the country, it is equally certain that forbearance and compromise are indispensable at this crisis to the perpetuity of the

Union, and that it is the dictate of reason, wisdom, and patriotism, peacefully to adjust whatever differences exist between the different sections of our country.

4. *And be it resolved*, That the resolutions and propositions submitted to the Senate of the United States by the honorable John J. Crittenden, of Kentucky, for the compromise of the questions in dispute between the people of the northern and of the southern States, or any other constitutional method that will permanently settle the question of slavery, will be acceptable to the people of the State of New Jersey, and the senators and representatives in Congress from New Jersey be requested and earnestly urged to support those resolutions and propositions.

5. *And be it resolved*, That as the union of the States is in imminent danger unless the remedies before suggested be speedily adopted, then, as a last resort, the State of New Jersey hereby makes application, according to the terms of the Constitution, of the Congress of the United States to call a convention (of the States) to propose amendments to said Constitution.

6. *And be it resolved*, That such of the States as have in force laws which interfere with the constitutional rights of citizens of the other States, either in regard to their persons or property, or which militate against the just construction of that part of the Constitution that provides that "the citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States," are earnestly urged and requested, for the sake of peace and the Union, to repeal all such laws.

7. *And be it resolved*, That his excellency Charles S. Olden, Peter D. Vroom, Robert F. Stockton, Benjamin Williamson, Joseph F. Randolph, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Rodman M. Price, William C. Alexander, and Thomas J. Stryker, be appointed commissioners to confer with Congress and our sister States, and urge upon them the importance of carrying into effect the principles and objects of the foregoing resolutions.

8. *And be it resolved*, That the commissioners above named, in addition to their other powers, be authorized to meet with those now or hereafter to be appointed by our sister State of Virginia, and such commissioners of other States as have been or may be hereafter appointed to meet at Washington on the fourth day of February next.

9. *And be it resolved*, That copies of the foregoing resolutions be sent to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, and to the senators and representatives in Congress from New Jersey, and to the governors of the several States.

SENATE OF NEW JERSEY, *January 24, 1861.*

These resolutions having been three times read and compared in the senate,

Resolved, That the same do pass.

By order of the senate.

EDMUND PERRY, *President.*

IN THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY, *January 25, 1861.*

These resolutions having been three times read and compared in the house of assembly,

Resolved, That the same do pass.

By order of the house of assembly.

F. H. TEESE, *Speaker.*

Approved January 29, 1861.

CHAS. S. OLDEN, *Governor.*

STATE OF NEW JERSEY:

I, Charles S. Olden, governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of "joint resolutions in relation to the union of the States," passed by the legislature of said State, and approved by the governor on the twenty-ninth day of January, anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, taken from and compared with the original roll, now on file in the office of the secretary of state of the State of New Jersey, as certified to me by that officer, under the seal of his said office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the great seal of the State to be affixed, at Trenton, this thirtieth [L. s.] day of January, anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

CHAS. S. OLDEN.

By the governor:

THOS. S. ALLISON, *Secretary of State.*

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Trenton, January 31, 1861.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a copy of a preamble and joint resolutions passed by the legislature of this State, agreeably to the requirements of said resolutions.

Most respectfully, your obedient servant,

CHAS. S. OLDEN,
Governor of New Jersey.

STATE OF THE UNION.

MEMORIAL AND RESOLUTIONS

OF

A CONVENTION OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL UNION PARTY
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE,

ON

The disturbed condition of the country.

FEBRUARY 1, 1861.—Referred to the select committee of five, and ordered to be printed.

Whereas the representatives of a party based upon an adherence to the Union, the Constitution, and the enforcement of the laws, met in convention on the 9th of May, 1860. at Baltimore, and promulgated a platform and nominated candidates; and whereas the action of that convention meets our cordial approval; and whereas we have this day met in aid of the adoption by the people of New Hampshire of the purposes of that convention:

Resolved, That the constitutional Union party regard the federal Union as the result of the common efforts, privations and sufferings of our fathers, through eight long years of war, to secure the independence for all the States, and that every State under the Constitution is entitled, equally with every other, to the common privileges and blessings which the Union was formed to secure.

Resolved, That the preservation of this Union is among the purest, noblest, and holiest objects of a Christian's hope and patriot's desire; that, in view of the glorious memories of the past, and because to it we are indebted for all the blessings vouched to this people, we regard the Union as the sheet-anchor of all our hopes for the future.

Resolved, That we will maintain inviolate the Constitution of our country as the common tie which should bind together all the States in the bands of brotherly love and fraternal feeling; that we will yield a cheerful and willing obedience to all the laws enacted in pursuance thereof; and that we favor the immediate repeal of the personal liberty laws, because they are in direct conflict with that provision of the Con-

stitution which provides that "fugitives from service or labor shall be delivered up to the persons to whom such service or labor may be due."

Resolved, That we sincerely regret and deplore the alarming condition of our national affairs, the result of a neglect on the part of the people to heed the warning voice of the Father of his Country against the formation of sectional parties; and no patriot should fail to "indignantly frown upon the first dawning of every attempt to alienate any portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the sacred ties which link together the various parts."

Resolved, That we are opposed to all sectionalism north or south, east or west; that we equally *repudiate* and *condemn* the sectional agitators of the north and the *disunionists* of the south as coadjutors in the accomplishment of the same object—the destruction of the confederacy.

Resolved, That we do most sincerely deprecate the agitation of the distracting question of negro slavery as mischievous in its effects, and dangerous in its tendencies—threatening alike the honor, peace, and welfare of the whole country.

Resolved, That the growing sentiment in favor of secession as exhibited at the south by both words and acts, and the apparent indisposition for conciliation and compromise as exhibited at the north, all impress our minds with the fearful nearness of the catastrophe deplored by the immortal Webster when he said: "When I shall turn my eyes for the last time to behold the sun in the heavens, may I not see him shining on the broken and dishonored fragments of a once glorious Union; on States dissevered, discordant, belligerent; on a land rent with civil feuds, or drenched, it may be, in fraternal blood." That it belongs to all lovers of their country, without regard to party ties, feelings or prejudices, to unite together, and to redouble their exertions to save the land we love, by restoring those fraternal feelings between the people, that harmony between the States which existed in the olden time; and with this view we recommend the following petition be signed by the president and secretary of this convention, and forwarded to Congress now in session, as soon as convenient, for their action.

LUTHER H. BROWN,

Secretary of the Constitutional Union Party of N. H.

CONCORD, N. H., January 8, 1861.

To the honorable Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled:

The undersigned, legal voters of the State of New Hampshire, regardless of party distinctions, being deeply impressed with a sense of impending dangers, and unalterably attached to the union of these States, to the end that the blessings of liberty may be preserved to ourselves and transmitted unimpaired to our posterity; and believing that the slavery agitation should hereafter be dropped from party politics, and no longer be permitted to disturb the deliberations of Con-

gress or the peace and harmony of the people ; and believing, further, that every consideration of patriotism, no less than Constitutional regard, requires the immediate and unconditional repeal of all laws directly or indirectly in conflict with the letter or spirit of the Constitution ; and believing, further, that every good citizen should favor not only the existence and faithful execution of laws to effectually restrain all attempts to excite insurrection among the slaves and to entice or steal them from their masters, but also the passage of all other enactments required by comity and fraternal feeling, respectfully petition your honorable bodies to compose the present unhappy difficulties of our common country—

First. By making such arrangement with regard to the Territories as may commend itself to your liberality and patriotism, having due regard to the constitutional rights of each and all the States of the Union.

Second. By the final settlement of the principle that new States shall be admitted to the Union with or without slavery, as the people thereof, in their constitution, shall determine.

Third. By the emphatic enunciation that Congress will not interfere with slavery in the States or in the District of Columbia, nor with the slave trade between the slave States.

Fourth. By providing for the full enjoyment by the slave States of their constitutional right in the rendition of fugitives from service.

ISAAC RIDDLE,

President of the Constitution and Union Convention.

LUTHER H. BROWN,

Secretary of the Constitution and Union Convention.

gress of the peace and harmony of the people, and further, further, that every consideration of patriotism, no less than Constitutional regard, requires the immediate and unconditional repeal of all laws which directly or indirectly in conflict with the letter or spirit of the Constitution, and believing, further, that every good citizen should have not only the absolute and faithful execution of laws so effectively working all attempts to excite insurrection among the slaves and to render of steel them from their masters, but also the passage of all other laws which are required by equity and natural feeling, respectfully petition your honorable bodies to compose the present unhappy difference in our common country.

Yours, by making such arrangement with regard to the rights of the slave as may commend itself to your liberality and patriotism, being due regard to the constitutional rights of each and all the States of the Union.

Second. By the final settlement of the principle that no slave shall be admitted to the Union with or without slavery, as the proper threat, in their constitution, shall determine.

Yours. By the emphatic declaration that Congress will not have to do with slavery in the States or in the District of Columbia, nor will the slave trade between the slave States.

Yours. By providing for the full enjoyment by the slave States of their constitutional right in the rendition of fugitives from service.

Yours. By the President of the Constitution and Union.

Yours. By the Secretary of the Constitution and Union.

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STATE OF THE UNION.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA,

ON

The state of the Union.

FEBRUARY 2, 1861.—Referred to the select committee, and ordered to be printed.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS of the legislature of the State of Minnesota on the state of the Union. Adopted January 22, 1861.

1. *Resolved*, That one of the vital and necessary principles which form the basis of all free governments, is that the constitutional majority must always rule. And therefore the right of the people of any State to withdraw from the Union, thereby hazarding the liberties and happiness of the millions comprising this confederacy, can never be acknowledged by us under any circumstances.

We regard secession upon the part of any State as amounting directly to revolution, and precipitating civil war with all its sad train of consequences.

2. *Resolved*, That the people of the State of Minnesota reiterate their unalterable devotion to the Constitution of the United States, and that if its provisions are strictly observed, it will, in its own words, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessing of liberty to ourselves and our posterity.

3. *Resolved*, That Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin, having been constitutionally and legally elected President and Vice-President of the United States, at a general election fully and freely participated in, on the same day, by the people of every State of the Union, south as well as north, that any attempt to dissolve or destroy the Union on account thereof is without excuse or justification, and should receive the condemnation of every patriot in the land.

4. *Resolved*, That we have heard with astonishment and indignation of the recent outrages perpetrated at Charleston, South Carolina, by firing upon an American steamer, sailing under the flag of our country, and that we expect of the general government the strongest and most vigorous effort to assert its supremacy, and to check the

work of rebellion and treason. Fully impressed with our duty to make every possible effort to uphold the Union, and to maintain the authority of the general government, we hereby tender to the President of the United States, for that purpose, through the governor of this State, aid in men and money, to the extent of our ability.

When one or more States erect the standard of disunion, and place themselves in military array against the government bequeathed to us by our ancestors, we can discover no other honorable or patriotic resource than to test, both on land and on ocean, the full strength of the federal authority under our national flag.

5. *Resolved*, That we declare to each State of this Union our sincere desire to secure a renewal of that fraternal feeling which ought always to exist between citizens of a common country, and which distinguished the history of the nation for more than half a century. Especially do we express to those patriotic citizens of the southern States, who have nobly and manfully exerted their utmost effort to prevent the catastrophe of dissolution, our sincere gratitude and highest admiration.

6. *Resolved*, That the most sincere thanks of the nation are justly due to that distinguished patriot and veteran, Lieutenant General Winfield Scott, for the prompt and decisive steps he has taken to stay the tide of revolution, and for the determined spirit he has evinced in maintaining the honor of our government.

7. *Resolved*, That we never will consent or submit to the obstruction of the free navigation of the Mississippi river from its source to its mouth by any power hostile to the federal government.

8. *Resolved*, That the governor of this State is hereby requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the President of the United States, to Lieutenant General Winfield Scott, and to each of our senators and representatives in the Congress of the United States, and to the governors of the several States.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

President of the Senate.

JARED BENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

RAILROAD FROM MISSOURI RIVER TO SACRAMENTO.

MEMORIAL

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF UTAH TERRITORY,

PRAYING FOR THE

Construction of a railroad from some point on the Missouri river to Sacramento, California, via either the Box Elder or Lodge Pole Creek Pass, in the Black Hills, Bridger's Pass, in the Rocky Mountains, Timpanogos or Provo river, and the most practicable pass in the Sierra Nevada mountains.

FEBRUARY 6, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on Public Lands, and ordered to be printed.

MEMORIAL.

To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

GENTLEMEN: The governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah, thoroughly convinced that the interests of our great republic would be materially enhanced and perpetuated by the construction of a railroad from some point on the Missouri river, by way of either the Box Elder or Lodge Pole Creek Pass, in the Black Hills, Bridger's Pass, in the Rocky Mountains, Timpanogos or Provo river, and the most practicable pass in the Sierra Nevada mountains, to Sacramento, California, respectfully pray your early consideration and favorable action on this subject.

DANIEL U. WELLS,
President of the Council.

JOHN TAYLOR,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved December 29, 1860.

A. CUMMING, *Governor.*

work of rebellion and treason. Fully impressed with our duty to make every possible effort to uphold the Union, and to maintain the authority of the general government, we hereby tender to the President of the United States, for that purpose, through the governor of this State, aid in men and money, to the extent of our ability.

When one or more States erect the standard of disunion, and place themselves in military array against the government bequeathed to us by our ancestors, we can discover no other honorable or patriotic resource than to test, both on land and on ocean, the full strength of the federal authority under our national flag.

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8. *Resolved*, That the governor of this State is hereby requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the President of the United States, to Lieutenant General Winfield Scott, and to each of our senators and representatives in the Congress of the United States, and to the governors of the several States.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

President of the Senate.

JARED BENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

RAILROAD FROM MISSOURI RIVER TO SACRAMENTO.

MEMORIAL

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF UTAH TERRITORY,

PRAYING FOR THE

Construction of a railroad from some point on the Missouri river to Sacramento, California, via either the Box Elder or Lodge Pole Creek Pass, in the Black Hills, Bridger's Pass, in the Rocky Mountains, Timpanogos or Provo river, and the most practicable pass in the Sierra Nevada mountains.

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GENTLEMEN: The governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah, thoroughly convinced that the interests of our great republic would be materially enhanced and perpetuated by the construction of a railroad from some point on the Missouri river, by way of either the Box Elder or Lodge Pole Creek Pass, in the Black Hills, Bridger's Pass, in the Rocky Mountains, Timpanogos or Provo river, and the most practicable pass in the Sierra Nevada mountains, to Sacramento, California, respectfully pray your early consideration and favorable action on this subject.

DANIEL U. WELLS,
President of the Council.

JOHN TAYLOR,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved December 29, 1860.

A. CUMMING, *Governor.*

UTAH LIBRARY.

MEMORIAL

OF THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF UTAH TERRITORY,

PRAYING

For a further appropriation of three thousand dollars to the Utah library.

FEBRUARY 6, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on the Territories, and ordered to be printed.

MEMORIAL to Congress for an appropriation to increase the Utah library.

To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

Your memorialists, the governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah, having realized the benefits resulting from former appropriations which have established the basis of a good and valuable library in Utah, respectfully pray your honorable body to appropriate the further sum of \$3,000 for the extension of said library, by procuring the best and latest works upon the arts and sciences, and such productions as will be for the improvement and benefit of the people of the Territory of Utah.

And your memorialists, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

DANIEL U. WELLS,

President of the Council.

JOHN TAYLOR,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved January 10, 1861.

A. CUMMING,
Governor of Utah Territory.

UTAH LIBRARY

MEMORIAL

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF UTAH TERRITORY

RESOLUTION

For a further appropriation of three thousand dollars to the Utah Library.

Resolved, That the sum of three thousand dollars be and it is the duty of the Legislature to appropriate the same to the Utah Library.

MEMORIAL to Congress for an appropriation to purchase the Utah Library.
To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

Your memorialists, the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, having realized the benefits resulting from former appropriations which have established the basis of a good and valuable library in Utah, respectfully pray your honorable body to appropriate the further sum of \$3,000 for the extension of said library, by procuring the best and latest works upon the arts and sciences, and such productions as will be for the improvement and benefit of the people of the Territory of Utah.

And your memorialists, as in duty bound, will ever pray,
DANIEL H. WELLS,
President of the Council.
JOHN TAYLOR,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved January 10, 1861.
A. CUMMINS,
Governor of Utah Territory.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA,

IN

Relation to the Pacific railroad.

FEBRUARY 6 1861.—Laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved by the legislature of the State of Minnesota, That it is the sentiment of the people of our State that in any and all schemes for the construction of a Pacific railroad, the best interest of the country, especially of the entire northwest, strongly demands the building of a northern railroad, and that we earnestly urge upon our senators and representatives in Congress the continuance of all laudable efforts to accomplish this highly important object.

Resolved, That the interests of trade and commerce imperatively demand, in addition to the northern road above named, that a road, as part of said railroad system, be constructed from the west end of Lake Superior to and up the valley of the Minnesota river, and thence southwesterly, so as to connect with the central branch of the said Pacific railroad.

Resolved, That the governor of the State is hereby requested to transmit a copy of the foregoing resolutions to each of our senators and representatives in Congress.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,
President of the Senate.

JARED BENSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved January twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, MINNESOTA,
January 26, 1861.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original on file in this office.

[L. s.]

J. H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA

Resolution to the Pacific railroad.

February 6 1861. - Laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota, That it is the sentiment of the people of our State that in any and all measures for the construction of a Pacific railroad, the best interest of the country, especially of the entire northwest, strongly demands the building of a northern railroad, and that we earnestly urge upon our senators and representatives in Congress the continuance of all laudable efforts to accomplish this highly important object.

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Resolved, That the governor of the State is hereby requested to transmit a copy of the foregoing resolutions to each of our senators and representatives in Congress.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

President of the Senate.

JARED BENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved January twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and

ALEX. RAMSEY.

IMPROVEMENT OF ST. CROIX RIVER.

MEMORIAL

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA,

ASKING

An appropriation for the improvement of St. Croix river.

FEBRUARY 8, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on Commerce, and ordered to be printed.

A MEMORIAL to Congress for an appropriation of money for improving the St. Croix river, from the head of Lake St. Croix to Taylor's falls.

To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled:

Your memorialists, the legislature of the State of Minnesota, respectfully represent: That the St. Croix river during the season of low water is so obstructed by rocks and sand-bars as to render the navigation difficult and hazardous; but that, by the appropriation and proper outlay of a small sum of money, the said river between the points designated could be rendered easily navigable during the entire season for the largest class steamboats used on the Upper Mississippi; and would open a thoroughfare of inland communication to a rich agricultural district now fast settling up, facilitate the transportation of the mails, and afford to the settlements embraced in the country tributary to the St. Croix (the exports of which alone, the past season, notwithstanding the obstruction from low water, reached the sum of half a million dollars) the speedy development of the various resources of that section of the country, abounding in lumber, agriculture and mineral wealth, besides affording facilities for reaching the trade and commerce of Lake Superior, and affording to the government a more speedy access to that region.

Your memorialists, therefore, ask that an appropriation of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) be made for the improvement of said river. And your memorialists will ever pray.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

President of the Senate.

JARED BENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved January thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, MINNESOTA,

January 30, 1861.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original on file in this office.

[L. s.]

J. H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF THE UNION.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN,

RELATIVE TO

The state of the Union.

FEBRUARY 12, 1861.—Laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS on the state of the Union.

Whereas certain citizens of the United States are at this time in open rebellion against the government, and by overt acts threaten its peace and harmony, and to compass its final overthrow: Therefore—

Resolved, That the government of the United States is supreme, with full inherent powers of self-protection and defence.

Resolved, That Michigan adheres to the government as ordained by the Constitution, and, for sustaining it intact, hereby pledges and tenders to the general government all its military power and material resources.

Resolved, That concession and compromise are not to be entertained or offered to traitors, while the rights and interests of Union-loving citizens should be regarded and respected in every place and under all circumstances.

Resolved, That his excellency the governor be requested to forward a copy of these resolutions to our senators and representatives in Congress, and to the governors of our sister States.

JAMES BIRNEY,

President of the Senate.

DEXTER MUSSEY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved February 2, 1861.

AUSTIN BLAIR.

McCORMICK'S PATENT.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN,

IN

Opposition to the renewal of the patent of McCormick's reaping machine.

FEBRUARY 12, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on Patents, and ordered to be printed.

Whereas an effort is being made to secure the renewal of one of the patents of McCormick's reaping machines; and whereas the patentee has had an opportunity during the lifetime of his patent, by the general and extensive introduction of the same into use, to secure ample reward for his invention; and whereas the interests of the grain-growing sections of the country demand that the said renewal of patent should not be granted: Therefore—

Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the State of Michigan, That our senators in Congress be instructed, and our representatives be requested, to oppose the renewal of such patent.

Resolved, That the governor be requested to forward a copy of the above preamble and joint resolution to our senators and representatives in Congress.

JAMES BIRNEY,

President of the Senate.

DEXTER MUSSEY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved February 6, 1861.

AUSTIN BLAIR.

KANSAS CLAIMS.

MEMORIAL

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF KANSAS,

ASKING

*An appropriation for the payment of claims awarded citizens of Kansas
by the claim commissioners, &c.*

FEBRUARY 15, 1861.—Referred to the Committee of Claims, and ordered to be printed.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION of the council and house of representatives of Kansas
Territory.

Whereas the early settlers of the Territory of Kansas suffered unusual hardships and great losses of property in consequence of the existence of the political troubles which prevailed so generally in their early history; and whereas we believe those who suffered in consequence of those difficulties are justly entitled to remuneration therefor from the the general government and not from the citizens of the Territory: Therefore—

Be it resolved by the legislative assembly of the Territory of Kansas,
That we hereby memorialize the Congress of the United States to pass an act appropriating five hundred thousand dollars, or an amount sufficient for the payment of the claims awarded to the citizens of Kansas by the claim commissioners appointed by the governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Kansas, under acts of the territorial legislature passed February 7 and 11, A. D. 1859, and also the claim awarded by the commission under an act of the territorial legislature approved February 23, 1857, which were not re-awarded by the commissioners under the acts of February 7 and 11, 1859.

JOHN W. SCOTT,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

W. W. UPDEGRAFF,

President of the Council.

Attest:

ALFRED GRAY, *Chief Clerk.*

J. J. INGALLS, *Secretary of Council.*

KANSAS CLAIMS

MEMORIAL

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF KANSAS

An appropriation for the payment of claims now in possession of the
by the claim commission, etc.

February 15, 1861.—Referred to the Committee on Claims, and ordered to be printed.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION of the Senate and House of Representatives of Kansas
Territory.

We, the early settlers of the Territory of Kansas, suffering unusual
hardships and great losses of property in consequence of the existence of
the political troubles which prevailed so generally in their early
history; and whereas we believe those who suffered in consequence of
those difficulties are justly entitled to remuneration therefrom from the
general government and not from the citizens of the Territory;
Therefore—

Be it enacted by the legislative assembly of the Territory of Kansas,
That we hereby memorialize the Congress of the United States to pass
an act appropriating five hundred thousand dollars, or as much
sufficient for the payment of the claims awarded to the citizens of
Kansas by the claim commissioners appointed by the government and
legislative assembly of the Territory of Kansas, under acts of the
territorial legislature passed February 7 and 11, A. D. 1859, and
also the claims awarded by the commission under an act of the terri-
torial legislature approved February 23, 1857, which were not re-
warded by the commissioners under the acts of February 7 and 11,
1859.

JOHN W. SCOTT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
W. W. UPDEGRAFF,
President of the Council.

Attest:
ALFRED GRAY, Chief Clerk.
J. J. LYNCH, Secretary of Council.

DISTRACTED STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

LETTER

FROM

THE MAYOR OF THE CITY OF BOSTON,

TRANSMITTING

*Resolves of the common council of the city of Boston in relation to the
distracted state of the country.*

FEBRUARY 18, 1861.—Laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
Boston, February 15, 1861.

SIR: In conformity with the request of the city council of the city of Boston, I have the honor of transmitting herewith the accompanying resolves.

I will thank you to comply with the desires of the city council, by presenting these resolves to the House of Representatives of the United States, over which you preside.

With sentiments of respect, I am your obedient servant,
JOSEPH M. WIGHTMAN, *Mayor.*

Hon. WM. PENNINGTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.

CITY OF BOSTON, IN COMMON COUNCIL,
February 7, 1861.

Resolved, That the city council of Boston, as the representatives of the citizens, in view of the present distracted state of the country, desire to express their inalienable devotion to the Union and the Constitution.

Resolved, That they respectfully and earnestly memorialize the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled, that such measures of a pacific and conciliatory character may be immediately

adopted as will effectually check the spirit of disunion, and tend to consolidate the fraternal bonds of our national brotherhood; and in the propositions offered in that behalf by the Hon. John J. Crittenden, we recognize a satisfactory basis of adjustment.

Resolved, That his honor the mayor be, and he is hereby, requested to transmit, in behalf of the city council, a copy of these resolves to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, with the request that they would lay them before the bodies over which they respectively preside.

Passed. Sent up for concurrence.

J. H. BRADLEY, *President*.

IN BOARD OF ALDERMEN, *February 11, 1861.*

Concurred.

SILAS PEIRCE, *Chairman*.

FEBRUARY 13, 1861.

Approved.

J. M. WIGHTMAN, *Mayor*.

A true copy. Attest:

SAMUEL F. McCLEARY,
City Clerk.

SOLDIERS—WAR OF 1812.

RESOLUTIONS

OF

THE LEGISLATURE OF INDIANA,

IN FAVOR OF

Providing pensions for soldiers of the war of 1812, &c.

FEBRUARY 25, 1861.—Ordered to be printed.

JOINT RESOLUTION on pensions to soldiers of the war of 1812.

Whereas there are yet surviving some of those brave and patriotic men who served our country faithfully in the war of 1812, together with indigent widows of soldiers in said war ;

And whereas no provision has been made by the Congress of the United States for pensioning such soldiers and such widows : Therefore—

Be it resolved by the general assembly of the State of Indiana, That our senators in Congress be instructed, and our representatives requested, to use their best endeavors to secure the passage of a law by Congress providing a pension for such soldiers and their widows during their natural lives ; and the governor is hereby requested to transmit a copy of this resolution to each of our senators and representatives in Congress.

[L. S.]

CYRUS M. ALLEN,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JNO. R. CRAVENS,
President of the Senate.

A true copy.

W. A. PEELLE,
Secretary of State.

REPORT OF THE
COMMISSIONER OF THE
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FOR THE YEAR 1871
PUBLISHED BY THE
GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES
WASHINGTON: 1872

RESOLUTIONS

THE LEGISLATURE OF INDIANA

Resolved, That the sum of \$100,000 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$50,000 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$25,000 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$12,500 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$6,250 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$3,125 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$1,562 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$781 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$390 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$195 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$97 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$48 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$24 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$12 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$6 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$3 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$1 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$0.50 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$0.25 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$0.12 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$0.06 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$0.03 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$0.01 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

Resolved, That the sum of \$0.00 be appropriated for the purchase of land for the purpose of establishing a reservation for the Indians of this State.

W. A. RICHARDS,
Secretary of State.
JNO. T. CLAYTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CYRUS M. ALLEN,
President of the Senate.

A true copy.

TARIFF OF 1861.

MARCH 2, 1861.—Ordered to be printed.

AN ACT to provide for the payment of outstanding treasury notes, to authorize a loan, to regulate and fix the duties on imports, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and hereby is, authorized, at any time within twelve months from the passage of this act, to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not exceeding ten millions of dollars, or so much thereof as, in his opinion, the exigencies of the public service may require, to be applied to the payment of appropriations made by law, and the balance of treasury notes now outstanding, and no other purposes, in addition to the money received or which may be received, into the treasury from other sources: *Provided,* That no stipulation or contract shall be made to prevent the United States from reimbursing any sum borrowed under the authority of this act at any time after the expiration of ten years from the first day of July next, by the United States giving three months' notice, to be published in some newspaper published at the seat of government, of their readiness to do so; and no contract shall be made to prevent the redemption of the same at any time after the expiration of twenty years from the said first day of July next, without notice.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That stock shall be issued for the amount so borrowed, bearing interest not exceeding six per centum per annum; and the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized, with the consent of the President, to cause certificates of stock to be prepared, which shall be signed by the Register and sealed with the seal of the Treasury Department, for the amount so borrowed, in favor of the parties lending the same, or their assigns, which certificates may be transferred on the books of the treasury, under such regulations as may be established by the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided,* That no certificate shall be issued for a less sum than one thousand dollars: *And provided, also,* That, whenever required, the Secretary of the Treasury may cause coupons of semi-annual interest payable thereon to be attached to certificates issued under this act; and any certificate with such coupons of interest

attached may be assigned and transferred by delivery of the same, instead of being transferred on the books of the treasury.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That, before awarding any of said loan, the Secretary of the Treasury shall, as the exigencies of the public service require, cause to be inserted in two of the public newspapers of the city of Washington, and in one or more public newspapers in other cities of the United States, public notice that sealed proposals for so much of said loan as is required, will be received until a certain day, to be specified in such notice, not less than thirty days from its first insertion in a Washington newspaper; and such notice shall state the amount of the loan, at what periods the money shall be paid, if by instalments, and at what places. Such sealed proposals shall be opened, on the day appointed in the notice, in the presence of such persons as may choose to attend, and the proposals decided on by the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall accept the most favorable offered by responsible bidders for said stock. And the said Secretary shall report to Congress, at the commencement of the next session, the amount of money borrowed under this act, and of whom and on what terms it shall have been obtained, with an abstract or brief statement of all the proposals submitted for the same, distinguishing between those accepted and those rejected, with a detailed statement of the expense of making such loans: *Provided*, That no stock shall be disposed of at less than its par value: *And provided, further*, That no part of the loan hereby authorized shall be applied to the service of the present fiscal year.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That in case the proposals made for said loan, or for so much thereof as the exigencies of the public service shall require, shall not be satisfactory, the President of the United States shall be, and hereby is, authorized to decline to accept such offer if for less than the par value of the bonds constituting the said stock, and in lieu thereof, and to the extent and amount of the loan authorized to be made by this act, to issue treasury notes for sums not less than fifty dollars, bearing interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year, at proper places of payment to be prescribed by the Secretary, with the approval of the President; and under the like circumstances and conditions, the President of the United States is hereby authorized to substitute treasury notes of equal amount for the whole or any part of any of the loans for which he is now by law authorized to contract and issue bonds. And the treasury notes so issued under the authority herein given, shall be received in payment for all debts due to the United States when offered, and in like manner shall be given in payment for any sum due from the United States, when payment in that mode is requested by the person to whom payment is to be made, or for their par value in coin. And the faith of the United States is hereby pledged for the due payment of the interest and the redemption of the principal of the stock or treasury notes which may be issued under the authority of this act; and the sum of twenty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of preparing the certificates of stock or treasury notes herein authorized, to

be done in the usual mode and under the restrictions as to employment and payment of officers contained in the laws authorizing former loans and issues of treasury notes; and it shall be at the option of holders of the treasury notes hereby authorized by this act, to exchange the same for the stock herein authorized, at par, or for bonds, in lieu of which said treasury notes were issued: *Provided*, That no certificate shall be exchanged for treasury notes, or bonds, in sums less than five hundred dollars: *And provided, further*, That the authority to issue the said treasury notes, or give the same in payment for debts due from the United States, shall be limited to the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two; and that the same may be redeemable at the pleasure of the United States at any time within two years after the passage of this act; and that said notes shall cease to bear interest after they shall have been called in by the Secretary of the Treasury under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the first day of April, anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-one, in lieu of the duties heretofore imposed by law on the articles hereinafter mentioned, and on such as may now be exempt from duty, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, on the goods, wares, and merchandise, herein enumerated and provided for, imported from foreign countries, the following duties and rates of duty, that is to say:

First. On raw sugar, commonly called Muscovada or brown sugar, not advanced beyond the raw state by claying or other process; and on sirup of sugar, or of sugar cane, and concentrated molasses, or concentrated melado, and on white and clayed sugars, when advanced beyond the raw state by claying, or other process, and not refined, three-fourths of one cent per pound; on refined sugars, whether loaf, lump, crushed, or pulverized, two cents per pound; on sugars, after being refined, when they are tintured, colored, or in any way adulterated, and on sugar candy, four cents per pound: *Provided*, That all sirups of sugar, or of sugar cane, concentrated molasses or melado, entered under the name of molasses, or any other name than sirup of sugar or of sugar cane, concentrated molasses, or concentrated melado, shall be liable to forfeiture to the United States; on molasses two cents per gallon; on confectionery of all kinds, not otherwise provided for, thirty per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid, on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned, the following duties, that is to say:

First, On brandy, for first proof, one dollar per gallon; on other spirits manufactured or distilled from grain, for first-proof, forty cents per gallon; on spirits from other materials, for first-proof, forty cents per gallon; on cordials and liquors of all kinds, fifty cents per gallon; on arrack, absynthe, kirschenwasser, ratafia, and other similar spirituous beverages not otherwise provided for, fifty cents per gallon; on bay rum, twenty-five cents per gallon: *Provided*, That the duty upon brandy spirits, and all other spirituous beverages herein enumerated, shall be collected upon the basis of first-proof, and so in proportion for any greater strength than the strength of first-proof; on wines of all kinds, forty per centum ad valorem:

Provided, That all imitations of brandy, or spirits, or of any of the said wines, and all wines imported by any names whatever, shall be subject to the duty provided for the genuine article which it is intended to represent: *Provided, further*, That brandies, or other spirituous liquors may be imported in bottles, when the package shall contain not less than one dozen, and all bottles shall pay a separate duty, according to the rate established by this act, whether containing wines, brandies, or other spirituous liquors, subject to duty as hereinbefore mentioned; on ale, porter, and beer, in bottles, twenty-five cents per gallon; otherwise than in bottles, fifteen cents per gallon; on all spirituous liquors not enumerated, thirty-three and one-third per centum ad valorem.

Second: On cigars of all kinds, valued at five dollars or under per thousand, twenty cents per pound; over five dollars and not over ten, forty cents per pound; and over ten dollars, sixty cents per pound, and in addition thereto, ten per centum ad valorem; on snuff ten cents per pound; on unmanufactured tobacco, in leaf, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on all other manufactured or unmanufactured tobacco, thirty per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected and paid, on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned, the following duties, that is to say,

First, On bar-iron, rolled or hammered, comprising flats not less than one inch, or more than seven inches wide, nor less than one-quarter of an inch or more than two inches thick; rounds, not less than one-half an inch or more than four inches in diameter; and squares not less than one-half an inch or more than four inches square fifteen dollars per ton: *Provided* That all iron in slabs, blooms, loops or other forms, less finished than iron in bars and more advanced than pig iron, except castings, shall be rated as iron in bars, and pay a duty accordingly: *And provided, further*, That none of the above iron shall pay a less rate of duty than twenty per centum ad valorem; on all iron imported in bars for railroads or inclined planes made to patterns and fitted to be laid down upon such roads or planes without further manufacture and not exceeding six inches high, twelve dollars per ton; on boiler plate iron twenty dollars per ton; on iron wire drawn and finished, not more than one-fourth of one inch in diameter nor less than number sixteen wire gauge seventy-five cents per one hundred pounds, and fifteen per centum ad valorem; over number sixteen and not over number twenty-five wire gauge one dollar and fifty cents per one hundred pounds and in addition fifteen per centum ad valorem; over or finer than number twenty-five wire gauge, two dollars per one hundred pounds and in addition fifteen per centum ad valorem; on all other descriptions of rolled or hammered iron not otherwise provided for twenty dollars per ton.

Second, On iron in pigs, six dollars per ton; on vessels of cast-iron not otherwise provided for, and on sad-irons, tailors and hatters irons, stoves and stove plates one cent per pound; on cast-iron steam, gas and water pipe fifty cents per one hundred pounds; on

cast-iron butts and hinges two cents per pound; on hollow-ware, glazed or tinned two cents and a half per pound; on all other castings of iron not otherwise provided for, twenty-five per centum ad valorem.

Third, On old scrap iron, six dollars per ton: *Provided* That nothing shall be deemed old iron that has not been in actual use and fit only to be remanufactured.

Fourth, On band and hoop iron, slit rods not otherwise provided for, twenty dollars per ton; on cut nails and spikes one cent per pound; on iron cables or chains, or parts thereof, and anvils, one dollar and twenty-five cents per one hundred pounds; on anchors or parts thereof, one dollar and fifty cents per one hundred pounds; on wrought board nails, spikes rivets and bolts, two cents per pound; on bed screws and wrought hinges one cent and a half per pound; on chains, trace chains, halter chains and fence chains made of wire or rods one-half of one inch in diameter or over, one cent and a half per pound; under one-half of one inch in diameter, and not under one-fourth of one inch in diameter two cents per pound; under one-fourth of one inch in diameter, and not under number nine wire gauge two cents and a half per pound; under number nine wire gauge, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on blacksmiths' hammers and sledges, axles or parts thereof and malleable iron in castings not otherwise provided for two cents per pound; on horse-shoe nails three cents and a half per pound; on steam gas, and water tubes and flues of wrought iron two cents per pound; on wrought iron railroad chairs, and on wrought iron nuts and washers, ready punched, twenty-five dollars per ton; on cut tacks, brads and sprigs not exceeding sixteen ounces to the thousand two cents per thousand; exceeding sixteen ounces to the thousand, two cents per pound.

Fifth. On smooth or polished sheet iron by whatever name designated two cents per pound; on other sheet iron, common or black not thinner than number twenty wire gauge twenty dollars per ton; thinner than number twenty and not thinner than number twenty-five wire gauge twenty-five dollars per ton; thinner than number twenty-five wire gauge thirty dollars per ton; on tin plates galvanized, galvanized iron, or iron coated with zinc two cents per pound; on mill irons and mill cranks of wrought iron, and wrought iron for ships, locomotives, locomotive tire, or parts thereof, and steam engines, or parts thereof, weighing each twenty-five pounds or more, one cent and a half per pound; on screws commonly called wood screws two inches or over in length five cents per pound; less than two inches in length eight cents per pound; on screws washed or plated and all other screws of iron or any other metal thirty per centum ad valorem; on all manufactures of iron not otherwise provided for thirty per centum ad valorem.

Sixth. On all steel in ingots, bars, sheets or wire not less than one-fourth of one inch in diameter valued at seven cents per pound, or less one and a half cent per pound, valued at above seven cents per pound and not above eleven cents per pound, two cents per pound; steel in any form, not otherwise provided for, shall pay a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem; on steel wire less than one-fourth

of an inch in diameter and not less than number sixteen wire gauge, two dollars per one hundred pounds and in addition thereto fifteen per centum ad valorem; less or finer than number sixteen wire gauge two dollars and fifty cents per one hundred pounds and in addition thereto fifteen per centum ad valorem; on cross-cut saws, eight cents per lineal foot; on mill, pit, and drag saws, not over nine inches wide, twelve and a half cents per lineal foot; over nine inches wide twenty cents per lineal foot; on skates costing twenty cents, or less per pair, six cents per pair; on those costing over twenty cents per pair, thirty per centum ad valorem; on all manufactures of steel or of which steel shall be a component part, not otherwise provided for thirty per centum ad valorem: *Provided* That all articles partially manufactured, not otherwise provided for shall pay the same rate of duty as if wholly manufactured.

Seventh. On bituminous coal, one dollar per ton of twenty-eight bushels, eighty pounds to the bushel; on all other coal fifty cents per ton of twenty-eight bushels eighty pounds to the bushel; on coke and culm of coal twenty-five per centum ad valorem.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned the following duties, that is to say:

First. On lead in pigs and bars one cent per pound; on old scrap lead fit only to be remanufactured one cent per pound; on lead in sheets pipes or shot one cent and a half per pound; on pewter when old and fit only to be remanufactured one cent per pound.

Second. On copper in pigs, bars or ingots two cents per pound; on copper when old and fit only to be remanufactured one cent and a half per pound; on sheathing copper, in sheets forty-eight inches long and fourteen inches wide, and weighing from fourteen to thirty-four ounces the square foot, two cents per pound; on copper rods, bolts, nails, spikes, copper bottoms, copper in sheets or plates, called braziers' copper, and other sheets of copper not otherwise provided for, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on zinc, spelter, or teutenegue, manufactured in blocks or pigs, one dollar per one hundred pounds; on zinc, spelter or teutenegue in sheets one cent and a half per pound.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted* That from and after the day and year aforesaid, there shall be levied, collected and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned the following duties, that is to say: First, On white lead and oxide of zinc, dry or ground in oil, red lead, and litharge one cent and a half per pound; on sugar of lead or acetate of lead and nitrate of lead, chromate and bichromate of potash, three cents per pound; on hydriodate, and prussiate of potash and chromic acid, and salts of iodine, and resublimed iodine, fifteen per centum ad valorem; on whiting, twenty-five cents per one hundred pounds; on Paris white, pipe clay, and ochres or ochrey earths not otherwise provided for, when dry, thirty-five cents per one hundred pounds; when ground in oil one dollar and thirty-five cents per one hundred pounds; on umber fifty cents per one hundred pounds; on putty one cent per pound; on linseed, flaxseed,

hempseed, and rapeseed oil, twenty cents per gallon ; on kerosine oil and all other coal oils ten cents per gallon ; on alum, alum substitute, sulphate of alumina and aluminous cake fifty cents per one hundred pounds ; on copperas, green vitriol, or sulphate of iron, twenty-five cents per one hundred pounds ; on bleaching powders, fifteen cents per one hundred pounds ; on refined camphor six cents per pound ; on refined borax three cents per pound ; on tallow one cent per pound ; on tallow candles two cents per pound ; on spermaceti or wax candles and tapers, and on candles and tapers of spermaceti and wax combined eight cents per pound ; on stearine candles, and all other candles and tapers four cents per pound ; on spirits of turpentine ten cents per gallon ; on opium one dollar per pound ; on morphine and its salts one dollar per ounce ; on liquorice paste or juice, three cents per pound.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned the following duties, that is to say :

First. On salt, four cents per bushel of fifty-six pounds, Provided that salt imported in bags, or not in bulk, shall pay a duty of six cents per bushel of fifty-six pounds ; on bristles, four cents per pound ; on honey ten cents per gallon ; on vinegar, six cents per gallon ; on mackerel two dollars per barrel ; on herrings, pickled or salted, one dollar per barrel ; on pickled salmon, three dollars per barrel ; on all other fish pickled, in barrels, one dollar and fifty cents per barrel ; on all other foreign caught fish imported otherwise than in barrels or half barrels, or whether fresh, smoked, or dried, salted or pickled, not otherwise provided for, fifty cents per one hundred pounds.

Second. On beef and pork, one cent per pound ; on hams and bacon, two cents per pound ; on cheese, four cents per pound ; on wheat, twenty cents per bushel ; on butter, four cents per pound ; on lard, two cents per pound ; on rye and barley, fifteen cents per bushel ; on Indian corn or maize, ten cents per bushel ; on oats, ten cents per bushel ; on potatoes, ten cents per bushel ; on cleaned rice, one cent per pound ; on uncleaned rice or paddy, fifty cents per one hundred pounds ; on sago and sago flour, fifty cents per one hundred pounds ; on flaxseed or linseed, sixteen cents per bushel of fifty-two pounds ; on hemp and rapeseed, ten cents per bushel of fifty-two pounds ; on raw hides and skins of all kinds, whether dried, salted, or pickled, not otherwise provided for, five per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned, the following duties, that is to say : First. On cassia, four cents per pound ; on cassia buds, eight cents per pound ; on cloves, four cents per pound ; on pepper, two cents per pound ; on Cayenne pepper, three cents per pound ; on ground Cayenne pepper, four cents per pound ; on pimento, two cents per pound ; on cinnamon, ten cents per pound ; on mace and nutmegs, fifteen cents per pound ; on prunes, two cents per pound ; on plums, one cent per pound ; on dates, one-half of one cent per pound ; on currants, two cents per pound ; on figs, three cents per pound ;

on sultana, muscatel, and bloom raisins, either in boxes or jars, two cents per pound; on all other raisins, one cent per pound; on almonds, two cents per pound; on shelled almonds, four cents per pound; on all nuts not otherwise provided for, except those used for dyeing, one cent per pound.

SEC. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid, on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned, the following duties, that is to say: First. On all wool unmanufactured, and all hair of the alpaca, goat, and other like animals, unmanufactured, the value whereof at the last port or place from whence exported to the United States, shall be less than eighteen cents per pound, five per centum ad valorem; exceeding eighteen cents per pound, and not exceeding twenty-four cents per pound, there shall be levied collected, and paid, a duty of three cents per pound; exceeding twenty-four cents per pound, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, a duty of nine cents per pound: *Provided*, That any wool of the sheep, or hair of the alpaca, the goat, and other like animals which shall be imported in any other than the ordinary condition, as now and heretofore practiced, or which shall be changed in its character or condition for the purpose of evading the duty, or which shall be reduced in value by the admixture of dirt or any foreign substance to eighteen cents per pound or less, shall be subject to pay a duty of nine cents per pound, anything in this act to the contrary notwithstanding: *Provided, also*, That when wool of different qualities is imported in the same bale, bag or package, and the aggregate value of the contents of the bale bag or package shall be appraised by the appraisers at a rate exceeding twenty-four cents per pound, it shall be charged with a duty of nine cents per pound *Provided further* That if bales of different qualities are embraced in the same invoice, at the same price whereby the average price shall be lessened more than ten per centum the value of the whole shall be appraised according to the value of the bale of the best quality, and no bale or bales shall be liable to a less rate of duty in consequence of being invoiced with wool of lower value. *Provided, also*, That sheep skins, raw or unmanufactured imported with the wool on, washed or unwashed, shall be subject to a duty of fifteen per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 13. *And be it further enacted* That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied collected and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned the following duties, that is to say:

First, On Wilton, Saxony and Aubusson, Axminster patent velvet Tournay velvet, and tapestry velvet carpets and carpeting, Brussels carpets wrought by the Jacquard machine, and all medallion or whole carpets, valued at one dollar and twenty-five cents or under per square yard, forty cents per square yard; valued at over one dollar and twenty-five cents per square yard, fifty cents per square yard, provided that no carpet or rugs of the above description shall pay a duty less than twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on Brussels and tapestry Brussels carpets and carpeting printed on the warp or otherwise, thirty cents per square yard; on all treble-ingrain and worsted-chain

Venetian carpets and carpeting, twenty-five cents per square yard; on hemp or jute carpeting four cents per square yard; on druggets, bockings and felt carpets and carpeting printed, colored or otherwise, twenty cents per square yard; on all other kinds of carpets and carpeting of wool, flax or cotton, or parts of either, or other material not otherwise specified, a duty of thirty per centum ad valorem. *Provided* That mats, rugs, screens, covers, hassocks, bedsides and other portions of carpets or carpeting shall pay the rate of duty herein imposed on carpets or carpeting of similar character; on all other mats, screens, hassocks and rugs, a duty of thirty per centum ad valorem.

Second. On woollen cloths, woollen shawls, and all manufactures of wool of every description, made wholly or in part of wool, not otherwise provided for, a duty of twelve cents per pound, and in addition thereto twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on endless belts for paper, and blanketing for printing machines, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on all flannels valued at thirty cents or less per square yard, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; valued above thirty cents per square yard, and on all flannels colored, printed, or plaided, and flannels composed in part of cotton or silk, thirty per centum ad valorem; on hats of wool, twenty per centum ad valorem; on woollen and worsted yarn, valued at fifty cents and not over one dollar per pound, twelve cents per pound, and in addition thereto fifteen per centum ad valorem; on woollen and worsted yarn, valued at over one dollar per pound, twelve cents per pound, and in addition thereto twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on woollen and worsted yarns, or yarns for carpets, valued under fifty cents per pound, and not exceeding in fineness number fourteen, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; exceeding number fourteen, thirty per centum ad valorem; on clothing ready made, and wearing apparel of every description, composed wholly or in part of wool, made up or manufactured wholly or in part by the tailor, seamstress, or manufacturer, twelve cents per pound, and in addition thereto twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on blankets of all kinds, made wholly or in part of wool, valued at not exceeding twenty-eight cents per pound, there shall be charged a duty of six cents per pound, and in addition thereto ten per centum ad valorem; on all valued above twenty-eight cents per pound, but not exceeding forty cents per pound, there shall be charged a duty of six cents per pound, and in addition thereto twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on all valued above forty cents per pound there shall be charged a duty of twelve cents per pound, and in addition thereto twenty per centum ad valorem; on woollen shawls, or shawls of which wool shall be the chief component material, a duty of sixteen cents per pound, and in addition thereto twenty per centum ad valorem.

Third. On all delaines, Cashmere delaines, muslin delaines, barege delaines, composed wholly or in part of wool, gray, or uncolored, and on all other gray or uncolored goods of similar description, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on bunting, and on all stained, colored, or printed, and on all other manufactures of wool, or of which wool shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for, thirty per centum ad valorem.

Fourth. On oil-cloth, for floors, stamped, painted, or printed, valued at fifty cents or less per square yard, twenty per centum ad valorem; valued at over fifty cents per square yard, and on all other oil-cloth thirty per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 14. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied collected and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned the following duties, that is to say:

First. On all manufactures of cotton not bleached, colored, stained, painted, or printed, and not exceeding one hundred threads to the square inch, counting the warp and filling, and exceeding in weight five ounces per square yard, one cent per square yard; on finer or lighter goods of like description, not exceeding one hundred and forty threads to the square inch, counting the warp and filling, two cents per square yard; on goods of like description, exceeding one hundred and forty threads, and not exceeding two hundred threads to the square inch, counting the warp and filling, three cents per square yard; on like goods exceeding two hundred threads to the square inch, counting the warp and filling, four cents per square yard; on all goods embraced in the foregoing schedules, if bleached, there shall be levied, collected and paid an additional duty of one-half of one cent per square yard; and if printed, painted, colored, or stained, there shall be levied, collected, and paid a duty of ten per centum in addition to the rates of duty provided in the foregoing schedules: *Provided*, That upon all plain woven cotton goods not included in the foregoing schedules, and upon cotton goods of every description, the value of which shall exceed sixteen cents per square yard, there shall be levied, collected and paid a duty of twenty-five per centum ad valorem: *And provided, further*, That no cotton goods having more than two hundred threads to the square inch, counting the warp and filling, shall be admitted to a less rate of duty than is provided for goods which are of that number of threads.

Second. On spool and other thread of cotton, thirty per centum ad valorem.

Third. On shirts and drawers, wove or made on frames composed wholly of cotton and cotton velvet, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; and on all manufactures composed wholly of cotton, bleached, unbleached, printed, painted, or dyed, not otherwise provided for, thirty per centum ad valorem.

Fourth. On all brown or bleached linens, ducks, canvas paddings, cot-bottoms, burlaps, drills, coatings, brown Hollands, blay linens, damasks, diapers, crash, huckabacks, handkerchiefs, lawns, or other manufactures of flax, jute, or hemp, [or of which flax, jute, or hemp] shall be the component material of chief value, being of the value of thirty cents and under per square yard, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; valued above thirty cents per square yard, thirty per centum ad valorem; on flax or linen threads, twine and packthread, and all other manufactures of flax, or of which flax shall be the component material of chief value, and not otherwise provided for, thirty per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 15. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and

year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned the following duties, that is to say: First. On unmanufactured hemp, thirty-five dollars per ton; on Manilla, and other hems of India, fifteen dollars per ton; on jute, Sisal grass, sun hemp, coir, and other vegetable substances not enumerated, used for cordage, ten dollars per ton; on jute butts, five dollars per ton; on codilla or tow of hemp, ten dollars per ton; on tarred cables or cordage, two cents and a half per pound; on untarred Manilla cordage, two cents per pound; on all other untarred cordage, three cents per pound; on yarns, four cents per pound; on coir yarn, one cent per pound; on seines, six cents per pound; on cotton bagging, or any other manufacture not otherwise provided for, suitable for the uses to which cotton bagging is applied, whether composed in whole or in part of hemp, jute, or flax, or any other material valued at less than ten cents per square yard, one cent and a half per pound; over ten cents per square yard, two cents per pound on sail duck, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on Russia and other sheetings, brown and white, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; and on all other manufactures of hemp, or of which hemp shall be a component part, not otherwise provided for, twenty per centum ad valorem; on unmanufactured flax, fifteen dollars per ton; on tow of flax, five dollars per ton; on grass cloth, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on jute goods, fifteen per centum ad valorem; on all other manufactures of jute or Sisal grass, not otherwise provided for, twenty per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 16. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned, the following duties, that is to say: First. On silk in the gum, not more advanced in manufacture than singles, tram, and thrown or organzine, fifteen per centum ad valorem; on all silks valued at not over one dollar per square yard, twenty per centum ad valorem; on all silks valued at over one dollar per square yard, thirty per centum ad valorem; on all silk velvets, or velvets of which silk is the component material of chief value, valued at three dollars per square yard, or under, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; valued at over three dollars per square yard, thirty per centum ad valorem; on floss silks, twenty per centum ad valorem; on silk ribbons, galloons, braids, fringes, laces, tassels, buttons, button cloths, trimmings, and on silk twist, twist composed of mohair and silk, sewing silk in the gum or purified, and all other manufactures of silk, or of which silk shall be the component material of chief value, not otherwise provided for, thirty per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 17. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned the following duties, that is to say:

First. On rough plate, cylinder, or broad window glass, not exceeding ten by fifteen inches, one cent per square foot; above that, and not exceeding sixteen by twenty-four inches, one cent and a half per square foot; above that, and not exceeding twenty-four by thirty inches, two cents per square foot; all above that, and not exceeding

in weight one pound per square foot, three cents per square foot: *Provided*, That all glass imported in sheets or tables, without reference to size or form, shall pay the highest duty herein imposed: *And provided, further*, That all rough plate cylinder, [or] broad glass, weighing over one hundred pounds per one hundred square feet, shall pay an additional duty on the excess at the same rates as herein imposed; on crown, plate, or polished, and on all other window glass not exceeding ten by fifteen inches, one cent and a half per square foot; above that, and not exceeding sixteen by twenty-four inches, two cents and a half per square foot; above that, and not exceeding twenty-four by thirty inches, four cents per square foot; all above that, five cents per square foot: *Provided*, That all crown, plate, or polished, and all other window glass weighing over one hundred and fifty pounds per one hundred square feet shall pay an additional duty on such excess of four cents per pound; on all plain and mould and press glassware, not cut, engraved, or painted, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on all articles of glass, cut, engraved, painted, colored, printed, stained, silvered, or gilded, thirty per centum ad valorem; on porcelain and Bohemian glass, glass crystals for watches, paintings on glass or glasses, pebbles for spectacles, and all manufactures of glass, or of which glass shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for, and all glass bottles or jars filled with sweetmeats, preserves or other articles, thirty per centum ad valorem.

Second. On China and porcelain ware of all descriptions, thirty per centum ad valorem; on all brown earthen and common stone ware, twenty per centum ad valorem; on all other earthen, stone, or crockery ware, printed, white, glazed, edged, painted, dipped, or cream colored, composed of earthy or mineral substances, twenty-five per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 18. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid, there shall be levied, collected and paid on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned the following duties, that is to say: On all books, periodicals and pamphlets and all printed matter and illustrated books and papers, and on watches and parts of watches, and watch materials, and unfinished parts of watches, fifteen per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 19. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected and paid a duty of ten per centum on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned and embraced in this section that is to say:

Acids, nitric, yellow and white, oxalic, and all other acids of every description used for medicinal purposes or in the fine arts not otherwise provided for; aloes, amber, ammonia, sal ammonia, muriate and carbonate of ammonia; anise seed; arrow root; assafœtida;

Bamboos, barks of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; beeswax; black lead, or plumbago; borate of lime; brass, in pigs or bars, or when old and fit only to be remanufactured; Brazil paste; bronze liquor; building stones;

Cantharides; castor beans or seeds; chronometers, box or ship's and parts thereof; cocculus indicus, compositions of glass or paste not set, intended for use by jewellers; cornmeal;

Diamonds, glaziers', set or not set; Dutch and bronze metal in leaf;

Engravings or plates, bound or unbound, ergot;

Flocks, waste, or shoddy; fruit, green, ripe or dried, not otherwise provided for; furs, dressed or undressed; when on the skin; furs, hatters' dressed or undressed, when not on the skin;

Gamboge; ginger, ground, preserved or pickled; glass plates or disks, unwrought, for optical instruments; goldbeaters' skin; green turtle; grindstones, wrought or finished; gum copal; gum substitute or burnt starch,

Hair of all kinds, cleaned, but unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for; hops; horns, horn-tips, bones, bone-tips and teeth manufactured;

Iodine, crude; ipecacuanha; iron liquor;

Jalap; juniper berries;

Lemon and lime juice, lime,

Manganese, manna; marrow and all other grease, and soap stocks and soap stuffs; mineral kermes; moss, Iceland; music printed with lines bound or unbound;

Oatmeal; oils, palm, seal and cocoa-nut; olive oil in casks, other than salad oil; oranges, lemons and limes; orange and lemon peel;

Paintings and statuary, not otherwise provided for; paving stones; pearl or hulled barley; Peruvian bark; plaster of Paris when ground; Prussian blue;

Quicksilver;

Rhubarb, rye flour;

Saffron and saffron cake; saltpetre, or nitrate of soda or potash when refined or partially refined; salts of tin; sarsaparilla; sepia; shaddock; sheathing paper; sponges; spunk; squills.

Tapioca, tagger's iron; teazels;terne tin in plates or sheets; tin foil; tin in plates or sheets;

Vanilla beans; vegetables, not otherwise provided for; verdigris;

Yams;

SEC. 20. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied collected and paid a duty of twenty per centum on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned and embraced in this section, that is to say:

Antimony, tartrate of; acids, citric and tartaric;

Blank books, bound or unbound; blue or Roman vitriol, or sulphate of copper; boards, planks, staves, laths, scantling, spars, hewn and sawed timber, and timber used in building wharves; brick, fire-brick, and roofing and paving tile, not otherwise provided for; brimstone in rolls; bronze powder; Burgundy pitch; burrstones; manufactured or bound up into millstones;

Calomel; castor oil; castorum; chicory root; chocolate; chromate of lead; corks; cotton laces, cotton insertings, cotton trimming laces, and cotton braids; cowhage down; cubebs;

Dried pulp;

Ether;

Feather beds, feathers for beds, and downs of all kinds; feldspar;

fig blue; firewood; fish glue or isinglass, fish skins; flour of sulphur; Frankfort black; fulminates, or fulminating powders;

Glue; gold and silver leaf; grapes; gunpowder;

Hair, curled, moss, seaweed and all other vegetable substances used for beds or mattresses; hat bodies made of wool, or of which wool is the component material of chief value; hatters plush, composed of silk and cotton, but of which cotton is the component material of chief value;

Lampblack; leather, tanned, bend or sole; leather, upper, of all kinds, except tanned calfskin, which shall pay twenty-five per centum ad valorem;

Magnesia; malt; mats of cocoa-nut; matting, China, and other floor matting, and mats made of flags, jute, or grass; mercurial preparations, not otherwise provided for; medicinal roots and leaves, and all other drugs and medicines in a crude state, not otherwise provided for; metals unmanufactured not otherwise provided for; mineral and bituminous substances in a crude state not otherwise provided for; musical instruments of all kinds, and strings for musical instruments of whip gut, or catgut, and all other strings of the same material; mustard ground or manufactured;

Needles of all kinds for sewing, darning and knitting,

Oils, neatsfoot and other animal oils, spermaceti, whale, and other fish oil, the produce of foreign fisheries; oils volatile, essential or expressed, not otherwise provided for; osier or willow, prepared for basket-makers' use;

Paints, dry or ground in oil, not otherwise provided for; pitch; plaster of Paris calcined;

Quills;

Ratans and reeds manufactured or partially manufactured; red precipitate; Roman cement; rosin;

Sal soda, hyposulphate of soda, and all carbonates of soda by whatever name designated, not otherwise provided for; salts, Epsom, Glauber, Rochelle, and all other salts and preparations of salts not otherwise provided for; shoes or boots, and other articles, composed wholly of India-rubber not otherwise provided for; skins, tanned, and dressed of all kinds; spices of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; spirits of turpentine; starch; stereotype plates; still bottoms; strychnine; sulphate of barytes, crude or refined; sulphate of magnesia; sulphate of quinine;

Tar; thread laces and insertings, type metal; types, new;

Varnish of all kinds; Vandyke brown; Venetian red; vermilion;

Whalebone, the produce of foreign fisheries; white vitriol or sulphate of zinc; wood unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for; woollen listings.

SEC. 21. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid, on copper ore and diamonds, cameos, mosaics, gems, pearls, rubies, and other precious stones, when not set, a duty of five per centum ad valorem on the same; when set in gold, silver or other metal, or on imitations thereof, and all other jewelry, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on hair cloth and hair seatings, and all other manufactures of hair, not otherwise provided for, twenty-five per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 22. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid a duty of thirty per centum on the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned and embraced in this section, that is to say :

- Alabaster and spar ornaments ;
- Anchovies, sardines, and all other fish preserved in oil ;
- Argentine, alabatta, or German silver, manufactured or unmanufactured ;
- Articles embroidered with gold, silver, or other metal ;
- Articles worn by men, women, or children, of whatever material composed, made up, or made wholly or in part by hand, not otherwise provided for ;
- Asses' skins ;
- Balsams, cosmetics, essences, extracts, pastes, perfumes, and tinctures, used either for the toilet or for medicinal purposes ;
- Baskets, and all other articles composed of grass, osier, palm leaf, straw, whalebone, or willow, not otherwise provided for ;
- Beads of amber, composition, or wax, and all beads ;
- Benzoates ; Bologna sausages ;
- Bracelets, braids, chains, curls, or ringlets composed of hair, or of which hair is a component material ;
- Braces, suspenders, webbing, or other fabrics, composed wholly or in part of India-rubber, not otherwise provided for ;
- Brooms and brushes of all kinds ;
- Buttons and button moulds of all kinds ;
- Canes and sticks for walking, finished or unfinished ;
- Capers, pickles, and sauces of all kinds, not otherwise provided for ;
- Caps, hats, muffs and tippets of fur, and all other manufactures of fur, or of which fur shall be a component material ;
- Caps, gloves, leggins, mits, socks, stockings, wove shirts and drawers, and all similar articles made on frames of whatever material composed, worn by men, women, or children, and not otherwise provided for ;
- Carbonate of magnesia ;
- Card cases, pocket books, shell boxes, souvenirs, and all similar articles of whatever material composed ;
- Carriages and parts of carriages ;
- Clocks and parts clocks ;
- Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel of every description, of whatever material composed, except wool, made up or manufactured wholly or in part by the tailor, seamstress or manufacturer ;
- Coach and harness furniture of all kinds, saddlery, coach and harness hardware, silver plated, brass, brass plated, or covered, common tinned, burnished or japanned, not otherwise provided for ;
- Combs of all kinds ;
- Compositions of glass or paste, when set ;
- Composition tops for tables, or other articles of furniture ;
- Comfits, sweetmeats, or fruits preserved in sugar, brandy or molasses not otherwise provided for ;
- Coral, cut or manufactured ;
- Cotton cords, gimps and galloons ;

- Cotton laces, colored ;
- Court plaster ;
- Crayons of all kinds ;
- Cutlery of all kinds ;
- Dolls and toys of all kinds ;
- Encaustic tiles ;
- Epaulets, galloons, laces, knots, stars, tassels, tresses and wings of gold, silver or other metal ;
- Fans and fire-screens of every description, of whatever material composed,
- Feathers and flowers, artificial or ornamental and parts thereof, of whatever material composed,
- Flats, braids, plaits, sparterre and willow squares, used for making hats and bonnets,
- Firecrackers ;
- Frames and sticks for umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades, finished or unfinished ;
- Furniture, cabinet and household ;
- Hair pencils ;
- Hat bodies of cotton ;
- Hats and bonnets, for men, women and children, composed of straw, chip, grass, palm leaf, willow, or any other vegetable substance, or of hair, whalebone, or other material not otherwise provided for ;
- Human hair, cleansed or prepared for use ;
- Ink and ink powder ;
- Japanned, patent, or enamelled leather or skins of all kinds ;
- Japanned ware of all kinds, not otherwise provided for ;
- Jet and manufactures of jet, and imitations thereof ;
- Lead pencils ;
- Maccaroni, vermicelli, gelatine, jellies, and all similar preparations ;
- Manufactures of silk, or of which silk shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for ;
- Manufactures of the bark of the cork tree, except corks ;
- Manufactures of bone, shell, horn, ivory or vegetable ivory ;
- Manufactures, articles, vessels and wares not otherwise provided for, of brass, copper, gold, iron, lead, pewter, platina, silver, tin or other metal, or of which either of these metals or any other metal shall be the component material of chief value ;
- Manufactures, not otherwise provided for, composed of mixed materials, in part of cotton, silk, wool, or worsted, or flax ;
- Manufactures of cotton, linen, silk, wool, or worsted, if embroidered or tamboured, in the loom or otherwise, by machinery or with the needle, or other process, not otherwise provided for ;
- Manufactures of cedar wood, granadilla, ebony, mahogany, rosewood, and satinwood ;
- Marble in the rough, or blocks, manufactures of marble, marble paving tiles, and all marble sawed, squared, dressed, or polished.
- Manufactures and articles of leather, or of which leather shall be a component part, not otherwise provided for ;
- Manufactures of paper, or of which paper is a component material, not otherwise provided for ;

Manufactures, articles, and wares, of papier mache ;
 Manufactures of goat's hair or mohair, or of which goat's hair or mohair shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for ;
 Manufactures of wood, or of which wood is the chief component part, not otherwise provided for ;
 Medicinal preparations, not otherwise provided for ;
 Metallic pens ;
 Mineral waters ;
 Muskets, rifles, and other fire-arms ;
 Oil-cloth of every description, of whatever material composed, not otherwise provided for ;
 Olive salad oil ;
 Olives ;
 Paper boxes, and all other fancy boxes ;
 Paper envelopes ;
 Paper hangings, and paper for screens or fire-boards ; paper ; anti-quarian, demy, drawing, elephant, foolscap, imperial letter, all other paper not otherwise provided for ;
 Parasols and sunshades ;
 Parchment ;
 Plated and gilt ware of all kinds ;
 Playing cards ;
 Prepared vegetables, meats, fish, poultry, and game, sealed or unsealed, in cans or otherwise ;
 Red chalk pencils ;
 Salmon, preserved ;
 Scagliola tops, for tables or other articles of furniture ;
 Sealingwax ;
 Side arms of every description ;
 Silver-plated metal, in sheets or other form ;
 Slates, roofing slates, slate pencils, slate chimney pieces, mantels, slabs for tables, and all other manufactures of slate ;
 Soap, castile, perfumed, Windsor, and all other kinds ;
 Twines and packthread, of whatever material composed, not otherwise provided for ;
 Umbrellas ;
 Unwrought clay, three dollars per ton ;
 Vellum ; velvet, when printed or painted ; wafers ; water colors ;
 Webbing, composed of wool, cotton, flax, or any other materials.

SEC. 23. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid, the importation of the articles hereinafter mentioned and embraced in this section shall be exempt from duty, that is to say :

Acids, acetic, acetous, benzoic, boracic, muriatic, sulphuric, and pyroligneous and all acids of every description used for chemical and manufacturing purposes, not otherwise provided for ; alcornoque ;

All books, maps, charts, mathematical, nautical instruments, philosophical apparatus, and all other articles whatever, imported for the use of the United States ; all philosophical apparatus, instruments, books, maps, and charts, statues, statuary, busts and casts of marble, bronze, alabaster, or plaster of Paris ; paintings and drawings, etchings, specimens of sculpture, cabinets of coins, medals, regalia, gems,

and all collections of antiquities: *Provided*, The same be specially imported, in good faith, for the use of any society incorporated or established for philosophical, literary or religious purposes, or for the encouragement of the fine arts, or for the use or by the order of any college, academy, school, or seminary of learning in the United States;

Ambergris; annatto, roncou or Orleans; animal carbon (bone black;)

Animals, living, of all kinds;

Antimony, crude or regulus of;

Argol, or crude tartar; arsenic;

Articles in a crude state used in dyeing or tanning, not otherwise provided for; asphaltum;

Bananas;

Bark, Peruvian, or bark quilla;

Barilla, and soda ash;

Bells, old, and bell metal;

Berries, nuts, flowers, plants, and vegetables used exclusively in dyeing or in composing dyes; but no article shall be classed as such that has undergone any manufacture;

Birds, singing or other, and land and water fowls;

Bismuth; bitter apples;

Bolting cloths;

Bones, burnt, and bone-dust;

Books, maps, and charts, imported by authority of the Joint Library Committee of Congress for the use of the library of Congress: *Provided*, That if, in any case, a contract shall have been made with any bookseller, importer, or other person aforesaid, shall have paid the duty or included the duty in said contract, in such case the duty shall be remitted;

Borax, crude, or tincal; boucho leaves;

Brazil wood, braziletto, and all other dye-woods, in sticks;

Breccia, in blocks or slabs;

Brimstone, crude, in bulk; brime;

Bullion, gold and silver;

Burrstones, wrought or unwrought, but unmanufactured, and not bound up into millstones;

Cabinets of coins, medals, and all other collections of antiquities;

Cadmium; calamine; camphor, crude;

Chalk, French chalk, and red chalk;

Cochineal; cobalt;

Cocoa, cocoa shells, cocoa leaves, and cocoa nuts;

Coffee and tea, when imported direct from the place of their growth or production, in American vessels, or in foreign vessels entitled by reciprocal treaties to be exempt from discriminating duties, tonnage, and other charges;

Coffee, the growth or production of the possessions of the Netherlands, imported from the Netherlands in the same manner;

Coins, gold, silver, and copper;

Copper, when imported for the United States mint;

Cotton; cork-tree bark, unmanufactured;

Cream of tartar; cudbear, vegetable, and orchil;

Divi-divi; dragon's blood;

- Emery, in lump or pulverized ;
- Extract of indigo ;
- Extract of madder ;
- Extract and decoctions of logwood, and other dye-woods, not otherwise provided for ;
- Felt, adhesive, for sheathing vessels ;
- Flints ; flint, ground ;
- Fish, fresh caught, for daily consumption ;
- Fullers' earth ;
- Ginger root ; gum, Arabic, Barbary, East India, Jedda, Senegal, Tragacanth, Benjamine or Benzoin, myrrh, and all other gums and resins in a crude state, not otherwise provided for ;
- Guttapercha, unmanufactured ;
- Grindstones, rough or unfinished ;
- Garden seeds, and all other seeds for agricultural, horticultural, medicinal, and manufacturing purposes, not otherwise provided for ;
- Glass, when old, not in pieces which can be cut for use, and fit only to be remanufactured ;
- Goods, wares, and merchandise, the growth, production, or manufacture of the United States exported to a foreign country, and brought back to the United States in the same condition as when exported, upon which no drawback or bounty has been allowed: *Provided*, That all regulations to ascertain the identity thereof, prescribed by existing laws, or which may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be complied with ;
- Guano ;
- Household effects, old, and in use of persons or families from foreign countries, if used abroad by them and not intended for any other person or persons, or for sale ;
- Hair of all kinds, uncleaned and unmanufactured, and all long horse-hair, used for weaving, cleaned or uncleaned, drawn or undrawn ;
- India-rubber, in bottles, slabs, or sheets unmanufactured ; India rubber, milk of ;
- Indigo ; ice ; iridium ; iris, orris root ;
- Ivory unmanufactured ; ivory nuts, or vegetable ivory ;
- Junk, old, and oakum ;
- Kelp ;
- Lac dye ; lac spirits ; lac sulphur ;
- Lastings, mohair cloth, silk, twist, or other manufactures of cloth, cut in strips or patterns of the size and shape for shoes, slippers, boots, bootees, gaiters, and buttons, exclusively, not combined with India-rubber ;
- Leeches ; liquorice root ;
- Madder, ground or prepared, and madder root ;
- Manuscripts ; marine coral, unmanufactured ;
- Medals, of gold, silver, or copper ;
- Machinery, suitable for the manufacture of flax and linen goods only and imported for that purpose solely, but not including that which may be used for any other manufactures ;
- Maps and charts ; mineral blue ;
- Models of inventions, and other improvements in the arts :

Provided, That no article or articles shall be deemed a model or improvement which can be fitted for use ;

Munjeet or India madder ;

Natron ; nickel ; nutgalls ; nux vomica ;

Oil, spermaceti, whale, and other fish, of American fisheries, and all other articles the produce of such fisheries ;

Orpiment, or sulphuret of arsenic ;

Paintings and statuary, the production of American artists residing abroad : *Provided*, The same be imported in good faith as objects of taste, and not of merchandise ;

Palm leaf, unmanufactured ;

Pearl, mother of ;

Personal and household effects, not merchandise, of citizens of the United States dying abroad ;

Pine apples ; plantains ;

Plaster of Paris, or sulphate of lime, unground ;

Platina, unmanufactured ; platina vases or retorts ;

Polishing stones ; pumice and pumice stones ;

Quassia-wood ;

Rags of whatever material, except wool ;

Ratans and reeds, unmanufactured ;

Rottenstone ;

Safflower ; saltpeter, or nitrate of soda, or potash, when crude ;

Sandalwood ; seedlac ;

Sheathing metal, or yellow metal, not wholly of copper, nor wholly or in part of iron, ungalvanized, in sheets forty-eight inches long and fourteen inches wide, and weighing from fourteen to thirty-four ounces per square yard ;

Shellac ; shingle-bolts and stave-bolts ;

Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoon, not being doubled, twisted, or advanced in manufacture any way, and silk cocoons and silk waste ;

Smalts ; specimens of natural history, mineralogy, and botany ;

Staves for pipes, hogsheads, or other casks ;

Stoneware, not ornamented, above the capacity of ten gallons ;

Substances expressly used for manure ; sumac ;

Terra japonica, catechu, or cutch ;

Tin, in pigs, bars or blocks ;

Tortoise and other shell, unmanufactured ;

Trees, shrubs, bulbs, plants, and roots not otherwise provided for ;

Turmeric ; types, old, and fit only to be remanufactured ;

Wearing apparel in actual use, and other personal effects (not merchandise), professional books, implements, instruments, and tools of trade, occupation, or employment of persons arriving in the United States ; *Provided*, That this exemption shall not be construed to include machinery, or other articles imported for use in any manufacturing establishment or for sale ;

Weld ; woad or pastel ;

Woods, namely : cedar, lignum-vitæ, lancewood, ebony, box, grana-dilla mahogany, rosewood, satinwood, and all cabinet woods, unmanufactured ;

Wool, unmanufactured, and all hair of the goat, alpaca, and other

like animals, unmanufactured, the value whereof at the last port or place from whence exported to the United States shall be eighteen cents, or under, per pound.

SEC. 24. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be levied, collected, and paid on the importation of all raw or unmanufactured articles, not herein enumerated or provided for, a duty of ten per centum ad valorem; and on all articles manufactured in whole or in part, not herein enumerated or provided for, a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 25. *And be it further enacted*, That all goods, wares, and merchandise which may be in the public stores on the day and year aforesaid shall be subject to no other duty upon the entry thereof than if the same were imported respectively after that day.

SEC. 26. *And be it further enacted*, That wherever the word "ton" is used in this act, in reference to weight, it shall be deemed and taken to be twenty hundred weight, each hundred weight being one hundred and twelve pounds avoirdupois.

SEC. 27. *And be it further enacted*, That railroad iron, partially or wholly worn, may be imported into the United States without payment of duty, under bond to be withdrawn and exported after the said railroad iron shall have been repaired or remanufactured; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary to protect the revenue against fraud, and secure the identity, character, and weight of all such importations when again withdrawn and exported, restricting and limiting the export and withdrawal to the same port of entry where imported, and also limiting all bonds to a period of time of not more than six months from the date of the importation.

SEC. 28. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases where the duty upon any imports of goods, wares, or merchandise shall be subject to be levied upon the true market value of such imports in the principal markets of the country from whence the importation shall have been made, or at the port of exportation, the duty shall be estimated and collected upon the value on the day of actual shipment whenever a bill of lading shall be presented showing the date of shipment, and which shall be certified by a certificate of the United States consul, commercial agent, or other legally authorized deputy.

SEC. 29. *And be it further enacted*, That the annual statistical accounts of the commerce of the United States with foreign countries required by existing laws shall hereafter be made up and completed by the Register of the Treasury, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, so as to comprehend and include, in tabular form, the quantity by weight or measure, as well as the amount of value, of the several articles of foreign commerce, whether dutiable or otherwise; and also a similar and separate statement of the commerce of the United States with the British Provinces, under the late, so-called, reciprocity treaty with Great Britain.

SEC. 30. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the day and year aforesaid there shall be allowed a drawback on foreign hemp manufactured into cordage in the United States and exported therefrom, equal in amount to the duty paid on the foreign hemp from

which it shall be manufactured, to be ascertained under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and no more: *Provided*, That ten per centum on the amount of all drawbacks so allowed shall be retained for the use of the United States by the collectors paying such drawbacks respectively.

SEC. 31. *And be it further enacted*, That all acts and parts of acts repugnant to the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed: *Provided*, That the existing laws shall extend to, and be in force for, the collection of the duties imposed by this act, for the prosecution and punishment of all offences, and for the recovery, collection, distribution, and remission of all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, as fully and effectually as if every regulation, penalty, forfeiture, provision, clause, matter, and thing to that effect, in the existing laws contained, had been inserted in and re-enacted by this act.

SEC. 32. *And be it further enacted*, That when merchandise of the same material or description, but of different values, are invoiced at an average price, and not otherwise provided for, the duty shall be assessed upon the whole invoice at the rate the highest valued goods in such invoice are subject to under this act. The words value and valued, used in this act, shall be construed and understood as meaning the true market value of the goods, wares, and merchandise in the principal markets of the country from whence exported at the date of exportation.

SEC. 33. *And be it further enacted*, That all goods, wares, and merchandise actually on shipboard and bound to the United States, within fifteen days after the passage of this act, and all goods, wares, and merchandise in deposit in warehouse or public store on the first day of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, shall be subject to pay such duties as provided by law before and at the time of the passage of this act; and all goods in warehouse at the time this act takes effect, on which the duties are lessened by its provisions, may be withdrawn on payment of the duties herein provided.

Approved 2d March, 1861.

A RESOLUTION to correct certain errors in the act entitled "An act to provide for the payment of outstanding treasury notes, to authorize a loan, to regulate and fix the duties on imports and for other purposes" approved the second of March eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An act to provide for the payment of outstanding treasury notes, to authorize a loan, to regulate and fix the duties on imports and for other purposes" approved the second March eighteen hundred and sixty-one, shall be so far altered and corrected as to strike from said act the following words, that is to say, from the list of articles exempt from duty "wool, unmanufactured, and all hair of the goat, alpaca, and other like animals, unmanufactured, the value whereof, at the last port or place from whence exported to the United States shall be eighteen cents, or under, per pound;" from section twenty-four as follows :

SEC. 24. *And be it further enacted,* That all goods, wares, and merchandise, which may be in the public stores, on the day and year aforesaid, shall be subject to no other duty upon entry thereof than if the same were imported respectively after that day; and from section thirteen, as follows ; "On woollen shawls, or shawls of which wool shall be the chief component material, a duty of sixteen cents per pound and in addition thereto twenty per centum ad valorem."

Approved 2d March, 1861.

The first part of the table shows the results of the analysis of variance for the different groups of subjects. The second part shows the results of the analysis of variance for the different groups of subjects.

The third part of the table shows the results of the analysis of variance for the different groups of subjects. The fourth part shows the results of the analysis of variance for the different groups of subjects.

The fifth part of the table shows the results of the analysis of variance for the different groups of subjects. The sixth part shows the results of the analysis of variance for the different groups of subjects.

The seventh part of the table shows the results of the analysis of variance for the different groups of subjects. The eighth part shows the results of the analysis of variance for the different groups of subjects.

APPROPRIATIONS, NEW OFFICERS, &c.

STATEMENTS

SHOWING

- I. APPROPRIATIONS MADE DURING THE SECOND SESSION OF THE THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.
- II. OFFICERS CREATED AND THE SALARIES THEREOF.
- III. THE OFFICES THE SALARIES OF WHICH HAVE BEEN INCREASED, WITH THE AMOUNT OF SUCH INCREASE DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

APRIL 15, 1861.

PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SIXTH SECTION OF THE "ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL PAYMASTERS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES," APPROVED JULY 4, 1836.

WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1861.

STATEMENT.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
I. APPROPRIATIONS MADE DURING THE SECOND SESSION OF THE THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.		
<i>By the act to authorize the issue of treasury notes, and for other purposes.</i>		
To pay the principal and interest of such treasury notes as may be issued under this act	Indefinite.	
To defray the expenses of engraving, printing, preparing, and issuing the treasury notes herein authorized...	\$15,000 00	\$15,000 00
<i>By the act making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.</i>		
For invalid pensions under various acts.....		
For pensions under acts of eighteenth March, eighteen hundred and eighteen; fifteenth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight; and seventh June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two	380,000 00	
For pensions to widows of those who served in the revolutionary war, under the third section of the act of fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six; the acts of seventh July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three; seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-four; second February and twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; and second section of act of third February, eighteen hundred and fifty-three	17,000 00	
For pensions to widows and orphans, under first section act fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six; act of twenty-first July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; first section act of third February, eighteen hundred and fifty-three; and act third June, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight.....	170,000 00	
For navy invalid pensions.....	340,000 00	
For navy pensions to widows and orphans, under act of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight..	25,000 00	
	150,000 00	
		1,082,000 00
<i>By the act making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty two.</i>		
For pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians.....	117,176 00	
For commutation of subsistence.....	4,161 00	
For forage of officers' horses.....	1,440 00	
For pay in lieu of clothing to officers' servants.....	60 00	
For current and ordinary expenses, as follows: repairs and improvements, fuel and apparatus, forage, postage, stationery, transportation, printing, clerks, miscellaneous and incidental expenses, and departments of instruction.	39,010 00	

APPROPRIATIONS, NEW OFFICERS, ETC.

For gradual increase and expense of library	1, 000 00
For expenses of the board of visitors.....	4, 000 00
For forage of artillery and cavalry horses	6, 640 00
For supplying horses for artillery and cavalry practice.....	1, 000 00
For repairs of officers' quarters.....	500 00
For models for the department of cavalry	100 00
For targets and batteries for artillery exercise.....	150 00
For furniture for hospital for cadets	100 00
For annual repairs of gas pipes and retorts.....	300 00
For warming apparatus for academic and other buildings	2, 750 00
For materials for quarters for subaltern officers	3, 500 00
For kitchen for cadets' mess hall	950 00
For mess room and kitchen for cadets' hospital.....	1, 500 00
To defray the expenses of the commission appointed under the eighth section of an act making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, in addition to the amount appropriated by said act	1, 360 00
	185, 697 00

By the act authorizing a loan.

To defray the expense of engraving and printing certificates of such stock, and other expenses incident to the execution of this act

20, 000 00

By the act to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the services of the fiscal year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

To supply the deficiency in the appropriation for binding documents required for the first session of the thirty-sixth Congress

For miscellaneous items.....

For folding documents.....

For furniture and repairs, and boxes for members

For stationery

To enable the Superintendent of the Capitol Extension to pay for labor and materials used to carry out the resolution of the House of Representatives of twenty-first February, eighteen hundred and sixty.....

To supply deficiencies in the appropriations heretofore made for printing ordered by the Senate and House of Representatives at the first session of the thirty-sixth Congress, and for paper for the same.....

50, 000 00

21, 000 00

26, 000 00

5, 000 00

6, 000 00

2, 500 00

187, 816 38

Amount carried forward.....

298, 316 38

1, 302, 697 00

STATEMENT—Continued.

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APPROPRIATIONS, NEW OFFICERS, ETC.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
To supply the deficiency in the appropriation for paper required for the printing of the second session of the thirty-sixth Congress.....	\$298,316 38	\$1,302,697 00
To supply the deficiency in the appropriation for the printing of the second session of the thirty-sixth Congress.	50,000 00	
For the completion of the custom-house and post office at the city of St. Louis, and fitting up and furnishing the same	30,000 00	
To supply deficiencies in the fund heretofore appropriated to enable the President of the United States to carry into effect the act of Congress of third March, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and any subsequent acts now in force for the suppression of the slave trade	15,000 00	
For the compensation and mileage of senators.....	900,000 00	
For the contingent expenses of the Senate, for miscellaneous items	13,000 00	
For the contingent expenses of the Senate and House of Representatives, viz:	3,000 00	
For additional police for the Capitol, payable by the Senate.....	1,096 97	
For additional police for the Capitol, payable by the House of Representatives.....	1,096 97	
To supply deficiencies in the appropriation for taking the eighth census.....	437,000 00	
For expenses of select committee appointed under the resolution of the House of Representatives of twenty-fourth December, eighteen hundred and sixty	5,000 00	
For expenses of select committee made by order of the House of Representatives of the ninth of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-one	3,000 00	
For expenses of removing the office of the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury to the apartments assigned in Winder's building, and for cleansing, repairing, and furnishing the same	3,508 55	
To enable the Superintendent of the Public Printing to carry into effect the provisions of the joint resolution in relation to the public printing, approved June the twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty.....	135,000 00	
For compensation of the clerks in the land office at Kickapoo, Kansas, in accordance with section seven of "An act making appropriations for certain civil expenses of the government," &c., approved August eighteen, eighteen hundred and fifty-six.....	10,533 00	
For carrying the mails from New York, <i>via</i> Panama, to San Francisco, three times a month, from the first of July, eighteen hundred and sixty, to the first of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, at the rate of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars per annum, from which sum shall be deducted the amount received for postages on said route	Indefinite.	
		1,905,551 87

By the act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty two.

LEGISLATIVE.

For compensation and mileage of senators.....	336,600 00	
For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others receiving an annual salary in the service of the Senate, viz:		
Secretary of the Senate.....	3,600 00	
Officer charged with disbursements of the Senate.....	480 00	
Chief clerk.....	2,500 00	
Principal clerk and principal executive clerk in the office of the Secretary of the Senate, at two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars each.....	4,320 00	
Eight clerks in the office of the Secretary of the Senate, at one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars each.....	14,800 00	
Keeper of the stationery.....	1,752 00	
Two messengers, at one thousand and eighty dollars each.....	2,160 00	
One page.....	500 00	
Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper.....	2,000 00	
Assistant Doorkeeper.....	1,700 00	
Postmaster to the Senate.....	1,750 00	
Assistant Postmaster and mail-carrier.....	1,440 00	
Two mail boys, at nine hundred dollars each.....	1,800 00	
Superintendent of the document room.....	1,500 00	
Two assistants in document room, at one thousand two hundred dollars each.....	2,400 00	
Superintendent of the folding room.....	1,500 00	
Two messengers, acting as assistant doorkeepers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each.....	3,000 00	
Fourteen messengers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each.....	16,800 00	
Superintendent in charge of the Senate furnaces.....	1,200 00	
Assistant in charge of furnaces.....	600 00	
Laborer in private passage.....	600 00	
Two laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each.....	960 00	
Clerk or secretary to the President of the Senate.....	1,752 00	
Clerk to the Committee on Finance.....	1,850 00	
Clerk to the Committee on Claims.....	1,850 00	
Clerk of printing records.....	1,850 00	
Chaplain to the Senate.....	750 00	
Amount carried forward.....	412,014 00	3,208,248 87

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$412,014 00	\$3,208,248 87
For contingent expenses of the Senate, viz:		
For lithographing and engraving	30,000 00	
For binding	50,000 00	
For stationery	12,000 00	
For newspapers.....	3,300 00	
For Congressional Globe, and binding the same.....	49,300 00	
For reporting proceedings in the Daily Globe for the first session of the thirty-seventh Congress.....	18,000 00	
For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the Senate for the Congressional Globe, for reporting the proceedings of the Senate for the first session of the thirty-seventh Congress, eight hundred dollars each		
For clerks to committees, pages, horses, and carryalls.....	4,000 00	
For Capitol police	28,500 00	
For expenses of heating and ventilating apparatus	8,200 00	
For miscellaneous items	12,000 00	
For compensation and mileage of members of the House of Representatives and delegates from Territories.....	20,000 00	
For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others receiving an annual salary in the service of the House of Representatives, viz:	1,100,000 00	
Clerk of the House of Representatives.....	3,600 00	
Two clerks, at two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars each.....	4,320 00	
Eleven clerks, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each.....	19,800 00	
Principal messenger in the office.....	1,752 00	
Three messengers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each.....	3,600 00	
Messenger to the Speaker.....	1,752 00	
Clerk to the Committee of Ways and Means.....	1,800 00	
Clerk to the Committee on Claims.....	1,800 00	
Capitol police.....	8,420 00	
Sergeant-at-Arms.....	2,160 00	
Clerk to the Sergeant-at-Arms.....	1,800 00	
Messenger to the Sergeant-at-Arms.....	1,200 00	
Postmaster.....	2,160 00	
One messenger in the office.....	1,740 00	

Four messengers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each.....	5,760 00	
Two mail boys, at nine hundred dollars each.....	1,800 00	
Doorkeeper.....	2,160 00	
Superintendent of the folding room.....	1,800 00	
Two messengers, at one thousand seven hundred and fifty-two dollars each.....	3,504 00	
One messenger.....	1,740 00	
Five messengers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each.....	7,500 00	
Six messengers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each.....	7,200 00	
Eleven messengers, to be employed during the session of Congress, at the rate of one thousand two hundred dollars each per annum.....	7,700 00	
Chaplain to the House of Representatives.....	750 00	
For contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, namely :		
For binding documents, including the Congressional Globe.....	89,000 00	
For cartage.....	2,000 00	
For twenty-four copies of the Congressional Globe and Appendix for each member and delegate of the first session of the thirty-seventh Congress, and one hundred of the same for the House Library.....	39,688 00	
For the compensation of the clerks to committees and temporary clerks in the office of the Clerk of the House of Representatives.....	17,800 00	
For engraving, electrotyping, and lithographing.....	50,000 00	
For folding documents, including pay of folders, wrapping-paper, twine, and paste.....	30,000 00	
For fuel, oil and candles, including pay of engineer, firemen, and laborers, repairs and materials for engine room.....	15,000 00	
For furniture, repairs, and packing-boxes for members.....	10,000 00	
For stationery.....	15,000 00	
For horses, carriages, and saddle-horses.....	7,500 00	
For laborers.....	7,000 00	
For miscellaneous items.....	40,000 00	
For newspapers.....	12,500 00	
For pages and temporary mail-boys.....	9,680 00	
For reporting proceedings in the Daily Globe for the first session of the thirty-seventh Congress, at seven dollars and fifty cents per column.....	23,000 00	
For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the House for the Congressional Globe, for reporting the proceedings of the House for the first session of the thirty-seventh Congress, eight hundred dollars each.— <i>Library of Congress</i> .—For compensation of librarian, three assistant librarians, and messenger.....	4,000 00	
For contingent expenses of said library.....	9,000 00	
For purchase of books for said library.....	1,000 00	
For purchase of law books for said library.....	5,000 00	
	2,000 00	
Amount carried forward.....	2,232,300 00	3,208,248 87

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
For compensation of the Superintendent of the Public Printing and the clerks and messenger in his office..... For contingent expenses of his office, viz:	\$2,232,300 00 9,714 00	\$3,208,248 87
For blank books, stationery, postage, advertising for proposals for paper, furniture, travelling expenses, cartage, and labor in storing and transportation of paper, and miscellaneous items.....	2,850 00	
For paper required for the printing of the first session of the thirty-seventh Congress.....	100,000 00	
For printing required for the first session of the thirty-seventh Congress.....	70,000 00	
<i>Court of Claims</i> .—For salaries of three judges of the Court of Claims, the solicitor, assistant solicitor, deputy solicitor, clerk and assistant clerk, and messenger thereof.....	27,300 00	
For stationery, books, fuel, lights, pay of laborers, and other contingent and miscellaneous expenses for the Court of Claims.....	4,000 00	
<i>Executive</i> .—For compensation of the President of the United States.....	25,000 00	
For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States.....	8,000 00	
For compensation to secretary to sign patents for lands.....	1,500 00	
For compensation to the private secretary, steward, and messenger of the President of the United States.....	4,600 00	
For contingent expenses of the executive office, including stationery therefor.....	350 00	
<i>Department of State</i> .—For compensation of the Secretary of State, and Assistant Secretary of State, clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborers in his office.....	57,800 00	
For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department:		
For publishing the laws in pamphlet form, and in newspapers of the States and Territories, and in the city of Washington.....	25,125 00	
For proof reading and packing the laws and documents for the various legations and consulates, including boxes and transportation of the same.....	5,000 00	
For stationery, blank books, binding, furniture, fixtures, repairs, painting, and glazing.....	10,000 00	
For miscellaneous items.....	2,500 00	
For copper-plate printing, books, and maps.....	2,000 00	
For extra clerk hire and copying.....	2,000 00	
To enable the Secretary of State to purchase fifty copies each of volumes twenty-eight and twenty-nine of Howard's Reports of the Decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States.....	500 00	
<i>Northeast executive building</i> .—For compensation of four watchmen and two laborers of the northeast executive building.....	3,600 00	

For contingent expenses of said building, namely :

For fuel, light, repairs, and miscellaneous expenses.....	4,500 00
<i>Treasury Department.</i> —For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborers in his office.....	53,800 00
For compensation of the First Comptroller, and the clerks, messenger, and laborers in his office.....	33,740 00
For compensation of the Second Comptroller, and the clerks, messenger, and laborer in his office.....	28,240 00
For compensation of the First Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborer in his office.....	42,940 00
For compensation of the Second Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborer in his office.....	38,140 00
For compensation of the Third Auditor, and the clerks, messengers, assistant messenger, and laborers in his office.....	93,440 00
For compensation of the Fourth Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office.....	31,940 00
For compensation of the Fifth Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and laborer in his office.....	17,469 76
For compensation of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborers in his office.....	181,540 00
For compensation of the Treasurer of the United States, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborers in his office.....	28,151 24
For compensation of the Register of the Treasury, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborers in his office.....	53,340 00
For compensation of the Solicitor of the Treasury, and the clerks, and messenger in his office.....	18,540 00
For compensation of the Commissioner of Customs, and the clerks, messenger, and laborer in his office.....	20,440 00
For compensation of the clerks, messenger, and laborer of the Light-house Board.....	9,240 00
	12,000 00
	1,800 00
	1,200 00
	3,264,600 00

3,208,248 87

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

In the office of the Secretary of the Treasury :

For copying, blank books, stationery, binding, sealing ships' registers, translating foreign languages, advertising, and extra clerk hire for preparing and collecting information to be laid before Congress, and for miscellaneous items.....

In the office of the First Comptroller :

For furniture, blank books, binding, stationery, public documents, State and Territorial statutes, and miscellaneous items.....

In the office of the Second Comptroller :

For blank books, binding, stationery, pay for two daily papers published in the city of Washington, to be filed and preserved for the use of the office, office furniture, and miscellaneous items.....

Amount carried forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$3, 264, 600 00	\$3, 208, 248 87
In the office of the First Auditor : For blank books, binding, stationery, office furniture, and miscellaneous items, including subscription for two daily papers published in the city of Washington, to be filed for the use of the office.....	1, 500 00	
In the office of the Second Auditor : For blank-books, binding, stationery, office furniture, and miscellaneous items, including two of the daily city newspapers, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office.....	1, 200 00	
In the office of the Third Auditor : For blank books, binding, office furniture, carpeting, two daily newspapers published in the city of Washington, files and papers for bounty-land service, and miscellaneous items.....	1, 000 00	
In the office of the Fourth Auditor : For stationery, books, binding, labor, and miscellaneous items.....	1, 000 00	
In the office of the Fifth Auditor : For blank books, binding, stationery office furniture, carpeting, and miscellaneous expenses, in which are included two daily newspapers.....	800 00	
In the office of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department : For blank books, binding, and ruling.....	10, 150 00	
In the office of the Treasurer : For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items.....	1, 000 00	
In the office of the Register : For ruling and full binding books for recording collectors' quarterly abstracts of commerce and navigation, and blank abstracts for their use, blank books, binding, and stationery, arranging and binding cancelled marine papers, cases for official papers and records, and miscellaneous items, including office furniture and carpeting.....	6, 000 00	
Light house Board : For blank books, binding, stationery, miscellaneous expenses, and postage.....	600 00	
For the general purposes of the southeast executive building, including the extension, and the building occupied by the Attorney General and the First Auditor : For compensation of twelve watchmen and eleven laborers of the southeast executive building.....	13, 800 00	
For contingent expenses of said building, fuel, light, and miscellaneous items.....	10, 000 00	
Department of the Interior.—For compensation of the Secretary of the Interior, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messengers, watchmen, and laborers in his office.....	36, 900 00	

For compensation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the recorder, draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, packers, watchmen, and laborers in his office.....	175,440 00	
For additional clerks in the General Land Office, under the act of third March, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, granting bounty land, and for laborers employed therein.....	58,400 00	
For compensation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, watchmen, and laborer in his office	31,940 00	
For compensation of the Commissioner of Pensions, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messengers, and laborers in his office	82,340 00	
CONTINGENT EXPENSES—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.		
Office of the Secretary of the Interior :		
For books, stationery, furniture, fuel, lights, and other contingencies, and for books and maps for the library...	6,500 00	
For casual repairs of the Patent Office building.....	1,500 00	
For expenses of packing and distributing congressional journals and documents, in pursuance of the provisions contained in the joint resolution of Congress, approved twenty-eighth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, and act fifth February, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine.....	3,000 00	
Office of Indian Affairs:		
For blank-books, binding, stationery, fuel, lights, and miscellaneous items, including two of the daily city newspapers, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office.....	5,000 00	
General Land Office :		
For cash system and military patents, under laws prior to twenty-eighth September, eighteen hundred and fifty; patent and other records; tract books and blank books for this and the district land offices; binding plats and field notes, stationery, furniture, and repairs of same, and miscellaneous items, including two of the daily city newspapers, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office; also, for contingent expenses, in addition, under swamp-land act of twenty-eighth September, eighteen hundred and fifty; military bounty acts of twenty-eighth September, eighteen hundred and fifty, and twenty-second March, eighteen hundred and fifty-two; and act thirty-first August, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, for the satisfaction of Virginia land warrants; and for contingent expenses under act third March, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, granting bounty land, and amendatory act of fourteenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, for patents, patent and other records, stationery, and miscellaneous items, on account of bounty land under said act.....	42,000 00	
For fuel, lights, and incidental expenses attending the same, including pay of furnace-keepers	2,000 00	
<i>Pension Office.</i> —For stationery, binding books, furniture, and repairing the same; miscellaneous items, including two daily city newspapers, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office, and for engraving and retouching plates for bounty land warrants, printing and binding the same	15,000 00	
For compensation of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, and the clerk and messenger in his office.....	4,200 00	
	3,775,870 00	3,208,248 87
		11

Amount brought forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$3,775,870 00	\$3,208,248 87
For stationery, blank-books, plans, drawings, and other contingent expenses of the office of the Commissioner of Public Buildings.....	250 00	
<i>Surveyors general and their clerks.</i> —For compensation of the surveyor general of Florida and the clerks in his office.....	5,500 00	
For compensation of the surveyor general of Wisconsin and Iowa, and the clerks in his office.....	8,300 00	
For compensation of the surveyor general of Oregon, and the clerks in his office.....	7,500 00	
For rent of surveyor general's office in Oregon, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses.....	2,000 00	
For rent of surveyor general's office in California, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, including pay of messenger.....	3,000 00	
For office rent for the surveyor general of Washington Territory, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses.....	2,000 00	
For rent of the surveyor general's office in New Mexico, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses.....	2,000 00	
For office rent of the surveyor general of Kansas and Nebraska, fuel, and incidental expenses.....	2,000 00	
For compensation of the surveyor general of California, and the clerks in his office.....	15,500 00	
For compensation of the surveyor general of Washington Territory, and the clerks in his office.....	7,000 00	
For compensation of the surveyor general of New Mexico, and clerks in his office.....	7,000 00	
For compensation of translator in the office of the surveyor general of New Mexico.....	2,000 00	
For compensation of the surveyor general of Kansas and Nebraska, and the clerks in his office.....	8,300 00	
For compensation of the surveyor general of Utah, and the clerks in his office.....	2,655 15	
For compensation of the surveyor general of Minnesota, and the clerks in his office.....	8,300 00	
For compensation of clerks in the offices of the surveyors general, to be apportioned to them according to the exigencies of the public service, and to be employed in transcribing field notes of surveys, for the purpose of preserving them at the seat of government.....	25,000 00	
For salary of the recorder of land titles in Missouri.....	500 00	
<i>War Department.</i> —For compensation of the Secretary of War, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborer in his office.....	22,000 00	
For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Adjutant General.....	13,640 00	
For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Quartermaster General.....	16,440 00	
For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Paymaster General.....	12,440 00	
For compensation of the clerks, messenger, and laborer in the office of the Commissary General.....	10,040 00	
For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Surgeon General.....	5,240 00	
For compensation of the clerks, messenger, and laborer in the office of the Topographical Engineers.....	10,640 00	

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Chief Engineer.....	8,240 00	
For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Colonel of Ordnance.....	12,240 00	
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.		
Office of the Secretary of War:		
For blank books, stationery, books, maps, extra clerk hire, and miscellaneous items.....	6,000 00	
Office of the Adjutant General:		
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items, including office of judge advocate.....	2,200 00	
Office of the Quartermaster General:		
For blank books, binding, stationery, miscellaneous items, and new furniture and bookcases	2,100 00	
Office of the Paymaster General:		
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items.....	500 00	
Office of the Commissary General:		
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items.....	1,200 00	
Office of the Chief Engineer:		
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items, including two daily Washington papers.....	900 00	
Office of the Surgeon General:		
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items.....	500 00	
Office of Colonel of Ordnance:		
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items.....	500 00	
Office of the Colonel of Topographical Engineers:		
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items.....	1,200 00	
For the general purposes of the northwest executive building:		
For compensation of superintendent, four watchmen, and two laborers of the northwest executive building....	3,850 00	
For fuel, light, and miscellaneous items	4,000 00	
For the general purposes of the building corner of F and seventeenth streets:		
For compensation of superintendent, four watchmen, and two laborers for said building.....	3,850 00	
For fuel, compensation of fireman, and miscellaneous items.....	4,800 00	
Navy Department.—For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborer in his office.....	29,600 00	
For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Navy Yards and Docks, and the clerks, messenger, and laborers in his office.....	14,140 00	
For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Ordnance and Hydrography, and the clerks, messenger, and laborer in his office	12,340 00	
For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repairs, and of the engineer-in-chief, and the clerks, messenger, and laborers in his office.....	21,340 00	
Amount carried forward.....	4,104,615 15	3,208,248 87

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$1,104,615 15	\$3,208,248 87
For compensation of the clerks, messenger, and laborer in the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing.....	8,840 00	
For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and the clerks, messenger, and laborer in his office	9,540 00	
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.		
Office of the Secretary of the Navy :		
For blank books, binding, stationery, newspapers, periodicals, and miscellaneous items.....	2,840 00	
Bureau of Yards and Docks :		
For stationery, books, plans, and drawings.....	800 00	
Bureau of Ordnance and Hydrography :		
For blank books, stationery and miscellaneous items.....	750 00	
Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repairs :		
For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and miscellaneous items.....	800 00	
Bureau of Provisions and Clothing :		
For blank books, stationery, and miscellaneous items.....	700 00	
Bureau of Medicine and Surgery :		
For blank books, stationery, and miscellaneous items.....	450 00	
For the general purposes of the southwest executive building :		
For compensation of four watchmen of the southwest executive building.....	2,400 00	
For contingent expenses of said building, viz :		
For labor, fuel, lights, and miscellaneous items.....	3,913 00	
Post Office Department.—For compensation of the Postmaster General, three assistant postmasters general, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messengers, watchmen, and laborers of said department.....	157,800 00	
Contingent expenses of said department.—For blank books, binding, and stationery, fuel for the General Post Office building, including the Auditor's Office, oil, gas, and candles, printing, for repairs of the General Post Office building, office furniture, glazing, painting, whitewashing, and for keeping the fire-places and furnaces in order, for engineer, (for steam-engine,) laborers, watchmen, repairs of furniture, and for miscellaneous items	33,000 00	
Printing for executive departments.—For paper and printing of the executive departments, including the paper, printing, and binding the Biennial Register, and the annual statement of commerce and navigation, and the paper and printing of the annual estimates of appropriations.....	55,000 00	

Mint of the United States at Philadelphia.—For salaries of the director, treasurer, assayer, melter and refiner, chief coiner and engraver, assistant assayer, assistant melter and refiner, and seven clerks.....
 For wages of workmen and adjusters.....
 For incidental and contingent expenses, including wastage.....
 For specimens of ores and coins to be reserved at the mint.....
 For transportation of bullion from New York assay office to the United States mint for coinage.....
At San Francisco, California.—For salaries of superintendent, treasurer, assayer, melter and refiner, coiner, and six clerks.....
 For wages of workmen and adjusters, in addition to estimated deductions from depositors.....
 For incidental and contingent expenses, including wastage.....
At New Orleans.—For salaries of superintendent, treasurer, assayer, coiner, melter and refiner, and three clerks.....
 For wages of workmen.....
 For incidental and contingent expenses, including wastage.....
Assay Office, New York.—For salaries of officers and clerks.....
 For wages of workmen.....
At Charlotte, North Carolina.—For salaries of superintendent, coiner, assayer, and clerk.....
 For wages of workmen.....

GOVERNMENTS IN THE TERRITORIES.

Territory of New Mexico.—For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary.....
 For contingent expenses of said Territory.....
 For interpreter and translator in the executive office.....
 For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly.....
Territory of Utah.—For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary.....
 For contingent expenses of said Territory.....
 For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly.....
Territory of Washington.—For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary.....
 For contingent expenses of said Territory.....
 For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, including the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars due for codifying the laws.....
Territory of Nebraska.—For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary.....
 For contingent expenses of said Territory.....

27,900 00
 50,000 00
 15,000 00
 300 00
 5,000 00
 30,500 00
 103,928 00
 40,433 00
 18,300 00
 25,000 00
 20,000 00
 24,900 00
 36,000 00
 6,000 00
 3,500 00

9,000 00
 1,000 00
 500 00
 10,000 00
 12,000 00
 1,500 00
 20,000 00
 12,500 00
 1,500 00
 20,000 00
 10,500 00
 1,000 00

4,887,709 15

3,208,248 87

Amount carried forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$4,887,709 15	\$3,208,248 87
For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly.....	20,000 00	
<i>Territory of Kansas.</i> —For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary.....	10,500 00	
For contingent expenses of said Territory.....	1,500 00	
For contingent expenses, to reimburse Wilson Shannon, while acting governor of the Territory of Kansas.....	156 00	
For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly.....	20,000 00	
<i>Judiciary.</i> —For salaries of the chief justice of the Supreme Court and eight associate justices.....	54,500 00	
For salaries of the district judges.....	115,184 06	
For salary of the circuit judge of California.....	6,000 00	
For salaries of the chief justice of the District of Columbia, the associate judges, and the judges of the criminal court and the orphans' court.....	15,750 00	
<i>Office of the Attorney General</i> —For salaries of the Attorney General, Assistant Attorney General, and the clerks and messenger in his office.....	17,500 00	
For contingent expenses of the office of the Attorney General.....	1,700 00	
For purchase of law books and necessary books for the office of the Attorney General.....	500 00	
For furniture for the office of the Attorney General.....	300 00	
For legal assistance and other necessary expenditures in the disposal of private land claims in California.....	10,000 00	
For special and other extraordinary expenses of California land claims.....	20,000 00	
For salary of the reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court.....	1,300 00	
For compensation of the district attorneys.....	11,850 00	
For compensation of the marshals.....	10,400 00	
For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, circuit, and district courts of the United States, including the District of Columbia; also, for jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures incurred in the fiscal year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and previous years; and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and of prosecutions for offences committed against the United States, and for the safe-keeping of prisoners.....	1,000,000 00	
<i>Annuities and Grants.</i> —To Elizabeth C. Perry, per act second March, eighteen hundred and twenty-one.....	400 00	
<i>Independent Treasury.</i> —For salaries of the assistant treasurers of the United States at New York, Boston, Charleston, and St. Louis.....	16,500 00	
For additional salary of the treasurer of the Mint at Philadelphia.....	1,000 00	

For additional salary of the treasurer of the branch mint at New Orleans	500 00
For salaries of the five additional clerks authorized by the acts of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and paid under acts of twelfth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, third March, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and third March, eighteen hundred and fifty-five	5,700 00
For salary of additional clerk in office of assistant treasurer at Boston	1,200 00
For salaries of clerks, messengers, and watchmen in the office of the assistant treasurer at New York	13,900 00
For salaries of nine supervising and fifty local inspectors, appointed under act thirtieth August, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, for the better protection of the lives of passengers by steamboats, with travelling and other expenses incurred by them	80,000 00
For compensation to the laborer in charge of the water-closets in the Capitol	438 00
For compensation to the public gardener	1,440 00
For compensation of twenty-four laborers employed in the public grounds and President's garden	13,200 00
For compensation of the keeper of the western gate, Capitol square	876 00
For compensation of two day watchmen employed in the Capitol square	1,200 00
For compensation of two night watchmen employed at the President's House	1,200 00
For compensation of the doorkeeper at the President's House	600 00
For compensation of one night watchman employed for the better protection of the buildings lying south of the Capitol and used as public stables and carpenters' shops	600 00
For compensation of watchman employed on reservation number two	600 00
For compensation of the assistant doorkeeper at the President's House	600 00
For compensation of four draw-keepers at the Potomac bridge, and for fuel, oil, and lamps	3,266 00
For compensation of two draw-keepers at the two bridges across the Eastern branch of the Potomac, and for fuel, oil, and lamps	1,180 00
For compensation of the Auxiliary Guard and one lieutenant, and for fuel, oil, and lamps, and for twenty policemen	32,400 00
For furnace keeper at the President's House	600 00
For furnishing the President's House, to be expended under the direction of the President, in addition to the proceeds of the sale of such of the furniture and equipage as may be decayed and unfit for use	20,000 00
For introducing the Potomac water into the President's House	4,420 00

EXPENSES OF THE COLLECTION OF THE REVENUE FROM LANDS.

To meet the expenses of collecting the revenue from the sale of public lands in the several States and Territories:

For salaries and commissions of registers of land offices and receivers of public moneys	234,700 00
For expenses of depositing public moneys by receivers of public moneys	28,600 00
For incidental expenses of the several land offices	25,000 00

6,694,969 21

3,208,248 87

Amount carried forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
<i>Penitentiary.</i> —For compensation of the warden, clerk, physician, chaplain, assistant keepers, guards, and matron of the penitentiary of the District of Columbia.....	\$6, 694, 969 21	\$3, 208, 248 87
For compensation of three inspectors of said penitentiary.....	13, 640 00	
For the support and maintenance of said penitentiary.....	750 00	
To pay arrears due authors and artists of the exploring expedition, in pursuance of the act of August twenty-six, eighteen hundred and forty-two	8, 476 25	
	11, 036 26	
<i>By the act to carry into effect conventions between the United States and the republics of New Granada and Costa Rica.</i>		6, 728, 871 72
For the compensation of the officers authorized by the third section, and the contingent expenses of the commissioner on the part of the United States.....	Indefinite.	
For the compensation and expenses of the umpire under the said convention, which is required to be defrayed by the United States.....	Indefinite.	
To pay the awards which may be made according to the provisions of the seventh section of this act.....	Indefinite.	
For the compensation of the commission authorized by the tenth section, and the contingent expenses of the commission on the part of the United States.....	Indefinite.	
For the compensation and expenses of the umpire under the said convention.....	Indefinite.	
<i>By the act making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.</i>		
For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including the engineer corps of the navy.....	4, 438, 577 00	
For provisions for commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including the engineers and marines attached to vessels for sea service.....	1, 042, 850 00	
For surgeons' necessities and appliances for the sick and hurt of the navy, including the engineer and marine corps.....	35, 550 00	
For the repair and equipment of vessels of the navy.....	2, 580, 000 00	
For fuel for the navy, to be purchased in the mode prescribed by law for other materials, and for the transportation thereof.....	540, 000 00	
For the purchase of hemp and other materials for the navy.....	300, 000 00	
For ordnance and ordnance stores, including incidental expenses.....	327, 500 00	

For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz: freight and transportation, printing and stationery, advertising in newspapers, books, maps, models, and drawings, purchase and repair of fire-engines and machinery, repairs of and attending to steam-engines in navy yards, purchase and maintenance of horses and oxen, and driving teams, carts, timber wheels, and the purchase and repairs of workmen's tools, postage of public letters, fuel, oil, and candles for navy yards and shore stations, pay of watchmen and incidental labor not chargeable to any other appropriation, transportation to and labor attending the delivery of provisions and stores on foreign stations, wharfage, dockage, and rent, travelling expenses of officers and others under orders, funeral expenses, store and office rent, fuel, commissions and pay of clerks to navy agents and storekeepers, flags, awnings, and packing boxes, premiums and other expenses of recruiting, apprehending deserters, per diem pay to persons attending courts-martial, courts of inquiry, and other services authorized by law, pay to judge advocates, pilotage and towage of vessels, and assistance to vessels in distress, and for bills of health and quarantine expenses of vessels of the United States navy in foreign ports.....

899, 000 00

For the purchase of the right to use in the navy, if in the opinion of the Secretary of the Navy it shall be deemed expedient, Davidson's boat lowering, attaching, and detaching apparatus.....

10, 000 00

For the purchase of the right to use by the United States Brooke's deep-sea sounding apparatus.....

5, 000 00

For the balance of the expenses of the survey of the isthmus of Chiriqui.....

1, 637 81

For the purchase of the right to use in the United States navy on steamships and propellers, in navy yards, or otherwise, whenever the government of the United States may choose to use the same, Sargeant's steam-engine governors.....

10, 000 00

Marine corps.—For pay of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, clerks, messengers, stewards, and servants, for rations and clothing for servants, additional rations for five years' service, for undrawn clothing and rations, and bounties for re-enlistments.....

425, 278 80

For provisions.....

71, 759 00

For clothing.....

81, 690 00

For fuel.....

22, 342 25

For military stores, viz: pay of armorers, repair of arms, purchase of accoutrements, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fises, and other instruments.....

12, 000 00

For transportation of officers and troops, and expenses of recruiting.....

14, 000 00

For repairs of barracks, and rent of offices where there are no public buildings for that purpose.....

8, 000 00

For contingencies, viz: freight, ferriage, toll, carriage, wharfage, purchase and repair of boats, compensation to judge advocates, per diem for attending courts-martial, courts of inquiry, and for constant labor, house rent in lieu of quarters, burial of deceased marines, printing, stationery, postage, telegraphing, apprehension of deserters, oil, candles, gas, repair of gas and water fixtures, water rent, forage, straw, barrack furniture, furniture for officers' quarters, bed sacks, spades, shovels, axes, picks, carpenters' tools, keep of a horse for the messenger, pay of matron, washerwoman, and porter at the hospital headquarters, repairs to fire-engine, purchase and repair of engine hose, purchase of lumber for benches, mess tables, bunks,

Amount carried forward.....

10, 825, 184 86

9, 937, 120 59

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
repairs to public carryall, purchase and repair of harness, galleys and cooking stoves for mess rooms, stoves where there are no grates, gravel for parade grounds, repairs of pumps, furniture for staff and commanding officers' offices, brushes, brooms, buckets, paving, and for other purposes.....	\$10,825,184 86	\$9,937,120 59
Amount brought forward.....	32,500 00	
NAVY YARDS.		
<i>Portsmouth, New Hampshire.</i> —For repairs of all kinds.....	20,000 00	
<i>Boston.</i> —For machinery for machine shop.....	20,000 00	
For repairs of marine barracks at Charlestown, Massachusetts.....	19,456 00	
For repairs of all kinds.....	40,000 00	
<i>New York.</i> —For boilers for new boiler-house.....	16,225 00	
For boilers for machine shop.....	12,500 00	
For machinery for smithery and saw mill.....	8,500 00	
For repairs of all kinds.....	30,000 00	
<i>Philadelphia.</i> —For repairs of all kinds.....	12,043 00	
<i>Washington.</i> —For repairs of all kinds.....	20,000 00	
For wall on west side of yard, five hundred and forty feet long.....	13,488 00	
<i>Norfolk.</i> —For completing timber shed number seventeen.....	9,888 00	
For completing spar shed.....	12,000 00	
For repairs of all kinds.....	20,000 00	
For amount due to contractors for provision store, and to complete the same.....	36,168 00	
<i>Mare Island.</i> —For completing machine shop.....	50,000 00	
For completing smithery.....	15,000 00	
For completing coopers' shop.....	10,000 00	
For repairs of all kinds.....	20,000 00	
<i>Sackett's Harbor.</i> —For repair of all kinds.....	1,000 00	
HOSPITALS.		
<i>Boston.</i> —For repairs of all kinds.....	2,500 00	
<i>New York.</i> —For repairs of hospital buildings, laboratory, and apparatus.....	2,100 00	

Naval Asylum, Philadelphia.—For furniture and repairs, house cleaning and whitewashing, repairs to furnaces, grates, and ranges, gas and water rent, and for repairs of all kinds.....
 For support of beneficiaries at the asylum.....
Washington.—For repairs of all kinds.....
Norfolk.—For general repairs at hospital.....

4,300 00
 27,000 00
 1,000 00
 8,000 00

MAGAZINES.

For the construction and completion of works, and for the current repairs at the several naval magazines:

Boston.—For repairs of all kinds, and building a powder-boat.....
Washington.—For repairing and improving ordnance building.....
Norfolk.—For shot beds and gun-skids, additional store at magazine, and for repairs of all kinds.....
 For pay of superintendents, naval constructors, and all the civil establishments at the several navy yards and stations.....
 For the purchase of nautical instruments for the use of the navy; for repairs of the same, and also of astronomical instruments; and for the purchase of nautical books, maps, and charts, and for backing and binding the same.....
 For models, drawings, and copying; for postage, freight, and transportation; for keeping grounds in order; for fuel and lights, and for all other contingent expenses; and for the wages of persons employed at the United States Naval Observatory and Hydrographical Office, viz: one instrument maker, two watchmen, and one porter.....
 For the erection and repairs of buildings, improvement and preservation of the grounds, and for contingencies at the United States Naval Academy.....
 For preparing for publication the American Nautical Almanac.....
 For the completion of the charts of the survey of the La Plata.....
 For reducing and preparing for printing and engraving, under direction of Captain Cadwallader Ringgold, subject to the control of the Secretary of the Navy of the United States, copies of the charts of all surveys and reconnoissances made by him while in command of the North Pacific Surveying Expedition, and of the "Coral Archipelago," and the approaches thereto, together with sailing directions, reports, hydrographic and other results, and observations explanatory of the voyage, calculated to lessen the dangers and facilitate intercourse with the Eastern seas, China, and Japan, in accordance with the estimates of Captain Ringgold.....
 For completing the publication of the charts of the exploration of the North Pacific, China seas, and Behring's Straits.....
 For the compensation of the superintendent of the naval astronomical expedition to Chili, provided by the act of March third, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, entitled "An act making appropriations for the year

5,400 00
 6,000 00
 12,500 00
 148,104 00
 20,000 00
 9,000 00
 49,567 25
 25,880 00
 6,000 00
 7,700 00
 11,672 00

11,590,676 11

9,937,120 59

Amount carried forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two," from the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-five -----	\$11,590,676 11	\$9,937,120 59
For the construction for the United States navy, at as early a day as practicable, having due regard to efficiency and economy, seven steam screw sloops of-war, of the second class, as vessels are rated in the navy, with full steam power, whose greatest draught of water shall not exceed fourteen feet, which sloops shall combine the heaviest armament and greatest speed compatible with their character and tonnage-----	Indefinite.	
<i>By the act to refund to the Territory of Utah the expenses incurred in suppressing Indian hostilities in the year eighteen hundred and fifty-three.</i>	1,200,000 00	12,790,676 11
For expenses incurred in suppressing Indian hostilities in said Territory in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, being the amount so expended, less the excess paid to officers and soldiers by said Territory, over the rates allowed to the United States troops serving on the Pacific coast in the same year-----		53,512 20
<i>By the act making appropriations for the consular and diplomatic expenses of the government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.</i>		
For salaries of envoys extraordinary, ministers, and commissioners of the United States at Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Austria, Brazil, Mexico, China, Chili, Peru, Portugal, Switzerland, Rome, Sardinia, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Turkey, New Granada, Bolivia, Ecuador, Venezuela, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Sandwich Islands, Costa Rica, Honduras, Argentine Confederation, Paraguay and Japan-----	301,000 00	
For salaries of secretaries of legation-----	43,350 00	
For salaries of assistant secretaries of legation at London and Paris-----	3,000 00	
For salary of the interpreter to the legation to China-----	5,000 00	
For salary of the secretary of legation to Turkey, acting as interpreter-----	3,000 00	
For compensation to the interpreter to the mission to Japan-----	2,500 00	
For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad-----	40,000 00	
For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse-----	40,000 00	
For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers-----	3,000 00	

For expenses of the consulates in the Turkish dominions, namely, interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, Candia, Alexandria, and Beirut.....
 For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries.....
 For expenses which may be incurred in acknowledging the services of the masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing citizens of the United States from shipwreck.....
 For the purchase of blank books, stationery, arms of the United States, seals, presses, flags, and for the payment of postages and miscellaneous expenses of the consuls of the United States.....
 For office rent for those consuls general, consuls, and commercial agents who are not allowed to trade, including loss by exchange thereon.....

For salaries of consuls general at Quebec, Calcutta, Alexandria, Havana, Constantinople, Frankfort-on-the-Main; consuls at Kanagawa and Nagasaki in Japan, Liverpool, London, Melbourne, Hong Kong, Glasgow, Mauritius, Singapore, Belfast, Cork, Dundee, Demarara, Halifax, Kingston, (Jamaica,) Leeds, Manchester, Nassau, (New Providence,) Southampton, Turk's Island, Prince Edward's Island, Havre, Paris, Marseilles, Bordeaux, La Rochelle, Lyons, Moscow, Odessa, Revel, St. Petersburg, Matanzas, Trinidad de Cuba, Santiago de Cuba, San Juan, (Porto Rico,) Cadiz, Malaga, Ponce, (Porto Rico,) Trieste, Vienna, Aix-la-Chapelle, Canton, Shanghai, Foo-Choo, Amoy, Ningpo, Beirut, Smyrna, Jerusalem, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Antwerp, Funchal, Oporto, St. Thomas, Elsinour, Genoa, Basle, Geneva, Messina, Naples, Palermo, Leipsic, Munich, Leghorn, Stuttgart, Bremen, Hamburg, Tangiers, Tripoli, Tunis, Rio de Janeiro, Pernambuco, Vera Cruz, Acapulco, Callao, Valparaiso, Buenos Ayres, San Juan del Sur, Aspinwall, Panama, Laguayra, Honolulu, Lahaina, Cape Town, Falkland Islands, Venice, Stettin, Candia, Cyprus, Batavia, Fayal, Santiago, (Cape de Verdes,) Saint Croix, Spezzia, Athens, Zanzibar, Bahia, Maranham Island, Para, Rio Grande, Matamoras, Mexico, (city,) Tampico, Paso del Norte, Tabasco, Paita, Tumbes, Talcahuano, Carthagena, Sabanillo, Omoa, Guayaquil, Cobija, Montevideo, Tabita, Bay of Islands, Apia, Lanthala; commercial agents at San Juan del Norte, Port au Prince, San Domingo, (city,) St. Paul de Loando, (Angola,) Monrovia, Gaboon, Cape Haytien, Aux Cayes, and Amoor river.....

For expenses incurred, under instructions from the Secretary of State, in bringing home from foreign countries persons charged with crime, and expenses incident thereto.....
 For interpreters to the consulates in China.....
 For salaries of the marshals for the consular courts in Japan, China, Siam, and Turkey.....
 For rent of prisons for American convicts in Japan, China, Siam, and Turkey, and for wages of the keepers of the same.....
 To enable the Secretary of State to have prepared and transmitted to the executives of the several States having boundaries with foreign States a competent number of authentic copies of the settlement of such boundaries, and the maps and charts relating thereto, and the evidence thereof in the State Department..

To meet an extraordinary emergency which has arisen in bringing from Batavia twenty-four seamen of the ship "Staghound," charged with mutiny.....

2,500 00
200,000 00

10,000 00

30,000 00

27,370 00

274,750 00

10,000 00

4,500 00

7,000 00

9,800 00

10,000 00

9,792 00

1,036,562 00

23,817,870 90

Amount carried forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

APPROPRIATIONS, NEW OFFICERS, ETC.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	.....	\$23,817,870 90
By the act to provide for the payment of outstanding treasury notes, to authorize a loan, to regulate and fix the duties on imports, and for other purposes.	.....	.....
To pay the expenses of preparing the certificates of stock or treasury notes herein authorized, to be done in the usual mode and under the restrictions as to employment and payment of officers contained in the laws authorizing former loans and issues of treasury notes .....	.....	20,000 00
By the act to provide for the payment of expenses incurred by the Territories of Washington and Oregon in the suppression of Indian hostilities therein in the years eighteen hundred and fifty-five and eighteen hundred and fifty-six.	.....	.....
For the payment of volunteers, embracing the first, second, and ninth Oregon regiments, and the three companies of minute men, numbered sixty, sixty-one, and sixty-two, and the first and second Washington regiments and promiscuous companies, including the companies of Captain Strong and Captain Hays, after deducting stoppages as ascertained by the Third Auditor of the Treasury in his report of the seventh of February, eighteen hundred and sixty, made in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Representatives passed the eighth of February, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine.....	400,000 00	.....
For the payment of claims for services, supplies, transportation, and so forth, incurred in the maintenance of said volunteers	2,400,000 00	.....
To pay Robert J. Atkinson, Third Auditor of the Treasury, for the duties heretofore performed by him in the investigation of said claims.....	1,000 00	.....
By the act for the payment of expenses incurred in the suppression of Indian hostilities in the State of California.	.....	2,801,000 00
To defray the expenses incurred by the State of California in the suppression of Indian hostilities therein in the years eighteen hundred and fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-eight, and fifty nine .....	.....	400,000 00
By the act making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.	.....	.....

For expense of recruiting, transportation of recruits, three months' extra pay to non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates on re-enlistment.....
 For the pay of the army.....
 For commutation of officers' subsistence.....
 For commutation of forage for officers' horses.....
 For payments to discharged soldiers for clothing not drawn.....
 For payments in lieu of clothing for officers' servants.....
 For subsistence in kind.....
 For clothing for the army, camp and garrison equipage.....
 For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel for the officers, enlisted men, guard, hospital, storehouses, and offices; of forage in kind for the horses, mules, and oxen of the quartermaster's department at the several posts and stations and with the armies in the field; for the horses of the two regiments of dragoons, two regiments of cavalry, the regiment of mounted riflemen, the companies of light artillery, and such companies of infantry as may be mounted, and for the authorized number of officers' horses when serving in the field and at the outposts, including bedding for the animals; of straw for soldiers' bedding, and stationery, including blank books for the quartermaster's department, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's departments; and for the printing of division and department orders and reports.....
 For the incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department, consisting of postage on letters and packets received and sent by officers of the army on public service; expenses of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, including the additional compensation of judge advocates, recorders, members, and witnesses, while on that service, under the act of March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and two; extra pay to soldiers employed, under the direction of the quartermaster's department, in the erection of barracks, quarters, storehouses, and hospitals; in the construction of roads, and other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days, under the acts of March second, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and August fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, including those employed as clerks at division and department headquarters; expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field; of escorts to paymasters and other disbursing officers, and to trains where military escorts cannot be furnished; expense of the interment of officers killed in action, or who die when on duty in the field, or at the posts on the frontiers, or at other posts and places when ordered by the Secretary of War; and of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; authorized office furniture; hire of laborers in the quartermaster's department, including the hire of interpreters and guides for the army; compensation of clerks to officers of the quartermaster's department; compensation of forage and wagon masters, authorized by the act of July fifth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for the apprehension of deserters, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; and for the following expenditures required for the two regiments of dragoons, the two regiments of cavalry, the regiment of mounted riflemen, and such companies of infantry as may be mounted, viz: the purchase of travelling forges, blacksmiths' and

100,000 00
 3,604,648 00
 1,012,450 50
 125,952 00
 50,000 00
 40,370 00
 2,121,964 00
 660,016 21

1,701,000 00

9,416,400 71

27,038,870 90

Amount carried forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
shoeing tools, horse and mule shoes and nails, iron and steel for shoeing, hire of veterinary surgeons, medicines for horses and mules, picket ropes, and for shoeing the horses of the corps named.....	\$9,416,400 71	\$27,038,870 90
For hire or commutation of quarters for officers on military duty; hire of quarters for troops; of storehouses for the safe-keeping of military stores; of grounds for summer cantonments and for temporary frontier stations	460,000 00	
To pay the amount of a judgment recovered by John James against Captains A. T. Lee and T. G. Pitcher, First Lieutenant Thomas M. Jones, and Lieutenant Colonel W. Seawell, for damages for timber cut upon the land of said James for Fort Davis.....	119,351 88	
To pay the costs of the suit in which said judgment was rendered.....	1,000 00	
For putting troops, and for repairing, altering, and enlarging buildings at the established posts.....	Indefinite.	
For the construction of barracks and other buildings.....	236,765 81	
For the purchase of heating and cooking stoves.....	95,384 27	
For the purchase of clocks for permanent posts.....	15,000 00	
For mileage, or the allowance made to officers of the army for the transportation of themselves and their baggage, when travelling on duty without troops, escorts, or supplies.....	560 00	
For the transportation of the army, including the baggage of the troops when moving either by land or water; of clothing, camp and garrison equipage from the depot at Philadelphia to the several posts and army depots, and from those depots to the troops in the field; of horse equipments, and subsistence from the places of purchase and from the places of delivery under contract, to such places as the circumstances of the service may require them to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms from the foundries and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots; freights, wharfage, tolls, and ferriages; for the purchase and hire of horses, mules, and oxen, and the purchase and repair of wagons, carts, and drays, and of ships and other sea-going vessels and boats required for the transportation of supplies and for garrison purposes; for drayage and cartage at the several posts; hire of teamsters; transportation of funds for the pay and other disbursing departments; the expense of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic and Pacific; and for procuring water at such posts as, from their situation, require it to be brought from a distance; and for clearing roads, and removing obstructions from roads, harbors, and rivers, to the extent which may be required for the actual operations of the troops on the frontier.....	125,000 00	
For the purchase of horses for the two regiments of dragoons, the two regiments of cavalry, and the regiment of mounted riflemen	2,232,000 00	
	136,000 00	

For contingencies of the army.....	25,000 00
For the medical and hospital departments.....	115,000 00
For contingent expenses of the adjutant general's department at department headquarters.....	500 00
For compensation of the clerk and messenger in the office of the commanding general.....	2,000 00
For contingent expenses of the office of the commanding general.....	300 00
For armament of fortifications.....	200,000 00
For the current expenses of the ordnance service.....	160,000 00
For ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, including horse equipments for the mounted regiments.....	250,000 00
For the manufacture of arms at the national armories.....	360,000 00
For repairs and improvements and new machinery at Springfield armory, Massachusetts.....	59,500 00
For repairs and improvements and new machinery at Harper's Ferry armory.....	64,500 00
For the Allegheny arsenal, repairing and painting public buildings, and for repairs and preservation of roads, culverts, and fences.....	4,170 00
For the Benicia arsenal.....	50,000 00
For the Fort Monroe arsenal.....	24,800 00
For Frankford arsenal, Pennsylvania.....	6,100 00
For Leavenworth arsenal, Kansas.....	20,000 00
For New York arsenal.....	2,650 00
For North Carolina arsenal.....	5,000 00
For St. Louis arsenal.....	1,800 00
For Washington arsenal.....	2,500 00
For Watertown arsenal.....	11,790 00
For Watervliet arsenal.....	4,000 00
For contingencies of arsenals.....	20,000 00
For surveys of military defences, geographical explorations, and reconnoissances for military purposes, and surveys with the armies in the field.....	50,000 00
For purchase and repairs of instruments.....	10,000 00
For printing charts of lake surveys.....	10,000 00
For continuing the surveys of the northern and northwestern lakes, including Lake Superior.....	75,000 00
To indemnify citizens of Iowa and Minnesota for the destruction of property at or near Spirit Lake by Ink-pa-du-tah's band of Sioux Indians.....	9,640 74
For the following fortifications:	
Fort Montgomery, Lake Champlain, New York.....	10,000 00
Fort Knox, Penobscot river, Maine.....	20,000 00
Fort on Hog Island Ledge, Portland, Maine.....	30,000 00
Fort Winthrop, Governor's Island, Boston harbor, Massachusetts.....	10,000 00
Fort Adams, Newport harbor, Rhode Island.....	5,000 00

14,456,713 41

27,038,870 90

Amount carried forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Fort Richmond, Staten island, New York	\$14,456,713 41	\$27,038,870 90
Fort on site of Fort Tompkins, Staten island, New York	15,000 00	
Fort Delaware, Delaware river	25,000 00	
Fort Carroll, Sollers' Point Flats, Baltimore harbor, Maryland	25,000 00	
Fort Calhoun, Hampton Roads, Virginia	50,000 00	
Fort Taylor, Key West, Florida	50,000 00	
Fort Jefferson, Garden Key, Florida	70,000 00	
Fort at Fort Point, including outworks, San Francisco bay, California	75,000 00	
Fort at Alcatraz island, San Francisco bay, California	50,000 00	
Fort at entrance of New Bedford harbor, Massachusetts	25,000 00	
Fort at Sandy Hook, New Jersey	25,000 00	
For protection of the site of Fort Macon, Beaufort harbor, North Carolina	75,000 00	
Contingencies of fortifications, preservation of sites, protection of titles, and repairs of sudden damage	10,000 00	
Repairs and alterations of barracks, quarters, and hospitals, store-rooms and fences at permanent posts not occupied by troops	30,000 00	
For the construction of a military post in or near the valley of the Red River of the North	10,000 00	
For completing the report and perfecting the drawings of the San Juan exploring expedition	50,000 00	
For deficiency to cover expenditures made by the quartermaster's bureau in consequence of Indian hostilities during the current fiscal year, namely :	1,800 00	
Incidental expenses		
Transportation of troops and supplies	57,024 00	
Barracks and quarters	473,464 00	
For the protection of emigrants on the overland routes between the Atlantic slope and the California and Oregon and Washington frontier	178,887 00	
	50,000 00	
		15,802,948 41

By the act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.

For the service of the Post Office Department for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of the said department, in conformity to the act of the second July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six.

For transportation of the mails, (inland)	10,040,284 00	
For compensation to postmasters	2,700,000 00	
For clerks in the offices of postmasters	1,045,517 23	
For ship, steamboat, and way letters	20,000 00	
For office furniture for post offices	4,000 00	
For advertising	70,000 00	
For mail bags	55,000 00	
For paper for blanks	60,000 00	
For printing blanks	12,000 00	
For wrapping paper	45,000 00	
For mail locks, keys, and stamps	20,000 00	
For mail depredations and special agents	75,000 00	
For miscellaneous payments	160,000 00	
For postage stamps and stamped envelopes	110,000 00	
For payment of balances due to foreign countries	300,000 00	
For payment of letter-carriers	210,000 00	
To supply deficiencies in the revenue of the Post Office Department for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two	5,391,350 63	
For carrying the mail from New York, via Panama, to San Francisco, three times a month, from the first day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty, to the first day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one	350,000 00	
To transport the entire letter mail six times a week on the central route, said letter mail to be carried through in twenty days' time eight months in the year, and in twenty-three days the remaining four months of the year, from some point on the Missouri river connected with the east, to Placerville, California, and also to deliver the entire mails tri-weekly to Denver City and Great Salt Lake City; said contractors shall also be required to carry the residue of all mail matter in a period not exceeding thirty-five days, with the privilege of sending the latter semi-monthly from New York to San Francisco in twenty-five days by sea, and the public documents in thirty-five days; and during the continuance of their contract, or until the completion of the overland telegraph, to run a pony express semi-weekly, at a schedule time of ten days eight months, and twelve days four months, carrying for the government, free of charge, five pounds of mail matter, with the liberty of charging the public for transportation of letters by said express not exceeding one dollar per half ounce	1,000,000 00	21,668,151 86
<i>By the act making appropriations to supply a deficiency in the appropriations for the completion of the geological survey of Oregon and Washington Territories.</i>		
For defraying the expenses of a geological reconnaissance and explorations in Oregon and Washington Territories, over and above the appropriations of March three, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, and eighteen hundred and fifty-five, as per accounts audited and adjusted	3,574 70	
Amount carried forward	3,574 70	64,509,971 17

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$3,574 70	\$64,509,971 17
For expenses incurred in the analysis of eighty-eight specimens, from different localities, of soils, coals, and ores, and preparation of the final report for publication.....	6,984 50	10,559 20
<i>By the act to provide for the completion of the military roads from Fort Union to Santa Fé, and from Taos to Santa Fé, New Mexico.</i>		
For the completion of the military road from Fort Union to Santa Fé, New Mexico	35,000 00	
For the completion of the military road from Taos to Santa Fé, New Mexico	15,000 00	50,000 00
<i>By the act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.</i>		
<i>Survey of the coast.</i> —For continuing the survey of the Atlantic and Gulf coast of the United States, (including compensation of civilians engaged in the work, and excluding pay and emoluments of officers of the army and navy, and petty officers and men of the work).....	230,000 00	
For continuing the survey of the western coast of the United States, including compensation of civilians engaged in the work.....	110,000 00	
For continuing the survey of the Florida reefs and keys, (including compensation of civilians engaged in the work, and excluding pay and emoluments of officers of the army and navy, and petty officers and men of the navy employed on the work).....	25,000 00	
For completing the line to connect the triangulation on the Atlantic coast with that on the Gulf of Mexico, across the Florida peninsula, including compensation of civilians engaged in the work.....	5,000 00	
For publishing the observations made in the progress of the survey of the coast of the United States, including compensation of civilians engaged in the work.....	5,000 00	
For repairs of steamers and sailing schooners used in the coast survey.....	10,000 00	
For fuel and quarters, and for mileage or transportation for officers and enlisted soldiers of the army serving in the coast survey, in cases no longer provided for by the quartermaster's department.....	5,000 00	
For pay and rations of engineers for seven steamers used in the hydrography of the coast survey, no longer supplied by the Navy Department.....	12,800 00	
To supply deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen.....	200,000 00	

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims, not otherwise provided for, as shall be admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury -----
Light-house establishment.—For the Atlantic, Gulf, and Lake coasts, viz: -----
 For supplying the light-houses and beacon-lights with oil, glass chimneys, wicks, chamois skins, polishing powder, whitening, and other cleaning materials, transportation, and other necessary expenses of the same, repairing and keeping in repair the lighting apparatus -----
 For repairs and incidental expenses, refitting and improving all the light-houses and buildings connected therewith -----
 For salaries of five hundred and ninety-six keepers of light-houses and light-beacons, and their assistants -----
 For salaries of forty-three keepers of light-vessels -----
 For seamen's wages, repairs, supplies, and incidental expenses of forty-five light-vessels -----
 For expenses of raising, cleaning, painting, repairing, remooring, and supplying losses of buoys and day-beacons, and for chains and sinkers for the same, and for coloring and numbering all the buoys -----
 For expenses of visiting and inspecting lights and other aids to navigation -----
 For commissions, at two and a half per centum, to such superintendents as are entitled to the same under the proviso to act third March, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, on the amount that may be disbursed by them.
For the coasts of California, Oregon, and Washington.—For supplying nineteen light-houses and beacon-lights with oil, glass chimneys, wicks, chamois skins, polishing powder, and other cleaning materials, transportation, expenses of keeping lamps and machinery in order, publishing notices to mariners of changes of aids to navigation -----
 For repairs and incidental expenses of nineteen light-houses and buildings connected therewith -----
 For salaries of forty-three keepers and assistant keepers of light-houses, at an average not exceeding eight hundred dollars per annum -----
 For expenses of raising, cleaning, painting, repairing, remooring, and supplying losses of floating buoys and day beacons, and for chains and sinkers for the same, and for coloring and numbering all the buoys -----
 For inspection and transportation purposes -----
 For commission, at two and a half per centum, to such superintendents as are entitled to the same under the proviso to the act of March third, eighteen hundred and fifty-one -----
 For commutation of fuel and quarters for officers of the army serving on light-house duty, the payment of which is no longer provided for by the quartermaster's department -----
 For compensation of two superintendents for the life-saving stations on the coasts of Long Island and New Jersey -----
 For compensation of fifty-four keepers of stations, at two hundred dollars each -----
 For support, care, and medical treatment of forty transient paupers, medical and surgical patients in Washington Infirmary -----
 For purchase of manure for the public grounds -----
 For hire of carts on the public grounds -----

Amount carried forward -----

5,000 00

154,698 80

102,200 00

213,193 33

23,900 00

170,967 70

112,350 00

2,000 00

7,000 00

17,270 00

10,000 00

25,800 00

10,000 00

5,000 00

1,500 00

5,239 79

3,000 00

10,800 00

6,000 00

1,000 00

1,095 00

1,490,814 62

64,570,530 37

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$1,490,814 62	\$64,570,530 37
For purchase and repair of tools used in the public grounds.....	500 00	
For purchase of trees and tree-boxes to replace, where necessary, such as have been planted by the United States, to whitewash tree-boxes and fences, and the repair of pavements in front of the public grounds.....	2,500 00	
For annual repairs of the Capitol, water-closets, public stables, water-pipes, pavements, and other walks within the Capitol square, broken glass, and locks, and for the protection of the building.....	5,000 00	
For annual repairs of the President's House and furniture, improvement of grounds, purchase of plants for garden, and contingent expenses incident thereto.....	6,000 00	
For fuel, in part, of the President's House.....	1,800 00	
For lighting the Capitol and President's House, the public grounds around them, and around the executive offices, and Pennsylvania avenue, Bridge and High streets, in Georgetown, Four-and-a-half, Seventh, and Twelfth streets, across the mall.....	42,000 00	
For purchase of books for library at the Executive Mansion, to be expended under the direction of the President of the United States.....	250 00	
For repairs of the Potomac, Navy Yard, and upper bridges, and the roads appurtenant thereto owned by the United States.....	6,000 00	
For repairs of Pennsylvania avenue.....	3,000 00	
For public reservation number two and Lafayette square.....	2,000 00	
For taking care of the grounds south of the President's House, continuing the improvement of the same, and keeping them in order.....	3,000 00	
For repairs of water-pipes.....	500 00	
For cleaning out the sewer traps on Pennsylvania avenue, and repairing the same.....	300 00	
For repairs of furnaces under the Senate chamber and Supreme Court rooms.....	500 00	
<i>Government hospital for the insane.</i> —For the support, clothing, and medical and moral treatment of the insane of the District of Columbia, and of the army and navy and of the revenue service, at the asylum in said District, including books and incidental expenses of the asylum.....	35,500 00	
For repairs and painting of four western or first erected sections of the hospital edifice, including additions to the furniture and gardener's houses, and out-buildings and fences; ice-houses, including preserving cellar, extension of stable for storage of hay and other fodder, and shelter of farm wagons and carts; and enclosing two sides of farm yard with brick wall; improvement of grounds, including pavement surrounding all the buildings; grading and planting trees, paving gutters, and placing seats in the pleasure grounds of the patients; forcing and green-houses, including apparatus; fitting up two bowling-alleys, one in basement of each wing.....	8,000 00	

Patent Office.—For constructing the cellar of the north front of the Patent Office building into offices and store-rooms, and for putting iron railing around the areas in the court-yard of said building, and for flagging the same.....

For collection of agricultural statistics, investigations for promoting agriculture and rural economy, and the procurement, propagation, and distribution of cuttings and seeds.....

For expenses of receiving, arranging, and taking care of copyright books, charts, and other copyright matter. *Exploring expedition.*—For preservation of the collections of the exploring and surveying expeditions of the government.....

For the distribution of the collections of the exploring and surveying expeditions of the government to institutions willing to receive the same, and at their own expense, and the construction of additional cases to receive such part of said collections as may be retained by the government.....

Institution of the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind.—For salaries and incidental expenses of the Institution of the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind, in the District of Columbia.....

For expenses of taking the eighth census of the inhabitants of the United States.....

Botanic garden.—For grading, draining, procuring manure, tools, fuel, and repairs, purchasing trees and shrubs for botanic garden, to be expended under the direction of the Library Committee of Congress.....

For pay of horticulturists and assistants in the botanic garden and green-houses, to be expended under the direction of the Library Committee of Congress.....

Survey of the public lands.—For surveying the public lands, (exclusive of California, Oregon, Washington, New Mexico, Kansas, Nebraska, and Utah,) including incidental expenses and island surveys in the interior, and all other special and difficult surveys demanding augmented rates, to be apportioned and applied to the several surveying districts, according to the exigencies of the public service, including expenses of selecting swamp lands, and the compensation and expenses to survey or to locate private land claims in Louisiana, in addition to the unexpended balances of all former appropriations.....

For surveying the public lands and private land claims in California, to be disbursed at the rates prescribed by law for the different kinds of work.....

For surveying the public lands and private land claims in New Mexico.....

For surveying the public lands in Kansas and Nebraska, also outlines of Indian reservations.....

For salary of the clerk detailed for the special service in the General Land Office to attend to the unfinished surveys in the States where the offices of the surveyors general have been closed.....

For surveying the public lands in Oregon, to be disbursed at the rates now authorized by law.....

For surveying the public lands in Washington Territory at the rates now authorized by law.....

For preparing the unfinished records of public and private surveys, to be transferred to the State authorities, under the provisions of the act of twelfth June, eighteen hundred and forty, in those districts where the surveys are about being completed, per act of twenty-second of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-three.

To supply deficiency in appropriation for expenses for the present fiscal year of transportation of bullion from the assay office at New York to the mint at Philadelphia for coinage.....

12,000 00

60,000 00

2,000 00

4,000 00

6,000 00

3,000 00

190,000 00

3,300 00

5,121 50

50,000 00

20,000 00

10,000 00

20,000 00

2,000 00

15,000 00

15,000 00

8,800 00

29,000 00

2,062,886 12

Amount carried forward.....

64,570,530 37

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$2, 062, 886 12	\$64, 570, 530 37
For constructing on each floor of the government building called "Winder's building" the necessary water-closets, urinals, slop-water sinks, and hose-cocks	3, 450 00	
For incidental and contingent expenses, including wastage of the mint at Philadelphia in addition to the sum appropriated by the act "making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the government"	15, 000 00	
For incidental and contingent expenses, including wastage at the mint at San Francisco in addition to the sum appropriated by the act "making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the government"	20, 000 00	
To enable the President of the United States to carry into effect the act of third March, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and any subsequent acts now in force for the suppression of the slave trade	900, 000 00	
To pay for labor on and materials furnished for Post Office extension.....	16, 000 00	
For the Capitol extension.....	250, 000 00	
To enable the Secretary of the Senate to make the payment authorized by the resolution of the Senate of twentieth March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, to Mrs E. A. Linn	2, 672 00	
For compensation of Superintendent of Indian affairs and three additional agents in Washington Territory for the fiscal year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.....	2, 527 77	
For compensation of Superintendent of Indian affairs and three additional agents in Washington Territory for the fiscal year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-two	7, 000 00	
For payment of balance due contractor for building the custom-houses at Belfast and Ellsworth, Maine	448 79	
For the purpose of completing and providing proper furniture for the new court-house and post office at Indianapolis, Indiana.....	5, 000 00	
To construct the sewer on Flushing avenue, Brooklyn, New York, in continuation of that now constructed to such point on said avenue as shall be determined by the Navy Department; thence through the United States grounds, or through Vanderbilt avenue, as shall be decided by said department, to the waters of the Wallabout	60, 000 00	
<i>Territory of Colorado.</i> —For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary.....	10, 500 00	
For contingent expenses of said Territory	1, 500 00	
For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly.....	20, 000 00	
For the payment for materials delivered for the extension of the treasury building under existing contracts...	80, 000 00	
For the continuance of the work of such extension.....	250, 000 00	

To audit and settle the accounts of Charles J. Helm, consul general of the United States at Havana, upon the principles of justice and equity, for the expenses incurred by him in preparing and making the reports and returns, and bringing up the arrearages of the business of his predecessor in that office, and for extra clerk hire in his office, and for moneys advanced to destitute American citizens, and for extra rent.....

8,768 00

3,715,752 68

By the act making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.

For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, namely:

For the pay of superintendents of Indian affairs and of the several Indian agents, per acts of fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty; twenty-seventh February, eighteen hundred and fifty-one; thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-four; third March, eighteen hundred and fifty-five; eighteenth August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six; third March, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven; nineteenth June, eighteen hundred and sixty; twenty-fifth June, eighteen hundred and sixty; and per fifteenth article of treaty of nineteenth April, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, with the Yanktons

86,450 00

6,000 00

1,200 00

For the pay of the several Indian sub-agents, per act of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-four

24,900 00

5,000 00

11,800 00

10,000 00

36,500 00

5,000 00

For the pay of clerk to superintendent at St. Louis, Missouri, per act of twenty-seventh June, eighteen hundred and forty-six.....

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes:

Blackfoot nation.—For sixth of ten instalments as annuity, to be expended in the purchase of such goods, provisions, and other useful articles as the President, at his discretion, may from time to time determine, per ninth article of the treaty of seventeenth October, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....

20,000 00

For sixth of ten instalments as annuity, to be expended in establishing and instructing them in agricultural and mechanical pursuits, and in educating their children, and promoting civilization and Christianity, at the discretion of the President, per tenth article of the treaty of seventeenth October, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....

15,000 00

Chasta, Scion, and Umpqua Indians.—For seventh of fifteen instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per third article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four

2,000 00

Amount carried forward.....

223,850 00

68,286,283 05

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$223, 850 00	\$68, 286, 283 05
For seventh of fifteen instalments for the pay of a farmer, per fifth article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1, 000 00	
For seventh of ten instalments for pay of physician, medicines, and expense of care of the sick, per fifth article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1, 500 00	
For seventh of fifteen instalments for pay of teachers and purchase of books and stationery, per fifth article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1, 200 00	
<i>Chippewas of Lake Superior.</i> —For two-thirds of twentieth of twenty-five instalments in money, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	8, 333 33	
For two-thirds of twentieth of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two carpenters, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	800 00	
For two-thirds of twentieth of twenty-five instalments in goods, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	7, 000 00	
For two-thirds of twentieth of twenty-five instalments for the support of schools, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1, 333 33	
For two-thirds of twentieth of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two farmers, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	666 67	
For two-thirds of twentieth of twenty-five instalments for the purchase of provisions and tobacco, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1, 333 33	
For seventh of twenty instalments in coin, goods, household furniture, and cooking utensils, agricultural implements and cattle, carpenters' and other tools and building materials, and for moral and educational purposes, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	19, 000 00	
For seventh of twenty instalments for six smiths and assistants, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	5, 040 00	
For seventh of twenty instalments for the support of six smiths' shops, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1, 320 00	

For fifth of twenty instalments for the seventh smith and assistant, and support of shop, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	1, 060 00
For support of a smith, assistant, and shop for the Bois Forte band, during the pleasure of the President, per twelfth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	1, 060 00
For support of two farmers for the Bois Forte band, during the pleasure of the President, per twelfth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	1, 200 00
<i>Chippewas of the Mi-sissippi.</i> —For one-third of twenty-five instalments in money, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	4, 166 67
For one-third of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two carpenters, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	400 00
For one-third of twenty-five instalments in goods, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	3, 500 00
For one-third of twenty-five instalments for the support of schools, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	666 67
For one-third of twenty-five instalments for purchase of provisions and tobacco, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	666 67
For one-third of twenty-five instalments for the support of two smiths' shops, including the pay of two smiths and assistants, and furnishing iron and steel, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	666 67
For one-third of twenty-five instalments for pay of two farmers, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	333 33
For seventh of twenty instalments of annuity in money, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five-----	20, 000 00
<i>Chippewa, Pillager, and Lake Winnibigoshish bands.</i> —For seventh of thirty instalments of annuity in money, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five-----	10, 666 66
For seventh of thirty instalments of annuity in goods, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five-----	8, 000 00
For seventh of thirty instalments for purposes of utility, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five-----	4, 000 00
For seventh of twenty instalments for purposes of education, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five-----	3, 000 00
Amount brought forward-----	331, 763 33
	68, 286, 283 05

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$331,763 33	\$68,286,283 05
For seventh of fifteen annual instalments for support of two smiths and smiths' shops, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	2,120 00	
For pay of an engineer to grist and saw-mill at Leech lake.....	600 00	
<i>Chippewas of Saginaw, Swan creek, and Black river.</i> —For sixth of ten equal annual instalments in coin, to be distributed <i>per capita</i> , in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	10,000 00	
For sixth instalment for the support of one blacksmith shop for ten years, per second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	1,240 00	
<i>Chippewas, Menomones, Winnebagoes, and New York Indians.</i> —For education during the pleasure of Congress, per fifth article treaty eleventh August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven.....	1,500 00	
<i>Chickasaws.</i> —For permanent annuity in goods, per act of twenty-fifth February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine.....	3,000 00	
<i>Choctaws.</i> —For permanent annuity, per second article treaty sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and five, and thirteenth article treaty twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	3,000 00	
For permanent annuity for support of light-horsemen, per thirteenth article treaty eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, and thirteenth article treaty twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	600 00	
For permanent provision for education, per second article treaty twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and thirteenth article treaty twenty second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	6,000 00	
For permanent provision for blacksmith, per sixth article treaty eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, and thirteenth article treaty twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	600 00	
For permanent provision for iron and steel, per ninth article treaty twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and thirteenth article of treaty twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	320 00	
For interest on five hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, for education and other beneficial purposes, to be applied under the direction of the general council of the Choctaws, in conformity with the provisions contained in the tenth and thirteenth articles of the treaty of twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	25,000 00	
<i>Comanches, Kioways, and Apaches of Arkansas river.</i> —For eighth of ten instalments for the purchase of goods, provisions, and agricultural implements, per sixth article treaty twenty-seventh July, eighteen hundred and fifty-three.....	18,000 00	

For expenses of transportation of the eighth of ten instalments of goods, provisions, and agricultural imple- ments, per sixth article treaty twenty-seventh July, eighteen hundred and fifty-three -----	7,000 00
<i>Creeks</i> .—For permanent annuity in money, per fourth article treaty seventh August, seventeen hundred and ninety, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	1,500 00
For permanent annuity in money, per second article treaty sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	3,000 00
For permanent annuity in money, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	20,000 00
For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, and for shop and tools, per eighth article treaty twenty- fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hun- dred and fifty-six -----	840 00
For permanent provision for iron and steel for shop, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	270 00
For permanent provision for the pay of a wheelwright, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	600 00
For blacksmith and assistant and shop and tools during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	840 00
For iron and steel for shop during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	270 00
For wagon-maker during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	600 00
For assistance in agricultural operations during the pleasure of the President, per eighth article treaty twenty- fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hun- dred and fifty-six -----	2,000 00
For education during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	1,000 00
For the fifth of seven additional instalments for two blacksmiths, assistants, shops, and tools, per thirteenth article treaty twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and fifth article treaty seventh Au- gust, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	1,680 00
For the fifth of seven additional instalments for iron and steel for shops, per thirteenth article treaty twenty- fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	540 00
For thirty-first of thirty-three instalments for education, per fourth article treaty fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	3,000 00
For eighteenth of twenty instalments for education, per fourth article treaty fourth January, eighteen hun- dred and forty-five, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six -----	3,000 00
Amount carried forward -----	449,883 33
	68,286,283 05

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward-----	\$449,883 33	\$68,286,283 05
For five per centum interest on two hundred thousand dollars for purposes of education, per sixth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six-----	10,000 00	
<i>Delawares</i> .—For life annuity to chief, per private article to supplemental treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen-----	100 00	
For interest on forty-six thousand and eighty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land set apart by treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine for education, per resolution of the Senate nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and fifth article treaty sixth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	2,304 00	
For the last of eight equal instalments for payment of five chiefs, per sixth article treaty sixth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	1,250 00	
<i>Iowas</i> .—For interest in lieu of investment on fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars to the first July, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, at five per centum, for education or other beneficial purposes, under the direction of the President, per second article treaty nineteenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and ninth article treaty seventeenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	2,875 00	
<i>Kansas</i> .—For interest in lieu of investment on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and forty-six-----	10,000 00	
<i>Kickapoos</i> .—For eighth instalment of interest, at five per centum, on one hundred thousand dollars for education, per second article treaty eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	5,000 00	
For the payment of this sum as the eighth instalment upon two hundred thousand dollars, to be paid in eighteen hundred and sixty-one, per second article treaty eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	9,000 00	
<i>Menomonies</i> .—For sixth of twelve instalments for continuing and keeping up a blacksmith shop, and providing the usual quantity of iron and steel, per fourth article treaty eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	916 66	
For sixth of ten instalments of annuity upon two hundred thousand dollars, balance of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, for cession of lands, per fourth article treaty eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty eight, and third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	20,000 00	
For sixth of fifteen instalments for pay of a miller, per third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	600 00	
<i>Miamies of Kansas</i> .—For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per fifth article treaty sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four-----	940 00	

For permanent provision for miller, in lieu of gunsmith, per fifth article treaty sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, fifth article treaty twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and fourth article treaty of fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

For interest on fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, for educational purposes, per third article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

For second of twenty instalments upon two hundred thousand dollars, per third article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

Miamies of Indiana.—For interest on two hundred and twenty-one thousand two hundred and fifty-seven dollars and eighty-six cents, at five per centum, for Miami Indians of Indiana, per Senate's amendment to fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

Miamies, Eel river.—For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per fourth article treaty third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five.....

For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third article treaty twenty first August, eighteen hundred and five.....

For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third and separate article to treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine.....

Nisqually, Puyallup, and other tribes and bands of Indians.—For seventh instalment, in part payment for relinquishment of title to lands to be applied to beneficial objects, per fourth article treaty twenty-sixth December, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

For seventh of twenty instalments for pay of instructor, smith, physician, carpenter, farmer, and assistant if necessary, per tenth article treaty twenty-sixth December, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

Omahas —For the fourth of ten instalments of this amount, being second of the series, in money or otherwise, per fourth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

For seventh of ten instalments for support of a miller, per eighth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

For seventh of ten instalments for support of blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per eighth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

For seventh of ten instalments for support of farmer, per eighth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

For keeping in repair the grist and saw mill provided for by the eighth article of the treaty of sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

For supplying the smith's shop with tools, and keeping the same in repair, per eighth article of the treaty of sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....

For an engineer.....

Osages —For interest on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of fifty-four sections of land set apart second June, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for educational purposes, per Senate resolution nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight.....

600 00

2,500 00

7,500 00

11,062 89

500 00

250 00

350 00

1,500 00

6,700 00

30,000 00

600 00

940 00

600 00

300 00

300 00

1,200 00

3,456 00

581,227 88

68,286,283 05

Amount carried forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$581,227 88	\$68,286,283 05
<i>Ottos and Missourias</i> .—For the fourth of ten instalments of this amount, being the second series, in money or otherwise, per fourth article treaty fifteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	13,000 00	
For seventh of ten instalments for pay of miller, per seventh article treaty fifteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	600 00	
For seventh of ten instalments for blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per seventh article treaty fifteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	940 00	
For seventh of ten instalments for farraer, per seventh article treaty fifteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	600 00	
For keeping in repair the grist and saw mill provided for by the seventh article of the treaty of fifteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	300 00	
For supplying the smith's shop with tools, and keeping the same in repair, per seventh article of the treaty fifteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	300 00	
For an engineer.....	1,200 00	
<i>Ottawas and Chippewas of Michigan</i> .—For sixth of ten equal annual instalments for educational purposes, to be expended under the direction of the President, according to the wishes of the Indians, so far as may be reasonable and just, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	8,000 00	
For sixth instalment for the support of four blacksmith shops for ten years, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	4,240 00	
For sixth instalment of principal, payable annually for ten years, to be distributed per capita, in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	10,000 00	
For interest on two hundred and forty-six thousand dollars, unpaid part of the principal sum of three hundred and six thousand dollars, for one year, at five per centum per annum, to be distributed per capita, in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	12,300 00	
For sixth of ten equal annual instalments on thirty-five thousand dollars, in lieu of former treaty stipulations, to be paid per capita to the Grand River Ottawas, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	3,500 00	
<i>Ottawas of Kansas</i> .—For their proportion of the permanent annuities in money, goods, or otherwise, payable under the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, fourth article of the treaty of seven-		

teenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one.....	2, 600 00
<i>Pawnee</i> —For fourth of five instalments in goods and such articles as may be necessary for them, per second article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	40, 000 00
For support of two manual-labor schools annually, during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	10, 000 00
For pay of two teachers, under the direction of the President, per third article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	1, 200 00
For purchase of iron and steel, and other necessities for the shop, during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	500 00
For pay of two blacksmiths, one of whom to be a gunsmith and tinsmith, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	1, 200 00
For compensation of two strikers or apprentices in shop, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	480 00
For fourth of ten instalments for farming utensils and stock during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	1, 200 00
For pay of farmer, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	600 00
For third of ten instalments for pay of miller, at the discretion of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	600 00
For third of ten instalments for pay of an engineer, at the discretion of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	1, 200 00
For compensation to apprentices, to assist in working the mill, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	500 00
For last of three instalments for the pay of six laborers, per seventh article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.....	3, 000 00
<i>Pottawatomies</i> .—For permanent annuity in silver, per fourth article treaty third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five.....	1, 000 00
For permanent annuity in silver, per third article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine.....	500 00
For permanent annuity in silver, per third article treaty second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen.....	2, 500 00
For permanent annuity in money, per second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.....	2, 000 00
For permanent annuity in specie, per second article treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine.....	16, 000 00
For life annuity to chief, per third article treaty twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.....	200 00
For life annuity to chiefs, per third article treaty twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three.....	700 00
For education during the pleasure of Congress, per third article treaty sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and fourth article treaty twenty-seventh October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.....	5, 000 00
Amount carried forward.....	727, 187 88
	68, 286, 283 05

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
For permanent provision for the payment of money in lieu of tobacco, iron, and steel, per second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and tenth article of the treaty of the fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six.....	\$727,187 88	\$68,286,283 05
For permanent provision for three blacksmiths and assistants, per third article treaty sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and second article treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine.....	300 00	
For permanent provision for iron and steel for shops, per third article treaty sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and second article treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine.....	2,160 00	
For permanent provision for fifty barrels of salt, per second article of treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine.....	660 00	
For interest on six hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, at five per centum, per seventh article of the treaty of the fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six.....	250 00	
<i>Pottawatomies of Huron</i> —For permanent annuity in money or otherwise, per second article treaty seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven.....	32,150 00	
<i>Quapaws</i> .—For education during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three.....	400 00	
For blacksmith and assistant, shop and tools, and iron and steel for shop, during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three.....	1,000 00	
For farmer during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three.....	1,060 00	
<i>Rogue River Indians</i> .—For eighth of sixteen instalments in blankets, clothing, farming utensils, and stock, per third article treaty tenth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-three.....	600 00	
<i>Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi</i> —For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third article treaty third November, eighteen hundred and four.....	2,500 00	
For last of thirty instalments as annuity in specie, per third article treaty twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.....	1,000 00	
For last of thirty instalments for gunsmith, per fourth article treaty twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.....	20,000 00	
For the last of thirty instalments for iron and steel for shop, per fourth article treaty twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.....	600 00	
	220 00	

For last of thirty instalments for blacksmith and assistant, shop, and tools, per fourth article treaty twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.....

For last of thirty instalments for iron and steel for shop, per fourth article treaty twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.....

For last of thirty instalments for forty barrels of salt and forty kegs of tobacco, per fourth article treaty twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.....

For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.....

For interest on eight hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty eleventh October, eighteen hundred and forty-two.....

Sacs and Foxes of *Missouri* — For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, under the direction of the President, per second article treaty twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.....

Seminoles. — For the fifth of ten instalments for the support of schools, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six.....

For the fifth of ten instalments for agricultural assistance, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six.....

For the fifth of ten instalments for the support of smiths and smiths' shops, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six.....

For five per centum interest on two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid as annuity, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six.....

For interest on two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, to be paid as annuity, they having joined their brethren west, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six.....

Senecas. — For permanent annuity in specie, per fourth article treaty twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen.....

For permanent annuity in specie, per fourth article treaty seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen.....

For blacksmith and assistant, shop and tools, and iron and steel, during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one.....

For miller during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one.....

Senecas of New York. — For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per act of nineteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one.....

For interest, in lieu of investment, on seventy-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, per act of twenty-seventh June, eighteen hundred and forty-six.....

For interest, at five per centum, on forty-three thousand and fifty dollars, transferred from Ontario Bank to the United States treasury, per act of twenty-seventh June, eighteen hundred and forty-six.....

Amount carried forward.....

840 00

220 00

1,000 00

10,000 00

40,000 00

7,870 00

3,000 00

2,000 00

2,200 00

12,500 00

12,500 00

500 00

500 00

1,060 00

600 00

6,000 00

3,750 00

2,152 50

896,780 38

68,286,283 05

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
<i>Seneca and Shawnees</i> .—For permanent annuity in specie, per fourth article treaty seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen.....	\$896,780 38	\$68,286,283 05
For blacksmith and assistant, shop and tools, and iron and steel for shop, during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twentieth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-one.....	1,000 00	
<i>Shawnees</i> .—For permanent annuity for educational purposes, per fourth article treaty third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, and third article treaty tenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1,060 00	
For eighth instalment of interest, at five per centum, on forty thousand dollars for education, per third article treaty tenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1,000 00	
For permanent annuity for educational purposes, per fourth article treaty twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, and third article treaty tenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	2,000 00	
<i>Six Nations of New York</i> .—For permanent annuity in clothing and other useful articles, per sixth article treaty eleventh November, seventeen hundred and ninety-four.....	2,000 00	
<i>Sioux of Mississippi</i> .—For interest on three hundred dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.....	4,500 00	
For eleventh of fifty instalments of interest, at five per centum, on one million three hundred and sixty thousand dollars, per fourth article treaty twenty-third July, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.....	15,000 00	
For eleventh of fifty instalments of interest, at five per centum, on one hundred and twelve thousand dollars, being the amount in lieu of the reservations set apart in the third article of Senate's amendment of twenty-third June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, to treaty twenty-third July, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.....	68,000 00	
For eleventh of fifty instalments of interest, at five per centum, on one million one hundred and sixty thousand dollars, per fourth article treaty fifth August, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.....	5,600 00	
For eleventh of fifty instalments of interest, at five per centum, on sixty nine thousand dollars, being the amount allowed in lieu of the reservation of lands set apart by the third article of Senate's amendment of twenty-third June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, to treaty fifth August, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.....	58,000 00	
<i>Treaty of Fort Laramie</i> .—For first of five instalments, at the discretion of the President, in provisions and merchandise, for payment of annuities, and transportation of the same, to certain tribes of Indians.....	3,450 00	
<i>Umpquas (Oow Creek Band)</i> .—For eighth of twenty instalments in blankets, clothing, provisions, and stock, per third article treaty nineteenth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-three.....	70,000 00	
<i>Umpquas and Calapooias, of Umpqua Valley, Oregon</i> .—For seventh of ten instalments for the pay of a blacksmith, and furnishing shop, per sixth article treaty twenty-ninth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	550 00	
	1,500 00	

For seventh of fifteenth instalments for the pay of a physician and purchase of medicines, per sixth article treaty twenty-ninth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	2,000 00	
For seventh of ten instalments for the pay of a farmer, per sixth article treaty twenty-ninth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1,000 00	
For seventh of twenty instalments for the pay of a teacher, and purchase of books and stationery, per sixth article treaty twenty-ninth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.....	1,450 00	
<i>Wunchoygoes</i> .—For interest on one million one hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per fourth article treaty first November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.....	55,000 00	
For fifteenth of thirty instalments of interest on eighty-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, per fourth article treaty thirteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-six.....	4,250 00	
<i>Yancton Tribe of Sioux</i> .—For third of ten instalments to be paid to them or expended for their benefit, commencing with the year in which they shall remove to and settle and reside upon their reservation, per fourth article treaty nineteenth April, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight.....	65,000 00	
<i>Calapooias, Molalla, and Clackamas Indians, of Willamette Valley</i> .—For second of five instalments of annuity for beneficial objects, per second article treaty twenty-second January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	8,000 00	
<i>Poncas</i> .—For third of five instalments to be paid to them or expended for their benefit, commencing with the year in which they shall remove to and settle upon the tract reserved for their future homes, per second article treaty twelfth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight.....	12,000 00	
For third of ten instalments for the establishment and maintenance of one or more manual labor schools, under the direction of the President, per second article treaty twelfth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight.....	5,000 00	
For third of ten instalments, or during the pleasure of the President, to be expended in furnishing said Indians with such aid and assistance in agricultural and mechanical pursuits, including the working of the mill provided for in the first part of this article, as the Secretary of the Interior may consider advantageous and necessary for them. per second article treaty twelfth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight.....	7,500 00	
<i>Duwamish and other allied tribes in Washington Territory</i> .—For second instalment on one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, under the direction of the President, per sixth article treaty twenty-second January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	12,000 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the establishment and support of an agricultural and industrial school, and to provide said school with a suitable instructor or instructors, per fourteenth article treaty twenty-second January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	3,000 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the establishment and support of a smith and carpenter's shop, and to furnish them with the necessary tools, per fourteenth article treaty twenty-second January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer, and physician, who shall furnish medicines for the sick, per fourteenth article treaty twenty-second January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	4,600 00	
Amount carried forward.....	1,311,740 38	68,286,283 05

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
<i>Makah tribe.</i>—For the second instalment on thirty thousand dollars, under the direction of the President, per fifth article treaty thirty-first January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... For second of twenty instalments for the support of an agricultural and industrial school and for pay of teachers, per eleventh article treaty thirty first January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... For second of twenty instalments for support of a smith and carpenter's shop, and to provide the necessary tools therefor, per eleventh article treaty thirty-first January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... For second of twenty instalments for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer, and physician, who shall furnish medicines for the sick, per eleventh article treaty thirty-first January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... <i>Walla-Walla, Cayuse, and Umatilla tribes.</i>—For second of five instalments of fifty thousand dollars for the erection of buildings on the reservations, fencing and opening farms, per third article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... For second of five instalments of eight thousand dollars, under the direction of the President, per second article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... For second of twenty instalments for the purchase of all necessary mill fixtures and mechanical tools, medicines, and hospital stores, books and stationery for schools, and furniture for the employes, per fourth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... For second of twenty instalments for the pay and subsistence of one superintendent of farming operations, one farmer, two millers, one blacksmith, one wagon and plough maker, one carpenter and joiner, one physician, and two teachers, per fourth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... For second of twenty instalments for the pay of each of the head chiefs of the Walla-Walla, Cayuse, and Umatilla bands, the sum of five hundred dollars per annum, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... For second of twenty instalments for salary for the son of Pio-pio-mox-mox, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... <i>Yakima.</i>—For second of five instalments for beneficial objects, at the discretion of the President, per fourth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five..... For second of twenty instalments for the support of two schools, one of which is to be an agricultural and industrial school; keeping in repair school buildings, and for providing suitable furniture, books, and stationery, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	\$1,311,740 38 2,500 00 2,500 00 500 00 4,600 00 25,000 00 8,000 00 3,000 00 11,200 00 1,500 00 100 00 10,000 00 500 00	\$68,286,283 05

For second of twenty instalments for the employment of one superintendent of teaching and two teachers, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred fifty-five.....	3,200 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the employment of one superintendent of farming and two farmers, two millers, two blacksmiths, one tinner, one gunsmith, one carpenter, and one wagon and plough maker, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	9,400 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair saw and flouring mills, and for furnishing the necessary tools and fixtures, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair the hospital, and providing the necessary medicines and fixtures therefor, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	300 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the pay of a physician, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	1,400 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair the buildings required for the various employes, and for providing the necessary furniture therefor, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	300 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the salary of such person as the said confederated tribes and bands of Indians may select to be their head chief, per fifth article treaty ninth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00	
<i>Nez Percés Indians.</i> —For second of five instalments for beneficial objects, at the discretion of the President, per fourth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	10,000 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the support of two schools, one of which to be an agricultural and industrial school; keeping in repair school buildings, and for providing suitable furniture, books, and stationery, per fifth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the employment of one superintendent of teaching and two teachers, per fifth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	3,200 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair blacksmiths', tinsmiths', gunsmiths', carpenters', and wagon and plough makers' shops, and for providing necessary tools therefor, per fifth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the employment of one superintendent of farming and two farmers, two millers, two blacksmiths, one tinner, one gunsmith, one carpenter, and one wagon and plough maker, per fifth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	9,400 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair saw and flouring mills, and for furnishing the necessary tools and fixtures therefor, per fifth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair the hospital, and providing the necessary medicines and furniture therefor, per fifth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	300 00	
For second of twenty instalments for pay of a physician, per fifth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	1,400 00	
Amount carried forward.....	1,422,540 38	68,286,283 05

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$1,422,540 38	\$68,286,283 05
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair the buildings for the various employés, and for providing the necessary furniture therefor, per fifth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	300 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the salary of such person as the tribe may select to be their head chief, per fifth article treaty eleventh June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00	
<i>Flatheads and other confederated tribes.</i> —For second instalment on one hundred and twenty thousand dollars for beneficial objects, at the discretion of the President, per fourth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	6,000 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the support of an agricultural and industrial school, keeping in repair the buildings, and providing suitable furniture, books, and stationery, per fifth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	300 00	
For second of twenty instalments for providing suitable instructors therefor, per fifth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	1,800 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair blacksmiths', tin and gunsmiths', carpenters', and wagon and plough makers' shops, and providing necessary tools therefor, per fifth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the employment of two farmers, two millers, one blacksmith, one tinner, one gunsmith, one carpenter, and one wagon and plough maker, per fifth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	7,400 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair saw and flouring mills, and for furnishing the necessary tools and fixtures therefor, per fifth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair the hospital, and providing the necessary medicines and furniture therefor, per fifth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	300 00	
For second of twenty instalments for pay of a physician, per fifth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	1,400 00	
For second of twenty instalments for keeping in repair the buildings required for the various employés, and furnishing necessary furniture therefor, per fifth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	300 00	
For second of twenty instalments for the pay of each of the head chiefs of the Flathead, Kootenay, and Upper Pend d'Oreilles tribes, per fifth article treaty sixteenth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	1,500 00	
<i>Confederated tribes and bands of Indians in Middle Oregon.</i> —For second of five instalments of eight thousand dol-		

lars for beneficial objects, at the discretion of the President, per second article treaty twenty-fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	8,000 00
For second of fifteen instalments for pay and subsistence of one farmer, one blacksmith, and one wagon and plough maker, per fourth article treaty twenty-fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	3,500 00
For second of twenty instalments for pay and subsistence of one physician, one sawyer, one miller, one superintendent of farming operations, and one school teacher, per fourth article treaty twenty-fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	5,600 00
For second of twenty instalments for payment of salary to the head chief of said confederated bands, per fourth article treaty twenty-fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00
<i>Molel Indians</i> .—For second of ten instalments for keeping in repair saw and flouring mills, and for the pay of necessary employes, the benefits of which to be shared alike by all the confederated bands, per second article treaty twenty-first December, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	1,500 00
For second of five instalments (in addition to the instalments specified in the treaty of twenty-ninth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, with the Umpquas and Calapooias of Umpqua valley) for furnishing iron and steel and other materials for the smith and tin shops provided for in said treaty, and for the pay of the necessary mechanics, per second article treaty twenty-first December, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	1,800 00
For second of ten instalments for the pay of a carpenter and joiner to aid in erecting buildings and making furniture for said Indians, and to furnish tools in said service, per second article treaty twenty-first December, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	2,000 00
For pay of teachers to manual-labor school, for all necessary materials therefor, and for the subsistence of the pupils, per second article treaty twenty-first December, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	3,000 00
For second of five instalments for the pay of an additional farmer, per second article treaty twenty-first December, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	800 00
<i>Qui-nai-elt and Quil-leh-ute Indians</i> .—For second instalment on twenty-five thousand dollars for beneficial objects, under the direction of the President, per fourth article treaty first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	2,000 00
For second of twenty instalments for the support of an agricultural and industrial school, and for pay of suitable instructors, per tenth article treaty first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	2,500 00
For second of twenty instalments for support of smith and carpenter shop, and to provide the necessary tools therefor, per tenth article treaty first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500 00
For second of twenty instalments for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, and farmer, and a physician who shall furnish medicine for the sick, per tenth article treaty first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	4,600 00
<i>S'Kiallams</i> .—For second instalment on sixty thousand dollars, under the direction of the President, per fifth article treaty twenty-sixth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	5,000 00
For second of twenty instalments for the support of an agricultural and industrial school, and for pay of suitable teachers, per eleventh article treaty twenty-sixth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	2,500 00
Amount carried forward.....	1,487,140 38
	68,286,283 05

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
For second of twenty instalments for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer, and a physician who shall furnish medicines for the sick, per eleventh article treaty twenty-sixth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	\$1,487,140 38	\$68,286,283 05
<i>Indian service in New Mexico.</i> —For the general incidental expenses of the Indian service in New Mexico, presents of goods, agricultural implements, and other useful articles, and to assist them to locate in permanent abodes, and sustain themselves by the pursuit of civilized life, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.....	4,600 00	
<i>Indian service in the district of country leased from the Choctaws.</i> —For the Indians lately residing in Texas.—For the expenses of colonizing, supporting, and furnishing agricultural implements and stock; pay of necessary employes; purchase of clothing, medicine, iron, and steel; establishment and maintenance of schools, and building houses for the Indians lately residing in Texas, in lieu of those abandoned in that State, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.....	50,000 00	
<i>For the Wichitas and other affiliated bands.</i> —For the expenses of colonizing, supporting, and furnishing said bands with agricultural implements and stock, pay of necessary employes, purchase of clothing, medicines, iron and steel, establishment and maintenance of schools, and building agency houses, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.....	22,825 00	
<i>Indian service in California.</i> —For the general incidental expenses of the Indian service in California, including travelling expenses of the superintending agents.....	37,800 00	
For defraying the expenses of the removal and subsistence of Indians in California to reservations in that State.....	7,500 00	
<i>Miscellaneous.</i> —For insurance, transportation, and necessary expenses of the delivery of Pawnee, Ponca, and Yancton Sioux annuity, goods, and provisions.....	25,000 00	
For insurance, transportation, and necessary expenses of the delivery of annuities and provisions to the Indian tribes in Minnesota and Michigan.....	10,000 00	
For expenses of transportation and delivery of annuity goods to the Blackfeet Indians for the year.....	20,350 62	
For insurance, transportation, and necessary expenses of the delivery of annuities and provisions to the Chipewas of Lake Superior.....	17,000 00	
For insurance, transportation, and necessary expenses of the delivery of annuities and provisions to the Chipewas of the Mississippi.....	5,762 63	
For the compensation of five extra clerks employed in the Indian office, under the act of fifth August,	3,886 75	

eighteen hundred and fifty-four, and third March, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, and under appropriations made from year to year.....	7,000 00
For compensation of one clerk in the Indian office, to enable the Secretary of the Interior to carry out the regulations prescribed to give effect to the seventh section of the act of March third, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, granting bounty lands to Indians.....	1,400 00
For compensation of two extra clerks in the Indian office, employed to carry out the treaty with the Chickasaws in the adjustment of their claims.....	2,800 00
For expenses attending the vaccination of Indians.....	2,500 00
For survey of the Ponca reserve.....	250 00
For compensation of five supervisors for the reservations in California, to instruct the Indians in husbandry, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, per act nineteenth June, eighteen hundred and sixty.....	9,000 00
For compensation of twenty laborers, to aid each of the supervisors, (which compensation not to exceed fifty dollars per month,) per act nineteenth June, eighteen hundred and sixty.....	12,000 00
For defraying the expenses of the removal and subsistence of Indians in Oregon and Washington Territory, (not parties to any treaty,) and for pay of necessary employes.....	50,000 00
For the general incidental expenses of the Indian service in Oregon and Washington Territory, including insurance and transportation of annuities, goods, and presents, (where no special provision therefor is made by treaties,) and office and travelling expenses of the superintendent, agents, and sub-agents.....	35,000 00
For payment to the Sisseton and Wah-pa-ton bands of the Dakotah or Sioux Indians, for their reservation on the Minnesota river, in the State of Minnesota, containing five hundred and sixty-nine thousand six hundred acres, at thirty-cents per acre.....	170,880 00
For payment to the Med-a-wa-kan-ton and Wah-pa-koo-ta bands of the Dakota or Sioux Indians, for their reservation on the Minnesota river, in the State of Minnesota, containing three hundred and twenty thousand acres, at thirty cents per acre.....	96,000 00
For general incidental expenses of the Indians in the Territory of Utah on reservations therein remote from emigrant routes, purchase of agricultural implements and stock cattle, and for the erection of houses, &c., including the necessary travelling expenses of the superintendent of Indian affairs, agents, clerk hire, &c....	45,000 00
For salary of one superintending agent for the northern district of the Indian service in California from twenty-eighth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty, when he entered on his duties, to thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, per act nineteenth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty, at three thousand six hundred dollars per annum.....	3,629 67
For salary of one superintending agent for the southern district of the Indian service in California from nineteenth September, eighteen hundred and sixty, when he entered on his duties, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, at three thousand six hundred dollars per annum, per act of nineteenth June, eighteen hundred and sixty.....	2,512 08
Amount carried forward.....	2,129,837 13
	68,286,283 05

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	\$2, 129, 837 13	\$68, 286, 283 05
For salaries of five supervisors to the Indian reservations in California to instruct the Indians in husbandry, at eighteen hundred dollars per annum each, for the half year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, per act nineteenth June, eighteen hundred and sixty.....	4, 500 00	
For compensation to twenty laborers for the five reservations in California, at fifty dollars per month, for the half year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, per act nineteenth June, eighteen hundred and sixty.....	6, 000 00	
For salary for an additional agent for the Indian service in New Mexico from twenty-second August, eighteen hundred and sixty, when he executed his official bond, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, per act of twenty-fifth June, eighteen hundred and sixty, at fifteen hundred dollars per annum.....	1, 289 90	
For salary of an agent to the Ponca Indians from the twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and sixty, when he executed his official bond, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, at fifteen hundred dollars per annum, per act twenty-fifth June, eighteen hundred and sixty.....	1, 296 19	
For salary for an agent to the Pawnees, from eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and sixty, when he executed his official bond, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, at fifteen hundred dollars per annum, per act of twenty-fifth June, eighteen hundred and sixty.....	1, 055 70	
For salary for an agent to the Yanc-ton Sioux for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, per fifteenth article of treaty of nineteenth April, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight.....	1, 500 00	
For payment for such permanent improvements as may have been made by claimants to land on the reserve named in the second article of treaty of tenth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, with the Rogue River Indians, per second and third articles of said treaty.....	2, 000 00	
For arrears of interest due first January, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, on seventy thousand dollars, five per centum bonds of the State of Indiana.....	7, 000 00	
For expenses attending the negotiation of the treaties of nineteenth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, with the Lower and Upper Sioux Indians, per tenth articles of said treaties, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the expenses actually incurred.....	15, 865 76	
For payment to the Choctaw nation or tribe of Indians on account of their claim under the eleventh and twelfth articles of the treaty with said nation or tribe made the twenty-second of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five.....	500, 000 00	
For the relief of destitute Indians, and with the view of preventing suffering and starvation among the Indian tribes who have failed in raising crops from the drought of last summer.....	50, 000 00	

2, 720, 344 68

By the act for the relief of William A. Linn's estate.

For payment of a judgment rendered by the circuit court in and for the county of Saint Louis, State of Missouri, at its October term of the year eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, in favor of Thomas C. Reynolds and against the late William A. Linn, for services in defending said Linn in a suit brought against him by William H. Belcher and Charles Belcher, on account of acts done by said Linn as an officer of the United States. To pay to said Reynolds a like additional sum, in satisfaction of his demand in another suit brought by him in the Saint Louis court of common pleas in and for said county of Saint Louis, against said Linn, and now pending against said Linn's administrator for other like services in defending said Linn.....

Indefinite.

Indefinite.

380 00

By the act for the relief of Lieutenant George L. Hartsuff, United States army.

For the amount lost by wreck of steamer "Lady Elgin," it being the amount of public funds he had in his possession while travelling under orders on board of said steamer, in the month of September, eighteen hundred and sixty, which sum he subsequently paid over to his successor, in order to balance his accounts on the books of the Treasury Department

1,050 00

By the act for the relief of Richard C. Martin.

For a lost draft drawn by G. W. Barbour, formerly Indian commissioner in California, on Riddick McKee, disbursing agent, in favor of Thomas W. Lane, for beeves furnished to the government, which said draft was accepted by said Riddick McKee, and afterwards transferred and delivered to said Martin

1,276 88

By the act for the relief of O. F. D. Fairbanks, Frederick Dodge, and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

To pay O. F. D. Fairbanks the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars; to pay Frederick Dodge, Indian agent at Carson's Valley, six hundred and fourteen dollars and thirty-eight cents; and to pay the Pacific Mail Steamship Company four hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents for transportation, clothing, and board of the survivors of the Sublette Cut-off massacre, in Utah Territory, on the twenty-seventh of July, anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-nine.....

300 00

By the act for the relief of the children of the late Captain E. A. Capron.

For arrears due on a pension granted August twentieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven

71,009,634 61

Amount carried forward.....

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	-----	\$71,009,634 61
<i>By the act for the relief of David V. Whiting.</i> For his services as translator for the territorial government of New Mexico, from the eighth day of March, anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-one, to the twenty-first day of September, anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-two.....	-----	3,040 00
<i>By the act for the relief of Moses Meeker.</i> For the amount of rent exacted by the United States agents of lead mines from Moses Meeker for lead mined and smelted upon the lands of the Ottawa, Pottawatomie, Chippewa, Winnebago, or other tribes of Indians, prior to the purchase thereof by the United States.....	-----	Indefinite.
<i>By the act for the relief of Aaron H. Palmer.</i> For full compensation for his labor and research in collecting information, and preparing the same for the use of the government, relative to the oriental nations, and particularly Japan.....	-----	3,000 00
<i>By the act for the relief of John Peebles.</i> For his services as surveyor, performed under the direction of John Cuthbert, timber agent for the southern district of Alabama.....	-----	25 00
<i>By the act for the relief of Townsend Harris or his heirs or legal representatives.</i> For his services and expenses in negotiating a treaty of commerce between the kingdom of Siam and the United States.....	-----	10,000 00
<i>By the act for the relief of William Cowley.</i> For additional allowance as clerk, under the provisions of the second section of the "Act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the government," approved August thirty-one, eighteen hundred and fifty-two.....	-----	126 00

<i>By the act for the relief of Randall Pegg.</i>		199 58
For the difference between the pay allowed him as a watchman on the construction of the Patent Office extension and that allowed to other watchmen		
<i>By the act for the relief of Samuel S. Green.</i>		
For payment of the fines imposed by the Post Office Department on Samuel S. Green, of New Orleans, while carrying the mail on route number three thousand five hundred and three, from New Orleans and other ports on the Gulf of Mexico, to Key West and back, when he failed to depart from or arrive at any port named in his contract with the mails at precisely "schedule time," and the balance due him on his contract.....		Indefinite.
<i>By the act for the relief of Azel Spalding.</i>		
For payment of two per centum on moneys disbursed by him as pension agent in the year eighteen hundred and forty-one.....		226 69
<i>By the act for the relief of Captain Alexander V. Frazer.</i>		
For an allowance of thirty-five cents a ration upon eleven thousand two hundred rations furnished by him to the government for the crew of the United States revenue cutter Lawrence in the year eighteen hundred and forty-nine		3,920 00
<i>By the act for the relief of Samuel Perry.</i>		
For the amount which was improperly deducted from his freight for the transportation of Indian supplies in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, a portion of which were lost by the sinking of a flatboat		638 98
<i>By the act for the relief of Messrs. Coale & Barr.</i>		
For publishing the laws of the second session of the thirty-second Congress in the "Abingdon Virginian"		204 00
<i>By the act for the relief of Augustus H. Evans.</i>		
For his services as clerk in the State of Missouri during the years eighteen hundred and thirty-five and eighteen hundred and thirty-six.....		800 00
Amount carried forward.....		71,031,814 86

STATEMENT—Continued.

Object of appropriation.	Amount.	Total.
Amount brought forward.....	-----	\$71,031,814 86
<i>By the act for the relief of Richard Chenery.</i>		
For the construction by the latter of the granite paving on Battery street, in front of the United States custom-house at San Francisco	-----	3,890 00
<i>By the act for the relief of John Y. Sewell.</i>		
For services in the restoration of the United States mail lost from the steamer Southerner on the coast of Washington Territory, and for expenses incurred in obtaining the same from the Indians who had it in their possession.....	-----	1,000 00
<i>By the act for the relief of John H. Wheeler.</i>		
For losses by exchange, for property destroyed at Granada, expenses incurred in taking testimony at San Juan del Norte, and for relief extended to distressed American citizens crossing the Isthmus during the interval between October, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, and October, eighteen hundred and fifty-six	-----	5,715 20
<i>By the act for the relief of Eliza B. Mills, widow of Robert Mills.</i>		
For services of the said Robert Mills as architect in preparing and furnishing plans and estimates for a marine hospital at New Orleans and a public printing office in the city of Washington.....	-----	500 00
<i>By the act for the relief of Henry Rice.</i>		
For repayment to him of that sum paid by him into the treasury as and for duties upon goods imported into Castine while in possession of the British forces, the same not being by law subject to the payment of duty under the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States.....	-----	10,539 88
<i>By the act for the relief of Taylor Dudley, of Minnesota.</i>		
For services as clerk of the United States district court for the second and third judicial districts of the late Territory of Minnesota	-----	370 00

<i>By the act for the relief of Thomas G. Corbin.</i>		293 15
To pay Lieutenant Thomas G. Corbin, United States navy.....		
<i>By the act for the relief of Daniel B. Hibbard.</i>		830 00
For his services in transporting the United States mail between the villages of St. John's and Lyons, in the State of Michigan, under his agreement with the deputy postmaster at said St. John's.....		
<i>By the act for the relief of Hockaday and Ligget.</i>		40,000 00
For damages sustained by them in reduction of pay for carrying the mails on route number eight thousand nine hundred and eleven		
<i>By the joint resolution directing the accounting officers of the treasury to settle the accounts of the late Robert Stockton, quartermaster, and so forth.</i>		
To settle the accounts of the late Robert Stockton, of New Jersey, an assistant quartermaster and forage master in the war of the revolution, and pay to his legal heirs and representatives such sum or sums as may be shown due upon sufficient proof of his services as quartermaster aforesaid.....	Indefinite.	
<i>By the joint resolution for the benefit of George H. Giddings.</i>		
For services on that portion of the route eight thousand and seventy-six, lying between El Paso and San Antonio, in accordance with the order of Postmaster General A. V. Brown, of October twenty-third, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, after deducting whatever has been received thereon up to June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, on proof being furnished that the trips have been performed.....	Indefinite.	
Total.....		71,094,953 09

RECAPITULATION.

Legislative, executive, judicial, civil, and miscellaneous.....	\$12,504,060 83
Diplomatic and consular	1,036,562 00
Indian department, revolutionary, invalid, and other pensions	3,802,344 68
Army, fortifications, Military Academy, and military roads.....	16,038,645 41
Suppression of Indian hostilities	3,254,512 20
• Post office.....	21,668,151 86
Naval service.....	12,790,676 11
	71,094,953 09

• This amount embraces a double appropriation for \$5,391,350 63 for the same object; one being an appropriation out of any money in the treasury, and contingent upon the insufficiency of the revenues of the Post Office Department, out of which the other is appropriated to meet the same.

II.—OFFICERS CREATED AND THE SALARIES THEREOF.

By the act (Chap. XX, Jan. 29, 1861,) for the admission of Kansas into the Union.

A judge, attorney, and marshal of the United States for the district of Kansas, to be entitled to the same compensation as the judge, marshal, and attorney for the district of Minnesota.

By the act (Chap. XXX, Feb. 8, 1861,) to provide for a superintendent of Indian affairs for Washington Territory and additional agents.

A superintendent of Indian affairs for Washington Territory, at an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars.

Three additional Indian agents for the said Territory at an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars each.

By the act (Chap. XXXVIII, Feb. 18, 1861,) making further provision in relation to consolidated land offices.

The register of the consolidated land office at Booneville, Missouri, to appoint, when necessary, one or more clerks, at a reasonable per diem compensation.

By the act (Chap. XLV, Feb. 20, 1861,) to carry into effect conventions between the United States and the republics of New Granada and Costa Rica.

A commissioner to investigate and determine the claims of citizens of the United States against the republic of New Granada; to receive in full for his services two thousand five hundred dollars.

A secretary and interpreter. In full for his services two thousand dollars.

A clerk to be appointed by the commissioner. Compensation not stated.

A commissioner to investigate and determine the claims of citizens of the United States against the republic of Costa Rica; to receive in full for his services two thousand five hundred dollars.

By the act (Chap. LVII, Feb. 27, 1861,) establishing certain post routes.

A principal messenger to the office of each of the three Assistant Postmasters General, at an annual salary of eight hundred and forty dollars.

By the act (Chap. LIX, Feb. 28, 1861,) to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Colorado.

A governor of the Territory, who shall act as superintendent of Indian affairs, at an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars as governor and one thousand dollars as superintendent of Indian Affairs.

A secretary of the Territory, at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars.

A chief justice and two associate justices of the supreme court of the Territory, at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars each.

A marshal for the Territory; to receive two hundred dollars per annum and fees.

An attorney for the Territory; to receive the same compensation as was allowed to the attorney for the late Territory of Oregon.

A clerk for the supreme court and one for each judicial district of the Territory. Compensation not stated.

A surveyor general for the Territory, at an annual salary of three thousand dollars.

Justices of the peace for the Territory. Number and compensation not stated

Nine members of the legislative council, which may be increased to thirteen, and thirteen members of the House of Representatives of the Territory, which may be increased to twenty-six, each to receive three dollars per day during their attendance at the sessions, and three dollars for every twenty miles of travel going to and returning from the same.

A delegate in Congress; to receive the pay and mileage of a member of Congress.

By the act (Chap. LXXXIII, March 2, 1861,) to organize the Territory of Nevada.

A governor of the Territory, who shall act as superintendent of Indian affairs, at an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars as governor, and one thousand dollars as superintendent of Indian affairs.

A secretary of the Territory, at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars.

A chief justice and two associate justices of the Territory, at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars each.

A marshal for the Territory; to receive two hundred dollars per annum and fees.

An attorney for the Territory, who shall receive two hundred and fifty dollars per annum and fees.

A clerk for the supreme court and one for each judicial district of the Territory. Compensation not stated.

Justices of the peace for the Territory. Number and compensation not stated.

A surveyor general for the Territory of Nevada. Compensation three thousand dollars per annum.

Nine members of the legislative council of the Territory, which may be increased to thirteen, each to be allowed three dollars per day during their attendance at the sessions, and three dollars for every twenty miles of travel going to and returning from the same.

Thirteen members of the House of Representatives, which may be increased to twenty-six, each to receive three dollars per day during their attendance at the session, and three dollars for every twenty miles of travel going to and returning from the same.

A delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States; to receive the pay and mileage of a member of the House of Representatives.

By the act (Chap. LXXXV, March 2, 1861) making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes for the year ending the 30th of June, 1861.

For compensation of two extra clerks in the Indian office for the adjustment of Chickasaw claims, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

By the act (Chap. LXXXVI, March 2, 1861) to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Dakota, and to create the office of surveyor general therein.

A governor of the Territory, to act also as superintendent of Indian affairs, at an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars as governor, and one thousand dollars as superintendent of Indian affairs.

A secretary of the Territory, at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars.

Nine members of the legislative council, which may be increased to thirteen, and thirteen members of the house of representatives, which may be increased to twenty-six, to receive, each, three dollars per day during their attendance at the sessions of the legislature, and three dollars for every twenty miles of travel going to and returning from the same.

A chief justice and two associate justices of the supreme court of the Territory, who shall each receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars.

A clerk of the supreme court and three other clerks, one for each district court, to be appointed by the respective courts; compensation, the same fees as are allowed to clerks of the district courts of Nebraska.

Justices of the peace for the Territory; number and compensation not stated.

An attorney for the Territory, to receive the same fees and salary as are allowed to the attorney for Nebraska.

A marshal for the Territory, who shall be entitled to the same fees as the marshal for the Territory of Nebraska, and an addition thereto of two hundred dollars per annum.

A delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States, who shall be entitled to the pay and mileage of a member of the House of Representatives.

A surveyor general for the Territory, whose compensation and allowances for clerk hire, &c., shall be the same as are allowed to the surveyor general of Nebraska and Kansas.

A register and receiver for the Yancton land district in Dakota, to be allowed the same compensation as is allowed by law to other land officers of the United States.

By the act (Chap. LXXXVIII, March 2, 1861) in addition to "An act to promote the progress of the useful arts."

Three examiners-in-chief for the Patent Office, each at an annual salary of three thousand dollars.

The Commissioner of Patents is authorized to appoint such additional number of principal examiners, and first and second assistant examiners, not to exceed four of each class, as the business of his office may from time to time require.

OFFICES, THE SALARIES OF WHICH HAVE BEEN INCREASED WITH THE
AMOUNT OF SUCH INCREASE.

By the act (Chap. XXXVIII, February 18, 1861) making further provision in relation to consolidated land offices.

The register of the consolidated land districts at Booneville, Missouri, to receive additional fees for additional duties, but his compensation not to exceed by such increase three thousand dollars per annum; the receiver of the consolidated land districts at Booneville to receive an equal share of the additional fees allowed to the register.

By the act (Chap. XLIX, February 21, 1861) making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending the 30th of June, 1862.

The pay of the first clerks to commandants at the navy yards at Portsmouth, N. H., and Philadelphia, increased from nine hundred to twelve hundred dollars per annum.

The pay of the first clerk to the commandant at the navy yard at Mare island, California, increased from nine hundred to fifteen hundred dollars per annum.

By the act (Chap. LXXXVIII, March 2, 1861) in addition to "an act to promote the progress of the useful arts."

Office of Commissioner of Patents, salary increased from three thousand to four thousand dollars per annum.

Office of chief clerk in the Patent Office, salary increased from two thousand to two thousand five hundred per annum.

Office of librarian to the Patent Office, salary increased from sixteen hundred dollars to eighteen hundred dollars per annum.

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